The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1038. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MARKEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR CONSUMPTION treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

CASE 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—*The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

"THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.,

OPTICIANS AND OCCULISTS,

MONTREAL,

Have, with a view to meet the increased demand for their

CELEBRATED PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

APPOINTED

YOUNG & RADFORD,

JEWELLERS AND OPTICIANS,

As their SOLE AGENTS for this place. They have taken care to give all needful instructions, and have confidence in the ability of their agents to the requirements of all customers. An opportunity will be thus afforded to procure, at all times,

Spectacles Unequalled by any for their Strengthening and Preserving Qualities.

Too much cannot be said as to their SUPERIORITY over the ordinary glasses worn. There is no *glimmering, wavering of the sight, dizziness,* or other unpleasant sensation, but on the contrary, from the peculiar construction of the Lenses, they are SOOTHING AND PLEASANT, causing a feeling of relief to the wearer, and PRODUCING A CLEAR and DISTINCT VISION, as in the natural healthy sight. They are the only Spectacles that PRESERVE as well as ASSIST THE SIGHT, and are the Cheapest because the Best, always lasting many years without change, necessary.

We employ no pedlers.
Sights fitted by correspondence.
1011y

WATCHES.

J. EWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY.

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE REGRET APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Time-keepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Ewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20. 748y

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING *LEADER,*

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,
Very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying
TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

WATER! WATER! WATER!

SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

Having purchased part of the cargo of the vessel *City of Limerick,* lately wrecked, we will offer the whole for sale, commencing

MONDAY, 5TH APRIL,

and continuing the following days until all the goods are disposed of. This is an opportunity to secure bargains which may not offer again for years. The greater part of the goods have received scarcely any damage, so that parties who call early will have the best chance of getting bargains, as we will make no reserve, but throw each line of goods by itself, and let the first who comes first have the best pick. The following are some of the damaged goods, viz.:

10 CASES ASSORTED BLEACHED COTTONS,
1 do SHEETINGS,
1 do QUILTS,
2 do TOWELS,
1 do PRINTS,
1 do ASSORTED LINEN GOODS,
2 do ASSORTED DRESS GOODS,
1 do SILKS,
3 do MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SKIRTS,
2 do DRESS MUSLINS,
10 do ASSORTED GOODS.

We give a list of prices that some of the goods will be sold for to give parties an idea of the bargains they will be able to get. A nice lot of DRESS GOODS for 6d 7½d to 8d per yard.

Ladies' Mantles only	£0	5	0
Splendid Prints, worth 9d, only	0	0	6
Towels, "all Linen," only	0	0	4
Dress Muslins, per yard, only	0	0	6
Mantle Cloths, only			0
Pocket Handkerchiefs, each, only			1½
Gloves, per pair, only			6
Table Damasks, per yard, only	0	2	6
Stylish Cloths, per yard, only	0	1	
Parasols, each, only	0	1	
Gents' Neckties, "latest styles," each, only			0

LOOK! LOOK!

50 pieces Dress Lining, only 1d per yd.

ATTENTION!—Two cases more of those spools for 1d, worth 3d.

Don't delay in calling early as the first pick will be the best.

We have also received a splendid assortment of all the latest styles in SPRING GOODS in perfect order, which we will sell lower than any house in this city.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

10 cases in all the new styles, just arrived, which will be sold very low. For particulars in price see our Clothing Bills.

The place to secure these immense bargains is at the *old cheap spot,* THE OCCIDENTAL, in Stewart's Brick Block, Corner Rideau and Sussex-sts.

Sign of the White Flag.

H. HICK & CO.

A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

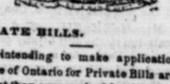
COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st, first Brick House below the market.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette,*) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette,* and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To Tourists.—The argest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ..... GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 ..... GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 ..... OVERCOATS,
$9 ..... COMPLETE SUITS
$1 ..... GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS. $1 and $1.25 ..... UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ..... DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

Teas.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Pound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 782y

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1·50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,

Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s

Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,

In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,

DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call diligently solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to H. BRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Foot Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*

We would call the especial attention of the

LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for ..... $1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $16, $12, $18,

FOR CASH ONLY.

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

T. LAWRENCE,

(Late of the firm of Robertson & Lawrence,)

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., CHAUDIERE,

Where he will be prepared to supply all kinds of the best cloths, made up in the latest and most fashionable styles, and warranted to fit.

The stock comprises all the most fashionable designs, suitable to the season.

FOUR first-class TAILORS WANTED, to whom the highest wages in the city will be paid. 1027a

N. ROBERTSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

Mr. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1008-3m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division	.....	Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Sangeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.
Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 18th, 1869. 1035d

Dry Goods.

OPENED OUT

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,
A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,
A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,
A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,
A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS IN NEW MATERIALS,
A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,
A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,
TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND
Have received
Another lot of that FIVE CENT MUSIC.
Ledger No. 11.
Chimney Corner.
Boston Pilot, &c., &c.

Also, Reade's popular Novels, in paper
Maryatt's Phantom Ship, &c., &c.
April 29, 1869.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,

HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe,* etc. City papers may be had at 6 a. m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.

A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical Sketches.

Gardening for Profit.
Breck's New Book of Flowers.
Buist's Flower Garden Directory.
The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.

J. DURIE & SON,
Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a FEW DAYS

OPEN A FIRST-CLASS

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the

FIRST FLOOR

OF THE

MASONIC HALL BLOCK,

ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK

In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st, begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6. 1015tf

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. S. Van Duzee & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 25 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Losenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Losenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of *Mrs.* WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Locking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS, GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,

AND

DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS AND WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
1007tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

Wants.

CASH BOY WANTED

By

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

April 23, 1869. 1031tf

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address

E. F. MCAVAY & CO.,
Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
(Copyright secured.)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Construction of Roads—Government House—Visit of the Bishop of Nova Scotia—Classical School — Emancipation Bill—Petition to England—Instructions to Form a Local Legislature — The Franchise — First Elections—Opening of Parliament.

No. XXI.

GOVERNOR COCHRANE applied himself earnestly to having good roads constructed from St. John's to the surrounding country. A new Government House was also begun and completed during his administration. The original estimate presented to Parliament for the cost of its construction was £8,700, which was afterwards increased by an extra grant of £2,000. Again, before it was finished, a further estimate of additional funds required was laid before the ministry to the amount of £8,500. In the House of Commons, July 25, 1831, Mr. Spring Rice stated the total cost, exclusive of stores sent, had reached a sum of upwards of £30,000. The building is of cut-stone, brought chiefly from Great Britain.

In 1827, the Bishop of N. Scotia visited Newfoundland. His diocese embraced the island, and this was the first occasion if a Protestant Bishop making an official visit to the country. In the course of his tour throughout the Island, eighteen churches and twenty burial grounds were consecrated. The rite of confirmation was administered twenty-seven times, and 2,365 persons were partakers of it.

The Bishop in a letter to his Excellency acknowledging the kind assistance which he had received during his stay in the island, says, "It was impossible to be unmoved by the deplorable insufficiency of religious instruction in large portions of the island." * * * He continues, "I cannot conclude this subject without requesting your Excellency's kind attention to the obvious want of one classical school in Newfoundland, which ought to be established at St. John's. It is quite deplorable that many children of the most respectable inhabitants should be sent for their instruction across the ocean, and, what is still more to be lamented, to the United States of America. * * *

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sewing Machines—G. A. Walton.
Houses to Let or Sell—Rod. Ross.
Pianoforte Tuning—J. Beswick.
Ottawa Cricket Club—E. H. Benjamin.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets and Interesting Reading Matter see Fourth Page.*

In the Senate yesterday the remaining clauses of the Patents of Inventions Act were passed through committee, several Bills were read a second time, and the Senate adjourned.

In the Commons there was a fair share of Government business done. The House sat in the evening, and made some progress with the estimates; but on reaching the Civil Service items, a general desire seemed to prevail that some time ought to be allowed to digest the report of the Civil Service Commission, and the committee rose, and the House adjourned at 9:50.

Yesterday afternoon the Hon. Minister of Finance laid before the House a message from his Excellency, communicating (in part) the estimates for the public service for the year ending the 30th June, 1870. We believe that it is entirely exceptional that the estimates should be before Parliament in the second week of the Session. Nevertheless, the example set by the Hon. Mr. Rose is a good one, and will require to be followed hereafter, unless some excellent excuse can be got up for a further delay.

These estimates are made up for the year 1869-70 with a comparative table for 1868-69. The first item, as usual, is the interest on the public debt. This item, payable in London, rises from $3,721,146.40 last year, to $4,064,782.35, the increase being due to the Intercolonial Railway Loan. The total charge for interest on the public debt is $4,617,831.15. There is also an item of $258,341.84 for "charges of management," against $255,545 for the same service last year. "Premium and Exchange" represent a sum of $20,000, against double the amount in the last year's estimates. For the redemption of the public debt, (mutilated notes of Nova Scotia,) is set down at $50,000; and for the several sinking funds, $336,190.02. To this statement concerning the public debt, is appended a note, stating that the monies temporarily invested by the Government, will probably yield interest during 1869-70 amounting to $236,079.

For Civil Government the amount to be voted is set down at $554,985; authorized by statute $146,066.66. Total $701,051.66, against $719,366.66 last year.

For the Administration of Justice, the sum of $52,000 is set down to be voted by the Legislature, and the expenditure authorized by statute $261,866.66, making a total of $313,866.66, against $316,016.66 for the current year.

For police the estimates set down $43,440, against $55,000 last year; and for legislation, the expenditure to be voted is $269,617.93, against $299,143.63 for the year ending 30th June next. The authorized expenditure for the same service is $183,245, against $182,495 for the current year. The total for geological survey and observations is $39,760, against $39,750 for 1868-9; for arts, agriculture, and statistics $6,100, against $2,500 for 1868-9; for immigration and quarantine $55,270, against $35,575 for 1868-9; marine hospitals $34,500, against 37,000 for current year; pensions to be voted $16,072; authorized $38,999.79; total $55,072.54, against $50,158.34 for current financial year. For public works and buildings a total of $3,638,385, against $2,503,000 last year, is asked for; but then there are $2,000,000 of this sum on account of the Intercolonial Railway; so that the ordinary appropriations for public works appear to be somewhat reduced. The last item of the estimates so far brought down is for ocean and river steam and packet service, shewing the sum to be voted $134,941, and the authorized subsidy of $218,000 to the Montreal Ocean Steamship Company, making a total of $352,941.

While the Act relating to Patents of Invention is under discussion, it is not surprising that the question whether Patent Laws are, or are not, just and beneficial, should come in for a share of attention. Many authorities entitled to respect hold that there should be no Patent Laws. They hold that the creations of genius should become the common property of all mankind, the moment they are promulgated; that there is no property in brains; that the long, weary years of study and experiment should bring no other reward to the artist than that which he can afterwards wring from the hard competition of men who, without study, can adopt the inventions of others to the improvement of their own business.

This we regard as a most outrageous fallacy. No property ought to be held more sacred than the property which is the creation of genius. The Patent Laws and the Copyright Laws hold out a reward to the productions of the brain, without which invention would be paralyzed and literature dwarfed to contemptible dimensions. It is said if inventors have a special right to protection, why should not the patent be made perpetual, like the inheritance of real estate. The inference is utterly inconsequential. Real estate represents a substantial accumulation of labour. It is something which, once acquired, remains *in perpetuo*, unless disposed of, for an equivalent, real or presumed. The invention or discovery, or creation of genius, or whatever name may attach to the work or thing, to be patented or copyrighted, has not this merit. One man in this generation may conceive it. If his discovery or invention is forgotten, another in the next generation may revive it. But no man can create new acres of real estate. The property of mind is essentially personal property; and hence well considered legislation has always set a limit to the duration of a patent or a copyright; while it has wisely allowed a succession of titles to acquired property to run through all generations. It is remarkable that men should be found in the foremost ranks of society to advocate a system whereby the product of their brains might be legally forfeited to the first adventurer who might seize it, while they would shrink from the suggestion of allowing their own broad acres to be equally divided among their less fortunate neighbours. If there is to be property in land; if there is to be property in the fruits of a man's own handicraft, why in the name of common sense should it be said that the brain should work for nothing? Yet honourable Senators; men who sit and legislate by prescription; men whose judgment we should be glad to respect, were it only consistent with even common honesty, have said there should be no Patent Laws. Let the public depend upon it these gentlemen have never been guilty of making a discovery, or contriving an invention that would pay the cost of stealing.

It has been said, and high authorities are quoted in proof, that the inventor seldom receives the benefit of his invention; that he is compelled to sell it for a trifling cost to some enterprising speculator, who takes the matter in hand, and who subsequently reaps the lion's share of the profits granted. But what does that prove? That the whole public should be permitted to rush in upon the inventor, and take from him, for nothing, what now, because of his impecuniosity, he is compelled to sell at a very small price? No, surely. It only proves that as yet human institutions have not been so perfected as to give men of genius full protection in their rights. If even with our Patent Laws the inventor is generally, or too often, robbed that ought not certainly to be held as a reason why he ought to be robbed all the time; but rather as an incentive to devise means for shielding him more thoroughly from the harpies who prey upon him.

But, as things go now, the inventor of any really useful design, may generally sell a part and retain a part of the profits; so that, with ordinary business capacity, though for want of capital he may be unable to reap the whole benefit, he is still enabled to gain something, and even to profit by the alliance which the Patent Law enables him to make with capital. The latter is but labour compressed, or realised, and it has the beneficent quality of being able to make "raw" labour profitable. But who would risk his capital in the utilization of a new invention, if he knew that the day after he had invested it, his next door neighbour might start in opposition to him? It is strange beyond measure that men who readily recognize the right of property or ownership in that which is the work of one's hands should be so ready to sequestrate the more valuable productions of the brain!

NORTH WEST ROUTES.

Letter 2.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—As my first letter, under this head, has been kindly accepted by you, I shall continue the subject. But, first, I would notice two small typographical errors in the first; both occur in "route 2," viz., "Kennegan" should be "Dunvegan;" and, in describing the last stage, the word "shaded" should be "laked." In fact, I would remark that that particular part of the route is not well shaded, especially towards and about the "*Bald*" Mountains—so, descriptively, called. But to proceed.

ROUTE NO. 3.

	Miles.	Days.
Ottawa city to mouth of Winnipeg R., as per route No. 1	1,270	40
M. of Winnipeg R. to Fort Garry, Red River Settlement, canoe	80	2
Fort Garry to Fort Ellice, prairie horses and Red River cart	237	10
Fort Ellice to Fort a la Corne, prairie horses and Red River cart	337	12
Thence to Carlton, prairie horses and Red River cart	75	2
Thence to Edmonton, prairie horses, and, perhaps, cart	400	14
Thence, by Leather Pass to steam navigation Frazer R., horses	400	18
Total	2,799	98

So much for British routes in that direction. The mixed one—American and British—is, *at present*, the quickest, best and safest.

ROUTE NO. 4.

	Days.
Ottawa city to St. Paul, Minnesota, rail and steamboat, say	5
Thence to Fort Garry, stage and steamboat	10
Delay for equipment, purchase of horses, &c.	5
Thence to Edmonton, as per route No. 3	38
Thence to Frazer R.	18
Total	76

COST.

Route No. 2, Peace river, each man, exclusive of hire, say	$ 100
Route No. 1, Saskatchewan and Leather Pass, each man and horse	200
Route No. 3, Winnipeg R., Prairie and Leather Pass, each man and horse	250
Route No. 4, St. Paul, Prairie and Leather Pass, each man and horse	275

Deduct from Nos. 1, 3 and 4, value of horse or horses at journey's end, and the balance is the net cost.

There is another route, but not a northwest one, which it may be well to give. It is, and ever has been, the Hudson's Bay Company's sole transport route—except, of late, a little by St. Paul, Minnesota.

ROUTE NO. 5.

	Miles.	Days.
York Factory, Hudson's Bay, to Norway House	425	14
[Transport by boats, of about five tons, hauled over portage.]		
Norway House (near head of Lake Winnipeg) to mouth of Saskatchewan	75	2
Thence to Red River—other end of Lake Winnipeg	250	5

This route is available for only about four months of the year, and is ever an arduous one.

Hudson's Bay is open for navigation scarcely three months in the year.

York Factory is, in air line, about 3,300 ship's course, say 3,500 miles from London, (England,) and is about 2,000 miles from (nearest) Pacific tide water (the Bentinck Arm) in British Columbia, *via* the "Leather Pass" aforesaid—making a total of 5,500 miles from London to the Pacific.

As to the routes—all easy, by canoe, from Canada to the southern shores of Hudson's Bay, say Moore Factory, it is needless to say much. Those by the Ottawa and its tributary, the Montreal river, and the still shorter one from Canadian waters, from Michipocoton, Lake Superior, to Moore river, (southern branch,) are, I believe, the best. I have not gone over them, but have approached that quarter, about 250 miles north of this, by the St. Maurice.

Of this noble river—*la grande riviere* as its *voyageurs* call it, I cannot say enough. In its lower reaches, for over one hundred miles, it is fit for steamboat navigation; its second hundred miles is, with but little exception, a huge foaming torrent; while its upper waters, ramified, are, with one exception, (the Ribbon river,) of prevailing gentleness—to the hardy tourist, a route of great and pleasing interest. One word of general description and advice, and I shall have done. But this I must reserve for a final letter, by way of postscript.

Yours, M. McLEOD.

Ottawa, April 27, 1869.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

Thursday, April 29, 1869.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

After routine,

The following petitions were severally brought up and laid on the table:

By the Hon. Mr. BLAKE, of George Leask and others, of the county of Norfolk, praying that the "Export duty on Logs," &c., "may be repealed."

By the Hon. Mr. FLINT, of William Lang and others, for removing the obstructions to the navigation of the Ottawa River, &c, &c.

By the Hon. Mr. LESLIE, of *La Banque du Peuple*, of Montreal, for a continuation of their charter.

By the Hon. Mr. SANBORN, of Thomas Locke, M.P.P., and others, of Stanstead, for an imposition of a duty upon all foreign grown hops imported into Canada, and for protecting those grown in this Dominion.

By the Hon. Mr. SANBORN, of Mines Clarke and others, for a duty on foreign hops, &c., &c.

By the Hon. Mr. BENSON, of James Livingston and others, masters and owners of vessels navigating Lakes Huron and Michigan, praying that steps may be taken to have the harbours of Kincardine and Chantry Island put in a position to afford greater protection to life and property exposed on Lake Huron.

By the Hon. Mr. BENSON, of Ptolemy and others, of the county of Wentworth, praying that a duty may be imposed on all foreign grown hops when imported into Canada.

By the Hon. Mr. FERRIER, of Alexander Miller, a permanent Sessional Messenger of the late Legislative Council, praying for compensation in consequence of the loss of his situation.

By the Hon. Mr. TESSIER, of Pierre Allard and others, of the county of Bonaventure, praying that the 14th paragraph of the 13th section of the Fisheries Act, may be amended by being repealed, wholly or partially.

By the Hon. Mr. TESSIER, of Mathew G. Mountain and others, of the city of Quebec, praying that the sum of $100,000, voted to construct a suitable Post Office in that city, be ordered to be expended for that purpose as soon as possible.

Hon. Mr. ALLAN, from the Committee on Standing Orders and Private Bills, presented the 2nd and 3rd reports. Ordered that they be received and read by the clerk, as follows:—Your committee have examined the petition of John Horace Stevenson, of the city of Toronto, praying for an Act to dissolve his marriage with Mary Elizabeth Foote, and find that the provisions of rule 73 of this House have been complied with.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. FERRIER, seconded by the Hon. Mr. TESSIER, it was ordered that the 51st rule of the House be dispensed with, in so far as it relates to the petition of the Hon. John Young, of the city of Montreal.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON, from the joint committee of the Senate and House of Commons, on the printing of Parliament, presented their second report. Ordered, that the same be received and read by the clerk, as follows:—That as the several contracts for the printing, bookbinding, and printing paper, expire with the work of the present session, it is necessary that provision should be made for the future performance of those services; the committee, therefore, recommend that tenders should be asked for the printing and binding, and for the supply of printing paper required for the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for the period of five years, commencing on the 1st January, 1870, with the right on the part of Parliament to extend the same to ten years.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. SIMPSON, seconded by the Hon. Mr. SANBORN, it was ordered that the said report be taken into consideration by the House to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL presented to the House a Bill entitled "An Act for the relief of John Hoare Stevenson, which was read a first time.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, seconded by the Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, it was ordered that the said Bill be read a second time on the 14th day of May next, and that notice thereof be fixed on the doors of this House, and that their honours be summoned, and that the said John Horace Stevenson be heard by his counsel at the second reading to make out the truth of the allegations of the said Bill, and that his now wife Mary Elizabeth Foote may have a copy of the said Bill, and that notice be given her of said second reading, or sufficient proof adduced of the impossibility of so doing, and that she be at liberty to be heard by her counsel what she may have to offer against the said Bill at the same time.

Ordered that the said John Horace Stevenson do attend this House on the 11th day of May next, in order to his being examined upon the second reading of the Bill, intituled "An Act for the Relief of John Horace Stevenson," if this House shall think fit. Whether there has or has not been any collusion directly or indirectly, &c, touching the said Bill of Divorce or touching any action at law which may have been brought by him against any person, &c., &c.

NOTICES.

Hon. Mr. FLINT gave notice that on the reading of the petition from George W. Jones, of Port Perry, praying for Divorce from Anne Catherine Martin, he would move that the said petition be not received, insomuch as the petitioner has not complied with the 75th, 78th and 84th rules of this House.

Hon. Mr. LOCKE gave notice of motion for Monday next of an enquiry whether it was the intention of the Government during the present Session to fill the vacancy in the Senate caused by the death of the Hon. B. Weir.

Hon. Mr. MILLER gave notice that on Monday next he would move for an humble Address to his Excellency the Governor-General, praying for a return of all appointments made by the Government since July 1st, 1867, to public offices in Ottawa, distinguishing the Provinces from which such officers were respectively selected.

Hon. Mr. MILLER gave notice that on Friday next he would move for an humble Address to his Excellency the Governor-General, asking a full return of all correspondence between the Dominion Government and the Governments of Great Britain and Prince Edward Island; and also all correspondence between the Government of the Dominion and any other parties in connection with the question of a Coast and Deep Sea Fisheries, the granting of Licenses to Foreign Fishermen, and any alleged infraction during the last two years of the treaty of 1818, between Great Britain and the United States in reference to the Fisheries, by the Colony of Prince Edward Island.

QUESTION—AMERICAN FISHERMEN.

Hon. Mr. ARCHIBALD enquired, "What is the policy of the Government in reference to permitting American Fishermen to fish in our waters during the present season?"

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL in reply said the Government have determined to continue the same policy that was pursued last year: that was that all foreign vessels may be permitted to fish within three miles of our coasts by paying the usual fee of ten shillings per ton. In regard to the protection of the fisheries: her Majesty's Government have placed upon the coasts of the Dominion a very respectable force of armed vessels for the purpose of enforcing the observance of the laws passed by the Dominion for the regulation of the fisheries. The Dominion Government will supplement that provision by vessels now under the control of the Dominion. A reasonable amount of protection will be given to see that the laws for fishing on our coasts are respected.

SECOND READINGS.

The Bill intituled "An Act respecting Joint Stock Companies incorporated by Letters Patent," was read a second time.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, seconded by the Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, it was ordered that the said Bill be referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

The first five sections passed without debate. Upon the reading of the 6th section, Hon. Mr. SANBORN moved in amendment that the words "having been a resident of Canada for at least one year next before his application" be struck out.

The Bill intituled "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Clauses Act" was read a second time, and ordered to be referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Tuesday next.

The House resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole on the Bill intituled, "An Act respecting Patents of Inventions."—Hon. Mr. WILMOT in the chair.

Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS (in French) said he must oppose the amendment just proposed. After the long discussion on this Bill last session the Government had endeavoured to meet the hon. members who opposed that Bill half way, but there was no satisfying the opponents of this measure. The Government had made this as liberal a measure as it was possible to do in their judgment, as explained yesterday by the Hon. Postmaster-General. It was useless to go over the same ground as the debate covered yesterday, and all the clauses were then well discussed and considered. It was, in his judgment, irrelevant to the point in dispute here, to cite the examples of the old countries in Europe, which were nearly equal in wealth, commerce, extent of territory, industry and population. Our neighbours on our borders were the parties we had to cope with, and it was useless to deny that we should protect our infant manufacturers against their richer, older and more favoured rivals. In protecting ourselves we are logical. Free trade in older and wealthy countries might be wise, but surely with the example of England before us, we would not now be justified, without some mighty considerations of an equivalent, to throw open our patent rights to the inhabitants of the universe. England, wealthy and populous, insists on protecting her home manufacturers, and why should we be foolish enough to act differently. He did not say but the time might soon come when, to secure some greater boons for our people, we might offer to foreigners free trade in patents. In a young country like ours, free trade would be suicidal, and in no respect more so than regards patent rights. In the year 1864 we had 170 applicants for Patents, 184 in 1865, 274 in 1866, 396 in 1867, 570 in 1868, and up to the 24th April in this year we had 257. Of these we granted 145 Patents in the year 1864, 162 in 1865, 263 in 1866, 197 in 1867, 545 in 1868, and up to the present time in this year we have granted 195 Patents. The increase in the assignments of Patents and Free Trade maps, copyrights and industrial designs, were equally steady and remarkable. The fees received in 1864 were $3,267 95. in 1865 $3 618 76, in 1866 $6,132 78, in 1867 $8,110 10, in 1868 $11,052.42; and up to the 24th April of this year $5,403.48. Under the present Bill he thought we would readily derive about $60,000 from fees paid for the Patent Rights of this Dominion, which would no doubt go on increasing every year, with the onward progress of the country. The clause as it stands is correct in principle, just to all parties, and will give satisfaction to the country. So he must oppose the amendment proposed by the honourable member, (Mr. Sanborn), which he hoped would receive the support of few honourable members in this House.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST, (commenced to speak in English, but soon apologized and made an energetic speech in French.) He looked upon this as a purely retaliatory measure. (Hear, hear.) Hon. gentlemen may cry *hear, hear*, but what else could be inferred from the speeches of the honourable Minister of Agriculture, and the hon. the Postmaster-General, on this measure. Surely the sense of their remarks could be conveyed by no other term. So long as the United States would not grant us *Reciprocity*, we will not grant them letters of patent in this Dominion. If he could believe that our narrow-minded policy on this question would secure us a fair, honourable measure of Reciprocity, he would willingly join in passing this stringent measure, but no sane man could believe for a moment that such a petty consideration would have any effect on the American policy regarding Reciprocity. But to be consistent we should exclude them also from our fisheries and canals. But they did not hope to obtain Reciprocity so soon as they would lead us to believe in their explanations on this Bill. We had a great speech from the Hon. Minister of Agriculture on free trade, and a variety of subjects foreign to this Bill, but what was remarkable was that his preaching is very widely different to his practice. He said free trade was all very well in theory, but objectionable in practice. Now surely when such doctrine was preached from high places, we ought to speak boldly our sentiments in condemnation of ideas. We must all feel convinced that our condition will not be improved with the United States by our course. He regretted that his honourable friend from Toronto, (Mr. Ross) who was a good Liberal of the old school in trying times, was not with him in this matter, as he had a great respect for that honourable member, and his opinions generally, so he regretted to differ with him on this occasion so widely. When we give free use of our canals and fisheries, why in all common sense should our policy be different on this question of patents? It was a different policy, if policy it could be called. He need not extend his remarks now, further than to say that he must vote for the amendment, which he hoped would be carried.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN said his hon. friend seemed to think that the Ministry had been listening to St. Paul, and that what they would, they do not, and what they would not, that they do. His hon. friend, and also the Postmaster-General, was troubled about his (Mr. Sanborn's) consistency. He (Mr. Sanborn) thought public men of the present day had forgotten all about consistency of character. If he had expected that he would have had to defend his consistency, he would have come prepared; but having seen such extraordinary changes in sentiment, in party, in views, and above all in votes, that it never once occurred to him that it was necessary for him to maintain his consistency in the views which he took upon this question. His hon. friend had attributed motives to him, but he (Mr. Sanborn) thought if they undertook to ascertain each other's motives, they would find it impossible to get at them. (Laughter. He was happy to learn the Postmaster General was pleased with that sentiment. Considering his opinion, locality, and office, he (Mr. Campbell) has all the peculiarities of mind and body a man has when out of office. Sometimes office produces extraordinary changes in principles and actions, which cannot be attributed to any other thing than the circumstance of being in office. He (Mr. Sanborn) was put to the necessity of sustaining his consistency on this subject. He referred to the reports of a former Session when this Bill was before them, and he found his remarks made on that occasion were almost identical with those made by him at the present time. He did not know whether the Postmater-General was absent or present at that time, but he, (Mr. Campbell,) did not then consider it of so great importance, in maintaining our relations with a neighbouring country, as to hold out inducements to them to negociate a reciprocity treaty, as he does at the present time. That argument was not original, but he, (Mr. Sanborn,) had never it put forward with so much earnestness as yesterday. He had never seen any person so impressed with its importance as the Postmaster-General then was. It seemed strange to him, (Mr. Sanborn,) that an hon. Senator of the acknowledged ability of his learned friend, (Mr. Campbell,) could work himself into such enthusiasm on a subject so small, He, (Mr. Sanborn,) would read the remarks made by himself when the Bill was before them last year, viz.: "It has been recognized as fact, not only in America, but in Europe, that the granting of Patents to the individuals of any country induces activity in business. What does a man desire to invest for if it is not for the purpose of obtaining a profit? and this should be secured to him by Patent rights, otherwise there will be nothing to stimulate men to invent new improvements. There is no country where inventions have gone on so extensively as in the United States, and in no country has such practical results attended them. He then referred to his endeavours to get a Patent Law passed, which he had introduced into the Legislative Council of Canada twelve years ago, when some of the members, who at first were interested in the measure, suddenly changed their minds, under the conviction that they were violating the principles of free trade. He said they should look at the results of Patent Laws, instead of treating them as tending to produce monopolies. In countries where inventions were encouraged, enterprise was excited, and new discoveries were made in every branch of industry. He thought by compelling foreigners to establish branches of their manufactories in our Dominion, the objection of granting Patents to foreigners would be removed, then it would be impossible for them to take out Patents here for the purpose of selling. If our Patent Laws are liberal, the trade will regulate itself, and instead of our having inferior articles of machinery manufactured here, we shall be able to get better articles at cheaper prices." The same line of argument was then used that was employed on the present occasion. On that occasion the Government was more particularly represented by the hon. Minister of Marine and Fisheries, who stated as a general principle that the Bill, as then proposed, was one that was designed to be held out as an inducement to obtain Reciprocity, but he argued this with other principles, and was reminded that he was speaking on the wrong side of the question. The difficulty that presented itself to the Minister of Marine was, that the people of this country were not sufficiently educated for Reciprocity in patents. He (Mr. Sanborn) thought that the Minister of Marine was still of the opinion that the people of this country were not sufficiently educated up to the point to seek a liberal measure in regard to patents or inventions. It is said we would suffer from our peculiar position on the borders of the United States, in obtaining free patents of inventions. Does not the thought occur at once, that for each patent issued here, the patentee would get the advantage of nine times the number of consumers that any inventor in the United States, taking out a patent in the Dominion, would get here? So the argument, instead of availing anything in the way it was brought by the Postmaster-General, is against us. If the encouragement of inventive talent has the effect of producing results stimulating that talent, awakening and bringing into life products and arts which otherwise would never be brought forth, have we not good reason to suppose that it would awaken and stimulate them in the Dominion of Canada. In adopting reciprocity in patents, you give to our inventors an opportunity of obtaining a patent for a mere trifle. Inventors are generally poor men, and under present circumstances in the United States a foreigner, unless coming from a country where patent laws are free to American citizens, cannot get a patent except by paying $500, but as soon as a law is passed making patents free, they get them under the same terms as the Americans. Our inventors are shut out by reason of our own illiberality in refusing to pass a liberal patent law. He did not wish to detain the House by any further remarks upon this subject, because he knew they would be unavailing. He hoped the amendment would be adopted, and he was in earnest in seeking what he believed would be for the benefit of the country.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL thought his hon. friend (Mr. Sanborn) was somewhat over sensitive considering the experience he has had in the Legislature. As for the remarks which fell from him (Mr. Campbell) yesterday, he (Mr. S.) had taken quite an unnecessary trouble in looking up those old debates from which he had read extracts to prove his consistency. What he (Mr. Campbell) said, was said in the most innocent manner. He (Mr. Campbell) had not referred to those old debates, because he considered them uninteresting kind of reading, but he had said if he remembered right his hon. friend (Mr. Sanborn) had on that occasion taken his principal objection to the Bill on the ground that it did not extend the patent rights of his fellow subjects residing in New Brunswick. When his hon. friend told him he was wrong in taking this view, he at once retracted, and admitted he (Mr. Sanborn) had on a previous occasion taken the ground which he now takes. The subject before the committee was the amendment to the Bill, and not the subject of any hon. member's consistency. He was perfectly consistent in what he said yesterday as substantiated by what he said previously when the Bill was before this branch of the Legislature. Now, as to the subject before the House; whether we should allow the Americans to stand here upon the same footing as our own people do in obtaining patents for inventions in this country. His hon. friend proposed to strike out "Any person being a resident of Canada for at least one year next before his application," and the effect of this would be to admit any foreigner to obtain a patent of invention in the Dominion of Canada. Practically the Americans are the only foreigners which would use this privilege. He did not desire, unnecessarily, to occupy the time of the House in repeating arguments which had been made use of yesterday. His hon. friend (Mr. Letellier) had ridiculed the idea that withholding this right, for a time, would in any way affect the relations between two great nations like Britain and the United States. We can only speak for this part of the empire, and though our interests may be small as affecting the interests of Great Britain and the United States, they are all the interests we can deal with. The question is whether we should diminish our resources by this item now, or when we come to treat with the United States. His hon. friend from Grandville was wrong in stating that this cannot possibly affect our condition in the relations between Great Britain and America. It is not reciprocity between Great Britain and the United States, but reciprocity between the Dominion and the United States with which we are concerned; therefore we should be chary of those rights we have in hand, because it is with them, and them only, that we can expect to treat with the Americans. It is idle to laugh at those things we have in hand, and say they are small, and would not affect the relations between two great empires. If they do not affect them, they will not be given. Negociations for reciprocity do not flow entirely from friendly feelings, but they come from considerations of interest. It is because the people of the United States desire to obtain the benefit of fisheries, canals, and other advantages, that we hope to obtain the renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty which has been a benefit to this country. Circumstances have occurred which have prevented us feeling the loss of this treaty very much, but this may not always be the case, therefore we should keep ourselves in as good a position as possible for its renewal. Let hon. gentlemen laugh as they may at the smallness of this item of patents; it is still a point of some importance as shown by the eagerness of some hon. gentlemen to get the position altered, so that the Americans can come in here and take out patents. Some hon. gentlemen have said, why be so chary of the privilege when you have been so lavish of your fishery and canal privileges? We have not been lavish of those privileges; our fisheries have been so managed as to make it necessary for those Americans who desire to take fish in the waters of the Dominion to obtain a license under our laws, and to pay fees for those licenses. They are made subservient to the rules Parliament has laid down for the government of those fisheries. Occupying the position we do in reference to the United States, we must bear in mind that they are a strong people, and we are not, and it is our desire, and for our interest, to pursue our rights in the fisheries so as not to provoke any feeling of hostility or unkindness on the part of that nation. We should deal prudently and gently with all subjects affecting our relationship with the United States so far as possible, considering our position in the British Empire, and as far as we can consistently with our own self-respect and feelings of independence, as the people of Canada. In that spirit, everything has been done for the purpose of protecting the fisheries, and preserving them for our own use, as well as for the United States. In reference to our canals there is no provision made allowing them to be used by the people of the United States which should in the least expose us to the accusation of the honourable member for Grandville, (Mr. Letellier de St. Just.) Their rights simply imply a passage through the Welland Canal; and this was not only for the benefit of their commerce, but for the purpose of augmenting our tolls. It was idle for the honourable member from Grandville to throw out the taunt of having allowed the Americans to obtain the more important interests, and being so cautious about this. He felt he had somewhat trespassed on the time of the committee, but he desired, to show that none of these points, which will, and must, come up, when negociations for a Reciprocity Treaty are commenced, have been given up. It is our policy to place ourselves in such a position as to have something to give up at that time. His honourable friend from Wellington Division (Mr. Sanborn) had spoken of Reciprocity in patents; what Reciprocity on fair terms can be had between a people of four millions, and a people of thirty-six millions. The United States market is already open to us; by the payment of five hundred dollars an inventor can get a patent extending over the whole United States. This Bill places the people of this country, whether native born or aliens, upon the same footing in obtaining patents, and when negociations are entered into, we shall be able to give this right to the citizens of the United States, and in giving it to them we will give it to all foreigners. We can then take a pledge providing—as was hinted by the hon. member from Wellington Division—that certain manufactures, which involve a large expenditure of labour, shall be established within the confines of the Dominion. But it is desirable, and for the interest of the country, that these points should remain until the period indicated shall have happened, or until it is shown that there is no prospect of its happening. In the meantime we should go as far as we safely can, in making a liberal Patent Law, and any one who examined the Bill would agree with him, that—bearing the considerations mentioned in mind—we have prepared as liberal a measure as could be introduced.

The amendment moved by Hon. Mr. SANBORN, to the 6th Section, was put to vote, and lost.

On the motion for adopting the 17th Section, Hon. Mr. McCREA referred to a remark made by the Minister of Agriculture, that in this Bill he had assimilated the law of three Provinces. Instead of this he had placed the fees for obtaining a patent at three times the amount formerly charged in this Province, and fifteen times as much as charged in Nova Scotia. All the trouble the Government have to take is, in the first instance, granting the patent for five years, for which twenty dollars is paid. Why then should not the patent extend for fifteen years, instead of the patentee being obliged to come back and get an extension of time, having to pay additional fees?

Hon Mr. CHAPAIS said the principle to which his hon. friend objected, had been adopted in almost every country in Europe, and had worked very well.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN said this increase of the fees was a serious defect in the Bill, and should be remedied.

Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS believed the fees were still below the rate charged in almost every other country.

The remaining sections of the Bill were then severally passed, with the exception of one or two sections, which were allowed to stand over.

After some time the House was resumed, and the Hon. Mr. WILMOT reported that they had taken the said Bill into consideration, had made some progress therein, and had directed him to ask leave to sit again. Ordered that the said committee have leave to sit again to-morrow.

The House adjourned at 5:30 o'clock p.m. until to-morrow at 3 o'clock p.m.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Friday, April 30.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Mr. M. P. RYAN presented a petition from J. B. Lemage, John McLennan, and others, of Montreal, praying to be relieved from certain dues and charges imposed on vessels navigating the inland waters of the St. Lawrence.

Hon. Mr. ROSE presented a despatch from his Excellency the Governor-General, with the estimates for the ensuing year.

On motion of Mr. McKENZIE, the report of the Joint Committee on printing, presented yesterday, was adopted.

Sir J. A. MACDONALD introduced a Bill respecting procedure in criminal cases.

Mr. McKENZIE called attention to the inconvenience of the rule requiring private Bills to be printed before they could be introduced.

After some discussion it was agreed that the rule should be enforced; but that by the general consent of the House, private Bills might be introduced any day under the head of motions.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

On motion of Hon. Mr. ROSE, the House went into committee on the Bill respecting the Department of Finance.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON objected to the establishment of a Treasury Board, as the public service did not require it.

Hon. Mr. ROSE was aware that the sole responsibility should rest upon the Finance Minister, and it was not intended by the constitution of this Board, and not in any way, to lessen or divide the responsibility of the Finance Minister. The powers to be conferred on the Board were limited, but it would be very useful in dealing with the details of finance, and otherwise assisting the Finance Minister and Government.

Mr. ANGLIN asked if there would be any appeal to the Treasury Board from a decision of any member of the Government? If so, he had a question to submit to it, upon which the Minister of Customs had already given an adverse decision.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said it was customary for any member of the Government to refer difficult questions to a committee of the Privy Council.

Mr. ANGLIN wished to know if any person, not a member of the Council, could appeal to the Treasury Board? The case referred to by the Finance Minister was one in which a Minister, having some doubts upon a question, could refer it to a committee of the Council.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY said any person could appeal from the decision of an individual Minister to the whole Council, and the matter could be referred by the Council to the Treasury Board.

The Bill was then adopted, reported, and fixed for a third reading.

THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY DEBT.

Hon. Mr. ROSE moved the second reading of the Bill to confirm and give effect to a certain agreement between the Government of Canada and the Great Western Railway Company.

Mr. ANGLIN regarded the agreement as a very material divergence from the financial arrangement entered into at the time of Confederation. Large concessions had also been made to another Province, and if concession was the order of the day he thought his Province had as good a claim as any for consideration. With this view he was prepared to enter into a re-arrangement of the whole financial agreement entered into at the time of the Union, but he could not consent to special arrangements affecting only one Province.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY contended that the arrangement with the company did no injustice to the Lower Provinces, because had the full interest been regularly paid, it would have gone to the assets of Ontario and Quebec.

Mr. McKENZIE believed that the Lower Provinces gained, if anything, by the arrangement entered into.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the debt of the company and the interest undoubtedly belong to the Dominion. At the same time he believed the settlement was a fair one to all parties.

Mr. CONNELL was inaudible in the gallery, but was understood to object to the agreement with the company, on the ground that it was making the Lower Provinces pay for the concession to another Province.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said the debt was an asset of the Dominion by the Union Act, and the whole question was, were not these the best terms for the whole Dominion that could be secured? It was not a question affecting one Province, but the whole Dominion.

Mr. WALTER ROSS argued from the statement sent down, that the total debt of the company to the Government was $4,367,117. According to the agreement the company only had to pay $3,254,901, leaving a balance remitted to the company of $1,112,216. To this add the interest for two years on the difference in the amount the Government ought to pay, and what they were to pay by the agreement, amounting to $138,410, making a total amount of $1,250,626, which it was proposed to present to this wealthy company. He would never be a party to such an agreement. Far better it would be to collect the whole amount, and devote it to the opening of the Northwest territory. If the Government would do that, he believed they would be supported in it by the whole House. He concluded by moving that the Bill be not read a second time, inasmuch as it is inadvisable to confirm an agreement by which $1,250,626 is lost to the country.

Mr. OLIVER also objected to the agreement, and contended that there was no necessity for remitting so large a sum to the company.

Mr. MAGILL spoke of the benefits the company had conferred upon the country, and the assistance that had been given by the Government to a rival company. The Great Western Railway Company were obliged to build their road upon the broad gauge, in order to harmonize with the railway policy of the Government. They lost very materially by that arrangement, because in order to accommodate their immense traffic they had gone to the expense of one million dollars to lay down a third rail, which they would not have had to do, had it not been for the policy of the Government.

Mr. HUTCHISON thought that if the statement made by the member for Prince Edwards (Mr. Ross) was correct, the agreement was an injustice to New Brunswick.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he took it for granted that the figures of the hon. Finance Minister were correct. If so, he thought the motion was out of order, though he was not disposed to press that point.

After some explanations by Mr. ROSE, and a few remarks by Mr. OLIVER, the amendment was put and carried, and the Bill read a second time.

On motion of Hon. Mr. ROSE, the House went into committee of supply—Mr. Street in the chair.

It being six o'clock, the Speaker left the chair.

After Recess.

Mr. MORRISON introduced a Bill to increase the capital stock of the Suspension Bridge Company.

Mr. LANGLOIS introduced a Bill respecting pilotage. A discussion arose respecting which Committee the Bill should be referred to; it was finally sent to the Committee on Banking and Commerce.

Mr. JACKSON introduced a Bill to amend the Act to incorporate the Toronto Board of Trade.

On motion of Hon. Mr. ROSE, the House went into Committee on the Estimates—Mr. Street in the chair.

Hon. Mr. ROSE explained the arrangement of the printed estimates, which was such as afforded the House every facility for comparing the votes asked this year with those passed last year. He referred to the report of the Civil Service Commission, and suggested that the consideration of it be taken up along with the estimates. He explained that under the Civil Service Act of last session it was provided that officials should get a certain salary, commencing at a minimum amount up to a maximum amount. A vote would be asked for an average amount, but $40,000 was asked to meet any possible amount beyond that average.

The following items were then adopted:

The salaries of the staff of the several Departments at Ottawa, viz.:

The Governor-General's Secretary's Office	$8,955.00
The Department of the Privy Council	10,550.00
The Department of Justice	7,000.00
The Department of Militia and Defence	15,000.00
The Department of the Secretary of State	25,290.00

Hon. Mr. HOLTON suggested that no more items be adopted at this sitting, because it was necessary that members should be in possession of the report of the Civil Service Commission, in order to vote intelligently upon the estimates, under the head of Civil Government.

Hon. Mr. ROSE was disposed to give every facility for a careful consideration of the estimates; at the same time he might say that by passing these items the House would not prejudge the question of the proper re-organization of the Civil Service. However, if it was the general wish of the House, to postpone further consideration of the estimates, till the report of the Civil Service Commission was in their hands, he would not press the matter. There was no desire to take the House by surprise. Government invited the assistance of the House to put the Civil Service upon as efficient a footing as possible.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said it was his desire to have the main discussion on the Estimates at this stage. This was the practice in England.

Mr. JONES (Leeds and Grenville) thought the consideration of the Estimates should be postponed till the report of the Civil Service Commission was in the hands of members.

Mr. ANGLIN thought no vote should be taken till the Finance Minister brought down his budget, and they knew what was the state of the finances of the country. To him the items were large.

Hon. Mr. ROSE repeated that he wished to conform to the general desire of the House in this matter.

Mr. McKENZIE said the report of the Civil Service Commission would be distributed next Tuesday.

By general consent the committee postponed the consideration of the estimates till that time. The committee then rose and reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN moved the second reading of the Bill for the gradual enfranchisement of Indians, the better management of Indian affairs, and to extend the provisions of the Act 31st Victoria, Chap. 42.

Mr. McKENZIE called attention to an omission in the Bill of any provision making Indians liable for a share of the expenses connected with the administration of justice.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said he intended to propose an amendment to that effect in Committee of the Whole.

The Bill was then read a second time and referred to the Committee of the Whole on Friday.

On motion of Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN the Bill to avoid the necessity of having public documents engrossed on parchment was read a second time.

The following Bills were also read a second time:

Mr. GODIN—To alter the limits of the counties of Joliette and Berthier for electoral purposes.—Referred to a Special Committee.

Mr. STEPHENSON—For the improvement of the navigation of the river Sydenham.—Referred to the Committee on Banking and Commerce.

Mr. MILLS—To facilitate the removal of obstructions to the navigation of the river Sydenham.—Referred to the same Committee.

The House then adjourned at 10 minutes to ten.

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NOTICE.

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AND

LADY YOUNG,

THE PRIVY COUNCIL,

THE SENATORS AND MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS,

IN THE SKATING RINK,

OTTAWA,

WEDNESDAY, MAY 5th, 1869.

COMMITTEE:

His Worship the Mayor, Hon. James Skead, J. Currier, M P; Dr Grant, M P; Alonzo Wright, M P; R W Scott, M P P; R Lyon, M P P.

Parties desiring to be present, or who wish to procure cards for friends, will please make application on or before

WEDNESDAY, the 28th APRIL,

instant, by letter or otherwise, to the undersigned, J. FRASER, Secretary and Treasurer.

Ottawa, April 20, 1869.

A LITTLE LIGHT REQUIRED.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Will you kindly insert the following and express your opinion upon it? Perhaps some brother volunteer will let us have his opinion:

In 1867 a cup was competed for by the companies composing the late C. S. R. Regt., and was won by No. 6 Co. In the following year the same was repeated. The regiment being disbanded the officers take it upon themselves to present this same cup, which had already been twice disposed of, to the Colonel.

Although the cup was purchased by the officers' money, I contend that it having been once fired for, it ceased to be their property, and became that of the whole regiment, and that the day the corps was struck off the list, it became the property of No. 6 Co., and as such should have been retained by the Captain, and have been disposed of as the members of the said company thought best.

No man of the late corps entertains greater respect for Col. Wily than myself, but I cannot help thinking that this was a cheap, not to say questionable, method of presenting him with a testimonial.

A MEMBER OF No. 6 CO.,
Late of C. S. R. Regt.

OTTAWA, April 30, 1869.

[We cannot see that "Company No. 6" could have been the owner of property after having ceased to exist. The cup was not the "property" of any company at any time, but was held as a mark of honour, the gift of the gentlemen who were the officers of the regiment, and therefore rightly reverted to them on the regiment's disbandment. We do not think they could have made a more fitting use of it than to have presented it to the gallant Colonel, not as a "testimonial" exactly, but as a *souvenir* of the extinguished corps. This is our "opinion" frankly expressed.—ED. TIMES.]

THE EXPORT DUTY ON SAW LOGS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—I wish to call your attention to the fact that the apprehension that the export duty upon saw logs can, in the remotest degree, affect the interests of the lumbermen of the Ottawa Valley, is fallacious.

On examination of the Trade and Navigation Returns, will reveal the fact that the export trade in saw logs is chiefly from the county of Norfolk, on the north shore of Lake Erie. Four-fifths of the entire amount of export duty collected, has been from that county, and from the adjoining county of Elgin.

It is only under certain conditions, and within the limit of certain distances from market, that the exportation of saw logs is practicable. The pine of the county of Norfolk is towed in rafts from Port Rowan to Buffalo, a distance of ninety miles, at a moderate expense. Should the attempt, however, be made to transport saw logs from the Ottawa to any American market, the cost of transportation would be found to be an effectual barrier to the successful prosecution of the trade. The only practicable route would be down the Ottawa and St. Lawrence, up the river Richelieu, and through Lake Champlain; and the first attempt to tow a raft of saw logs against the current of a river, as would be necessary in passing from the St. Lawrence to Lake Champlain, would demonstrate the utter absurdity of the attempt to create a successful trade in the exportation of saw logs by this route. The cost of transporting saw logs from the Ottawa to Whitehall could not fail to be nearly double the cost of transporting sawn lumber; and the same would be true with regard to attempts to tow logs to the same destination from any of the tributaries of the St. Lawrence. Saw logs might be sent to Oswego via Rideau river and canal, and Lake Ontario, but only at very great expense. The cost of transporting lumber from Oswego to Albany would not be very greatly less than the cost from Ottawa, and the saving effected by the sale of mill offal, and the difference in transporting as between Oswego and Albany, and between Ottawa and Albany, would compensate for but a small portion of the serious expense of sending log rafts up the Rideau river and canal, and through forty-seven locks with a lift and fall of 457 feet to Kingston, and the expense and risk of lake transportation from Kingston to Oswego. It is perfectly evident that the lumber trade of the Ottawa valley flows in its natural channel, and cannot be diverted from its present course by the creation of an export trade in saw logs; and this being the case, an export duty upon saw logs can affect the interests of the lumbermen of the valley neither in one way or the other.

The only localities that can export saw logs to the United States with any advantage are the counties of Norfolk and Elgin on Lake Erie, and the region near the Bay of Quinte. The trade from the Bay of Quinte is not likely to reach very considerable proportions, as the country in the rear of Oswego can be supplied with timber for local consumption from the Black River Valley region cheaper than from Canada, and the only advantage to be derived from sending Canadian logs—the lumber from which is designed for shipment—to Oswego to be sawed, is the sale of mill offal, the market for which would be limited in Oswego, and the sale of which would very little more than cover the extra risk incurred in towing rafts over Lake Ontario.

The saw log export trade of the counties of Norfolk and Elgin has been developed since the good qualities of pine in those counties has been cut for lumber and square timber. The export is mainly of a coarse quality of sapling and buckwheat pine, that will not pay expenses if converted into lumber and exported. This class of timber, though classed as saw logs, is mostly exported in lengths of thirty feet and upwards, and supplies the same class of wants in western New York, that is supplied in the eastern market by square pine. It enters into competition only with Michigan pine, and is exported round to save the loss of timber in squaring, and expense of hewing; but will not pay to send through the Erie canal, as the difference per m. in the cost of transportation between square pine and round pine confines the market for it to western New York. This trade cannot bear the burden of an export duty. The great bulk of the class of timber exported in the round state, will be worthless for other purposes. The export duty, though a matter of no consequence whatever to Ottawa lumbermen, bears heavily upon the hundreds of settlers who occupy the pine lands of Norfolk and Elgin, and the powerful lumber interest of the Ottawa valley, if made fully aware of all the facts relating to the question cannot wish to exert an influence in favour of the continuance of the export duty upon logs, &c.

Your obedient servant,
JOHN CHARLTON.

VISITORS to the capital are invited to walk through the new Dry Goods Store of Magee & Russell, Sparks-st., where the most attractive assortment of new, rich and fashionable dry goods, suitable for both ladies and gentlemen, can be found in immense variety.

GENTLEMEN can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

NOTWITHSTANDING the dullness of the season we are gratified to learn that Magee & Russell's sales for this month, so far, are fully 60 per cent. more than last April at the same time. This should satisfy the wise-acres, who predicted they were leaving the shilling and going to the sixpenny side of the street, that it is now the *eighteenpenny* side, and proves that the public are not long in finding out where they get well served.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vexata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY. For sale by all druggists.

LOCAL NEWS.

PERSONAL.—Sir Henry and lady Havelock left for England *via* Montreal on Thursday.

PERSONAL.—Hon. Christopher Dunkin and lady arrived in town yesterday, and are staying at the Russell House.

FOREIGN MISSIONS.—The operations of the "A.B.C.F.M." and other Mission Boards in *China*, will be presented by the Rev. Edward Ebbs to-morrow at the Congregational Church. Services commence at 11 a.m. and half-past 6 p.m.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Amos Rowe, auctioneer, will move into the store just vacated by Major Seale, agent for the Ottawa Cabinet Warehouse, Rideau-st., east of the Sappers' bridge. Mr. Rowe therefore may in future be found at this, his new place of business.

OPENING CEREMONIES.—Those who are desirous to witness the opening ceremonies of the Young Ladies' Academy of the Ladies of the Congregation in the building lately known as the Victoria Hotel, should remember that the academy is to be formally opened this morning at eight o'clock.

MOVING DAY.—Yesterday was chosen by as many as could make it convenient for their moving day, on account of this, the real moving day, coming on Saturday, which is an inconvenient time for that purpose. All sorts of vehicles were put in requisition by our migratory citizens, and to-day there may be expected a still greater stir.

THE WIFE-BEATER.—Tom Hinchey, the notorious wife-beater, was arrested in the city on Thursday night by a warrant issued at Hull. He was lodged in the station, and yesterday was taken back to Hull where, of late, he has been residing, and was there ordered to find sureties to keep the peace for two years, or go to jail for six months. Serve him right.

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—The last regular meeting of the season was held by the Natural History Society, last evening. Dr. Van Cortlandt read a highly interesting paper on the histology and habits of spiders, in which he quoted many authorities illustrative of his subject, and threw considerable light on it by original remarks. At the close the meeting tendered a vote of thanks to the lecturer.

A VELOCIPEDE IN LIMBO.—We have before cautioned velocipedists that there was danger ahead, and last night as a young gentleman was giving a little girl a ride, he leading the steed, a policeman came suddenly upon them and arrested the machine and its owner, and took them to the lock-up, where both were to remain all night, to appear before his Worship this morning. The owner, however, was bailed out, but the bicycle remains to give evidence.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE GRAND BALL.—The interior of the skating rink is being entirely renovated and beautifully decorated for the coming ball. Already such is the progress made, that the place would be scarcely recognized. Meanwhile, the committee, with the aid of James Fraser, Esq., as secretary, are actively engaged in their part of the work, and the event is looked forward to by all parties as the grandest that has ever taken place in the capital.

GRAND CONCERT.—The grand concert to be given to Professor Gustave Smith by the choir of the Cathedral of Notre Dame, of which he is organist, will take place this day week, (Saturday, the 8th instant.) It is to be hoped, for the credit of the city, that the eminent services of Mr. Smith, freely and promptly rendered by him in aid of all charities, and for every worthy object, will not on this occasion be forgotten, but that all who can possibly attend, or induce others to attend, will do so. This is so obvious a duty, that the public will not require to be reminded of it. The programme will probably be published before the time of the concert, and we are informed that it will be one of the best ever presented to an Ottawa audience.

POLICE COURT.—A complaint was made against a contractor building one of the new stores on Rideau-st., for leaving a quantity of the rubbish on the street. It was ordered to be removed, and the case adjourned till Monday, in order to give time for its removal.

A young man, named Cameron, was charged with carrying a slung-shot. The defendant said he did not intend to use it, but policeman Jordan said it had come to his knowledge that he had exhibited it in a certain house, and that meeting him on yesterday morning, about 3 o'clock, he found it on his person, and took him into custody. He was fined $20, or in default to go to jail at hard labour for thirty days.

COOLING OFF.—Between eleven and twelve o'clock on Thursday night the police received intelligence that there was a man lying between the two bridges going to New Edinburgh, almost dead, and without his "nether garment." When first seen some soldiers with whom he had been drinking were with him, but when the police arrived they were gone, but the half nude man remained. The place where he was found being in the county, he could not be brought to the city, and a gentleman of New Edinburgh, who was made acquainted with the circumstances, interested himself to get him taken to his boarding house. What became of the pants, or how, why, or where they were taken off, is not mentioned.

ST. PATRICK'S TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.—At the annual meeting of the St. Patrick's Temperance Society of Ottawa, for the election of officers and committee for the current year, commencing first Sunday in April, current, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected, viz.:

President—Rev. Father Molloy, by appointment of his Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa.
First vice-President—John Heney, Esq.
Second vice-President—Mr. John O'Reilly.
Treasurer—Mr. Thomas Kehoe.
Secretary—Mr. P.G. Leyden.
Assistant Secretary—Mr. Martin Battle.
Committee of Management—Messrs. John Kehoe, Wm. Brennan, Robert O'Reilly, Philip Brady, Wm. Duffy, Thomas Hanty, Hugh Burgess, John Gunn, Edward Bambrick, Patrick Stringer, Robert Smith, Michael Rogers, John Carroll, James Higgins and Michael Morrissy.

A DARING ATTEMPT AT BURGLARY.—Some time during Thursday night some burglars effected an entrance into the Albion Hotel, and with great daring succeeded in drilling three holes through the door of the safe. From appearances they must have made at least two attempts to blow the safe up. They left apparently in disgust. When it was discovered yesterday morning Mr. Graham proceeded to open the door, and finding he could not he thought that the burglars had injured the lock. He then sent to Blaisdell's Victoria Foundry for some of his celebrated machinists, who after a day's work succeeded in breaking open the safe, when it was discovered that the evening previous one of the guests had bought a bottle of the New Dominion Cement, and had placed it into the safe, for safe-keeping which by some accident becoming broken, filled the crevices, and thereby prevented the burglary, and put Mr. Graham to so much trouble. Mr. Graham says that he will take good care in future to allow no one to put the Dominion Cement in his safe.

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 30 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognise the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1026d

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, April 30.

A field-day of all the troops in the garrison was held here this morning, General Stisted commanding. The display was brilliant, and the spectators many. It is rumoured that the artillery will embark on the 15th instant.

The projected meeting for last night, in favour of a repeal of the book duty, having fallen through, the printers and book binders met and protested against a repeal, and demanded equal duties on books and raw material, or none at all.

A strange rumour was current this morning, that the Hon. Malcolm Cameron had been found dead in his bed. Enquiry proved him to have been at Brantford in the enjoyment of his usual health.

The charge against Mason, for stabbing Nichol yesterday, was remanded, as the latter was unable to appear.

CABLE NEWS.

SPAIN.

MADRID, April 30.—In the Cortes yesterday, Senor Calstas proposed an amendment to the new constitution, now under consideration, establishing the Catholic religion as the only religion of the country. After a debate it was rejected.

NEW ZEALAND.
Massacre of Settlers.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 29.—New Zealand advices state that a terrible massacre had occurred at White Cliff, Taranka, on the 15th February, during which Lieut. Gascoyne, his wife and family, and six settlers, were killed. Settlers arriving in town, report the stores closed and ensigns flying at half mast.

CUBA.

HAVANA, April 29.—Advices from St. Domingo state that immigration from Germany is increasing. The tobacco crop of the country was immense. The revolution in the Eastern Department is gaining strength. The Spanish troops in that part of the island are suffering greatly from sickness.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Steamer "Bremen" Ashore.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The steamers *Denmark* and *Idaho*, from Europe, have arrived.

The steamer *Bremen*, from Bremen and Havre, went ashore on the east end of Romer shoals night before last, and still remains there.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The steamer *Bremen* backed off Romer shoals at noon.

Reciprocity with Canada.

The *Tribune's* special says the Ways and Means Committee have taken up the subject of a renewal of the reciprocity treaty with Canada. The committee, or some of the members of it, will, during the summer, visit Montreal and Ottawa in an official capacity, for the purpose of observation and conference.

Public Debt.

The April public debt exhibit will show a decrease in the debt of about three million dollars.

The Cuban Insurrection not under the Consideration of the English Government.

The *World's* special says the English Minister denies that Great Britain has had ever so much as under consideration the question of the Cuban insurrection. He declares preposterous the report that it was ever designed to recognize the insurgents as belligerents. He says the Government is not even informed of the existence of a provisional Government in the Island. He represents the relations of Spain with her Majesty's Government as highly friendly, and he regards the report hereby contradicted as intended to embitter the relations between the United States and Great Britain, and just at a time when the questions in difference between the countries are in a critical state.

It is ascertained that Mr. Thornton, in his projected journey north, will visit Canada to acquaint himself with the sentiments of the Dominion men, concerning the idea of annexation, lately so much mooted.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The report that President Grant intends to visit California during the coming summer, is untrue. The President has just informed parties making inquiry, that he cannot spare the time the journey would take.

Attempt at Suicide in Jail.

Dr. Black, one of the physicians charged with causing the death of the girl Ellen Carlock, was found in his cell in the Hudson County, N.J. jail this morning with his throat cut. Some wounds were also found on his wrists, and a long gash across his stomach. The wounds were all made with a razor, but neither of them are of a serious nature.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[*For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.*]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, April 30.—American Exchange 41¾.
Gold 134¾.
Money more active at 7 per cent.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Cotton quiet at 28½c.—Flour—low grades improving; receipts 6,200 barrels; sales 6,300 barrels at $5.45 @ 5.80 for superfine State and Western; $5.90 @ 6.05 for common to choice extra State; $5.85 @ 6.95 for common to choice extra Western.—Rye firm.—Wheat irregular: sales 18,000 bushels at $1.45 for No. 2 Spring delivered; $1.50 for No. 1 delivered; $1.90 @ 2.50 for white Michigan.—Rye quiet.—Corn dull; receipts 10,000 bushels; sales 4,400 bushels at 85c. @ 86c. for new mixed Western; 88c. for old do. in store.—Barley dull; receipts 14,000 bushels; sales 23,000 bushels at 84c. for Western in store.—Pork quiet and steady at $31.12 @ 31.18 for new mess; $30.87 @ 37 for old do.—Lard dull at 17¼c. @ 18¼c. for steam; 18¼c. @ 18¾c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, April 30—p.m.—To-morrow will be a holiday in the stock board. Bonds 80¼. Erie 21.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, April 30—p. m.—Breadstuffs quiet. Oats 3s. 4d. Pease 38s.

FOR Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co is on each package. Northrop & Lyman Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

St. Alban's Church, Daly Street.
(All seats free—Services maintained by offertory.)
REV. T. BEDFORD JONES, L L D
Services To-morrow.—Holy Communion 8 a.m. Morning Prayer, Sermon, 11 a.m. Evening Prayer, 7 p.m.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev C F STREET, M A, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7 Free Seats.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev C F STREET M A, Curates.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.
Military Service—Chaplain, Rev. T. D. Phillips, M.A.—in the Sussex-street Chapel at 9 a.m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.—St. Bartholomew.
REV. GEORGE NOEL HIGGINSON, M.A.
Matins at 11; Evensong at 3:30. All Festivals observed. All seats free.

St James [Epis]copal Church—Hull.
REV JOHN JOHNSTON.
Divine Service at 11 a m and 7 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev T W PICKETT.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev. EDWARD EBBS, Minister.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D MCPHAIL, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Rev. T. WARDROPE.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.
Rev Mr MOORE.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. DANIEL M. GORDON.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev MR. HARPER,
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts
Rev. S. G STONE
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. DANDURAND, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. GUILLARD, P P
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mas, —8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael; Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull.
REV E J W ROBERTS.
Services, Sundays, at 10 a m, and 5 p m. On week days at 5 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a m.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA FOR ROOFS, DAMP CELLARS, &c.

CHEAP! CLEAN! FIRE-PROOF! UNDECAYING!

Suitable for all Styles, Flat or Upright.

FULL SUPPLY OF FELT AND MATERIALS FOR SALE BY

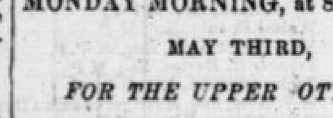
BUCHANAN & CO.,
Box 643 Montreal.

☞ Send for circular with full description.

April 30, 1869. 1037b

NOTICE.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

will LEAVE AYLMER on

MONDAY MORNING, at 8:30 o'clock,

MAY THIRD,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMER "ALLIANCE"

FOR

PORTAGE-DU-FORT.

☞ Notice will be given when the navigation is open in the Muskrat Lake and Deep River.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, April 28, 1869. 1037,3

CAUTION.

All persons are hereby cautioned against paying any money to, or transacting any business with, one HANS MULLER, on our account, as the said Hans Muller has never been in our employ, nor has he ever had any authority to receive money on our account.

CLARKE & CLAYTON.

Montreal, March 10, 1869. 1037-2

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 SPARKS-ST.,
OTTAWA.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

COOKING STOVES of the best quality and make at ESMONDE'S.

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Department of Marine and Fisheries, until noon of MONDAY, the 10th day of MAY next, for the supply, in *bond*, of 32,000 gallons of the best quality of COAL or REFINED PETROLEUM OIL.

The Oil is required to be non-explosive, at a vapour test of 115° Fahrenheit, must burn brilliantly, without smoking, until entirely consumed, and no crust the wick, must be free from all deleterious substances, and remain fluid at 10° Fahrenheit. A sample of a quart to accompany each tender.

The Oil to be delivered in iron-bound casks, containing from 30 to 40 gallons each, properly prepared to prevent the oil from permeating the wood, and evaporating from the surface.

The casks to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the Oil.

The Oil to be subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk in the locality designated by the Department as follows:

5,000 gallons at Quebec—one-half on the 8th JUNE, and one-half on the 20th SEPTEMBER next.

10,000 gallons at Montreal, on the 1st July next.
14,000 do at Halifax, N.S., do do do
3,000 do at Saint John, N.B., do do do

Tenders will be accepted for the whole quantity, or for any of the lots above mentioned.

Parties tendering must give their names and addresses in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfillment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of
Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 14th April, 1869. 1034.4.2aw

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST
STOCK OF CARPETINGS
AND
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MILLINERY
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MANTLES,
AT MODERATE PRICES,
IN EVERY STYLE,
At
GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Silk Velvets,
Velveteens and
Water-proof Cloakings
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY
DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Satin and Lace,
Plain and Fancy Silk,
Dress Trimmings,
Buttons, Linings, &c.,
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Ribbons, Lace,
Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,
And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCH[MOR &] CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Broadcloths, Tweeds,
Coatings, Vestings, and
Tailors' Trimmings
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Sheetings,
Pillow Cottons,
Linens, Prints,
White and Grey Cottons
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF NEW GOODS
In all the Departments, is to be found at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

☞ *INSPECTION INVITED.* ☜

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

MUSLINS and GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have received direct from a celebrated Printer,

2 CASES PRINTED LAWN and ORGANDIE MUSLINS.

ALSO,

LATEST DESIGNS IN

SWISS and FRENCH GRENADINES,

27, 54 and 72 inch BLACK WOOL GRENADINES,

BLACK SILK GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

April 26, 1869.

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

LOTS FOR SALE
BY AUCTION,
IN THE
CITY OF OTTAWA.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION at the SALE ROOMS of

HECTOR McLEAN,
No. 18 Sparks-st, City of Ottawa, on
Tuesday, the Fourth day of May, A.D., 1869,

at the hour of ELEVEN o'clock, A.M., the following Lots in the City of Ottawa, viz.:

Lots Nos. 44, 45 and 46 on the South side of Rideau-st., and Lots 44, 45, 46, 47 and 48 on the North side of Besserer-st.

Title believed to be indisputable, but vendor is not to be obliged to produce title deeds other than those in his possession.

Fifteen per cent. of purchase money to be paid down at time of sale, and balance within a month thereafter.

Deeds to be delivered to the purchasers on payment of purchase money, within a month from day of sale.

If balance of purchase money be not paid within the month, deposit of 15 per cent. to be forfeited, and property re-sold.

Lots to be sold separately.

For further particulars apply to WALTER R. MACDONALD, Esq., Barrister, Hamilton, or to the subscriber.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 27, 1869. 1034td

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

THE celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS and POLAR REFRIGERATORS, at ESMONDE'S.

BATHS and WATER COOLERS in the course of manufacture, at ESMONDE'S.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin[ed refiners] their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Boarding.

BOARDING.

A few gentlemen can be accommodated with SUPERIOR APARTMENTS at

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,
Sparks-st.

1035tM1

NOTICE.

MRS. SUTTON'S BOARDING HOUSE is removed to the dwelling over Mr. Hay's Hardware Store, Sparks-st., opposite Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. 1024d

G. LEVIN,
(*Successor to David Millar,*)

Manufacturer of Hoop Skirts, and Importer of French and English Corsets.

NEW MATERIALS,
NEW STYLES,
1035b LOW PRICES.

CHALMERS & CO.,
REMOVED TO
☞ THE BAZAAR, ☜
24. SPARKS-STREET, 24.

have now opened with a new stock of

Berlin Wools,
Slipper Patterns,
Fancy Goods and Jewellery,
Lamps, Rock Oil, Best Qualities.

CHALMERS & CO.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033a

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

CAUTION.

LOUIS MOLLUE having left my employ, contrary to the terms of his agreement with me, I hereby forbid any person or persons from hiring or harboring him after date of this advertisement.

ROBERT SKEAD.

Ottawa, April 28th, 1869. 1034.3

THE VARIETY HALL
HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT
34 SUSSEX-ST.

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at ESMONDE'S.

CHAMBER SETS, cheap at ESMONDE'S.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING,

BOOKBINDING,

&c., &c., &c.

To be had at

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

PRINTING,

AND

STATIONERY STORE,

21 Rideau-st.,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, large and small
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to match
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultramarine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and Letter Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—
Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—
Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES
Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.
Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal and Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—
Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.
N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—
Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—
Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,
Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'
Office Requisites supplied on reasonable terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES
Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,
General Geography, with 39 coloured maps, price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,
Authorised by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are;
FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.
FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES
The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,
At "The Ottawa Citizen"
Stationery and Printing House,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE

21 Rideau-st.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 1, 1869.

The market yesterday was very small, there being little in the provision market, and scarcely any hay. Wood is very scarce, and consumers find difficulty in procuring supplies of the latter article, except at the yards.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@ 6 50
No. 1	4 75	@ 5 00
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@ 3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@ 2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@ 7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@ 3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 1 30
Spring "	1 00	@ 1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@ 2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@ 28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.	
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@ 11 25
Hams	0 15	@ 0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.	
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@ 0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@ 0 70
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@ 2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@ 0 27½
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@ 0 22
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 15	@ 0 17
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@ 4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@ 0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@ 28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 50	@ 5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@ 4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@ 3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@ 0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@ 5 50

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of *Grace's Celebrated Salve*, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing office. Only 25 cents a box.

OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

Stoves & Hardware.

BURGLARS ALARM!

BURGLARS ALARM!

A very safe and efficient BURGLARS ALARM, easily attached to any part of the house at $1.25, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

ALL THE BEST

PATTERNS AND DESIGNS

OF

☞ COOK STOVES, ☜

every size; the housekeepers special favourites for baking, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

OF

JELLY MOULDS, ICE CREAM MOULDS,

Jellied Turkey Moulds,

Dish Covers, Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

JOB WORK,

of all kinds, in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware line attended to.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st.,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c, at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

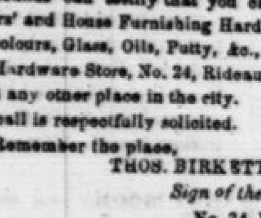
ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,
&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24, Rideau-st., Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

☞ Remember the place,

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT,

On Queen-st., opposite the Union House.

Apply to

JOHN McCARTHY,
on the premises.

Ottawa, April 29. 1037.3

TO RENT,

In the Town of PEMBROKE, Ontario, THREE COMFORTABLE BRICK DWELLINGS, comprising six good rooms, a spacious hall, good cellar, and brick kitchen to each; also a yard and wood shed. One ready 1st May, and the other two June 1st.

For particulars apply to the proprietor,

JAS. HEENAN.

Pembroke, April 25, 1869. 1037-1-19 3

TO RENT.

THE SHOP AND DWELLING KNOWN AS THE MARKET DRUG STORE, on York-st., at present occupied by Wm. Hearn Esq. Possession can be had 1st of May.

Apply to JAMES GIBSON,
York-st.

Ottawa, April 21. 1037a

TO LET,

AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to

R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to

S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET--FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to

S. SKINNER,
Senate Buildings.

1028d

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly st., 3 doors east of St Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET,

On or about 1st May next,

A NEW BRICK HOUSE

IN NEW EDINBURGH,

at present under lease to F. BRAUN, Esqr., Secretary of the Public Works Department; there are four Bedrooms, besides Drawing and Dining Rooms, with a large Kitchen and a spacious room over it, a Flower Garden in front, and a Kitchen Garden in rear; also an excellent well of water, with pump, cellar and a Summer Kitchen. Apply to W. A. MAINGY, Esq., New Edinburgh, or to the proprietor,

JOHN F TAYLOR,
Clerk of the Senate,
Parliament House.

1016tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

1009-14tf

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 29, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 906tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

DUST, HEARTH, STOVE, SCRUB, CHIMNEY and Crumb Brushes at

ESMONDE'S.

COAL OIL, LAMPS, GLOBES, CHIMNEYS, Wicks, &c., &c., at

ESMONDE'S.

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

Two Dwellings in St. Alban's Terrace, Daly-st., and two Dwellings on Stewart-st., in rear.

Apply to

R. H. McGREEVY,

Or

D. O'CONNOR,
Office, No. 1, Rideau st.

Ottawa, April 27, 1869. 1034a

TO LET,

A comfortable and pleasantly situated BRICK HOUSE, containing 10 rooms, with hard and soft water on the premises—situated on Ottawa-st., a little beyond the Court House, and next door to the residence of Henry Cotton, Esq.

Apply at the TIMES office.

April 27, 1869. 1034a

HOUSE TO LET.

A TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE, containing nine rooms, kitchen, cellar, —Well and Garden attached—North side of Rideau-st., adjoining Gloucester-st.

Apply to

N. SPARKS, Barrister,
Elgin-st., Ottawa.

April 27, 1869. 1034a

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TO LUMBERERS.

QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are,
Your obdt. servants,

1000-2m M. STEVENSON & CO.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' *bills.*

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults, it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour. Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine o.	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.

75-y

Sewing Machines.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Silent Feed Sewing Machines are perfectly noiseless. The most valuable present to any Lady or Family is a WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE. A liberal reduction for cash on all machines for holiday presents. Twenty-five per cent reduction on Embroidery attachments applicable to the former style of Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Button Hole Attachments, new style; Tuckers, Trimmers, Corders, &c.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES

best for Carriage Trimmers, Shoemakers and Tailors.

Call and see for yourselves; no trouble to show you how they sew.

Remember 37, Sparks-st., Ottawa; and 105 King-st. West Toronto.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent for Ontar*

R. W. STEPHEN,

930-dwtf *Manager for Ottawa Office.*

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

TIN SPICE BOXES,
A novelty,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w100y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8.30 to 10.30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN.

Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodation of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

989y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞ PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL ☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cuner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION--CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,

868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, 15TH MAY NEXT,

for the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8, in the 1st Con., on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF and DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville.

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONECUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipes and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House for Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES and OUT-BUILDINGS for the Lieutenant-Governor's Residence. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan-street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL, to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed specifications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works for Ontario,
Toronto, April 24, 1869. 1035td

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES

is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion."—Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 21s.

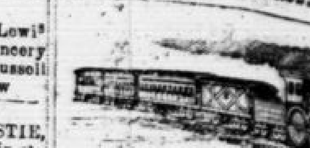
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. GUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, APRIL ..., 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.
Express, 8 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.

LEAVE PRESCOTT.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p.m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been arranged to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, April 12, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p m and 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at ... and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and ... p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and ..., arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and ...

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and ..., arriving at Perth at ... p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ...

Night do do do do ...

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7.00

Trains for Lachine at ... and 3:00 p.m. 5:00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ...

Express for Boston at ...

Express for New York and Boston at ... via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ...

Express for Island Pond, at ...

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ...

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p.m., for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.

OTTAWA

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Tuesday, the Eleventh day of May, Next, 1869.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1869.

By order,

W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

1021td

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, have been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. R.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,

(Screened.)

LACKAWANNA

(Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH

(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S,

$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Office—37 Sparks-st.

912-3m

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1039. OTTAWA, MONDAY, MAY 3, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR CONSUMPTION treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.

CASE 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—*The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker on *right foods for children*.

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS

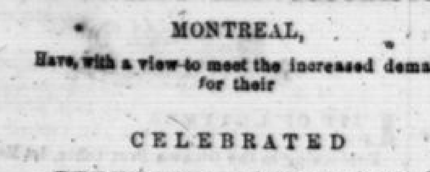
always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.,



OPTICIANS AND OCCULISTS,

MONTREAL,

Have, with a view to meet the increased demand for their

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

APPOINTED

YOUNG & RADFORD,

JEWELLERS AND OPTICIANS,

As their SOLE AGENTS for this place. They have taken care to give all needful instructions, and have confidence in the ability of their agents to the requirements of all customers. An opportunity will be thus afforded to procure, at all times,

Spectacles Unequalled by any for their Strengthening and Preserving Qualities.

Too much cannot be said as to their SUPERIORITY over the ordinary glasses worn. There is no *glimmering, wavering of the sight, dizziness,* or other unpleasant sensation, but on the contrary, from the peculiar construction of the Lenses, they are SOOTHING AND PLEASANT, causing a feeling of relief to the wearer, and PRODUCING a CLEAR and DISTINCT VISION, as in the natural healthy sight. They are the only Spectacles that PRESERVE as well as ASSIST THE SIGHT, and are the Cheapest because the Best, always lasting many years without change necessary.

We employ no pedlers.
Sights fitted by correspo 1012y

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20. 748y

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.
Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,
Very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying
TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

WATER! WATER! WATER!

SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

Having purchased part of the cargo of the vessel *City of Limerick*, lately wrecked, we will offer the whole for sale, commencing

MONDAY, 5TH APRIL,

and continuing the following days until all the goods are disposed of. This is an opportunity to secure bargains which may not offer again for years. The greater part of the goods have received scarcely any damage, so that parties who call early will have the best chance of getting bargains, as we will make no reserve, but throw each line of goods by itself, and let the first who comes first have the best pick. The following are some of the damaged goods, viz.:

10 CASES ASSORTED BLEACHED COTTONS,
1 do SHEETINGS,
1 do QUILTS,
2 do TOWELS,
1 do PRINTS,
1 do ASSORTED LINEN GOODS,
2 do ASSORTED DRESS GOODS,
1 do SILKS,
3 do MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SKIRTS,
2 do DRESS MUSLINS,
10 do ASSORTED GOODS.

We give a list of prices that some of the goods will be sold for to give parties an idea of the bargains they will be able to get. A nice lot of DRESS GOODS for 6d 7½d to 9d per yard.

Ladies' Mantles only	£0	5	0
Splendid Prints, worth 9d, only	0	0	6
Towels, "all Linen," only	0	0	4
Dress Muslins, per yard, only	0	0	6
Mantle Cloths, only			0
Pocket Handkerchiefs, each, only			1½
Gloves, per pair, only			6
Table Damasks, per yard, only	0	2	6
Stylish Cloths, per yard, only	0	1	
Parasols, each, only	0	1	
Gents' Neckties, "latest styles," each, only			0

LOOK! LOOK!

50 pieces Dress Lining, only 1d per yd.

ATTENTION!—Two cases more of those spools for 1d, worth 3d.

Don't delay in calling early as the first pick will be the best.

We have also received a splendid assortment of all the latest styles in SPRING GOODS in perfect order, which we will sell lower than any house in this city.

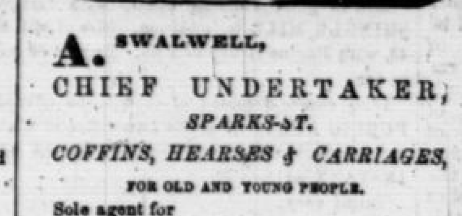
CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

10 cases in all the new styles, just arrived, which will be sold very low. For particulars in price see our Clothing Bills.

The place to secure these immense bargains is at the old cheap spot, THE OCCIDENTAL, in Stewart's Brick Block, Corner Rideau and Sussex-sts. Sign of the White Flag.

H. HICK & CO.



A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette,*) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 482y

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c. &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 .... GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 .... GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 .... OVERCOATS,
$9 .... COMPLETE SUITS
$1 .... GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS. $1 and $1.25 ...... UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ...... DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

Teas.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. & Co. A. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. The business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Pound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

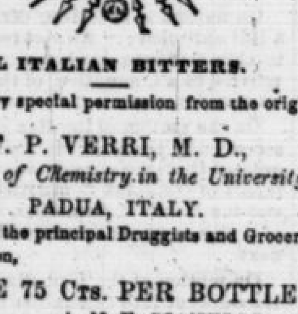
GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of

PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE 75 Cts. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBL.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN
AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES
&c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS rise according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call kindly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER!

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N. F., by branch steamer	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to F. BRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of
LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.

We would call the especial attention of the

LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for .... $1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

FOR CASH ONLY.

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

T. LAWRENCE,

(Late of the firm of Robertson & Lawrence,)

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st.,

CHAUDIERE,

Where he will be prepared to supply all kinds of the best cloths, made up in the latest and most fashionable styles, and warranted to fit.

The stock comprises all the most fashionable designs, suitable to the season.

FOUR first-class TAILORS WANTED, to whom the highest wages in the city will be paid. 1027a

N. ROBERTSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.
Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 13th, 1869. 1035d

Dry Goods.

OPENED OUT

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,

A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,

A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,

A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,

A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS IN NEW MATERIALS,

A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,

A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,

TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND

Have received

Another lot of that FIVE CENT MUSIC.
Ledger No. 11.
Chimney Corner.
Boston Pilot, &c., &c.

Also, Reade's popular Novels, in paper Maryatt's Phantom Ship, &c., &c.

April 29, 1869.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,

HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc. City papers may be had at 6 a. m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.

A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical Sketches.

Gardening for Profit.
Breck's New Book of Flowers.
Buist's Flower Garden Directory.
The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.

J. DURIE & SON,
Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

Decorative Painting.

A.W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a

FEW DAYS

OPEN A FIRST-CLASS

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the

FIRST FLOOR

OF THE

MASONIC HALL BLOCK,

ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK

In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts. Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6. 1015tf

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

CITIZENS' BALL

IN HONOUR OF

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

AND

LADY YOUNG,

THE PRIVY COUNCIL,

THE SENATORS AND MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS,

IN THE SKATING RINK,

OTTAWA,

WEDNESDAY, MAY 5TH, 1869.

COMMITTEE:

His Worship the Mayor, Hon. James Skead, J M Currier, M P; Dr Grant, M P; Alonzo Wright, M P; R W Scott, M P P; R Lyon, M P P.

Parties desiring to be present, or who wish to procure cards for friends, will please make application on or before

WEDNESDAY, the 28th APRIL,

instant, by letter or otherwise, to the undersigned,

J. FRASER,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Ottawa, April 20, 1869. 1030.7

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce its the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

JOSEPH HALL

MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,

Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Muley Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c. Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

SAVAGE'S URSINA.

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR,

has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.

It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.

Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.

EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1028eod.3m

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 3e6, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle,

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S

HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duser & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are be sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Locking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,
GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,

AND

DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
1007tf Bell's Block, opposite Russel House.

Wants.

CASH BOY WANTED

By

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
April 23, 1869. 1031tf

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address

E. F. McAVAY & CO.,
Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,
Opposite the Post Office. Ottawa.
April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

List of Unclaimed Letters—G. P. Baker.
Valuable Mill Property for Sale—W. H. Walker.
Corsets—City Hoop Skirt Factory.
Intelligent Boy Wanted.
Furnished Rooms to Let.
Dwelling Houses to Let—A. Workman.
Lazarus, Morris & Co.'s Perfected Spectacles—Young & Radford.
Authorised Discount—R. S. M. Bouchette.
Important Trade Sale—John Leeming & Co.
Auction Sale of Damaged Goods—A. Rowe.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 30, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, MAY 3, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

It will be seen by our cable despatches, that Senator SUMNER's speech has secured a degree of attention in England, to which some of us, on this side the Atlantic, will hardly believe it is entitled.

We have received a copy of the pamphlet issued by the Government of Ontario, entitled "Emigration to Canada," some fifteen or twenty thousand of which have been sent, for free distribution, to Great Britain. The pamphlet appears to be accurate and very comprehensive in its information, but having no space to devote to its consideration to-day, we must defer a notice of its contents until to-morrow.

The Northwest Territory is at present engaging a very large share of attention. How to get there is the first question that naturally arises, and we have a correspondent who discusses intelligently the question of route, and gives a great deal of information which, no doubt, is new to many of our readers. The other question is how the country can best be opened up for settlement, and we have already had Mr. A. P. MACDONALD's views on this matter. These views are backed up by our friend Mr. COLDWELL, of the Reporter's Gallery, who, as an old Nor' Wester, is capable of judging of the probable current of trade and travel. The subject is one of particular interest, and, therefore, we make no apology for giving these letters, with an extract from Mr. G. H. PERRY's report, alluded to elsewhere.

The Halifax *Express*, discarding its ordinary good sense, makes a serious complaint because of the delay in commencing the construction of the Intercolonial Railway. There is no good foundation for our friend's grumbling. It is true there was some [illegible] obtain the requisite information from the engineers to enable the Government to come to a decision with perfect security as to its propriety. It is not yet a year since that question was settled; yet a portion of the money has been borrowed, the Commissioners have been appointed, seven sections, covering between 150 and 160 miles of the road, have been let, the contractors are under obligation to begin operations at an early day; and the Commissioners have reserved ample powers to compel a prompt prosecution of the work.

Has there really been any time lost? After the selection of the route, it was necessary that the final location of the line should be carefully made. That was a work of great importance, and, of course, involved some delay. The winter came, when it was not convenient for contractors to commence operations, though every effort was made to put a few of the sections into the market at the earliest possible date; and the work will now be commenced on seven sections of the road, just about as soon as the season will permit.

But, says the *Express*, we are losing the interest on the loan meantime. This is not the fact. It has been made matter of serious complaint against the Hon. FINANCE MINISTER that he has *not* lost the interest; that he has invested the loan in the redemption of obligations bearing a higher rate of interest than the loan itself, so that instead of a loss of interest there is a positive gain. But apart from this, will the *Express* pretend to say that it would have been wise or statesmanlike to have gone about letting contracts before the Government had secured the money wherewith to pay for them? Surely not. We have never heard of a public work being undertaken by Government until at least a certain proportion of its cost was first provided; nor should we have expected such a course regarding the Intercolonial Railway. It is quite true, as the *Express* says, that the delay in commencing the construction of the road retards its influence on immigration. But since the time has been necessarily consumed in preparing for and letting the contracts, there cannot be any complaint on this score. It could hardly have been supposed in England that the building of the road would have been commenced last fall, and by this time it is well known that it is about to commence this spring, so that whatever influence it is possible for the work to exercise on immigration, has had a fair opportunity for development. That influence will, of course, grow as the demand for labour along the line increases; but it would have been madness to have rushed precipitately into the construction of the work because of incidental considerations, and to the disregard of the principal obligation of getting the best location for the line, and getting it built in the cheapest way consistent with substantial workmanship. For once we think the *Express* has been quite unreasonable.

APPOINTMENT.

Department of the Secretary of State of Canada,
Ottawa, April 26, 1869.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz.:

The Rev. John Johnston, of Hull, in the Province of Quebec, to be Chaplain to the Senate of Canada.

THE NORTHWEST.

As a supplement to the interesting and suggestive letter from A. P. Macdonald, Esq., which appeared in Thursday's TIMES, relative to settling the Northwest Territory, we publish, on the same subject, the following extract from an elaborate and able paper, by G. H. Perry, Esq., Ottawa City Engineer, which was laid before the Council of the Board of Trade at their last annual meeting. Mr. Perry gives the distances by the various routes with great minuteness. His computations will be found exceedingly useful in the study of this question. He says:

"Taking Montreal, 2,733 miles from Liverpool as the starting point; the distance to Fort William on Lake Superior, the Port of the Red River on the lakes, *via* Grand Trunk Railway to Sarnia, 510 miles; thence by water to Sault Ste. Marie, at foot of Lake Superior, 305 miles; thence to Fort William 380 miles; total distance 1,195 miles, of which 780 is by water, and therefore only available in summer. An uninterrupted line of navigation, extending from Montreal to Fort William, by way of the St. Lawrence river, and the lakes would be as follows: Montreal to Lake Ontario, 180 miles; Lake Ontario to mouth of Welland canal, 180 miles; Welland Canal 28 miles, Lake Erie 250 miles; Detroit river 24 miles; Lake St. Clair 20 miles; St. Clair river 28 miles; Lake Huron to St Mary's river 260 miles; St. Mary's river 45 miles; Lake Superior to Fort William 380 miles; making a total distance of 1,395 miles."

"There is a third route, but it yet remains to be opened—that by way of the Ottawa, Matawan, and French rivers. It would also be a continuous line of navigation, and its distances would be as follows: Montreal to mouth of French river, Georgian Bay, Lake Huron, 430 miles; mouth of French river to Sault Ste. Marie, foot of Lake Superior, 165 miles; thence to Fort William, 380 miles, total distance 975 miles; being 236 miles shorter than the Grand Trunk Railway and the lakes, and 420 miles less than the routes by the St. Lawrence and lakes. The time by the first route would be by railway, including necessary stoppages—Montreal to Sarnia 48 hours, thence to Fort William, 70 hours; total 118 hours or 4 days 22 hours. By the second route including canal navigation, the time would be 174 hours, or 7 days 6 hours. By way of the Ottawa 97 hours, or 4 days 1 hour.

"In this comparison no extraordinary advantage is assumed for the Ottawa route, yet it is shorter as regards time, by three days five hours, than the navigation by the lakes and St. Lawrence, and by twenty one hours than the combined railway and navigation. The advantages of the first route to an immigrant transportation are sufficiently obvious. Summer is the period at which such a traffic would be most crowded, and for sanitary reasons it would not be desirable to coop up in a railway car for a journey of ten days and ten nights, people unused to the fierce heat of a Canadian summer, and in that state of physical prostration, which, being induced by the hardships of a long voyage, renders immigrants peculiarly liable to disease. The cost would militate against this line as a means of transit, the fare alone would be cheap at $10 a head, without provisions or means of cooking the same, while the cost of the voyage to Fort William would be cheaply paid by $15 more, making a total of $25. By way of the St. Lawrence and lakes it might be achieved for a like sum. But by way of the Ottawa, $15 would be amply sufficient, and it could be reduced to $5 per head. This navigation designed to accommodate vessels of 1,000 tons burthen, could easily carry 500 passengers, her deck area being 7,000 square feet, and with an upper deck and saloon, ample space would be afforded for a large number. If once a large business of this description was started, vessels would be built to suit the peculiar traffic—half passengers, half freight. On the other route no such reduction of fares need be looked for; the small dimensions of the Welland Canal and its great length, will prevent the possibility of employing vessels of great breadth of beam on it; and the railways [illegible]

"There is what may be safely called an intermediate line between the Ottawa to the northward and the Grand Trunk and lakes to the south, which demands attention, especially as it is assumed that if a good waggon road was opened from Fort William through the various portages to Fort Garry, the traffic of the Northwest Territory would centre at Toronto. The distances on this route would be Montreal to Toronto, 334 miles; thence to Collingwood, 96 miles; thence to Fort William, 650 miles—total 1,080 miles; the cost of transit would be by railway $8; by lake $15—total $23; time by railway 436 miles, 40 hours; by lake 650 miles, 65 hours; total 105 hours, or 4 days 9 hours. The same objection applies as to the other routes, where a large proportion of the distance is accomplished by railway. The shortest and cheapest route between Montreal and Fort William would be 975 miles. If the Atlantic and Pacific Railway, through British Territory, ever becomes *un fait accompli* the distance will be reduced to 680 miles, and the whole distance from Halifax to Fort Waddington on Bute Inlet, on the Pacific coast, 4,206 miles. From Fort William to Fort Garry it is proposed to direct the travel by way of Dog lake, on a gravel road, a distance of 28 miles; by canoe, boat, or bateaux, up that lake and river, 35 miles; thence over the height of land dividing that lake from Savannah river, falling into Lac des Milles Lacs, 10 miles; by gravel or other road, by canoe on Savannah river and Lac des Milles Lacs, 42 miles; Baird portage, one-fifth of a mile by canoe on Baird lake, 8¾ miles; Bruce portage, one-fourth of a mile; Windegoosteg on lake, by canoe, 12 miles; French portage, 2 miles; Kagasnkok lake, by canoe, 15 miles; Dena Riviere portage, 2 miles; Sturgeon lake, by canoe, 27 miles; Inland Portique, one-fifth of a mile; Nequaqun lake, by canoe, 17 miles; portage, 2 miles; Nameukan lake, by canoe, 10 miles; Bone portage, one-eighth of a mile; Rainy lake, 46 miles; Fort Frances portage, one-eighth of a mile; Rainy lake and Lake of the Woods, by canoe, 120 miles; Fort Garry, by land road, 90 miles; 132 miles of roads, 333¼ of navigation, of which about 270 miles could be rendered navigable for steamboats, at a small outlay; there are *eleven* portages or interruptions to the navigation, varying from one-eighth to ninety miles in length. The total distance to Fort Garry, by road and navigation, would be 464¼ miles.

"Fort Garry is situated on the Red River, 40 miles above its junction with Lake Winnipeg; the surplus waters of the chain of lakes through which the route describe passes, flows into the Lake of the Woods and thence, by the Winnepeg River, into the lake of that name—the latter river is obstructed by rapids, but must eventually be rendered available for navigable purposes. Red River is navigable from Pembria to Lake Winnepeg for vessels of light draft. The distance by river would probably be 140 miles, the distance to Fort Garry from Fort William by lake Winnepeg and Red River, would be 647 miles by way of the Grand Trunk Railway to Detroit, a distance of 561 miles from Montreal; Detroit to Chicago 280 miles, Chicago to Fort Garry 790. Total, 1,631 miles by railway and land roads. By the proposed Atlantic and Pacific, the distance from Montreal to Fort Garry would be 1,270 miles.

"The routes by which the Red River territory are approached, appear to be sufficiently difficult for all profitable purposes, the cost of freight from Montreal would be on the cheapest of those in existence, over $60 per ton, a rate which would make commerce with the outer world practically impossible, by rendering the usual articles of trade unattainable, except at a price utterly beyond their value."

We notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognise the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1029d

COTTON Goods have advanced in England but T. & W. Hunton are selling any kind of Cotton Goods at lower prices than they have been sold since 1862. Call and see.

NORTHWEST ROUTES.

Letter 3.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In my last I promised to conclude with a word of description, briefly, of the several routes given. I find that I must, before that, say something about equipment.

For routes Nos. 1 and 2, the water ones, I would suggest:

Firstly—Canoe, well made, strong, of "winter bark," lap seamed, and well guarded, say with copper sheathing, stem and stern. Size, "three and a half fathoms," or, at most, of four fathoms in length, with good beam, and *flat* bottom, being mostly for "upstream" work. Paddles, poles well shod, lines, &c., all to be of the best, with extras, and indispensably, a good strong oil cloth to cover baggage, and extra carrying straps, (*colliers*) as used by the Hudson's Bay Company's *voyageurs*.

Secondly—Tent and light oil cloth; blankets, largest, and heaviest, and coloured; the "Hudson's Bay blue" is best: one for each man. Provision basket of strong willow, or good solid dove tailed, and well flanged, and iron bound box of pine. In fact, everything, and more especially, all iron and powder, and whatever may be destroyed or spoilt by immersion in water, should be in such like boxes, and made water proof: boxes to average two feet nine inches by eighteen inches in depth and width, with good handles and well strapped. Provisions, in gross, such as pemican, meat, pork, grease, flour, corn or meal, should be in strong suitable bags—pemican is generally put up in raw hide. No barrels, save, perhaps, one five gallon keg, or, at most two. Medicine chest. A good supply of tobacco, for traffic, *i.e.*, purchase, on route, of provisions, from natives: No expectations on this score from the Hudson's Bay Company. The only places where provisions may be replenished, with any degree of certainty, are *Sault Ste. Marie*, Fort William, Lake Superior, or any new provision store thereabout, and Red River settlement. From the settlement, however, provisions should be engaged for delivery by freighter's boat, at mouth of the Saskatchewan—for it would be dangerous to overload a canoe in the stormy Winnipeg (Lake.) Beyond that, the only trust is in accidental pickings on the way, and on gun, book, and fish net—the latter more especially. There should be at least one of the crew with a knowledge of netting fish—a special craft.

Thirdly—Each canoe should have a crew of six, or eight, according to size—with one "*voyageur* guide." I believe that Caughnawaga is the only place, in Canada, where such may be found. Some of these have crossed all the way to the Columbia, by the Saskatchewan. For the Peace River route, a special guide would have to be got at Red River or Cumberland House. Or mere sectional guides, say from Ottawa to *Sault Ste. Marie*—Fort William to Red River—and thence to Cumberland House, or Edmonton, may be hired. Beyond that, in shorter stages, there will be no difficulty in getting guides.

Fourthly—Arms, double-barrelled smooth bores, muzzle loading. One good rifle might not be amiss, but let the main arm be the old Manton or something like it, and let it be light, but of English make with breech strong enough for double shotting, for a chance bear or deer. Caps, water proof.

Fifthly—Every man should be sound, active and strong, and have some knowledge of woodcraft; and at least one of the party should have some knowledge of surgery and medicine. One must, by election, be captain, with courage, skill, and energy for any emergency.

Sixthly—No start to be later than May, and the sooner the better.

As to routes Nos. 1, 3, and 4, the cost of horses is a very considerable item, and for this, perhaps, scarcely allowed enough in my estimate of cost in my previous letter. One horse to a man is, for comfort and safety, not enough; the more the better. As to feed, they can find it, all the year round, to the foot of the Rocky Mountains.

For man, the average allowance, in the North, is from 2 to 3 lbs. pemican (buffalo meat and grease boiled down, and mixed, occasionally, with edible berries) and 1 lb. of flour, per day; or, in the "fish country," 10 "straight."

Buffalo and other "game," to some extent—a very uncertain one, however—is generally to be found on the way—I speak of the Saskatchewan. The Peace River wilds abound with noblest game—elk, buffalo (they winter there) and bears, most numerous, berries being most abundant. Its waters teem with trout and other edible fish. As a man of the Ottawa—that classic "tide"—I would prefer this, the water route, "paddling my own canoe" to the very head of the gold region, (Cariboo,) on the Pacific slope. True, the distance from Ottawa city to "McLeod's Fort" is further than across the Atlantic, but it can (as it has been) be accomplished, and that by thousands of our lumber fleet of the Ottawa. God forbid that I should advise to any rash enterprise; but where Providence, to particular ken, indicates amelioration to the lot of our fellow-man, it is, methinks, but right, yea, a duty, to forward it. What some have done, others may; and in any spot, I aver, of that Far North, our "Siberia," as some call it, any man, with the thews and spirit of a man, may, freely, take of the "manna" (such as it is) which a bounteous Providence has there thrown broadcast. There, as elsewhere, in more favoured climes, starvation does undoubtedly occur; but it is the exception, and is rare—more so than in our "cities of the plain," with their social anthropophagism. The fattest and merriest people (I have seen them) in the world are the Esquimaux of the Pole. The finest types of muscular man are the Prairie Indians of the North—lithe, quick, fleet, bold and strong, the very Turcoes of America. The bravest (particularly certain tribes who *never yield*, such as the noble Kayooses, and the somewhat truculent Chinooks) are, or rather *were* (for, I believe, the last of the "Mohicans" has gone down before the deadly rifles of General Harney) were, I say, to be found on the mountains and rocky shores of our Pacific. The country, vast, rich, grand in every element of empire, needs but the life-touch of intelligent and earnest enterprise. Ours, it is, to be its ministers. Hitherto the fur trade, bold commerce with its incidental missionaryism, has, alone, penetrated the primeval gloom of that teeming wild. Now, another era dawns upon it. We, its "wise" of the East, walk in its Orient. We, a people to cover from bound to bound—from Halifax to Victoria—three thousand miles of wheat field—a sea-port empire—*and to hold it*. Feeling that, and passively suffering the death-hug of an outflanking power, alien, if not in blood, at least in national constitution, we forget our heritage—*Westward* to the Pacific, and thence, in power, to further "Ind" be then our hope, our faith, our watchword, and, if need be, our rallying cry. The duty, the task, the glory, lie before us!

Yours, M. McLEOD.

OTTAWA, April 18, 1869.

GENTLEMEN can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vexata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY. For sale by all druggists.

COMMUNICATION WITH THE NORTHWEST.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—I would desire to say a few words in relation to a valuable communication from Mr. A. P. Macdonald in your issue of yesterday. Mr. Macdonald, it appears to me, strikes at the root of the matter when he advocates direct railway connection between Canada and Red River in preference to a mixed land and water communication; and I say so the more confidently on account of having resided in the Red River settlement a number of years, and having a knowledge of the routes between Fort Garry and St. Paul. Last summer I visited the Red River country, going by rail from Toronto to St. Cloud on the Mississippi, (some 80 miles beyond St. Paul). There I learned, and the information has since been confirmed, that arrangements had been that spring entered into in England, which would enable the projectors of the Northern Pacific Railroad to continue their line from St. Cloud to Breckenridge, the head of navigation on the Red River, and some 250 miles northwest of St. Paul. Full arrangements were made by which the road was to be built and in working order that distance in three years from the present time. Four horse coaches, for the carriage of mails and passengers, have been running this 250 miles for years past; and that the rumour of the prompt extension of the railway, as I have indicated, is not without foundation was shown by the arrangements set afoot last fall by the Minnesota stage company to continue their line from Breckenridge, to Mlaha, in the direction which is to be taken by the North Pacific road. From Breckenridge to Fort Garry, the distance can be done by a steamboat on the river, (the Hudson Bay Company now use a very fine one for freighting their goods,) or by horse, across the prairies. The Manager of the Minnesota Stage Company told me last year, that their intention was, on the completion of the railway to the Red River at Breckenridge, to put on four horse coaches from there to Fort Garry, which would reduce the travelling time between the capital of Minnesota and Fort Garry to three days, and that, too, over as fine a road as there is in any part of the Dominion. Between St. Cloud and Fort Garry the country is an almost altogether level prairie. The streams and rivers of any consequence, (and they are *few*,) are bridged, and altogether travelling is easier and pleasanter there than in very many parts of Canada.

With such means of communication through American territory, present and prospective, the prospect of Canadians competing successfully with Minnesota for the trade of that region, by a mere roadway, may be readily estimated. Even now the citizens of St. Paul calculate that they do a trade of between one and two million dollars a year with Red River. And what the trade of a country so rich in agricultural and mineral resources as the Northwest will swell to eventually, is startling to contemplate.

W. COLDWELL.

OTTAWA SHIP CANAL.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In proposing a scheme for the opening up of the Ottawa and French rivers, from the Atlantic at Montreal to the Georgian Bay of Lake Huron, whereby the Dominion Government may construct the canal navigation in the short space of two, or at the most, three years, from the time it will be contracted for; and if adopted, it will tend to work a revolution in the trade and commerce of the united Provinces of British North America, the proposition I make will give to the Provinces a canal navigation of great magnitude, giving to the people of the Dominion the benefit of this important line of navigation, some six or eight years sooner than it can be obtained in any other way—a consideration of itself of sufficient importance to the people of the Provinces, as to cause them to urge [illegible] money, and be the means of uniting them together; establishing the great fact on which the whole structure of Confederation is based upon, namely, the removal of the weakness of each province to protect itself; consolidating them into a great confederacy, which will ere long take her place amongst the nations as a second rate power, having within herself all the elements to make her such, of which the Ottawa and French river canal will contribute largely to this end; and more so than any other improvement that the Dominion can undertake. This canal navigation cannot be longer delayed, without causing great inconvenience to the settlement of our western territory, trade and commerce, which is closely connected with this navigation; besides, if not made, it will cut off all hopes from the people of the Dominion Government intending to construct it; but the future of the Dominion's glory depends on the construction of the Ottawa Canal navigation. It is now and will continue to be the key to open the way to the far West, for the ships of the united Provinces to pass from the Atlantic to the lakes in the West, there to unfurl their banners on the foaming billows of our inland seas, after passing through Dominion territory. This route to the West cannot be excelled in point of shortness, and probably in these respects, it is all that can be wished for. Its location with western lakes will command for it much of the western trade and commerce, for it cannot be superseded by any other route of navigation to the West; it will also be free from storms and ship risks all the season round, saving in this respect, annually, more than the interest on the money required to construct the canal. The plan I would adopt to open the navigation of the Ottawa, and to facilitate its construction, for it is very desirable that it should be made as soon as possible for the benefit of the people, is as follows, namely: Construct the dams and locks with timber; by doing so it can be navigable in the short time mentioned, at a comparatively small outlay of money, the timber being found at every station where wanted in great abundance, and our people well acquainted with its manufacture. The timber under water will last for ages, that above will last long enough to test the profitableness of the undertaking, and the engineering skill of the construction of the works, and the amount of trade likely to be done on the canal; besides, the canal will be used to great advantage in collecting material to be used in the construction of the permanent works, when required, saving in that matter alone, more money to the Government of the Dominion, than the cost of the timber locks, giving at the same time the use of the navigation six or eight years sooner than it can be obtained any other way. This is what the people of the Provinces are seeking to obtain. The canal can be best adapted for the passage of barges drawing seven feet of water; the locks can be made long and moderately wide. It would be out of place to meddle with the natural channels of the rivers and lakes that form this line of canal. By daming the rapids seven feet of water will be secured from end to end during the season of navigation, which will be found ample for all time to come, even when filled with vessels in close proximo from the east to the west, but a further power may be given to it, to pass vessels seeking transit, by making the locks double, where there is more than one lift. This can be done with less outlay of money, and answer all purposes of navigation, adding to the capacity of the canal to pass all the vessels that will offer on transit for all time to come. We look to this canal to import a vitality to the United Provinces, such as they never could have without it, and the Ottawa Valley will become the rolling centre of the Dominion. All the Provinces will be interested in its consummation. We may safely say it will become the binding link of the union of the Provinces. True, it is now the boundary line between the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, notwithstanding all the other Provinces will be benefited largely, for it will give to all a frontier through the interior of the Dominion, instead of the St. Lawrence; it will far exceed in importance to the Dominion all other highways. It will truly be the road to national glory, wealth and power. It will add to the Dominion's greatness more than the tongue can tell, and the people of the Provinces ought to be more than happy, when they hear that a Bill will have been brought in by the Government, to have the Ottawa and French rivers made navigable from the Atlantic to the Georgian Bay of Lake Huron, then the Dominion Government will have put themselves in a position, where they may expect to reap laurels of praise from a discerning people, and it is to be hoped they will continue to hold office, until they shall see the fruit of their labours prosper in their hands, in a ratio such as no other country can boast of—making Montreal the great emporium of the eastern and western trade of the Dominion of Canada.

A CITIZEN.

OTTAWA, May 1, 1869.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

FRIDAY, April 30, 1869.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

After routine,

The following petitions were presented:

By the Hon. Mr. SKEAD—Of John Caldwell, and others, of the township of Huntley, in the county of Carleton, praying for the removal of obstructions to the navigation of the Ottawa river.

By the Hon. Mr. Skead—Of John Dawson, Reeve, and others, of the township of Nepean, in the county of Carleton, praying for the removal of the obstructions to the navigation of the Ottawa river.

By the Hon. Mr. ROSS—Of Eli Clinton Clark, now of the city of Toronto, but formerly of Albany, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, lumber merchant, praying for letters of naturalization as a British subject.

By the Hon. Mr. BUREAU—Of J. B. Lamere, and others, praying that Cap. 62 and 64, of 31st Vic., imposing canal tolls and other dues, and taxes on vessels navigating our waters, &c., may be amended in certain particulars.

By the Hon. Mr. DICKEY—Of D. M. Fullerton, and others, of the county of Cumberland, in the Province of Nova Scotia, praying for the construction of a ship canal to unite the waters of the Bay of Fundy and the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

By the Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—Of James C. Hoffman, Mover, and others, of the town of Napanee, in the county of Lennox and Addington, praying for an Act of Parliament to prevent residents on the Napanee river from throwing slabs and saw dust, and other materials, which may obstruct the navigation on the said river.

The following petitions were severally read:

Of George Howison and others, of the South Riding of Grenville, praying that a duty be imposed on all foreign grown hops when imported into Canada.

Of Z. M. Mondor of the city of Quebec, praying that he may be reinstated as a messenger of the Senate, or be granted an indemnity for the loss he has sustained in being put out out of his situation.

Of the Honourable D. L. Macpherson and others, praying for an Act to incorporate the Dominion Mutual Life Guarantee Assurance Company.

Of George W. Jones of the village of Port Perry, in the county of Ontaio, in the Province of Ontario, praying for an Act to dissolve his marriage with Ann Catherine Martin.

PETITION FOR DIVORCE.

Hon. Mr. FLINT moved that the petition of George W. Jones, of the village of Port Perry, in the county of Ontario, praying for an Act to disolve his marriage with Ann Catherine Martin, be not received. He said the woman whom the petitioner wished to divorce had been living for some time with her uncle in a village where her father kept a public house. She did not wish to place herself under the roof of her parents, because there was a large concourse of people there from time to time, while she desired to live in a quiet place. Her husband wrote her a number of letters from time to time, addressing her as his wife. She continued to receive after she left home. The first information she received that she was going to be placed in her present unfortunate position was by seeing she was advertised in the papers as having committed adultery. No steps had been taken to give her the notice required. She was ready at any time to receive any papers which might be served upon her. She never tried to hide herself from any one, except at one time when she thought an attempt was made to take her away, not by her husband, but by persons lurking around the House where she was living. The husband now, after an absence of two years from her, seeks a divorce. He comes down to this hon. House and seeks the means of rending the marriage tie. He does not commence an action against those with whom he says she has been guilty of adultery. He has taken no steps except the one he has taken to bring the matter before this House. It is very hard if the laws of our country are not sufficient to punish those who have done Mrs. Jones a decided wrong. He should have endeavoured to punish the individual who had broken up family ties. No such attempt has been made, but instead, after an absence of two years, during which he has been in the habit of writing objectionable letters to his wife, he asks to be rid of her, through a Bill to be passed by this honourable House. This was the position so far as he (Mr. Flint) could understand it. He thought the petition was wrong in many points, and was not admissable under the 74th, 75th 76th and 84th rules of the House. He was not a lawyer, but he took a common sense view of the case. The 74th rule provided that "A copy of the notice in writing is to be served, at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained, and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the petition." That rule had not been complied with. Her legal adviser has said no such notice has been served; if she had the notice she would have let her legal adviser know she had received it. The 84th section provides that "Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce at the time of presenting the petition is to pay into the hands of the Clerk of the Senate a sum of one hundred dollars to cover the expenses which may be incurred by the Senate during the progress of the Bill." This rule had not been complied with. He would not rise for the purpose of defending Mrs Jones if he could believe for one moment she was guilty of the charge. He rose in the cause of humanity. This petition has been got up by her husband for the purpose of getting rid of her at the loss of her character and reputation. On a former occasion when he had spoken in reference to those matters he had spoken rather strongly, and he would not now say one word if he thought this a proper case. There was a case to come before them in which he would not raise his hand to prevent the person getting the redress he sought. But where an attempt is made to destroy the character of a poor helpless lady, he would do all he could to prevent it. He believed that lady was as virtuous as any woman in the world. That was the reason he had taken the course which he had on the present occasion. It was for the Senate to say whether or not the person sending the petition had complied with the rules. He was well aware that there was not an individual who wished to get rid of his wife, but may find persons who for a small consideration will swear away the virtue of that wife. Therefore it was a matter of serious importance for us to consider whether, under all the circumstances of the case, such things should be allowed. The petitioner states no place where this act was committed, and gives no time, leaving it to be inferred that this was not a solitary instance. The petitioner states that since it was discovered, he has been living separate and apart from his wife; but this is not for reasons which he would lead us to infer. He had now stated the position of the case; but he would not have taken up the time of the House, only he felt he had a duty to perform towards this woman, whom her husband was trying to destroy. He would endeavour to do all in his power to prevent an unjust verdict being given against her in favour of her husband.

Hon. Mr. McCREA said the proper place to argue this question was before the committee; then if facts were brought forward to the satisfaction of the committee against granting the petition, they could report against it.

Hon. Mr. AIKENS said the rule was very explicit in cases of this kind, and the first step taken was fatal to the petition.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON knew very little about the petitioner, although he had been desired to present the petition. He looked upon it as a most serious thing for them to interfere in a matter of this kind, and if it had not been for an old friendship with the petitioner's father, he would not have presented this petition. The petitioner said he would bring before this House evidence of such a high character as would satisfy hon. members that he had a good cause. He was not anxious to have his name mixed up with this case, or to have it said that he advocated it. In reference to the rule requiring $100 to be paid, that money was placed in his hand by the petitioner, and the rule had been complied with. If the petition was considered in committee, he would be able to show that his hon. friend (Mr. Flint) was wrong when he charged the petitioner with having five or six men suborned to give evidence. The hon. Senator spoke at some length, but was inaudible in the gallery.

Hon. Mr. ALLAN said the question was simply, one of order. The rules of the House had not been yet complied with, therefore the petition might lie on the table and be read another day.

Hon. Mr. FLINT said the impression had been conveyed by his hon. friend (Mr. Simpson) that he (Mr. Flint) had said Mr. Jones had got five or six gentlemen suborned to swear the case through right or wrong. He (Mr. Flint) had said that it would not be difficult to do so. In this country, as well as in other countries, there are persons who are willing to let themselves out to swear for a consideration. He wished them to understand that he did not say Mr. Jones had done this, but he said it could be done.

His hon. the SPEAKER decided that according to the 74th rule of the House the petition could not be received.

The petition was then withdrawn by consent of the House.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON, from the Joint Committee of the Senate and House of Commons on the Printing of Parliament, presented their third report. Ordered that it be received, and the same was then read by the clerk, as follows:

COMMITTEE ROOM, April 29, 1869.

The Joint Committee of both Houses on the Printing of Parliament beg leave to submit the following as their third report:

The committee recommend that the following documents be printed:

Return to Address of the House of Commons, for any report made by Messrs. Parent, Guffin, Bouchette, Langton, Smith, Reynolds, and Ross, who were appointed a commission to inquire into the present state and probable requirements of the Civil Service, &c., &c.

Statement of warrants charged against appropriation for unforseen expenses from 1st July, 1868, to 23rd April, 1869.

Statement of warrants drawn against special deposits for the Fort Garry road.

Orders in Council on the subject of the Fort Garry road, and warrants in relation thereto, and copies of Orders in Council relating to a claim for Dower by Mrs. T. A. Begley, Widow of Hugh Fraser.

The committee would also recommend that on returns, &c., which are not to be published in the Sessional papers, but which are for distribution only, it should be so stated on the endorse, that members interested could file a copy.

The Committee would also recommend that in future, no message or returns be printed in the minutes of the Senate, or the votes and proceedings of the House of Commons, but be published in the same form as other documents laid before Parliament.

The Committee herewith submit the report of their Sub-committee for the auditing of the printing accounts; together with the report of the Clerk of the Committee on the printing services of the past year, to which is annexed the printing account annual balance sheet, from the 30th June, 1867, to the 30th June, 1868; all of which they respectfully recommend to the consideration of both Houses.

All which is respectfully submitted.

On motion of Hon. Mr. SIMPSON, seconded by Hon. Mr. SEYMOUR, it was ordered that the said report be taken into consideration by the House on Monday next.

On motion of Hon. Mr. BUREAU, seconded by the Hon. Mr. CHAFFERS, it was ordered that the petition of Z. V. Mondor, read this day, be referred to the Select Committee appointed to examine and report upon the Contingent Accounts of the Senate for the present session.

Honourable Mr. McCULLY moved for an address to his Excellency the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to furnish to this House a return of the number of certificates in schedule form granted under the Act passed in 1868, intituled "An Act respecting the Inspection of steamboats, and for the greater safety of passengers," during the years 1868 and 1869 respectively, with dates and names of the steamers inspected, of the inspectors, and of the appointment of inspectors. He said this Bill was necessary for the safety of her Majesty's subjects, and all others travelling by steamboats, therefore he desired to have these papers brought down.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL replied that the papers would be brought down as soon as possible.

SECOND READINGS.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved the second reading of "Peace at Public Works Prevention Bill." He said this Bill was not to prevent peace at public works, as the title given it seemed to imply, but it was to prevent persons breaking the peace at public works. It was copied from an Act which had existed in Canada for many years. He though it was first enacted in Canada when they enlarged the Lachine Canal. He supposed there would be no objection to the second reading of the Bill. If there were objections, they could be discussed when the House was in committee on the Bill.

The Bill was then read a second time,—To be referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, a Bill entituled: "An Act respecting cruelty to animals," was read a second time—to be referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

On the motion of the Hon. Mr. SIMPSON, seconded by the Hon. Mr. CAMERON, it was ordered that the consideration of the second report of the Joint Committee of the Senate and the House of Commons, on the Printing of Parliament, be postponed until Monday next.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS, the House went into Committee of the Whole, on

PATENTS OF INVENTION BILL.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN thought it would be desirable to add a section ratifying the patents that had been granted in the different Provinces, over the Provinces for which they had been granted. This would remove any doubts which may exist in regard to the valadity of those patents as affected by the Confederation of the Provinces.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL understood the hon. member from Wellington Division wished to convey the idea that it was desirable to add a clause making valid any irregularities in the issue of patents since Confederation has taken place. If there were any irregularities in the patents, and they were issued at variance with the law it would be unjust to make such a provision. The 31st section provided that

"All patents issued under any Act of the late Province of Canada, or of Nova Scotia, or of New Brunswick, and all patents issued for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec under the Act of the late Province of Canada, to the date of the coming into operation of the present Act, shall remain in force for the same exrent of territory, as if the Act under which they were issued had not been repealed, but subject to the provisions of this Act in so far as applicable to them."

He thought that provision covered all cases of patents issued in accordance with law, while it did not legalize anything which was clearly illegal before.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN said that by the Act of Confederation the laws of each Province remained in force, but the procedure for obtaining patents could not be carried out, because it required the approval of the Attorney-General. In Upper and Lower Canada there was no Attorney-General. The Minister of Agriculture must be aware that there has been almost insurmountable difficulties in the way of getting patents even under the most liberal interpretation of the law. This was one great reason for seeking this present law, in order to have one general law for the Dominion. If it was thought that this section does not cover the difficulty, we should add a declaratory clause in the Act to remove all doubts as to the legality of those patents.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL did not know that these difficulties in obtaining patents existed in Canada, as the same objection does not apply to the other Provinces.

The Bill was then reported as agreed to.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN for the purpose of having a division on the Bill recorded, moved that the Bill as reported be not now received, but be referred back to the committee with instructions to amend the same to enable the original inventor, discoverer, or assignee, to obtain a patent under the provisions of the Bill, without the necessity of a years previous residence in Canada before the application is made for a patent, which amendment was declared lost on a division.

CONTENTS—Hon. Messieurs Blake, Christie, Cormier, Flint, Leonard, Letellier de St. Just, McCrea, Malhiot, Odell, Olivier, Sanborn, Simpson.—12.

NON-CONTENTS—Hon. Messieurs Aikins, Allan, Archibald, Armand, Benson, Bill, Botsford, Bureau, Burnham, Campbell, Cauchon, Chaffers, Chapais, Dickey, Dickson, Duchesnay, A. J., Dumouchel, Foster, Guevremont, Holmes, Kenny, Lacoste, Leslie, McCull, McMaster, Mills, Mitchell, Ross, Shaw, Skead, Steeves, Wark, Wilmot.—33.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, seconded by the Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, the report of the committee was received, read a second time, concurred in, and ordered that the said Bill as amended, be read a third time on Monday.

Hon. Mr. BENSON gave notice of an enquiry for Tuesday next, "whether it is the intention of the Government to impose tonnage dues upon American vessels coming into our ports corresponding with those which by the American laws are now imposed upon British vessels going into American ports.

Also whether it is the intention of the Government to introduce during the present Session a Bill to make uniform the system of Registry for vessels throughout the Dominion, and whether it is the intention to adopt the system and provision of the British Merchant Shipping Act in relation thereto.

The House adjourned at five o'clock, until Monday next at three o'clock p.m.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 28th ult., Mrs. Wm. Finley, York-st., of a daughter.

WANTED.

A smart intelligent BOY that will answer to assist in a store and deliver parcels. Apply at the TIMES Office. 1039tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET,

With Board, in Centre Town. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, May 3. 1039-3

TO LET.

Two comfortable Brick Dwelling HOUSES on Daly-A

Possession given immediately.

For particulars apply to

A. WORKMAN, ESQ.,
Hardware Merchant,
Ottawa.

May 3, 1869. 1039-3

CORSETS! CORSETS! CORSETS!

IMPORTED FRENCH CORSETS (Seamless), NIGHTINGALE CORSETS, Montpensier pattern ENGLISH CORSETS at all prices, beginning at 2s. 6d.

CORSETS made to order extra size.

GRAND DUCHESSE TRAIL SKIRT, latest Paris style, for Ball and Evening Dresses, at the CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

1039-2 43 Sparks-st.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th INSTANT, for the purchase of the NEW STEAM SAW MILL near the mouth of the River Blanche, in East Templeton, Province of Quebec, with land and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Mill in good running order, with first-class SHINGLE MILL in addition. Size of Mill 80 x 40, with Engine House 26 x 40. Engine 80 horse power.

If not sooner disposed of it will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of Walker & Pennock, in the city of Ottawa, on the 15th INSTANT, at NOON.

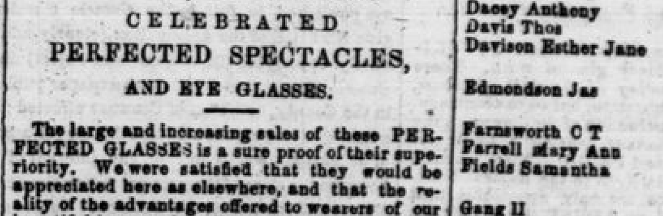
Terms easy.

For fuller particulars and conditions of sale apply to

W. H. WALKER,
Solicitor for Vendor.

Ottawa, May 1, 1869. 1039b

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
PERFECTED SPECTACLES,
AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, April 30, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 25 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

CAUTION.

All persons are hereby cautioned against paying any money to, or transacting any business with, one HANS MULLER, on our account, as the said Hans Muller has never been in our employ, nor has he ever had any authority to receive money on our account.

CLARKE & CLAYTON.

Montreal, March 10, 1869. 1037-2

PIANOFORTE TUNING.

J. BESWICK, Pianoforte Maker and Tuner, is prepared to repair and tune pianofortes, and other musical instruments.

Orders can be left at Gowan's Music Store, Centre Town; and Sutherland's Jewellery Store, Lower Town.

All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038-4

COOKING STOVES of the best quality and make at ESMONDE'S.

Ottawa Times.

JOB PRINTING,

Neat, Quick and Cheap,

New Improvements.

Large additions have been made to this branch of the establishment of

STEAM PRESSES,
BOOK & FANCY JOB TYPE,
A POWERFUL STEAM ENGINE,
PAPER CUTTER,
AND CARD CUTTER,

Enabling us to turn out every description of JOB PRINTING in a superior manner and at Low Rates.

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,
POSTERS, HANDBILLS,
CIRCULARS, CARDS,
BILL HEADS,
BINDING AND RULING
done at prices to defy competition.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF THE

DAMAGED GOODS

Saved from the Fire, on Rideau-st., of the 22nd Ultimo,

Consisting of CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASSWARE, FURNITURE, &c., &c.

Sale will commence at SEVEN p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 5TH MAY, 1869,

in the premises recently occupied and known as the OTTAWA CABINET WAREHOUSE.

Particulars in a future advertisement.

A. ROWE,
1039td Auctioneer.

By John Leeming & Co., Montreal.

IMPORTANT TRADE SALE OF ☞ TEAS, ☜ &c., &c., &c., &c.

4,300 half chests new crop natural leaf JAPAN TEAS,
800 half chests Young Hyson, Twankay, Congou, and Souchong, and
500 bags Arracan Rice,
300 brls Zante Currants,
100 hhds, 50 qr. casks, 200 cases — Boll and Dunlop's Gin, ex "Eliza A. Kenny," from Rotterdam.
100 hhds, 250 cases — DeKuyper's Gin.
20 hhds, 250 cases — "Hennessy" Pale Brandy.
20 hhds, 15 qr. casks — "Martell's" Pale Brandy Vintages 1866, 1865, 1864.
25 puncheons Fine old Jamaica Rum, and other goods to arrive,

Will be offered on

MONDAY, 10TH MAY, 1869,

AT TEN A.M.,

At the Stores of HUGH FRASER, St. Sacrament-st., Montreal.

Samples on view the Saturday previous to sale.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 1. 1039td

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Ottawa Post Office, 1st May:

A	
Allyn Thos	Anderson John
Andrews C J	Angus Ellen
B	
Bartlett F	Burke Thos E
Blackburn G	Burt O A
Brisbin Randall	
C	
Campbell Richd	Clark Miss Bertha
Cameron Cath A	Clements Wm
Caton J D	Cole Harriet
Clancey W J	Curry Miss Cath
Clark Mrs Annie E	
D	
Dacey Anthony	Dixon J N
Davis Thos	Donnelly T
Davison Esther Jane	Downs Miss S S
E	
Edmondson Jas	
F	
Farnsworth C T	Fitzgerald Mary Ann
Farrell Mary Ann	Forin John
Fields Samantha	
G	
Gang II	Graham J (Waggon Maker)
Gibson Thos (Gloucester)	Grant David
Gillespie Miss Mary	Grant A H
Gleason Kate	Gray Wm
Graben W D	Green Hannah T
Graham Samuel	
H	
Hamilton Sarah	Hislip Anne
Hamilton Miss Jane	Hopkins Caleb
Hayes Hanna	Houliston W, M P
Heath Miss	Humphrey Mr
Hinds Professor	Hurlbut Harriett
J	
Jamieson Joseph	Jordan H
Johnston Ellen	Jordan Bridget
Johnston Margaret	
K	
Kelly Patrick	Kinney Joseph
L	
Lawson Peter	Lee Miss Jane
M	
Martin Charlotte	Mills M
Martin Elizabeth	Moffatt Robt (Nepean)
May S H	Mullins Bridget
N	
Nagle Patrick	
P	
Park Fergus	Porter Miss Bridget E
Pellatt H	
R	
Reed Mrs	Reilly Michael
S	
Salter Thos	Smith Mrs Elizabeth
Scott Robert	Somers Miss Jane
Shannon James	Stelter H
Sheilds Belle	Stewart Mrs Lorena
Shillington Thos	Stewart Mary
Sinclair Mrs R S	Sutherland David
Sisson E T	
T	
Taylor Thos	Tilley Wm J
Taylor John	Terney Mary
W	
Wallace John	White W B
Wallace Jane	White W
Walsh W P	Wilson John T
Walsh P G	Wilson Mary E
Waltier Jos (Gloucester)	Williamson Jas
Mc	
McAnley Eliza (Cook)	McGuire Mary
McAnley Jas	McInstry Mary
McDonald Priscilla	McKay Miss Jennie
McDonald Margt	McKay Miss Harriet
McDonald Marion Ann	McLean Archd
McDonald Samuel	McNab Jas

1039-3 G. P. BAKER, P.M.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at ESMONDE'S.

LOCAL NEWS.

ST. ALBAN SCHOOL HOUSE MONDAY READINGS.—Readings will be given this evening by Mr. Whitcher, Mr. Grant Powell, Mr. Wicksteed, Dr. Wilson, and Mr. Adamson.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE BALL.—All the works of preparation for the ball, to be given on Wednesday night, are being pushed forward with the utmost vigour. The invitations, we believe, have all been issued, and the ball-room decorations are in a forward state, and will probably be finished to-morrow evening.

PARTIES requiring new carpets, floor oil cloths, or other house furnishings, would do well to inspect Magee & Russell's extensive stock before purchasing, as they have recently received large additions of this season's patterns from the most celebrated makers in Britain. Carpets made and laid by competent upholsterers.

PERSONAL.—Messrs. Durie & Son, booksellers, stationers, &c., who were lately burned out, have just returned to their old stand, which has been repaired, and the store greatly enlarged. They are now in full operation, and fully prepared to supply their old friends and the public in general with whatever may be required in the business, which will now be greatly extended.

RESUMED BUSINESS.—It will be seen by advertisement in another column that Mr. Rowe will offer for sale by auction the whole of his goods saved from the late fire. Some of the goods are damaged, but the main part is in a very presentable state, and the sale is well worthy the attention of buyers. The sale will commence on Wednesday, the 15th inst., at 3 o'clock, p. m.

THE BODY OF A FEMALE FOUND IN THE RIVER.—On Saturday evening, the body of a female was found under the logs near McLaren's mills. It was so far advanced in decomposition, that it was not possible to decide on what cause produced death. It is supposed to be the body of the young girl who was drowned by falling off a barge in the river last summer.

POLICE COURT.—A merchant was fined $1 and costs for obstructing the side-walk with merchandise.

Louis N. Lafontaine, for leaving the employ of Mr. Atkinson, was fined $10 and costs.

Edward Harwest, charged with having his velocipede on the side-walk, was dismissed. There seems to be a flaw in the by-law as affecting the machine.

We would call the attention of those in need of spectacles and eye glasses to the stock of those articles kept on hand by Messrs. Young & Radford, who are the sole agents for Ottawa for the celebrated Lazarus & Morris' spectacles and eye glasses. All those who have tried them admit they are the most brilliant, perfect and easy glass to the eye yet introduced into Ottawa. The offers are liberal; if the purchaser is not satisfied the money can be returned after one or two weeks trial.

DISGRACEFUL.—Of late there have been many complaints made of numbers of young men, who nightly gather about the west end of *Pooley's bridge*, apparently for the sole purpose of insulting all who pass, and especially females. Their time is spent for several hours every night in smoking, chewing, singing, and swearing, telling among themselves the most incredible stories of adventures in all sorts of villainy which, if a tenth part of it were true, would entitle them to the jail. If this be not put a stop, to still greater evils maybe expected to arise from their assemblies. Sergeant McVeity, who knows how to deal with gangs of rowdies in that locality, will confer a benefit on the neighbourhood, and on all decent persons who have occasion to pass that way after night, by keeping his eye upon them.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS.—We are glad to see that the Street Railway Company are engaged in earnest in doing that which on Monday last we pointed out the necessity of doing, viz.: mending their ways. We, therefore, now cheerfully give them credit for having done an excellent week's work. Broken stone in large quantities has been placed between and outside of the rails, and the whole nicely levelled up. The corporation Board of Works have done some good jobs too. At one of the crossings at Sparks and Metcalfe-sts. they have done remarkably well, and they may have done other good things elsewhere. We know they have ploughed up a portion of Elgin-st, with the intention, we presume, of grading it. If they would make a few more such crossings as the one above referred to, and finish them off with a few loads of gravel, hundreds of wayfarers would be grateful to them. Let the next be that at Rideau and Sussex-sts.

FIRE AT MAJOR'S HILL.—On Saturday afternoon, between two and three o'clock, it was discovered that the old log cottage which formerly served as the lodge to Major Thompson's residence, destroyed by fire many years ago, and the ruins of which still remain, were on fire. The building burnt on Saturday was occupied by widow Callaghan, who held it from the Government rent free for life, we believe, in consideration of her deceased husband having been for a long period a servant of the Government. A fire was discovered on Saturday morning, and was extinguished, but about two in the afternoon smoke was discovered, yet they were not able to find where the fire was, and before they were aware of the fact almost the entire roof was enveloped in flames. It was seen at once that there was no hope of saving the place. There was, therefore, no alarm given, and no engine brought. All the furniture was saved, but the cottage went on steadily burning until it was entirely destroyed. Mrs. Callaghan is in destitute circumstances. Up to the beginning of the past winter, she depended on the earnings of her eldest son, who suddenly became insane, and is now in a lunatic asylum. At present her only means of support are the small earnings of a younger boy. This was not half sufficient before, and now that she will have to pay house-rent, matters will be much worse.

THE FINE ARTS.—On Saturday last the Institute of the FINE ARTS, so ably directed by Professor Chabert, was visited by his Lordship the Catholic Bishop of Ottawa, the Hon. M. Chauveau, Premier of Quebec, and other gentlemen. It must have afforded the greatest satisfaction to the energetic professor to observe that his laudable efforts met the approbation of persons who, from their position, are so deeply interested in the cause of education. It was matter of pleasing surprise to the Minister of Education, as well as to the rest of the party, that M. Chabert could still shew, notwithstanding his severe losses by the fire at the Government printing office, so many fine specimens,—we might even say masterpieces, in the art of drawing. The productions in the same art, by his pupils, also attracted much attention. Not only the useful accomplishment of ornamental drawing, but that still more useful art which forms the machinist, and the architect, and which is essential to the engineer, is a branch of study in which the pupils have already achieved wonderful success. M. Chabert's *studio*, no less from the number and excellence of the drawings with which it is adorned, than on account of its spacious dimensions, is an object of attraction. The party, before withdrawing, expressed the gratification which the visit afforded them, and wished success to the cause in which the professor labours with such commendable enthusiasm.

For Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who are either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co is on each package. Northrop & Lyman Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

FEMALE ACADEMY—OPENING CEREMONIES.

The Academy of the Congregational Ladies was opened on Saturday morning at eight o'clock, in the building formerly known as the Victoria Hotel, by his Lordship the Bishop, assisted by the clergy, and in presence of a number of ladies and gentlemen. We noticed several of the hon. the Senators and members of the House of Commons present. His Lordship blessed the building, and celebrated Mass in the chapel of this institution, in the same apartments which the Prince of Wales occupied on the occasion of his visit to Ottawa.

During the service the ladies, assisted by their pupils, played and sang several pieces of sacred music in a style of rare excellence.

After the conclusion of Mass, his Lordship addressed the audience, in French, in a forcible and pathetic manner, dwelling particularly on the joy and consolation that the inauguration of such educational institutions in the city afforded him in his pastoral solicitude for the moral and religious education of the rising generation. There were already here, the Ladies of the Grey Nunnery, with boarding and day schools established in three sections of the city, where a very solid and useful course of studies was pursued under their tuition. But the city was rapidly increasing in wealth and population, and such increase required corresponding educational facilities, and hence the advantage, and even necessity, of the ladies of the well-known accomplishments and high reputation of a superior teaching order, who devoted themselves exclusively to education. His Lordship concluded a most touching and interesting discourse, by wishing the new educational institution a full measure of success in their new home.

Rev. Father Dawson, in English, then made a very able and eloquent address. He dwelt at length on the efforts of these ladies and those of their order for the promotion of education. He assured them that whilst the rules of their institutions for uniformity of discipline and order required certain general religious instruction, they were neither intended nor calculated to shake the religious convictions of their pupils as instilled into them by their parental training. They were taught obedience and respect for their parents, and those lawfully constituted in authority over them. And the best proof of the correctness of the principles they were taught here, was the amendment shewn in their lives and conduct.

His Lordship, followed by those present, then entered the large class room, where the young ladies were assembled in front of their respective desks, when Mlle. Pellant advanced and read an address of welcome to his Lordship in French, to which his Lordship replied in a most gracious manner, thanking them for their kind words of filial regard and devotion.

Hon. Mr. Chauveau expressed the great satisfaction that the proceedings afforded him. Although from the Province of Quebec he felt a great interest in all that tends to benefit the capital of the Dominion, which was a common or neutral ground for all. With the development of the city new wants spring up, and this institution would largely tend to improve their educational facilities. There was an ample field for this new house of education without infringing on the ground already occupied by the worthy religious ladies who have been established here in the early days of the old town of Bytown.

Afterwards his Lordship and others were entertained at a *dejeuner* in the refectory.

MASONIC PRESENTATION.

On Friday evening a number of the members of the Corinthian Lodge, No. 59, A. F. and A. M., waited on W. Bro. Barber, at his residence, Richmond Road, for the purpose of presenting him with a Past Master's jewel and address, in recognition of his services as W. M. for the past two years, and as a token of their esteem and regard for him.

The jewel, which is of solid gold, and of most elegant workmanship, is from the well known establishment of Bros. Young & Radford, Sparks-st, and reflects great credit upon their skill. It bears the following inscription: "Presented to V. W. Bro. Barber, W. M. for the years 1867 and 1868, by his friends in Corinthian Lodge, 59 R. C., Ottawa, April, 1869."

The address, which is most beautifully and artistically illuminated on parchment by R. W. Bro. W. J. B. M. Moore, one of the founders, and *first* master of the Lodge, is as follows:

To V. W. Bro. E. C. Barber, P. M., 59 R.C.

DEAR SIR AND BROTHER,—Your friends cannot permit you to retire from the position of Worshipful Master, (the duties of which you have so well and worthily discharged for the past two years) without expressing their high sense of the manner in which you have conducted the affairs of the Lodge during your term of office, and congratulating you on the prosperous condition, financially and otherwise, in which you hand it over to your successor.

As a slight token of their regard and esteem, they beg your acceptance of the accompanying Past Master's Jewel, and with the earnest hope that you may long be spared to wear it, and best wishes for the happiness and prosperity of yourself and family.

We are, dear Sir and Brother,

Yours truly and fraternally,

G. M. Rose, T. Patterson, George Logan, M. J. May, Jos. Boyden, R. Eaton, L. D. Barlow, J. Sleeman, E. B. Eddy, G. Beament, J. Robertson, T. Lambkin, C. A. Crosby, Jas. Young, A. W. Lauz, H. V. Noel, Jas. F. Wolff, A. Mortimer, G. L. Orme, J. P. M. Lecourt, Jno. Moore, P. S. Stiff, Robt. Hunter, W. Marshall, Wm. Gardner.

W. Bro. Barber responded in feeling and appropriate terms, expressing his deep sense of the honour that had been done him. He desired to say that if he had been able to achieve anything in Corinthian Lodge, it was owing to the support and assistance he had at all times received from its members; his best efforts would always be, as they always have been, given for the interests of the Lodge. He could not but look with satisfaction on the position of the Lodge, having a large and respectable membership and a handsome sum well invested. He believed that the progress of the Lodge would, under the supervision of the skilled brother chosen to preside over it, be in the future, what it has been in the past, onward. It was a source of special gratification to him to find, that though he had made many new friends, he had still preserved the esteem and confidence of his old ones. For the kind wishes expressed for the health and happiness of those he held most dear, he expressed his heartfelt thanks.

After the presentation ceremonies were over the brethern were entertained by W. Bro. Barber, and a most agreeable and social evening was spent, the brethern separating with the toast "Happy have we been to meet, sorry to part, happy shall we be to meet again."

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

NOTWITHSTANDING the dullness of the season we are gratified to learn that Magee & Russell's sales for this month, so far, are fully 60 per cent. more than last April at the same time. This should satisfy the wise-acres, who predicted they were leaving the shilling and going to the sixpenny side of the street, that it is now the *eighteenpenny* side, and proves that the public are not long in finding out where they get well served.

VISITORS to the capital are invited to walk through the new Dry Goods Store of Magee & Russell, Sparks-st., where the most attractive assortment of new, rich and fashionable dry goods, suitable for both ladies and gentlemen, can be found in immense variety.

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 1.

Some parties in the city are trying to exact black mail from Mr. McNab, County Attorney. He received a letter some days since threatening to expose to his family certain "doings with a girl on Sayer-st.," unless well remunerated. McNab replied, inviting the writer to call with his minister, when he would go to the locality, prove him wrong, and offering him a job at digging pine stumps. To-day Mr. McNab publishes both letters.

The Customs receipts for April are $32,407 over the same month of last year.

Deposits in Post Office Savings Bank for April are $13,961, being the largest in any one month since the bank opened. The number of depositors are 1,110.

The Mason stabbing case is again remanded.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, April 30.—The speech of the Mayor of Cork at the recent banquet in that city was the subject of long debates in both Houses of Parliament this evening, the attention of members being called emphatically to the Mayor's language respecting O'Farrell, who attempted to assassinate Prince Alfred in Sydney, N. S. W., as well as to his reference to the Prince himself. The Tories upbraided the Government with being the indirect cause of the present state of Ireland.

In the House of Commons Mr. Bright thought the present condition of affairs in Ireland to be no cause for panic.

Mr. Gladstone followed in support of Mr. Bright. He had always found that Protestant ascendency in the form of religious establishment was the paramount cause of the mode in which the power of the landlords had been used, and by which the relations of the tenants were vitally affected. He concluded by saying that the Government was anxious to substitute for the present condition of the State confidence in the country, and loyalty to the Crown.

Mr. Gathorne Hardy, Conservative, urged the immediate removal of the Mayor of Cork. He considered that the Government were bound to declare a policy on the land question, and thus dissipate the unreasonable expectations of Ireland.

The subject was then dropped.

The English Press on Mr. Sumner's Speech.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The *Herald's* London special says the London papers of this morning open their editorial pages with comments on the speech lately delivered by Senator Sumner in the United States Senate on the subject of the *Alabama* claims, and the relations generally existing between Great Britain and America. The writers suppress the text of the speech, however.

The London *Star*, John Bright's organ, says that the claims of Mr. Sumner are so new and startling, and so vaguely put, that they must be regarded simply, as the views of the new Cabinet, and that, if they convey merely a shadow of his instructions, Minister Motley will come to the English metropolis with a very different official programme from that with which Mr. Johnson, the genial diner-out, now about to bid adieu to the Court and people, arrived. The *Star* deplores the rejection by England, of the early overtures made by ex-Minister Adams for a settlement of this question. President Grant is not, it is said, a whole-souled lover of peace as was the late Mr. Lincoln. He has intense determination of character, but is a Western man without that natural genius which served Mr. Lincoln, who instead of reading had actual experience of the world. President Grant has no training either as a lawyer or a politician. He is intensely American, and the entire world is acquainted with his resoluteness of purpose. After defending England from the charge of a general sympathy with the rebel Confederates, the writer confesses that the escape of the *Alabama* from England was both deplorable and disgraceful, forming the worst precedent Great Britain could establish for the future in such like contingencies. The *Star* expresses, however, its amazement at the character of Mr. Sumner's demands in reparation. If Mr. Motley's instructions are couched in such terms his mission will be fruitless, as the extravagance of proposition will strike the public at once. Every one knows how anxious the British people are to deal fairly on the subject, but they justly consider that if her concessions are to be merely used as standpoints for further, and at present unheard of demands, England must carefully consider the position, lest by yielding unadvisedly she should establish a worse precedent than even that of burning ships on the high seas, by admitting a discussion of demands utterly untenable, and which ought to be resisted.

The London *Times* says the speech is worthy of Mr. Sumner's ability and deserves an impartial consideration. He wants, however, something more than national reparation from England, and asks for contrition and public humiliation.

The *Times* asserts that in this England is cruelly wronged and America has had no useful object served. An acknowledgment of moral liabilities for these claims, made beforehand, would prejudice the controversy and stultify the prospect of settlement. In the event of an arbitration court declaring England not liable to pay damages would her apology be taken back? The view taken by Mr. Sumner's argument on these points is puerile and unstatesmanlike. The *Times* argues that the concession of belligerent rights to the South was a simple act, and the fact was not dependent on the Union blockade, for had there not been a blockade it could not have altered the case to any appreciable degree. The prevailing tone of Mr. Sumner's speech is characterized as passionate and remonstrative, and his motives betray a one-sided partizanship, lamentable, as coming from a representative of a great country. Mr. Sumner makes, it is said, no complaint against France, although the Emperor Napoleon was desirous of recognizing the independence of the Southern confederation. It is alleged that though England is held forth as the only foreign power implacably hostile to America, it is not too much to say, that at one moment during the war, the fate of the American Union depended on the voice of England, whose sword, thrown into the scale, would have altered the result. She declined the contest, and it evinces a degree of unfairness bordering on intatuation, to leave this consideration out of account. It is a common practice with American journalists and politicians to vilify England, and the protective tariff plan is popular with them merely as likely to inflict an injury on Great Britain. The *Times*, in conclusion, says the Queen's proclamation of neutrality at the beginning of the rebellion was a prohibition, not an authorization, of blockade-runners. The only real evil caused by it was the position given to the *Alabama* in English ports, which point would have come up within the operation of the rejected treaty.

The London *Standard*, a Tory organ, says the American claim can hardly be described in serious language and its terms not excite indignation. They might as well argue against a proposal for American troops to hold the Tower of London as a material guarantee that the Prince of Wales should be sent to Washington and placed in the hands of the Federal authorities as a hostage for England's good behaviour in the future. The policy of England on this subject is no longer an open question. America has formally recorded her resolution that there shall be no settlement of the *Alabama* claims short of that England shall surrender at discretion, and submit to any punishment which the United States Senate, in its supremacy over the affairs of the world, may choose to inflict. In other words, she has decided that the *Alabama* claims shall not be amicably settled, whatever may be the issue. The interval at the present day is long between national hatred and bombardments; it is useless to ignore, and dangerous to forget, that the feeling in America is one of intense and unmitigated hatred toward Britain, and that a war with England would be regarded as a national luxury, but expensive. Mr. Sumner's speech creates an intense excitement in political circles.

At a cabinet meeting yesterday the subject of the speech was formally discussed. Mr. Bright declared that the embarrassments which its publication produced served England very properly, but he agreed not to consent to entertain the terms of settlement foreshadowed by Mr. Sumner.

Lord Clarendon expressed his belief that the actual negociations going on between the two countries on the subject were of a far less extreme character than the speeches of American Senators or articles in the public press. He hoped to find Mr. Motley as courteous as Minister Johnson had been. The present administration was eager for a lasting continuance of friendly relations with the United States.

Mr. Gladstone professed to have a good assurance, from reliable quarters, that the recent rejection of the treaty on this subject by the American Legislature was purely a political movement. The present administration will endeavour to settle the *Alabama* question on liberal and honourable terms.

Outside the tone of the English people is anti-American, and the more so since having read only a partial publication of Senator Sumner's arguments.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 1.—The protocol for a conference between France and Belgium has been signed.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 1.—In the Cortes yesterday Deputy Estrang's amendment to the Constitution, abolishing the prerogative of the Crown in ecclesiastical matters, was rejected. The limitation of the spiritual jurisdiction of the church was then discussed until adjournment.

SOUTH AMERICA.

The War in Paraguay.

LONDON, May 1.—Rio Janerio mails contain details of the war in Paraguay. The partisans of President Lopez were numerous and active in the Cerrolean and Logga districts, where they were pursuing a guerilla warfare.

AMERICAN NEWS

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

From Washington.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The *Tribune's* special says Minister Motley has had interviews with the President within the last few days, and with other members of the administration, and comes to the conclusion that it is better for him to go at once to his post, and not wait for information from the British Government respecting the rejection of the treaty.

Marine.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The steamer *City of Limerick* has arrived. The steamer *Alaska*, from Aspinwall, brings $60,000 in treasure, and Panama dates of the 23rd ult. The steamer *America* was burned on the 11th ult. in the port of San Juan Del Sur, Nicaragua. She was on her way from Panama to San Francisco, and had stopped for coal.

Later from Washington.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The *World's* Washington special says prominent members of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs declares very emphatically that the administration has determined on recognizing Cuban belligerents at an early day. The Cabinet meeting yesterday considered despatches from our minister in Mexico. The despatches contain a direct proposition from the Mexican Government to cede to the United States a certain portion of its territory for a specified sum in gold; the object being evidently to replenish by such sale the present depleted treasury of Mexico.

Public Debt.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The public debt statement, for the last month, shows a decrease of $6,300,000.

Pacific Railroad Bonds.

No Pacific Railroad bonds have been issued during the month.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES

are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3 00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON,
105 Kingst. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA FOR ROOFS, DAMP CELLARS, &c.

CHEAP! CLEAN! FIRE-PROOF!
UNDECAYING!
Suitable for all Styles, Flat or Upright.

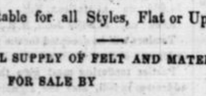
FULL SUPPLY OF FELT AND MATERIALS FOR SALE BY

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Box 643 Montreal.

Send for circular with full description.
April 30, 1869. 1637b

NOTICE.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

will LEAVE AYLMER on

MONDAY MORNING, at 8:30 o'clock,
MAY THIRD,
FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMER "ALLIANCE"

FOR

PORTAGE-DU-FORT.

Notice will be given when the navigation is open in the Muskrat Lake and Deep River.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, April 28, 1869. 1637.3

CHAMBER SETS, cheap at
ESMONDE'S.

ALL sorts of TIN, IRON and COPPER WORK, also jobbing attended to, at
ESMONDE'S.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST
STOCK OF CARPETINGS
AND
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MILLINERY
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MANTLES,
AT MODERATE PRICES,
IN EVERY STYLE,
At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Silk Velvets,
Velveteens and
Water-proof Cloakings
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY
DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Satin and Lace,
Plain and Fancy Silk,
Dress Trimmings,
Buttons, Linings, &c.,
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Ribbons, Lace,
Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,
And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCH CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Broadcloths, Tweeds,
Coatings, Vestings, and
Tailors' Trimmings
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Sheetings,
Pillow Cottons,
Linens, Prints,
White and Grey Cottons
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF NEW GOODS
In all the Departments, is to be found at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

MUSLINS and GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have received direct from a celebrated Printer,

2 CASES PRINTED LAWN and ORGANDIE MUSLINS.

ALSO,

LATEST DESIGNS IN

SWISS and FRENCH GRENADINES,

27, 54 and 72 inch BLACK WOOL GRENADINES,

BLACK SILK GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
April 26, 1869.

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

LOTS FOR SALE
BY AUCTION,
IN THE
CITY OF OTTAWA.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION at the SALE ROOMS of
HECTOR McLEAN,
No. 18 Sparks-st, City of Ottawa, on
Tuesday, the Fourth day of May, A.D., 1869,
at the hour of ELEVEN o'clock, A.M., the following Lots in the City of Ottawa, viz.:

Lots Nos. 44, 45 and 46 on the South side of Rideau-st., and Lots 44, 45, 46, 47 and 48 on the North side of Besserer-st.

Title believed to be indisputable, but vendor is not to be obliged to produce title deeds other than those in his possession.

Fifteen per cent. of purchase money to be paid down at time of sale, and balance within a month thereafter.

Deeds to be delivered to the purchasers on payment of purchase money, within a month from day of sale.

If balance of purchase money be not paid within the month, deposit of 15 per cent. to be forfeited, and property re-sold.

Lots to be sold separately.

For further particulars apply to WALTER R. MACDONALD, Esq., Barrister, Hamilton, or to the subscriber.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, April 27, 1869. 1634td

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

THE celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS and POLAR REFRIGERATORS, at
ESMONDE'S.

BATHS and WATER COOLERS in the course of manufacture, at
ESMONDE'S.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

RELSOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

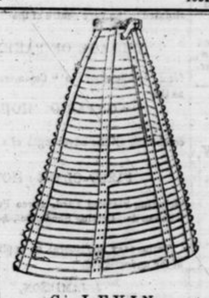
Boarding.

BOARDING.

A few gentlemen can be accommodated with SUPERIOR APARTMENTS at
MRS. DUIGNAN'S,
1035tM1 Sparks-st.

NOTICE.

MRS. SUTTON'S BOARDING HOUSE is removed to the dwelling over Mr. Hay's Hardware Store, Sparks-st., opposite Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. 1024d



G. LEVIN,

(*Successor to David Miller,*)

Manufacturer of Hoop Skirts, and Importer of French and English Corsets.
NEW MATERIALS,
NEW STYLES,
LOW PRICES.
1035b

NOTICE.

OTTAWA CRICKET CLUB.

The Annual Meeting for the Election of Officers for the current year, and also for the transaction of general business, will be held at the

RUSSELL HOUSE,
ON MONDAY EVENING, 3rd MAY,
at EIGHT o'clock.

All interested in the game are solicited to attend.

By order
E. H. BENJAMIN,
1038-2 S. O. C. C.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.
S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.
April 27, 1869. 1034tf

THE VARIETY HALL
HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT
34 *SUSSEX-ST.*

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING,
BOOKBINDING,
&c., &c., &c.
To be had at
"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
PRINTING,
AND
STATIONERY STORE,
21 *Rideau-st.*,
THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, large and sma
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to match
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultramarine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and Letter Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at prices, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—
Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—
Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES
Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.
Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal and Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—
Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.
N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—
Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—
Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,
Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'
Office Requisites supplied on reasonable terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES
Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Book Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,
General Geography, with 39 coloured maps, price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,
Authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:
FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.
FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly boun in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES
The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,
At "The Ottawa Citizen"
Stationery and Printing House,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE

41 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the Ottawa Times.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 3, 1869.

The market of Saturday last was considerably better than those of preceding days last week. The variations in prices, however, were very slight.

Flour—Extra	5 00	@	5 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2		none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
Pork—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do		none.	
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs		none.	
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 27½
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 17
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
Hay—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
Hides—Per 100 lbs	0 00	@	5 50

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

Everybody Says So.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

A Wonder for the Workshop.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of *Grace's Celebrated Salve*, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing office. Only 25 cents a box.

Over-exertion, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

Stoves & Hardware.

BURGLARS ALARM!

BURGLARS ALARM!

A very safe and efficient BURGLARS ALARM, easily attached to any part of the house at $1.25, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

ALL THE BEST

PATTERNS AND DESIGNS

OF

COOK-STOVES,

every size; the housekeepers special favourites for baking, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

OF

JELLY MOULDS, ICE CREAM MOULDS,

Jellied Turkey Moulds,

Dish Covers, Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

JOB WORK,

of all kinds, in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware line attended to, at

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st.,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

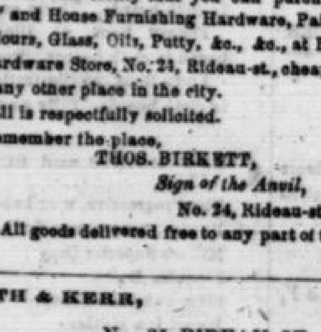
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st., Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Remember the place,

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to

Ottawa, May 1. ROD. ROSS. 1038tf

HOUSE TO RENT,

On Queen-st., opposite the Union House.

Apply to

JOHN McCARTHY,
on the premises.

Ottawa, April 29. 1037.3

TO RENT.

THE SHOP AND DWELLING

KNOWN AS THE MARKET DRUG STORE,

on York-st., at present occupied by Wm. Hearn Esq. Possession can be had 1st of May.

Apply to JAMES GIBSON,
York-st.

Ottawa, April 21. 1037a

TO LET,

AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to

R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to

S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET—FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to

1028d S. SKINNER,
Senate Buildings.

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET,

On or about 1st May next,

A NEW BRICK HOUSE

IN NEW EDINBURGH,

at present under lease to F. BRAUN, Esqr., Secretary of the Public Works Department; there are four Bedrooms, besides Drawing and Dining Rooms, with a large Kitchen and a spacious room over it, a Flower Garden in front, and a Kitchen Garden in rear; also an excellent well of water, with pump, cellar and a Summer Kitchen. Apply to W. A. MAINGY, Esq., New Edinburgh, or to the proprietor,

JOHN F TAYLOR,
Clerk of the Senate,
1016tf Parliament House.

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. PATTERSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

DUST, HEARTH, STOVE, SCRUB, CHIMNEY and Crumb Brushes at
ESMONDE'S.

COAL OIL, LAMPS, GLOBES, CHIMNEYS, Wicks, &c., &c., at
ESMONDE'S.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

Two Dwellings in St. Alban's Terrace, Daly-st., and two Dwellings on Stewart-st., in rear.

Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or
D. O'CONNOR,
Office, No. 1, Rideau st.

Ottawa, April 27, 1869. 1034a

TO LET,

A comfortable and pleasantly situated BRICK HOUSE, containing 10 rooms, with hard and soft water on the premises—situated on Ottawa-st., a little beyond the Court House, and next door to the residence of Henry Cotton, Esq.

Apply at the Times office.

April 27, 1869. 1034a

HOUSE TO LET.

A TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE, containing nine rooms, kitchen, cellar, —Well and Garden attached—North side of Rideau-st., adjoining Gloucester-st.

Apply to
N. SPARKS, Barrister,
Elgin-st., Ottawa.

April 27, 1869. 1034a

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TO LUMBERERS.

Quebec, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are,
Your obdt. servants,
1000-2m M. STEVENSON & CO.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' *bills.*

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour. Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 880-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
Extra Superfine	6.00
Fancy	
Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine o.	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1	2.25
80,000 No. 2	1.50
80,000 Fancy	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75.y House, Land and General Agent.

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Department of Marine and Fisheries, until noon of MONDAY, the 10th day of MAY next, for the supply, *in bond*, of 32,000 gallons of the best quality of COAL or REFINED PETROLEUM OIL.

The Oil is required to be non-explosive, at a vapour test of 115 ° Fahrenheit, must burn brilliantly, without smoking, until entirely consumed, and no crust the wick, must be free from all deleterious substances, and remain fluid at 10 ° Fahrenheit.

A sample of a quart to accompany each tender.

The Oil to be delivered in iron-bound casks, containing from 30 to 40 gallons each, properly prepared to prevent the oil from permeating the wood, and evaporating from the surface.

The casks to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the Oil.

The Oil to be subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk in the locality designated by the Department as follows:

5,000 gallons at Quebec—one-half on the 8th JUNE, and one-half on the 20th SEPTEMBER next.

10,000 gallons at Montreal, on the 1st July next.
14,000 do at Halifax, N.S., do do do
3,000 do at Saint John, N.B., do do do

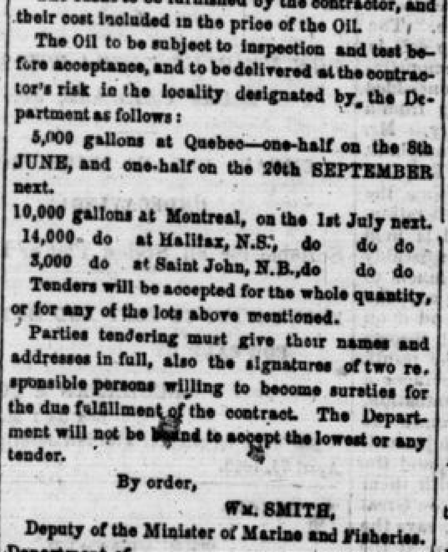
Tenders will be accepted for the whole quantity, or for any of the lots above mentioned.

Parties tendering must give their names and addresses in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfillment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of
Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 14th April, 1869. 1024.4.2aw



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

TIN SPICE BOXES,
A novelty,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
OTTAWA.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w100y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank-st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN.

Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodation s of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

989y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at R. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE, 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cunner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st. corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,

863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, 15TH MAY NEXT,

for the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8, in the 1st Con., on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF and DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville.

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONECUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipes and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House for Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES and OUT-BUILDINGS for the Lieutenant-Governor's Residence. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan-street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed specifications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works for Ontario,
Toronto, April 24, 1869. 1035td

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES

is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

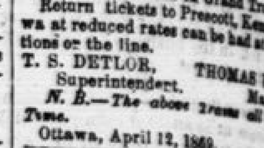
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, APRIL ..., 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.
Express, 8 a.m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.

LEAVE PRESCOTT.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p.m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day Trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

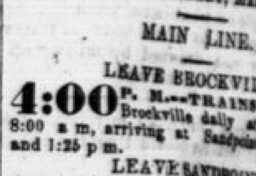
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, April 12, 1869.



BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH ...

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at ... and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a.m. ... p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m ... 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and ... at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and ...

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at ... 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at ... p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at

Night do do do do do

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at

Trains for Lachine at ... a.m., 9... 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at

Express for Boston at

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at

Express for Island Pond, at

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night) for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p.m., for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 1868.

OTTAWA

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Tuesday, the Eleventh day of May, 1869.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1869.

By order,

W. H. FALLS,
1021td Sec. Treas.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and Book of Reference, such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, have been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. E. WORSLEY, C. C. R.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,

(Screened.)

LACKAWANNA

(Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH

(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITHS,

$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912.3m Office—37 Sparks-st.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 35, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROSS, Editor.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1040. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, MAY 4, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS AT THE MEDICAL HALL, 28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR CONSUMPTION treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.

CASE 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—The Lancet Report.

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker on right foods for children.

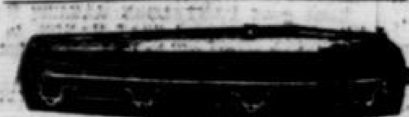
"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—Social Science Review.

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (Lancet) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE of every description made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity For the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers.

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of J. Sewill's Watches.

Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (Statutes of Ontario) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D., Registrar of Council.

Medical Registration Office, Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES, Very cheap, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

WATER! WATER! WATER!

SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

Having purchased part of the cargo of the vessel City of Limerick, lately wrecked, we will offer the whole for sale, commencing

MONDAY, 5TH APRIL,

and continuing the following days until all the goods are disposed of. This is an opportunity to secure bargains which may not offer again for years. The greater part of the goods have received scarcely any damage, so that parties who call early will have the best chance of getting bargains, as we will make no reserve, but throw each line of goods by itself, and let the first who comes first have the best pick. The following are some of the damaged goods, viz.:

10	CASES	ASSORTED BLEACHED COTTONS,
1	do	SHEETINGS,
1	do	QUILTS,
2	do	TOWELS,
1	do	PRINTS,
1	do	ASSORTED LINEN GOODS,
2	do	ASSORTED DRESS GOODS,
1	do	SILKS,
3	do	MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SKIRTS,
2	do	DRESS MUSLINS,
10	do	ASSORTED GOODS.

We give a list of prices that some of the goods will be sold for to give parties an idea of the bargains they will be able to get. A nice lot of DRESS GOODS for 5d 7½d to 9d per yard.

Ladies' Mantles only	£0	5	0
Splendid Prints, worth 9d, only	0	0	5
Towels, "all Linen," only	0	0	4
Dress Muslins, per yard, only	0	0	5
Mantle Cloths, only			0
Pocket Handkerchiefs, each, only			1½
Gloves, per pair, only			0
Table Damasks, per yard, only	0	2	6
Stylish Cloths, per yard, only	0	1	
Parasols, each, only	0	1	
Gents' Neckties, "latest styles," each, only			6

LOOK! LOOK!

50 pieces Dress Lining, only 1d per yd.

ATTENTION!—Two cases more of those spools for 1d, worth 3d.

Don't delay in calling early as the first pick will be the best.

We have also received a splendid assortment of all the latest styles in SPRING GOODS in perfect order, which we will sell lower than any house in this city.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

10 cases in all the new styles, just arrived, which will be sold very low. For particulars in prices see our Clothing Bills.

The place to secure these immense bargains is at the old cheap spot, THE OCCIDENTAL, in Stewart's Brick Block, Corner Rideau and Sussex-sts., Sign of the White Flag.

H. HICK & CO.

A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER, SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES, FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

Residence—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the Ontario Gazette,) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the Ontario Gazette, and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1aw1O

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has OPENED AN OFFICE OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE, SPARKS-STREET, Where all orders for the CANADA GAZETTE, AND FOR PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY, may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 31, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION BOTH COLOURED AND PLAIN, COLOURED AND PLAIN, COLOURED AND PLAIN, AT W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery.

Ottawa Sept. 7, 1868. 857y

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING, CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE, READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO., ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Stoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city.

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2	GREY STOFFE PANTS,
$4.50	GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4	OVERCOATS,
$9	COMPLETE SUITS,
$1	GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS. $1 and $1.25	UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25	DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868.

Teas.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from A. O. AUDY & CO., who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on a five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place, A. O. AUDY & CO., Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of F. P. VERRI, M.D., Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS, DEALERS IN Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA, End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 781y

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS —FROM— OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON,

Consisting of PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES, &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS, &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS, prices according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of GROCERIES AND LIQUORS on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at THOS. PATTERSON'S, No. 25, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED, AT THE INDIA WAREHOUSE, No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by D. T. BROWNE & CO., Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE, Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies, in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS, In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE, BOTTLED ALE, BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his FINE BOTTLED ALE Which is in splendid condition. Also, SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE, And other Malt Whiskies, PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c., Together with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call fully solicited.

D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 29, 1869.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York or to H. WRIGHT, BRUSH & CO., Ottawa

Dry Goods.

OPENED OUT AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S, No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,

A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,

A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,

A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,

A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS IN NEW MATERIALS,

A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,

A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,

TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S, 14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, DESBARATS' BLOCK Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U.S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81. The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager,

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND Have received Another lot of that FIVE CENT MUSIC.

Ledger No. 11.
Chimney Corner.
Boston Pilot, &c., &c.

Also, Reade's popular Novels, in paper Maryatt's Phantom Ship, &c., &c.

April 29, 1869.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT, HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the Globe, etc. City papers may be had at 6 a.m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.

A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical Sketches.

Gardening for Profit.
Breck's New Book of Flowers.
Buist's Flower Garden Directory.
The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.

J. DURIE & SON, Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a FEW DAYS OPEN A FIRST-CLASS PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the FIRST FLOOR OF THE MASONIC HALL BLOCK, ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts. Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6. 1015tf

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER, Bank Street, Centre Town, Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c. Printed on the shortest notice.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing, and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for Holloway's Worm Lozenges and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY, HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Locking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON, Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS, GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER, AND DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,

1007tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

Wants.

CASH BOY WANTED By GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

April 23, 1869. 1031tf

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c. &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address

E. F. McAVAY & CO.

Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents, Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

April 26, 1869. 1036-3m

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Dead Lock in the New Parliament—The British Government Decides Against Chief-Justice Tucker—He Resigns—Sectarian Discord—Governor Cochrane in Trouble—Revulsion of Feeling Among the People—Captain Prescott Appointed Governor in 1834.

No. XXII.

The new Parliament did not long work harmoniously. During the first session the President of the Council objected to passing a Revenue bill, which originated in the Lower House, denying their right to pass such a measure. He declared that if passed by both Houses, should it afterwards come before him, in his capacity of Chief Magistrate, he would treat it as a dead letter. The matter was submitted to the Home Government, which ruled against Chief-Justice Tucker, who in consequence resigned his position and retired from the colony.

An act was passed during the session to repeal the laws concerning marriage in force in the island. This statute rendered valid all marriages formed in Newfoundland within a certain period, and it conferred on all resident ministers, of any denomination of Christians, the right to celebrate marriages. The Governor, by it, was authorized to confer the same power on teachers, preachers, magistrates, and laymen, as it was found that, notwithstanding the relaxation of the law relative to marriage in 1825, by which other parties, not ministers of the Established Church, might be licensed to perform the ceremony beyond a certain distance from the residence of any clergyman, the settlement being so scattered beyond the reach of clerical and magisterial supervision, there were many families the parents of which had not complied with the legal requirements, on being joined in wedlock, and consequently the children had but a very doubtful legitimacy.

Soon the elements of discord, arising from religious and sectarian divisions, began bitterly to show themselves. Up to this period, for many years the two bodies of Protestants and Roman Catholics had lived together in mutual amity and good will, and had combined to endeavour to obtain the grant of a Local Legislature. In reference to the change of feeling about to take place, PEDLEY, in 1863, writes: "The first general election passed over in comparative good order; for then the poison of sectarian animosity had not had time to propagate itself through the whole community. But, soon afterwards, this baneful feeling was accomplished. Politics waxed more fierce and unscrupulous in its manifestoes from the press—politics became a strong ingredient infused into the families delivered from the altar—politics placarded the walls with vituperative attacks—politics embittered the intercourse of the streets—and politics, summoning as its auxiliary an appeal to class interests, to religious preferences, to selfish desires and hopes, and to not less selfish fears, made a dreary chapter of years to pass over Newfoundland—a chapter which all good men and honest patriots in the island are longing to see closed."

Society being now arrayed in two antagonistic classes, the Governor found it difficult to maintain neutral ground. By his official position it was natural to him, as well as his duty to stand in his official conduct by the established system which he was sworn to uphold, rather than countenance the friends of innovation, so he came to be regarded by that body, which was styled the liberal party, as its enemy. Representations were made the Home Government, and towards the close of the summer of 1834, after nine years' rule over the colony, he was superseded by Captain Prescott. Such a revulsion of feeling had taken place, that, on his departure, "the populace of St. John's assailed him and his daughter with hootings, maledictions and threats, and even pelted them with filth, as they passed from the official residence to the wharf at which they were to embark."

"But two years previous, on the eve of the reception of the constitution of Local Government, at a public dinner at which were present the representatives of all classes in St. John's, in proposing the Governor's health, one of the speakers, afterwards a leader of the liberal party, alluded to him as follows: "His Excellency Sir Thomas Cochrane is now at the seat of Government, and it is devoutly hoped that he will return to this country armed with such powers as are necessary to set the political machine in constitutional motion. * * * He has done great service to this country—more than all his predecessors put together; he has expended large sums of money in affording employment to the people. It is to be hoped he may return with constitutional power to complete the good work he has commenced. It would be much to be lamented that any other should deprive him of that merit to which he is so justly entitled!"

The Roman Catholic Bishop present at the same festival is reported to have said: "Should I, in this enlightened period of mankind, meet with a bigot of any denomination, whether clergyman or layman, the best remedy I would prescribe to heal so odious a disease would be to invite him to St. John's, and point out to him its thousands of wealthy and enlightened inhabitants, forgetting all distinctions of party and of creed, but agreeing in that one precept which is the life, the soul, of religion 'Love one another,' and never contending, unless for the mastery in benevolence and mutual affection. Should this effect no change, I would introduce him to the cheering and animating spectacle which this room exhibits, and show him a Catholic Bishop, a respectable, and pious clergyman of the Church of Scotland, and a liberal and enlightened clergyman of the Church of England, with bands united, aye and hearts too, dwelling together in a unity of virtue and of love. * * * I cannot sit down, without taking this public opportunity of paying the tribute of my thanks to the Protestants of St. John's."

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man? and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this quasi cancer rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great ANGLO-SAXON REMEDY. For sale by all druggists.

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of Grace's Celebrated Salve, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, chilblains, wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing office. Only 25 cents a box.

THE NORTHWEST.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Mr. A. P. Macdonald, M.P., in his very able and comprehensive letter of the 29th ult., has opened up a subject deeply interesting to all in the Dominion of Canada, viz., the discussion of the proper mode of access to what at present to many appears to be the "remote region of Red River." It is, he says, a subject requiring "calm deliberation." It certainly should be approached without reference to party feeling; and, I will add, with due respect to economy and the resources of the Dominion.

The history of the past confirms the earliest lesson we learn, viz., that "we must walk before we run." Mr. Macdonald boldly proposes to make at once 1,000 miles of railroad from Arnprior to Red River, and tells us that it can be built for $12,000,000 and a grant of 12,000,000 acres of wild land, and, I presume, equipped. The average cost of railroads in Canada already constructed is very much higher than this estimate. A great deal has lately been said and written about money being provided for public works, if 12 millions, or some other indefinitely poetical number of acres were granted, but the proof is not before us. If it were, take the case of the Huron and Ontario Ship Canal, there would still remain the difficulty of the difference in value between land in the best part of Ontario, and land in the wilderness between Arnprior and Red River, either to the north or west of Lake Superior.

Supposing the road could be built on Mr. Macdonald's estimate, which is very doubtful; and supposing that capitalists, more doubtful still,—remembering the results of 1,000 miles of Grand Trunk through the settled parts of the Dominion,—will be ready with ten or fifteen millions of dollars, then, it appears to me that the Government is not ready to bear the burden of yearly interest; and in addition, the cost of maintaining and running 1,000 miles of railroad through a country, the bulk of which has never been explored.

Mr. Macdonald does not mention, and perhaps is unaware, that the Canada Central Company was, many years since, chartered, with a grant of 12,000 acres per mile, for the construction of a railway through the valley of the Ottawa to Georgian Bay. I do not, however, apprehend that its rapid progress in construction, or its successful acceptance by capitalists, will warrant the assertion that 1,000 miles of railway can be built by similar agency through an almost unknown wilderness.

In considering this matter, it will be well to calculate the effect that a new issue of $12,000,000 or $15,000,000 for Canadian railroad purposes, would have in the European money market, upon all Canadian securities. And also the effect on the labour market, of attempting, before the Intercolonial railroad is commenced, to construct another line twice its length.

Mr. Macdonald informs us that the territory contains 200,000,000 acres of fertile land. We ought to find accuracy in a "simple" calculation. Mr. Macdonald says

Area in acres	200,000,000
Cost in cents	150,000,000

Price per acre 7½ cents. I make it ¾ of a cent, and I believe that on more "mature consideration," Mr. Macdonald will alter his estimate.

The railroad from Halifax to Canada was projected many years since, and its construction has long been determined upon; yet, though a large, able and well directed staff of engineers has been engaged for years making surveys for only 500 miles through a country well known, in comparison with that we discuss, the final location of two-thirds of the distance is still delayed, we are told, by incomplete surveys.

What would be the cost, and how many years would be occupied to locate a line 1,000 miles through the unknown region we are invited to enter, is a calculation likely to baffle the most careful.

The question of approach to a territory containing 200,000,000 acres of good wheat-growing land, costing $1,500,000, is well worthy of "mature consideration."

It is not for a moment to be supposed that the Government have proposed to invest this large sum in land, without well considering how to get in and out of their "new farm."

The question has doubtless occupied much time and thought. We know from printed reports that under the direction of Government able engineers have studied the means of its economical and successful accomplishment.

The Provinces of Canada and the United States were settled on the old fashioned plan of utilising natural water facilities and the making of common roads. It is, however, highly probable that had Canada anticipated the building of railroads by twenty-five years, and neglected her water communications, the accumulated debt would this day be found a terrible incubus upon her resources, eating into and consuming her revenues, and disabling her for the exertions she now fortunately has the power of making.

Should, however, the Government decide upon following the precedent that, so well succeeded for the Canadas, only substituting rail for common roads, nature has placed the opportunity within easy reach.

From the careful and concise report of Mr. J. S. Dawson, C.E., 1868, I learn, what appears to be "not generally known," viz.: that the Red River settlement can command water navigation all the way to the seaboard, with the small exception of 136 miles of land carriage, a fact which must prove to practical minds that the natural route to the great Northwest lies within British territory. It can be connected with the St. Lawrence navigation, the Ottawa valley canal, or any other water route that may be finally adopted. And it should always be remembered that agricultural produce, on account of its bulk, will ever prefer water to land carriage, as the cheaper communication of the two.

Supposing the 136 miles of land to be traversed by railroad, the distance between Red River and Lake Superior could be covered in two and a half days at a cost of $7 per ton. This route is available seven months in the year; i.e., nearly the same period as the St. Lawrence and Erie Canals are open through which the bulk of the enormous Western trade at present flows.

That this natural water route can be used, there is no reasonable doubt, and at a very small cost; certainly within the resources of the Dominion; and affording good prospect of a return, as soon as the attention of immigrants shall be drawn to the mineral and agricultural wealth of the country, to which this route offers such easy access

During winter, the communication would be as at present through the United States—similar to the only connection Canada possesses to the seaboard, at Portland, during the same season until the completion of the Intercolonial Railroad.

The winter route through Canadian territory may, I apprehend, without any injustice to posterity, be left to the future; when the settlements in the new Northwest Territory shall have assumed such dimensions as will warrant the outlay for continuous railroad communication; and when England discovers her Eastern trade crippled or controlled, by the Pacific railroads, now being constructed by our enterprising neighbours in the United States.

I remain, sir,
Yours obediently,
WILLIAM BETTS.

Ottawa, May 1, 1869.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Devlin's Hat and Fur Depot.
Tailoring Establishment Opened—T. Lawrence.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, MAY 4, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

The Hon. Mr. Howe is expected to leave by the first Inman steamer, touching at that port, probably to-day or to-morrow. He will, very likely, be here, therefore, by this day week.

Dr. Forbes and Mr. Chipman, arrived yesterday. Mr. O'Connor, M. P. for Essex, also arrived last night.

We understand that the Colonial Secretary, Earl Granville, has officially communicated to the Government of Canada the acceptance, by the Hudson's Bay Company, of the proposed terms of agreement.

It is probable, therefore, that the papers in connection with the Nothwest negotiations will be laid before Parliament in the course of a few days.

In the Senate yesterday several Bills were read a second time. The Patents of Invention Bill was read a third time, and passed. Notice of motion was given that when the Senate adjourns to-morrow, it stand adjourned until Tuesday next.

In the Commons, an important debate took place on a motion of Mr. Savary, relating to the Fisheries. The return was granted, as were several others; and in the evening two or three Bills were read a second time; the Bill to avoid the necessity of engrossing certain documents on parchment was read a third time and passed, and the House adjourned at twenty minutes to nine o'clock.

The arrangements for the Citizens Ball to-morrow night are now nearly perfected. It is understood that his Excellency the Governor-General and Lady Young will arrive at half-past nine precisely. The guard of honour will be furnished by the Ottawa Garrison Artillery, under command of Major Rose. Sir John A. Macdonald, K. C. B., Sir George E. Cartier, Bart., and other Ministers now at the Seat of Government will be present. Major-General Bissett and staff have also accepted the invitation, and there will of course be a large attendance of citizens. Invitations have been sent to all the members of both branches of the Legislature, and a very grand and brilliant affair may be anticipated.

There is unusual activity amongst the members both of the Commons and Senate, on the subject of the Ottawa Ship Canal. It is a great national project, and one which should not be lost sight of, particularly under the present prospect of the addition of the Northwest Territory to the Dominion.

A number of petitions have been presented from Ottawa county, by Alonzo Wright, M.P. from the county of Russell, by Dr. Grant, M.P.; and Messrs. Rankin, Holmes, Hagar, Heath; and several other members from a distance have presented very numerously signed petitions on the same subject. In the Senate the Hon. Jas. Skead has presented these petitions. It is gratifying to observe that the representatives of Central Canada are bestirring themselves to bring this important project before the notice of the Legislature and the country. It is, however, to Montreal, to the men interested in the trade of the Lower St. Lawrence, and to the Maritime Provinces, that we should look for the creation of that pressure of outside public opinion, without which it is scarcely to be expected that any government would undertake such an important public work.

In Mr. A. P. Macdonald's letter on the Northwest Territory, it was stated that the (estimated) 2,000,000 acres of fertile land were being acquired at the rate of 7½ cents per acre. It was intended to have stated that the amount payable to the Hudson's Bay Company,—£300,000 sterling,—and the proposed bonus of twelve thousand dollar per mile, for building the railway would raise the cost of the land to about 7½ cents per acre. Were the railway built, and the land, as well as the money bonus, granted, it is very clear that the remaining land would still be more than sufficient to reimburse the outlay, even though one-half of it were given away.

A correspondent in this morning's issue suggests a more moderate way of going about the opening of the country than that proposed by Mr. Macdonald. The subject is one that will bear discussion; but while we are anxious not to see the country get beyond its capacity in the assumption of financial obligations, it does appear that an extraordinary effort towards the establishment of direct communication with the Northwest, would be amply repaid in the increased prosperity it would bring to the Dominion.

The debate on Mr. Savary's motion for a return relating to the licenses issued to American fishermen, was important rather on account of the feeling of Parliament, than for any new light that was cast upon the subject. Evidently Parliament is not satisfied with existing arrangements. These are only tolerated because of the expectation that at an early day the Americans will return to some arrangement for reciprocal trade between the two countries. But should it happen that the United States persist in their "Chinese system," then it is quite evident that the Dominion must abolish the licensing system altogether, and forbid American fishermen from entering British waters.

In the western portion of the Dominion this question is perhaps not sufficiently understood; or, if understood, it is too little thought of; yet since the prosperity of one province cannot but be beneficial to all the others, the West has a very great interest in the question. Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, are directly affected to a very large extent; and perhaps nothing better illustrates the evil consequences of the present policy, than the fact mentioned by by the member for Lunenburg (Mr. E. M. Macdonald) that the American vessels, fishing in our waters, are to a great extent manned by expatriated Nova Scotians. This fact cannot be blinked for a great many years, even in anticipation of the renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty at some future period, and Canada will be compelled, in sheer self-defence, to assert her full rights. This was the tone of the whole debate, from the opening to the close. We need only direct attention to Mr. Savary's able speech on the question, to the remarks of Mr. Fortin, Dr. Robitaille, Hon. S. Campbell, Mr. E. M. Macdonald and the Hon. Mr. Anglin to show that there is but a single feeling as to the duty of Canada in the premises.

Nor were the remarks of the Premier less positive upon this point than those of other speakers. The only difference was that the Government, believing that the Americans were about renewing more intimate commercial relations with Canada, hold that it would be mistaken policy to withdraw from them those fishing privileges which, for three years, they have been permitted to enjoy in anticipation of a renewal of reciprocity. There was no disposition on the part of the House to quarrel with this policy. Every one is favourable, to and anxious for, a renewal of reciprocity on fair terms; but every one is not quite so hopeful on this point, and hence the pressure on the Government, inspired, no doubt, by an honest desire to maintain our own fishermen in as prosperous a condition as possible, and also, perhaps, by a slight inclination to teach the Americans that they cannot for ever enjoy privileges at our expense without giving something in return.

It was gratifying to learn from the Premier's explanations that prompt measures would be taken to prevent the Americans from fishing without license, and though this in itself is no real protection to our fishermen, nor any fair equivalent for the duty imposed by the American tariff on fish exported from Canada, it will at least remove a fruitful source of annoyance to our own fishermen; and we judge, from the tone of the debate, that unless the Americans return to reciprocal trade relations with us, before the close of another year, our waters will be closed against their fishermen. This much is due to the maritime interests of the Dominion, and this much, we are sure, with the full approbation of the Imperial authorities, the Canadian Government will be prepared to do; but anything like precipitate action at the present time, would only endanger more important interests; as, after all, the opening of the American market to our fishermen would be a far greater boon to them than the exclusion of American fishermen from our waters.

A PLEA FOR THE VELOCIPEDE.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—"Put down saloons and billiard rooms, and encourage out-door, manly exercise, such as base-ball, snow-shoeing, &c., &c."

This we hear in our public lecture halls; this we read in our essays—and the Tilleys, Camerons, Wardropes and Friels, and other preachers, make good capital out of this kind of wordy philosophy.

But when a new amusement, a harmless, healthful, and exciting exercise is discovered, and suits the public taste, and our young men are ready for it, to leave off in-door and secret pleasures, the City Council revive some old by-law relative to hand-carts and wheel-barrows, and insert the new word velocipede, and thereby drive the young men back to their unworthy and selfish enjoyment.

I look on this as a matter in which a good deal of principle is involved, unless moral lectures are all *buncum*.

I am sure the velocipede rider would be as harmless as the pretty nurses and lovely babies, with the neat little cherub waggon that we see daily on our streets, and may they be ever there plentifully, God bless them! And surely the brothers and cousins of the little ones should have a care for the babies.

But our Goths of police, on Friday night, arrested a young man for having in the street a velocipede, next which he was walking and holding on a little girl to amuse her.

This shews the absurd animus of their strange prejudice against the new machine.

The "speedy foot" I suppose the police in some way connect with "winged speed," and so by police logic with witchcraft; as the witches flew through the air using their feet for rudders. Now with a pious horror of witchcraft, the new machines are mercilessly excluded from our midst. The mariners' compass, clocks, and electric machines, when first invented, were by all ignoramuses condemned and burnt, and the inventors persecuted.

I am sure so sensible a moral reformer as our learned and worthy Mayor, who must be far removed from bigotry and prejudice, should himself interfere in the matter, and have the police instructed to let the lads enjoy themselves on certain streets, keeping off Rideau, Sussex, Sparks and Wellington-sts.; out of these I am sure the public would be glad to see the new hobby.

Yours very truly,
A TAXPAYER.

Cotton Goods have advanced in England but T. & W. Hunton are selling any kind of Cotton Goods at lower prices than they have been sold since 1862. Call and see.

For Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

Gentlemen can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

Visitors to the capital are invited to walk through the new Dry Goods Store of Magee & Russell, Sparks-st., where the most attractive assortment of new, rich and fashionable dry goods, suitable for both ladies and gentlemen, can be found in immense variety.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

We notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

We would call the attention of those in need of spectacles and eye glasses to the stock of those articles kept on hand by Messrs. Young & Radford, who are the sole agents for Ottawa for the celebrated Lazarus & Morris' spectacles and eye glasses. All those who have tried them admit they are the most brilliant, perfect and easy glass to the eye yet introduced into Ottawa. The offers are liberal; if the purchaser is not satisfied the money can be returned after one or two weeks trial.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

Monday, May 3, 1869.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

After routine,

The following petitions were presented:

By the Hon. Mr. STEEVES—Of the Toronto Mutual Fire Insurance Company, and of the Beaver Mutual Fire Insurance Association, praying for an Act authorising the union of the said two companies under one charter.

By the Hon. Mr. DICKSON—Of E. A. Trelease, and others, of the North Shore of Lake Huron, praying for a subsidy for a weekly, instead of a fortnightly, steamer on the North Shore of Lake Superior.

By the Hon. Mr. DICKSON—Of Frederick B. Spark, of the city of Toronto, praying for the passing of an Act, giving him the exclusive use of an invention for the manufacture of lubricating oil for machinery, and for other purposes, from crude petroleum, of which he is not the original inventor.

By the Hon. Mr. MILLS—Of Messrs. John McPherson & Co., and others of the Province of Ontario, praying for the passing of an Act to provide for the inspection of raw, kipp or calf skins.

By the Hon. Mr. McCREA—Of the Municipal Council of the township of Harwick, in the county of Kent, praying for the construction of a light house, and the improvement of Road Raw harbour, and Lake Erie.

By the Hon. Mr. DICKSON—Of the Rev. A. Kobles, and others, of Sault St. Claire, praying for a subsidy for a weekly instead of a fortnightly steamer.

By the Hon. Mr. DICKSON—Of James Bennett, and others, of North Shore, Lake Huron, praying for a subsidy for a weekly steamboat instead of fortnightly mail service, as at present.

By the Hon. Mr. DICKSON—Of James C. Phipps, and others, of the north shore of Lake Huron, praying for a subsidy for a weekly instead of a fortnightly mail service, as at present.

By the Hon. Mr. DICKSON—Of the Mayor and Corporation of the town of Niagara in the Province of Ontario, praying for measures to be taken to enlarge the Ontario and Erie Canal and for other purposes.

By the Hon. Mr. DICKSON—Of G. S. Galliespie and others of Sault St. Marie, praying for subsidy for a weekly instead of a fortnightly mail service to be established with the north shore of Lake Superior.

By the Hon. E. H. J. Duchesnay—Of Louis Riel of St. Joseph, of Point Levis, praying for compensation for his services as a volunteer.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Hon. Mr. WILSON gave notice of motion for to-morrow, "That when the House adjourns on Wednesday it do stand adjourned until Tuesday the 11th instant." He thought the public business of the country would not suffer by this adjournment, as Thursday was a statutory holiday, therefore there would be but one day more remaining in this week on which there could be a sitting of the House according to their rules.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY said he had called the attention of the Government not long ago to the absence of steamboat accommodation between Halifax, Yarmouth and the intermediate ports. The Postmaster-General said he would give a liberal allowance for the conveyance of mails by that route. Since that, persons have already made application, and expressed their willingness to supply the accommodation if they knew to what amount the Government would aid them. He should ask that the sum of ten thousand dollars be included in the estimates for this purpose. The season of the year had arrived when if anything was to be done in the matter it must be done immediately. For the purpose of procuring information he would move an enquiry for Wednesday next, of what amount by way of postal subsidy the Government are prepared to grant to a suitable steamer to be placed on the route from Halifax to Yarmouth calling at intermediate ports, say Lunenburg, Liverpool and Shelburne, and for what number of years? And also whether during the present Session of the Legislature the Government propose to submit an Act providing for the constitution of the General Court of Appeal for Canada or for the establishment of any additional Courts for the better administration of the laws of Canada under the provisions of the 101st section of the British North America Act of 1867.

Hon. Mr. LOCKE inquired whether it is the intention of the Government during the present Session to fill the vacancy in the Senate caused by the death of the late Hon. B. Weir? He said he did not ask this question factiously, but wholly from a desire to get information upon the subject.

Hon. Mr. KENNY replied that it was the intention of the Government to fill that vacancy during the present Session.

PATENTS OF INVENTION BILL.

Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS moved, seconded by the Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, that the Bill on patents of inventions be read a third time, which was carried in the affirmative.

It was ordered that the said Bill do now pass, and be sent to the House of Commons, asking their concurrence.

MILITARY AND NAVAL STORES BILL.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved, seconded by the Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, that the said Bill be now read a second time, which was carried.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved, seconded by the Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, that the said Bill be referred to a committee of the whole House, to-morrow.

ARMY AND NAVY OFFENSES BILL.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved, seconded by the Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, that the said Bill be read a second time, which was resolved in the affirmative.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved, seconded by the Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, that the said Bill be referred to a Committee of the Whole House to-morrow.

VAGRANTS BILL.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved, seconded by the Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, that the said Bill be read a second time.

Ordered that the order of the day be discharged, and that the said Bill be read a second time on Wednesday next.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.

Pursuant to the order of the day the House went into Committee of the whole (Hon. Mr. Dickey in the chair) upon a Bill intituled "An Act respecting Joint Stock Companies incorporated by letters patent."

Upon the reading of the 3rd clause Hon. Mr. SANBORN said he would like to call the attention of the Postmaster-General to the clause in reference to banking and insurance. In the British North America Act there seems to be a distinction made between banking, and the issue of paper money by the Federal Government. Would it not be well to avoid misconceptions to add the words "and the issue of paper money" to the clause, "except the construction and working of railways, or the business of banking or insurance."

On motion of Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL the amendment suggested was adopted.

In reference to the clause specifying that the aggregate of the stock taken must be, at least, one-half of the total amount of the stock of the Company, before the issue of letters Patent. The Hon. Mr. McCULLY said the spirit of that clause could be evaded, by the Company fixing their capital stock at a very small amount. He did not think that would afford much protection to the public.

Several verbal alterations having been made in the Bill, it was passed as amended, and ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

THIRD REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON PRINTING.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN said he was requested, by the Chairman of the Committee, who was absent, to move the adoption of this report. The committee had examined the accounts for printing, and had found them satisfactory. He (Mr. Sanborn) was on the sub-committee, and he would mention, in justice to the printers, that they had afforded great facilities for printing, at the time there was so much difficulty created by the burning of the printing establishment of Mr. Desbarats. They opened a printing office, and worked it day and night, in order to carry on with efficiency the public business. They have continued this efficient management of their business, for which they have received the unanimous approval of the printing committee. The contracts which they entered into were for five years; and, as those contracts were now about expiring, it was of considerable importance that provision should be made for new contracts, in order that public business may not be retarded.

On motion of Hon. Mr. SANBORN, seconded by Hon. Mr. BURNHAM, the report was adopted.

PEACE AT PUBLIC WORKS, BETTER PREVENTION BILL.

The House went into Committee of the Whole (Hon. Mr. FERGUSON in the chair) several verbal amendments having been made, progress was reported, and leave asked to sit again on Wednesday.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS BILL.

Not being printed was discharged from the orders of the day, and ordered to be taken into consideration on Wednesday next.

SECOND REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON PRINTING.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN read the report and said the question was one of a good deal of importance, and should be acted upon during the present Session as the present contracts soon expired, and whoever entered into new contracts for the work should be ready to commence at that time, so that there might be no break in the work, but that it should be carried on with efficiency according to the rules of the Printing Committee, who with great care have economised the expenditure very much. He would now move that the report be adopted.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL requested the postponement of the adoption of the report until to-morrow, as the subject was still under consideration of the House of Commons. He would endeavour to do all he could to strengthen the hands of the committee to enable them to carry on the business in the satisfactory way it is now being done.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN did not think it was necessary to wait until the report had been adopted in the other branch of the Legislature. However one day would make no great delay, but he would not like to see it postponed any later than to-morrow. The order of the day was then discharged; it was ordered that the report be taken into consideration to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL desired to give notice of a motion in reference to Divorce Bills. At the last Session of the House they had a case before them (which received some consideration, but it was thought that if a committee of the House could proceed legally in the case, it would be more satisfactory to have the evidence given before that committee than to have it given at the bar of the House, where it would have more publicity. This object was then carried out by suspending one of the rules of the House. In order to carry out the same object he would give notice of a motion for Wednesday next, "that the 17th rule of this House be rescinded, and the following be substituted in its place, viz.: "After the 2nd reading, the Bill is referred to a select committee of nine members—witnesses are heard on oath, the preliminary evidence being that of the due celebration of the marriage between the parties by legitimate testimony, either by witnesses present at the marriage, or by complete and satisfactory proof of the certificate of the officiating minister in authority.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY gave notice of enquiry for Wednesday next whether in case the Local Legislature of Nova Scotia at its present or a future Session shall under sub-section 4 of section 92 of the British North American Act of 1867 legislate for an additional judge or judges of the Supreme Court, and also for County Court Judges, the Government of the Dominion will be prepare to recommend the appointment of judges under section 96 of the said Act, and provide for their salaries.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved, seconded by the Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, that the Hon. Mr. Macdonald be added to the committee on Banking and Commerce.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, seconded by Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, the House adjourned until to-morrow at three o'clock p.m.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Monday, May 3.

The SPEAKER took the chair at twenty minutes past three o'clock.

A number of petitions were presented, among them one by Mr. CAMERON praying for the establishment of a harbour of refuge at Goderich, "in the interests of the trade of the Dominion."

A number of petitions were read and received.

Mr. GEOFFRION introduced a Bill to authorise the St. Frances and Yamaska Rivers Improvement Company to levy tolls—read a first time.

Mr. RENAUD enquired whether it was the intention of the Government to accept the Eastern Extension or Dorchester Road to form part of the Intercolonial Railway?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the subject was now a matter of correspondence between the Government of Canada and the Government of New Brunswick; until that correspondence was closed he could not say what would be the policy of the Government.

Mr. REDFORD enquired whether it is the intention of the Government during the present Session to repeal the clause in the Act which imposes a duty of five per cent. upon the importation of books, magazines and pamphlets?

Hon. Mr. ROSE regretted that he could not take the hon. gentleman into his confidence, until the budget was brought down. (Hear.)

Mr. MAGILL enquired whether it is the intention of the Government, in the measure to be introduced this Session respecting Parliamentary Elections, to extend the suffrage by the reduction of the amount of qualification now required for voting at Parliamentary Elections?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said he must allow the Government measure to speak for itself when it was brought down.

Mr. STEPHENSON enquired whether the $56,000 voted last year, in the estimates for the year ending 30th June, 1869, for the construction of harbours of refuge, has been expended, or any portion thereof, and if so, what portion, and where the same has been expended?

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL said that no money had been expended for the construction of harbours of refuge. An engineer had been sent out to make surveys and report to the Department; and the report would probably be ready in a few days.

Mr. SAVARY enquired whether any representations have been made to the Government by the Judges of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia respecting the inadequacy of the present machinery for the administration of civil and criminal justice in that Province; and if so, have the Government communicated such representations to the Local Government, with a view to the establishment of an additional court or some equivalent remedy?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the General Government had no power to interfere with the constitution of the local courts, or with the number of the judges. That was a matter to be determined by the Provincial Governments themselves, the duty of the Government being merely to make choice of the individual to fill the office when a vacancy was created; and to pay the salary.

Mr. RANKIN enquired whether it is the intention of the Government to make any provision this session for the improvement of the Rocher Capitaine Rapids, for the safer descent of timber?

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL said it was not the intention of the Government this session.

On motion of Mr. FORTIN the journals of the House of the 26th March and 1st April, of last session, relating to a special committee on fisheries, &c., were read, whereupon

Mr. FORTIN then moved the appointment of a select committee on maritime and river fisheries, and ocean and inland navigation, consisting of Hon. Messrs. Anglin, Campbell, Chauveau, Blanchet, and Messrs. Simpson, McKenzie, McCallum, Keeler, Workman, Simard, Robitaille, Renaud, Bolton, Savary, Ross (Victoria, N.S.,) Coffin, Langlois, Ross (Prince Edward), Jones (Halifax), Beaty, Cimon, Bourassa, and mover, with power to report from time to time, and to send for persons, papers and records.—Carried.

Mr. SAVARY moved for a return of all licenses granted during the past year to American fishermen, to fish in the waters of the Dominion; the names of the vessels, or of their masters or owners, and to what port they belonged; the amount of revenue derived from such licenses, and the names of the ports or places at which such licenses were issued. He said the fisheries was one of the most important sources of the wealth of the Maritime Provinces, and their protection demanded the serious attention of the Government. By the treaty of 1818, the Americans were deprived of any right to approach within three miles of a line drawn from headland to headland of our territory. Within these distances the fisheries was the exclusive property of the Dominion. There could be no doubt that such was the true construction of the meaning of the treaty. In fact, according to the recognized principles of international law, the Americans could have no right to fish within three miles of our coast. But there was one part of this question which was open to dispute. For instance in the case of the Bay of Fundy, where the headland was in British territory, and the other on the opposite side in American territory, there might be a fair question of dispute, as to whether the Americans had a right to fish on that bay or not. And while we should do all in our power to protect our own fisheries, this question, on which there was a legitimate ground for dispute, might very properly be left in abeyance. But he might say, while on this branch of the subject, that it had always been a mystery to him, why, among the various questions that from time to time had been discussed and settled by Great Britain and the United States, this important question had not been taken up and settled amicably and fairly by international treaty. But leaving that question aside, there was no reason why we should not enforce our rights in cases where there was no doubt as to the meaning of the treaty. So long as the Reciprocity Treaty was in force, of course, there was no ground of complaint; but since the abrogation of that treaty it again became of importance to us to enforce our own rights strictly. Our protection was to a great extent in our own hands. The fisheries beyond the line of three miles from headland to headland would be of comparatively little value, if American fishermen were forbidden the right of using the coast. He did not approve of an unreasonable or retaliatory policy towards the United States. But so long as the Americans refuse us a market for fish and coal, so long as they give us nothing in the shape of reciprocity, we should show them that we intend to protect the rights and privileges that we undoubtedly possess. (Hear, hear.) It was evident from the remarks of certain persons in high positions in the United States, and from the tone of a portion of their press, that we need not delude ourselves with the idea that we were soon to obtain a renewal of the reciprocity treaty. At the same time he was happy to see that a portion of the people and some of the leading men of the United States, were fully alive to the advantages of free trade between the two countries. He referred to the recent formation of the Reform League at Boston as evidence of this. But the party at present in power was undoubtedly hostile to the renewal of the treaty. A large portion of the American people desired to extend their territory, and they deluded themselves into the belief that the people of these Provinces, by being shut out from the American market, will become anxious to secure annexation. He was almost disposed to say that the word annexation should not be used in this House, (hear, hear); but at any rate it should have no weight whatever in reference to the question of reciprocity. We have our own destiny to work out, and that feeling of self-reliance which would lead us to work out that destiny independently of the United States, or any other foreign country, should prevail amongst us, and he believed did prevail among us. (Hear, hear.) We should, therefore, consider the question of protecting our fisheries, with reference to our future, independently of the United States. If public men in the United States believed,—as he thought they did,—that by refusing us reciprocal trade, they could draw us into political union with them, they were greatly mistaken. (Hear, hear) He believed in saying this, that he spoke for the whole of his Province, at any rate, for his constituency. As proof of this, he referred to the fact that when a certain individual attempted, about a year ago, to start a paper in his county—a county that suffered, probably, more than any other by the restriction on trade with the United States—evidently in favour of annexation, the leading men of the county formally protested against its appearance, and certified that the individual did not represent any portion of the community. His constituents, however, were anxious to have the Reciprocity Treaty renewed, but if we found that the United States were not disposed to renew it, we had resources within ourselves which would enable us successfully to compete with the Americans in this struggle for national prosperity and advancement. Although our prosperity might be slightly checked by restriction upon trade with the United States, we were not dependent upon that country, and the public men on the other side who imagined that by continuing the restriction we would be obliged to succumb and seek relief by a union with them would find themselves mistaken (hear, hear). If we cannot get a fair reciprocity treaty, let us do what we can do—husband our own resources, and protect our own rights, and he believed the adoption of this course would be the best means of securing a renewal of that treaty. We had two great advantages to offer the United States in return for free trade with them. These were the use of our fisheries, and the free navigation of the St. Lawrence. Respecting the latter he would say nothing, but of the former he had a right, on behalf of his Province, to urge the attention of the Government towards taking such steps as will secure to us our undoubted rights. It had been said that the relations between Great Britain and the United States were of such a delicate character that till other questions are settled, this matter should be left in abeyance. His opinion was that the time has passed when such views should prevail here. (Hear, hear.) There was no doubt that when the treaty of 1818 was agreed to, the Americans obtained a full equivalent for being shut out from within three miles of our coast, and therefore it should not be regarded as offensive to them for us to enforce that treaty. Mr. Savary here read a petition signed by certain inhabitants of Halifax in 1852, in which this view of the question was elaborated and maintained. He then proceeded to show that the little advantage Nova Scotia had at one time enjoyed by allowing American fishermen to land, the trade that was carried on with them, was enjoyed no longer. So many American fishermen landed on our shores, that they were enabled to supply themselves with the necessary articles that formerly they obtained from the inhabitants. Any harsh and retaliatory treatment of the United States would be unjustifiable under all circumstances, but we should show the Americans that we can guard our own privileges as jealously as they guard theirs. We would not be true to our own interests if steps were not taken to afford protection to our fisheries in this matter, and he did not think by doing so we would in the least disturb the relations between Great Britain and the United States, nor did he think that the public men of either country held any such idea. To enforce our rights in this matter should not disturb the peaceful relations between the two countries, any more than our refusal to give up a portion of our territory to the United States. And notwithstanding all the talk and bluster on the other side, he did not believe that in this enlightened age the United States would undertake a war to prevent us from protecting our own undoubted rights. Such a war would be simply one of plunder and ravage, and if the Americans did undertake—which he did not believe—he knew the people of this country would be ready to do their duty to the Empire and to themselves, as they had done in times past. (Hear, hear.) With these remarks he would offer his motion, and he hoped they would have the effect of directing the serious attention of the Government to this important question. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. FORTIN said that very few licenses had been taken out last year, much fewer than formerly, and the reason for this was found in the fact that the stringent regulations at first adopted were abandoned, and the Americans were permitted to fish in Canadian waters almost without interruption. They might be caught once, and they were allowed to go; they might be caught again, and still they would be permitted to continue, and it was only on the third offence they ran any serious risk; and that they always hoped to escape, so they continued to fish in our waters. There was great difficulty in detecting these vessels as, whether American or Provincial, they all looked very much alike. After referring to the working of the license system for the past three years, he argued in favour of adopting a firm policy for the defence of the fisheries, and the maintenance of the rights of the Dominion. If the Americans would grant us reciprocity he would be glad to see our waters thrown open to American fishermen as well as our own; but when they shut their canals, their lakes, and their rivers against our vessels on the same terms as we had admitted theirs, it was time that measures should be taken for the protection of the fisheries. Although the license on American fishermen was now $2 per ton it was not what it ought to be to do justice to our fishermen. The American duty on fish from Canada was $2 per barrel, so that we not only allowed the Americans to shut their markets against us, but we also allowed them to come into our waters with better boats and more complete appliances. If the fishery interests of the Dominion were not better protected they would be materially injured. He then pointed out some details in the policy that should be pursued to secure the better development of this important interest, and was warmly applauded on resuming his seat.

Dr. ROBITAILLE desired to say a few words on this motion, as the fishing interest was a very great one, and laboured under serious disadvantages. We had given the Americans the right of fishing in Canadian waters, while our fishermen received nothing in return. If they were to be protected in the future it would be necessary to send a man with full powers and authority to exercise all the jurisdiction required for the proper discharge of his duty. If the law was such that these necessary powers could not be granted by this Government, he was confident that by applying to the Local Governments this power could be got. (Hear, hear.)

Hon. S. CAMPBELL said this was unquestionably one of the subjects in which Nova Scotia was particularly interested. During the last three years American fishermen had been allowed to fish in our waters at a license varying from 50 cents up to $2 per ton, and during these three years it was supposed that our own fishermen had been protected in their rights. What had been the value of this protection? Why, that during these three years not a single seizure had been made, notwithstanding the large number of American vessels known to be fishing in American waters, and the small number of licenses taken out. This year the Americans did not intend to take out a single license. They had no fear of being molested; and, unless there was an efficient protection furnished, not a dollar would be paid for licenses. He pointed out how extensively the Americans had been enjoying the privilege of fishing in Provincial waters, and argued that it was a great injustice to the fishermen of Nova Scotia. He complimented Mr. Savary, with whose views on the law of the question he entirely concurred, and again pressed upon the House the great importance of the fishing interests of the Maritime Provinces.

Mr. COFFIN had just one remark to add to what had already been said, and that was that the imposition of a license of so much per ton on American vessels was no protection to our fishermen.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN heartily agreed with the last speaker. The license system was no protection whatever. He would not undertake to say what the Government should do in the matter. No doubt they would act with due caution, and all that could be done was to invite their attention to the actual position of the question, and ask their assistance in protecting the fisheries. He hoped at all events that the license system would be abolished, and that they would assert their undoubted right to the undivided use of the waters, as limited by the treaty that had been already referred to. (Hear, hear).

Mr. E. M. MACDONALD related an incident of a large fleet of American vessels fishing in our waters, to show that the protection of the fisheries heretofore had been a complete farce. He doubted whether these fisheries could be protected. There were several courses open to the Government, and one was to assert our own exclusive right to our own property. (Hear, hear.) The present system was driving the young men of Nova Scotia out of Nova Scotia and into the United States. He was within bounds when he said that three-fifths of the crews of American vessels which fished in our waters were Nova Scotians.

Mr. McKENZIE thought it was a remarkable thing after all that had been said about the fishery department and the able Minister at the head of it last year, that the evidence of gentlemen on both sides of the House should be that the attempt to protect the fisheries had been a total failure. The department must have been very badly managed.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the gentlemen who had spoken upon this question had addressed themselves to the matters in which they were severally interested. Those who had preceded the hon. member for Lambton, being interested in the prosperity of the fisheries, had spoken concerning them, and he must say in an instructive and intelligent manner. And the member for Lambton, not caring about fish, but caring a great deal about who should occupy the place of Minister, had addressed himself to that branch of the subject (laughter). With respect to the management of the fisheries, however, it seemed, under the peculiar circumstances, from what had just been said, that so far as the Minister was concerned it had been very good. The question was surrounded with many difficulties, and the policy of the Government had been to await the action of the Americans regarding reciprocity. Previous to 1854 the whole protection to the fisheries was her Majesty's navy. By the Reciprocity Treaty of 1854 the navy was relieved from this very unpleasant duty. When in 1866 the Treaty ended, her Majesty's Government was at once applied to by the then Government of Canada for the restoration of the former protection. The old Province of Canada had no law for the summary seizure of vessels, as they had in Nova Scotia. Canada could not therefore adopt any mode of summarily seizing American boats fishing in Canadian waters. The Government of Canada had, however, in 1866 adopted the license system, not as a matter of revenue, but simply as the assertion of our right to these waters, a right which it was considered important that the Americans should recognise. The license fee had been raised from 50 cents in 1866 to $1 in 1867, and now it was $2 per ton. With respect to the regulations adopted for the protection of the fisheries it had been matter of correspondence with the Colonial office; and with the consideration which Colonial representatives were always treated, these regulations had been so modified that seizures may now be made on twenty-four hours' notice. After explaining the law, which he said gave full authority for the enforcement of every measure necessary for the protection, he stated that already the Admiral had taken early means for their protection. There were four ships on the station; there would also be two Canadian vessels and six row boats placed at convenient distances. He hoped, therefore, that the arrangements now made would prove effectual. He had not regarded the license as an equivalent for the duty imposed by the Americans upon fish imported from Canada. For that object it was quite inefficient, but it had only been imposed as an assertion of our rights. Regarding what hon. gentlemen had said about the adoption of a different policy towards the United States, he took it for granted that they had only spoken on the assumption that the United States would not renew the Reciprocity Treaty, and he said that were he convinced that there was no prospect of a renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty, or that the American people were not disposed to negociate for closer commercial relations, he, too, would go for the assertion of our rights, and the exclusive use of our own waters for our own fishermen. (Hear, hear, from both sides.) But he did not believe the Americans would long maintain their exclusive policy. Already appearances indicate a strong and growing feeling in favour of reciprocity, and he thought it would be premature on the part of Canada to adopt a policy which might be regarded as retaliation for their present exclusiveness, at the very time when they seemed disposed to abandon it themselves. He then detailed the action already taken in the United States towards a resumption of negociations, and alluded to the report that certain members of the Committee of Ways and Means at Washington were coming to Canada to make enquiry and to press for negociations, so that a new treaty might be ready by the next meeting of Congress. He thought therefore that it would be unwise on the part of Canada to abolish the present system in view of these facts. The fisheries would, however, receive all possible protection in the meantime, and he hoped soon that negociations for a new Reciprocity Treaty would take place.

After some remarks from Mr. FORTIN, to which Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD replied, the motion was carried.

On motion of Mr. WORKMAN an address was voted for copy of the instructions given to Mr. Page, and his report on the ship channel between Montreal and Quebec.

On motion of Mr. WORKMAN an address was voted for a copy of the instructions to Mr. Page and his report on the Bay Verte Canal.

In reply to Hon. Mr. ANGLIN, Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL explained that opinion was divided as to the practicability of this canal, because of the extreme rise of the tides in the Bay of Fundy. The reports of several engineers had been submitted to the Chief Engineer of the Department, and these reports, with his report thereon, would be brought down in compliance with the motion just passed.

Mr. CAMERON moved for copies of reports and surveys, &c., relating to harbours of refuge on the east coast of Lake Huron. He spoke at length on the importance of a harbour of refuge on Lake Huron, and complained of the delay in making adequate provision therefor.

Motion granted, and it being six o'clock the Speaker left the chair.

After Recess.

Mr. McKENZIE moved that an order of the House do issue for copies of tenders received for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, with schedules of prices attached; the names of sureties and copies of contracts; and all correspondence between the Government and the Railway Commissioners concerning such contracts.—Carried.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved that this House do, on Tuesday next, go into Committee of the Whole, to consider the following resolutions:

1. That it is expedient to extend to vessels of or under one hundred and twenty-five tons measurement, belonging to any port in Canada, the same exemption from the obligation to take branch pilots in the port of Quebec, as is granted by the Act of the Legislature of the late Province of Canada, 134 Vic. Cap. 96, to such vessels when belonging to the Province of Quebec, subject always to the conditions mentioned in the said Act.

2. That it is expedient to exempt all vessels belonging to or in the service of the Government of Canada, from the obligation to employ branch pilots in any port or place in Canada.—Carried.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved that the House do, on Tuesday next go into Committee of the Whole to consider the following resolution:

That it is expedient that the provisional contract entered into between Hugh Allan, Esq., and the Postmaster-General of Canada, under the authority of an Order in Council dated the 18th of March, 1869, for a weekly service of ocean mail steamers on the terms and conditions set forth in the said contract (a copy whereof and of the said Order in Council has been laid before Parliament) should be sanctioned and authorized by the Parliament as required by the terms thereof in order to its becoming valid and binding.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN moved the third reading of the Bill entitled, "An Act to "avoid the necessity of having public "documents engrossed on parchment."—Carried.

Mr. McCONKEY moved the second reading of the Bill: "An Act to declare the first day of July, or Dominion day, a legal holiday." He briefly set forth the general desire on the part of the public that the 1st of July should be set apart as a holiday in commemoration of Confederation.

Mr. FERGUSSON thought we already had as many holidays as were necessary; and besides it would be unpleasant for some parties who were not much in love with Confederation to be called upon to celebrate the anniversary of its coming into force. It appeared to him that it was going to cost a good deal of money to reconcile all parties to Confederation, and if we made the first of July a holiday, it would be a very expensive day to the country. It would be better to let the matter alone until all parties had fully accepted Confederation, and then allow the Government to take the responsibility of deciding whether or not the first of July should be made a holiday.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the hon. member being a holy man, who made every day a holy-day, naturally enough objected to be compelled to do so on the 1st of July, by Act of Parliament (laughter). When the mover of the Bill had spoken to him (Sir John) about the Bill he had told him it was a matter entirely for the House to decide. He might mention, however, that last year there had been such a pressure brought upon the Government by the press of the old Province of Canada, that the Governor-General was advised to issue a proclamation for the observance of the first of July; and the consequence was that nearly every one treated it as a legal holiday, except the poor bank clerks and some others.

The bill was read a second time.

Mr. MILLS moved the second reading of the bill: "An Act to authorize the extradition of persons from the Dominion of Canada charged with having committed crimes in the United States." He said that this Bill was in the interest of civilization on this continent, and referred briefly to the various opinions of jurists on the extradition of criminals, and traced the rise and growth of these opinions. He agreed that it was contrary to our own interest and to civilization generally, that the criminal flying from justice should find a safe retreat here. It surely could not be a matter of difficulty or delicacy, in providing for the proper punishment of criminals, whether their crime was committed here or in the United States. It was only fair that a criminal should be tried in the district where his crime was committed, because the evidence for the defence would be there most available. As an illustration of the serious defective character of our law, he would suppose the case of a man crossing the line, and committing an outrage upon his neighbour, and return to this country, and meet that neighbour daily in the street, and our law could not touch him. Standing as we do in such intimate relations with the United States it was highly important that facility should be afforded for the proper punishment of criminals in either country. If the United States Government refused to reciprocate in this matter, it would still be a gain to us to extradite the criminals from the other side that seek a refuge here. He did not propose by this Bill to compel the Government to extradite criminals. The Bill only made it a comity, placing the Government under a moral obligation to facilitate the punishment of criminals who have escaped to this country.

Mr. COLBY briefly supported the Bill, but said it did not go far enough; and that extradition should be determined by treaty.

After a few remarks from Mr. SAVARY and Mr. MILLS,

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that any measure for the extradition of offenders not based upon reciprocal treaty, would not receive the sanction of her Majesty's Government. He would not oppose the second reading, but would ask his hon. friend to allow the Bill to stand over for a few days before going into committee.

The Bill was read a second time; and ordered to a second reading on Monday next.

Mr. ROSS (Dundas) rose to move the second reading of the Bill: "An Act to limit the rate of interest." He argued at considerable length in favour of limiting the rate of interest, pointing out the excessive rates charged, in some instances as high as two per cent. per month being exacted. This operated as a serious drawback to the progress of the country. He hoped the Government would introduce a general measure upon this question.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD asked the mover to allow the second reading to stand over for a few days, which being assented to.

The House adjourned at 8:40 o'clock

BIRTH.

At Waterford farm, Gloucester, on the 18th ult., the wife of William Graham, Esq., of a daughter.

DIED.

On the 3rd of May, Maude, infant daughter of William Graham, Esq., of Waterford farm, Gloucester.

In Toronto, on the 3rd instant, Mary Ann Malone, wife of Jas. W. Esmonde, of this city, in the 27th year of her age.

Ottawa Times.

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From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favor him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

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LATEST AND BEST STYLES
In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

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We would call the especial attention of the
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To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $[illegible]
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We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

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GENTLEMEN'S
PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,
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LOCAL NEWS.

MR. MILLAR'S SACRED CONCERT.—There will be practice to-night in the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Centre Town, for the above concert, and as there will be only one more practice, a full attendance is requested.

MORE FAT CATTLE.—Nine very fine fat cattle, fed on the farm of the Hon. James Skead, passed down Sparks-st. yesterday. They were purchased by Mr. Wm. Slattery, and the beef of some of them may be seen at his stall some time this week.

THE BODY RECENTLY FOUND DROWNED.—A boy, the brother of the girl who was drowned off the barge at the Chaudiere last fall, called on Dr. Beaubien yesterday, and learning all the particulars in our report of the inquest, expressed the belief that the body was that of his sister, and he has sent to his father that he may come on here, and, if possible, place the identity of the body beyond doubt, which will be a melancholy relief to the minds of the family, and satisfactory to the public.

ANOTHER RELIGIOUS MANIAC.—A man named Henry Hall, a religious maniac from Gloucester, was brought to jail on Saturday for safe keeping. This is not one of the worst cases. He is greatly agitated at times, he believes that he has suffered everything for Christ, and believes that he is yet to be crucified. A knowledge of the history of his case by a skillful person, might, if taken at its present stage, in a proper place, conduce to the man's restoration, but incarceration in the jail, with no convenience for his treatment, can hardly fail to make him worse.

FOUND, DROWNED.—In the case of the body of a female found in the river on Saturday evening, Dr. Beaubien summoned a jury, and held an inquest. The jury went to view the body, and found the clothes on it to be a cotton chemise, a blue petticoat, red calico dress, a cotton apron, woollen stockings, and laced boots. The small portion of the hair left on the head was black. The deceased was about four feet two or three inches in height, and apparently from sixteen to eighteen years of age. The body had arrived at so advanced a stage of decomposition, that the jury could arrive at no conclusions as to the cause of death, and rendered as their verdict, "Found drowned."

POLICE COURT.—The case of assaulting the three night-soil men was brought up yesterday morning, three young men being charged therewith. The evidence against them was not of a satisfactory character, and two of them were discharged, and the case against the other adjourned till Wednesday morning.

A butcher, named Edwards, was charged with cruelty to a sheep, in taking it up when its legs were tied, and throwing it under a wagon. The market constable, John Little, gave evidence as to the fact, and stated that similar acts of cruelty came under his notice. He had known sheep to die whilst being brought tied to market. He had expostulated with the defendant, and had received an uncivil answer. Bins Cawthra, for whom the defendant works, gave it as his opinion that the sheep was not hurt. He said he had tied hundreds and thousands of sheep by the legs, and it did not hurt them. Defendant was fined $1 and costs.

A case of suing for wages was brought up, which was dismissed.

CARTIER SQUARE.—Many of our citizens are perhaps not aware of the fine plot laid out last fall by the ordnance department, for the benefit of the city generally, but more especially set apart for a parade ground for our gallant volunteers, and whatever regulars may be in the garrison from time to time. It has, we think, very appropriately been termed "Cartier Square," in honour of the first Minister of War of the new Dominion. It covers an area of about twenty or thirty acres, very nearly four times the area of the Champ de Mars in Montreal, and when cleared of some old tenements on it at present, and graded, will make one of the finest parade grounds in America. It is surrounded by a beautiful and substantial paling, and planted all around the inner side with beautiful young maples, as the emblematical insignia of the new Canadian Dominion. We hope the authorities will inaugurate the new square upon Dominion Day, and that our citizens will in some marked manner characterise the spontaneous offering on the part of the Government. Our cricketing friends, our Lacrosse players, and our base ball players will now have no reason for grumbling at having no place suitable for their various manly and invigorating sports, and our athletic and pedestrian young men will now be able to indulge in their various exercises to their heart's content.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—This charitable and benevolent institution is now in first rate working order, owing in a great measure to the exertions put forth by the officers and committee of management. A great many persons have been relieved, we understand, from distress, consequent upon the long and rigorous winter just passed, and it behooves members, now that the society is in such a flourishing condition, to lend their aid in every possible manner to sustain the charitable purposes of the society. They should give their aid and advice at the general meetings of the society, and also contribute liberally to the charitable fund of the institution, either in cash or by way of donations. These institutions are of great utility, and tend in a great measure to allay vagrancy and other immoral vices, so peculiar to large cities. The society has just obtained an Act of Incorporation through the courtesy of R. W. Scott, Esq., M. P.P., who so very kindly carried the Bill through the Ontario Legislature; and through the efficient and energetic Secretary of the society, Mr. Robertson, nearly every member is supplied with a copy of the Act, Constitution, and By-laws in pamphlet form. The society, as will be seen by the Treasurer's last quarterly report, is in a good financial condition, having a large surplus revenue lying in one of the city savings banks. The next quarterly meeting takes place in Gowan's new hall, on Thursday evening, the 6th of May, when it is expected there will be a large attendance of members, and also quite an addition of new ones.

CITY COUNCIL.

The regular meeting of the City Council was held in the City Hall, last evening.

Present: His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Rochester, Pratt, Cunningham, Robinson, Featherston, Mosgrove, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney, and Martineau.

The case of the alleged trespass on city property by the Ottawa and St. Lawrence Railroad Company being introduced, the Mayor said he had had an interview with Thomas Reynolds, Esq., Managing Director, who had expressed a desire to have the matter amicably settled. He was willing to fill up the pond near the depot, that had been complained of. He had also expressed an intention to erect a convenient and ornamented passenger station, and the payment for certain portions of the street they now occupied for a term of years. The communication of Mr. Reynolds was referred to the Board of Works.

A petition from certain ratepayers against the closing of Wilbrod-st. was referred to the Board of Works.

Petitions were presented from James Graham, a messenger of the House of Commons, A. J. Turner, and Edward Storrs, for the reward offered by the Corporation for the conviction of the murderer of the late Hon. Mr. McGee. The petitions were referred to the Finance Committee.

Other petitions were presented and referred. One from certain residents of Gloucester-st., asking for a platform, was rejected on account of its disrespectful language.

The Finance Committee presented their report, recommending the payment of certain accounts, &c., which after a long discussion, and the withdrawal of one item, was received and adopted.

The Board of Works presented their report No. 7, which was received and adopted.

The Select Committe appointed to consider the claim of Messrs. Lewis & Pinhey on the corporation for professional services, reported, recommending the payment of $800.

After some other unimportant business the council adjourned.

The *Herald's* Valparaiso correspondent says the proposed convention at Washington to settle the difficulties between Spain and Chili has fully been accepted by the latter Government.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 3.

An important correspondence concerning the affairs of the Royal Canadian Bank has appeared in the *Evening Globe*. Hon. Donald Macdonald, one of the directors, has issued private and confidential circulars to the shareholders, in which he declares that a certain recklessness has governed the bank's advances, some of which have been made by the President on individual authority without the knowledge of the Board, and that no weekly statement of the transactions has been laid before the Board, which was thus kept in ignorance of all the important business, despite the repeated protests against it. It says the result of this system points to an almost total loss—advances at the Cobourg branch, the defalcation at Seaforth, and the losses at Kingston. It also asserts that with the details of the monthly returns to the Government the board had nothing to do, and they have been manipulated so as to conceal the loss. It admits, however, that the bank will be able to meet all liabilities, but the shareholders, instead of realizing profits, will be at a loss.

The Board in reply states that Macdonald some time since made a proposal which was declined on this threatened issue of a circular, but said if the proposal was acceded to "his lips should be sealed." The Board denies that he protested against the measures of which the correspondent complains, but do not impeach his statement as to the losses. The President follows in the same strain, and says Macdonald wanted $100,000 for investment in one of the most dangerous railway enterprises in the United States, and attributes the circular to personal venom.

The stock has fallen 20 per cent. already.

The meeting on Saturday of parties favourable to the opening of the Northwest recommended the building of a railway from Fort Williams, and the improvement of navigation on Rainy Lake, at a cost not to exceed $4,000,000; the improvement of navigation on Rainy Lake at a cost of $2,000,000, and the railway thence to Red River at a cost $2,000,000. To effect the work recommended the formation of a company is required, to which a grant of 8,000,000 acres should be made, and $2,500,000 of its bonds be granted by the Government. The report was adopted, and a committee formed for an immediate and effective movement.

The strike of the journeymen painters for $1.75 per diem was inaugurated to-day.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, May 3.

It is rumoured that the steamship *St. George* was wrecked off L'Islet yesterday.

A seaman, belonging to the steamship *Germany*, fell over board and was drowned on Saturday afternoon.

The printers' strike continues.

Attorney-General Quimet was elected Battonier at a meeting of the Bar of Montreal on Saturday.

The annual convocation of McGill College was held this afternoon. The degrees will be confirmed to-morrow.

Fresh interest is felt in the Chaloner trial, which commenced at Quebec to-day. Owing to the strike, the city press have been unable to make arrangements for full reports.

The 78th Highlanders leave for Halifax next week.

Albough opens the theatre to-night with a burlesque company.

It snowed and rained heavily all day yesterday. The weather lately has been dull and cold, with occasional showers.

Flour dull at $4.40 to $4.55 for ordinary to choice.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Arrivals.

QUEENSTOWN, May 2.—The steamers *Australasian* and *Etna*, have arrived.

PLYMOUTH, May 2.—The steamers *Allemania*, from New York, and *Teutonia*, from New Orleans, have arrived.

SOUTHAMPTON, May 2.—The steamer *Maine* has arrived.

LIVERPOOL, May 2.—The steamer *Aleppo*, from New York, has arrived.

RUSSIA.

Political Reforms.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 2.—The Russian Council of State propose to grant more power to the municipal councils throughout the empire, to enlarge the number of voters, and to modify the press law.

SPAIN.

Political Amnesty.

MADRID, May 3.—In the constituent Cortes the debate on the new Constitution has ended. All the amendments proposed have been rejected. The Cortes has voted an amnesty for all persons who took part in the insurrection at Cadiz, Motega, and Xeres.

Deputy Castillo moved that an amnesty be extended to the Carlists implicated in the insurrectionary movement, but the motion was not agreed to.

A serious disturbance at Saragossa is apprehended. It is reported that the troops there are in a state of discontent and partial insubordination.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Lopez Preparing for the Offensive.

LONDON, May 2.—Advices from Paraguay report that President Lopez, with ten thousand men, is preparing to take the offensive.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Departures for Europe.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Five steamers left for Europe yesterday. Among the passengers was E. B. Washburne, Minister to France.

Wreck of the S.S. "St. George."

The British steamship *St. George*, which struck on the Blonde Rock, off the coast of Maine, will be a total wreck.

Negociations for a New Reciprocity Treaty.

A sub-committee of the Ways and Means Committee of Congress will visit Montreal speedily for the purpose of arranging with the Canadian officials a basis for a new reciprocity treaty. It is proposed to have the new treaty ready to lay before Congress immediately after its re-assembling.

A New Version of Motley's Instructions.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—It has been reliably ascertained that the instructions to Minister Motley do not suggest any mode of adjusting the pending questions between the United States and Great Britain; nor do they require him at present to propose the reopening of negociations for the settlement of the *Alabama* and other claims. Our Government will act with the deliberation due to this important subject, and carefully avoid any cause of offence, while firmly presenting the American side of the question to her Majesty's Government. The British Minister does not apprehend any serious consequences from the almost unanimous rejection of the *Alabama* claims Treaty by the Senate, and this is stated on the authority of gentlemen who made special and private enquiry in official circles, and thus satisfied themselves of the truth of the statement.

Navigation Opened at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, May 3.—Navigation is fairly opened at this port. Several propellers and other crafts have arrived from the upper lakes.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Completion of the Central Pacific Railroad.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—The Central Pacific Railroad Company on Saturday finished their portion of the road, with the exception of the connection rails, which Governor Stanford will lay on Friday or Saturday of the present week. A celebration of the event will be held here and at Sacramento, for which preparations have been made.

Died.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Charles B. Seymour, who has occupied the position of editor of the dramatic and fine arts critic on the *Times* of this city, since its first publication, died yesterday.

BOSTON, May 3.—James Himmell, a leading merchant of this city, who has been identified with the Sandwich Island and California trade for over half a century, died yesterday in his 70th year.

Investigation into the Murder of the Crew of the bark "John Bright."

Gov. Seymour, of British Columbia, will proceed to Nootaka Sound in the gunboat *Sparrow Hawk* to thoroughly investigate the circumstances connected with the wreck of the bark *John Bright*, and the murder of her crew by Indians.

The Sayings of American Correspondents.

The *Times'* special says it is suggestively hinted in European and diplomatic circles that Louis Napoleon, Gortschakoff and Bismarck can now make their combinations without regard to what Great Britain may say, as she will have the *Alabama* question on hand to settle with the United States. Bismarck said months ago that the United States would ere long hold the balance of power in Europe, and he exercised a desire to cultivate friendly relations with the United States when he telegraphed his congratulatory despatch to the President on the 4th of March.

The *Herald's* Washington correspondent has had a long interview with Senator Sumner on the subject of the excitement created by his speech in England. The Senator thinks there need be no apprehension of war, as both nations are too sensible for that. He noticed the fact that the English papers published no telegraphic report of the rejection of the *Alabama* claims treaty, and thought that the despatch to that effect was suppressed by the English Government.

Mr. Motley will leave on the 19th, and according to Mr. Sumner, he knows just what to do, and how to do it.

NEW YORK, May 3.—The *Herald's* correspondent says in the difficulty between the English marines and the Chinese three villages were burned, and fifty-five Chinamen killed.

The *Herald's* Australia correspondent says the native tribes are causing much trouble.

A gold nugget weighing 210 pounds has been unearthed.

The war in New Zealand is about closed.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 SPARKS-ST.,

OTTAWA.

G. LEVIN,

(Successor to David Miller,)

Manufacturer of Hoop Skirts, and Importer of French and English Corsets.

NEW MATERIALS, NEW STYLES,

1035b LOW PRICES.

CORSETS! CORSETS! CORSETS!

IMPORTED FRENCH CORSETS (Seamless), NIGHTINGALE CORSETS, Montpensier pattern ENGLISH CORSETS at all prices, beginning at 2s. 6d.

CORSETS made to order extra size.

GRAND DUCHESSE TRAIL SKIRT, latest Paris style, for Ball and Evening Dresses, at the CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY, 43 Sparks-st.

N. ROBERTSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18.

FOR CASH ONLY.

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.

FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.

GRASS and CLOVER SEED.

WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

PIANOFORTE TUNING.

J. BESWICK, Pianoforte Maker and Tuner, is prepared to repair and tune pianofortes, and other musical instruments.

Orders can be left at Gowan's Music Store, Centre Town; and Sutherland's Jewellery Store, Lower Town.

All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Ottawa, May 1. 1039-4

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF THE

DAMAGED GOODS

Saved from the Fire, on Rideau-st., of the 22nd Ultimo,

Consisting of CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASSWARE, FURNITURE, &c., &c.

Sale will commence at SEVEN p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 5TH MAY, 1869,

in the premises recently occupied and known as the OTTAWA CABINET WAREHOUSE.

Particulars in a future advertisement.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

1039td

By John Leeming & Co., Montreal.

IMPORTANT TRADE SALE

OF

TEAS,

&c., &c., &c., &c.

4,300 half chests new crop natural leaf JAPAN TEAS,

800 half chests Young Hyson, Twankay, Congou, and Souchong, and

500 bags Arracan Rice,

300 brls Zante Currants,

100 hhds, 50 qr. casks, 200 cases — Boll and Dunlop's Gin, ex "Eliza A. Kenny," from Rotterdam.

100 hhds, 250 cases — DeKuyper's Gin.

20 hhds, 250 cases — "Hennessy" Pale Brandy.

20 hhds, 15 qr. casks — "Martell's" Pale Brandy Vintages 1866, 1865, 1864.

25 puncheons Fine old Jamaica Rum, and other goods to arrive,

Will be offered on

MONDAY, 10TH MAY, 1869,

AT TEN A. M.,

At the Stores of HUGH FRASER, St. Sacrament-st., Montreal.

Samples on view the Saturday previous to sale.

JOHN LEEMING & CO., Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 1. 1039td

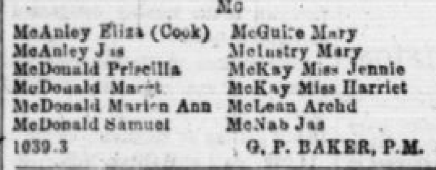
LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Ottawa Post Office, 1st May:

A	
Allyn Thos	Anderson John
Andrews C J	Angus Ellen
B	
Bartlett P	Burke Thos R
Blackburn G	Burt O A
Brisbin Rundall	
C	
Campbell Flend	Clark Miss Bertha
Cameron Cath A	Clements Wm
Caton J D	Cole Harriet
Clancey W J	Curry Miss Cath
Clark Mrs Annie E	
D	
Dacey Anthony	Dixon J N
Davis Thos	Donnelly T
Davison Esther Jane	Downs Miss S S
E	
Edmondson Jas	
F	
Farnsworth C T	Fitzgerald Mary Ann
Farrell Mary Ann	Forin John
Fields Samantha	
G	
Gang H	Graham J (Waggon Maker)
Gibson Thos (Gloucester)	Grant David
Gillespie Miss Mary	Grant A H
Gleason Kate	Gray Wm
Graben W D	Green Hannah T
Graham Samuel	
H	
Hamilton Sarah	Hislip Anne
Hamilton Miss Jane	Hopkins Caleb
Hayes Hanna	Houliston W, M P
Heath Miss	Humphrey Mr
Hinds Professor	Hurlbut Harriett
J	
Jamieson Joseph	Jordan H
Johnston Ellen	Jordan Bridget
Johnston Margaret	
K	
Kelly Patrick	Kinney Joseph
L	
Lawson Peter	Lee Miss Jane
M	
Martin Charlotte	Mills M
Martin Elisabeth	Moffatt Robt (Nepean)
May S H	Mullins Bridget
N	
Nagle Patrick	
P	
Park Fergus	Porter Miss Bridget E
Pellatt H	
R	
Reed Mrs	Reilly Michael
S	
Salter Thos	Smith Mrs Elizabeth
Scott Robert	Somers Miss Jane
Shannon James	Stelter H
Sheilds Bella	Stewart Mrs Lorena
Shillington Thos	Stewart Mary
Sinclair Mrs R S	Sutherland David
Sisson E T	
T	
Taylor Thos	Tilley Wm J
Taylor John	Terrey Mary
W	
Wallace John	White W R
Wallace Jane	White W
Walsh W P	Wilson John T
Walsh P G	Wilson Mary E
Waltier Jos (Gloucester)	Williamson Jas
Mc	
McAnley Eliza (Cook)	McGuire Mary
McAnley Jas	McIntyre Mary
McDonald Priscilla	McKay Miss Jennie
McDonald Marg't	McKay Miss Harriet
McDonald Marion Ann	McLean Archd
McDonald Samuel	McNab Jas

1039.3 G. P. BAKER, P.M.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD, 30 Sparks-st., Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

34 SUSSEX-ST.

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

COOKING STOVES of the best quality and make at ESMONDE'S.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF CARPETINGS AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK OF MILLINERY IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK OF MANTLES, AT MODERATE PRICES, IN EVERY STYLE, At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Silk Velvets, Velveteens and Water-proof Cloakings IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Satin and Lace, Plain and Fancy Silk, Dress Trimmings, Buttons, Linings, &c., In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Ribbons, Lace, Embroidered Collars and Cuffs, And Lace Ties, in Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Broadcloths, Tweeds, Coatings, Vestings, and Tailors' Trimmings In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Linens, Prints, White and Grey Cottons In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF NEW GOODS in all the Departments, is to be found at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

30 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

MUSLINS and GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have received direct from a celebrated Printer,

2 CASES PRINTED LAWN and ORGANDIE MUSLINS.

ALSO,

LATEST DESIGNS IN

SWISS and FRENCH GRENADINES,

27, 54 and 72 inch BLACK WOOL GRENADINES,

BLACK SILK GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

April 26, 1869.

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

LOTS FOR SALE BY AUCTION, IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION at the SALE ROOMS of HECTOR McLEAN, No. 18 Sparks-st, City of Ottawa, on, Tuesday, the Fourth day of May, A.D., 1869,

at the hour of ELEVEN o'clock, A.M., the following Lots in the City of Ottawa, viz.:

Lots Nos. 44, 45, and 46 on the South side of Rideau-st., and Lots 44, 45, 46, 47 and 48 on the North side of Besserer-st.

Title believed to be indisputable, but vendor is not to be obliged to produce title deeds other than those in his possession.

Fifteen per cent. of purchase money to be paid down at time of sale, and balance within a month thereafter.

Deeds to be delivered to the purchasers on payment of purchase money, within a month from day of sale.

If balance of purchase money be not paid within the month, deposit of 15 per cent. to be forfeited, and property re-sold.

Lots to be sold separately.

For further particulars apply to WALTER R. MACDONALD, Esq., Barrister, Hamilton, or to the subscriber.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 27, 1869. 1034td

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS, THE CHEAPEST GOODS, THE CHEAPEST GOODS, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK, THE LARGEST STOCK, THE LARGEST STOCK, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED, THE BEST ASSORTED, THE BEST ASSORTED, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY, THE GREATEST VARIETY, THE GREATEST VARIETY, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE, THE BEST VALUE, THE BEST VALUE, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES, THE NEWEST STYLES, THE NEWEST STYLES, At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS, FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, DOOR MATS, DAMASKS, REPPS, PEKINADES, CHINTZES, LACES, CORNICES, COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON, 47 and 49 Sparks-st.

THE celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS and POLAR REFRIGERATORS, at ESMONDE'S.

BATHS and WATER COOLERS in the course of manufacture, at ESMONDE'S.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combination their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD, AT THE LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

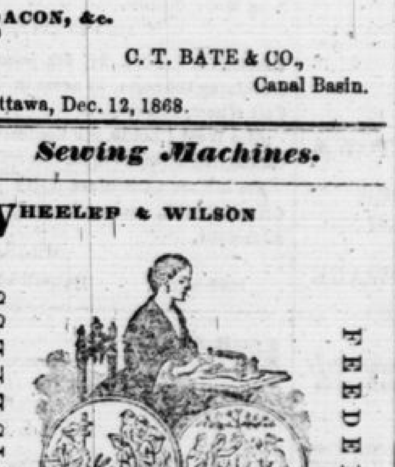
C. T. BATE & CO., Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

NOISELESS



FEEDER

SEWING MACHINES

are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3 00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON, 105 King-st. West, Toronto, and 37 Sparks st., Ottawa.

R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

Boarding.

NOTICE.

MRS. SUTTON'S BOARDING HOUSE is removed to the dwelling over Mr. Hay's Hardware Store, Sparks-st., opposite Garland, Mutchmor & Co.'s. 1024d

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA FOR ROOFS, DAMP CELLARS, &c.

CHEAP! CLEAN! FIRE-PROOF! UNDECAYING!

Suitable for all Styles, Flat or Upright.

FULL SUPPLY OF FELT AND MATERIALS FOR SALE BY

BUCHANAN & CO., Box 643 Montreal.

Send for circular with full description.

April 30, 1869. 1037b

CHAMBER SETS, cheap at ESMONDE'S.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at ESMONDE'S.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING, *BOOKBINDING,* &c., &c., &c.

To be had at

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN" *PRINTING,* AND STATIONERY STORE,

21 *Rideau-st.,*

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, large and small
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to match
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultramarine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and Letter Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS— Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES— Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c. Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal and Medium. Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours] Tinted Crayon Paper. Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS— Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER— Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER— Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER, Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS— Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS' Office Requisites supplied on reasonable terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES

Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING OF EVERY LESCRIPTION, INCLUDING Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Book Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice an on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

General Geography, with 39 coloured maps, price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do. Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,

Authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 4[illegible] illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES

The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,
At "The Ottawa Citizen" Stationery and Printing House,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN *STATIONERY* AND PRINTING HOUSE"

21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 4, 1869.

There was yesterday no market at all, owing in some measure, no doubt, to the weather, it having rained almost continually from Saturday afternoon, and snowed from an early hour yesterday morning.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs.	none.		
Mutton—per lb.	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 27½
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 17
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the articles themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

Stoves & Hardware.

BURGLARS ALARM!

BURGLARS ALARM!

A very safe and efficient BURGLARS ALARM, easily attached to any part of the house at $1.25, at H. MEADOWS & CO.

ALL THE BEST

PATTERNS AND DESIGNS

OF

COOK STOVES,

every size; the housekeepers special favourites for baking, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

OF

JELLY MOULDS, ICE CREAM MOULDS,

Jellied Turkey Moulds,

Dish Covers, Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

JOB WORK, of all kinds, in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware line attended to.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st.,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishing Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

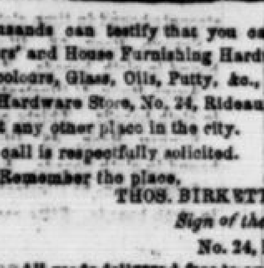
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st., Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

☞ Remember the place,

THOS. BIRKETT,

Sign of the Anvil,

No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

ALL sorts of TIN, IRON and COPPER WORK, also jobbing attended to, at

ESMONDE'S.

For Sale or to Let.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET,

With Board, in Centre Town. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, May 3. 1039-3

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO RENT.

THE SHOP AND DWELLING

KNOWN AS THE MARKET DRUG STORE,

on York-st., at present occupied by Wm. Hearn Esq. Possession can be had 1st of May.

Apply to JAMES GIBSON, York-st.

Ottawa, April 21. 1037a

TO LET,

AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to S. CHRISTIE, Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET—FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to S. SKINNER, Senate Buildings.

1028d

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET,

On or about 1st May next,

A NEW BRICK HOUSE

IN NEW EDINBURGH,

at present under lease to F. BRAUN, Esqr., Secretary of the Public Works Department; there are four Bedrooms, besides Drawing and Dining Rooms, with a large Kitchen and a spacious room over it, a Flower Garden in front, and a Kitchen Garden in rear; also an excellent well of water, with pump, cellar and a Summer Kitchen. Apply to W. A. MAINGY, Esq., New Edinburgh, or to the proprietor,

JOHN F. TAYLOR,

Clerk of the Senate,

1016tf Parliament House.

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,

1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,

Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,

Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

DUST, HEARTH, STOVE, SCRUB, CHIMNEY and Crumb Brushes at

ESMONDE'S.

COAL OIL, LAMPS, GLOBES, CHIMNEYS, Wicks, &c., &c., at

ESMONDE'S.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th INSTANT, for the purchase of the NEW STEAM SAW MILL near the mouth of the River Blanche, in East Templeton, Province of Quebec, with land and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Mill in good running order, with first-class SHINGLE MILL in addition. Size of Mill 80 x 40, with Engine House 26 x 40. Engine 80 horse power.

If not sooner disposed of it will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of Walker & Pennock, in the city of Ottawa, on the 15th INSTANT, at NOON.

Terms easy.

For fuller particulars and conditions of sale apply to

W. H. WALKER,

Solicitor for Vendor.

Ottawa, May 1, 1869. 1039b

TO LET.

Two comfortable Brick Dwelling HOUSES on Daly-st.

Possession given immediately.

For particulars apply to

A. WORKMAN, ESQ.,

Hardware Merchant,

Ottawa.

May 3, 1869. 1039-3

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,

Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

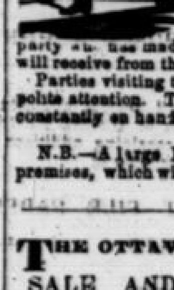
NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Newcastle, C. W.,

General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TO LUMBERERS.

QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are,

Your obdt. servants,

1000-3m M. STEVENSON & CO.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N.S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A. PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O., who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast, and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,

Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

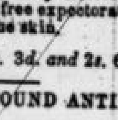
The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat; and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK  REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 880-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	[illegible]
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine [No. 2]	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

Little Sussex-st.,

Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

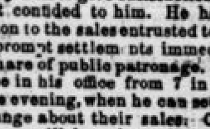
His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

75-y House, Land and General Agent.



LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Department of Marine and Fisheries, until noon of MONDAY, the 10th day of MAY next, for the supply, in *bond*, of 32,000 gallons of the best quality of COAL or REFINED PETROLEUM OIL.

The Oil is required to be non-explosive, at a vapour test of 115 ° Fahrenheit, must burn brilliantly, without smoking, until entirely consumed, and not crust the wick, must be free from all deleterious substances, and remain fluid at 10 ° Fahrenheit.

A sample of a quart to accompany each tender.

The Oil to be delivered in iron-bound casks, containing from 30 to 40 gallons each, properly prepared to prevent the oil from permeating the wood, and evaporating from the surface.

The casks to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the Oil.

The Oil to be subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk in the locality designated by the Department as follows:

5,000 gallons at Quebec—one-half on the 8th JUNE, and one-half on the 20th SEPTEMBER next.

10,000 gallons at Montreal, on the 1st July next.

14,000 do at Halifax, N.S., do do do

3,000 do at Saint John, N.B., do do do

Tenders will be accepted for the whole quantity, or for any of the lots above mentioned.

Parties tendering must give their names and addresses in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

WM. SMITH,

Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries,

Department of Marine and Fisheries,

Ottawa, 14th April, 1869. 1024-4-2aw

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

TIN SPICE BOXES,

A novelty,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 SPARKS-ST.,

OTTAWA.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 80, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank-st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN.

Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodation of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,

(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,

Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game, &c., daily.

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. S. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

L. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 899y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P, Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,

505y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞ PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL. ☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,

Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at R. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. K. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43ptf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office—over Mr. Luke Cunner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 334y

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

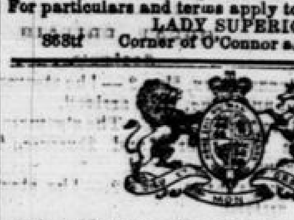
respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,

863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.



TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, 15TH MAY NEXT,

for the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8, in the 1st Con. on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF and DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville.

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONECUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipe and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House for Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE-HOUSE, STABLES and OUT-BUILDINGS for the Lieutenant-Governor's Residence. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan-street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL, to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed specifications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,

Commissioner.

Department of Public Works for Ontario,

Toronto, April 24, 1869. 1033td

PANCREATINE FOR INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion."—Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,

143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p. m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p. m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

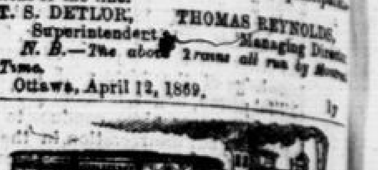
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, April 12, 1869.



BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p m and 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 9.45 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 2:15 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:50 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 5:30 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 6:20 p m.

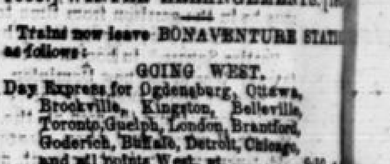
All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,

Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 9.00 a.m.

Night do do do ... 8.30 p.m.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... [illegible]

Trains for Lachine at ... [illegible] a.m., 9:30 [illegible] 3:00 p.m., 5:00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7.00 a.m.

Express for Boston at ... [illegible]

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central ... [illegible]

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... [illegible]

Express for Island Pond, at ... 2.00 p.m.

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10.00 p.m.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p.m., for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.

OTTAWA AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of said stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Tuesday, the Eleventh day of May, Next, 1869.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1869.

By order,

W. E. FALLA,

1021td Sec.-Treas.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY, C. C. Rly.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,

(Screened.)

LACKAWANNA

(Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH

(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITHS,

$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

THE TIMES is printed and published by The OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

VOL. IV.

Marriage L[icenses]

AGAR YEILDING, Agent for MARRIAGE LI[CENSES] of Ottawa, by commission fr[om] the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence H[all]

Ottawa, April 9, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENT[S]

AT

THE MEDICA[L]

28 Sparks-st., [...]

Toilet Boxes in variety.

Rimmel's New Perfume[s]

Cambridge Bo[...]

Oxford Bo[...]

Engl[...]

Silver Top Smelling Bottle[s]

Scotch Plaid Smelling [...]

Improved Perfum[...]

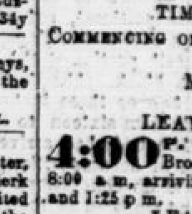
A complete stock just receive[d] Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Ch[emicals] Druggists' Sundries

W. M. [...]

Family and D[...]

Prize Medal, 1862.



FOR CONS[UMPTION] treated with [...] PANCREAT[INE]

See *The Lan[cet]*, *Journal*, *Medical Press*, &c.

CASE 154.—Says emulsion [...] well; makes him feel quite [...] week, extraordinary improve[ment] says he has lost cough, eats [...] *The Lancet Report.*

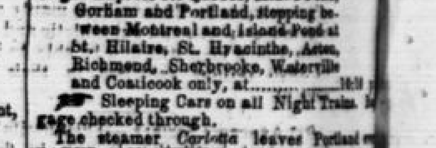
Caution.—The genuine PA[NCREATIC EMUL]SION sold only in bottles, 2s [...] Savory & Moore's labels and [...]

THE BEST FOOD [...] resembling Mother's M[ilk] [...]ble.—Dr. H. Barker on right [...] "THE INFANT PRINCE [...] Prince should."—*Social Science* [...] "A REAL IMPROVEM[ENT] [...] ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S [...] one that keeps good in all cl[imates] No boiling or straining. T[...]

SAVORY & [MOORE]

143, Ne[w Bond-st.]

Agents—Messrs. F. Cundi[ll]



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, [...]

AND

☞ UNDERT[AKER]

FURNIT[URE]

of every description, made [...] and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnis[hed] ings for any kind of wood [...] correctly executed.

Particular attention paid t[o]

GOTHIC & FANCY [...]

FUNER[ALS]

furnished at the shortest [notice] country.

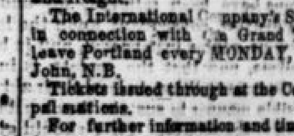
METALLIC AND O[...]

always on hand.

EXPRESS W[AGGONS]

for the removal of household [...] waggons for lumber and oth[er] [...]

N.B.—Residence at the w[...] st., opposite the marke[t]



WATC[HES]

J. SEWILL, LIVE[RPOOL]

Manufacturer by speci[al appointment to] HER MAJESTY THE QUE[EN]

AND

COURT OF [...]

THE RIGHT HONORABL[E] [COM]MISSIONERS OF TH[E] [...]

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN V[ICTORIA'S] NAVY

Prize Medallist of the Great [Exhibi]tion of London, 1862, [...] versal Exhibition o[f] [...]

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN L[...]

Agent for [...] for the sale of these celebra[ted] [...]

H. & A. SAU[...]

Sole Wholesale Agents in [...] sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, [...] presentatives in the Cou[ncil] [...] Physicians and Surgeons o[f] [...] Territorial Divisions consti[tuted] [...] 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of On*[tario]) [...] TUESDAY, the 8th day of [...]

There will be no nominat[ion] [...]

The votes will be cas[t] [...] which will be sent from th[e] [...] tered practitioner on the 2[...]

These voting papers mu[st] [...] to instructions which will [...] transmitted to the Returni[ng] [...] in which the voter resides [...]

The voting papers will [...] turning Officers of the seve[ral] [...] at two o'clock, p.m., on th[e] [...] the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Di[vision] [...]
Malahide and Tecumseth [...]
Saugeen and Brock [...]
Gore and Thames [...]
Erie and Niagara [...]
Burlington and Home [...]
Midland and York [...]
King's and Queen's [...]
Newcastle and Trent [...]
Quinte and Cataraqui [...]
Bathurst and Rideau [...]
St. Lawrence and Eastern [...]

The names of the Return[ing] [...] nished on a printed envelo[pe] [...] registered practitioner.

Medical Registration Offi[ce] [...] Hamilton, April 15th [...]

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING [...]

LEA[DER]

Is sold by J. R. BAT[...] HOUSE, daily, at ONE c[ent] [...]

Ottawa, April 26.

BEAUTIFUL PA[...] DOW SH[ADES] [...] Very cheap, AT THE [...]

ANY PERSON H[AVING] a good second hand [...] find a purchaser by appl[ying] TO TH[E] [...]

THE BEST ASSO[RTMENT] [of] CHINA in the Do[minion] AT TH[E] [...]

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1041. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scoten Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

CASE 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly. —*The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.
Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,
Very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying
TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

WATER! WATER! WATER!

SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

Having purchased part of the cargo of the vessel *City of Limerick*, lately wrecked, we will offer the whole for sale, commencing

MONDAY, 5TH APRIL,

and continuing the following days until all the goods are disposed of. This is an opportunity to secure bargains which may not offer again for years. The greater part of the goods have received scarcely any damage, so that parties who call early will have the best chance of getting bargains, as we will make no reserve but throw each line of goods by itself, and let the first who comes first have the best pick. The following are some of the damaged goods, viz.:

10	CASES	ASSORTED BLEACHED COTTONS,
1	do	SHEETINGS,
1	do	QUILTS,
2	do	TOWELS,
1	do	PRINTS,
1	do	ASSORTED LINEN GOODS,
2	do	ASSORTED DRESS GOODS,
1	do	SILKS,
3	do	MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SKIRTS,
2	do	DRESS MUSLINS,
10	do	ASSORTED GOODS.

We give a list of prices that some of the goods will be sold for to give parties an idea of the bargains they will be able to get. A nice lot of DRESS GOODS for 6d 7½d to 9d per yard.

	£	s	d
Ladies' Mantles only	£0	5	0
Splendid Prints, worth 9d, only	0	0	6
Towels, "all Linen," only	0	0	4
Dress Muslins, per yard, only	0	0	6
Mantle Cloths, only			0;
Pocket Handkerchiefs, each, only			1½
Gloves, per pair, only			6
Table Damasks, per yard, only	0	2	6
Stylish Cloths, per yard, only	0	1	
Parasols, each, only	0	1	
Gents' Neckties, "latest styles," each, only			0

LOOK! LOOK!

50 pieces Dress Lining, only 1d per yd.

ATTENTION!—Two cases more of those spools for 1d, worth 3d.

Don't delay in calling early as the first pick will be the best.

We have also received a splendid assortment of all the latest styles in SPRING GOODS in perfect order, which we will sell lower than any house in this city.

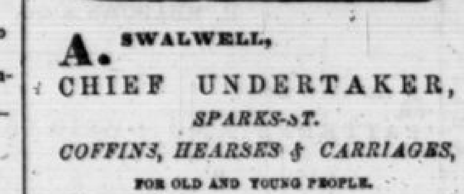
CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

10 cases in all the new styles, just arrived, which will be sold very low. For particulars in price see our Clothing Bills.

The place to secure these immense bargains is at the old cheap spot, THE OCCIDENTAL, in Stewart's Brick Block, Corner Rideau and Sussex-sts., Sign of the White Flag.

H. HICK & CO.



A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st, first Brick House below the market.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette*,) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 682y

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2	GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50	GOOD PEA JACKETS.
$4	OVERCOATS,
$9	COMPLETE SUITS
$1	GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS. $1 and $1.25	UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25	DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

Teas.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Good Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	[illegible]
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of

PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups,
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon,
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [illegible] solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to F. RRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

Dry Goods.

OPENED OUT

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,

A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,

A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,

A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,

A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS

IN NEW MATERIALS,

A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,

A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,

TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 5s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Publications.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,

HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.

City papers may be had at 6 a. m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.

A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical sketches.

Gardening for Profit.
Breck's New Book of Flowers.
Buist's Flower Garden Directory.
The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.

J. DURIE & SON,
Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

Decorating & Painting.

A. W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a

FEW DAYS

OPEN A FIRST-CLASS

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the

FIRST FLOOR

OF THE

MASONIC HALL BLOCK,

ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK

In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6. 1015tf

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c. Printed on the shortest notice.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

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FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.
April 27, 1869. 1034tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication
of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578y

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Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Locking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,
GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,

AND

DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
1007tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address

E. F. McAVAY & CO.,

Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

34 SUSSEX-ST.

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

THE NORTHWEST.

COMMUNICATION WITH THE NORTH-WEST.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Now that the accession of the North-west Territory may be accepted as a verity, it is pleasing to see the interest taken in the subject of rendering it available for the great purposes for which it was sought to be acquired. Your own valuable columns in a series of late issues shew this by the different writers, all stimulated by the all-prevalent public sentiment, so forcibly presenting their opinions more or less practical and practicable on the subject. However they may differ in other respects in this one point they are all agreed: that the first great essential requisite, is the earliest possible opening up of a good reliable means of communication with that vast territory. On this then all are agreed as a necessity; an imperative necessity, demanding immediate, active and energetic attention.

Thousands of enterprising Canadians are now anxiously awaiting the first opening opportunity for transplanting their vigourous energies thither. The teeming superabundants of British population are crying out for room in this new land of promise, where they may still rally round the old flag, and perpetuate British proclivities and the love of British honour, law and liberty.

What then can be done, or what shall we do to meet this emergency, while at the same time securing the best interests of the whole Dominion as therewith involved.

Of all those who have addressed themselves to the public in your columns, Mr. A. P. Macdonald has done so most practically. To the general view of his scheme I have nothing to oppose, and in regard to minor details any difference of opinion need not be now stated. But while advocating in accord with him the through railway route, there is an anterior and auxiliary scheme which should first of all be taken hold of. It is one I hold to be essentially requisite, not only as promotive of Mr. Macdonald's, but as imperatively necessary to be prosecuted at once; it is practicable; it can be consummated in a year—will ever continue of great importance—it will cost very little—complete exploratory surveys have already been made, and the route definitively established.

Mr. Macdonald allows that it will require *six years* to construct the railway he proposes. Suppose it can be done in this time, (although I question whether exploration will not consume half of that time, and arranging with the Indians half as much more) what are we to do in the meantime? Are we to allow all the existing zeal, energy, enthusiasm, and desire to die out; and lose the golden opportunity we now have of establishing the best possible substrata of a healthy settlement of the most desirable population for our new territory? We cannot afford to wait these ten years or even six years; we must enter and possess the land at once.

How is this to be done? To me it appears plain, simple, and easy.

From Fort William, on Lake Superior, to Fort Garry, is 441 miles.

Fort William is accessible, as is well known, to even ocean craft for six months in the year. To tourists, or for special transport, in early spring, or on the approach of winter, the route from Toronto, via Collingwood, might be taken. This, however, in no measure affects the main question.

From Fort William to the navigable waters of the Summit level is 40 miles. (This route avoids Dog Lake, and its damning necessities, as also the narrow and tortuous course of the Savaune River.)

We have then a reach of deep water navigation extending	70 miles.
An intervening portage of	2 miles,
Brings us to a water reach of	15 miles.
Here, again, another portage of	2 miles,
Brings us to a water level of	27 miles.
A stone's throw here, or, in fact,	¼ mile,
Puts us on a water stretch of	17 miles
Here a portage of	2 miles,
Launches us on a navigable reach of	56 miles.
We are now at Fort Francis, and only separated from the Lake of the Woods by a space of	½ mile.
On the Lake of the Woods we then have a beautiful navigation of	120 miles.
After which we are brought to Fort Garry over a level plain of 90 miles	90 miles.

This route would require six steamboats, which the improvements of a second year might reduce to a system of cheap lock-up to three. In the meantime, however, affording us 305 miles of navigable waters, and of a total route of 441 miles, leaving only 136 miles of ordinary road or railway to be made. For this, doubtless, in the meantime, a wooden railway would be the most desirable and cheapest. Timber is abundant over the greater portion of the route and the greatest possible means of transport of materials.

The steamboats need not be expensive ones. The navigation is so sheltered by the countless islands in the lakes that vessels of light construction and light draught would answer all purposes.

Many millions are spoken of as required for the great through railway, and *many years* consumed in its construction.

Here you have a route capable of being rendered fit for use for *half a million*, and within one year. Let it be done.

G. McMICKEN.

NOTE.—The height to be overcome in ascending from Lake Superior is within the first 40 miles, and amounts to about 840 feet. No grade need exceed 80 feet to the mile. Baggage and freight trucks could be constructed so as to run on the boats, and thus go through to Fort Garry without breaking bulk.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vexata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY. For sale by all druggists.

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of *Grace's Celebrated Salve*, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing office. Only 25 cents a box.

THE EXPORT DUTY ON SAWLOGS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—I am not in the habit of writing for newspapers, but seeing the letter of John Charlton in Saturday's TIMES, I cannot let it go by default. Whoever John Charlton is, he may safely be put down as demented. He tells us "that the interests of the Ottawa Valley Lumbermen cannot, in the remotest degree, be effected by the abrogation of the export duty on sawlogs, shingle and stave bolts," and invokes the trade and navigation returns to show that little or nothing is being done in the exportation of sawlogs, &c., out of the counties of Norfolk and Elgin. If Mr. Charlton will look at the returns for 1867, (which are the latest I have at hand,) he will find that $117,730 worth of boards and planks were shipped or exported from the port of Ottawa that season, whereas there must have been over two millions of dollars' worth exported, and this is a fair sample of the correctness of these reports. I admit the quantity of sawlogs exported from this section is not large, but it would have been considerable only for the export duty. In 1867 there was a considerable quantity of logs contracted for, to go to Whitehall, which were duly delivered. Mr. Charlton, in his recklessness, states that the cost of transporting sawlogs, from Ottawa to Whitehall, per M. ft., "cannot fail to be nearly double that of transporting sawn lumber." Now, the rate of freight on sawn lumber, from Ottawa to Whitehall, is $3 50 to $3 75 per M. ft., per barges. To put Mr. Charlton to the test, I will undertake (and give good security) to transport any quantity of sawlogs, above ten million feet, from Ottawa to Whitehall, for $2 50 per M. feet, or about 30 per cent. less than can be done by boats. In this view of the case how stands it? Why, that the exporter of sawlogs would have the advantage of getting his lumber freighted 25 to 30 per cent. less, and would then have his lumber there, free of duty, which averages $2 50 per M.; in fact, if the export duty is removed, giving him $3 50 per M. ft. of an advantage over the Canadian manufacturer. Need any one ask if this would be desirable? Would it not be better for this country that the saw mills here should cut the lumber into boards and planks, instead of sending the raw material to the United States, thereby giving our neighbours the profits, and *their country*, instead of *ours*, the benefit of having it manufactured in this country? I will only add that I hope the Government will not be prevailed upon to give way to the pressure at present being brought to bear upon them, to have the export duty removed to please the representatives of one or two counties, to the great disadvantage of a large portion of the Dominion, and to the advantage of our neighbours south of forty-five.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
OTTAWA LUMBERMAN.
May 3, 1869.

LATE EUROPEAN NEWS.

A Cork paper states that emigration from that harbor for America "continues to increase." The *Palmyra* (Cunard line) shipped four hundred passengers, and next day a vessel of the Guion company took away two hundred and eighty. Crowds remained for the Inman steamer. "So great is the demand for passage that in some of the agents' offices the books are closed against new applicants until next month."

The Duke of Genoa (Prince Thomas of Savoy) has just entered at Harrow school. While there he will be in the family of Mr. Matthew Arnold, who is residing at Harrow. The young prince brings no suite with him of any kind, but he will be at liberty on Sundays to attend Roman Catholic service in London.

In the North German Parliament, a resolution was introduced by Herr Twesten and Count Munster demanding the appointment of a responsible Federal Ministry. The resolution was strenuously opposed by Count Bismark, but was adopted by 111 votes against 100.

M. Emile de Girardin, the editor of the Paris *Liberte*, has received a challenge from M. Anatole de la Forge; a well-known French writer, engaged on the staff of the *Siecle*. Years ago, however, M. de Girardin fought a duel, and had the misfortune to kill his opponent. He has always refused to fight. [illegible] suggests that the duel should take place with pens, ink, and paper, each combatant to be furnished with a good supply, and the first who uses it up to be declared the victor.

An arrangement was concluded at Berlin on the 1st instant in virtue of which the patterns and samples of commercial travellers are to be admitted duty free into Great Britian and the States of the Zollverein, subject only to such conditions as will insure their re-exportation after a lapse of time, which is not to exceed twelve months. The principal condition is that the duty to which the patterns or samples would be liable is to be deposited at the custom house at which they are imported, or security given for the amount.

At Cincinnati, twenty-one years ago last Thursday, as a party of gentlemen were enjoying themselves in an interesting contest at euchre, one of them was suddenly called home, to be introduced to a young son. On last Thursday that son celebrated the event of his arriving at maturity by inviting the same party of players to his residence, where the game was played out without further interruption.

The New York *Times* of the 25th says:—"The threatened strikes for the coming summer are going on with redoubled vigor, and compromises which we advised, and which we hoped might prevail, appear to be as remote as ever. There is not the slightest disposition to compromise evinced by either the employers or the employees, and the fight in all probability will shortly ensue."

—An English paper states that the dwarf Highlanders are going out of fashion in London. Of late there has been a run upon naval costumes, and it is not an unusual thing to meet a five year old boatswain in the park whistle and all complete, accompained by his nurse, who draws a perambulator into which the hardy sailor is put when he wants to sleep.

—The Macon (Ga.) *Messenger*, says:—There is now living near Little River, Horry District, S. C., a negro man, named Jacob Manning, who is 118 years of age. He is rational, has good health, and is surrounded by descendants to the fifth generation.

—The grand jury at the Wellington assizes last week, found the Guelph jail clean and comfortable; but there were bugs in the partitions. They recommended that the partitions, which are in a filthy state, be pulled down as soon as possible, and replaced with boiler plate iron.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Trunks Lost or Stolen—J. P. Macpherson.
Steamers for the Upper Ottawa—R. S. Cassels.
Piano for Sale—Major Alexander.
Bees for Sale—E. Spencer.
Dress and Cloak Making—Miss Elliott.
Orphans' Home Benefit—Lecture by Dr. Grant.
Bowman's Canadian Copying Ink and Book—Jones & Holland.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

In the Senate yesterday several measures, supplementary to the Criminal Laws, were read a third time and passed.

In the Commons, three Bills relating to the Criminal Laws were read a third time and passed, and three others passed through committee. Hon. Mr. Rose announced his intention of bringing down his budget on Friday afternoon; and Sir John A. Macdonald stated that the second reading of the Insolvency Act would be moved on Tuesday, when the general discussion on the merits of the Bill would be taken. The House adjourned at six o'clock.

We understand that his Grace, the Most Rev. Dr. Connolly, Archbishop of Halifax, arrived here last night, and is the guest of his Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa.

The Hon. Dr. Tupper arrived here yesterday, and occupied his seat in the House during the afternoon.

The fact that some eight Bills, seven of them Government measures, have passed through one or other branch of Parliament within the first fourteen working days of the session, speaks well for the forward state of public business. In addition to this the initiatory steps in supply have been taken, and a portion of the estimates is already in the hands of members.

It will be noticed that this Session the Government has wisely distributed the public business between the two Houses, several measures having been initiated in the Senate, which according to former practice would have been first introduced in the Commons. This facilitates the progress of the business of Parliament, and tends to lessen the "crush" so usual at the end of a Session, when all parties complain that measures are being hurried through without due consideration.

This evening the citizen's ball, in honour of his Excellency the Governor-General, the members of the Privy Council, and of the two branches of the Legislature, takes place at the Skating Rink. The Rink has been admirably fitted up for the occasion, the decorations being such as to show off the assemblage to the greatest advantage. We are happy to hear that everything so far betokens the complete success of this first effort, on the part of the citizens, to show their appreciation of the dignity conferred upon Ottawa by its selection as the Capital of the Dominion. There are, it is true, some classes of our citizens whose circumstances do not permit them, and of whom it is not expected, to assist in contributing to the success of the ball. But all those whose means and social position qualify them for taking part in the evening's proceedings should be there, if only to show by their presence that the distinguished guests in whose honour the ball is given, are in fact, as well as in name, made heartily welcome, by the people of Ottawa. We have every confidence that it will be done; and to-morrow we shall endeavour to give a full account of the ball, with the names of the invited guests, and those of the citizens who were present to receive them.

The Royal Canadian Bank's affairs have been the subject of no little conversation in Ottawa these past few days. The extraordinary course of the vice-President, the Hon. D. Macdonald, in preferring charges of a serious character, in a "private and "confidential" circular, against his brother directors, is one upon which, in the absence of full particulars relating to matters of fact, we do not feel competent to pronounce an opinion. But one thing is certain: with the history of Sir John Dean Paul, and his partners, Strachan and Bates; with the more recent record of the Overend, Gurney & Co. affair in England, not to mention some occurrences in Canada, before the peoples' eyes, it will be strange if the shareholders of the bank do not institute a searching investigation concerning its management. It is extremely satisfactory to know that despite the wrangling and mismanagement imputed to the directors, the bill-holders are amply secured, and the depositors quite safe, so that though in all probability a "run" may take place upon the bank, there is not the slightest need of alarm except among the shareholders whose property at present suffers, at least a temporary depreciation, by the conduct of those whom they placed in charge over it.

We presume that it is no secret to business men that there has recently been a considerable falling off in importations. This, of course, has caused a corresponding diminution in the customs revenue; and while the country may be congratulated on the soundness of its trade in avoiding excesses, or in trying to work off to advantage the excesses of former years, it is quite possible that the hon. Minister of Finance will not have such a pleasant story to tell on Friday next, when he makes his financial statement, as he would have had, had the country been running riot in the mad spirit of over-trading. We cannot say that he regrets this. It is pleasant of course for a Finance Minister to be able to meet Parliament with an overflowing exchequer; and so far as Mr. Rose is personally concerned, it would certainly have delighted us to have had the opportunity of seeing him do this. But we cannot regret that that the country has not bought more than it requires to consume; we cannot regret the evidence which we anticipate Mr. Rose will give that the business of the year has been conducted on prudent and conservative principles—principles alike conservative of individual reputation and public credit. Nor is it matter for melancholy reflection that the estimates, so far brought down, show an earnest desire on the part of the Government to confine the public expenditure within the narrowest possible limits. On the contrary, we have good hopes that such a state of affairs is really wholesome, because it teaches us, amidst all our grand schemes of expansion, that we have daily obligations of a practical character to meet; and we ought to conclude that their fulfilment is, and should always be, the "first charge" upon our resources. It then the state of affairs may not prove to be all that the Finance Minister might wish, we are at least glad to be able to assure our readers that it is such as will prove the existence of a healthy moderation in trade.

It is really remarkable how "circum-"stances alter cases." To the representatives of the Lower Provinces, a western luminary tells us, the presence of "Messrs. J. S. Macdonald and E. B. "Wood," in the Canadian House of Commons, must be a mortal offence, because of their holding seats in the Ontario Legislature. But the immaculate Mr. Blake, who is in precisely the same position, may sit at Ottawa, not only without offence to anybody, but to the edification and profit of the whole Dominion! If a supporter of the Government happens to hold a seat in the Legislature of his own Province, then his votes are controlled by "improper influences;" but if an Opposition member is in precisely the same position, no whisper should be heard against his independence! The logic is odd, but then it comes from a man who failed, after the most strenuous exertions, to obtain any seat at all. But to be just to Mr. Blake, if the fact of his holding two seats is against his own and his mentor's doctrine, it must be admitted that in practice he conforms to his theory. He does not discharge the duties imposed by both commissions, and thereby, it may be presumed, vindicates his "prin-"ciples" and acquits his conscience.

Mr. John Sandfield Macdonald has been, in the eyes of the Toronto organ, a very objectionable man in Parliament for a long time. Though eminently qualified for an Attorney General in 1858, his stubborn adherence to certain matters of fact which somebody wanted badly to have lied away, rendered him an object of opposition at the polls in 1861; and since that date it is scarcely possible to recall an instance in which his public course has received other than a forced acknowledgment from the same quarter. But the real complaint against Messrs. J. S. Macdonald and E. B. Wood, is not that they sit in the Dominion Legislature. It is that they are members of the Ontario Cabinet; that they, with their colleagues, administer the public affairs of the Province of Ontario, with a large and *increasing* majority of the Legislature at their backs. It is because in the very field where the arch-agitator counted to a certainty upon ruling supreme, his influence has been dwarfed to insignificant proportions. Therefore the question of "dual representation" is enlarged upon. If we are to be told that because these gentlemen are Local Ministers, objections lie against their sitting in the House of Commons, that do not affect Mr. Blake's position, the answer is obvious. The Ontario Legislature, by the advice, and at the instance of these very gentlemen, has provided that Local Ministers of that Province shall not sit in the Parliament of Canada; or, what is the same thing, that no member of Parliament can hold a seat in the Ontario Cabinet. Hence the question of "dual representation" no longer touches their position as Ministers; because one or other they must give up after the next election.

The same brilliant organ advances another admirable theory. It was all wrong for the Legislature of United Canada to settle any question affecting Upper Canada by Lower Canada votes; but it would be quite right now to settle a question affecting Ontario in a manner contrary to the deliberate expression of its own Legislature through the aid of votes contributed by Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. The difference all lies in the question whether the ox is my ox or yours; if yours, it is all wrong; if mine, it is all right. Opposition to dual representation is "a correct principle," and when a man gets hold of "a correct principle" it is sheer "impertinence" to object to his stuffing it down the throat of every other man he meets. The doctrine is a very pleasant one in theory; but the practical application of it is attended with some weighty drawbacks. Who is to be the judge of the "correct "principle?" Shall the great G. B. judge for everybody, or will not every one set up the pretension of judging for himself? The latter habit has become abominably prevalent in Ontario of late years, and, as may be imagined, as it has spread, the influence of G. B., has kept pace with it by diminishing in proportion. No wonder, therefore, that we read of the "impertinence" of "Tory "organs," when they dare to claim that Ontario and Quebec may be permitted to settle, in their own way, a question that New Brunswick and Nova Scotia had previously determined in a manner to suit themselves. Why should a "Tory organ" pretend that the judgment of the Ontario Legislature ought not to be over-ridden by the General Parliament, when that judgment is contrary to one of G. B.'s "correct principles?" The "impertinence" is monstrous, and we wonder at our own hardihood in having dared to be guilty of it. It came, however, from our inability to appreciate the value of our censor's "principles;" and from a vague notion that a condition of things which had manifestly been productive of much good, ought not to be violently disturbed, in the absence of any evidence that it had ever been productive of a single evil. We were tempted to claim, from the Nova Scotians and New Brunswickers, a right which they had already claimed: and exercised for themselves the right to define the limits of the responsibilities they chose to impose upon their public men. This, of course, was a grave offence. Though Upper Canada, as being a part of Canada, and, therefore, subject to the judgment of the whole Legislature, could not brook a decision, unless affirmed by a majority of its representatives; yet Ontario, as a separate Province, should be thankful to the representatives of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick for reversing the judgment of its own Legislature in a matter affecting the representation of its people in Parliament. This is *Globe* logic; but we neither appreciate its soundness, nor believe in its sincerity. Were it not "for several "causes, chiefly personal," our Western *confrere* would see all these things in a very different light.

The Hon. R. J. Walker is an authority on matters financial, commercial, political and general. He is in the eyes of certain Nova Scotian politicians as great an authority as the redoubted Styles, who from his snug clerkship in the Washington Treasury, indites safe treason to the Provinces. Under the old Roman laws, forbidding the carrying of dangerous weapons, scribes were prohibited from carrying styles, numerous murders having been committed with these somewhat dangerous steel pens, and so rampant has the Americanized Styles become, that blood would soon flow under his powerful thrust if he had his way. Walker makes use of other styles of argument than the Treasury Clerk. He has a reputation, writes under his own name, and holds out the most delightful inducements to join our destinies to those of the United States. He predicts that by so doing the good time shall arrive when we can "hang the trumpet in the hall, and study war no more." When that day comes the winter of discontent will vanish; no more debt then; no more distress; no more bad crops; no more failures in the fisheries; no sterile ground; no childless house; no loss of seamen; no loss of ships; the desert will rejoice and blossom as the rose; for thistles, figs, for thorns, grapes will grow and ripen, and a glorious summer, a perennial harvest, a succession of delights will for ever exist; no ice, except what is required to cool our sherry cobblers; a true Paradise from which, like the Peris, we are now excluded, not having even the negative virtue of the Peris of seeking admission. A slight shock is given to the full credit to be bestowed on the Hon. R. J. Walker's statements, by a few lines in the New York *Tribune*, touching an opinion on another subject, alleged to have been given by that Right Honourable Gentleman:

"Is it quite sure," says the *Tribune*, "that this opinion was *given?* Mr. Walker has a way of *selling* his opinions, and at pretty fair rates. It does not seem probable that he would resort to giving at this late day. The love of gold, is reported (to be) a passion which waxes rather than wanes with ripening years."

Fortified with this opinion of the *Tribune*, we are tempted, as we read the glowing periods and cheering prophecies of the Hon. R. J. Walker, to apply the dexter thumb to the tip of our nose, and while blandly waving our digits in the air, to murmur pensively—Walker!

THE DOMINION RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

Yesterday the council of the Dominion Rifle Association met at 12 o'clock, in the office of the Adjutant-General, 15 members being present.

The report of the Secretary, Lieut.-Col. Stuart, A.A.G., was presented, giving a general and comprehensive review of the operations of the Association during the past year.

The financial affairs of the Association for the year were also wound up, showing the gratifying result that there are in the hands of the Treasurer, Lieut.-Col. Powell, D.A.G., a sum of $1,000 still unexpended.

Two of the prizes won at the late tournament at Laprairie were placed on the table for the inspection of members of the council.

One, a piece of plate—a large vase or cup—value $800, composed of silver and parcel gilt richly chased and embossed, with a figure of Victory on the lid, was won by the Province of Quebec team of 15 with 361 points—four ranges, five shots at each range, Enfield rifles.

The other, a challenge cup, presented by Mrs. Macdougall, wife of the Adjutant-General, is a beautiful article of silver gilt, embellished with a wreath entwining the rose, shamrock, thistle and maple leaves, and of the value of $200. It was won by Dr. May, private, 19th battalion, St. Catherines, with 35 points.

After the meeting these articles were taken to the Senate Chamber for exhibition during the afternoon, and may be seen in the window at Leslie's, for a few days.

To-day there is to be a general meeting of the Association, for the election of officers for the ensuing year, &c., &c., in the large room in the western departmental block, at 12 o'clock, noon.

THE RECOGNITION OF CUBAN INDEPENDENCE BY THE REPUBLIC OF MEXICO.

The following official correspondence has been received by the Central Republican Junta of Cuba and Porto Rico in New York. Mr. Santacilia is a son-in-law of Juarez:

MEXICO, April 3, 1869

To the Central Republican Junta of Cuba and Porto Rico, in New York.

I have the pleasure to inform you that the government of this Republic has resolved that the Cuban flag be admitted into the ports of the nation, although no official declaration has yet been made, recognizing the belligerent rights of our brothers. I have hopes that Congress will not delay in taking the Cuban question again into consideration, and I have many reasons to believe that something will be done, showing the generous sympathy of the noble Mexican people toward our country.

Our country and liberty.

P. SANTACILIA,
Agent of the Republic of Cuba in Mexico.

MEXICO, April 6, 1869.

To the Central Republican Junta of Cuba and Porto Rico, in New York.

When I announced to you, in my previous communication, dated April 3, that the Government had resolved upon the admission of the Cuban flag in the ports of the Republic, I also indicated that Congress would soon take the same question again into consideration, and I did not hesitate to announce that its resolution would be in every point of view favourable to the cause of our brothers. To-day, I have the pleasure to inform you that the House approved yesterday, by a majority of one hundred votes against twelve, the proposition presented by more than fifty deputies, authorizing the Executive to recognize the Cubans as belligerents whenever it may deem it convenient to do so; and, as the Executive before receiving the authorization had already ordered that the flag of our country should be admitted into the ports of the Republic, the recognition is really established, Mexico being the first nation to thus manifest, by official acts, the generous sympathy in favour of the Cuban revolution. So perfect was the unanimity of the majority of the House with regard to this sentiment that there was no discussion whatever after the proposition was presented, and, therefore, those who, like myself, were prepared to defend it, found not even an opportunity to speak. Not only was the motion accepted without discussion, but it was also exempted from the usual rules and formalities, as the House considered that it was unnecessary to hear the report of a committee when the representatives of the people were so well convinced of the justice of the resolution. It is proper that I should here mention to you a fact which, in my opinion, is of the highest significance, that in the votes which favoured the motion are represented all the parties in Congress; a circumstance which suffices to prove that in questions of a high order and of a peculiar character, there is, and always will be, the most perfect union and agreement between all thinking men of any standing in Mexico, who belong to the great Republican party. Our country and liberty!

P. SANTACILIA,
Agent of the Republic of Cuba in Mexico.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

TUESDAY, May 4, 1869.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock p.m.

After routine

The following petitions were presented:

Hon. Mr. PRICE—Of the inhabitants of Baie St. Paul, in the county of Charlevoix, praying for a weekly post on the north shore of the St. Lawrence,—also, for aid to construct break-water and landing piers,—also, for a subsidy to aid a line of steamers, to run semi-weekly on the north shore.

Hon. Mr. PRICE—Of the inhabitants of St. Hillairon, county of Charlevoix, praying for the same purposes as the above.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON—Of A. C. Thompson and others, of the town of Barrie, praying that in any legislation on the subject of banking, no change of a fundamental character be made in the present system; and that the circulation of the bank be preserved on its present basis.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON—Of C. H. Ross, and others, of the town of Barrie, praying for the same purposes as the above.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES' CLAUSES BILL.

Pursuant to the Order of the day the House went into a Committee of the Whole (Hon. Mr. Skead in the chair) upon a Bill intituled "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Clauses Act."

Hon. Mr. DICKEY said the limited liability principle was adopted in this Bill. That principle had not been adopted in Nova Scotia, and it was a serious matter for them to consider whether they should introduce such a principle in the Lower Provinces.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL apprehended that his hon. friend was thinking of banking corporations, and not corporations for carrying on other business. Neither in England nor in Canada was there a provision by which any company, other than a banking company, are subject to a double liability clause in their act of incorporation. In all banking operations the double liability principle forms a guarantee to those who take bills upon the faith of those institutions. To put such a clause in this bill would prevent persons from associating together to carry on manufactures and other business by which the public is benefited. The object of a single liability clause is to provide that capitalists may be induced to carry on business of importance to the country; that capital may be brought together without the shareholders being liable beyond their stock in any concern. Many a person is willing to take a certain amount of stock in a concern, and run his chance of succeeding, very often for the sake of doing good in the community where he lives. In such cases it would be very wrong to insert a double liability clause in the Act of incorporation. In every paper the company issues, and in every opportunity which offers, they represent to the world that they are a limited liability company, so that no further trust will be given them than their circumstances warrant. Any man putting a small sum into these undertakings knows that there are certain contingencies before him, that his stock has to be paid up, and the servants of the company paid, and this is the extent of his responsibility. Both in England and in this country this principle of limited liability fosters many enterprises which otherwise would never be undertaken. His hon. friend from the old Province of Canada would agree with him that the single liability principle had always been acted upon in manufacturing companies with advantageous results. A great mistake would be made, which would detract from the usefulness of those incorporations, if we introduced double liability clauses to joint stock companies hereafter.

Hon. Mr. ROBERTSON spoke in favour of the double liability principle, but was inaudible in the gallery.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT said there was a general act in New Brunswick which extended the limited liability principle to all incorporations, except banking and insurance. In Great Britain also the limited liability principle had been carried out to a great extent. There was great difference of opinion as to whether this principle should be extended or not. Latterly in almost every Act outside of the provisions contained in the General Act we have encouraged the double liability principle, as great losses have occurred in consequence of the recklessness of some single liability companies.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY said the policy of Nova Scotia has been up to the present time not to incorporate any company under the single liability principle, except mining companies. He thought the sentiments enunciated here to-day showed that the single liability principle had not worked as well as those who introduced it in the first instance thought it would. A number of companies had failed in England, and brought down disaster upon many people. On the other side of the question it was said that the limited liability principle stimulated manufactories. There was no doubt but it did good, but in some instances it was attended with lamentable results. He (Mr. McCully) was not prepared to say it was not a good principle, but it would be its first introduction into Nova Scotia. It is an experiment, and we should well consider whether it is adapted to our position. He would regret to say anything that would militate against the principle, that would induce capitalists to employ their capital in works which would be for the benefit of the country.

Hon. Mr. LOCKE said they gave a company advantages by the limited liability principle which the merchant did not have. A company could speculate to a great extent because they were limited only to a certain liability in the business, while a merchant was liable for all his property outside of his business. This he considered very unfair to a young country like this. A company should have no advantages over a private individual.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY said the Postmaster-General had referred to the fact of the individuals of the company being liable for the pay of the servants of the company. He will find on reference to the Bill that the company is not liable for this, but only the directors. There was nothing to prevent any man from selling his stock to a man of straw. He could do this without the consent of the Directors. The only protection is in the 21st section, which says "No share shall be transferable until all previous calls thereon have been fully paid in, or until declared forfeited for non-payment of calls thereon."

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON said the principle contained in this bill had been practically in operation in Canada for some time, and though no doubt but much might be said against a limited liability principle for trading companies, yet no company applying for incorporation but has had this principle accorded to them. This being the case, we must believe that in this country, where capital is limited, it is best to allow companies to be incorporated upon the limited liability principle. It is better to have a general act for this purpose, than to have persons coming here for individual acts. He was not aware of any serious evils having resulted from the adoption of this principle. He referred to one case in which it had a disastrous result, but it was in consequence of men subscribing for a very large amount of stock, and then paying in a very small instalment, not more than five per cent., while they were liable for immense sums which they were called upon to pay.

The several clauses of the Bill having been read and verbal amendments made, it was reported as agreed to, and the third reading ordered for to-morrow.

MILITARY AND NAVAL STORES BILL.

The House went into Committee of the Whole (Hon. Mr. McCREA in the chair) on a Bill intituled, "An Act for the better protection of her Majesty's Military and Naval Stores."

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said he had consulted the Minister of Justice in regard to the point upon which an objection had been raised yesterday respecting the jurisdiction of Parliament in certain cases of misdemeanour and criminal offences, and was prepared to go on with the consideration of the Bill.

A desultory debate then took place in regard to the jurisdiction of the General and Local Legislatures in certain offences, when the Bill having been amended, it was read a third time and passed.

The Bill intituled "An Act respecting certain offences relative to her Majesty's army and navy," was passed in Committee of the Whole, read a third time, and passed the House.

The Bills intituled "Joint Stock Companies, incorporated by letters patent," and "Peace at Public Works, better preservation," were read a third time and passed.

REPORT ON PRINTING.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN moved the adoption of the second report of the Joint Committee on Printing, and said that the Postmaster-General was in error yesterday, in stating that the report had not been adopted by the other branch of the Legislature.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said he had made the assertion without having had accurate information. He had sent to the other House to make the enquiry, but the answer he received was in error.

The report was then adopted.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. WARK, the name of the Hon. Mr. Botsford was added to the Contingent Committee.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. SANBORN, the name of the Hon. Mr. Dickson was added to the Contingent Committee.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. TESSIER the name of the Hon. Mr. Letellier de St. Just was added to the Contingent Committee.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

TUESDAY, May 4.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Several petitions were presented.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT BILL.

Hon. Mr. ROSE moved the third reading of the Bill: "An Act respecting the Department of Finance."

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said on a former occasion he had drawn attention to the appointment of a Secretary to the Treasury Board, and enquired whether it was intended to create a new office. The Minister of Finance had then said that no new officer would be appointed; that Mr. Langton being the senior officer of the Finance Department would discharge the duties of this particular office. What he wished to know now was whether there was to be any additional salary paid to him for this duty, or whether there was to be a salary attached to the office of Secretary of the Treasury Board.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said there was unquestionably a great difficulty in regard to the Civil Service of the country, but the House would have ample opportunity of discussing that question at an early day, and of deciding what salary should be attached to each office. By the Civil Service Act the maximum salary was $3,000, which was inadequate to secure the services of efficient officers for the heads of departments. Only special circumstances ought to justify a departure from the rule laid down, but Mr. Langton's case was a special one, and he had received $1,000 as Secretary of the Treasury Board. As he (Mr. Rose) remarked the other day, it was absolutely necessary to have one official who would have authority to obtain from the various officers of the Finance Department such statements as were, from time to time, required.

Mr. JONES had listened with satisfaction to the remarks of the hon. member for Chateauguay, and was happy to hear from the Minister of Finance that there was to be no augmentation of salary.

Hon. Mr. ROSE—The hon. member is mistaken; there is to be an increase of salary.

Mr. JONES then had no occasion for congratulation. He thought that in the present state of the country's finances there should be no increase in the salaries of public officers.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON would not at present enter upon the discussion of the question whether Mr. Langton was sufficiently paid by his fixed salary, but he would say that this salary, if not sufficient, should be increased, instead of supplementing it in the irregular manner proposed.

Hon. Mr. ROSE explained that the fixed salary of the Deputy Heads of Departments was not a large one, considering the expense of living; and that Mr. Langton was one of the most efficient, painstaking and labourious officers with whom he had ever come in contact. He knew the difficulty of raising one man's salary, without giving a like increase to others holding similar positions, but he regarded the services of Mr. Langton as fully worth all the remuneration proposed.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON enquired whether Mr. Langton had not received a salary as a member of the Civil Service Commission?

Hon. Mr. ROSE said a warrant for a thousand dollars had been issued to the Secretary of the Commission to cover travelling expenses, but no money had been paid as salary.

After some further remarks, the third reading of the Bill was deferred.

SUPPLY AND BUDGET.

Hon. Mr. ROSE moved the concurrence of the House in the report of the Committee of Supply on the items passed on Friday last.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. ROSE stated that on Friday next he would move the House into Committee of Ways and Means. He would then be prepared to make his statement at three o'clock, and before that time he would have the estimates in the hands of members, and also a statement of the receipts for the first nine months of the present year, up to the first March last. He then formally moved that the House resolve itself into Committee of Ways and Means.

THIRD READINGS—CRIMINAL LAWS.

On motion of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD the following bills were read a third time and passed, (amendments of committee being previously agreed to,) viz.:

Bill (No. 10) An Act respecting offences relating to the coin.

Bill (No. 13) An Act respecting perjury.

Bill (No. 14) An Act respecting indictable offences by forgery.

HOUSE IN COMMITTEE—CRIMINAL LAWS.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, in moving the House again into Committee of the Whole, on the bill relating to injuries to the person, remarked that he did not wish to proceed with it in the absence of the Hon. Mr. Dorion, who promised to move an amendment.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the hon. member for Hochelaga would not be in the House for a day or two; but the Bill might go through Committee, and the amendment be discussed on the third reading.

The House then went into Committee on the Bill.—The Hon. Col. Gray in the chair.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD explained that there were reasons, in this country only, that the restrictions imposed upon carrying weapons should not be so general as those which prevailed in England. We were exposed to irruptions from the neighbouring States of lawless characters in the habit of carrying weapons, and were it known that our people were prohibited by law from defending themselves, these parties might be encouraged to greater depredations. It was, therefore, not intended to adopt the restriction which had been made to prevent the carrying of pistols, or similar weapons of defence.

The remaining clauses of the Bill were agreed to. Committee rose and reported. Report concurred and Bill ordered to a third reading on Friday next.

On motion of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, the House went again into Committee, on the Bill intituled: "An Act, respecting malicious injury to property."—The Hon. Col. Gray in the chair.

Some twenty or more members flocked around the Clerk's table, and had a confidential chat with the Minister of Justice over some of the clauses, the purport of which did not reach the gallery.

The Committee rose and reported the Bill.—Third reading fixed for Friday next.

Hon. Col. GRAY said he desired to move that in all criminal cases the accused may be sworn and examined on his own behalf; but he presumed that it would belong properly to the Procedure Act.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the proposition might be brought up in the Criminal Procedure Act rather than on the Bills now under consideration.

On motion of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD the House went into committee on the Bill "An Act respecting larceny and other similar offences." Hon. Col. GRAY in the chair.

Committee rose and reported the Bill. Third reading Friday next.

INSOLVENCY.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD would move the second reading of the "Act respecting Insolvency" on Tuesday next. He explained that for several years a somewhat similar Act had been in force in Ontario and Quebec, and it was necessary if there was to be an Insolvency Act at all, it was desirable that its provisions should extend to all parts of the Dominion. He might also say that there was a very general desire in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, that some such measure should be passed. The principle of the Act was the same as that already in force in Ontario and Quebec, with such amendments as experience had suggested.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought such an important measure ought not to be sprung upon the House, as this had been, as a part of unfinished business.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said it was his intention, and it would be distinctly understood, that on Tuesday next (this day week) the second reading of the Bill would be moved and the discussion might then proceed. That would give the people of the country ample time to make representations to this House. He desired that the fullest opportunity should be given for the discussion of the Bill.

Mr. McKENZIE thought it was the almost unanimous conviction of the business community that the Insolvent Act had operated injuriously, and ought to be repealed.

Hon. Col. GRAY said it was very strongly desired by the Maritime Provinces that this Bill, or some such measure, should pass. He referred to the evidence collected by the committee of the House as directly at variance with the representations of the member for Lambton. He contended that New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, as much required such an Act as Quebec and Ontario.

Mr. FERGUSSON entirely concurred with the views of the member for Lambton. He was opposed to the Act, and had said, when first passed, that it would have been better to have paid off the liability of the five hundred persons, for whose relief it was proposed, than to have placed it in the statute book.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN said that there was a general opinion in New Brunswick in favour of a Bankrupt Law. The discussion then stopped on the understanding that the second reading of the Bill would be the first order of the day for Tuesday next.

SECOND READING.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved the second reading of the Bill, "An Act respecting Procedure in Criminal cases, and other matters relating to Criminal Law."—Carried.

PILOTAGE.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved the House into Committee of the Whole on the resolutions, (published in yesterday's TIMES,) placing the vessels of the Maritime Provinces on the same footing, with regard to pilotage, as those of Quebec.—Carried.

House in Committee.—Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL in the chair.

Resolutions agreed to and reported.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD introduced a Bill, founded thereon, which was read a first time, and the House adjourned at five minutes past six.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. GENDRON—Enquiry of Ministry whether it is the intention of Government to introduce during the present session a measure authorising the establishment of Banks of Landed Credit (*Credit Foncier*) in the judicial districts of the Dominion.

Mr. FORTIN—On Thursday next—Enquiry of the Ministry, whether it is the intention of the Government to bring down during the coming session any measure for the purchase, by the Government, of telegraph lines, established within the Dominion, effecting thereby a continuation of the telegraph and postal services, and rendering the former more complete, more efficient, and especially more economical; and whether it is in contemplation to extend the same to the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and the great lakes.

—The New York *World* says Chandler, in order to foreshadow his plans for the annihilation of perfidious Albion, eats all the English snipe that he can procure for money. The British long-bill is in some measure a set-off to him against the long bill due for the *Alabama* business.

—A dentist in Vienna having delivered imitative teeth to a lady of rank there who declined to pay for them, advertised them to be sold again, and to be seen in the mouth of this lady, naming her. He got his money by the skin of her teeth.

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

WE would call the attention of those in need of spectacles and eye glasses to the stock of those articles kept on hand by Messrs. Young & Radford, who are the sole agents for Ottawa for the celebrated Lazarus & Morris' spectacles and eye glasses. All those who have tried them admit they are the most brilliant, perfect and easy glass to the eye yet introduced into Ottawa. The offers are liberal; if the purchaser is not satisfied the money can be returned after one or two weeks trial.

BIRTH.

On the 4th instant, the Hon. Mrs. R. Monck of a son.

At Ottawa, Cathcart Square, on the 2nd instant, Mrs. Josias B. Jackson, of a son.

DIED.

On Sunday, the 2nd instant, Jean, the beloved wife of John Robertson, Esq., Nepean, aged 73 years.

The funeral will take place at Bell's Corners, at 2 o'clock p.m. this day. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

The deceased was one of the earliest settlers in this part of Ontario, having emigrated, with her husband, from Perth, in Scotland, early in the year 1827, and she was the mother of the first male child born in Ottawa. She lived respected, and died regretted by all who knew her.

LOST OR STOLEN.

From the Railway Station, last night, after arrival of 9 p.m. train, three trunks. One large trunk with canvas cover and leather strap; one yellow trunk with black strap; one English brown leather square bonnet box, marked M.S.M. Any information concerning them will be thankfully received by J. P. MACPHERSON, Victoria-st.
Ottawa, May 5, 1869. 1041-1

DEVLIN'S

HAT and FUR

DEPOT,

OPEN MAY SEVENTH,

No. 1,

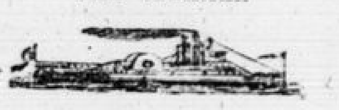
BELL'S NEW BUILDINGS,

SAPPERS' BRIDGE.

Ottawa, May 4, 1869. 1040-3

NOTICE.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

will LEAVE AYLMER

EVERY MORNING, at 8:30 o'clock,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMER "ALLIANCE"

FOR

PORTAGE-DU-FORT,

AND

STEAMER "JASON GOULD"

FOR

PEMBROKE.

☞ Notice will be given when the navigation is open in the Muskrat Lake and Deep River.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, May 5, 1869. 1041tf

ORPHANS' HOME BENEFIT.

LECTURE

On Friday Evening, May 7th, 1869,

BY

DR. GRANT, M.P., F.G.S.,

AT HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

SUBJECT—"Forms of Combustion, with Chemical Experiments."

Doors open at 7:30. Lecture to commence at 8 p.m.

Admission 25 cents. 1041-3

JONES & HOLLAND

Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously

Without the Use of a Press or Water.

Price from $2.00 to $4.50.

Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.
Call and see for yourselves.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE—Place the writing under the copying sheet, and rub with the fingers. That's all.
May 5, 1869.

FOR SALE.

A FIRST-CLASS

☞ "CHICKERING" PIANO, ☜

Nearly New, and in Perfect Order.

Price—$400 gold.

Apply to

MAJOR ALEXANDER, Rifle Brigade.

Ottawa, May 5. 1041tf

BEES! BEES!

A few swarms of ITALIAN BEES FOR SALE Cheap.

Enquire of

1041-2-19-1 E. SPENCER.

DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank-st., third door from Sparks-st., where she will be happy to attend to their orders. 1041b

Stoves & Hardware.

BURGLARS ALARM!

BURGLARS ALARM!

A very safe and efficient BURGLARS ALARM, easily attached to any part of the house at $1.25, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

ALL THE BEST

PATTERNS AND DESIGNS

OF

☞ COOK STOVES, ☜

every size; the housekeepers special favourites for baking, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

OF

JELLY MOULDS, ICE CREAM MOULDS,

Jellied Turkey Moulds,

Dish Covers, Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

JOB WORK,

of all kinds, in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware line attended to.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st.,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

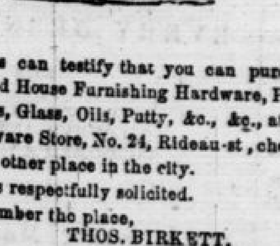
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st., Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

☞ Remember the place,

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

Ottawa Times.

JOB PRINTING,

Neat, Quick and Cheap,

New Improvements.

Large additions have been made to the branch of the establishment of

STEAM PRESSES,

BOOK & FANCY JOB TYPE,

A POWERFUL STEAM ENGINE,

PAPER CUTTER,

AND CARD CUTTER,

Enabling us to turn out every description of JOB PRINTING in a superior manner and at Low Rates.

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

POSTERS, HANDBILLS,

CIRCULARS, CARDS,

BILL HEADS,

BINDING AND RULING

done at prices to defy competition.

THE OTTAWA TIMES,

THE LARGEST AND BEST

☞ DAILY NEWSPAPER

PUBLISHED IN

CENTRAL CANADA,

WILL CONTAIN DURING THE SESSION

Full Reports of Parliamentary Debates,

of both Senate and House of Commons,

Telegraphic Reports from

all parts of the World,

Editorials on Leading Topics,

Local News, General News,

Commercial News, &c., &c.

☞ DELIVERED TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY BEFORE 7 O'CLOCK

EVERY MORNING,

At 12½ Cents per week, payable to the Carrier

OR MAILED TO ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY AT

$6 A YEAR.

THE WEEKLY TIMES,

Containing Parliamentary Debates,

Editorials, Local News,

Telegraphic, Agricultural,

Commercial and General News,

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING,

Delivered at our office in the city, or mailed at

$1 A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

T. LAWRENCE

Having opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Cloths Cheap.

From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

LOCAL

PERSONAL.—Among ... Russell House, were ... Cameron, M. P., Col. M... Col. Osborne Smith.

OPENING OF CANAL ... informed that prepar... made to let the water i... and that it will be ope... boats and steamers on ...

FASHIONABLE CLOTHI... has opened his tailo... Ashfield's brick build... dière, where he hopes ... and new ones, and g... clothing. Give him a ...

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY ... mence the sale of goo... fire, this evening at ... premises near the Sap... The stock is quite larg... reserve; therefore barg...

PARTIES requiring ... cloths, or other house ... well to inspect Magee... stock before purchas... recently received large ... son's patterns from ... makers in Britain. Ca... competent upholsterer...

FANCY JEWELLERY FOR... Messrs. Young & Rad... evening's train, a large... gents' jewellery, suitab... The stock consists of w... and ear-rings. As this s... selected with a view to ... to arise from preparati... every one who intends ... not?—should pay a vis... Radford, and inspect the...

MAJOR'S HILL.—The ... gade will play the foll... the Major's Hill, this ... past two to half-past fou... March...The Blue Bell... Overture to Rossini's ... dante. Waltz........Isar Li... Operatic Selection..M... Quadrille..les Fleurs d... Operatic Selection.Gem... Galop..........Merku... The Rifle Brig... National ...

A BET AND AN ARREST... prides himself on his ... went into Little's tavern... can boasting of his a... bet $50 that he could ... city at his favourite d... Little said she could find... him up, and he put d... bill and requested he... which she did, so far ... but it appears that he ... mind and demanded hi... not immediately prod... charge, and she was t... station to explain the ... this morning.

DR. GRANT'S LECTURE... ORPHANS' HOME.—We ... Dr. Grant has been ... recent lecture on the "... and it is gratifying to ... so for the benefit of ... the lecture when it wa... St. Patrick's Literary S... that it should be repe... and we are pleased to ... delivered in that plac... the Protestant Orphan... evening next. The lec... tion, both to those u... wonders of chemistry, ... with the science, and ... performed in a masterly...

IN THE DARK.—Those ... of going into any of o... night, when there is no... will not wonder at ... They are of too freque... bery and assassination ... with impunity in the ... people in the lower pa... easily walk into gulle... precipices before they a... poor fellow going to visi... night somewhere abou... Ottawa-st., supposing he ... walked into a creek, w... three feet of water, and w... the locality in which he... out he wandered about i... time, and after a long t... cab, and hailed the driv... his mishap, and requeste... but he was so thorough... could not admit him in ... his carriage, nor allow h... on his seat.

POLICE COURT.—Mr. J... merchant, was charged ... named Michel Gervais w... that the dogs of compla... were fighting on the p... Fraser's store. The boy ... to separate the dogs, ... pushed him down. And... struck him on the head ... all appearances, however... Mr. Fraser was very m... defended himself as m... themselves for their clie... he came off with only 25 ...

Bridget Carroll for be... derly was fined $5, and i... at hard labour for three ...

Michael Powers, drunk... railway station, was orde... lease $2 and costs, which...

John Conway, drunk... Magistrate observed tha... quently before him, and h... with him, but now he w... if he did not pay forthwi... for three weeks.

John declared that he ... the pledge for a year.

Mr. O'Gara said he ha... bation of three weeks, a... in a better condition to... pledge.

ALLEGED LARCENY.—W... night last week a melo... from the Methodist Chu... formation was lodged by... strong, Incumbent of the... taken by some person o... It seems that the melode... of an influential membe... had been dismissed by t... said influential member,... melodeon had been pur... proposed a compromise,... accordingly, and the ins... the church. The person ... the instrument repudi... and insisted on a decisi... Legal proceedings were ... day, before a full bench... Prentiss in the chair. ... began. Eminent couns... both sides. Several witn... among whom were the R... local preacher, who aft... been written down with ... great length, and correct... to confirm it by his signa... assumed proportions of ... the magistrates had to ... resumed this morning, a... sons are expected from ... places in the neighbour... watch the case, and to he... expended *pro* and *con.*

FOR Carpets, Dama... general assortment of ... Goods T. & W. Hunto... stock in the trade.

GENTLEMEN can get su... to order at Magee & Rus... West of England Broadcl... Venetian Coatings, Scotc... minion Tweeds, &c., &c... prices.

CARPETS AND HOUSE F... Mutchmor & Co. make... speciality; they have ju... and complete stock of ca... curtain materials, &c., ... the attention of parties f...

LOCAL NEWS.

PERSONAL.—Among the arrivals at the Russell House, were Hon. John Hillyard Cameron, M. P., Col. Macpherson and Lieut-Col. Osborne Smith.

OPENING OF CANAL NAVIGATION.—We are informed that preparations are now being made to let the water into the Rideau Canal, and that it will be opened for the passage of boats and steamers on Monday next.

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.—Mr. T. Lawrence has opened his tailoring establishment in Ashfield's brick building, Duke-st., Chaudiere, where he hopes to meet his old friends, and new ones, and guarantee them stylish clothing. Give him a trial.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.—Mr. Rowe will commence the sale of goods damaged at the late fire, this evening at 7 o'clock, in his new premises near the Sappers' Bridge, Rideau-st. The stock is quite large, and the sale without reserve; therefore bargains may be expected.

PARTIES requiring new carpets, floor oil cloths, or other house furnishings, would do well to inspect Magee & Russell's extensive stock before purchasing, as they have recently received large additions of this season's patterns from the most celebrated makers in Britain. Carpets made and laid by competent upholsterers.

FANCY JEWELLERY FOR THE CITIZENS' BALL.—Messrs. Young & Radford received by last evening's train, a large stock of ladies' and gents' jewellery, suitable for ball-room wear. The stock consists of watches, pins, brooches, and ear-rings. As this stock has been specially selected with a view to meet the demand likely to arise from preparations made for the ball, every one who intends going—and who does not!—should pay a visit to Messrs. Young & Radford, and inspect the jewellery on view.

MAJOR'S HILL.—The band of the Rifle Brigade will play the following programme on the Major's Hill, this afternoon, from half-past two to half-past four o'clock:

March....The Blue Bells of Scotland...Miller
Overture to Rossini's Stabat Mater..Mercadante
Waltz.....Isar Lieder.....Gung'l
Operatic Selection..Mose in Egitto..Rossini
Quadrille..les Fleurs du printemps..Hartung
Operatic Selection.Gemma di Vergy.Donnizetti
Galop.....Merkur.....Roodeberk
The Rifle Brigade Marches
National Anthem.

A BET AND AN ARREST.—A countryman who prides himself on his clog dancing powers went into Lilie's tavern, Lower Town, and began boasting of his abilities, and offered to bet $50 that he could beat any one in this city at his favourite dance, whereupon Mrs. Lilie said she could find one who would take him up, and he put down a $50 greenback bill and requested her to hold the stakes, which she did, so far as his was concerned, but it appears that he afterward altered his mind and demanded his money, and as it was not immediately produced he gave her in charge, and she was taken prisoner to the station to explain the matter to his Worship this morning.

DR. GRANT'S LECTURE FOR THE PROTESTANT ORPHANS' HOME.—We are glad to learn that Dr. Grant has been induced to repeat his recent lecture on the "forms of combustion," and it is gratifying to find that he is to do so for the benefit of the orphans. We heard the lecture when it was delivered before the St. Patrick's Literary Society, and suggested that it should be repeated in the theatre, and we are pleased to learn that it will be delivered in that place, for the benefit of the Protestant Orphans' Home, on Friday evening next. The lecture is full of instruction, both to those unacquainted with the wonders of chemistry, and to those familiar with the science, and the experiments are performed in a masterly style.

IN THE DARK.—Those who are in the habit of going into any of our back streets after night, when there is no moon to light them, will not wonder at accidents happening. They are of too frequent occurrence. Robbery and assassination might be committed with impunity in the said dark places, and people in the lower part of the city might easily walk into gulleys and pits, and over precipices before they suspected danger. A poor fellow going to visit a friend on Monday night somewhere about the lower part of Ottawa-st., supposing he was in the right road walked into a creek, where there was about three feet of water, and was not then aware of the locality in which he was. When he got out he wandered about in the dark for some time, and after a long time saw, or heard, a cab, and hailed the driver to whom he related his mishap, and requested to be driven home, but he was so thoroughly wet that the driver could not admit him in such a condition into his carriage, nor allow him to sit by his side on his seat.

POLICE COURT.—Mr. James Fraser, dry goods merchant, was charged with striking a boy named Michel Gervais with a stick. It appears that the dogs of complainant and defendant were fighting on the platform opposite Mr. Fraser's store. The boy stated that he wished to separate the dogs, and that Mr. Fraser pushed him down. Another witness said he struck him on the head with a stick. From all appearances, however, it would appear that Mr. Fraser was very much provoked. He defended himself as most people who have themselves for their clients usually do; still he came off with only 25 cents to pay.

Bridget Carroll for being drunk and disorderly was fined $5, and in default went to jail at hard labour for three weeks.

Michael Powers, drunk and disorderly at the railway station, was ordered to pay for his release $2 and costs, which he promptly did.

John Conway, drunk and disorderly. The Magistrate observed that he had been frequently before him, and he had dealt leniently with him, but now he would fine him $5, and if he did not pay forthwith, he must go to jail for three weeks.

John declared that he was willing to take the pledge for a year.

Mr. O'Gara said he had better put in a probation of three weeks, and then he would be in a better condition to sign and keep the pledge.

ALLEGED LARCENY.—We learn that one night last week a melodeon was abstracted from the Methodist Church at Aylmer. Information was lodged by the Rev. Mr. Armstrong, Incumbent of the church, that it was taken by some person or persons unknown. It seems that the melodeon was in possession of an influential member of the choir who had been dismissed by the minister. The said influential member, who alleges that the melodeon had been purchased for the choir, proposed a compromise, which was effected accordingly, and the instrument returned to the church. The person suspected of removing the instrument repudiated the compromise, and insisted on a decision by the magistrate. Legal proceedings were commenced on Monday, before a full bench of magistrates, Mr. Prentiss in the chair. The investigation began. Eminent counsel were retained on both sides. Several witnesses were examined, among whom were the Rev. incumbent and a local preacher, who after his evidence had been written down with great pains and at great length, and corrected by himself, refused to confirm it by his signature. The case now assumed proportions of such magnitude that the magistrates had to adjourn. It will be resumed this morning, and a number of persons are expected from this city and other places in the neighbourhood of Aylmer to watch the case, and to hear the eloquence to be expended *pro* and *con*.

For Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

GENTLEMEN can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 4.

The Royal Canadian Bank is quiet to-day. Nothing at all of a run occurred. The stock, however, will not sell for more than fifty per cent, but holders ask sixty.

The burglars were busy last night. A saloon, called "Woodbine," was ransacked; and from a shoe store property to the value of one hundred and fifty dollars was abstracted.

Seven privates of the 29th regiment deserted to-day. They each stole from the Officers' Quarters a suit of civilian's clothing, and a revolver. They left their uniforms on Garrison Common, the discovery of which revealed the fact of the desertion. Information has been sent to look-out parties on the borders, and skiffs are on the lake in pursuit, as it is thought they are on their way to the land of the free.

Five hundred Norwegians passed through for the West to-day. Nearly all the immigrants who arrived on Sunday have found employment.

The returns of the city assessors show an increase in the city assessment of $246,500 over that of last year.

The propeller *Her Majesty* left to-day for Halifax direct, with freight, equal to 4,000 barrels of flour on board, and 2,000 barrels more are to be shipped at Montreal.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, May 4.

The steamship *St. George* was wrecked off Blonde Rock, Shelburne county, on Sunday night. She was bound from Portland to Glasgow, with a cargo of grain. Great anxiety is felt respecting the fate of her passengers and crew.

The flour market is unchanged.

The weather is cold.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 4.—In the House of Commons Sir Jno. Hay inquired what action the Government had taken in regard to the seizure of the brig *Mary Lowell*, by a Spanish man-of-war in British waters

Mr. Anthony J. Otway, Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, replied that in the present imperfect state of information, it was undesirable to make known the nature of the communication which had been exchanged with the Government of Spain on the subject.

Mr. Edward Sullivan, member for Mallow, will introduce a Bill to prevent the Mayor of Cork from continuing to hold any office connected with the administration of justice.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May, 4.—The Geographical Society has decreed a gold medal to Dr. Hayes, of the United States, for his distinguished services in the work of the Arctic exploration and discovery. To-day the president of the society, with a deputation of members, waited upon Gen. Dix, the American minister, and presented the medal, requesting him to transmit it to his distinguished countryman, and accompanied the presentation with an earnest aspiration for continued friendship between France and America. Gen Dix replied, thanking the president for his friendly expressions in regard to his country, and said it was a true pleasure for Americans to see France and the United States working together in traditional friendship for the promotion of discovery, science, and general progress.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 4.—Prince Alexander Sergewich Menchikoff, Admiral of the Russian navy, died yesterday. He was born in 1789.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 4.—The majority of the delegates in the Cortes are in favour of a new Ministry.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, May 4.—Both Houses of Parliament have passed a vote of confidence in the Ministry for their endeavours to restore the financial condition of the country.

CUBA.

HAVANA, May 4.—The Cuban journals continue with the usual accounts of insignificant skirmishes between the Spanish and Cuban forces.

AMERICAN NEWS

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Pacific Instructions to Minister Motley.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The *World's* special says the departure of Mr. Motley to-day to New York, whence he is to sail on the 19th inst., for England, and his departure, too, without the specific instructions which he was anxious to carry, and Mr. Sumner anxious to write for him, constitute a victory for Mr. Fish over not only the minister and the Senator from Massachusetts, but over all the opposition which has beset him since he succeeded to the Secretaryship of State. The event is hailed here to-night as the final shaking off by President Grant of the councillors to violence, who have surrounded him. Secretary Fish's influence with the Executive is now paramount, and it is believed to be permanent. As the *Alabama* business now stands Mr. Motley is not to move a finger until further instructed by Mr. Fish. Mr. Sumner laboured hard to have Mr. Motley carry out a set of instructions, but gave it up in the middle of last week, and since then both himself and Mr. Motley have been delivering themselves in the most voluble manner, as being entirely *en rapport* with Mr. Fish, whom they sought to supplant while he was absent in New York. Mr. Fish now having the affair in his own hands will certainly labour to bring all new measures to Washington for a settlement. This may be relied upon.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Death of the Baltimore Assistant Fire Engineer.

BALTIMORE, May 4.—Mr. Ross, chief assistant engineer, of the Baltimore city fire department, died this evening of injuries received from the fire in McLellan's alley on the 17th of April. He was impaled on the spear head of the rod of an iron railing by falling off a wall, and was bodily injured. This is the third death which has occurred from injuries received at this fire. All the other injured men are doing well.

An Expedition to Cuba.

NEW YORK, April 4.—The *Express* says United States Marshal Barber has received reliable information that a steamer left this port last night for Cuba, with three hundred men, each provided with a rifle and uniform; and also that the vessel took a large quantity of light clothing and provisions, to last a a month or six weeks. The *Express* adds that another expedition is preparing, and the Marshal is investigating the matter.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Reported by Telegraph.

[For daily report of Ottawa Markets, see Fourth Page.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 1.—American Exchange 41.

Gold 133.

Money more active at 7 per cent.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Cotton quiet at 28c. @ 28½c. for middling uplands.—Flour—low grades are firmer; receipts 7,114 barrels; sales 7,500 barrels at $4.50 @ 5.80 for superfine State and Western; $5.90 @ 6.25 for common to choice extra State; $5.85 @ 6.95 for common to choice extra Western; $6.00 @ 7.25 for R. H. O.—Rye flour quiet; sales 150 barrels at $4.60 @ 6.75.—Wheat quiet at $1.50 for No. 1 delivered; $1.70 for white California, and amber Michigan on private terms.—Rye quiet.—Corn improved; receipts 7,411 bushels; sales 46,400 bushels at 86c. @ 86½c. for new mixed Western; 88c. for old do. in store.—Barley lower.—Oats scarce and firmer; receipts 8,394 bushels; sales 15,000 bushels at 83c. @ 83½c. for Western in store.—Pork lower at $30.90 @ 31.12 for new mess; $30.75 @ 31.00 for old do.—Lard dull at 17½c. @ 18c. for steam; 18½c. @ 18½c. for kettle rendered.

London Money Market.

LONDON, May 1—p.m.—No stock board today.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, May 1—p. m.—Corn dull. Others unchanged.

COTTON Goods have advanced in England but T. & W. Hunton are selling any kind of Cotton Goods at lower prices than they have been sold since 1862. Call and see.

JOSEPH HALL

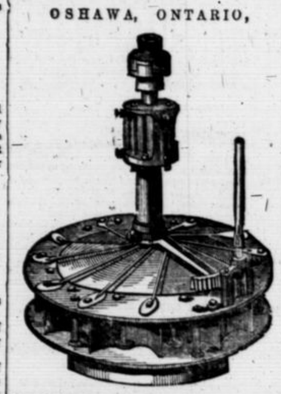
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

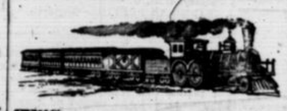
We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Sawrigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Sawrigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,

959-1aw1m OSHAWA, ONT.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of this Company, will be held at No. 3 Moorgate street, in the city of London, England, on

Monday, the Tenth day of May next,

at the hour of Twelve o'clock, at Noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Vice-President and Managing Director.

Ottawa, April 2, 1869. 1031-2aw4

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Genin' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

FOR CASH ONLY.

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Patrons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

CORSETS! CORSETS! CORSETS!

IMPORTED FRENCH CORSETS (Seamless), NIGHTINGALE CORSETS, Montpensier pattern ENGLISH CORSETS at all prices, beginning at 2s. 6d.

CORSETS made to order extra size.

GRAND DUCHESSE TRAIL SKIRT, latest Paris style, for Ball and Evening Dresses, at the CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 Sparks-st.

SAVAGE'S URSINA.

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR, has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.

It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.

Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.

EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1028eod.3m

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF THE

DAMAGED GOODS

Saved from the Fire, on Rideau-st., of the 22nd Ultimo,

Consisting of CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASSWARE, FURNITURE, &c., &c.

Sale will commence at SEVEN p.m. on

WEDNESDAY, 5TH MAY, 1869,

in the premises recently occupied and known as the OTTAWA CABINET WAREHOUSE.

Particulars in a future advertisement.

A. ROWE,
1039td Auctioneer.

By John Leeming & Co., Montreal.

IMPORTANT TRADE SALE

OF

TEAS,

&c., &c., &c., &c.

4,300 half chests new crop natural leaf JAPAN TEAS,
800 half chests Young Hyson, Twankay, Congou, and Souchong, and
500 bags Arracan Rice,
300 brls Zante Currants,
100 hhds, 50 qr. casks, 200 cases — Boll and Dunlop's Gin, ex "Elisa A. Kenny," from Rotterdam.
100 hhds, 250 cases — DeKuyper's Gin.
20 hhds, 250 cases — "Hennessy" Pale Brandy.
20 hhds, 15 qr. casks — "Martell's" Pale Brandy Vintages 1866, 1865, 1864.
25 puncheons Fine old Jamaica Rum, and other goods to arrive,

Will be offered on

MONDAY, 10TH MAY, 1869,

AT TEN A.M.,

At the Stores of HUGH FRASER, St. Sacrament-st., Montreal.

Samples on view the Saturday previous to sale.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Montreal, May 1. 1039td Auctioneers.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Ottawa Post Office, 1st May:

	A
Allyn Thos	Anderson John
Andrews C J	Angus Ellen
	B
Bartlett F	Burke Thos R
Blackburn G	Burt O A
Brisbin Randall	
	C
Campbell Richd	Clark Miss Bertha
Cameron Cath A	Clement Wm
Caton J D	Cole Harriet
Clancey W J	Curry Miss Cath
Clark Mrs Annie E	
	D
Dacey Anthony	Dixon J N
Davis Thos	Donnelly T
Davison Esther Jane	Downs Miss S S
	E
Edmondson Jas	
	F
Farnsworth C T	Fitzgerald Mary Ann
Farrell Mary Ann	Forin John
Fields Samantha	
	G
Gang H	Graham J (Waggon Maker)
Gibson Thos (Gloucester)	Grant David
Gillespie Miss Mary	Grant A H
Gleason Kate	Gray Wm
Graben W D	Green Hannah T
Graham Samuel	
	H
Hamilton Sarah	Hislip Anne
Hamilton Miss Jane	Hopkins Caleb
Hayes Hanna	Houliston W, M P
Heath Miss	Humphrey Mr
Hinds Professor	Hurlbut Harriett
	J
Jamieson Joseph	Jordan H
Johnston Ellen	Jordan Bridget
Johnston Margaret	
	K
Kelly Patrick	Kinney Joseph
	L
Lawson Peter	Lee Miss Jane
	M
Martin Charlotte	Mills M
Martin Elizabeth	McCoy Robt (Nepean)
May S H	Mullins Bridget
	N
Nagle Patrick	
	P
Park Fergus	Porter Miss Bridget E
Pellatt H	
	R
Reed Mrs	Reilly Michael
	S
Salter Thos	Smith Mrs Elizabeth
Scott Robert	Somers Miss Jane
Shannon James	Stelter H
Sheilds Belle	Stewart Mrs Lorena
Shillington Thos	Stewart Mary
Sinclair Mrs R S	Sutherland David
Sisson E T	
	T
Taylor Thos	Tilley Wm J
Taylor John	Turney Mary
	W
Wallace John	White W R
Wallace Jane	White W
Walsh W P	Wilson John T
Walsh P G	Wilson Mary E
Waltier Jos (Gloucester)	Williamson Jas
	Mc
McAuley Eliza (Cook)	McGuire Mary
McAuley Jas	McIntyre Mary
McDonald Priscilla	McKay Miss Jennie
McDonald Margt	McKay Miss Harriet
McDonald Marion Ann	McLean Archd
McDonald Samuel	McNab Jas

1039.3 G. P. BAKER, P.M.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

PIANOFORTE TUNING.

J. BESWICK, Pianoforte Maker and Tuner, is prepared to repair and tune pianofortes, and other musical instruments.

Orders can be left at Gewan's Music Store, Centre Town; and Sutherland's Jewellery Store, Lower Town.

All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038-4

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST
STOCK OF CARPETINGS
AND
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MILLINERY
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MANTLES,
AT MODERATE PRICES,
IN EVERY STYLE,
At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Silk Velvets,
Velveteens and
Water-proof Cloakings
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY
DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Satin and Lace,
Plain and Fancy Silk,
Dress Trimmings,
Buttons, Linings, &c.,
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Ribbons, Lace,
Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,
And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCH CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Broadcloths, Tweeds,
Coatings, Vestings, and
Tailors' Trimmings
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Sheetings,
Pillow Cottons,
Linens, Prints,
White and Grey Cottons
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF NEW GOODS
in all the Departments, is to be found at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

90 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

MUSLINS and GRENADINES.

—

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have received direct from a celebrated Printer,

2 CASES PRINTED LAWN and ORGANDIE MUSLINS.

ALSO,

LATEST DESIGNS IN

SWISS and FRENCH GRENADINES,

27, 54 and 72 inch BLACK WOOL GRENADINES,

BLACK SILK GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

April 26, 1869.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

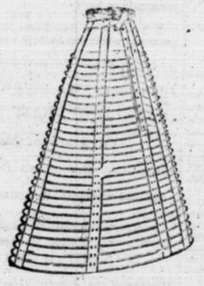
VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPORTED do.
KIDDERMINSTER do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.



G. LEVIN,

(*Successor to David Millar,*)

Manufacturer of Hoop Skirts, and Importer of French and English Corsets.

NEW MATERIALS, NEW STYLES,
1035b LOW PRICES.

N. ROBERTSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1005-3m

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

—

Having been appointed by the combin their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES

are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

Boarding.

NOTICE.

MRS. SUTTON'S BOARDING HOUSE is removed to the dwelling over Mr. Hay's Hardware Store, Sparks-st., opposite Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. 1024d

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA FOR ROOFS, DAMP CELLARS, &c.

CHEAP! CLEAN! FIRE-PROOF!

UNDECAYING!

Suitable for all Styles, Flat or Upright.

FULL SUPPLY OF FELT AND MATERIALS FOR SALE BY

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Box 643 Montreal.

Send for circular with full description.

April 30, 1869. 1037b

CHAMBER SETS, cheap at

ESMONDE'S.

THE celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS and POLAR REFRIGERATORS, at

ESMONDE'S.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING,

BOOKBINDING,

&c., &c., &c.

To be had at

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

PRINTING,

AND

STATIONERY STORE,

21 *Rideau-st.*,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, large and sma
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to match
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultramarine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and Lett Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque Tinted enamelled do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—

Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakespeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—

Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES

Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.

Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal and Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—

Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—

Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—

Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,

Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'

Office Requisites supplied on reasonable terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES

Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Gilt Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Book Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

General Geography, with 39 coloured maps, price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,

Authorized by the Council of Public Instructio for Ontario. The prices are;

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongl bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly boun in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES

The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,

At "The Ottawa Citizen"

Stationery and Printing House,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE

21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 5, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs	0 65	@	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 27½
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 17
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs	0 00	@	5 50

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*

We would call the especial attention of the

☞ LADIES, ☜

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for..........$1.25.

☞ BANKRUPT STOCK. ☜

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

ALL sorts of TIN, IRON and COPPER WORK, also jobbing attended to, at ESMONDE'S.

BATHS and WATER COOLERS in the course of manufacture, at ESMONDE'S.

For Sale or to Let.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET,

With Board, in Centre Town. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, May 3. 1039-3

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO RENT.

THE SHOP AND DWELLING KNOWN AS THE MARKET DRUG STORE,

on York-st., at present occupied by Wm. Hearn Esq. Possession can be had 1st of May.

Apply to JAMES GIBSON, York-st.

Ottawa, April 21. 1037a

TO LET,

AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to S. CHRISTIE, Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET—FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to S. SKINNER, Senate Buildings.

1028d

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET,

On or about 1st May next,

A NEW BRICK HOUSE

IN NEW EDINBURGH,

at present under lease to F. BRAUN, Esqr., Secretary of the Public Works Department; there are four Bedrooms, besides Drawing and Dining Rooms, with a large Kitchen and a spacious room over it, a Flower Garden in front, and a Kitchen Garden in rear; also an excellent well of water, with pump, cellar and a Summer Kitchen. Apply to W. A. MAINGY, Esq., New Edinburgh, or to the proprietor,

JOHN F. TAYLOR,
Clerk of the Senate,
Parliament House.

1016tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

1009-14tf

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

DUST, HEARTH, STOVE, SCRUB, CHIMNEY and Crumb Brushes at ESMONDE'S.

COAL OIL, LAMPS, GLOBES, CHIMNEYS, Wicks, &c., &c., at ESMONDE'S.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th INSTANT, for the purchase of the NEW STEAM SAW MILL near the mouth of the River Blanche, in East Templeton, Province of Quebec, with land and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Mill in good running order, with first-class SHINGLE MILL in addition. Size of Mill 80 x 40, with Engine House 26 x 40. Engine 80 horse power.

If not sooner disposed of it will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of Walker & Pennock, in the city of Ottawa, on the 15th INSTANT, at NOON.

Terms easy.

For fuller particulars and conditions of sale apply to

W. H. WALKER,
Solicitor for Vendor.

Ottawa, May 1, 1869. 1039b

TO LET.

Two comfortable Brick Dwelling HOUSES on Daly-st.

Possession given immediately.

For particulars apply to

A. WORKMAN, ESQ.,
Hardware Merchant,
Ottawa.

May 3, 1869. 1039-3

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure. B. B. L.

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TO LUMBERERS.

QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are,
Your obdt. servants,
M. STEVENSON & CO.

1000-3m

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' *bills.*

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
Extra Superfine	6.00
Fancy	—
Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine o.	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1	2.25
80,000 No. 2	1.50
80,000 Fancy	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.

75-y

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Department of Marine and Fisheries, until noon of MONDAY, the 10th day of MAY next, for the supply, *in bond,* of 32,000 gallons of the best quality of COAL or REFINED PETROLEUM OIL.

The Oil is required to be non-explosive, at a vapour test of 115° Fahrenheit, must burn brilliantly, without smoking, until entirely consumed, and no crust the wick, must be free from all deleterious substances, and remain fluid at 10° Fahrenheit.

A sample of a quart to accompany each tender.

The Oil to be delivered in iron-bound casks, containing from 30 to 40 gallons each, properly prepared to prevent the oil from permeating the wood, and evaporating from the surface.

The casks to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the Oil.

The Oil to be subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk in the locality designated by the Department as follows:

5,000 gallons at Quebec—one-half on the 8th JUNE, and one-half on the 20th SEPTEMBER next.

10,000 gallons at Montreal, on the 1st July next.

14,000 do at Halifax, N.S., do do do

3,000 do at Saint John, N.B., do do do

Tenders will be accepted for the whole quantity, or for any of the lots above mentioned.

Parties tendering must give their names and addresses in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfillment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of
Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 14th April, 1869. 1024.4.2aw

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

TIN SPICE BOXES, A novelty, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at ESMONDE'S.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank-st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

Ottawa, April 9. L. E. GOULIN. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

989y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞ PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL ☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER.

For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, 15TH MAY NEXT,

for the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8, in the 1st Con., on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF and DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville.

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONECUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipe and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House or Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES and OUTBUILDINGS for the Lieutenant-Governor's Residence. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan-street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed specifications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works for Ontario,
Toronto, April 24, 1869. 1035td

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES

is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion."
Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale - F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

COOKING STOVES of the best quality and make at ESMONDE'S.

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 12th, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a.m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p.m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.	1.00 a.m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a.m.
Express, 2.10 p.m.	4.45 p.m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.	9.00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, April 12, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 26,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 8:45 p.m. and 1:25 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a.m. and 2:15 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p.m. and 8:30 p.m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p.m. and 9 a.m., arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p.m. and 9:55 a.m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a.m. and 6:20 p.m., arriving at Perth at 10:55 a.m. and 7:10 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........ 9.00

Night do do do do 8.30

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7.00

Trains for Lachine at .... 9.00 a.m., 3:00 p.m., 5:00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7.00

Express for Boston at........ 9.00

Express for New York and Boston at .... via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ....

Express for Island Pond at ....

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p.m., for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.

OTTAWA

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of said stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Tuesday, the Eleventh day of May, 1869.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1869.

By order,

W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treas.

1021td

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, have been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, have been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. E. WORSLEY,
C. C. R.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Office—17 Sparks-st.

912-3m

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX ROBERTSON, Editor!

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1042. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

78 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,

Rimmel's New Perfumes,

Cambridge Bouquet,

Oxford Bouquet,

English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,

Scoton Plaid Smelling Bottles,

Improved Perfumed Distributors,

&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

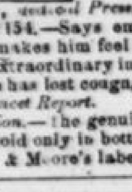
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,

Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,

Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.



FOR CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

CASE 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—*The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

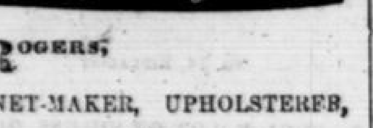
"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,

143, New Bond-st., London.

Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st opposite the market

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY

AND

COURT OF SPAIN

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,

Sparks-street,

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,

Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches

Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division	...	Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,

Registrar of Council.

Medical Registration Office,

Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,

Very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying

TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

WATER! WATER! WATER!

SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

Having purchased part of the cargo of the vessel *City of Limerick*, lately wrecked, we will offer the whole for sale, commencing

MONDAY, 5TH APRIL,

and continuing the following days until all the goods are disposed of. This is an opportunity to secure bargains which may not offer again for years. The greater part of the goods have received scarcely any damage, so that parties who call early will have the best chance of getting bargains, as we will make no reserve, but throw each line of goods by itself, and let the first who comes first have the best pick. The following are some of the damaged goods, viz.:

10	CASES	ASSORTED BLEACHED COTTONS,
1	do	SHEETINGS,
1	do	QUILTS,
2	do	TOWELS,
1	do	PRINTS,
1	do	ASSORTED LINEN GOODS,
2	do	ASSORTED DRESS GOODS,
1	do	SILKS,
3	do	MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SKIRTS,
2	do	DRESS MUSLINS,
10	do	ASSORTED GOODS.

We give a list of prices that some of the goods will be sold for to give parties an idea of the bargains they will be able to get. A nice lot of DRESS GOODS for 6d 7½d to 9d per yard.

Ladies' Mantles only	£0	5	0
Splendid Prints, worth 9d, only	0	0	6
Towels, "all Linen," only	0	0	4
Dress Muslins, per yard, only	0	0	6
Mantle Cloths, only			0
Pocket Handkerchiefs, each, only			1½
Gloves, per pair, only			6
Table Damasks, per yard, only	0	2	6
Stylish Cloths, per yard, only	0	1	
Parasols, each, only	0	1	
Gents' Neckties, "latest styles," each, only			0

LOOK! LOOK!

50 pieces Dress Lining only 1d per yd.

ATTENTION!—Two cases more of those spools for 1d, worth 3d.

Don't delay in calling early as the first pick will be the best.

We have also received a splendid assortment of all the latest styles in SPRING GOODS in perfect order, which we will sell lower than any house in this city.

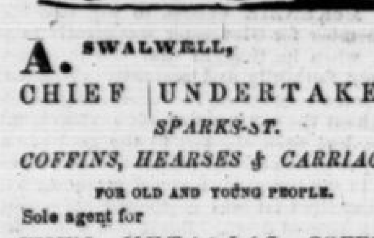
CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

10 cases in all the new styles, just arrived, which will be sold very low. For particulars in price see our Clothing Bills.

The place to secure these immense bargains is at the old cheap spot, THE OCCIDENTAL, in Stewart's Brick Block, Corner Rideau and Sussex-sts., Sign of the White Flag.

H. HICK & CO.



A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st, first Brick House below the market.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette,*) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,

Clerk of the House.

Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,

COLOURED AND PLAIN,

COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 482y

Teas.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. & Co. A. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold. The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Pound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a

FEW DAYS

OPEN A FIRST-CLASS

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the

FIRST FLOOR

OF THE

MASONIC HALL BLOCK,

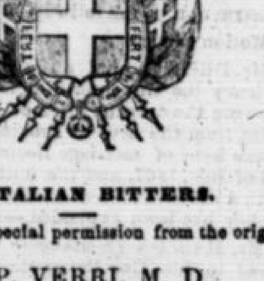
ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK

In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of

PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBL.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 782y

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Ressor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,

PRESERVED OYSTERS do

FRESH HALIBUT do

FRESH SALMON do

FRESH MACKEREL do

FRESH LOBSTERS do

GREEN PEAS do

LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,

Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,

FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,

MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,

MORTON'S Bloater Paste,

TOMATO and other Catsups

ANCHOVY Paste,

STRASBURGH Meats,

POTTED Beef and Tongues

PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,

ORANGE Marmalade,

MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s

Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,

PICKLED Mackerel,

PICKLED HERRINGS,

In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces.

DRY Codfish,

DRY Haddock,

FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call kindly solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N. F., by branch steamer	45 00

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Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
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Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,

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or to F. ERICK, BRUSH & CO.,

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Stoves & Hardware.

BURGLARS ALARM!

BURGLARS ALARM!

A very safe and efficient BURGLARS ALARM, easily attached to any part of the house at $1.25, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

ALL THE BEST

PATTERNS AND DESIGNS

OF

COOK STOVES,

every size; the housekeepers special favourites for baking, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

OF

JELLY MOULDS, ICE CREAM MOULDS,

Jellied Turkey Moulds,

Dish Covers, Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

JOB WORK,

of all kinds, in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware line attended to.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st.,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

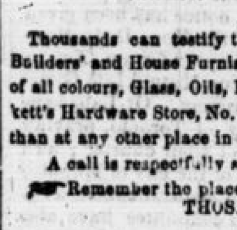
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st., Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Remember the place,

THOS. BIRKETT,

Sign of the Anvil,

No. 24, Rideau-st.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Publications.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,

HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc. City papers may be had at 6 a.m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.

A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical Sketches.

Gardening for Profit,

Breck's New Book of Flowers.

Buist's Flower Garden Directory.

The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.

J. DURIE & SON,

Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6. 1015tf

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c. Printed on the shortest notice

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,

Nature's Crown.

You Must Cultivate it

GRAY HAIR

Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING

Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S

HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,

Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,

GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,

AND

DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,

1007tf Bell's Block, opposite Russel House.

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address

E. F. MCAVAY & CO.,

Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,

Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

April 28, 1869. 1033-3m

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

34 SUSSEX-ST.

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

UNITED COUNTIES OF PRESCOTT AND RUSSELL SPRING ASSIZES, 1869.

These assizes commenced on Tuesday, 27th, before Mr. Justice Morrison. The members of the legal profession present were the Hon. J. Sandfield Macdonald, who took charge of the Crown business, assisted by the County-Attorney, Mr. Dartnell, Mr. O'Reilly, Q.C., G. B. L. Fellowes, Esq., Q.C., Mr. O'Brian, and Mr. Allan Grant.

The court having been opened, the following Grand Jury were sworn in:

Donald Ross, Esq., foreman; Rott. Armstrong, Thomas Brady, John Cashion, Solomon Grout, Eli Robinson, Isidore Richie, W. J. Rowan, James Cross, Andrew Buchan, Humphrey Hughes, William Johnson, John Campbell.

Mr. Justice Morrison then addressed the Grand Jury, and said he had the pleasure of informing them that their calendar was without the name of a prisoner. There was nobody in custody, but there were two out on bail, one of whom was charged with the heinous offence of rape, but from the fact of the accused party being out on bail, it was to be presumed that the evidence to support the charge was not clear, as when it was, they were generally held as captives in the jail. Rape is a high offence, and it was necessary when examining the charge to satisfy themselves that there was sufficient evidence to justify them in putting the party on his trial. It was not for them to try him, but if there was evidence to justify them in sending the case to trial before a petit jury to do so. The chief witness in such cases was generally the woman, and if she be one of good fame and reputation, and sufficient evidence appears to lead to a conviction, it would be their duty to find the bill. But if, on the other hand, the female were not of good fame and reputation, then they should consider well the evidence. This was a charge which was easily made, but difficult to defend. Their duty, he would repeat, was not to try the case, but to be satisfied that there was evidence to put the party on his trial. If the woman were not of good character, but there was testimony to corroborate her, they should find a true bill. Thus, if immediately after the offence she inform a neighbour of the offence, or if she make it known to her friends or parents, then there is a something to support her testimony, but if she hold over the charge, if she make no complaint to any one, then her conduct is suspicious. It sometimes happens if a woman has been criminal with others, that she makes such a charge to free herself from the suspicion of it. Therefore, if the woman be of a fair character, and that the general character of the evidence sustains the charge, they should send the case to a jury, but if the case be a doubtful one, it is better to ignore the Bill. There could then be no object in sending the case to a jury. No man has a right, however infamous the character of a woman may be, to commit such an offence. She is, equally with the most virtuous, under the protection of the law. If her character be not good, or there has been any great delay after the alleged offence in making the charge, then it would not be right to send the party accused to trial, but if otherwise, they should find the bill. There was another view of such a case to be taken. It an assault is made with intent to commit such an offence, then they may find such a bill, if they be satisfied he would, if he had the opportunity, have completed the offence without her consent. Or if he has been guilty of an indecent assault, though he may not have gone so far as to complete the offence, then he could be so indicted. He had nothing further to address them on, save to congratulate them on the remarkable absence of crime in these counties—a jail without prisoners, and on the civil side, there was equally a blank, no case to try, no litigation among the people. Such was a happy state, but, however happy for the people, it must be a difficult matter for a lawyer to make a living among them. They might now retire to their room and investigate the evidence on any indictment which might go before them.

The civil business was then proceeded with. The only case entered was that of Snowdon *vs.* Brown, an action on a promissory note. Verdict by consent for the amount claimed, $ Mr. O'Brian for plaintiff; Mr. Dartnell for defendant.

After an interval of some time, the Grand Jury came into court, and in the case of the Queen *vs.* Blaney for rape, returned "No Bill," and in the case of the Queen *vs.* Michael Collins, for cutting timber, "a True Bill."

There being no other business to go before the Grand Jury they were discharged, and the only case for trial was proceeded with.

The Queen *vs.* W. N. Barrie. In this case the Attorney-General stated the case for the Crown. He said the prosecutor in this case, Mr. John McMartin, resided at Plantagenet, in this county, and he complained that some time in the fall of last year the defendant, who also resides in Plantagenet, made a forcible entry into the house of the prosecutor, ejected him therefrom, and still keeps the possession against him. Now whatever shadow of right he might have to enter this was not the way to assert it, but to sustain the indictment there must be an entry with force. Opening a door or window and entering thereby would not constitute a forcible entry, and having defined which was necessary to be proved to sustain the indictment he called the prosecutor.

John McMartin sworn—Resides at Plantagenet. Owned a house there. Was sued for the possession of it at last court by Mr. Morland. Came to attend the court; that was last September 16th. Was here a couple of days, and when witness returned he found that possession of it was taken by some one. Had been living there before that; slept in the place. When witness went back he found the door locked and screwed up, and could not get in. There was no one in the house. Slept at Yeon's tavern. Did not see any one in the house. Went there next morning, and took a slab and broke in the window, and got in through it; put a man named Wright in; broke open the front door, and got Wright's things in there, his furniture and bench. He is a shoemaker. Saw Barrie go into the kitchen, by G——. He flung out the things, by G——, he did.

The Court—Hearken to me, witness. I have heard you swearing twice now. If you do it again, I will send you to jail.

Witness—Oh, don't, my Lord.

Witness resumed—Barrie, the defendant, threw Wright, and his things, out. As fast as Wright put them in, Barrie put them out. Barrie laughed at me. Oh, he did. There is no law for killing a McMartin here, no, there is not. Barrie put Wright out, and closed up the house. I never got possession from him. Afterwards Dejardine was put into it by me, and he is still in possession. Barrie had a lease of the house, a joint lease. Barrie and I were partners. My brother Alexander made a lease of his half to Barrie for fifteen years, and we signed partnership articles for it, and Barrie claimed to have a right of possession, but I never gave him that possession. I was never in bankruptcy; never went into insolvency. I was put into insolvency against my will. There is no law for me. I went back into the house. I sold my property to Hagar a year ago last spring. That was on principle only. I sold off to Hagar on principle, I say, only on principle. I was not in possession. I made writings of it to Hagar last year before they turned me out. Mr O'Brian drew out the writings. I signed over my interest to Hagar, on conditions—mind, only on conditions. Hagar obtained possession under it, and I was kept out from that time.

Cross-examined by Mr. O'Reilly.—I leased the house to Dejardine since Wright was put out. My brother Alexander had an interest in it until he died. The lease to Barrie was for fifteen years, commencing four years ago. I had an undivided interest in the house also, and gave it to Barrie for fifteen years when we went into partnership in the manufacturing of lumber. Was put into the Insolvent Court. Was put in along with Whelan. Who is Whelan? Why, Barrie, that long Whelan. I call him so, because he is a man can shoot. We had differences before this, when my brother was shot, but I will have my revenge. This prosecution is no part of the revenge. This is humbug.

Charles Ryan knows the house in question. He was there on the day spoken of by last witness. I saw Mr. Barrie and Dr. Wells in the house. Don't know how they got in. I saw John McMartin come to the door of the house with a small axe and hammer, and chop at the door until he broke it in. Saw Wright then bring in his furniture and tools, and saw Wright brought them in the front door Barrie put them out at the back door. Can't say if the house was occupied before that. Did not see Mr. Barrie go in. This witness was not cross-examined.

The Attorney-General said this closed the case for the Crown.

Mr. O'Reilly submitted that there was no case to go to the jury.

The Court—I quite concur with you.

His Lordship then proceeded to address the jury. He said the evidence adduced shows no case whatever to go to the jury. There is some evidence that at one time the prosecutor had some right of possession in the premises, but there is no evidence whatever of any forcible entry; no evidence of any bodily fear being created; no breach of the peace; nothing of any kind to make the matter the subject of a criminal charge. If the house was empty and gone into in a peaceable manner, and there is no evidence to the contrary, if there was no breach of the peace committed, and no danger of one, the law should not be thus put in motion for the purposes either of possession or punishment. If defendant had come there with three or four persons with some show of force, and of an intention to break the law, this would be a forcible entry. But we have no evidence of how Barrie got in, or of his being there at all until Wright comes, and then Wright is the party put out, not McMartin. He had read the depositions taken before the magistrates in this case, having at first felt disposed to send the case back to the Sessions for trial there, but seeing therefrom that the whole difficulty arose from some proceedings relating to the estate of these insolvents, of which estate the son of the County Attorney, Mr. Dartnell, was the assignee, and as the conduct of the case of necessity must at the Sessions rest with the County Attorney, as the Clerk of that Court, he thought it would be more satisfactory to all parties to dispose of the case here, and he advised the Attorney-General to let it come on now, and having now heard the evidence to support the charge he must tell them there was no evidence to go to them, and under his direction they must acquit the defendant. If there was anything wrong in the case, the prosecutor must seek a remedy otherwise.

The jury then returned a verdict of "Not Guilty."

The court said there was no further business to go before them, and on discharging them from attendance he could not avoid again congratulating them on the peace and harmony of the counties. Only one criminal case for trial, and one undefended civil issue. With no litigation or crime among them, they ought to be a happy people, but it must be very hard indeed for a lawyer to make a livelihood among them.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

The *Globe* last evening publishes a "private and confidential" correspondence which has passed between some of the directors of this bank. The correspondence ought not to have been published, and its appearance in print is, to say the least, suspicious. Mr. Donald McDonald appears in it in no good light. It is quite evident his ire was excited because he could not get the extraordinary credit of $100,000. It is satisfactory to have even his statement, however, that of the entire solvency of the bank there is not the slightest question.—*Leader.*

—A British Columbian desperado has come to grief at the Tahiti Islands. About a year and a half ago, a brig called the *Rona* arrived at Victoria from Tahiti. She was commanded by a Captain Hayes—an enormously stout man—who had fled from California and Australia to avoid answering to the law for the commission of acts of at least a questionable character—among others for stealing the bark *Ellenita* from San Francisco, in 1859. It was understood that Hayes' real following was that of kidnapping natives at the Tahiti Islands and conveying them to Australia, where they were apprenticed for long terms to stock-raisers. After leaving Victoria, the doughty captain—who appeared to have piles of gold—cruised among the Tahitian Islands in pursuit of his infamous calling, and upon an unlucky day fell out with his first mate and challenged him to fight a duel. The mate accepted the challenge, the brig was brought to an anchor, a boat was lowered and the two combatants, accompanied by the crew, went ashore. The weapons used were pistols, and Hayes was shot through the body and killed at the first fire. Upon his fall the natives, who had stood aloof and watched the proceedings, rushed forward and cut off Hayes' head, and drove the mate and the crew back to their vessel. Hayes was both feared and hated by the Tahitians.

—The grave of Marie Alphonsine Plessis, whose history was the basis of M. Dumas's novel, "La Dame aux Camelias," is still pointed out in one of the Paris cemetries. It is decorated with flowers daily, and in reply to inquiries by visitors by whom it is done, the keeper of the cemetery replies "M. Armand."

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who are either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co is on each package. Northrop & Lyman Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man? and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vexata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY. For sale by all druggists.

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of *Grace's Celebrated Salve*, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing rooms. Only 25 cents a box.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Card of Thanks—W. Mills.
Steamers for the Upper Ottawa—R. S. Cassels.
Horse and Buggy for Sale—H. McLean.
Pass Book Lost—L. N. Nye.
Door Keeper Wanted—W. Taylor.
Court of Revision—Jas. Beaman.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

The Senate adjourned yesterday afternoon until Tuesday next.

In the Commons a somewhat sharp debate rose on the case of the Rev. Mr. McMahon; and the House adjourned at six, until Friday, to-day being a statutory holiday.

Several articles are crowded out of this issue, among them a review of the measures taken by the Local Government of Ontario for the promotion of emigration.

Our down town contemporary indicates that there is considerable opposition in Parliament to the appointment of Mr. Langton, the Auditor, to the additional office of Secretary of the Treasury Board, with a salary of $1,000 per annum, in addition to his other emoluments. The *Citizen* may be correct, for anything that we know to the contrary; but we have only heard three members, Messrs. Holton, McKenzie and Jones, object to the proposed arrangement.

From what has been said on the other side, however, concerning Mr. Langton's extraordinary services to the country, we should naturally infer that the additional thousand a year might be given him without adding the burden of a new office to his already too onerous duties. There is undoubtedly an objection in the public mind to swelling fixed incomes by incidental charges for extra services. The public do not exact more than a day's work from any of its servants; but in every private and public undertaking there is a prejudice against "extras," which, whether well or ill founded, should command some share of respect, if only because of its strength. Possibly some such appreciation of the public temper may have influenced the *Citizen* in coming to the conclusion that "there appears to be considerable opposition "to" the proposal to multiply Mr. Langton's official duties; and it is not unreasonable to suppose that this opposition would be strengthened by the assurance that Mr. Langton was already over-worked; or did an amount of duty in the service of the public which involved an expenditure of time that more selfish mortals would claim as their own, for the purposes of rest and recreation. The public will, however, be better able to appreciate Mr. Langton's position; and the justice, or, otherwise, of saddling him with more work, when the discussion takes place upon the Bill respecting the Finance Department, or other measures affecting the constitution and regulation of the Civil Service of the Dominion.

It is unfortunate that at a time when the Messrs Allan are about seeking a renewal of their subsidy; or rather when the Government is about to ask the sanction of Parliament to a provisional agreement already entered into, one of their ships should have been wrecked, and the recollection of the old disasters of the line thereby unpleasantly revived. It is true, that of late the Allan mail line of steamships has been more fortunate, or better managed, than formerly; and it is also true that the *St. George* did not belong to the mail, but to the freight and passenger, line. Nevertheless the public will hardly make such nice distinctions, and hence the suspicion may get abroad that the country might do better than subsidise a line, whose past services, though important, no doubt, have still been purchased, not only with a high price in money, but at the cost of many precious human lives. It is not at all improbable that the new arrangement will receive the close attention of Parliament before it is sanctioned. It is, happily, one of those purely business matters, which has no more of politics in it than one's account with his butcher. We only remember one politician in Canada who attempted, and carried out if we are not mistaken, a "big thing" on the Messrs. Allan, and he, thanks to the decline of political bigotry and the general spread of good sense, is not only out of office and out of Parliament, but out of all reasonable prospect of ever being able to return to either. The "coast"—to use a common phrase—is therefore "clear" for a plain business negotiation, and such it ought to be.

The whole question of subsidies is one which deserves serious attention. Would it not be possible were the carrying of the mails put up to competition to get an equally efficient and much cheaper service? It might be so, though upon this point we have little further information than what may be gathered from the fact that the renewal of the contract between the Cunard line and the English Government is very generally condemned by the British public. Whether the arrangement with the Allan line will be regarded in the same light in Canada, is doubtful; but one thing is certain, that the disasters of this line in former years have done much to damage the reputation of the St. Lawrence route; and probably affected the rates of insurance to an extent that has had some depressing influence on the trade of the country. It is, therefore, desirable, in the highest degree, that proper guarantees should be taken for good and careful management in the future, should the contract be ratified by Parliament.

We willingly give prominence to the following letter from our friend Mr. W. Frank Lynn, on the subject of immigration. It will be seen that Mr. L. is desirous of obtaining information as to the proper and expeditious "placing" of the numerous applicants who crowd his office, with the view of securing a situation on their arrival in Canada. Some days ago, on noticing Mr. Lynn's pamphlet, we gave his address for the benefit of parties who might wish to enter into engagement for the employment of emigrants; and while now soliciting the attention of the members of the General and Local Governments to Mr. Lynn's letter, we may also again suggest that private individuals may much assist Mr. Lynn's operations by sending him information direct to his own office, as indicated below:

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—I am still carrying on my emigration plans, and have succeeded to such an extent that my only difficulty now is to obtain sufficiently accurate information, from the different localities in Canada, as to the labourers and people who might obtain employment in each, to enable me to direct the numbers of people who come to me daily to the most suitable locality.

I have arranged a system by which, if I am properly supported from your side, I shall be able to induce people, most likely to prosper in the Dominion, to go; to direct them what part to go to, and to place every facility in their way for the accomplishment of their journey.

My desire now is to obtain the active co-operation of your countrymen and Government, and I shall be greatly obliged to you, sir, for any assistance you may render through your valuable paper.

I am, faithfully yours,
W. FRANK LYNN.

85 Gresham House, Old Broad-st.,
London, England, April 17.

It is scarcely fifteen years since the hilly southern plains of the Crimean Peninsula were covered with the soldiery of three of the most powerful nations in Europe, and yet in that comparatively short period nearly all the leading spirits of those campaigns have made their exit from the world's stage. Raglan, Simpson, Campbell, Cardigan, St. Arnaud, Gortschakoff, all are gone now, and yesterday we announced the demise, at the advanced age of eighty years, of Prince Alexander Sergejwitsch Menschikoff, the heroic, if unsuccessful, defender of Sebastopol and the Peninsula. To readers of Mr. Kinglake's admirable work on the "Invasion of the Crimea," the name of Menschikoff will recall the striking and vivid manner in which that writer portrays how Lord Stratford de Redcliffe foiled him (Menschikoff) at Constantinople, how he suddenly appeared with a small staff on the Heights of Alma previous to the landing of the allied forces, and his narrow escape from capture when his own heaving masses of black coated soldiers became panic-stricken in the battle that followed. Menschikoff, although he appears never to have served an apprenticeship in the navy, enjoyed the rank and emoluments of a naval officer, and at the time of his death was the senior Admiral of the Russian service. The following facts respecting him will be of interest to some of our readers:

He was born in the year 1789. The Menschikoff family, although now one of the most powerful in Russia, is of recent origin. Its founder, Alexander, the son of a pastry-cook, rose by the favour of Peter I. to importance in the State, and under Catherine, became yet more rich and powerful. The family estates were confiscated by Peter II., but restored by Paul I. to the father of the prince just deceased. The name of Alexander Sergejwitsch Menschikoff was inscribed on the lists of the Russian army in 1805, but at that time the young prince was at Dresden, where he remained two or three years, professedly to study civil and international law. Shortly after his return to Russia he was sent to Vienna, as an attache of the Imperial Embassy there. He accompanied the Emperor Alexander, in the capacity of aide-de-camp, during the campaigns of 1812-1815, and at their close had attained the rank of General. After the peace of Paris he was an ardent promoter of the Greek *hetaria*, professedly aiming at the restoration of the Greek Empire, but in fact seeking to realise the dream of Peter I., and to secure Turkey to the house of Romanoff. The failure of the Greek scheme drove Menschikoff for a time from the Court of Alexander, but on the accession of Nicholas I. he was recalled to St. Petersburg, and at once employed in an important service. The Czar had encroached on the dominions of his neighbour the Shah of Persia, and occupied the territory lying to the north and northeast of Lake Goktcha. Desiring to legalise this usurpation by a treaty, Nicholas sent Menschikoff, towards the close of the year 1826, to Teheran, to negotiate with that object. The Russian envoy, after vainly trying the arts of cajolery made himself remarkable by an ostentatious contempt of the etiquette so much prized by Eastern Courts, marching in jack boots into the presence—a course of conduct which enraged without intimidating the Persians, and negotiations were abruptly broken off. Menschikoff had arrived at Tabreez, on his return to Tiflis, where he was suddenly arrested and held prisoner for some time. By the intervention of the British Ambassador he obtained his release at the end of a month, and renewed his journey. The campaign of Paskiewitch was the sequel of his unsuccessful mission. Persia lost not only the disputed territory, but the Khanate of Erivan and Nakhitschevan, having, besides, to pay an indemnity of 80,000,000 roubles. Menschikoff attended the first battles of this campaign as an amateur. On the outbreak of the war with Turkey in 1828, Menschikoff received the command of an army corps, and was sent to Anapa, a Turkish coast fortress, and shortly afterwards forced the place to surrender. He was next sent to Bulgaria, and ordered to operate against Varna; the weakness of his forces compelled him to choose a point of attack in which he could receive support from the Russian fleet. It was soon found, however, that the ships could not approach near enough to the fortress to render any important assistance, and that the army must rely almost entirely upon itself. A division of the Imperial Guards arrived, and Menschikoff hoped to carry on the siege with energy, when an accident occurred, which for a time interrupted his military career. One evening, as he was returning to his quarters, after giving orders to his staff, he turned—perhaps to indulge a contemplative mood, perhaps to review the dispositions of the siege,—and placed himself in a favourite attitude, with his legs extended apart, and was so standing, when a round shot from a Turkish battery passed under him, and left a groove in each of his thighs. He resigned the command to Prince Woronzoff, and was long unfit for active employment. After his recovery, he was nominated vice-Admiral and chief of the naval staff of the empire. In this capacity he devoted himself to the creation of the Baltic fleet, which, as it exists at present, may be said to owe its origin to Menschikoff. In 1834 he was appointed Admiral of the fleet, and two years afterwards Minister of Marine. During a portion of this time he administered the Government of Finland, to which he was appointed in 1831. In the latter months of 1852, the journals of Europe began to draw attention to the Prince's presence in the South of Russia and in the Crimea, marked as it was by unusual concentrations of troops, and frequent naval and military reviews. Ozeroff, Russian *charge d'affaires* at Constantinople, was at that time disputing with the Divan respecting the claims of the Czar to certain privileges connected with the Holy Places in Palestine. As is known, he failed, and thereupon (March, 1853) Prince Menschikoff appeared at Constantinople, with special powers from the Czar. The Prince's suite gave from the first a menacing character to his mission. He was accompanied by eleven persons of rank, among whom were one general, two colonels and two captains of the Imperial navy. The great state which these persons assumed; the lavishness of their expenditure; the Prince's haughty and systematic disregard of Turkish ceremonial, and the presence of a Russian war steamer in the Bosphorus, quite overcame the reason of the Turkish population, who believed in their hearts, and declared in ordinary discourse, that the days of Moslem ascendency were at an end. The Prince, while dazzling the populace by displays of magnificence, sought to overawe the Divan by a stern exhibition of power. The Grand Vizier and all the chief functionaries of the State had appointed a day for his reception, when all were in gold uniforms. Menschikoff appeared in a paletot and an old round hat; the next day he sent word that he should not recognize the Sultan's Minister of Foreign Affairs, and the able and enlightened Fuad Effendi was compelled to resign that post. Shortly afterwards he was invited, at his own desire, to confer with the ministers assembled in the Divan; but disdaining to reply to this invitation, he repaired to the Palace of the Sultan, who was in a state of profound domestic affliction, and who at the moment had no minister near him. The Prince addressed his Majesty in a most menacing speech, and bade him take the advice of those who could tell him what it was to go to war with Russia. His negotiations with the Porte, and his intercourse with the French and British Ministers, were marked by duplicity. The prudence and magnanimity of the French Government enabled the Porte to satisfy all his requirements respecting the holy places, and the ostensible object of his mission was thus gained. It was then that he asserted that astounding claim, by which it was demanded that to 12,000,000 of the Sultan's subjects should be given a right of appeal from Constantinople to St. Petersburg. The demand was of course rejected, and on the 21st of May Menschikoff sailed from the Bosphorus to the Crimea, thus terminating a mission which from first to last was a mystery and an outrage. In 1854 Menschikoff was appointed to the supreme civil and military command in the Crimea. It must be admitted that at that important post he had faced with great energy the storm he had drawn down upon his country. His abilities as a commander of troops in the field do not appear to have been equal to his presumption; and the battle of the Alma must have enlightened him as to the real quality of the British and French troops, when compared with those of Russia. It may be admitted that he exhibited great energy, and inexhaustible resources, in the defence of Sebastopol. History affords no example of defences and works of so extensive a character, thrown up by a besieged garrison in the presence of a powerful enemy; and it is something for this amphibious commander to say, that whereas on the 26th of September the place was almost open, and only defended by the vessels in the harbour, five months later, and in spite of repeated attacks the town was stronger than at first. It must not, however, be forgotten that though Sebastopol was during this time successfully defended; it was only effected by the sacrifice of that very object which the fortifications were constructed to guard. It was at the expense of the Russian Black Sea fleet, five ships only of which were left in Sebastopol harbour on the 5th of March, 1855, the rest having been sunk to block up the entrance of the harbour. In the last week of the reign of Nicholas, or the first in that of his successor, Menschikoff was relieved of his important command, and also of the ministry of Marine, and the governorship of Finland. It was at first thought in Europe that he had fallen into disgrace, but subsequent reasons have transpired for believing that the official account of the matter published at St. Petersburg was correct, and that the state of his health forbade his further employment.

In 1856 it was said that he had retired into a Monastery to live as a monk, but his appearance in public on several occasions since then has proved this rumour untrue. In politics he was the acknowledged chief of the old Russian party, and the declared enemy of all reform. To a natural bluntness of manner he joined a very active intellect, showing that singular mixture of barbarism and culture so often found associated in the Russian mind, manners and politics.

LOCAL NEWS.

Popular Readings.—The usual weekly readings at the St Patrick's Hall to-night is postponed until to-morrow (Friday) evening in consequence of this being a legal holiday.

Spring Fair.—Yesterday the spring fair was held in the By-Ward market place. It did not, however, amount to a great deal. About twenty poor horses offered, and some of them were sold, by auction, and some eighteen or twenty cows, which shewed by their condition the scarcity of hay. A few only changed hands.

Parties requiring new carpets, floor oil cloths, or other house furnishings, would do well to inspect Magee & Russell's extensive stock before purchasing, as they have recently received large additions of this season's patterns from the most celebrated makers in Britain. Carpets made and laid by competent upholsterers.

Chromo-Lithography.—An illustration of the perfection to which this important branch of modern art has attained in the Dominion, is afforded by the transfer to the stones, in all its entirety, of the Canadian picture, "The Early Bird picks up the Worm," lately exhibited at the annual display of the society of Canadian artists in Montreal. The chromo is produced by Roberts & Reinhold of that city, and we have no hesitation, or misgiving, in pronouncing it a perfect triumph, one that proclaims to the world that while Canada holds her own in the race of material advancement, she is by no means indifferent to the civilizing and refining influences of modern art. Hitherto the best pictures have been only accessible to the multitude through the engraver's art, which, however good and artistic in execution, left always an indefinite something to be desired through the lack of the delicacy of tint, and the rich gorgeousness of colour, but the art of chromo lithography, lately discovered, if we may use the term, duplicates the original, and brings it within the reach of men of taste, whose means are limited, and who do not feel justified in expending large sums on originals, when the eye can be as well satisfied, and their walls can be as tastefully ornamented, with the copies, at a much less price than an ordinary engraving which is in most cases worn out before it finds its way into this country. The subject is a familiar one, being two French Canadian beggars competing for the early alms. The successful one, in high glee, meets his tardy *confrere* with as much dignity as if he were an equestrian mendicant familiarly known as "a beggar on horseback," while the late bird exhibits all the disappointment strongly intensified, of persons in like circumstances, where ambition takes a more lofty aim. The picture is pervaded with quiet humour, with great breadth of treatment, and the shadows are produced by a nice appreciation of the gradations of colour. Our old friend Cousin Sandy is in town with the intention of soliciting orders, and if anything like the success attends him here that he met with in Montreal, he will have no cause to regret having revisited the capital.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

We would call the attention of those in need of spectacles and eye glasses to the stock of those articles kept on hand by Messrs. Young & Radford, who are the sole agents for Ottawa for the celebrated Lazarus & Morris' spectacles and eye glasses. All those who have tried them admit they are the most brilliant, perfect and easy glass to the eye yet introduced into Ottawa. The offers are liberal; if the purchaser is not satisfied the money can be returned after one or two weeks trial.

We notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see.
1038d

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

Wednesday, May 5.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock p. m.

After routine

The following petitions were severally presented:

By the Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON—Of Charles Robertson and others of the city of Toronto, praying that in any legislation on the subject of Banking no change of a fundamental character be made in the present system, and that the circulation of the Banks be preserved on its present basis.

By the Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON—Of George Robinson and others, of the city of Toronto, praying for the same objects as the above petition.

By the Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON—Of Henderson J. Bostwick and others, of the city of Toronto, praying also for the same purposes as the preceding petitions.

By the Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON—Of J. Henderson and others, of the city of Toronto, praying for the same purposes as the preceding petitions.

By the Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON—Of W. Rodden and others, of the city of Toronto, praying for the same purposes as the preceding petitions.

By the Hon. Mr. SKEAD—Of Joseph Hinton and others, praying that the House will take such measures as will cause the obstructions to the navigation of the Ottawa river to be removed, and an uninterrupted line to the full capacity of the leading channel, and the supply of water from the summit level opened throughout.

By the Hon. Mr. SKEAD—Of Robinson Lyon and others, praying for the same purposes as the preceding petition.

By the Hon. Mr. RYAN—Of Pierre Griffard, President and others of the Montreal Typographical Union, No. 97, praying that steps may be taken to draw the attention of the Imperial Government to the injustice of the existing Copyright Law, with a view to rendering it legal for Canadian publishers to publish British works upon terms equally advantageous with those enjoyed by foreigners.

By the Hon. Mr. RYAN—Of William Workman, and two thousand four hundred citizens of Montreal, and others, praying permission for the reprint under certain conditions of British copyright books in the Dominion of Canada.

By the Hon. Mr. BLAKE—Of Elias Eby & Co., of the county of Waterloo, in the Province of Ontario, praying that in any legislation on the subject of banking no change of a fundamental character be made in our present system, and that the circulation of the banks be preserved substantially on its present basis.

By the Hon. Mr. CHRISTIE—Of Robert Twiss, and others, praying that a duty may be imposed on all foreign grown hops when imported into Canada.

By the Hon. Mr. ROSS—Of John Worthington, James Crowther, Hon. John Ross, Walter Sutherland Lee, all of the city of Toronto, James Holden, of the town of Whitby, Joseph Gould, of Uxbridge, Aaron Ross, of Prince Albert, Hon. J. C. Aikins, of Peel, and John Crawford, of Toronto, praying for an Act of incorporation for establishing a bank in the city of Toronto, under the corporate name of the "Dominion Bank."

The Hon. Mr. ALLAN—From the committee on standing orders and private bills, presented their fourth report: Your committee have examined the following petitions, and find that sufficient notice has been given in each case, viz.: Of the Hon. D. L. Macpherson, and others, praying for an Act to incorporate the Dominion Mutual Life Guarantee Insurance Company. Of Labanque du Peuple, of the city of Toronto, praying for the continuation of their charter; and of Eli Clinton Clarke, of the city of Toronto, praying for an Act of naturalization as a British subject. Your committee have also examined the petition of Adolphe Roy, and others, praying for the passing of an Act to authorize the company for the improvement of the St. Francis and Yamaska rivers to levy certain duties upon vessels navigating those rivers, and also to find the notice deficient from point of time. And also the petition of Philip Pearson Harris of the City of Quebec, praying for an Act to amend an Act of the 29th and 30th Victoria, intituled "An Act to enable him to obtain a patent for a machine for refining and deodorizing crude petroleum, and to find that no notice has been given in the case.

Your Committee, however, recommend the suspension of the 51st rule in these cases, as it will be competent for your Committee, as a Committee on Private Bills, to provide that no injury to any party shall arise therefrom.—Which report was on motion received and adopted.

Hon. Mr. ROSS presented a Bill to naturalize Eli C. Clark, of Toronto—read a first, and ordered to be read a second time on Friday next.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY enquired what amount by way of postal subsidy the Government are prepared to grant to a suitable steamer, to be placed on the route from Halifax to Yarmouth, calling at intermediate ports, say Lunenburg, Liverpool and Shelburne, and for what number of years.

He said the season of year had now arrived, when any steamers which would be a benefit to that portion of the Dominion, if not put upon that route, would be taken up for other services. Therefore, it was necessary to get this information at as early a period as possible.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said he regretted he was not able to give information as to what subsidy the Government would be prepared to give. He thought the House would agree with him, that it would be very undesirable for the Government to be obliged to state beforehand, what amount they were willing to give. When the matter is a subject of negociation it would be time enough to make that statement. In the meantime he could only state that if a line of steamboats be established the Government would be prepared to pay them handsomely for carrying the mails.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY regretted the Government could not give the information. It seemed as though they were not prepared to give any subsidy. This would cause a great deal of dissatisfaction to that part of the country especially when they see other portions of the Dominion so well supplied with steamboat accommodations being largely subsidised either directly or indirectly. He could not advance the object in view otherwise than by making this enquiry; because any person having the performance of this service in contemplation can make no arrangement in regard to it without knowing whether or not the Government would give them any substantial aid. Four or five large maritime counties were interested in this question, and he had discharged his duty—

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—The hon. gentleman is out of order. The question has been put and answered, and there can be no debate upon it.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY enquired whether during the present session of the Legislature the Government propose to submit an Act, providing for the constitution of a General Court of Appeal for Canada or for the establishment of any additional courts for the better administration of the Laws of Canada under the provisions of the 101 section of the British North America Act, 1867.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL replied that an Act for that purpose had been prepared and was now under the consideration of the Government. Whether they would be able to submit it at the present Session or not, he was not prepared to say, but he hoped to be able to inform his hon. friend before the close of the Session.

Hon. Mr. WILSON moved that when this House adjourns on Wednesday, it do stand adjourned until Tuesday the 11th instant. He said the motion did not require a long speech. He thought public interest would not suffer in consequence of the adjournment. There would be only two days lost as to-morrow was a statutory holiday.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN said the members of the House had been working with great diligence, therefore he thought the Government should take a decided position one way or the other upon this motion, and say whether the adjournment should take place or not.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL would say on behalf of the Government that they were prepared to go on with the business of the country, and he thought as a matter of economy the House should not adjourn; nevertheless the Government were always ready to meet the wishes of the House.

Hon. Mr. SANBOTN under the circumstances felt bound to sustain the Government if they thought they should go on with the business of the country. He hoped they would not be defeated upon a division, but if they were, he hoped they would not resign upon the question.

The motion was adopted upon a division.

(To be continued.)

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Wednesday, May 5, 1869.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock. After the presenting and receiving of petitions.

FIRST READINGS.

The following Bills were introduced:

Mr. MAGILL—To amend the Act for the inspection of raw hides and leather.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—To amend and revise the Act incorporating the Canadian and British Telegraph Company.

Mr. BOWMAN moved to extend the time for receiving petitions for private Bills to the 17th instant.—Carried.

NEW MEMBER.

The SPEAKER announced that he had received a return of the writ for the election of a representative for Yarmouth, and that Mr. Frank Killam had been declared elected.

Mr. KILLAM was then introduced by Mr. Savary and Mr. E. M. Macdonald, and took his seat.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Mr. MASSON (Soulanges) enquired whether that portion of the debt of the former Province of Canada created for the redemption of Seigniorial rights is included in the amount in excess of sixty and a half millions of debt for which the Dominion is alone liable?

Hon. Mr. ROSE said it belonged to the whole debt of the old Province, and was therefore partly included in the debt assumed by the Dominion, and partly in the excess, according to the proportion it bore to the whole amount.

Mr. WALLACE enquired whether it is the intention of the Government to establish a Board of Examiners for masters and mates of sailing vessels for the Dominion?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Government had been in communication with the Home authorities to ascertain how a similar Board in England had worked, and it appeared to have given great satisfaction there. The subject would therefore be taken into consideration.

Mr. HUOT enquired whether it is the intention of the Government to recommend, in the event of a new Reciprocity Treaty being taken into consideration, that vessels constructed in the Dominion of Canada should be registered in the United States in like manner as vessels constructed in the said States are in England?

Hon. Mr. ROSE said that when the negotiations for a new Reciprocity Treaty came up for consideration, the matter referred to in the question would receive every attention.

Mr. DAOUST enquired whether it is the intention of the Government to take steps to regulate the value of the silver and copper coin now principally in circulation, so as to make it correspond with the decimal system now established, and so prevent the losses resulting from the circulation of the existing currency?

Hon. Mr. ROSE was understood to say that the subject mentioned would be taken into consideration in connection with the currency.

LIEUT.-COL. SHAW.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved an address to his Excellency the Governor-General for the report of Court of Enquiry ordered to investigate certain charges preferred against Lieut.-Col. Shaw, Brigade Major, Kingston, and copies of all correspondence and official reports relative to the case. He said he could see no reason for a refusal of these papers, as he contended it was customary in England to lay similar papers before Parliament. It was generally understood that the conduct of the Government in this case led to the resignation of the late Adjutant-General. He did not think the Government should have allowed any trivial matter to produce such a result, but it was the case that the Government preferred to retain Lieutenant-Colonel Shaw to the late Adjutant-General then the public should be informed as to the reasons for that course.

Hon. Sir G. E. CARTIER said any one conversant with Parliamentary practice in England must be aware that papers connected with the proceedings of a Court of Enquiry should not be laid before Parliament. Again and again motions similar to that made by the hon. member for Lambton had been made in the English House of Commons, and rejected by the Ministry of the day. The mover of the motion had argued that the papers should be laid before the House as a matter of right; but it was abundantly evident from the English precedent that the House had no right to demand such papers. The proceedings of a Court of Enquiry were in their very nature confidential, and the proposition that as a matter of course they should be laid before Parliament, was too absurd to be established. In this case it was not alleged that any injury had been done to any one connected with the enquiry. He referred to a similar course in England, to show that the practice there was to withhold the publication of proceedings of Courts of Enquiry unless a strong case of personal grievance was made out. He cited the opinion of the Marquis of Huntington and General Peel, that Parliament was not a tribunal before which a report of such proceedings should be produced. In this case there was less reason for laying the papers before the House than in the case of Col. Dennis that came up last session. The hon. member for Lambton had said the Adjutant-General had tendered his resignation because of the action of the Government in this matter; but the question of the resignation of that officer was not now before the House. The question was should the papers asked for be brought down, and considering English precedent, and the former practice of this House, he regretted to say that the Government could not consent to bring down the papers.

Mr. BOWELL said he would be glad to have these papers brought down, because they would show that there was a personal grievance in this matter. No matter what had been the cause of the resignation of Lieut.-Col. Macdougall, his conduct in this matter had been of the most high-handed character, and in his (Mr. Bowell's) opinion his resignation was a good thing for the force. He explained how the difficulty in this case arose, which led to the Court of Enquiry. Lieut.-Col. Jarvis, the Deputy Adjutant-General at Kingston, had given authority to Lieut.-Col. Shaw to make certain appointments, and in a letter to that officer had named the day for making these appointments. Upon the return of Lieut.-Col. Jarvis to Kingston, he complained that the appointments had been made too late, though they had been made within the time indicated by himself. This led finally to the Court of Enquiry, and to the suspension for several months of Lieut.-Col. Shaw. The Government, subsequently, removed the order of suspension, and in effect condemned the action of the Adjutant-General. But not satisfied with his action in this matter, the Adjutant-General took occasion to make a gross attack upon a member of this House for what he said in his seat in the House. If a militia officer, holding a seat in Parliament, was to be held responsible to his superior in the force, for what he had thought it his duty to say and do in his place in Parliament, the sooner the volunteers and the country knew it the better. He made these remarks, because it was well known that he was the member who had been thus attacked by the Adjutant-General, and he would repeat that he would be glad to have the whole correspondence between himself and the Adjutant-General, and between Lt.-Col. Jervis, Lt.-Col. Shaw, and the Adjutant-General, brought before the House.

Mr. BROWN—While he did not dispute the facts as stated by the hon. member for North Hastings had a decided objection to this House constituting itself a sort of high court of enquiry to preside over all matters of administration (hear, hear). In such matters it was the duty of the proper officers to maintain order and discipline in the service; and though he regretted that the Adjutant-General had been so unfortunate as to have made the remarks concerning a member of the House, these remarks, he thought, were quite undeserved; but he disapproved of the House becoming a Court of Enquiry over the discipline of the volunteers. Had he been aware that the question was coming up he would have had more to say on it.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said when a case was made out for the exercise of the inquisitorial powers of Parliament, then a case was made out for production of the papers. But he was not prepared to say that such a case had been made out in this case. Though seconding the motion of his hon. friend (McKenzie), he knew nothing of the facts of the case, except what he had heard since the debate opened. The practice in England had been to bring forward such motions for the discussion of grievances; but unless a Court of Enquiry was followed by a court-martial, it was not usual to bring down the papers.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD referred to the English practice which was invariably to refuse reports of Courts of Enquiry, unless followed by Courts Martial. He contended that the discipline of the army must be a matter of administration. The right of dismissal and appointment in the Commander-in-Chief might be exercised of his own mere motion; or it might proceed for cause assigned. A Court of Enquiry was merely an investigation by certain parties presumed to understand the subject, and whose report, to be of any value, must of necessity be confidential. It had no value, unless approved by the Commander-in-Chief; and were these confidential reports to be laid before Parliament the usefulness of a Court of Enquiry would be entirely destroyed.

Mr. McKENZIE regretted the ground the Government had taken, that in no such case as this one they would bring down the papers. He had no leaning towards either of the parties concerned, and made his motion purely in the public interest. He believed that this was a case in which the discipline of the force was intimately connected, and one which effected very seriously the position of prominent officers throughout the country, in relation to the men under their command. The facts he believed were that Col. Shaw disobeyed his superior officer; that the superior officer reported to the Adjutant-General, who ordered a court of enquiry; that this court reported in favour of the dismissal of Col. Shaw, which report was approved by the Adjutant-General; but disallowed by the Governor-General, or as the Premier had said, the Commander-in-Chief. Now he held that the Commander-in-Chief acted solely on the advice of the Government, and therefore he held the Government responsible for the act. He considered this a great public grievance, destructive of the discipline of the volunteer force, that an officer who had disobeyed his superior, should have been allowed to retain his position. These were the reasons which had induced him to bring the question before the House. He would not press for a division, his sole object was the discussion of the question, in order to get the facts before the public.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said though he would not be drawn into the discussion of the facts of the case, still he would say that there was not the slightest foundation for the charge of disobedience against Col. Shaw. The assertion was an entire mistake—(hear, hear and laughter).

Mr. BOWELL said Col. Shaw's only fault was that he had carried out his instructions a little too strictly (laughter).

Mr. McKENZIE withdrew his motion.

Mr. HUOT moved an address to his Excellency the Governor-General for copy of the petition of Mr. Bonaventure Viger, praying to be indemnified for certain expenses incurred by him during his exile at the Island of Bermuda, in 1838, and of all correspondence which has passed between the Government and him on that subject.—Carried.

Mr. METCALFE moved an address to his Excellency the Governor-General, for return of the appointment and instructions to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway; also a copy of the appointment and instructions to the chief engineer; copies of all reports and communications by commissioners and Chief Engineers, on the subject of tenders, and the letting of contracts for the construction of the said works, or any part thereof; also copies of any orders in Council approving said reports, or otherwise. He said the millions that would be paid for the construction of the railway would be lost to the country. He complained of the improper haste with which the contracts had been let even before the plans and specifications were properly finished. They had been let at prices entirely too low, in the judgment of every competent man.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD was glad to hear the hon. member complain that the road was being pushed on too fast, for in Nova Scotia they were complaining that the Government was not moving fast enough in the construction of the railway (laughter).

Motion carried.

Mr. DREW moved an address to his Excellency the Governor-General for a return shewing the amount received by the Government from the several Provinces, on account of the issue of marriage licenses between the 1st of July, 1867, and the 30th of June, 1868, with a detailed statement shewing how much money has been expended.—Carried.

Mr. MASSON (Soulanges) moved an address to his Excellency the Governor-General for copies of all correspondence with the Government of the Dominion of Canada on the subject of the conviction or imprisonment of the Reverend John McMahon, Roman Catholic Priest, in the Provincial Penitentiary at Kingston, or of any correspondence referring in whole or in part to the said prisoner. He said the object he had in presenting the motion was a desire for the immediate release of the Rev. Mr. McMahon, a Catholic Priest, now confined in the Penitentiary at Kingston, and whose sentence of death had been commuted into imprisonment for life. This desire he felt in common with all the Catholics of the Dominion, who are as true and loyal subjects of her Majesty as any other subjects of Protestant denominations. The release from his long confinement, of the Rev. Mr. McMahon, would be considered a great and just boon, as all those who have read the evidence produced by the Crown at the trial are fully convinced that the conviction took place only on the testimony of a drunken witness, who accused himself, and who was the only one who had sworn that he saw him with a pistol in his hand; when at the same time five other witnesses produced by the Crown testified to the contrary, and even admitted that Rev. Mr. McMahon was seen giving his temporal as well as his spiritual aid to the wounded on the field of battle, without any regard either to Fenians or Volunteers. He (Mr. Masson) had nothing to say against the verdict rendered by the jury, considering the high feeling of indignation which was then prevailing in the community, in the middle of which some had to deplore the loss of a brother or a friend. He then made allusion to a great mistake once committed in Canada, a mistake of which he was himself a victim, in 1838, committed by a noble lord who, without any form of trial whatever, by an arbitrary act, had condemned to exile to Bermuda eight British subjects. An act which was immediately disapproved in England, and if he himself was now at liberty, and had the honour to have a seat in the House, it was due to that mistake of Lord Durham (laughter). He was confident that a great mistake was committed in the verdict of the jury in the case of the Rev. Mr. McMahon, and he asked the Government to release him. He was well acquainted with the reverend gentleman now under confinement, and that was the reason why he felt such an interest in taking all the means in his power to have him released from the Penitentiary, well convinced in his mind and from what he had read, that Mr. McMahon was innocent of the crime of which he had been accused. He had no sympathy whatever with the Fenians, and every one would admit that he (Mr. M.) was as true and loyal to his Queen and country, as any other member of the House (hear, hear).

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that if the hon. member insisted there would be no objection to bringing down the papers, but these papers would only contain the petitions forwarded on behalf of the prisoner. There was no other correspondence in relation to his case. He might remind the House that these prisoners had, by the Imperial Government, not by the Provincial Government of Canada, the sentence of death commuted into one of twenty years' confinement in the penitentiary. The Government of Canada had no intention now of taking the responsibility of dealing with these prisoners off the shoulders of the Imperial Government; but a correspondence had taken place between the Colonial Office and the Canadian Government concerning all these prisoners, the Rev. Mr. McMahon included, and that correspondence was now under consideration. The friends of the prisoners would, however, do their prospects no good by provoking discussion at the present time.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN argued that the case of the Rev. Father McMahon was a special one. He referred to the Lumsden trial, and the different verdict, notwithstanding the strong evidence of the Rev. Mr. Lumsden's guilt, and said that he had seen papers and documents in Montreal which fully confirmed his belief in the truth of the statement made by the Rev. Mr. McMahon, that he was on his way, to Canada to settle the affairs of his brothers estate, but, unfortunately for him, he had taken no means to prove this at his trial. The Irish Roman Catholics of the Dominion, numbering half a million, would receive the pardon of the Rev. Mr. McMahon as a great favour.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the fact of the hon. gentleman having imported this new element into the discussion—grounding his claim for pardon on the plea of religious belief—would do no good to the prisoner's cause (hear, hear.) He had been surprised at the hon. member in speaking of provocation.

Mr. ANGLIN—explained—The premier had misunderstood him. He had been far from saying that any provocation had been given, or that the crime was in any way defensible, but that the large body of Irish Roman Catholics of the Dominion who had been loyal during these times, desired that the Rev. Mr. McMahon, who had already undergone a large measure of punishment, should now be set at liberty.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—The explanation had not mended the matter. There was no special case to be made out for the Rev. Mr. McMahon. It is true the Irish Catholics were loyal, but were not the Irish Protestants loyal? (hear, hear). Were not the French Catholics and Scotch and English Catholics loyal. Were not the whole people of Canada, Protestant and Catholic, loyal, (hear, hear). There was no disloyalty in Canada, and there was no special merit in the loyalty of any class, (hear, hear). Though he agreed with much that the hon. gentleman had said respecting the case of Mr. Lumsden, though he would even go so far as to say that he believed the evidence against the Rev. Mr. Lumsden was sufficient to have warranted his conviction, still he would never dream, because the Rev. Mr. Lumsden was a Protestant, of claiming his pardon on that account, (applause). His hon. friend had claimed that the Rev. Mr. McMahon's was a special case; but the fact of his being a man of education, a man to lead and instruct the people in something better, was surely no reason of making his case a special one. The question simply was whether he was a criminal or not, and whether the circumstances were such as to warrant the Government to exercise the prerogative of mercy in his favour, and thereby disturb the course of criminal justice. He regretted exceedingly that his hon. friend had imported the statements into the discussion he had seen fit to make. He could inform his hon. friend that there was a strong feeling in Ontario, and he believed throughout the Dominion, that we must put down outrages of this uncalled for kind by a strong hand. This case could be safely left to the Imperial Government, and he was afraid his hon. friend had really taken a step towards arousing a strong representation from the country against the exercise of the Royal prerogative of mercy.

Mr. McKENZIE desired to say that the hon. member for Gloucester was greatly mistaken, when he thought that the prisoners were not faithfully and zealously defended. There was a very strong feeling of indignation throughout the country that such extravagant license had been allowed to the gentlemen employed to defend the prisoners. He, however, did not regret it, because he thought it well that the trial was postponed till public opinion quieted down. But it was a mistake to suppose that justice was not impartially administered.

Mr. ANGLIN said he had not intended to say anything offensive in this matter. He took the ground that the Rev. Mr. McMahon was not really guilty of any participation in that outrage. How he came into the hands of the parties with whom he was found he did not know, but he believed he came there innocently. Mr. McMahon had made a statement at the time of the trial, which had since turned out to be true, which had not been put before the jury. He had already suffered three years' imprisonment, and it would be regarded as a favour by the entire Irish Catholic population if he was now discharged.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON said every opportunity was given to the counsel for the defence to prove the innocence of his clients. The prisoners were most carefully and deliberately tried, and every latitude was given to the defence, to place the case of the prisoners in the best possible light.

Mr. RYAN, (Montreal east,) endorsed the remark of the member for Gloucester, that the release of the Rev. Mr. McMahon would be accepted as a special favour by half a million of Irish Roman Catholics; and not only that, but it would be viewed as a great act of clemency by all classes. He was glad to say that the petitions that had been sent in to the Government, were signed, not only by Catholics, but by Protestants also, (hear, hear,) and even by bishops and clergymen of Protestant churches, and he was sure that if the Rev. Mr. McMahon were released, it would give general satisfaction to all classes. As, however, the matter was left in the hands of the Imperial Government, he was satisfied that the case would be liberally dealt with, and trusted that the Government of Canada would favourably represent the case to the Imperial authorities.

The motion was then withdrawn.

On motion of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD the House then at six o'clock adjourned till Friday.

DIED.

At his brother's residence, No. 39, Beaver Hill Terrace, Montreal, on his birthday, May 1st, Edwin S. Thayer, brother of Jesse Thayer, of this city, aged 26 years.

PASS BOOK LOST.

Last Monday, somewhere between Centre Town and Meadows', Sussex-st., a PASS BOOK, containing a ten dollar bill, and an invoice of goods received from Mr. George Hay, hardware merchant.

The finder will be suitably rewarded on returning the book and contents to L. N. NYE, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, May 6. 1042-1

DOOR KEEPER WANTED.

Applications for the office of door keeper for Bank-st. Church will be received until four o'clock on Monday, the 10th instant.

Address to Mr. WM. TAYLOR, Richmond Road, Chairman of Committee.

Ottawa, May 6, 1869. 1042-4

COURT OF REVISION.

The Court of Revision for the Township of North Gower, for the year 1869, will hold its first sittings on SATURDAY, the 29th day of MAY, 1869, at 10 o'clock, a.m., in the Town Hall in said Township.

All parties concerned therein are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

JAS. BEAMAN,
Clerk.

North Gower, May 4, 1869. 1042-1-19td

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

☞ A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ......GREY ETOFFE PANTS.
$4.50 ......GOOD PEA JACKETS.
$4 ......OVERCOATS.
$9 ......COMPLETE SUITS
$1 ......GOOD VESTS.
75 CTS. $1 and $1.25 ......UNDERSHIRTS.
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ......DRAWERS

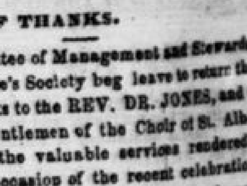
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 88y

OPENED OUT
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
No. 14, Rideau-st.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,
A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,
A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,
A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,
A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS IN NEW MATERIALS,
A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,
A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,
TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES

AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.



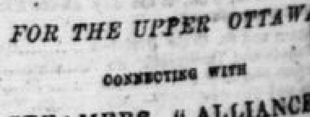
CARD OF THANKS.

The Committee of Management and Stewards of the St. George's Society beg leave to return their sincere thanks to the REV. DR. JONES, and the ladies and gentlemen of the Choir of St. Alban's Church, for the valuable services rendered by them on the occasion of the recent celebration of St. George's Day; also to the ladies and gentlemen who so kindly assisted at the entertainment in the evening of that day; and to the several tradesmen and others who contributed so liberally in goods and cash, on the occasion referred to.

By order,
W. MILLS, Sec'y.
Ottawa, May 5, 1869. 1042-1

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y,
Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"
LEAVES
AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,
FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,
CONNECTING WITH
STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"
"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"
FOR
DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.
1042tf

HORSE and BUGGY FOR SALE.

An excellent HORSE and BUGGY, nearly new, for cash or approved note at 3 months. For particulars enquire of
MR. HECTOR McLEAN, Sparks-st.
1042-3

DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank-st., third door from Sparks-st., where she will be happy to attend to their orders. 1041b

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869.

THE BALL.

The ball which took place last night, and the series of entertainments which it was intended to inaugurate, were but the revival of a programme under consideration last year, but which had to be abandoned for reasons that need not now be mentioned. Shortly after the opening of the year 1868 several of our most prominent citizens, including his Worship the Mayor and our city representatives conceived the idea of extending the courtesies of the city to his Excellency the Governor-General, and to the members of both Houses of Parliament. Before the plans were matured, however, a melancholy event plunged the city into mourning, and the project was, for the time, postponed.

The arrival of Sir John Young, as our new Governor-General, set the friends of the scheme again in motion. All of our city members were visited by his Worship the Mayor, and all, together with a number of other gentlemen of the city, entered warmly into the spirit of the undertaking. Meetings were held in the City Hall, a large committee was formed, and James Fraser, Esq., was chosen secretary; and, with little trouble, something over two thousand dollars was subscribed towards the fund for the purpose set forth, and much more might have been raised, had it been deemed necessary.

The following is a list of the subscribers, who contributed sums varying from twenty to one hundred dollars :—

LIST OF SUBSCRIBERS.

Hon Jas Skead,	W R Thistle,
J M Currier, M P,	G W Eaton,
Thos Reynolds, Esq,	R W Cruice,
E McGillivray,	C T & H N Bate,
J B Taylor,	Thos D Tims,
Messrs Bronson & Weston,	Thos Hunton & Wm Hunton,
J R Booth,	A Bowie,
N S Blaisdell & Co	B A Bank Note Company
E B Eddy,	
Alonzo Wright, M P,	Robert Lyon, M P,
Mr Keefer, Mackay Estate,	Samuel Christie,
	R S Cassells,
David Moore,	A C Kelty,
James D Slater,	Andrew Drummond,
H J Friel, Mayor,	Roderick Ryan,
H O Burritt	Dr Hill,
G E Desbarats,	W McKay Wright,
Robert Skead,	Dr Grant, M P,
Thos McKay,	James Cotton.
Magee & Russell,	

It was now decided that the series of entertainments to be given during the present Session of Parliament should commence with a grand ball, at which his Excellency the Governor-General and Lady Young, with the staff, the Senators, Members of the House of Commons, and some other distinguished persons, should be invited guests. Afterwards a grand promenade concert should be given to the same parties, this to be followed by a conversazione, and such other entertainments as might seem most desirable. The mode of procedure being now determined upon every exertion was made to command success. The only place in the city suitable for a ball of such proportions as that contemplated was the Skating Rink. This, therefore, was taken for the occasion, and as soon as possible the work of rendering it fit for the purpose was begun.

ARRANGEMENTS, DECORATIONS, &C.

A large number of workmen were employed as carpenters, decorators, &c., under the direction of Mr. John Webster, and it was decided to make the ball-room one hundred feet in length, the width of the Rink proper being sixty feet, thus an ample space would be left in the rear for supper and ordinary refreshment-rooms. The apartments formerly used as dressing-rooms were refitted, cleansed, painted, carpeted and furnished, to be retained as dressing-rooms for this occasion. The front of the gallery was to be appropriated to the band, and was fitted up for that purpose.

THE BALL-ROOM.

This, as we have said, is one hundred feet in length by sixty feet in width, with a wide promenade platform raised about two feet from the level of the floor, extending along three of its sides. From the inner edge of the platform, on two sides, there are nine posts to support the roof, and at the north, four to support the gallery. Those at the east and west sides were decorated with spiral wreaths of evergreen, and from a convenient height, there sprung arches of the same material, in the painted gothic style, extending to the roof, the point of commencement on the posts being ornamented so as to appear like capitals of the columns.

The music gallery was festooned and wreathed with great taste, the same material being principally used for that purpose, but it was also varied with beautifully arranged flags and drapery, the centre of the front displaying a large Prince of Wales' plume and other tasteful and national devices. At the sides within each of the eight arches was a variegated Chinese lantern, and in the spandrels of the arches, immediately above the capitals of the columns, were medallions, some bearing the Royal monogram, and others the Prince's plume.

From the ceiling depended thirty-two chandeliers, above each of which were evergreen wreaths, linked to each other by graceful festoons, all covering the ceiling with a fanciful net-work of verdure, enlivened with flowers. And, as if this were not sufficient to produce the brilliant effect sought after, there were innumerable variegated Chinese lanterns sprinkled about the great hall, to mingle their mellow light with that shed by the chandeliers.

At the south end of the hall, was a raised dais for his Excellency the Governor-General, Lady Young, and suite. On this was placed the magnificent civic chair for his Excellency, and others for her Ladyship and friends. Over the dais was a transparent picture of our Sovereign Lady the Queen, life size, and underneath, the city arms. The back ground of the dais was beautifully draped with scarlet, and on either side a beautiful mirror was placed to reflect what was passing from the further end of the room.

The platform, which served as a promenade, was carpeted all round, and the panel from the platform to the dancing floor was faced with scarlet, which served admirably to warm up the tints of the gorgeous dresses in perpetual gyration and undulation before it. The inner life, however, had not yet begun. The distinguished guests had not arrived. Others were there, wound up to the highest pitch of expectancy, waiting the arrival of the vice-regal party.

Half-past nine, the hour fixed for their arrival, had come.

The Ottawa Brigade of Garrison Artillery, commanded by Major Ross, was drawn up on the platform outside, ready to receive them, and in a moment more, the lamps which lined the street showed the State coach. At his approach, the brigade presented arms, Gowan's band struck up "God save the Queen," a deputation received his Excellency outside, and on entering the building, he was received by the Mayor and Committee, and conducted by them to the dais erected for his occupancy. The magnificent band of the Rifle Brigade took up the strain that had ceased from without, and filled the building with a flood of harmony till festoon, and wreath, and flags, and drapery, seemed to vibrate with the sounds.

His Excellency was pleased to cause the guard of honour to be dismissed from further duty for the night, and the officers entered the ball-room as invited guests.

Mr. Fraser, secretary of the ball, presented a beautiful bouquet, in a costly holder, to Lady Young.

The programme of the ball for the use of the vice-regal party was tastefully ornamented by M. Chabert.

The committee were on the alert to regulate the pleasures of the evening. The subscribers, whose names appear in our list, were present with their ladies. Mrs. Friel, we were sorry to learn, was absent in consequence of ill-health. The vice-regal suite in brilliant costumes, with their ladies, adorned with diamonds and costly jewellery, and dresses of all the hues that taste could devise for effect, were waiting for the signal. The members and officers of both Houses of Parliament, and all the distinguished guests from every part of the Dominion, surrounded by a constellation of elegance and beauty, such as the latitude of Ottawa has seldom seen. Some promenading, some standing in groups, and others reclining on ottomans, sofas and lounges, presented a scene of moving and still life, in the bright, yet softened light of the room, which is more impossible to describe than even the magical transformation of the kaleidoscope. Not long, however, had they to wait for the opening of the ball, for with the precision of preconcerted arrangement, the band struck up the quadrille, *Le petit Grenadier*, and his Excellency taking Mrs. Currier for a partner, Sir John A. Macdonald Mrs. Skead, his Worship Mayor Friel with Lady Young, Sir George E. Cartier with Mrs. Alexander, Hon. John Rose with Mrs. Kenny, Hon. Mr. Chauveau with Lady Macdonald, Hon. Mr. Cauchon with Mrs. Armstrong, and Col. Warren with Mrs. Tilley, entered into the fascinating business of the festivities in a spirit befitting the occasion, which was worthily emulated by all the participants through the night, in the following programme :

PROGRAMME OF DANCES.

1. Quadrille……"le petit Grenadier."
2. Galop……"Prince Imperial."
3. Lancers……"de le Closerie."
4. Waltz……"Pauline."
5. Quadrille……"Almeda."
6. Galop……"The Cross Country."
7. Lancers……"The Cure."
8. Waltz……"Christy's Jewel."
9. Quadrille……"The Grand Duchess."
10. Galop……"The Carolanan."
11. Lancers……"The Scotch."
12. Waltz……"Kate Kearney."
13. Quadrille……"Sicily."
14. Galop……"The Gordon."
15. Lancers……"The Comic."
16. Waltz……"l'Innocence."
17. Quadrille……"Tyrolese."
18. Galop……"Posthorn."

Throughout the whole of the proceedings no sound or tone, or look, that indicated aught but pleasure, and whilst the elegant costumes of the ladies were well calculated to excite envy, each appeared to admire the taste of the others.

At midnight the assembled retired to the spacious supper-room, which was furnished with a table extending around three sides of the apartment, and three other tables in the centre. These were loaded with all the sumptuous viands in every conceivable variety, and wines of the choicest brands in the greatest profusion. The tables were further adorned with bouquets of natural flowers, and a fine collection brought from the Greenhouse for the purpose. The supper room was very beautifully decorated with evergreens, flags and a number of appropriate devices. If the parties enjoyed pleasure in the ball room, surely that which awaited them here was the more necessary.

BILL OF FARE.

POTAGE.—Aux Huitres.

MEATS.—Round of Beef, Glace a la Gelu, Langues de Boeuf decorees, Mayonnaise de Homard, Mayonnaise de Saumon, Aspic de Filet de volaille, Pate de Foie volaille aux Truffes, Galantine de poulet Truffe a la Duchesse.

DISHES ORNAMENTAL.—Pate de Perdreaux aux Truffes, Galantine de Dindi a L'aspic, Aspic d'Huitres a la Marechal, Salade a la Russe, Timbale de volaille a la Royale, Jambons de Cincinnati a la Parisienne, Mayonnaise a L'Italienne, Tete de Cochon au Fromage.

ROAST.—Dindes Farcies, Quartres d'agneau, Poulet di Prairie, Poulet de grain, Perdreaux, Canards Noirs.

PASTRY.—Charlotte Russe aux Fruits, Gelu au Mareschino, Gelu au Rhom, Compote de Peches, Barorcise de Framboises, Nugats a la Chantilly, Creme a L'Italienne, Meruigues di pommes, Poires a la Creme, Pate fromage, Maccaroons, Gateaux a la Suisse, Gelu au fruits, Blanc Mange, Biscuits decores, Tartes de Pium, Pyramids aux Oranges, Amondes aux Patisseries Gateau de Coco.

FRUITS.—Rasins di Sirre, Poires, Pommes, Crystallized Fruits, Raisins de Malaga, Amandes, Oranges, Preserved Ginger.

WINES.—Champagne, Carte D'or, Alexander Campbells, Gladiator, Port, Sherry, Claret, Ale.

After the appetite had been satisfied the parties returned to finish their pleasures, and continued them in the same uninterrupted harmony in which they had been commenced till a late hour. Thus has ended the greatest and happiest reunion that has ever taken place in this city.

Great praise is due from the citizens generally to the gentlemen who conceived and carried out the scheme to its happy completion.

Thanks are due to all the invited guests for their urbanity.

And every one will join us in thanking mine host of the Russell House for the princely manner in which he has carried out his programme.

The Guests.

Sir John Young and Lady Young.
Sir Henry and Lady Alice Havelock.
Lieut.-Col. Hon. R. Monck, Military Secretary.
Lieut.-Col. J. C. McNeill, V.C., A.D.C.
Lieut.-Col. Irvine, A.D.C.
Mr. Turville, Private Secretary.
Lieut.-General Sir Charles and Lady Wyndham, Commander of the Forces and Staff.
Major-General Bissett and Staff.
Major-General Stisted and Staff.
The Lieutenant-Governors of the Provinces.
The Ministers of the Governments of the Provinces.
The Mayors of Montreal, Toronto, Halifax, Fredericton and Quebec.
Col. Lord Alexander Russell and Officers of the Rifle Brigade.

SENATORS.

A.

Aikins J C & Mrs, Allan G W & Mrs, Anderson J H & Mrs, Archibald T D Mrs & the Misses, Armand J A & Mrs.

B.

Benson J R & Mrs, Bill C R, Blake O Mrs & the Misses, Botsford A E & the Misses, Bourinot J Mrs & the Misses, Bureau J O & Mrs, Burnham A Mrs & the Misses.

C.

Cauchon Joseph & Mrs, Campbell A & Mrs, Chaffers W H, Chapais J C & Mrs, Christie D & Mrs, Cormier C & Mrs, Crawford G, Mrs & the Misses.

D.

Dever J & Mrs, Dickey R B & Mrs, Dickson W H, Mrs & the Misses, Duchesnay A J, Mrs & the Misses, Duchesnay E H J, Mrs & the Misses, Dumouchel L.

F.

Ferguson J, Mrs Miss & Miss Fitten, Ferrier J, Mrs & Miss & Miss McFarlane, Flint B & Mrs, Foster A B & Mrs.

G.

Glasier J & Mrs, Guévremont J B & Mrs.

H.

Hamilton (Inkerman) J, Mrs & the Misses, Hamilton (Kingston) J & Mrs, Hazen R L & Miss, Holmes J & Mrs.

K.

Kenny E, Mrs & the Misses.

L.

Lacoste L & Mrs, Leonard E & Mrs, Leslie J, Letellier de St. Just L, & Mrs, Locke J & Mrs.

Mc.

McClelan R A, Mc rea W & Mrs, McCully J, Mrs & the Misses, McDonald D, Mrs & the Misses, McMaster W, Macpherson D B, Mrs & the Misses, Malhiot C, Matheson R & the Misses, Miller W, Mills S & Mrs, Mitchell P, Mrs, the Misses & Miss Blizzard.

O.

Odell W H & Mrs, Olivier L A.

P.

Price D E & the Misses.

R.

Reesor D & Mrs, Renaud L & Mrs, Ritchie J W, Mrs & the Misses, Robertson J, Mrs & the Misses, Ross J & Mrs, Ryan T.

S.

Sanborn J & Mrs, Seymour B & Miss, Shaw J, Mrs & the Misses, Simpson J & Mrs, Skead J, Mrs & the Misses, Steeves W H, Mrs & the Misses.

T.

Tessier U J, Mrs & Miss.

W.

Wark D & Mrs, Wilmot R D, Wilson C & Mrs.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMONS.

A.

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B.

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C.

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D.

Daoust J B & Mrs, Dobbie T W, Dorion Hon A A & Miss, Drew G W & Mrs, Dufresne J & Mrs, Dunkin Hon C & Mrs.

F.

Fergusson T R & Mrs, Ferris J & Mrs, Forbes J F & Mrs, Fortier M & Mrs, Fortin P.

G.

Galt Hon A T & Mrs, Gaucher G G & Mrs, Gandet J & Mrs, Geoffrion F & Mrs, Gendron P S & Mrs, Gibbs T N, Mrs & Miss, Godin F, B & Mrs, Grant J A & Mrs, Gray Hon J H & Mrs, Grover P M, Mrs & Miss.

H.

Hagar A & Mrs, Harrison R A & Mrs, Heath E, Holmes J & Mrs, Holton Hon L H, Mrs & Miss, Huntington Hon L S & Mrs, Huot P G & Mrs, Hurdon F & Mrs, Hutchison R.

I.

Irvine Hon G & Mrs.

J.

Jackson G & Mrs, Joly H G & Mrs, Jones A (Halifax) & Mrs, Jones F (Leeds & Grenville).

K.

Keeler J, Kempt G & Mrs, Kierzkowski Hon A E & Mrs, Kirkpatrick T.

L.

Lacerte E, Langevin Hon H L, C B & Mrs, Langlois J, Lapum J F & Mrs, Lawson P & Mrs, Little W C & Mrs.

M.

Macdonald Hon J S (Cornwall) Mrs & the Misses, Macdonald D A (Glengarry) & the Misses, Macdonald Sir J A (Kingston) & Lady, McDonald H (Antigonish) & Mrs, McDonald E M (Lunenburg) Mrs & the Misses, McDonald A P (Middlesex) & Mrs, MacFarlane R, Mackenzie A & Mrs, Magill C & Mrs, Masson L H (Soulanges) & Mrs, Masson L F R (Terrebonne) & Mrs, McCallum L & Mrs, McCarthy T & Mrs, McConkey T D, Mrs & Miss, McDougall Hon W, C B (Lanark) & the Misses, McDougall W (Three Rivers) & Mrs, McGreevy Hon T & Mrs, McKeagney Hon J & Mrs, McLachlin D, Mrs & the Misses, McLelan A W & Mrs, McMillan D & Mrs, McMonies J & Mrs, Merrit T R & Mrs, Metcalfe J, Mills D & Mrs, Morris A & Mrs, Morison J (Victoria, O) & Mrs, Morrison A (Niagara) Mrs & the Misses, Munroe J H.

O.

O'Connor J & Mrs, Oliver T & Mrs.

P.

Paquet A H & Mrs, Pelletier C A P & Mrs, Perry C, Pickard J & Mrs, Pinsonneault A & Mrs, Pope J H & Mrs, Pouliot B, Mrs & Miss, Power P & Mrs, Pozer C H.

R.

Rankin J & Mrs, Ray W H, Read Hon R & Mrs, Redford J, Renaud A & Mrs, Robitaille T & Mrs, Rose Hon J, Mrs & Miss, Ross Hon J J (Champlain) & Mrs, Ross J S (Dundas) & Mrs, Ross W (Prince Edward) & Mrs, Ross W (Victoria N S) & Mrs, Ross J (Wellington C R) & Mrs, Ryan G (King's, N B) & Mrs, Ryan M P (Montreal West) & Mrs, Rymal J & Mrs.

S.

Savary A W, Scatcherd T & Mrs, Senecal L A & Mrs, Shanly W, Simard G H & Mrs, Simpson W M & Mrs, Smith Hon A J & Mrs, Snider G & Mrs, Sproat A & Mrs, Stephenson R & Mrs, Stirton D & Mrs, Street T C, Sylvain G & Mrs.

T.

Thompson D (Haldimand) & Mrs, Thompson J H (Ontario) & Mrs, Tilley Hon S L, C B, Mrs & the Misses, Tremblay P A, Tupper Hon C, C B & Mrs.

W.

Wallace J & Mrs, Walsh A, Mrs & the Misses, Webb W H & Mrs, Wells J P & Mrs, White J & Mrs, Whitehead J & Mrs, Wilson C & Mrs, Wood Hon E B & Mrs, Workman T & Mrs, Wright A (Ottawa County) & Mrs, Wright A (York, O, W R) & Mrs.

Y.

Young J & Mrs.

GUESTS INVITED BY MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE.

A.

Alexander, Major & Mrs, Atcherley Lt Col, Allan Mr A R, Aylen Mr & Mrs, Atcheson Mr, 69th Regt.

B.

Brydges Mr C J, Blurton Mr, Butler Mr, 69th Regt.

C.

Corbett, Dr & Mrs, Clendenning Mr, Church Dr, Coutlee, Mr Mrs & Miss, Clarke Dr, 69th Regt, Currier J E W

D.

Delisle, Mr & Mrs, Deegan Mr.

F.

Frazer, Mr & Mrs D.

G.

Glynn, Captain & Mrs, Grant Mr A, Graham Mr C.

H.

Higgins, Mr & Mrs, Halifax Archbishop of, Hogan, Mr & Mrs.

J.

Jack Mr.

K.

Keefer, Mr & Mrs S, Kimber, Mr & Mrs.

L.

Laye, Major & Mrs, Lemoine, Mr Mrs & Miss.

M.

Macpherson Lt Col, McKinnon Mr W M, McNaughton, Mr & Mrs M, and Miss Oglevie.

O.

O'Reilly, Mr & Mrs J.

P.

Pryce Captain.

R.

Routh Col.

S.

Scott, Commander R N, Stevenson, Mr & Mrs M, Smith O Lt Col.

T.

Taylor, Mr Mrs & Miss, Thewles Mr, 69th Regt.

V.

Vanasse Mr

Y.

Yielding, Mr Mrs & Miss.

LIST OF THOSE WHO PURCHASED TICKETS.

Messrs. Allan, W., Aumond, W., Armstrong Judge and Mrs., Bosse, Boswell, Burrows Bourchette, Caron, Christie, Dobell, Dawson Delisle, C. A., Ellis, Easiale, Falls, French Goodwin, Grant, Graham, Higgins, Harper Haycock, Kennedy, Lee, Langton, Macpherson, J. P., Monroe, Mason, Murphy, McDougall, G., Notman, O'Connor, R., Orme, G., Perley, Remon, Reiffenstein, Russell, A. J., Sparks, N., Tilton, Taillon.

The names of the ladies who accompanied the above gentlemen were not known in time for publication.

The following members of the press now in the city were also invited :

Messrs. H. Berthelot, D. Brymner, J. H. Beaty, Edwards & Hubertus, Langelier, Walsh, Moylan, Roger, Provencher, Sulte, Hutchinson, Gélinas, Kinloch, McLardy, O'Brien Mr. & Miss, Robertson, Alex. Begg, Pew, Achintre, Gerin, Fabre, Samuel Watts, Dixon, Jones, Caldwell, Wilson, Foote, Holland.

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TEAS,
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4,390 half chests new crop natural leaf JAPAN TEAS,
800 half chests Young Hyson, Twankay, Congou, and Souchong, and
500 bags Arracan Rice,
300 brls Zante Currants,
100 hhds, 50 qr. casks, 200 cases } Bell and Dunlop's Gin, ex "Eliza A. Kenny," from Rotterdam.
100 hhds, 250 cases } DeKuyper's Gin.
20 hhds, 250 cases } "Hennessy" Pale Brandy.
20 hhds, 15 qr. casks } "Martell's" Pale Brandy Vintages 1866, 1865, 1864.
25 puncheons Fine old Jamaica Rum, and other goods to arrive,

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AT TEN A. M.,

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Samples on view the Saturday previous to sale.

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On Friday Evening, May 7th, 1869,
BY
DR. GRANT, M.P., F.G.S.,
AT HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

SUBJECT—"Forms of Combustion, with Chemical Experiments."

Doors open at 7:30. Lecture to commence at 8 p.m.

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From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

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CORSETS made to order extra size.

GRAND DUCHESSE TRAIL SKIRT, latest Paris style, for Ball and Evening Dresses, at the CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
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"CHICKERING" PIANO,
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J. BESWICK, Pianoforte Maker and Tuner, is prepared to repair and tune pianofortes, and other musical instruments.

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All work warranted to give satisfaction.

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It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.

Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.

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April 26, 1869.

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VELVET PILE CARPETS,
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DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
OTTAWA.

G. LEVIN,
(Successor to David Miller.)

Manufacturer of Hoop Skirts, and Importer of French and English Corsets.

NEW MATERIALS,
NEW STYLES,
1035b LOW PRICES.

N. ROBERTSON,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
BELL'S BLOCK,
Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 22, 1869. 1006-3m

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigne

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin their agents for

COAL OIL,

hey are now prepared to sell in quantities to su the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES

are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3 00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks st., Ottawa.

R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

Boarding.

NOTICE.

MRS. SUTTON'S BOARDING HOUSE is removed to the dwelling over Mr. Hay's Hardware Store, Sparks-st., opposite Garland, Mutchmor & Co.'s. 1024d

---

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA FOR ROOFS, DAMP CELLARS, &c.

CHEAP! CLEAN! FIRE-PROOF!
UNDECAYING!

Suitable for all Styles, Flat or Upright.

FULL SUPPLY OF FELT AND MATERIALS
FOR SALE BY
BUCHANAN & CO.,
Box 643 Montreal.

Send for circular with full description.

April 30, 1869. 1037b

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

FOR CASH ONLY.

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING,
BOOKBINDING,
&c, &c., &c.

To be had at

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
PRINTING,
AND
STATIONERY STORE,
21 *Rideau-st.*,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES :

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, large and sma
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to match
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultra rine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and L Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—
Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—
Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES
Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.
Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal and Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—
Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.
N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—
Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—
Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,
Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'
Office Requisites supplied on reasonab terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES
Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Tuck Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Book Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice an on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,
General Geography, with 39 coloured maps, price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,
Authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are ;
FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.
FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES
The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,
At "The Ottawa Citizen"
Stationery and Printing House,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
STATIONERY
AND
PRINTING HOUSE!
21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 6, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00 @	6 50
No. 1	4 75 @	5 00
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 00 @	3 25
" Spring "	2 50 @	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00 @	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00 @	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 85 @	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs	0 00 @	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00 @	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 25 @	1 30
Spring "	1 00 @	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 00 @	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs	0 00 @	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs	0 65 @	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs	1 80 @	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00 @	28 50
Prime Mess per do	none.	
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	00 00 @	11 25
Hams	0 15 @	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.	
Mutton—per lb	0 6 @	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60 @	0 70
Ducks	0 50 @	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50 @	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50 @	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00 @	0 27½
No. 1 Firkin	0 00 @	0 22
No. 2	0 00 @	0 00
Eggs	0 15 @	0 17
Apples—per brl	0 00 @	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40 @	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00 @	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 50 @	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25 @	4 00
Tamarac	2 50 @	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50 @	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs	0 00 @	5 50

Try Gardiner's Baking Powder. See adver isement 887.6m

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*

We would call the especial attention of the

LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for ...$1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO., late F G & C A Crosby, Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

ALL sorts of TIN, IRON and COPPER WORK, also jobbing attended to, at ESMONDE'S.

BATHS and WATER COOLERS in the course of manufacture, at ESMONDE'S.

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO RENT.

THE SHOP AND DWELLING

KNOWN AS THE MARKET DRUG STORE,

on York-st., at present occupied by Wm. Hearn Esq. Possession can be had 1st of May.

Apply to JAMES GIBSON, York-st.

Ottawa, April 21. 1037a

TO LET,

AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to S. CHRISTIE, Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET--FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to S. SKINNER, Senate Buildings.

1028d

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET,

On or about 1st May next,

A NEW BRICK HOUSE

IN NEW EDINBURGH,

at present under lease to F. BRAUN, Esqr., Secretary of the Public Works Department; there are four Bedrooms, besides Drawing and Dining Rooms, with a large Kitchen and a spacious room over it, a Flower Garden in front, and a Kitchen Garden in rear; also an excellent well of water, with pump, cellar and a Summer Kitchen. Apply to W. A. MAINGY, Esq., New Edinburgh, or to the proprietor,

JOHN F TAYLOR, Clerk of the Senate, Parliament House.

1016tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR, Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

1009-14tf

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON, Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT, Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C SPARROW, or to D O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorise the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th INSTANT, for the purchase of the NEW STEAM SAW MILL near the mouth of the River Blanche, in East Templeton, Province of Quebec, with land and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Mill in good running order, with first-class SHINGLE MILL in addition. Size of Mill 80 x 40, with Engine House 26 x 40. Engine 80 horse power.

If not sooner disposed of it will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of Walker & Pennock, in the city of Ottawa, on the 15th INSTANT, at NOON.

Terms easy.

For fuller particulars and conditions of sale apply to

W. H. WALKER, Solicitor for Vendor.

Ottawa, May 1, 1869. 1039b

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD, Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033d

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

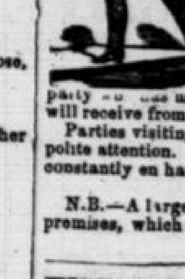
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 20th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

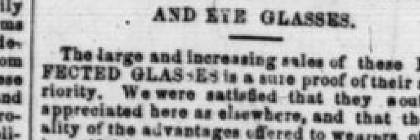
Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD, 30 Sparks-st., Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

TO LUMBERERS.

QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are, Your obdt. servants,

1000-2m M. STEVENSON & CO.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine o.	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO., Little Sussex-st., Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,* House, Land and General Agent.

75.y

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Department of Marine and Fisheries, until noon of MONDAY, the 10th day of MAY next, for the supply, in *bond,* of 32,000 gallons of the best quality of COAL or REFINED PETROLEUM OIL.

The Oil is required to be non-explosive, at a vapour test of 115 ° Fahrenheit, must burn brilliantly, without smoking, until entirely consumed, and no crust the wick, must be free from all deleterious substances, and remain fluid at 10 ° Fahrenheit.

A sample of a quart to accompany each tender.

The Oil to be delivered in iron-bound casks, containing from 30 to 40 gallons each, properly prepared to prevent the oil from permeating the wood, and evaporating from the surface.

The casks to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the Oil.

The Oil to be subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk in the locality designated by the Department as follows:

5,000 gallons at Quebec—one-half on the 8th JUNE, and one-half on the 20th SEPTEMBER next.

10,000 gallons at Montreal, on the 1st July next.

14,000 do at Halifax, N.S., do do do

3,000 do at Saint John, N.B., do do do

Tenders will be accepted for the whole quantity, or for any of the lots above mentioned.

Parties tendering must give their names and addresses in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfillment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

WM. SMITH, Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa, 14th April, 1869. 1024.4.2aw

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

TIN SPICE BOXES, A novelty, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at ESMONDE'S.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City.

Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank-st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN.

Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests.

Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND, Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

506y JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON, Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION--CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,

868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, 15TH MAY NEXT,

for the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8, in the 1st Con., on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF and DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONECUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipe and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House for Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES and OUTBUILDINGS for the Lieutenant-Governor's Residence. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan-street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed specifications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner.

Department of Public Works for Ontario, Toronto, April 24, 1869. 1035td

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

COOKING STOVES of the best quality and make at ESMONDE'S.

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 19th, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p. m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p. m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, April 12, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.--TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p m 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 9:45 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 2:15 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.--TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

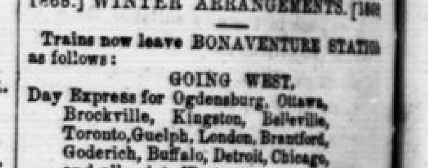
10:05 A.M.--TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 9:10 a m

Night do do do do do 8:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:00 a m

Trains for Lachine at ... 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at ... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m

Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.

OTTAWA

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of said stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Tuesday, the Eleventh day of May, Next, 1869.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1869.

By order, W. H. FALLS, Sec.-Treas.

1021td

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, have been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY, C. C. Ry.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA (Egg and Stove Sizes)

LEHIGH (Lump and Egg Sizes)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron

For Sale by D. W. COWARD & CO., Commission Merchants, Office—17 Sparks-st.

912.3m

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director. ALEX ROBERTSON Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1043. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS AT THE MEDICAL HALL,

18 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

CASE 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—*The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

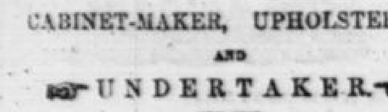
"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20. 748j

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division	...	Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.

Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING *LEADER,*

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf.

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,

Very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying

TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

WATER! WATER! WATER!

SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

Having purchased part of the cargo of the vessel *City of Limerick*, lately wrecked, we will offer the whole for sale, commencing

MONDAY, 5TH APRIL,

and continuing the following days until all the goods are disposed of. This is an opportunity to secure bargains which may not offer again for years. The greater part of the goods have received scarcely any damage, so that parties who call early will have the best chance of getting bargains, as we will make no reserve, but throw each line of goods by itself, and let the first who comes first have the best pick. The following are some of the damaged goods, viz.:

10 CASES ASSORTED BLEACHED COTTONS,
1 do SHEETINGS,
1 do QUILTS,
2 do TOWELS,
1 do PRINTS,
1 do ASSORTED LINEN GOODS,
2 do ASSORTED DRESS GOODS,
1 do SILKS,
3 do MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SKIRTS,
2 do DRESS MUSLINS,
10 do ASSORTED GOODS.

We give a list of prices that some of the goods will be sold for to give parties an idea of the bargains they will be able to get. A nice lot of DRESS GOODS for 6d 7½d to 9d per yard.

Ladies' Mantles only	£0	5	0
Splendid Prints, worth 9d, only	0	0	6
Towels, "all Linen," only	0	0	4
Dress Muslins, per yard, only	0	0	6
Mantle Cloths, only			0
Pocket Handkerchiefs, each, only			1½
Gloves, per pair, only			6
Table Damasks, per yard, only	0	2	6
Stylish Cloths, per yard, only	0	1	
Parasols, each, only	0	1	
Gents' Neckties, "latest styles," each, only			0

LOOK! LOOK!

50 pieces Dress Lining, only 1d per y'd.

ATTENTION!—Two cases more of those spools for 1d, worth 3d.

Don't delay in calling early as the first pick will be the best.

We have also received a splendid assortment of all the latest styles in SPRING GOODS in perfect order, which we will sell lower than any house in this city.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

10 cases in all the new styles, just arrived, which will be sold very low. For particulars in price see our Clothing Bills.

The place to secure these immense bargains is at the old cheap spot, THE OCCIDENTAL, in Stewart's Brick Block, Corner Rideau and Sussex-sts. Sign of the White Flag.

H. HICK & CO.

A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette,*) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 882y

Teas.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE O. A. & Co. MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Pound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer.

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a FEW DAYS

OPEN A FIRST-CLASS

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the

FIRST FLOOR

OF THE

MASONIC HALL BLOCK,

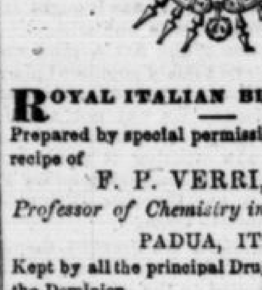
ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK

In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of

PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC, AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS, price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call kindly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York

or to F. ERICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa.

Stoves & Hardware.

BURGLARS ALARM!

BURGLARS ALARM!

A very safe and efficient BURGLARS ALARM, easily attached to any part of the house at $1.25, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

ALL THE BEST

PATTERNS AND DESIGNS

OF

COOK STOVES,

every size; the housekeepers special favourites for baking, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

OF

JELLY MOULDS, ICE CREAM MOULDS,

Jellied Turkey Moulds,

Dish Covers, Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

JOB WORK,

of all kinds, in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware line attended to.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st.,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Remember the place,

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Publications.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,

HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.

City papers may be had at 6 a. m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.

A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical Sketches.

Gardening for Profit.

Breck's New Book of Flowers.

Buist's Flower Garden Directory.

The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustrations.

J. DURIE & SON,
Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6. 1015tf

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 3s6, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported, Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

JOSEPH HALL

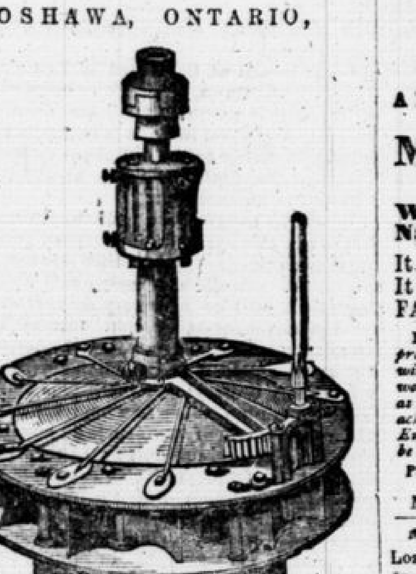
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

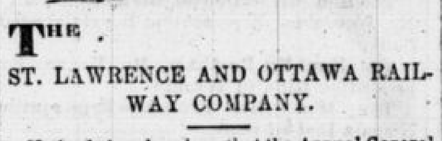
Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c. Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.



THE

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of this Company, will be held at No. 3 Moorgate street, in the city of London, England, on

Monday, the Tenth day of May next,

at the hour of Twelve o'clock, at Noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Vice-President and Managing Director.

Ottawa, April 2, 1869. 1031-2aw4

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

CAUTION.—I hereby caution all parties or persons that a note signed by me for $95, and payable on the 1st NOVEMBER next, to WM. BRADLEY, has been signed in error, and no value received. And I hereby caution all parties from purchasing said note as I will not be responsible for the same.

JOHN NELSON,
Nepean.

1029.1.18.3

ALL sorts of TIN, IRON and COPPER WORK, also jobbing attended to, at

ESMONDE'S.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MRS S. A. ALLEN

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S

HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578v

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS, GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,

AND

DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,

1097tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address

E. F. McAVAY & CO.,

Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

34 SUSSEX-ST.

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

THE FRENCH ELECTIONS.

Effect of Napoleon's Letter—The Feeling in the Second Empire for Napoleon I.

From the Paris Avenir.

If the coming elections did not explain the letter it would be incomprehensible, the Emperor being fully aware of the controversy it would give rise to. Since Napoleon was born "many ruins of the Empire have accumulated?" Yes, many ruins: first, the ruins of the old regime, over which the genius of the revolution soared gloriously; and next, the ruins of the moral and material conquests of the revolution; and it is on these that the figure of Napoleon stands out. "It is still the figure of Napoleon," says the Emperor, "which guides and protects us; and which from nothing made me what I am." On this last point the Emperor is right; at all events he has a right to judge himself as he likes—that is his affair and not ours. But when he says that Napoleon still guides and protects us he makes a singular mistake. When Napoleon guided us he guided us to Spain and Moscow—that is to say, to those catastrophes which have diminished the *prestige* of our arms and caused France to undergo humiliations after having felt all the favours of fortune. And since the Emperor says that Napoleon still guides us, the Mexican disaster is easily understood. But if the *souvenir* of Napoleon guides us it does not protect us. When Napoleon, forgetting his oaths, erected his throne over the fallen republic, the France of the revolution, bright with the glory of the republican arms, possessed as frontiers the Alps, the Rhine, and the Scheldt. Prussia was associated with our policy by interest; Russia by *amour propre*; and, without being engaged in German affairs, we had in our hands the balance of German interests. Yes, we were protected; protected by the sympathy, admiration, and respect of peoples; protected by our natural frontiers; and we had peace, which had finally descended on revolutionary France heroically defended by liberty. It was in that admirable situation that Napoleon took France and threw her into a war which was to last ten years and end in a double invasion. This is the way in which the remembrance of Napoleon guides and protects us! Napoleon, says the Emperor, called France the Great Nation. He was right, for thanks to the revolution, she was indeed the Great Nation. But, when the Emperor adds that Napoleon "developed the manly virtues which found empires," he forgets the best known, but saddest part of the history of his uncle. He forgets 1814, Fontainebleau, and the Senate—all those valets who deceived and cowardly abandoned their master—all those dignitaries who, by the baseness of their ingratitude, make the shame of their servility forgotten. He forgets, above all that Napoleon reaped what he had sowed; he did not like free men, or independent characters; at the supreme moment he only found lackeys, and his empire at the end resembled that of which Montesquieu said that it could neither live with soldiers nor without them. "I desire," says the Emperor, "that from the 15th of August next all soldiers of the Republic and the First Empire shall receive an annual pension of 250 francs." If, as is not likely, there still exist soldiers of the Republic, this passage of the Emperor's letter will recall many sad things; it will make them remember the time when recognizing no longer a Bonaparte, surrounded by monarchial pomp, neither the General of Italy, nor above all, the victor of royalism at Toulon, and of the 13th Vendemaire—when they asked themselves what had become of so many fine speeches, glorious exploits, oaths, vows, and hopes. We are, said they to themselves, no more than revolted slaves, who are made to reforge the chains which they have broken. But those who, according to Thibaudeau, spoke thus in 1803, will not be able to read the Emperor's letter; they are all dead. "To render homage to the memory of great men," says the Emperor, "is to recognize one of the most striking manifestations of the Divine will." It is not men, however great they be, who make the greatness of nations; it is a free and happy nation which makes the greatness of those who have attributed to assure its well being and its liberty. For a free people, there are neither exceptional, mysterious, nor legendary beings; there are great citizens, and honest statesmen, like Washington. With the theory of pretended providential men dictators are created; with dictators comes tyranny; and with tyranny the decadence of nations.

—T. C. Ball, of Bellows Falls, several of whose inventions are in practical use, is now perfecting an arrangement of the track wheels of railroad cars by which a train can more easily turn curves, and more important still, pass over broken rails or bad joints without danger. It is so arranged that while one wheel is hanging in mid-air and passing over the break, another bears the weight of the car, and holds the train to the track.

—It is stated that the number of German newspapers published in the United States is over 200, about 50 of them being dailies, of which some have a considerable circulation. The St Louis *Westlihe Post*, Senator Schurz's paper, in its circulation is excelled only by one paper in English of that city, the Missouri *Republican*. All the leading German papers of the West, published at Chicago, St. Louis, and Cincinnati, are Republican in politics.

—Among the relics of the first Napoleon, which the Prince Imperial has lately received by bequest of his aunt, the Princess Bacchiochi, are a grey overcoat worn by Napoleon at St. Helena; a fowling-piece which he used in hunting; the tri-colored sash which Napoleon put on upon visiting the plague-stricken patients at Jaffa; the spurs which he wore at the battle of the Pyramids; many snuff-boxes, among them the one which Louis XVIII forgot at the Tuileries upon escaping from Paris after Napoleon's return from Elba, and which Napoleon put into his pocket and constantly used afterwards; and many books containing autograph notes by the first Emperor.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co is on each package. Northrop & Lyman Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Singing Birds for Sale—A. Rowe.
Property for Sale—S. Lemieux.
Steamer to Newcastle, N. B., &c.—D. E. Meechan & Co.
Ottawa River Navigation Company—R. W. Shepherd.
Coats, Pants and Vests—A. Graham & Co.
Gentlemen's Garments, do., do.
Gentlemen Suited in Garments, do.
A Splendid Stock of Cloths, &c., do.
Agents Wanted—J. T. Lloyd.
Grand Concert—Gustave Smith.
Coat Lost—Mr. Rice.
Lecture—Rev. Dr. Connolly.
Furnished Bed-rooms—M. Kavanagh.
House to Rent—John Cook.
Ice! Ice!! Ice!!!—T. Starmer.
Bazaar—J. S. Russell.

JOB WORK, including PAMPHLETS, POSTERS, DODGERS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS, CARDS, &c., printed at THE TIMES office, at low rates, and with neatness and despatch.

The Ottawa Times
Office: 38, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

IT gives us much satisfaction to be able to state that the guests at the ball on Wednesday evening, are unsparing in their praises of the hospitable manner in which they were entertained. The affair is spoken of on all hands as having been a complete success. Much credit is due to HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR, to Mr. JAMES FRASER, and to the other members of the committee, for the efficient manner in which the arrangements for the ball were perfected. Ottawa has done itself credit, thanks to the zeal of a few enterprising citizens; and if there is anybody at all dissatisfied, it can only be the few who failed to assist in getting up the ball, or who lost the pleasure of its enjoyment.

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THOMAS LEFROY, late Chief-Justice of the Queen's Bench in Ireland, and whose death occurred on Tuesday last, in his ninety-third year, was the eldest son of the late LIEUT.-COL. ANTHONY LEFROY, of French Huguenot extraction, and was born in 1776. He was educated at Trinity College, Dublin, where he graduated towards the close of the last century, and was called to the Irish bar in 1797. In 1819 he was appointed a Bencher of King's Inns; and having represented the University of Dublin in Parliament, in the Conservative interest, from 1830 to 1841, was appointed in the latter year a Baron of the Exchequer in Ireland, and was promoted in 1852 to the Chief-Justiceship, the duties of which he continued to discharge until recently, when he was obliged to retire, on account of the infirmities of age. His son, Mr. ANTHONY LEFROY, is M.P. for the University of Dublin.

HIS GRACE THE ARCHBISHOP of Halifax, is the guest of the Hon. Mr. KENNY during his stay in town. On Wednesday evening, he was entertained by Mr. JAMES GOODWIN, whose good old Irish hospitality is so well known among his numerous friends. Besides the most Rev. Dr. CONNOLLY, there were present the Right Rev. the BISHOP OF OTTAWA; the Rev. SECRETARIES OF HIS GRACE and Dr. GUIGES; the Hon. Mr. KENNY; Mr. O'REILLY, Q.C.; Mr. J. G. MOYLAN and others.

Yesterday Dr. CONNOLLY celebrated Pontifical High Mass at the Cathedral, and subsequently dined with HIS LORDSHIP the BISHOP. He also received a deputation from the St. Vincent de Paul Society, and the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, who presented him with an address, to which he was pleased to make an affectionate and encouraging reply. HIS GRACE has further consented to speak, on Sunday evening, on behalf of these deserving charities.

Though it is not our usual custom to allude to such matters, we may be pardoned for mentioning that Dr. CONNOLLY has also been the guest of our most prominent public men. His reputation as an eloquent and earnest advocate of Confederation has made him known and respected, beyond the circle of his own communion, in these Upper Provinces, and we are sure that no honour which can be paid to him will be esteemed too much by any class in the West.

IT seems, after all, that the *Citizen* was right in saying that there was considerable opposition to Mr. LANGTON's being afflicted with a new office, and an addition of one thousand dollars per annum to his income. From what we can gather, it is the opinion of the members of Parliament that he has work enough to do already; and we shall neither be surprised nor disappointed if Parliament should refuse to impose upon him the additional duty of clerk, or secretary, to the Treasury Board. Opinions are divided as to the value of Mr. LANGTON's services to the country; but fortunately, or unfortunately, for him, those who esteem them the most highly are just those who ask the sanction of the Legislature to impose upon him additional burthens; and the logic of the demand seems so utterly inconsequential that any man accustomed to reason may not only be pardoned for questioning the propriety of this demand, but might expose himself to the imputation of a lack of common sense if he acceded to it.

Here is the gist of the whole difficulty: Mr LANGTON is a most valuable officer; he burns "the midnight oil" in the service of his country; nobody works so hard as he; no other Deputy Head is worth so much to the public—or to himself; his duties are of a most responsible and important character, and admirably well discharged. What, then, does the Government propose? Why, that this over burthened and very valuable public servant shall have to perform, in addition to his already too onerous duties, the duties of Secretary of the Treasury Board. We seriously doubt if this is a fair proposition. It is not for us to say how much, if anything, Mr. LANGTON deserves over other men who have been much longer in the public service, and who, perhaps, may have served the public as faithfully as he. That question may safely be left to the judgment of his superiors and the sanction of Parliament. But whatever he deserves, we say, in all conscience, and as a matter of public honesty, let him get it fairly as a remuneration for the important services he renders the country in the capacity of Auditor, without imposing upon him new duties, which, to be worth a thousand dollars a year in the mere capacity of a clerk, or secretary, or recording scribe, ought to be nearly enough to occupy a man's whole time. There are in the Civil Service many active, hard working men, who receive less than a thousand dollars a year; and it is just possible that some of them may be sufficiently familiar with the first four rules in arithmetic, to make them adepts in the management of figures. These reflections lead one to infer that there is no special reason for overcrowding Mr. LANGTON, either with a multiplicity of offices, or an excess of work; and hence, we suppose, springs the opposition to the particular provision of the Bill relating to the organisation of the Finance Department, which would make Mr. LANGTON a martyr to the public service, by imposing upon him too many duties. It is said that many members on both sides of the House are disposed to exert their influence to save him from such a melancholy fate.

IT has come to our knowledge that the allusion we made the other day, when speaking of the quarrel among the Directors of the Royal Canadian Bank, to the failures of certain ostensibly pious and honourable gentlemen in England, under circumstances which involved an atonement by penal servitude, has given serious offence. Our object was very far from giving offence to any one. What we desired was to convey a wholesome warning to men occupying positions of trust and responsibility, that if they ventured on the indulgence of any malversation, their conduct would, or ought to be, submitted to a strict and impartial scrutiny. The press, whose first duty is to speak for the public, ought surely to be permitted the modest license of giving such a warning; especially since gentlemen who are Bank Directors can afford to send around "private and "confidential" circulars, in which the characters of brother directors are blackened to a pitch that DAY & MARTIN's best effort could not excel.

It gives us much pleasure to be able to state that in so far as the Royal Canadian Bank is concerned the public are perfectly safe; at least such is the testimony of the two parties to the disgraceful quarrel in its directory; and though they contradict each other on many points, we do them the charity to believe them in those matters in which they both agree. It is conceivable that these gentlemen—Bank Directors we mean—should imagine that the public should keep their eyes and ears closed while they fight out their little disputes on matters of personal interest; and hence comes our duty, as the mouthpiece of the public, to tell them that in this they are grossly mistaken. As Bank Directors, or in any other public capacity, whereby the rights and property of the people at large are affected, men must expect, in these days, that their conduct will be narrowly watched, and frankly criticised, by the press. If not, what guarantee is there for the public against the grossest imposition? Just take the story of the Royal Canadian Bank Directors as they themselves tell it; and what does it reveal? Why, that one Director, the Hon. D. MACDONALD, accuses his brother directors, or some of them of having made improper and imprudent advances; that the monthly accounts sent to the Auditor were "cooked;" that several agencies were mismanaged, and so on. This much for the vice-President. Then comes the story of the late President, Mr. A. M. SMITH. He says, in effect, that the Hon. DONALD MACDONALD's assertions are, in the main, false, and further, that the Hon. DONALD MACDONALD attempted in a very improper way to obtain "a foreign loan" of $100,000 for some Yankee railway speculation; and that because he did not obtain this money for his "hazardous speculation," he peached upon his brother directors, and published his defamatory "private and confidential" circular, which the *Globe*, perhaps, as a delicate compliment to some old friends, has seen fit to lay before the world. With so much dirt cast upon each other's skirts, we think the gentlemen of the Royal Canadian Bank might find a more wholesome employment in clearing their own reputations, than in censuring the TIMES for reminding them of patent facts, towards the repetition of which, if they themselves can be believed, some of their number were rapidly tending. It is satisfactory to know, however, that their "fantastic tricks" have not ruined the bank, though they have, undoubtedly, depreciated the property of the shareholders. But such consequences are inseparable from the particular folly we have just been condemning, and, as the directors are of the shareholders choosing, the public can afford to allow them to settle their differences among themselves.

THE following memorials from the Ottawa Board of Trade have been sent to the Government. With the prayer of that relating to printing and publishing, we heartily sympathise, the views expressed being such as we have already advocated in these columns. But we cannot say so much for the memorial relating to American silver coin. As a matter of principle, if people are disposed to take American, or any other coin, at a rate notoriously above its value, they ought to be allowed to do so. No one thinks of proposing a law to prohibit a man from paying too high a price for any article he may happen to buy over the counter. Why then should American silver coin be singled out as an exceptional item for legislation? It is no currency of ours. As an article of commerce it bears the same rate of import duty as most other manufactured goods. The Government has therefore put it on its proper level, and we doubt seriously whether further Government interference would serve the public interest:

His Excellency the Governor-General in Council:

The memorial of the Board of Trade of the city of Ottawa respectfully sheweth:—

That your memorialists believe the present import duties on bookbinders' material, operates injuriously by preventing the printing and publishing of books in Canada, as well as the creation of manufactories for the production of the materials required by printers and bookbinders; that it encourages the invasion of copyrights by piratical reprints, and that the tendency generally is to introduce a class of literature into this country subversive of good morals and due respect to law and order.

Your memorialists therefore pray that such measures may be taken by equalizing the duties on books, printers' and bookbinders' material, as may, (with a due regard to the financial arrangements of the Dominion,) obviate the difficulties in the way of home production, and eradicate the evils complained of, and that the rights of British and foreign copyright holders may be preserved and respected.

And also, that the privileges of transmitting books and newspapers through the post office at the same rate, which should be *one half cent* per ounce, be accorded; and your memorialists, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

Office of the Board of Trade,
Ottawa, 5th May, 1869.

His Excellency the Governor-General in Council:

The Memorial of the Board of Trade of the city of Ottawa, respectfully sheweth:

That the large quantity of American silver coin in circulation in Canada is productive of great loss, owing to the difference between its real and the fictitious value at which it is allowed to pass current.

That efforts have been made by individuals to correct this evil without success, and your memorialists are aware that Government alone can provide a remedy; and in order thereto it will be necessary to purchase all foreign silver or other coin current in the Dominion, at a fixed rate, and either export the same, recoin it as Canadian currency, by this means destroying its fictitious value, or issue Dominion notes as a representative of the actual value of the specie so bought in; and, if necessary, prohibit by Legislative enactment its employment as a currency, the present prohibition duty being liable to evasion by smuggling, its provisions might be extended to the levying of 15 per cent. on all foreign coinage put in circulation in Canada after a stated period, and this should be repeated as often as said coinage was circulated.

Your memorialists are persuaded that some such stringent provisions are necessary to cure an evil of daily increasing magnitude, and as in duty bound they will ever pray.

Office of Board of Trade,
Ottawa, May 6, 1869.

OUR advertising columns to-day announce the fact that the most Revd. Dr. CONNOLLY, Archbishop of Halifax, has been pleased to accede to a general wish on the part of our citizens to hear him in the pulpit. HIS GRACE's time is so entirely pre-occupied, and his purposed stay at the Capital so brief that the call of charity alone could induce him to gratify the public desire during his present visit.

Two well and favourably known institutions have the good fortune to enlist the eloquence of the gifted orator to replenish their exhausted funds, and we are sure they have the sympathy of the whole community in their charitable endeavours.

Both these institutions are accustomed to extend a helping hand to the honest poor, irrespective of creed or nationality, and it is of course but natural they should look for a cordial support from all classes of our citizens. This much we have deemed it seasonable to say for the St. Vincent of Paul Society, and the St. Patrick's Orphanage, which are to be benefited by HIS GRACE's lecture; but the chief feature of attraction, and one which, we have no doubt, will operate to the material advantage of these worthy institutions on Sunday evening is the far-famed eloquence of Dr. CONNOLLY, who is also a universal favourite, on account of his high-toned liberality. We bespeak for his effort in the cause of charity in the capital a full measure of success.

BANKERS' MEETING.

OTTAWA, Saturday, May 1, 1869.

At a meeting of the representatives of banks of the Dominion of Canada, held this day, the following were present:

Wm. J. Simpson, Mr. Hains—Representing Ontario Bank.

The Hon. Mr. McMaster—Representing Bank of Commerce.

The Hon. Mr. McDonald, Mr. Metcalfe, M.P., Mr. Woodside—Representing Royal Canadian Bank.

The Hon. Mr. Burnham, Mr. Hague—Representing Bank of Toronto.

The Hon. Mr. Benson—Representing Niagara District Bank.

Mr. Stevenson—Representing Quebec Bank.

Mr. Sache—Representing Molson's Bank.

Mr. Lewin—Representing Bank of New Brunswick.

Mr. Jack—Representing all the Halifax Banks and Commercial Bank of Windsor.

It was moved, seconded and resolved, that Mr. Lewin, of the Bank of New Brunswick, take the chair, and that Mr. Jack act as secretary.

Mr. Hague, as convener of the meeting, stated its objects, and read a letter from the cashier of the Merchants' Bank, regretting the inability of the President and himself to be present at the meeting, and expressing their hope that the preservation of the bank circulation in Canada may be one of its results. He also read the resolutions adopted by the banks of Halifax, and certain banks in the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario, (copies of which are hereto appended.) Whereupon it was

Moved by Mr. Stevenson, and resolved, that this meeting concur generally in the sentiments expressed in the resolutions adopted at meetings of the bankers of Halifax and of Montreal, Quebec and the Province of Ontario, and is of the opinion that it is desirable, by all proper means, to secure the continuance of the bank note circulation of the Dominion, as it at present exists.

(Signed) J. L. LEWIN, Chairman.
(Signed) PETER JACK, Secretary.

RESOLUTIONS RELATIVE TO BANKING AND CURRENCY ADOPTED BY THE HALIFAX BANKS.

HALIFAX, N.S., April 17, 1869.

At a meeting of the representatives of the banks, held this day, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

I. That the banking system in existence in Nova Scotia has been in successful operation for more than thirty years, and has been largely instrumental in aiding the development of the resources of the Province and building up its trade and commerce. That there has never been the failure of any bank, nor any suspension of specie payments. That bank notes have always been on a par with gold, and convertible into gold on demand, and note holders have never sustained any loss by them. That the public are satisfied with the system, and neither ask for nor desire any change.

II. That the banking capital, together with the loanable fund derived from the bank note circulation, of this Province, is not in excess of the wants of the mercantile community. It has in fact been found insufficient to meet the requirements of business when active. A few years ago it was quite inadequate, and whenever trade revives it will be found that there is no surplus.

III. That the introduction of such a radical change as the withdrawal of the bank note circulation, and the substitution of that of the Government, would seriously interfere with and lessen the resources of the banks, cause discounts to be reduced nearly, if not quite, one-fourth, and thereby cripple trade and commerce.

IV. That the national banking system of the United States having taken its rise under a suspension of specie payments, is not applicable to the state of this Province. If adopted, the banks would be compelled to loan to Government about one-half of the amount now advanced for mercantile purposes, which would almost, if not entirely, prostrate and ruin the business of the Province.

V. That the adoption of either plan would permanently reduce the resources available for banking purposes. By giving time for the withdrawal of the circulation, or the purchase of bonds, this might prevent sudden distress and mitigate the stringency of the money market, but there would be nevertheless a certain gradual reduction of discount, which would soon tell most injuriously on trade. Under the circumstances to increase the capital stock would not make up the deficiency. For the monies available for this purpose are already held by the banks in the shape of deposits, and to take from the deposits and add to the capital stock could not possibly improve the financial position.

VI. That if it is thought desirable to give increased security to note holders, this could be done, without deranging present arrangement, by making the notes, in case of failure, a first lieu on the assets of the bank, and payable as soon as sufficient funds might be collected. There are reasons why note holders should be protected, but none why depositors should be, and this plan would perfectly secure the former without inflicting any injury on business, or diminishing in any way the funds available for banking purposes.

VII. That in our opinion the present system, whereby the circulating medium is furnished by the banks, is the best adapted to the circumstances of the country, as it increases the banking funds employed in the encouragement of trade and manufactures, which, in a new country, are always required. And we would strongly deprecate any change in the law which would have the effect of overthrowing the present note circulation of the banks, or curtailing their capital by a compulsory loan to the Government, by their being compelled to invest a portion of it in Government debentures, which are of variable value, and which could not be converted into gold during financial panic or pressure, in time to prevent suspension of specie payments or great loss.

(Signed) WM. PRYOR, President Halifax Banking Co.
" M. B. ALMON, President Bank of Nova Scotia.
" JAMES A. MOREN, President Union Bank of Halifax.
" J. W. MERKEL, President Merchants' Bank.
" GEORGE H. STARR, President People's Bank of Halifax.

COPY OF RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY CANADIAN BANKS.

At a meeting of bankers, held at the Merchant's Bank of Canada, on the 17th day of April, 1869,

It was moved by Mr. Jackson Rae, seconded by Mr. William Sache, and resolved, that, whereas, the existing system of banking in Canada has been found to be subservient in a high degree to its commercial interests; has been tested by long experience; has proved itself to be well adapted to the requirements of an agricultural community; and has resulted in a high degree of security and stability.

Resolved,—That in any renewal of the charters of banks, it is important for the best interests of the public, that no change of a fundamental character be made in the system, and particularly that the note circulation be preserved.

2nd. That the adoption of a system of the same character as the National Banking System of the United States, or founded on the same principle of imposing a rigid limit to the total circulation, and compelling that circulation to be covered by Government securities, would be highly detrimental to the public interest, by causing a large withdrawal of capital now engaged in furthering its commercial enterprises, consequent scarcity of money, high rates of interest, with greater loss to the tender, and general financial distress.

3rd. That a system of note issues would made direct by the Government, would have the same injurious effects upon the commercial and financial affairs of the country, and would, in addition, have an inevitable tendency to depreciation, with all its disastrous consequences to every class of the community.

4th. That, holding these views, we deem it of importance that they be urged upon the attention of the Legislature during its present Session, in every practicable mode.

(Signed), WM. WORKMAN, President.
" WM. SACHE, Cashier, Molson's Bank.
" JACKSON RAE, Cashier Merchant's Bank.
" J. STEVENSON, Cashier Quebec Bank.
" Cashier, La Banque Nationale.
" Cashier La Banque Jacques Cartier.
" G. HAGUE, Cashier Bank of Toronto.

DESCRIPTION OF THE STEAMER "HER MAJESTY."

The steamer *Her Majesty* is 185 feet in length over all, 31 feet breadth of beam, and 11 feet depth of hold. She has new machinery throughout, draughted by Mr. Hugh Fairgrieve, Dundas, and built by Messrs. Gartshore & Co., of the same place. There are two boilers, which are constructed suitable for salt water, being similar, in most particulars, to those used upon the ocean steamers. Each boiler has three furnaces, which are separated from each other throughout the length of the boilers, and do not join until they reach the funnel. The aggregate heating surface of both boilers is 2,880 square feet. The engine is direct acting, low pressure, or condensing, and is similar to those usually applied to propellers. The cylinder is 50 inches bore, and 30 inches stroke. The shaft is made of hammered iron, 10 inches in diameter, and is forged with a double crank upon it; the crank pin between the cranks being part and parcel of the shaft. The screw is of the style known as "the New York wheel," and is 10 feet in diameter, and 17 feet pitch. The engine throughout is fitted suitable for salt water; the pumps being lined with brass, and the pipes made of copper, and the taps, check valves, &c., of brass. It is calculated that she can average twelve miles an hour.

There is saloon accommodation for 60 first-class passengers. The saloon and staterooms are beautifully grained in oak, bird's-eye maple and mahogany. The rooms and saloon are elaborately furnished, everything in this part being from the famous factory of Messrs. Jacques and Hay, Toronto. There are bathrooms on board, fitted up for hot, cold and salt water.

The vessel has been made square-rigged forward, and the hull has been greatly strengthened by iron beams and knees. She has been thoroughly improved from stem to stern, and is now one of the finest steamers in Canadian waters. The improvements have cost about $22,000.

FOR Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

GENTLEMEN can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

PARTIES requiring new carpets, floor oil cloths, or other house furnishings, would do well to inspect Magee & Russell's extensive stock before purchasing, as they have recently received large additions of this season's patterns from the most celebrated makers in Britain. Carpets made and laid by competent upholsterers.

WE would call the attention of those in need of spectacles and eye glasses to the stock of those articles kept on hand by Messrs. Young & Radford, who are the sole agents for Ottawa for the celebrated Lazarus & Morris' spectacles and eye glasses. All those who have tried them admit they are the most brilliant, perfect and easy glass to the eye yet introduced into Ottawa. The offers are liberal; if the purchaser is not satisfied the money can be returned after one or two weeks trial.

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, May 5.

(Continued.)

ADDRESS.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD moved for "an address to his Excellency the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid before this House a detailed statement of the expense incurred in keeping up the Parliament and Departmental Buildings at Ottawa, from the 30th day of June, 1867, to the 30th day of June, 1868, including the salaries of the superintendent, employees and watchmen in charge of the same, specifying in detail the total amount expended in fitting up, making alterations, grading grounds, lighting, heating, ventilating, furnishing, and all other expenses incurred on the said Public Buildings, or in the maintenance thereof." He said he did not move for this address for mere curiosity, but because he believed Parliament and the people of the Dominion should know what was the annual amount expended upon the Parliament Buildings. This could not be ascertained by any accounts which they had, because they did not show the annual charge and expense of keeping up these buildings, and the salaries of the officers connected with them. It was right that there should be placed before them a detailed statement of the annual charges connected with this service. If they received correct returns he thought the people of the Dominion would be surprised at the large amount it costs for that purpose. He had sought this information from members of the House, but could not obtain it, therefore he thought it his duty to move this address. He thought that when the return was made they would find the annual expense was such a sum as would induce the Senate to consider whether it was not entirely beyond what the exigencies of the service required. There was another question connected with this expenditure, which he might be considered as going out of his way in alluding to, but he was moving an address for a return showing the annual expense incurred in keeping up the Parliament and Departmental Buildings; if it was shown that this was beyond the requirements of a country with a population of four millions, the question would arise as to the adaptability of these buildings for the purpose for which they were built, and of the expediency of keeping the seat of Government at Ottawa to the detriment of the interests of the Dominion. He might be considered very bold in bringing this question for the first time before the Senate, but he always hoped to do what he considered his duty. It is a question which must force itself upon the consideration of Parliament. He believed the amount expended annually upon the buildings would show conclusively that the style of architecture was neither adapted to our climate, nor to the purposes for which it was intended. He thought it could be shown that the amount expended for this purpose, if capitalised would go far towards erecting suitable buildings in a more suitable locality. He had no hesitation in stating that the proper place for them would be in Montreal, (cries of hear, hear, and no, no). That position would suit both the Maritime Provinces and the other parts of the Dominion.

Hon. Mr. SKEAD—How would it suit British Columbia and the Northwest?

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD—It would be on the great lines of steam and water communication. He did not wish to go into a lengthy argument, but he thought it desirable that the question should come before the House, as it was one which forced itself upon the consideration of the public, in consequence of the large annual expenditure required in connection with the present buildings. He thought the hon. members of the Government would agree with him, that having the seat of Government at Montreal would be a convenient place.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—By no means, the Government do not admit that.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD—The members of the Government are not found to remain very long in Ottawa after the prorogation of Parliament. Very large sums of money have been expended here, and great accommodation has been afforded for the purpose for which these buildings have been erected, but if it is found to be to the public detriment to expend such large sums of money annually, and if it can be shown that the proceeds of these buildings can be made available for more suitable buildings in a better situation, it becomes a matter well worthy of our consideration. He had heard it mentioned by a person who seemed to be well informed, that a religious society, with ample means, would give a large amount for these buildings.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—What society?

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD—A religious society Then there are other ways in which these buildings may be made available. They might be used for an agricultural college, or military school. He was quite certain that the Minister of Militia could establish a military institution here, which would compare favourably with West Point. If it cannot be made available for this purpose, it has been suggested that it can be used for a great industrial penitentiary, or lunatic asylum, (laughter.) The feeling in the country in favour of a removal of the seat of Government is increasing. There is often much difficulty and delay in the means of communication between the Maritime Province and the Seat of Government. At some seasons of the year it takes twenty-five or thirty days to send a communication to a public department and receive a reply. To give an instance of this last winter a communication from the Adjutant-General's office was seventeen days in reaching New Brunswick, and the answer was twelve days in getting to Ottawa. The Seat of Government should not be placed out of the grand lines of communication, as every individual who may have business with the Government is put to expense, and his business is delayed. Considering all the advantages which the public would derive from the establishment of the seat of Government at Montreal, the question was worthy of their consideration, particularly as it would be necessary to make a very large expenditure in beautifying and laying out the grounds around the buildings. Then again there is better accommodation required in the library, as there are thousands of volumes of valuable works heaped up there in danger of being injured, because there is no room to put them up properly. This was but a preliminary discussion. When the question came up he would propose that the vote upon it be taken by ballot. Then, he thought, when they counted the ballots, that the almost unanimous opinion would be found to be in favour of a removal of the Seat of Government.

Hon. Mr. ROBERTSON remarked that after what had been said so forcibly by his hon. friend (Mr. Botsford), it only remained for him to second the motion. He did so because there was great dissatisfaction existing throughout the country with the present position of the seat of Government, and with the annual expenditure upon the buildings, which if public opinion be correct, is far beyond the means and ability of the Government to sustain. He thought this was quite sufficient to justify him in seconding the address. If the return to this address would show that the expenses connected with the Parliament Buildings were small; then keeping in view the acquisition of the Northwest Territory, it might be considered that Ottawa was the proper place for the seat of Government; but he thought in view of the past expenditure by Parliament for the maintainance and support of the buildings, public sentiment would ultimately decide whether this is to be the seat of Government or not. It was a great inconvenience to the public to have the seat of Government so far from the main routes of travel, but as this whole question would come up when the answer to the address was received, he would not detain the House by any further remarks.

Hon. Mr. SKEAD said that in a point of economy he did not wish to raise his voice against any of those questions contained in the motion, because he considered that the fullest information ought to be given to the Legislature and to the public regarding them. He thought that when the facts were brought out they would show to the country that the expense connected with the Parliament Buildings had been very much exaggerated, and that the reports which had been spread abroad were not strictly correct. In regard to the Library he thought the hon. gentleman who made the motion knew that the Library was not finished. He said the Government had yet to finish the buildings, and to show that the expense was not connected with any particular party, he mentioned that their had been three successive Governments since they were commenced. It was true they were not finished, but neither were the Parliament buildings in London finished, although commenced half a century ago. Then again the Public Buildings at Washington were not finished. Was Montreal the centre of the Dominion? He should imagine not. His hon. friend, the mover of the address, had said that the seat of Government should be on the line of steamboat communication. Is not Ottawa in reach of steamboat communication? A person could leave Montreal in the morning by steamer, and arrive at the seat of Government in the evening. It had been said that a letter was seventeen days on its way here from New Brunswick last winter. That was in consequence of the mails being delayed by snow storms, and the same delay might occur at Montreal, as well as at Ottawa. The question of the settlement of the seat of Government was for a long time a disputed question. It was discussed in every point of view; delegates were sent to England; and it was finally settled by referring it to her Majesty the Queen. Looking to the acquisition of the Northwest territory in the future, it was decided that the seat of Government should be at Ottawa. They must not judge of the future of Ottawa by what it is now. Forty years ago, where the city now stands was a wilderness, and only thirty-two years ago there was a forest on the site of the Departmental buildings. No doubt, there was a great deal of mismanagement, not only in regard to these buildings, but to other public works all over the Dominion. These matters might be improved, and the annual expenditure lessened, but nothing in this respect would be gained by removing the seat of Government. Besides this, there would be just as much trouble as there was some years ago, in deciding upon the seat of Government. It would be hard for the people of the Dominion to agree upon Montreal as the proper place. That city was of great importance as the great emporium of this country, and we derived great advantages from its trade, but the merchants there do not want the seat of Government established in Montreal. His hon. friend, (Mr. Botsford,) had suggested that the Parliament Buildings could be used for a military school, but who would keep up a military school? Then he speaks of a religious institution taking the building. There was room in the building for several religious schools, but he questioned whether that idea could be carried out. The great expense the moving of the seat of Government would entail upon the country, even if they capitalized the annual expense, was a question which every man should consider. He did not think a more suitable place could be found than the present site of the public buildings, and he thought it would be a little up hill work for the hon. mover to expect to carry a vote in this House for their removal. They should wait until the Northwest territory and British Columbia was incorporated into the Dominion, and then they would find that the people of the country would endorse the action of her Majesty the Queen, upon that question.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL had no objection to the address, but he regretted to have it to go forth to the country, that any serious doubt was entertained by this branch of the Legislature that the seat of Government would not remain here. The government buildings cost three million dollars, and it was utterly impossible to suppose that any such use could be made of them as suggested by the mover of the resolution. This money had been spent here, and they must keep the seat of Government here for economical reasons.

The motion was then adopted.

CANADA JOINT STOCK COMPANIES CLAUSES BILL.

The Bill was read a third time, passed, and sent to the House of Commons for their concurrence.

VAGRANTS' BILL.

On motion of Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL a Bill intituled "an Act respecting Vagrants" was read a second time.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved that the Bill be now referred to a Committee of the Whole House.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN said they were getting into a very bad habit in passing Bills two or three stages the same day. It was a good rule to have a day intervene between the several stages of a bill passing through the House, as by going at this railway speed they might pass over matters which should receive more consideration. He was not speaking of this Bill in particular, but of departing from the rules of the House.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL did not think there was a rule of the House against the proceeding which he asked the House to adopt in this case. A Bill may be referred to a committee of the whole House the same day it receives its second reading; but although he thought there was no rule against the proceeding, yet he agreed with his hon. friend that there should be no haste, and every opportunity given to hon. members to look into the Bills, and satisfy themselves in regard to their contents. His reasons for bringing the Bill before a Committee of the Whole House was, because this branch of the Legislature was about to adjourn for a few days, and he wished this Bill to go down to the House of Commons, and be proceeded with there. The Bill had been before the House for some days, and every hon. member had an opportunity to inspect it, but if it was desired to postpone it he had no objection.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN would not persist in his objection in reference to this Bill.

The motion was then adopted.

HOUSE IN COMMITTEE.

Hon. Mr. STEVES in the chair.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN said one question in reference to the Bill deserved consideration. The Bill was founded upon a law framed in reference to cities and incorporated towns; formerly as far as the Province of Lower Canada was concerned, it was in force only in Montreal and Quebec, but when our system became more perfected, it was brought into force in incorporated towns and villages. A considerable portion of the Act applied only to cities, villages and thickly populated places, and it would be desirable to confine its operation to those places. He was not aware of the extent of municipal law in the Maritime Provinces, to know whether it would work there; but in Ontario and Quebec they had municipal corporations, therefore, it would be the law in reference to them.

Hon. Mr. TESSIER (in French) thought the pains and penalties contained in this Bill were not suited to the country parts of this Dominion, and he would suggest that the Bill be amended so as to apply to cities and towns only. In the old countries of Europe, where there were poorhouses and workhouses, the principle was correct and good; but here if the mendicant had a certificate from his clergy or a magistrate, he thought it would be all we could enact in the present state of our society at present.

Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS (in French) agreed with the suggestion of the hon. member of the Gulf Division (Mr. Tessier); and thought that an amendment to that effect should be made to the Bill. The certificate of his clergyman would be all we should demand from the poor who go out begging from door to door in the country parts.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY said it seemed to him that a large portion of the contents of the Bill was within the venue of that portion of legislation which was given to the Local Legislature. The first clause says "all idle persons who not having visible means of maintaining themselves, live without employment, &c., shall be deemed vagrants within the meaning of this Act." This class of subjects properly belonged to the Local Legislatures, according to the jurisdiction given them in the 6th and 7th subsections of the 92nd section, which provides for the establishment, maintenance and management of public and reformatory prisons in and for the Province, and of hospitals, asylums, charities, &c. He referred to the law upon this subject in Nova Scotia by which wandering persons with no visible means of support may be brought up by a justice of the peace, and imprisoned for a period of not more than a month, but in a country place this law was not brought into operation. He thought it would be well to make sure that we were within the limits of the British North American Act in our legislation. If we did not, there would be a disagreement between Parliament and the Local Legislatures, which he thought it best to avoid. Some of the objects of this Bill would come under the jurisdiction of this Legislature, but a large portion of them belong to the Local. Taking this view of the case, he asked particular attention to this Act.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL agreed with the suggestion made by the hon. member for Quebec, (Mr. Tessier,) that some such change as he had suggested might be introduced into the bill, or we might, in reference to the offence of begging, limit the application of the bill to cities exclusively. It had been originally prepared for a state of society existing in England, but not in Canada. We can add a clause limiting it to cities and towns, and provide that a person going about begging must be armed with a certificate from a magistrate or clergyman. Another suggestion was made that we should add to the bill the offence of cutting down, or destroying shade or other trees. This was a good provision, and should be adopted. The question was raised as to whether these offences are properly subjects of legislation here, or more properly subjects of the Local Provinces of the Dominion. This question had received the consideration of the Minister of Justice, and the law officers of the Crown, who have charge of these Bills. They gave their opinion that these offences being made in a criminal court come properly within the venue of this Legislature. Everything not expressly given to the Local Legislatures remains in the jurisdiction of Parliament. There was no express authority in the British North America Act of 1867 given to the Local Legislatures to deal with this class of subjects. The language used in that Act is to describe the power of the Local Legislatures in reference to imposing penalties, that they can impose penalties in relation to any matter coming within the provisions of the 92nd section of the Act, but there is no enumeration in that section of the power of preserving order, or of putting down the offences contemplated by this Bill. If there is no power given to the Local Legislatures to deal with offences, legal or criminal; then it must follow that this power, not being given away, remains with this Parliament. It might be desirable further to consider this point, as every member of the Committee must be anxious not to trespass upon the power of the Local Legislatures, because they would be prone to see any trespassing upon the limits of their jurisdiction, and be ready to find fault with us if we do trespass. He would not ask the Committee finally to report the Bill, as he wished to give time to have the question which had been raised properly considered. In the meantime he would ask the committee to adopt the two amendments, one to make the destruction of shade and other trees an offence.

Hon. Mr. CHRISTIE said there was a provision for that in another section of the Criminal Law.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said it would not then be necessary to make this amendment. The other was a verbal amendment. He would now ask the committee to report progress in order that the hon. member for Gulf Division (Mr. Tessier) may have his amendment ready on some future occasion.

The committee then reported progress, and asked leave to sit again on Tuesday next.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS BILL.

The House went into a Committee of the Whole (Hon. Mr. Shaw in the chair) upon a Bill entituled "an Act respecting Cruelty to Animals." Several verbal amendments having been made, including a provision that the Act shall go into effect on the first of January, 1870. The committee rose and reported the Bill as amended.

The House having concurred in the said amendments, the Bill was read a third time and sent to the House of Commons for their concurrence.

The Senate then adjourned.

Amusements.

ORPHANS' HOME BENEFIT.

LECTURE

On Friday Evening, May 7th, 1869,

BY

DR. GRANT, M.P., F.G.S.,

AT HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

SUBJECT—"Forms of Combustion, with Chemical Experiments."

Doors open at 7:30. Lecture to commence at 8 p.m.

Admission 25 cents. 1041-3

A LECTURE

In aid of the funds of the Conference of Our Lady of St. Vincent de Paul Society, and St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, will be delivered in the CATHEDRAL by the most

REV. DR CONNOLLY,

Archbishop of Halifax,

ON SUNDAY EVENING, 9TH INSTANT,

Commencing at 7 o'clock.

Admission 25 cents.

J. PLUNKETT,
M. BATTLE,
Secretaries.

Ottawa, May 7, 1869. 1043.2

GRAND CONCERT

IN THE CATHEDRAL,

Given by the CHOIR for the benefit of

PROFESSOR GUSTAVE SMITH,

Organist of the Cathedral,

On Saturday Evening, May 8, 1869,

At EIGHT o'clock.

☞ Programme will be published to-morrow morning 1043.1

BAZAAR,

under the distinguished patronage

OF HER EXCELLENCY LADY YOUNG.

The Ladies of ST. ANDREW'S CONGREGATION, (Church of Scotland), intend holding a BAZAAR in aid of the funds of that Church, in GOWAN'S HALL, entrance by Wellington-st., on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 13th and 14th instant.

Patroness—Her Excellency Lady Young.
Vice Patroness—Lady Macdonald.

☞ Contributions are solicited, and will be received by the following ladies who have kindly consented to act as a committee:

Mrs. McKay,	Mrs. Bronson,
Mrs. Stewart,	Mrs. A. J. Russell,
Mrs. G[illegible]	Mrs. John McLean,
Mrs. Ca[illegible]	Mrs. Drummond,
Mrs. Jas. Gordon,	Mrs. T. Patterson,
Mrs. McNutt,	Mrs. Taylor,
Mrs. Ross,	Mrs. M. Patterson.

Contributions to the Refreshment Table are requested to be sent to the Hall as early as possible on Thursday morning.

Admittance 12½ cents.

J. S. RUSSELL,
President of Committee.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

BIRDS! BIRDS!

SINGING BIRDS FOR SALE.

About one hundred of the best

Canaries,
Singers, German Imported,
Linnets,
Thrushes,
Mocking Birds,
Parrots,
Virginia Nightingales,

and different Fancy Birds, are now on view and for sale by private contract for a few days, at

MR. ROWE'S NEW AUCTION ROOMS,

East End Sappers' Bridge.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 7, 1869. 1043-2

COATS, PANTS and VESTS

May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian

TWEEDS,

may now be seen at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.

Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.

A. GRAHAM & CO,
Commercial Warehouse,
No. 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

THE gentleman who took a Reversible Rubber and Alpacca Coat from the Coat Room at the Ball on Wednesday night, will oblige the owner by leaving it with Mr. RICE at the Russell House. 1043.1

THREE GENTLEMEN

Can be accommodated with furnished bedrooms on Wellington-st.

Apply to M. KAVANAGH at the "Queen," or the House of Commons. 1043a

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Rideau-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to

JOHN COOK,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenant, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX,
Plantagenet Mills,
Ontario.

1043tf

GENTLEMEN

Leaving their orders at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

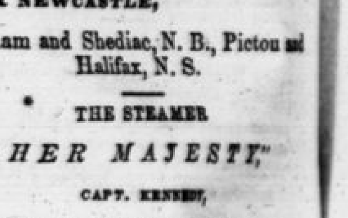
Can get well suited in Garments.

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays fo Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. *All orders left at* Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at *G. Mortimer's* Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1043d 124 Rideau-st.



FOR NEWCASTLE,

Chatham and Shediac, N. B., Pictou and Halifax, N. S.

THE STEAMER

"HER MAJESTY,"

CAPT. KENNEDY,

WILL SAIL FROM MONTREAL,

ON SATURDAY NEXT,

AT THREE P.M.,

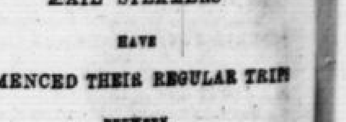
for the above ports.

The accommodations for passengers on board cannot be surpassed, and the speed of the boat is now 12 miles an hour.

For particulars apply to

D. E. MEECHAN & CO.,
Montreal.

May 7, 1869. 1043d



THE OTTAWA

RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMERS

HAVE

COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS

BETWEEN

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.

May 7, 1869. 1043tf

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT

REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS.

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD,
23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

1043.20d

HORSE and BUGGY

FOR SALE.

An excellent HORSE and BUGGY, nearly new, for cash or approved note at 3 months. For particulars enquire of

MR. HECTOR McLEAN,
Sparks-st.

1042.3

DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank-st., third door from Sparks-st., where she will be happy to attend to their orders. 1041b

DOOR KEEPER WANTED.

Applications for the office of door keeper for Bank-st. Church will be received until four o'clock on Monday, the 10th instant.

Address to Mr. WM. TAYLOR, Richmond Road, Chairman of Committee. 1042-4

Ottawa, May 6, 1869.

BEES! BEES!

A few swarms of ITALIAN BEES FOR SALE Cheap.

Enquire of R. SPENCER.

1041-2-19-1

LOCAL

DOMINION RIFLE ASSOC... ing of the Dominion R... day it was decided to h... competition at Halifax...

NAVIGATION.—Naviga... may now be regarded ... lished. Steamers and ... in full operation on the... in the canal, and busin... aspect.

EXTENSION OF BUSINESS... our advertising colum... Graham & Co. have re... lately occupied by M... where they have opene... fashionable dry goods, ... department to their bu...

BAZAAR.—The ladie... Church intend holding ... funds of that church, ... next. The bazaar wil... guished patronage of ... Young. The laudable... the creditable manne... tainments are conduct... very far to make the ... —a success.

BOWMAN'S CANADIAN ... STANTANEOUS COPYING ... this copying book an... honestly vouch for th... that is claimed for it. ... others, desiring to k... correspondence, nothin... and convenient than a... ink and one of his boo... to take a copy of a let... ink, no hing more ha... use a page of the le... blotting paper. By thi... excellent copy of the... secured, and with as ... mere use of the bla... Jones & Holland are th... and we understand tha... vass the city.

THE CONCERT AT ... grand concert of sacre... the Cathedral choir to ... eminent organist, will ... Saturday, evening. Th... Bills will be present, ... appropriate selections. ... preside at the organ. ... by Mr. Smith, will be s... Marier and Mr. ... Aumond will sing "... Rossini's "Stabat Ma... sing "Sanctus," from ... Smith, and Mr. Gauthie... "Stabat Mater." Th... programme embraces ... tions from Rossini, Ha... by some of the best sin... may safely assure love... which is the grandest ... concert will be very fa... usually hear. We trust ... who can do so will att...

THE MACDOUGALL C... cup presented by Mrs... be shot for at the fi... Rifle Association com... last summer, was w... Private May. It w... England, and has ... and may be seen fo... window of Young an... store. It is a magni... attracted the attentio... people. The body of ... be gold, highly burn... with a dead finish out... not gold, but heavily ... It has two elegant ha... at the upper junction ... enters into a massive ... in relief. The handle... the ornaments on the f... The foot is in good ... body, and stands on a ... an embossed shield in f... ably be sent away to ... or Tuesday.

POLICE

Timothy Murphy, d... fined $5, or three weeks... Wm. Lorimer, dru... week.

The adjourned case ... men for beating the ... head of the deep cut ... Complainant said the... than had yet been give... doubt as to the crimin... but the evidence was no... the magistrate, theref... case.

THE BEATIN...

The Police Magistrat... to hear the adjourned ... charged with an aggra... than Sparks. The latt... recovered to come to ... said:

I remember 24th A... 3 o'clock, I was assist... Patrick, to take some ce... I was in the act of a... whipple tree when Ch... the direction of his o... stroke at me with a gu... He was behind me. ... going to do with the ... shew you, and then ... side, below the heart... had the barrel in bot... struck at me the sec... the gun and closed on ... take the gun from hi... was on the ground wi... stroke from John Shar... was a long stick. It ... picket to me. I turn... him, that is a death... nothing but struck ... stick, in about t... was lying on the g... don't think the old ... said "my God, am I g... ran, and looked back a... point the gun at me, ... shouted strike him. ... same stick. I was cut ... struck me. Charles ... strike. The young so... me to be giving him ... the old man stooped as ... I never struck at all, ... hat. Charles Sharpe s... blow my brains out. ... since Dr. Sweetland w... not able to attend. co... charged blood. I am ... than a pint and a half ... spitting blood ever sin... Labelle and one Paque...

By Mr. Mosgrove—... place on Mr. Sharpe's l... Sharpe he was three c... his own house. He w... He never told me to le... I know nothing about... morning. I heard s... heard of it in the foren... then to get his prop... stroke I was in the act ... going to do with the g...

The case was sent t... and the parties bound o...

Arthur Watts, a dr... has been several tim... Court. Both before an... he behaved more lik... In the police station ... confine him in the str... then it was necessary ... with him to prevent hi... The whole of the poli... fact of his being the m... ever met with. He ... costs.

John McLeod was ch... on a moderate and un... also fined $2 and costs...

Thomas Kirwan wa... his pigs to run at larg...

A muscular individ... whose name was given... son, was charged with ... sault. He tried to be ... magistrate, but failed ... costs.

Mrs. Litle, who held ... as stakes for a clog ... brought up, but more ... the case was adjourned...

LOCAL NEWS.

DOMINION RIFLE ASSOCIATION.—At the meeting of the Dominion Rifle Association yesterday it was decided to have their next annual competition at Halifax during the summer.

NAVIGATION.—Navigation for the season may now be regarded as being fairly established. Steamers and all kinds of craft are in full operation on the river. The water is in the canal, and business wears a promising aspect.

EXTENSION OF BUSINESS.—It will be seen by our advertising columns that Messrs. A. Graham & Co. have removed to the premises lately occupied by Messrs. A. Pratt & Co., where they have opened out a large stock of fashionable dry goods, and added a tailoring department to their business.

BAZAAR.—The ladies of St. Andrew's Church intend holding a bazaar, in aid of the funds of that church, on Thursday and Friday next. The bazaar will be under the distinguished patronage of her Excellency Lady Young. The laudable object in view, and the creditable manner in which their entertainments are conducted, will, no doubt, go very far to make the affair what it should be—a success.

BOWMAN'S CANADIAN LETTER BOOK AND INSTANTANEOUS COPYING INK.—We have seen this copying book and ink tried, and can honestly vouch for the invention being all that is claimed for it. To business men and others, desiring to keep a copy of their correspondence, nothing can be more handy and convenient than a bottle of Bowman's ink and one of his books. The fact is, that to take a copy of a letter, written with this ink, no thing more has to be done than to use a page of the letter-book as so much blotting paper. By this simple operation an excellent copy of the manuscript will be secured, and with as little trouble as the mere use of the blotting sheet. Messrs. Jones & Holland are the agents for Ottawa, and we understand that an agent will canvass the city.

THE CONCERT AT THE CATHEDRAL.—The grand concert of sacred music to be given by the Cathedral choir to Professor Smith, their eminent organist, will take place to-morrow Saturday, evening. The military band of the Rifles will be present, and execute several appropriate selections. Professor Smith will preside at the organ. "Gloria in Excelsis," by Mr. Smith, will be sung by Mmes. Gelinas, Marier and Mr. O'Brien. Mdlle. J. Aumond will sing "Fac at Portem," from Rossini's "Stabat Mater." Mr. Kimber will sing "Sanctus," from a mass by Professor Smith, and Mr. Gauthier, "Pro Peccatis," from "Stabat Mater." The second part of the programme embraces some admirable selections from Rossini, Haydn, Smith and Sarti, by some of the best singers in the city. We may safely assure lovers of sacred music, which is the grandest of all music, that this concert will be very far superior to what they usually hear. We trust, therefore, that all those who can do so will attend.

THE MACDOUGALL CHALLENGE CUP.—The cup presented by Mrs. Col. Macdougall, to be shot for at the first annual Dominion Rifle Association competition, at Montreal last summer, was won at that time by *Private* May. It was manufactured in England, and has very recently arrived, and may be seen for a few days in the window of Young and Radford's jewellery store. It is a magnificent affair, and has attracted the attention of great numbers of people. The body of the cup appears to be gold, highly burnished on the inside, with a dead finish outside. It is, however, not gold, but heavily gilt on solid silver. It has two elegant handles, each of which, at the upper junction with the cup proper, enters into a massive wreath surrounding it in relief. The handles and wreath, with the ornaments on the foot, are left as silver. The foot is in good proportion with the body, and stands on a fine ebony base, with an embossed shield in front. It will probably be sent away to Montreal on Monday or Tuesday.

POLICE COURT.

WEDNESDAY, May 5.

Timothy Murphy, drunk and disorderly, fined $5, or three weeks at hard labour.

Wm. Lorimer, drunk, fined $2, or one week.

The adjourned case against three young men for beating the night-soil men at the head of the deep cut last week, was called. Complainant said there was more evidence than had yet been given. The police had no doubt as to the criminality of one of them but the evidence was not sufficient to convince the magistrate, therefore he dismissed the case.

THE BEATING AFFRAY.

The Police Magistrate sat in the afternoon to hear the adjourned case of the Sharpes, charged with an aggravated assault on Jonathan Sparks. The latter having sufficiently recovered to come to court, was sworn and said:

I remember 24th April, (Saturday) about 3 o'clock, I was assisting my brother, Frederick, to take some cedars belonging to him. I was in the act of arranging a rope on a whipple tree when Charles Sharpe came from the direction of his own house, and made a stroke at me with a gun he had in his hands. He was behind me. I said what are you going to do with the gun? He said I will shew you, and then struck me on the left side, below the heart, with the stock. He had the barrel in both of his hands. He struck at me the second time. I clenched the gun and closed on him, and attempted to take the gun from him. We both fell. I was on the ground when I received a heavy stroke from John Sharpe on the kidneys. It was a long stick. It appeared like a fence picket to me. I turned around, and said to him, that is a death-blow, John. He said nothing, but struck me again with the stick, in about the same place. I was lying on the ground at the time. I don't think the old man said anything. I said "my God, am I going to be murdered." I ran, and looked back and saw Charles Sharpe point the gun at me, and then the old man shouted strike him. John did so with the same stick. I was cut in the back when John struck me. Charles shouted several times to strike. The young son Robert appeared to me to be giving him a cap for the gun, and the old man stooped as if fixing it on the gun. I never struck at all. I asked to go for my hat. Charles Sharpe said if I would he would blow my brains out. I have been very poorly since Dr. Sweetland was attending me. I was not able to attend court before now. I discharged blood. I am certain I passed more than a pint and a half of blood. I have been spitting blood ever since. There was William Labelle and one Paquette with us.

By Mr. Mosgrove—This altercation took place on Mr. Sharpe's land. When I first saw Sharpe he was three or four acres away, near his own house. He was running towards me. He never told me to leave until he struck me. I know nothing about what took place in the morning. I heard something about it. I heard of it in the forenoon. My brother went then to get his property. Just as I got the stroke I was in the act of asking what he was going to do with the gun.

The case was sent to next Quarter Session, and the parties bound over to appear.

THURSDAY, May 6.

Arthur Watts, a drunken old fellow, who has been several times before the Police Court. Both before and after he was arrested he behaved more like a demon than a man. In the police station it became necessary to confine him in the straight jacket, but even then it was necessary to keep a policeman with him to prevent him from killing himself. The whole of the police force testify to the fact of his being the most diabolical case they ever met with. He was let off for $2 and costs.

John McLeod was charged with being drunk on a moderate and unoffending scale, and was also fined $2 and costs.

Thomas Kirwan was fined $2 for allowing his pigs to run at large.

A muscular individual from the country, whose name was given as Michael Tompkinson, was charged with assaulting Joseph Perrault. He tried to be witty in presence of the magistrate, but failed and had to pay $2 and costs.

Mrs. Lille, who held a fifty dollar greenback as stakes for a clog dancing match, was bought up, but more evidence being required the case was adjourned till this morning.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 5.

The 13th Hussars were inspected to-day on Garrison Common, being their last mounted parade in Canada.

The Hon. M. C. Cameron and the Mayor have accompanied Mr. Donaldson, Emigration Agent, on a visit to the building now used as an accomodation to emigrants, and are prepared to endorse the statements of the press as to the absolute necessity of a change.

A meeting of the creditors and shareholders of the Bank of Upper Canada was held to-day. The liabilities are $2,145,000, and it was proposed to have the billholders and shareholders paid in full; to have the notes bought at 50 cents on the dollar, and to have a general meeting of the shareholders called; but nothing definite was done on either.

TORONTO, May 6.

A quantity of plate stolen about eight months ago was yesterday, through the assistance of one of the burglars, since convicted for other crimes, discovered in the place where it was buried, and returned to the owners.

A batch of London emigrants, 234 in number, are expected in a couple of days.

The Toronto Rifle Club have held their first practice, and advertise a match between the smokers and non-smokers. A veteran officer who served in the same division with the 13th Hussars, in the Peninsula, yesterday witnessed their parade.

The *Telegraph* advocates the increase of judiciary, contending that our judges are over-worked and under-paid, and that this is bad economy.

FATHER POINT.

Arrival of the S. S. "St. David."

Special to THE TIMES.

FATHER POINT, May 5.

The steamship *St. David* passed inwards at three o'clock this afternoon, with eight cabin and four hundred and twenty-eight steerage passengers.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 5.—In the House of Commons this evening Mr. Sullivan, Attorney-General for Ireland, moved for leave to bring in a Bill to disable the present mayor as a magistrate. Mr. Sullivan proceeded to give the reasons for the introduction of the Bill. He gave a history of the disloyal conduct of the Mayor up to its culmination in the inflammatory language used at the dinner recently given in Cork to Warren and Costello, and said that after much consideration the Government had come to the conclusion that the present step was advisable.

Several members deprecated the course of the Government as a stretch of constitutional power, when the ordinary action at law was open to it for a remedy.

Dr. Jno. Grey, member for Kilkenny, and Mr. Maguire, M.P. for Cork, urged the necessity of giving the Mayor a full opportunity for meeting the charges made against him. They complained that the action of the Government was based only on newspaper reports.

Mr. Disraeli deprecated as imprudent, the release of the Fenian prisoners. If the action for seditious language had been taken earlier, the present step would not have become necessary. He would not oppose the introduction of the bill, but urged the House to consider well the steps proposed, and the constitutional question involved.

Mr. Fortescue, Chief Secretary for Ireland, assured the House that every facility would be given the Mayor and his friends to reply. The Government would take care not to give any ground for complaints of injustice in the management of Irish affairs. He intimated that they intended to propose the appointment of a commission to investigate the conduct of the police in the late disturbances at Londonderry.

After further remarks from Gladstone and Gathorne Hardy in support of the measure, leave to introduce the Bill was granted, and it was read for the first time. It was ordered that a copy of the Bill, and a notice of the second reading be served on the Mayor of Cork.

The London *Times* this morning has another leading article on the *Alabama* treaty, recently rejected by the United States Senate. The writer sharply criticises the speech of Senator Sumner, and concludes as follows: The question is one of law, and not of feeling. It remains to be shown that Great Britain can be held answerable for any infraction of the law, or excess over the ordinary practice of both countries.

The Right Hon. Thos. Lefroy, late Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench in Ireland, died yesterday at the age of 93.

LONDON, May 6—Midnight—In the House of Commons this evening Mr. Otway, Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, in reply to an enquiry from Mr Gourlay, said instructions had been sent to the British Minister at Madrid in regard to the seizure of the brig *Mary Lowell*, but they could not now be made known.

The House in committee resumed the consideration of the Irish Church Bill.

Sir Geo. Jenkinson, Conservative member for North Wiltshire, moved that the clause providing compensation for the Maynooth College from the church funds be stricken out.

Mr. Gladstone protested against the inconsistency of the conduct of members who voted for the grant to the Presbyterians, and who offered compensation to the Catholics, consenting to make use of a religious prejudice in their endeavours to defeat a Government which was dealing out equal justice to both.

A protracted discussion ensued on the advisability of drawing the compensation for Maynooth College from the consolidated or the church funds.

Mr. Bright opposed placing any additional burdens upon the tax-payers.

Mr. D'Israeli supported the grant, but urged that it be paid out of the consolidated funds.

A division was finally had on the amendment offered by Sir John Jenkinson. It was rejected by the following vote: for the amendment 192; against it 318; Government majority 126.

LONDON, May 6.—The regular weekly statement of the condition of the bank of England is published to-day over the signature of its officers. The outflow of specie has been unusually heavy. The amount on hand this week being fully £400,000 sterling less than that of the corresponding period last week. The bank has advanced its rate of discount to-day to a half per cent.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 6.—In the Constituent Cortes yesterday the article of the National Constitution guaranteeing the liberty of worship, was adopted by 164 against 40. Serrano, the Prime Minister, strongly urged a postponement of the contemplated ministerial changes until the form of government had been settled upon, which after an interchange of ideas, was agreed to.

BUENOS AYRES.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Buenos Ayres advices to the 20th of March state that the efforts to form a Provisional Government on the part of the allies in Paraguay have not yet been successful.

The cholera has disappeared.

A financial crisis is prevailing at Monte Video, and a general crash is apprehended.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Cotton Caterpillar in Florida.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 5.—Advices from Florida mention the appearance of the cotton caterpillar in that section.

The Cuban Constitution Framed in Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The Cuban constitution, for a Republican form of government, was prepared in this city in the interest of the insurgents, and has been, or will be, presented for their consideration. The framers acted upon the assumption that the Cubans will achieve their independence of Spain, and, as in the case of Texas, annexation to the United States. The constitution provides for the creation of one or more States in the Island of Cuba.

Verdict against the Long Island R.R. Co.

NEW YORK, May 6.—The inquest on the Long Island Railroad accident concluded yesterday, the jury rendering a verdict that the death of the victims was caused by the neglect of the company to keep their road in proper order.

Erie Railroad Pacific Subsidy.

The *Times'* Washington special says Jay Gould has notified the Postmaster-General that unless the Department increases the pay for the Erie Railroad service from $180,000 to $280,000, he shall refuse to carry the mails. The Postmaster-General has notified Mr. Gould that this exorbitant demand cannot be acceded to.

A Tax on Telegraph Messages.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Upon all blanks used for writing telegraph messages by the public is an agreement on the part of the telegraph company and the sender, enumerating the conditions upon which the message is received by the company for transmission. The attention of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue having been called to the subject he referred the same to the Solicitor of the bureau, who has decided that the condition being in the nature of an agreement must have a five cent revenue stamp affixed to each message. This, of course, will have the effect of increasing the tariff five cents on each message, to be paid by the public, or the abolition on the part of the companies of the present form of blanks.

Celebration Over the Completion of the Central Pacific Railroad.

NEW YORK, May 6.—The following despatch was received in this city:

RENO, NEV., May 5.—O. H. Palmer: The last rail will be laid on Saturday by ex.-Governor Stamford, of California, President of the Central Pacific Railroad—a party will go out to-day for that purpose. They will take with them the last tie, made of California laurel, and highly polished, and the last spike is made of solid gold, weighing over twenty ounces, with inscriptions. The celebration will be held on Saturday at Sacramento.

[Signed.] GEO. HAMFORD.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES

are the best in the world for family use. They hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

DEVLIN'S

HAT and FUR

DEPOT,

OPEN MAY SEVENTH,

No. 1,

BELL'S NEW BUILDINGS,

SAPPERS' BRIDGE.

Ottawa, May 4, 1869. 1049.3

T. LAWRENCE

Having opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.

From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chandiers, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

JONES & HOLLAND

Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously

Without the Use of a Press or Water.

Price from $2.00 to $4.50.

Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.

Call and see for yourselves.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE—Place the writing under the copying sheet, and rub with the fingers. That's all.

May 5, 1869.

FOR SALE.

A FIRST-CLASS

"CHICKERING" PIANO,

Nearly New, and in Perfect Order.

Price—$400 gold.

Apply to

MAJOR ALEXANDER,
Rifle Brigade.

Ottawa, May 3. 1041tf

CORSETS! CORSETS! CORSETS!

IMPORTED FRENCH CORSETS (Seamless), NIGHTINGALE CORSETS, Montpensier pattern ENGLISH CORSETS at all prices, beginning at 2s. 6d.

CORSETS made to order extra else.

GRAND DUCHESSE TRAIL SKIRT, latest Paris style, for Ball and Evening Dresses, at the CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY, 43 Sparks-st.

PIANOFORTE TUNING.

J. BESWICK, Pianoforte Maker and Tuner, is prepared to repair and tune pianofortes, and other musical instruments.

Orders can be left at Gowan's Music Store, Centre Town; and Sutherland's Jewellery Store, Lower Town.

All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038-4

Auction Sales.

By John Leeming & Co., Montreal.

IMPORTANT TRADE SALE

OF

TEAS,

&c., &c., &c., &c.

4,300 half chests new crop natural leaf JAPAN TEAS,
800 half chests Young Hyson, Twankay, Congou, and Souchong, and
500 bags Arracan Rice,
300 bris Zante Currants,
100 hhds, 50 qr. casks, 200 cases } Boll and Dunlop's Gin, ex "Elisa A. Kenny," from Rotterdam.
100 hhds, 250 cases } DeKuyper's Gin.
20 hhds, 250 cases } "Henhessy" Pale Brandy.
20 hhds, 15 qr. casks } "Martell's" Pale Brandy Vintages 1866, 1865, 1864.
25 puncheons Fine old Jamaica Rum, and other goods to arrive,

Will be offered on

MONDAY, 10TH MAY, 1869,

AT TEN A.M.,

At the Stores of HUGH FRASER, St. Sacrament-st., Montreal.

Samples on view the Saturday previous to sale.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 1. 1039td

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Wincoys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city

$1.25 BLANKETS.... $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 .....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 .....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 .....OVERCOATS,
$9 .....COMPLETE SUITS
$1 .....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS. $1 and $1.25.....UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 .....DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

OPENED OUT

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,
A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,
A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,
A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,
A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS IN NEW MATERIALS,
A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,
A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,
TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

SAVAGE'S URSINA.

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR, has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.

It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.

Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.

EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1028eod.3m

THE celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS and POLAR REFRIGERATORS, at ESMONDE'S.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CHAMBER SETS, cheap at ESMONDE'S.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

DUST, HEARTH, STOVE, SCRUB, CHIMNEY and Crumb Brushes at ESMONDE'S.

COAL OIL, LAMPS, GLOBES, CHIMNEYS, Wicks, &c., &c., at ESMONDE'S.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST
STOCK OF CARPETINGS
AND
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MILLINERY
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MANTLES,
AT MODERATE PRICES,
IN EVERY STYLE,
At
GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Silk Velvets,
Velveteens and
Water-proof Cloakings
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY
DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Satin and Lace,
Plain and Fancy Silk,
Dress Trimmings,
Buttons, Linings, &c.,
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Ribbons, Lace,
Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,
And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Broadcloths, Tweeds,
Coatings, Vestings, and
Tailors' Trimmings
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Sheetings,
Pillow Cottons,
Linens, Prints,
White and Grey Cottons
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF NEW GOODS
In all the Departments, is to be found at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

MUSLINS and GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have received direct from a celebrated Printer,

2 CASES PRINTED LAWN and ORGANDIE MUSLINS.

ALSO,

LATEST DESIGNS IN

SWISS and FRENCH GRENADINES,

27, 54 and 72 inch BLACK WOOL GRENADINES,

BLACK SILK GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

April 26, 1869.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

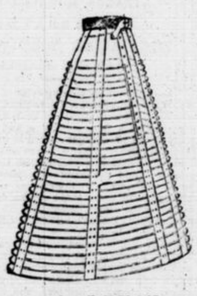
VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 SPARKS-ST.,

OTTAWA.



G. LEVIN,

(*Successor to David Millar,*)

Manufacturer of Hoop Skirts, and Importer of French and English Corsets.

NEW MATERIALS, NEW STYLES,
1035b LOW PRICES.

N. ROBERTSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 22, 1869. 1006-3m

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

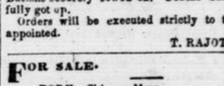
Boarding.

NOTICE.

MRS. SUTTON'S BOARDING HOUSE is removed to the dwelling over Mr. Hay's Hardware Store, Sparks-st., opposite Garland, Mutchmor & Co.'s. 1024d

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COM'Y.,
Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

LEAVES

AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"

"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"

FOR

DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

1042tf

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA FOR ROOFS, DAMP CELLARS, &c.

CHEAP! CLEAN! FIRE-PROOF!

UNDECAYING!

Suitable for all Styles, Flat or Upright.

FULL SUPPLY OF FELT AND MATERIALS FOR SALE BY

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Box 643 Montreal.

Send for circular with full description.

April 30, 1869. 1037b

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

FOR CASH ONLY.

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

BATHS and WATER COOLERS in the course of manufacture, at ESMONDE'S.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING,

BOOKBINDING,

&c., &c., &c.

To be had at

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

PRINTING,

AND

STATIONERY STORE,

21 *Rideau-st.*,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, larger size
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to match
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultra rine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and Letter Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—

Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakespeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—

Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES

Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.

Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal and Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—

Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—

Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—

Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,

Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, 3 and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'

Office Requisites supplied on reasonable terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES

Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

General Geography, with 39 coloured map price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,

Authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 70 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES

The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,

At "The Ottawa Citizen"

Stationery and Printing House,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE

21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 6, 1869.

Wednesday's market was quite an improvement on those of Monday and Tuesday, but this in part must be attributed to the circumstance that it was the spring fair.

Prices generally remained as at last quotations.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 60	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 27½
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 17
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

Try Gardiner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Foot Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*

We would call the especial attention of the

LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for .... $1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO., late F G & C A Crosby, Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa, J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO RENT.

THE SHOP AND DWELLING KNOWN AS THE MARKET DRUG STORE, on York-st., at present occupied by Wm. Hearn Esq. Possession can be had 1st of May.

Apply to JAMES GIBSON, York-st.

Ottawa, April 21. 1037a

TO LET, AT NEW EDINBURGH.

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to S. CHRISTIE, Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET—FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to S. SKINNER, Senate Buildings.

1028d

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET,

On or about 1st May next,

A NEW BRICK HOUSE

IN NEW EDINBURGH,

at present under lease to F. BRAUN, Esqr., Secretary of the Public Works Department; there are four Bedrooms, besides Drawing and Dining Rooms, with a large Kitchen and a spacious room over it, a Flower Garden in front, and a Kitchen Garden in rear; also an excellent well of water, with pump, cellar and a Summer Kitchen. Apply to W. A. MAINGY, Esq., New Edinburgh, or to the proprietor,

JOHN F. TAYLOR, Clerk of the Senate, Parliament House.

1016tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR, Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

1009-14tf

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

Including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON, Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT, Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARKS, W., or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25. 1868. 908tf

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorise the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th INSTANT, for the purchase of the NEW STEAM SAW MILL near the mouth of the River Blanche, in East Templeton, Province of Quebec, with land and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Mill in good running order, with first-class SHINGLE MILL in addition. Size of Mill 80 x 40, with Engine House 26 x 40. Engine 80 horse power.

If not sooner disposed of it will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of Walker & Pennock, in the city of Ottawa, on the 15th INSTANT, at NOON.

Terms easy.

For fuller particulars and conditions of sale apply to

W. H. WALKER, Solicitor for Vendor.

Ottawa, May 1, 1869. 1039b

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD, Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

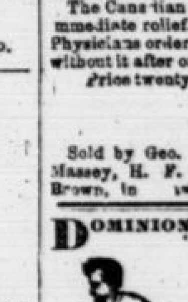
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

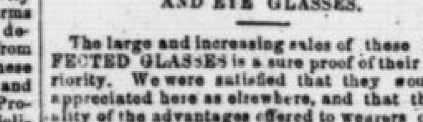
Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD, 30 Sparks-st., Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

TO LUMBERERS.

QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are, Your obdt. servants,

1000-3m M. STEVENSON & CO.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
Extra Superfine	6.00
Fancy	
Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine No. 2	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1	2.25
80,000 No. 2	1.50
80,000 Fancy	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO., Little Sussex-st., Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Rielly, Esq. Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,* House, Land and General Agent.

75.y

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Department of Marine and Fisheries, until noon of MONDAY, the 10th day of MAY next, for the supply, *in bond,* of 32,000 gallons of the best quality of COAL or REFINED PETROLEUM OIL.

The Oil is required to be non-explosive, at a vapour test of 115° Fahrenheit, must burn brilliantly, without smoking, until entirely consumed, and no crust the wick, must be free from all deleterious substances, and remain fluid at 10° Fahrenheit.

A sample of a quart to accompany each tender.

The Oil to be delivered in iron-bound casks, containing from 30 to 40 gallons each, properly prepared to prevent the oil from permeating the wood, and evaporating from the surface.

The casks to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the Oil.

The Oil to be subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk in the locality designated by the Department as follows:

5,000 gallons at Quebec—one-half on the 8th JUNE, and one-half on the 20th SEPTEMBER next,

10,000 gallons at Montreal, on the 1st July next.
14,000 do at Halifax, N.S., do do do
3,000 do at Saint John, N.B., do do do

Tenders will be accepted for the whole quantity, or for any of the lots above mentioned.

Parties tendering must give their names and addresses in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfillment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

WM. SMITH, Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa, 14th April, 1869. 1024.4.2aw

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

TIN SPICE BOXES, A novelty, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at ESMONDE'S.

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank-st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN.

Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodation of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND, Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.

506y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON, Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,

863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, 15TH MAY NEXT,

for the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8, in the 1st Con., on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF and DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville.

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONECUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipe and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House or Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES and OUT BUILDINGS for the Lieutenant-Governor's Residence. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan-street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL, to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed specifications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner.

Department of Public Works for Ontario, Toronto, April 24, 1869. 1035td

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES

is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

COOKING STOVES of the best quality and make at ESMONDE'S.

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 12th, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	**ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.**
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p.m.	4.45 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, April 12, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p.m. 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 8:30 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 3:15 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

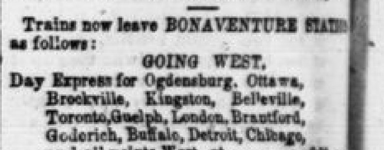
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 9:00 a m

Night do do do do do 8:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:00 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7.00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:00 a m

Express for New York and Boston .... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:45 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only at .... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station;

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.

OTTAWA

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Tuesday, the Eleventh day of May, Next. 1869.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1869.

By order, W. H. FALLS, Sec.-Treas.

1021td

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. E. WORSLEY, C. C. R.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by D. W. COWARD & CO., Commission Merchants, Office—27 Sparks-st.

912-3m

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX ROBERTSON, Editor.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1044. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

18 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

CASE 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—*The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

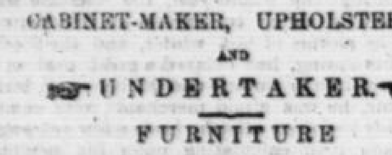
"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20. 748j

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.

Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,

Very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying

TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

WATER! WATER! WATER!

SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

Having purchased part of the cargo of the vessel *City of Limerick*, lately wrecked, we will offer the whole for sale, commencing

MONDAY, 5TH APRIL,

and continuing the following days until all the goods are disposed of. This is an opportunity to secure bargains which may not offer again for years. The greater part of the goods have received scarcely any damage, so that parties who call early will have the best chance of getting bargains, as we will make no reserve, but throw each line of goods by itself, and let the first who comes first have the best pick. The following are some of the damaged goods, viz.:

10	CASES	ASSORTED BLEACHED COTTONS,
1	do	SHEETINGS,
1	do	QUILTS,
2	do	TOWELS,
1	do	PRINTS,
1	do	ASSORTED LINEN GOODS,
2	do	ASSORTED DRESS GOODS,
1	do	SILKS,
3	do	MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SKIRTS,
2	do	DRESS MUSLINS,
10	do	ASSORTED GOODS.

We give a list of prices that some of the goods will be sold for to give parties an idea of the bargains they will be able to get. A nice lot of DRESS GOODS for 6d 7½d to 9d per yard.

	£	s	d
Ladies' Mantles only	£0	5	0
Splendid Prints, worth 9d, only	0	0	6
Towels, "all Linen," only	0	0	4
Dress Muslins, per yard, only	0	0	6
Mantle Cloths, only			0;
Pocket Handkerchiefs, each, only			1½
Gloves, per pair, only			6
Table Damasks, per yard, only	0	2	6
Stylish Cloths, per yard, only	0	1	
Parasols, each, only	0	1	
Gents' Neckties, "latest styles," each, only			0

LOOK! LOOK!

50 pieces Dress Lining, only 1d per yd.

ATTENTION!—Two cases more of those spools for 1d, worth 3d.

Don't delay in calling early as the first pick will be the best.

We have also received a splendid assortment of all the latest styles in SPRING GOODS in perfect order, which we will sell lower than any house in this city.

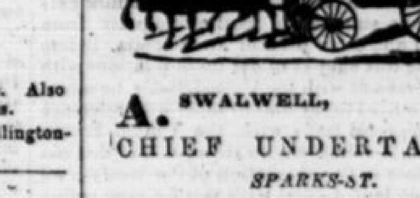
CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

10 cases in all the new styles, just arrived, which will be sold very low. For particulars in price see our Clothing Bills.

The place to secure these immense bargains is at the old cheap spot, THE OCCIDENTAL, in Stewart's Brick Block, Corner Rideau and Sussex-sts. Sign of the White Flag.

H. HICK & CO.



A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette*,) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next proceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 482y

Teas.

TO FARMERS & OTHERS.

TRADE [A. O. A. & Co.] MARK.

Farmers and others should buy their TEA and COFFEE from

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

who are daily receiving by direct importations Tea and Coffee of the finest quality. Their business is conducted on the English principle, and the above named articles can be procured in 5 and 10 pound catties and upwards. The purchaser receives the benefit of a neat package, a good article, and at wholesale prices. Perfect satisfaction is ensured, and any goods not proving according to sample can be returned at our expense. We will pay the carriage on 4 five or 2 ten lb catties to the nearest railway station. For the accommodation of farmers and others not having heard of the advantage offered them, we have engaged trustworthy agents who will make occasional trips throughout the surrounding country and solicit their orders. Any favors submitted to them will receive prompt attention. We do not sell less than a cattie, and nothing but Tea and Coffee sold The following is the list of prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the place,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 34. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a FEW DAYS

OPEN A FIRST-CLASS

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the

FIRST FLOOR

OF THE

MASONIC HALL BLOCK,

ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK

In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of

PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS do
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [respectfully] solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$160 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N. F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N. F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to F. ERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c. Printed on the shortest notice

---

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

Stoves & Hardware.

BURGLARS ALARM!

BURGLARS ALARM!

A very safe and efficient BURGLARS ALARM, easily attached to any part of the house at $1.25, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

ALL THE BEST

PATTERNS AND DESIGNS

OF

COOK STOVES,

every size, the housekeepers special favourites for baking, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

OF

JELLY MOULDS, ICE CREAM MOULDS,

Jellied Turkey Moulds,

Dish Covers, Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

JOB WORK,

of all kinds, in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware line attended to.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st.,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

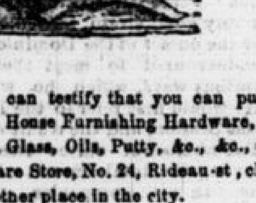
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st., Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Remember the place,
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Publications.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,

HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc. City papers may be had at 6 a. m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.

A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical Sketches.

Gardening for Profit.
Breck's New Book of Flowers.
Buist's Flower Garden Directory.
The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.

J. DURIE & SON,
Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6. 1015tf

JOSEPH HALL

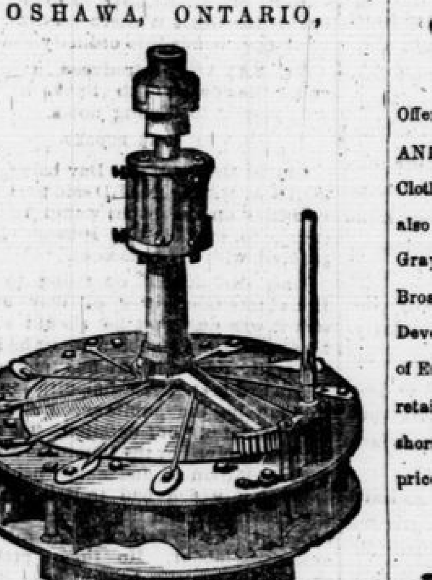
MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

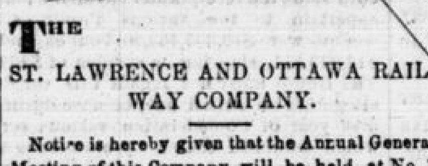
Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Sawrigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Sawrigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.



THE

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of this Company, will be held at No. 3 Moorgate street, in the city of London, England on

Monday, the Tenth day of May next,

at the hour of Twelve o'clock, at Noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Vice-President and Managing Director.

Ottawa, April 2, 1869. 1031-2aw4

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souno Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 5oc, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea, could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

CAUTION.—I hereby caution all parties or persons that a note signed by me for $95, and payable on the 1st NOVEMBER next, to WM. BRADLEY, has been signed in error, and no value received. And I hereby caution all parties from purchasing said note as I will not be responsible for the same.

JOHN NELSON,
Nepean.

1029.1.18.3

ALL sorts of TIN, IRON and COPPER WORK, also jobbing attended to, at

ESMONDE'S.

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter,

$2	GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50	GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4	OVERCOATS,
$9	COMPLETE SUITS
$1	GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25	UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25	DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

OPENED OUT

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,

A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,

A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,

A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,

A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS IN NEW MATERIALS,

A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,

A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,

TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES

AT

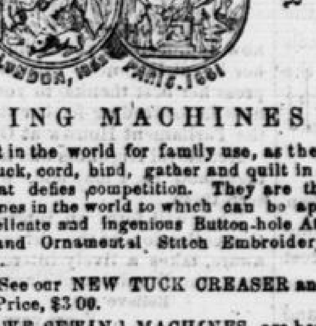
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON



NOISELESS FEEDER

SEWING MACHINES

are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3 00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

SAVAGE'S URSINA.

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR,

has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.

It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.

Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.

EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1028eod 3m

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THE celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS and POLAR REFRIGERATORS, at

ESMONDE'S.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CHAMBER SETS, cheap at

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A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

DUST, HEARTH, STOVE, SCRUB, CHIMney and Crumb Brushes at

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

[MRS S. A. ALLEN]

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication
of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where. 578y

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Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Locking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,

GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,

AND

DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
1007tf Bell's Block, opposite Russel House.

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price Address

E. F. McAVAY & CO.,

Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

34 *SUSSEX-ST.*

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bunch of Keys Found.
Commission Merchant, &c.—Felix Carbray.
An Ear Ring Lost.
Due Bill Lost—James Gibson.
Farm for Sale—William Todd.
Tenders for Printing—William Hartcey.
Stoves and Kitchen Furnishings—Esmonde's
Pine Apples—Jas Buchanan.
Apprentices Wanted—Mrs. Proderick.
Grand Concert—Prof. Gustave Smith.

JOB WORK, including PAMPHLETS, POSTERS, DODGERS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS, CARDS, &c., printed at THE TIMES office, at low rates, and with neatness and despatch.

The Ottawa Times
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

WE understand that HIS GRACE THE ARCHBISHOP of Halifax, had an interview with his Excellency Sir JOHN YOUNG yesterday, and that he made very strong representations on behalf of the release of the Rev. Mr. McMAHON. The distinguished service of HIS GRACE in the cause of Confederation, and his earnest and vigorous opposition to Fenianism, open or concealed, and to every other form of disloyalty, no matter whence, or by whom, manifested, entitle his recommendations to the most favourable consideration of the Executive.

On Saturday evening, his GRACE, several members of the Privy Council, and other gentlemen, were entertained at dinner by the Hon. Mr. KENNY, and we learn that to-day, his GRACE will be the guest of his EXCELLENCY, at Rideau Hall.

No doubt, many of our citizens will avail themselves of the opportunity of listening to the Most Revd. Prelate to-morrow evening, when he lectures on behalf of two of our local charitable institutions.

AFTER having given so much time and space to the report of the Hon. Mr. ROSE's budget speech, delivered yesterday, we may be excused for having very little of either to expend on editorial comment. It must be said, however, that his exposition was full and frank; that the difficulties which had beset his former calculations were plainly stated; and that, better than all, the Government had conformed its outgo to the measure of its income, thereby saving the people from the burthen of additional taxation, and carrying through the business of the year at a rate below that of last year's estimates, and considerably within the margin of the present year's income. And the same moderate calculation was visible in the estimated figures for the coming year. The modest estimate of an increase of five per cent on this present year's income is such as will surely be recognised by all, as less than that which we have every reason to expect. Yet, it is upon this very moderate estimate that the Minister of Finance bases his calculation for the coming year. Upon this moderate basis a small surplus is promised; and when we have before us the example of the present years' administration, reducing the expenditure within the limits of the actual income, despite the more liberal credits sanctioned by Parliament, we have every guarantee that the calculations for the coming year will be equally respected.

Mr. ROSE spoke—afternoon and evening—for about four hours. He was listened to with the greatest interest throughout, frequently applauded, and on resuming his seat, greeted with a hearty round of cheers. Several of the Opposition members made an attempt at criticism; but it was not by any means successful. We give the Opposition the credit, which their moderate and patriotic course has so well deserved, of working for the best interests of the country. But, with a wearied House, and an exhausted gallery,—that gallery, we mean, which tells the public what the House says,—with the telegraph wires overburdened with copy; it was in the extreme of bad taste to force prematurely a discussion upon points that might better be raised at another stage in the proceedings of the Ways and Means Committee. The same questions will have to be raised again and then they may be deliberately discussed.

Upon the whole, we believe, that the members of the Commons were much pleased with the lucid exposition of the MINISTER OF FINANCE; and that the country will peruse with satisfaction his able definition of its financial status.

THE Ontario Government have taken effective measures for the promotion of immigration. At a comparatively trifling cost they will make the merits of the Province known in every county in Great Britain and Ireland.

Several thousands of posters, setting forth briefly the attractions of Ontario to capitalists, servants, farmers, mechanics, labourers, &c., have been sent across the Atlantic for distribution, and these intimate the several places at which the pamphlets and maps may be obtained in London, Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

Perhaps the most important step taken is the sending of Mr. WHITE to Great Britain for a few months as Special Emigration Commissioner. His ability to set forth the advantages which the province offers to the intending emigrant is unquestionable, and his well known energy is a guarantee that he will make the best use of his time. His presence will stimulate enquiry among all classes, and the pamphlet recently prepared and now being forwarded for free distribution will spread a large amount of information concerning the Province.

The pamphlet contains a map of the Province, showing the constructed and projected railways, the roads, the newly laid out townships, free grants, &c. Within the compass of about forty pages, as many separate matters are briefly set forth concerning the soil, climate, laws, and institutions of the Province. The information they impart will be very serviceable to the emigrant, teaching him beforehand many things that others have only acquired after a pretty dear bought experience.

In addition to these arrangements, so well calculated to induce the emigrant from the British Isles to adopt the Province of Ontario as his future home, the Hon. Mr. CARLING had circulars prepared and distributed among the heads of all the municipalities in the Province, requesting information as to how many, and what classes of workmen are required, or could find employment in them. The returns of these circulars will supply the Department with pretty accurate information as to the best way of "placing" those who need employment, and the immigrant will be spared the disheartening task of seeking for labour in the wrong neighbourhoods. There is much gained when an immigrant at once finds congenial employment, at good wages and without loss of time. His spirits are cheered, and his bright anticipations so far fulfilled to guarantee that his first letter to his friends "at home," will contain an urgent advice to them to emigrate also. Just as the influence and experience of an unsuccessful new comer may deter many others from coming to the country, so will the success of the more fortunate induce others to cross the ocean after them. In this way the policy of the Ontario Cabinet is particularly judicious. The care of the immigrant on his landing is equally as important in promoting immigration as the best efforts that can be made on the other side of the Atlantic to persuade the people to come here.

The Hon. Mr. CARLING appears to have been exceedingly fortunate in his emigration policy, so far at least as to have secured for it the approval of the friends and opponents of the Government. At the banquet given to Mr. WHITE, at Hamilton, on the eve of his departure for England as Emigration Commissioner, one of the vice chairs was filled by G. W. BURTON, Esq., Barrister, one of the local leaders of the Opposition party. Mr. BURTON's remarks on the occasion deserve to be reproduced, if only as an evidence that the people of Ontario can forget their political differences when questions of common interest are involved. In proposing the toast of "the press," he said:

"Political differences have too often been permitted to prevent our meeting on neutral common ground, to further a material object. The subject of emigration has been too much neglected by all administrations—Whig, Tory, or whatever they might be called. I am much pleased to see the matter now being so energetically taken hold of. Although I have been, and still am, politically opposed to Mr. White, I have had many opportunities of judging of his fitness for the position he is now entering upon, and I am fully satisfied that he is the right man in the right place. (Cheers.) It must be most gratifying to that gentleman to notice the unanimous approval of the appointment by the press of all shades of opinion. That they could so unite for the furthering of any object of national importance was very creditable to them. This question of emigration is not a political question; it is a matter in which the whole country is interested; in fact our very existence as a nation depended on it. I have confidence that the Press of Canada will, in this act as one, and give all their influence to assist in any measure that may be adopted, to further so desirable an object. (Cheers.)

Mr. ARCHIBALD McKELLAR, M.P.P., was invited to the banquet, but being unable to attend he sent the following telegram:

"Regret I cannot be present at banquet to Mr. White this evening. Hope you may have a good gathering, and that Mr. White may be eminently successful in his mission."

We mention these matters to show how warmly the emigration policy of the Ontario Cabinet is endorsed by the people, and also stimulate the zeal of the sister Provinces in the same cause.

THE PRINCESS LOUISE.

It is known to all Canadians who have recently had the honour to be introduced to HER MAJESTY, that she takes a very marked interest in her "New Dominion" in America, and is delighted to hear of its prosperity and of the loyal aspirations of her Canadian subjects. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER and Mr. MACDOUGALL were agreeably surprised on the occasion of their late visit to HER MAJESTY at Windsor Castle, to find that her Royal Highness, the Princess LOUISE, was also, not only well informed as to the political position and prospects of Canada, but so deeply interested in its natural features, and its material and social progress, that she expressed a strong desire to cross the Ocean, in order see both the country and its people. Having remarked that she would like to possess photographic views of the Parliamentary and Departmental Buildings at Ottawa, Mr. MACDOUGALL was able to gratify the wish of her Royal Highness before he left England, and forwarded, through Sir JOHN COWELL, a set of views taken last winter by Mr. McCALLUM, of the Public Works Department.

Mr. MACDOUGALL has received the following letter acknowledging the receipt of these views by the PRINCESS:

OSBORNE, April 21, 1869.

MY DEAR SIR,—As I presume that you are now approaching your home, I am desired by her Royal Highness Princess Louise, to express her best thanks to you, for your kindness in forwarding for her the photographs of the Parliament Houses at Ottawa.

Her Royal Highness was much pleased with them, and so, I may add, were all who have seen them.

They will form an interesting addition to the collection of the Princess, who, you are aware, takes a lively interest in all that concerns the Dominion of Canada.

Believe me,
Yours very truly,
J. C. COWELL.

The Hon. William Macdougall, C B.

MR. WM. N. KEEFER, (B. A. of Toronto University) nephew of THOS. C. KEEFER, Esq, of this city, has passed a creditable examination at McGILL College, and obtained the degree of M.D.C.M. We understand his thesis on gun shot wounds, and his examination, were so satisfactory to his examiners that he was recommended for the "HOLMES' gold medal." Dr. KEEFER intends proceeding to England to further prosecute his studies with the intention of entering the army. We wish the young gentleman abundant success.

YESTERDAY the report of the Civil Service Commission; the returns of the imports and exports of the Dominion, and a statement of the revenue and expenditure for the nine months of the present fiscal year, ending 31st March last, were distributed in Parliament. We have no time to notice these documents to day.

BEFORE the adjournment of the House last night, the Hon. Mr. HOLTON announced his intention to ask Parliament to send an address of congratulation to HER MAJESTY, on the prospective disestablishment of the Irish Church.

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognise the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1026d

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, May 7.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

A number of petitions were presented and others received and read.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY presented the return of the imports and exports of the Dominion.

Mr. BOULTON introduced a Bill to increase the capital stock of the Bank of New Brunswick.

Hon. Mr. CARLING introduced a Bill to enable the Great Western Railway to convert preference bonds into ordinary shares.

Mr. SAVARY introduced a Bill to increase the powers of the Banks of Nova Scotia with respect to issuing notes.

THE BUDGET.

On the Orders of the Day being called, Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Government measures on the paper would be allowed to stand, to enable the Finance Minister to proceed with his statement.

Hon. Mr. ROSE on rising to move the House into Committee of Ways and Means, said it was due that he should express his thanks for the valuable support he had always received from his friends and colleagues. There had been great difficulties to overcome in arranging the public accounts at the commencement of Confederation. There had been monies received by the Dominion on account of the four Provinces, and money paid out by the Dominion which had to be charged against the Provinces, and the arrangement of these different accounts had been a work of no ordinary labour. He then proceeded to sketch the points to which he intended to call the attention of the House. In the first place he would state to the House the results of the first year of Confederation: next the probable results of the current year; in the third place the effect of past legislation upon the circumstances of the country; in the fourth place to lay before them by anticipation the estimates for 1869. He said he should mention that the first year of Confederation was a year of considerable difficulty, so far as regards its financial administration was executively concerned. They had to keep not only the accounts of the old Province of Canada, but to keep the machinery of the Province of Ontario and Quebec at work, as they were not in a position to perform their own services. Then they had to disburse large sums of money on account of the four Provinces, besides keeping the accounts of the Dominion proper. The work devolving upon this Department in the compilation of accounts during the first year of Confederation was very serious indeed. The Dominion had to receive various sums of money belonging to the separate Provinces, and had to account to those Provinces for them. In stating to the House the results of the first year of Confederation he should not complicate it by reference to all these details, but confine himself to statements of the exact receipts and expenditure of the Dominion. It would be remembered that last year (and he now referred to the estimates before the House,) in March, 1869, the estimate of the receipts, including of course the arrears of the several Provinces, in other words the gross sum the Dominion expected to receive, was $14,695 000. The result, bearing in mind the difficulty to which he had just adverted, was that there have been received on account $13 835,000, and belonging to the Provinces from July, 1867, a further sum of $985,600, making a total receipt of from July, 1867, to July, 1868, of $14 381,000, against an estimated receipt of $14,695,000, showing an amount over the estimated receipt of that year of $375 000, notwithstanding that during the months of April, May and June of last year the falling off of the revenue from customs became very rapid. With reference to the expenditure of last year it will be remembered by reference to the statement made to this House in April last that the whole estimated expenditure was $14,321,000. The ascertained result is that the expenditure for the Dominion proper is $12,973,000, and the expenditure on account of the Provinces is $572 790, making a total expenditure of $13,545,790—our estimates falling short of our actual expenditure by $575,000. Having given the actual receipts and expenditure he would now give the actual results brought down, leaving out on both sides the receipts and payments found to appertain to the various Provinces. Our receipts were $13,835,460, and our expenditure $12,973,211, showing a surplus of $962,259. The House must not regard this surplus as altogether an actual one, because during the first year of Confederation various services which would in ordinary years belong to the preceding on account now went to swell the expenditure of 1867 and 1868—no portion of the outlay being borne by arrears coming in the first year. All these arrears were charged to the several Provinces, and no arrears were charged to the arrangement for 1867 and 1868. The explanation is this: none of the services of the preceding year came into the first year of the existence of the Dominion, whereas some of the services of the first year of its existence were postponed until 1868 and 1869. It would be seen by the report that $300,000 was to cover this, which would leave $562,000 as the apparent surplus of 1867-8. He thought it better to take off a little more, because there might be exceptions taken in the items to the several Provinces. It would be best to take off $500,000, and we would then have a surplus of $362 000. It would be remembered that in April last it was estimated there would be a surplus of $370,000. He thought it needless to take up the time of the House by more minute reference to the results of the first year, because the accounts would be placed before them, and when the House was in Committee of Supply they would all be subject to a severe criticism. Having stated the results of the first year of Confederation, he would now come to the estimates for 1868-69, of which nine or ten months have already elapsed. There has been put in the hands of members a statement of the receipts and expenditure of the nine months past of the financial year. Before alluding to that statement, and the results and conclusions drawn from it, he would call the attention of the House to the statement which was presented to the House in 1868, of the public receipts and expenditure of the current year. At that time the three great sources of revenue, customs, excise and inland revenue, were made smaller, but the estimated receipts from these three sources of revenue were sad failures. The estimated revenue from customs was $9,100,000, the actual yield, judging from the results of the first ten months, will not exceed $8,102,236, showing a difference of $997,764 below what it was estimated at fifteen months ago. The estimated revenue from excise was $3,514,000. The actual yield will be $2,904,594, showing a falling of in receipts from excise of $608,404. The estimate for miscellaneous revenue was $2,500,000, against $2,701 000, showing an excess in this item. The estimate of the total revenue of last year was $15,114 000, while the real revenue will be only $13,744 600, showing a falling off of $1,369,344. He thought it best to give the result of each year as it was passing, and he had no doubt but that the result he had stated would be found to be carried out. When the Government found the revenue was falling short, and that it did not come up to their anticipations—that month after month it fell short of the corresponding month of the previous year—they felt it to be their duty that they should not permit any more deficits, but to look the difficulty in the face, and meet it by taxation, if no other resource presented itself, and in this they felt they would be supported by both sides of the House. He felt it to be one of their first duties to equalise the expenditure and receipts that our credit abroad may not be injured by our being supposed to allow deficiencies to arise without our being willing to meet them. We know what the effect was when a deficiency arose in the old Province of Canada. In adverting to this he did not desire to throw odium upon those who then held the position he now held, because they had no support in the House or country to enable them to come down with such measures for taxation as would equalise the revenue and expenditure. The Government would be recreant to their duty, strong in the majority as they were in the House, and in the country, if they permitted it to go abroad that they would allow a deficit to arise without being prepared to ask leave to submit to the House such a measure of direct taxation as might enable them to supply the void (hear, hear.) They should prepare such measures as would be sustained by the House and the country. Entertaining these views they felt it to be their duty to exert every means by which this deficiency could be avoided. They saw the revenue was falling short in consequence of past excessive importations, and they felt it to be their duty to endeavour to see whether by economy it was not possible to avoid that deficiency. Where it was possible to forego any expense consistent with the permanency of the service the Government have endeavoured to do it. They contracted no new obligations, and entered upon no new works. They acted exactly as any individual would act if his annual income fell short; they took stock; and where any service was efficiently performed they did not incur any new obligations or enter upon any public works, which it is always the object and interest of every country to have done if its revenue enabled it to have them constructed. On every one of the items voted to the Government, there was a saving effected last year, except one, that is on interest on the public debt, which has been augmented by reason of our having borrowed the half of the money for the Intercolonial Railway. On every one of the items there had been a saving,—administration of justice, militia, public works, collection of revenue, &c. He would next refer to the operations of the year 1868-9. By reference to the statement already in the hands of members, it would be seen that the gross receipts of the year would be $25,869,037. Deduct from this the loans, &c., for the redemption of debt, $12,124,381, and there remained, as ordinary revenue, $13,744,656. The gross expenditure, for the same period, was set down at $22,409,181, from which was to be deducted for redemption of the public debt and investments, of which he would speak presently, and payment of arrears, amounting in all to $8,938 556, leaving as ordinary expenditure $13,470,624. Thus it would be seen that there was a surplus on the year's operations of $274,032 (hear, hear). He desired to say in stating these figures that he had concealed nothing; that there had been no postponement of payments; but by the aid of his colleagues and the officers of his department, he honestly ascertained what would be the receipts and expenditures for the current quarter, and the result was just as he had stated it. Indeed, under the provisions of the Audit Act, there could be no postponement of any payments, unless they first asked the House for new votes as the old ones would, by that Act lapse at the end of the financial year. This provision might be troublesome, but it was a very salutary one, and he should be sorry to see it departed from. He knew that it was easy to produce a balance on one side or the other, and he wished the House to understand that the result of this year's operations, which he had just announced, was reached by the most patient and careful investigation in every department of the public service. His colleagues knew that when they found that the revenue was falling off, they were asked to submit an estimate of the probable expenditure for the coming three months, and after a careful, and, he was sure an accurate, examination, it was set down at $4,733,195. Having now adverted to the ascertained results of the first year of Confederation, and the anticipated and all but ascertained results of the present year's operations, he would then say a few words with reference to the actual financial position of the country, as affected by the legislation of last session. He would refer briefly, and with as little intricacy of detail as possible, to the result of one or two measures. It would be remembered that when he addressed the House last session there was a considerable floating debt, both to the Bank of Montreal and to the financial agents of the Government in England; that there was at that time about a million of seven per cent. bonds maturing; that we had payments to make on account of the Provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, for public works under construction in those Provinces; and that to meet these payments and sponge out the floating debt required a very great strain, indeed, upon our resources at the outset of the Dominion; and they had endeavoured to meet these obligations in various ways, which he would now detail. He would first refer to the Insurance Act of last Session, and the result of its operations. The number of offices licensed was thirty-seven; the total amount of securities given by these companies to the policy holders, by deposits of cash and available bonds in the hands of the Government, was $3,723 723, of which $1,833,055 was in cash, and the remainder, $1,890,668, in bonds, which could be converted into cash in three years from the passing of the act.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—The statement in our hands shows the amount to be only $1,625 399.

Hon. Mr. ROSE—That statement is made up to the first of April only. Of the companies licensed eight were Canadian, seventeen English, and twelve American, all sound, responsible companies. Next he would say a word in reference to the Dominion stocks. The total amount issued was in the hands of the public, $1,500 000; to Insurance companies $1,833,000, and for conversion of bonds into stock, $17,000. It was gratifying to notice the confidence the public had shewn in the stock; but the Government had ceased to issue it to the public the moment they did not require the use of the money, though they continued to receive applications for the stock.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the amount of Dominion Stock issued did not appear on the statement of revenue and expenditure for the present year.

Hon. Mr. ROSE—The stock was issued for 1867-68; and none was sold to the public except the original issue.

Mr. McKENZIE—Was not some sold to the Ontario Government?

Hon. Mr. ROSE—Not directly through the Government, as his hon. friend, the Treasurer for Ontario, could inform the House.

Hon. Mr. WOOD—We purchased the stock in the market.

Hon. Mr. ROSE then proceeded to speak of the result of the operations of the Post Office Savings Bank Act, which was only yet in partial operation. He considered it a moral obligation, on the part of the Government, to provide facilities to the working classes for a safe investment of their small savings. Nothing was more calculated to promote the moral welfare of the community than to provide means whereby the less wealthy classes could invest their surplus earnings, which might otherwise be worse than thrown away. The Savings Bank Act had been in operation only a year, yet there were already no less than two hundred and thirteen offices in operation, having six thousand and seventy-nine depositors. The total amount of deposits was $676,383, of which $384,000 carried four per cent. interest, and $285,000 five per cent., and the remainder bearing no interest at all. It was worthy of notice that of the 6,079 depositors, nearly one third were minors and married men. He would probably have occasion to bring under the notice of the House at a later period in the Session this question of Savings Banks, and he would, therefore, say nothing more about it now than to state the money result. The House was aware of the different systems of Saving Banks in operation in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and the whole subject was one which it might probably be necessary to bring under the notice of the House at a future day. His last reference to the legislation of last Session would be the Intercolonial loan. As the House was aware the Government borrowed two millions sterling,—one million and a half on Imperial guarantee, and the remaining half million on the sole credit of the Province. Objections had been taken both by the House and the country. These objections, it appeared to him, were divisible into three points. First it was objected that the loan was made prematurely; secondly, that there was too much thrown on the market, and thirdly objection had been taken to the temporal employment of the loan.

Hon Mr. HOLTON—We have had no discussion on these points here.

Hon. Mr. ROSE—One or two observations had fallen from his friend from Lambton, to the effect that they had misused the funds which had been borrowed on Imperial guarantee, and he wished that there might be no misunderstanding in the House or country on this subject, because it was a matter of great importance, involving, he might say, the honour of the country (Holton, hear, hear). The loan was offered to the public at large. He was not aware that any objection could be taken to the form of the contract. They might have found private contractors to take up the whole amount at a fair premium, in fact, they had declined offers of that nature, but upon consideration they concluded that the most straight forward and advantageous way was to invite public tenders. The House was aware of the result. There were over 350 tenders, amounting to some eight and a quarter millions. This loan had been effected at a rate of interest, which, if a sinking fund was employed at six per cent.—as they had power to do—the whole debt could be extinguished at the end of the 35 years the loan was to run.

Mr. McKENZIE—Allowing for cost of management?

Mr. ROSE—Yes. Having stated the result of the loan, he would say one word about its being premature. The money market was a very ticklish thing to deal with. At one time foreign loans were in favour; at another time they are in disfavour; and the London market above all must be taken at the proper time, or otherwise the chance is lost. Last summer certainly seemed to be a good time to contract the loan. Peace prevailed throughout the world; the Abyssinian expedition had just been brought to a successful close; there was a great plethora of money in the market; the difficulties between England and the United States had been allayed; and all these things considered, it was thought by our agents in England an extremely favourable time for the loan. The Government could not tell without personal intercourse with the Imperial authorities, whether they themselves would contract for the loan, in which they gave a guarantee—as they had done some seven years before—or whether they would leave the operation entirely in the hands of the Canadian authorities. It was found after communication with the English Government that they were disposed to allow the Canadian authorities to make the operation in any way they pleased, and they promised to endorse it, and he would be wanting in his duty if he did not here publicly acknowledge the handsome and liberal manner in which the Imperial Government acted towards this country in this matter, (hear, hear). They felt that the state of the money market fully justified them in placing the loan upon the market at the time they did, for there had been no time since when it could have been negotiated on terms so highly favourable to this country. Even the Russian Government, which maintained its credit in England during the Crimean war, by paying the interest on its debt in gold, had recently negotiated a loan on terms far less favourable than Canada, in fact the eleven millions loan had only brought the Russian Government seven millions. It was impossible to attract the attention of capitalists by a small loan; but by floating one half the Intercolonial loan they had secured the prospect of floating the other half, on terms equally favourable, subject to the changes in the market. The holders of the loan were men of influence, who would not permit a depreciation of their stock by floating the balance.

Mr. McKENZIE—Would not the same argument apply if the loan were but one million?

Hon. Mr. ROSE—No. One million being but a very small amount in the London money market, it might be depressed to a low figure and taken up without damage to the previous loan, but with one-half the amount already in the market, the other half could be floated at a corresponding rate. Then he would call the attention of the House to the use which had been made of the loan. He appreciated the jealousy of the country in holding the Government to a strict account for the production of the money borrowed for the construction of a great public work at the very time that it was wanted. But he would ask, was it desirable that this money should have been allowed to lie idle at their bankers? Instead of doing this, and losing the interest of the money, the funds had been partly invested in old Canadian debentures; partly in Canada Exchequer bills, and partly in India bonds, thus saving a large amount of interest. He was willing to stand the fullest scrutiny on this matter, and to abide by the result. The money was just as safe as if it had been invested in English Exchequer bonds; and they had extinguished obligations carrying seven per cent. by another carrying only five. Though there had been a floating debt, it appeared that our creditors desired to be our creditors still. They were quite willing to have accepted six per cent. debentures in lieu of the seven per cent. loans. There had been received on the Intercolonial Railway Loan $10,283,003 This money had been invested in various ways, $270,000 in the sinking fund; a balance of $681,000 on the old Imperial canal loan; $983,000 had been paid to Messrs Baring & Glyn; and $2 500,000 to the bank; $500,000 to Ontario, and $873,000 interest. There remained $2,900,000 in the hands of the London agents. The sums thus invested represented an annual interest of $353,000. Was the House willing to lose $353,000 on these loans, and at the same time the annual interest on the Intercolonial loan? The London agents were unwilling to allow more than one per cent. for the loan, and it would have been a censurable course to have left it in their hands when so large a saving had been made by its investment. After comparing the interest on the loan with the interest accruing on the sums in which it had been invested, he said there had been a clear annual saving in interest of $126 620. Then the question arose, how are you going to recoup the loan? He then shewed that the receipts of the Government from various sources independent of ordinary revenue would be available to meet the charges for the construction of the Intercolonial railway. There were the India bonds $749,000; the Great Western Railway debt $3,254,000; there were the receipts from the Insurance Companies, making altogether a sum of $974,000 over and above the total amount of the loan which had been invested. In this sum, there was $1,500 in the Bank of Montreal bearing four per cent. interest. Arrangements had also been made, in case of necessity, for an advance of £250,000 sterling from the London agents, and also a sum from the Bank of Montreal; but these advances would not be required, since he had already shewn that the Government had nearly a million of dollars, over and above the amount of the loan, from other sources than those of ordinary revenue. Any man would say that the interest and the honour of the country had been duly guarded and most amply secured. It would have been wrong to have failed to make use of the loan under such circumstances, when the means were so ready at hand to replace it as fast as required. Before submitting his estimates in detail for the coming year, he would refer to the condition of the country, for upon that condition depended the revenues. It had been said that trade was languishing, and that the prosperity of the country was suffering because of the want of a market. But the cause of the dullness in business was over trading and over importations—over production in some branches of business, which always tended to produce reaction. Our general condition is sound. The great mass of the agricultural population are well off. We know that last harvest taken as a whole was not a bad one. There are indications of soundness particularly in the western part of the Dominion. With ample means in the country, the falling off of the revenue in the first view of the case, however embarrassing, is not wholly to be deplored. It is not without its compensating advantages. It must be the result of either poverty or prudence. He believed it was the latter. Instead of there being large importations coming in, our merchants have prudently stayed their hands. The soundness of the country is seen to a great extent in the transactions of our Banks, Savings Banks, and in the forwarding of railway traffic. The increase of our material wealth is shown by our municipal returns. To show the progressive rate in which deposits in the banks of Upper Canada had been going on, he would state that in 1858 there were deposited in the banks $8,300,000, in 1868 there is a deposit in the banks of $31,000,000. Then the deposits in the Savings Banks of Ontario and Quebec was, in 1865, the sum of $2,900,000, in 1868, $3,234,000; and in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick there is the same gratifying rate of increase in the deposits in the savings banks. This did not show an indication of ruin and decay in the country. Then, in railway traffic, there has been a fair rate of increase; and also in banking capital there has been a large increase in the paid-up capital. The statistics of municipal corporations showed a progress in the condition of the country. By taking these statistics, given by 20 municipalities, and comparing the returns of 1867 with those of 1868, it will be seen that the increase in the value of farm stock is 20 per cent. in Upper Canada; that is more than three quarters of a million dollars. The increase of property and farm stock is $2,480,000. Apply this increase of farm stock to the whole of Ontario, and we would have an increase of $1,113,000, making a total increase of property and farm stock, for one Province, in one year, of $3 588,000. So far as one can judge from such evidence of the actual condition of this country, it is substantially sound. Look at the estimate of the outer world, as to the value of our securities, either here or abroad. Our six per cents have risen from 97 to 105, while our five per cents have risen from 84 to 95. That was pretty good evidence of our condition. Compare the value of our securities with those of the United States; during the two years past their six per cent. stock rose from 79 to 83, and their five per cents from 73 to 78. In Massachusetts their five per cents have only risen as high as 78, while ours have risen to 95. He would now endeavour to ascertain in what branch of trade the great falling off had been, and to see whether there was anything except the circumstances to which he had adverted that need cause us anxiety. He would refer to the increase of imports previous to 1868. In the year 1859 in Canada alone we imported about $10,000,000 worth of dry goods. In 1866 that importation had risen to $21,000,000; we find in 1867-68 the revenue fell off principally on wool and linen. The decrease of the per centage of duties last year is 25½ per cent., which is 16½ on woollen goods, and 24 per cent. on linen, but in muslin there was a large increase. The decline in customs duties during nine months of 1868-69, compared with the corresponding months of 1867-68 was $450 000 in Upper Canada, or 9 per cent. In New Brunswick $101,000 or 15 per cent; in Nova Scotia $321,000, or 37 per cent. In all, a total of $870,000, or 13 per cent. He had advanced these facts just mentioned, to show where the falling off in our revenue was, and that our own productions had considerable to do with it, and he hoped they would go on and prosper. He had felt it his duty to justify to the House the ground upon which he relied in forming an opinion as to the revenue of the coming year. He came to the conclusion as to the income to be derived from customs and excise, not without taking the most careful means at the disposal of the Government, to ascertain what was the probable prospect for the coming year. We have endeavoured, by getting every source of information in our power, to arrive at results, which it would be his duty to put the House in possession of. We directed circulars to the principal customs officers in the Dominion, we addressed various public bodies who would have this information, not in possession of the Government. We obtained from our own officers the necessary statistics of importations, and comparison was made between this year and last, but the ultimate result depends upon whether Providence blesses us as last year with a good harvest. It would appear as regards goods, there has been a less importation this year, but the average of some years preceding. In the coming year there will be an increase, the duties on goods being in 1868 about $775,000, in 1869 $1,020,000. We have endeavoured to ascertain the amount of stock the merchants have in hand, and it falls short in 1869 of the previous year. Of twenty-three returns which were made, seven had stock the same as last year, six had stocks larger, but ten of the most important places say their stocks are considerably smaller than they were at this time last year. Eleven said they believed the importations this year would be in excess of last, seven said they would be equal, while five thought they would be less. He doubted whether it would be for the interest of the public that there should be the same large importation as there was last year. He found the customs during the first four months of this year showed an increase of 2½ per cent. over the increase of the same quarter of the previous year. He found that April shows an increase of 8½ per cent. over that of April, 1868. He thought the revenue from customs would not fall short of that of the past year. In reference to the excise, there has been an increase during the past four months over the corresponding four months of the preceding year. He would now allude to the causes of the stagnation of trade. It had generally been attributed in some measure to the want of reciprocity with our neighbours on the other side of the border. No man valued free intercourse with that people more than he did, but we should not attribute all our difficulties to a wrong cause. We should endeavour to ascertain whether to attribute the depression of our trade to that cause or not. During eight years previous to the expiration of the Reciprocity Treaty, the trade between Canada and the United States was very large, being something like thirty-five or forty million dollars, and he feared the certain and ready access to a neighbouring market made us too dependent upon them, preventing us from seeking a rival market, which, under other circumstances, we should have found. He did not deny that the position of isolation which the United States had adopted since the repeal of the reciprocity treaty worked injuriously to the trade of both countries, but it would be found that the extent to which the staple products of this country found access to that market had been much exaggerated. He would call the attention of the House to the circumstances of our position in relation to the New England States of the Union. Situated as we were at the head waters for sea-going vessels alongside of the great consuming power of the United States. The extent to which those manufacturing States consume agricultural products is not generally known, and the small amount of produce which they raise themselves is not generally known. They must import largely from the other States and from Canada. We have an advantage in being near this great consuming country, while every year their wheat growing land is receding more and more westward. It is true the facilities for communication are increasing, but not in the same ratio as their wheat producing countries become more remote. In Ontario with a smaller population we have more acres of wheat and larger products than the State of New York. New England being close by us, gives us an advantage, as their wheat growing lands are getting more remote. According to a report of Mr. Andrews, of Mass., more than four times the yield of the New England States is sold in Boston market alone. In reference to the enormous falling off of our exports to the United States since the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty, he had obtained an official statement according to which the gross value of the imports into the United States from Canada during the last year of reciprocity was $36 000,000, while last year their value was $28 000,000. The question of values must enter largely into this calculation. Gold was then at 50 per cent. premium, while now it is 33 per cent., that would affect the values. The real result, taking a gold basis, shows that under the last year of the Reciprocity Treaty our exports to the United States were to the value of $30,500,000, and last year $24,226,000, showing a reduction of over $6,000,000. There has been an increase in our exports to the United States in the article of wheat. Comparing its export in 1866 with that of 1868, there has been an increase in value from $2,780,000 to $3,700,000. The decrease has principally been in fish, wool, oats and animals. In the last year of reciprocity there was an enormous export by reason of the proposed expiration of the Reciprocity Treaty, and farmers oversold themselves. The decrease in the export of animals has been very great, especially in the counties bordering on the United States, and they felt the loss of the treaty most. But in the articles of wheat and coarse grain, notwithstanding the duties imposed, the exportation has increased, diminishing the price here, but compelling the American consumer to pay the duty. They will still consume the great bulk of our grain. Of the whole harvest of the United States, less than 5 per cent. goes abroad for consumption, and 95 per cent. are consumed by the people themselves.

It being six o'clock the SPEAKER left the chair.

After Recess.

Several Bills from the Senate were brought down, and read a first time.

Hon. Mr. ROSE resumed—He wished it not to be understood that in the remarks he had made, he attached small importance to the renewal of free commercial intercourse between this country and the United States. No man could attach more importance to their renewal than he did; and it was because he attached such importance to it, not only on account of its commercial advantages to both countries, but also on account of its national advantage in bringing together to closer commercial intercourse two peoples who have so many interests and feelings in common. That he desired the effects of the abrogation of the treaty upon ourselves should not be exaggerated, that we should not be represented as suffering more than we actually did. He thought exaggerated statements of our trade being paralyzed were likely to interfere with the satisfactory conducting of negotiations for the renewal of the treaty. The table to which he had referred, shewing the effects of the abrogation of the treaty, embraced not only Ontario and Quebec, but the whole of the British North American Provinces. The great falling off in exports to the United States was in coal, fish and cattle. During the last year of the Reciprocity Treaty the exports to the United States, from all the Provinces, amounted to $21,340,000; in 1868 to $20,061,000, shewing a decrease of a little over five per cent. In the article of lumber there was an increase of 44 per cent., and in one or two other articles there was also an increase. In animals and products of animals there was a decrease of 46 per cent. comparing the last year during which the reciprocity treaty was in force with 1868. Taking the products of agriculture as a whole, including grain and flour, there had been a falling off of about two per cent., the greatest decrease being upon flour, there having been an increase in exportation of wheat. In other articles there was a decrease amounting to $300,000, or twelve per cent. This statement taught us one thing, that we ought to value our forests and our timber. The reports of Messrs. Derby, Welles and Walker, the Internal Revenue Commissioners and others, all refer to the fact that all those parts of the United States south of Maryland, mainly depended for their supply of timber upon the forests of Canada. These reports also showed that the timber of the Western States was being sent in large quantities to those regions now being opened up by the Pacific Railways, so that the Eastern States are now and will continue to be more and more dependant upon this country for their supply of lumber. There could be very little doubt of this, because, notwithstanding the enormously increased duties put upon lumber since the repeal of the Reciprocity Treaty, the export was increased by forty-five per cent. Not only was the export of lumber increasing in this enormous ratio; but we found Americans coming into this country, buying up our lumber, and shipping it direct to Monte Video, Barbadoes, Australia and other countries, instead of through their own country, as formerly. These were facts that had been ascertained from unquestionable, though not directly official, sources. He thought that looking at this article of lumber, whether in regard to the future demand, or our means to supply it, we had very little indeed to fear any policy that might be pursued by the United States. With reference to the trade between the various Provinces of the Dominion that had taken place since the Union he would remark in regard to the trade and navigation returns just placed in the hands of members, that unfortunately they did not supply the information which it would be desirable to possess. They merely show the amount of exports and imports of the Dominion as a whole From various other sources he had ascertained that in 1866-67 there was sent to Nova Scotia and New Brunswick by Grand Trunk Railway, 288,000 barrels flour; by river St. Lawrence, 99,000; by Suspension Bridge, 21,000, making an aggregate for the year 1866 of 408,000 barrels of flour. In the year 1867-68 there were sent by the Grand Trunk Railway to the Lower Provinces 328,000 barrels of flour; by the St. Lawrence, 107,000 barrels; by the Suspension Bridge, 14,000 barrels; aggregate, 443,000 barrels.

Mr. McKENZIE—Does that embrace exports to Newfoundland?

Hon. Mr. ROSE—No. Merely to Nova Scotia and New Brunswick; showing an increase of about 33 per cent. He regretted he could not give similarly accurate information respecting the articles from the Lower Provinces to Ontario and Quebec. The increase in coal last year was about 17 per cent. over the previous year. This year from all he could learn that percentage was likely to be more than trebled, because we were now getting our supplies of coal principally from Picton and other parts of Nova Scotia. Before leaving this subject of our trade relations with ourselves and with the United States, he might be permitted to say a word more with reference to reciprocal trade with the United States. We might fairly say to them, "We do not complain of the abrogation of the treaty; we have no fault to find with you for your action at that time; we know the peculiar difficulties in which you were then involved; we know the state of public feeling which unfairly prevailed respecting us during the war, and for which our people and Government were not to blame; and we believe that since that time you have formed juster impressions of our conduct towards you during the war: and that all irritated feeling has passed away. We have not since that time sought to retaliate; we have given you freely all the advantages you possessed during the continuation of the treaty; we make every allowance for the exceptional circumstances under which you abrogated the treaty; we have waited patiently up to this time, giving you every advantage you had before, and not seeking, in any way, to enter upon a retaliating course towards you; we have allowed you the free navigation of our canals and rivers, the use of our fisheries by paying a mere nominal license as an assertion of our rights to them; we have not sought to interfere with the transmission of goods in bond across the Western peninsula, by imposing conditions such as you have imposed upon us; we have allowed your flour, grain, salt, hops, coal, and other products to come in free for the last three or four years, but you must understand that we cannot go on thus for ever," (hear, hear). The time may soon come when we may require to have a national policy of our own (hear, hear), and that national policy will be shaped solely by those considerations which affect our own resources (hear, hear). In entering upon negotiations for renewal of this treaty, we ought to let it be unmistakably understood that much as we desire on national and commercial grounds less restricted intercourse with the United States, we are not prepared to give up our national existence for it (hear, hear.) We must meet them as equals, considering simply what is to the mutual advantage of both countries, and for the promotion of free and kindly intercourse. There should be a distinct enunciation of opinion in this country that no matter how much they may prevent intercourse with them, we are not disposed to pay a price for that intercourse by giving up our associations, or our national existence, (hear, hear.) He had great faith in our ability to get other markets, which would relieve us from any temporary depression which may now exist. At one time it was supposed England would be utterly ruined by the loss of the cotton trade with America, but we know that other markets were soon opened up, so that now less than 40 per cent. of her cotton comes from America. He did not desire to say more on this subject, but he thought we ought not to exaggerate the injury to the trade of this country—which he believed was only temporary, by restriction on trade with the United States. The time may come when this question may have to be considered in a more serious light; but this was not the time to do it when we found the United States indisposed to open up negotiations. The Committee of Ways and Means had, however, unanimously reported in favour of a renewal of reciprocity, and this report would probably be carried into effect. He would now call attention to the prospects of the year for 1869-70, every item had been reduced to the lowest limit; and he further had to appeal to the patriotism and forbearance of hon. gentlemen in this matter. He hoped they would not ask for any expenditure on any works which, however advantageous and useful in themselves, could not be undertaken without a resort to extra taxation or borrowing. In regard to local works generally, such as custom houses, post offices, wharves, &c., he thought extra taxation ought not to be imposed. Such a work as the acquisition of the Northwest territory might fairly be charged to posterity. But he would say that with the acquirement of such a territory the work must not be done by driblets, but on a large and comprehensive system. Having noticed the projection of a number of railways in the east and west, which would swell our revenue, the hon. gentleman went on to notice that there were several items of expenditure which were not capable of reduction, namely, interest on the public debt and sinking fund, $5,282,363; subsidies to various Provinces, about $2,400,000; and these items, with others incapable of reduction, amounted in all to ten millions, consequently, their means for reducing expenditure were confined to a very few services. In one of these, regarding militia service, the Minister of Militia had effected very important service. He was happy to announce to the House that without impairing the service the Minister of Militia saw his way to reducing the amount for this service by about a quarter of a million of dollars, reducing it to about $750,000, a reduction with which he thought the House would not be dissatisfied. The gross expenditure for the coming year was estimated at $17,659,000. There were only two millions for the Intercolonial Railway. That estimate was based on calculation furnished by the commissioners, when they had only four sections under contract. Some three other sections had since been let, but whether the expenditure might be two or five millions, the Government was equally prepared to meet the amount on twenty-four hours' notice. He might mention that negotiations were now going on which might affect the expenditure by several millions with reference to the question whether portions of existing railways in New Brunswick should not be made part of the Intercolonial. The ordinary expenditure for the year was estimated at $14,[illegible]. He had taken a liberal vote for the subsidies to the several Provinces. He estimated these subsidies at [illegible]. There had been negotiations going on with Ontario and Quebec as to what the excess of debt should be—whether it should be ten or eleven millions. Therefore he thought it wise to take a vote in order that he might be prepared for the settlement of the question either way. He would not now enter upon the discussion as to what that excess should be, but he hoped negotiations would continue to be carried on with the same good feeling that has hitherto characterized them, and if so he believed they would arrive at a conclusion that would satisfy both the Dominion and the Provinces.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON asked if the amount for subsidies would be asked for in one vote, or whether there would be a separate vote for an additional subsidy to Nova Scotia?

Hon. Mr. ROSE said it would be asked for separately. The regular subsidies, however, required no vote, as they are provided for by statute. They propose, as soon as the President of the Council was in his place, to bring down a message from his Excellency with the terms and correspondence, and ask the House for the required amount. The resolutions and Bill were now ready. So much then for estimated expenditures; now for estimated revenue. He did not desire in any way to rely upon our future increased prosperity. He preferred to base his calculations solely upon the operations of the present year, and upon a probable small increase which they were warranted in expecting. They had a better opportunity of judging of the revenue now than they had last year. They had seen that during this and the past year the revenue had been below the average of several years previous; so that they might fairly calculate upon the same amount of revenue as was received last year; and if the revenue of the last three months continued in the same proportion, during the whole year, the increase would be very much in excess of five per cent. The storms of last winter, and the floods of this spring, had delayed a great deal of importation to Ontario and Quebec; and, besides this, he was afraid merchants were committing the same mistake made a few years ago—each man calculating upon his neighbour importing less, and that he could gain something by importing more. He was afraid many merchants were now importing more than the country required, which though it would swell the revenue, it would not be for the interests of the country. In making these estimates they had before them the full reports of Mr. Brunel and Mr. Worthington, and other officers, who had calculated the average consumption of spirits for the last three years, adding a small fraction for the Lower Provinces, and had estimated the consumption of spirits for 1869-70 at $3,700,000.

Mr. McKENZIE—That is exclusive of imports.

Hon. Mr. ROSE—Of course; and is considerably less than the average. In 1868, he might mention, the consumption was $3,836,000. Then as regards malt, the consumption last year was twenty-seven millions of pounds, and next year the consumption was estimated at twenty-eight millions. The estimate for tobacco was only $515,000, which was within the mark. From petroleum the estimate last year was only $99,435; this year $120,000. These three items in all amounted to $3,300,000. From other sources such as post office, public works, &c., $2,655,000. He thought the House would agree with him that this estimate had not been exaggerated. They had made no allowance whatever for the increase in consumption of stimulants on account of public works being built. The revenue from all these sources was $14 565,000, against an expenditure of $14,319 000, leaving a small but he believed a certain balance on the right side, to the amount of $246 122. The amounts which he had given must be kept within the limits of the year's expenditure; and he believed that at the end of the year they would be able to show a small balance on the right side of the account. The House would perceive that there was an item in the estimates for the Intercolonial Railway Sinking Fund of $336,000. This sum he thought should be charged against ordinary revenue. He spoke in round numbers, not being sure whether it would be precisely the amount named. Mr. Rose was proceeding to explain other items, when the gas getting low, he said the gas had more consideration for him than he had himself (laughter) and he would now conclude by saying that he had already gone over the ground he had proposed to himself to show the financial state of the country for the past year, and to present a reasonable estimate of the income and expenses for the next. He resumed his seat amid loud and long continued cheering, having spoken about four hours.

In reply to Mr. DUFRESNE,

Hon. Mr. ROSE offered some explanations concerning the bonds.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON would not attempt to enter into a full discussion of the statement to which they had just listened. As had been remarked by the Hon. Minister of Finance, we had the accounts of three years to deal with, and the House was not in a position to discuss them intelligently. With respect to the first, they had not yet received the Public Accounts. With respect to the next, they knew positively nothing at all, and had but very meagre estimates laid before them. The hon. gentleman had been out of his reckoning to the extent of one million and a half of dollars in a revenue of some thirteen or fourteen millions. This was the broad fact staring them in the face. The next point seemed to stand out—the old floating debt stared us in the face. New loans—new devices, were required to meet this. The Hon. Minister of Finance said he did not intend to incur any new obligations. He did not propose to follow his hon. friend in extended remarks. It was hinted that no discussion should yet take place on the question of reciprocity. He had yielded to this hint at the urgent request of the other side of the House, and now that the subject had been introduced by the hon. Minister of Finance, he (Mr. H) could not help thinking that it had been done in a very injudicious manner. He was glad to hear that the gallant baronet in charge of the War Department was becoming alive to the beauties of peace. It was to be presumed that when the mobile force of the country was reduced, the fortifications behind which they might take shelter would also stand over, and the baronet would not find it necessary to expend any money for that purpose. If that hon. gentleman could reduce the vote by ½ of a million instead of ¼, he would entitle himself to the gratitude of the country.

Mr. ROSE said he was afraid he had been misunderstood when it was said there was a deficit of $4,500,000. This sum was represented by $2,500,000 in the hands of the Montreal Bank, and $2,000,000 in the hands

of Baring & Glynn, the latter having been paid in the month of April. As to the charge of miscalculation in the revenue, no minister could tell what speculations might or might not be indulged in. Such miscalculations had been made before now. In Great Britain it was very different. Trade was more certain. Here it was impossible to say with certainty how many goods would be imported in any given year. In Great Britain out of a total revenue of £70,000,000, the amount of Customs was only £20,000,000, and the other items—such as income tax and legacy duty—could almost be calculated to a nicety. He was content to rest under the reputation of the deficiency, which he trusted would not yet prove as serious as some had anticipated.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON remarked that the argument used by the hon. Minister of Finance did not tally very well with the statements made by the Minister of Militia, in a conversation held with Mr. Bright. But, he (Mr. H.) took the gross revenue of Great Britain at £70,000,000, ten per cent. of which was seven millions, and the same proportion would show the deficiency which occurred here to be a million and a half—a miscalculation which certainly did not reflect much credit on the hon. Minister of Finance.

Hon. Mr. ROSE replied.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the miscalculation of a million and a-half of dollars bore the same proportion to the revenue of Canada, that seven millions sterling would bear to the revenue of England.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER addressed the House, in French, in explanation of the statement of the hon. Minister of Finance.

Mr. McKENZIE reminded the House that last year he had warned the Finance Minister, that the importations would seriously fall off both in quality and value. He had then been assured by the hon. gentlemen opposite, that such would not be the case; but he (Mr. McKenzie) had made the assertion on information received from some of the principal commercial men of the country, and experience had now shown that his prediction was correct. He continued to criticise the figures of the Finance Minister, and argued that the financial policy of the country was to go on from year to year adding to the national debt, instead of attempting to reduce it. He then referred to the means for recouping the Intercolonial Railway loan.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said he could show by the figures how that could certainly be done. There was in the hands of the agents a sum of $2,800,000, an amount which surely he would admit was immediately available. Then there was the Great Western debt, the savings banks, and the Indian bonds he had formerly mentioned showing a total of $10,854,000 against $9,381,231, the amount of the railway loan.

After some remarks from Messrs. Holton and Rose, Mr. McKENZIE continued to argue that for various reasons which he specified, it was not safe to calculate on the increased prosperity of the people being such, at least for several years, as to enable them to bear any increased burthens of taxation. At another time he would take the opportunity of entering more fully into the discussion.

Mr. FERGUSSON was understood to correct some of the statements of the member for Lambton, as to the progress of the country and the increase in the value of personal property.

Mr. YOUNG complained of the difficulty of understanding the statement of revenue and expenditure, because of the mixing up of the items of ordinary and extraordinary income and of outlay. He then said that if the Hon. Minister of Finance had spent the whole of the appropriations of last year, he would have had a deficit of $673,000, instead of the surplus promised last year of about a million dollars. He continued to criticise several points in the Finance Minister's statement.

In reply to the Hon. Mr. ANGLIN, the Hon. Mr. TILLEY explained the measures that had been taken to ascertain the amount of the trade between the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, and those of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

After some remarks by Messrs. JOLY, DUNKIN, and others,

The House went into committee of Ways and Means, Mr. WALSH in the chair.

On the motion of the Hon. Mr. ROSE, the committee rose and reported progress, and asked leave to sit again on Tuesday next.

THE IRISH CHURCH ESTABLISHMENT.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he intended to take an early opportunity of asking the leader of the Government, and his colleagues, to consider the propriety of the House respectfully addressing her Majesty to express its extreme gratification at the measure introduced in the Imperial Parliament for the removal of one of the chief grievances of Ireland by the disestablishment of the church. Canada was deeply interested in this great reform; not merely from sentimental feeling, but because Irish grievances, though remotely, had not very indirectly menaced the peace of the country; and there was a large class of our population who felt a very deep interest in the issue of this question now before the Imperial Parliament. He, therefore, thought it would be becoming in the House to express an opinion in this matter, and he should take occasion to bring it formally up for consideration.

The House adjourned at half-past eleven.

LOCAL NEWS.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044 1j

POLICE COURT.—The adjourned case of Mrs. Lile, charged with appropriating a fifty dollar greenback, was sent to the Quarter Sessions for trial.

Catherine Whelan, drunk, was discharged.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.—On Sabbath evening next Divine Service will commence in St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland) at seven o'clock, and will be held at that hour during the summer months, instead of half-past six as hitherto.

FORMS OF COMBUSTION.—Dr. Grant repeated his lecture on the forms of combustion last evening before a large and intelligent audience, who testified their approbation by frequent bursts of applause. The Doctor deserves great credit, in the first place for having prepared this lecture, and in the second place for having delivered it for so excellent a charity as the Protestant Orphan's Home. We regret being unable to notice it at length, but the less so as we expressed our opinions of its merits on the occasion of its first delivery.

CONCERT OF SACRED MUSIC.—The grand concert of sacred music tendered by the choir to Professor Smith, organist of the cathedral, takes place in the cathedral this evening, Professor Smith presiding at the organ. The programme is published in full in another column, and musicians will recognize it as an admirable selection. The ladies and gentlemen whose names appear, are well known as amongst the best vocalists in this city, and the claims of Mr Smith upon the support of the community on this occasion are universally admitted, and we trust that those whom he has on all occasions served well, will attend the concert, and induce others to do so.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044.1

FOR Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

GENTLEMEN can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

PARTIES requiring new carpets, floor oil cloths, or other house furnishings, would do well to inspect Magee & Russell's extensive stock before purchasing, as they have recently received large additions of this season's patterns from the most celebrated makers in Britain. Carpets made and laid by competent upholsterers.

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, April 7.

The man Nichols, stabbed by Whiskey Mason, is recovering, and is expected to appear to-morrow to give evidence. Loud murmurs have prevailed here on account of Mason not being confined in jail.

Col. Anderson is expected to leave on the 12th instant with the first detachment of troops for home.

A meeting was held this afternoon in the interest of the narrow gauge railways. The object was to stir up the people to take stock, yet it is uncertain whether the desired result will follow.

The city is very quiet.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 7.—There have been several heavy robberies of arms, ammunition, &c., in the various parts of Ireland during the past few days. At Belfast large quantities of arms were stolen last evening, and five persons were arrested this morning on suspicion. Despatches from Cork mentions the perpetration of similar outrages. There seems to be no doubt that the culprits belongs, in every instance, to the Fenian organization. The police have been ordered to exercise unusual vigilance.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Personal.

The *Herald's* Key West special says Commodore Phillimore, of the Royal Navy, has arrived at Jamaica, to investigate Haytien and Cuban affairs.

Arrivals.

NEW YORK, May 7.—The steamships *Caledonia, City of Boston,* and *Pennsylvania,* from Europe, have arrived.

We would call the attention of those in need of spectacles and eye glasses to the stock of those articles kept on hand by Messrs. Young & Radford, who are the sole agents for Ottawa for the celebrated Lazarus & Morris' spectacles and eye glasses. All those who have tried them admit they are the most brilliant, perfect and easy glass to the eye yet introduced into Ottawa. The offers are liberal; if the purchaser is not satisfied the money can be returned after one or two weeks trial.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044.1

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

DIED.

At her father's residence, West Block Departmental Buildings, on the 7th inst., Elizabeth Ellen, wife of T. T. Carpenter, late Sergeant 100th regt., aged 19 years and eight months.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend the funeral at 3 p.m., Sunday.

KEYS FOUND.

On the night of the 5TH INSTANT, near the Skating Rink, a BUNCH OF KEYS. The owner by proving property and paying expenses of advertising can have them returned. Apply at TIMES office.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044.3

LOST,

On WEDNESDAY EVENING LAST, at the Ball, an EAR RING (Cameo, set in Jet). The finder will please leave it at the Post Office of the Senate.

Ottawa, May 8, 1869. 1044.2

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season.

Just received.

JAS. BUCHANAN'S,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

APPRENTICES WANTED.

Two Apprentices, about 14 or 15 years of age, wanted to learn the Confectionery business.

Apply to

MRS. PRODERICK,
Sussex-st.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

DUE BILL LOST.—Lost, on FRIDAY MORNING, the 7th INST., somewhere in Centre Town, a DUE BILL, signed BOOTH & COPPS, to JAS. GIBSON, for the amount of $121.15. The bill was dated the 18th April, 1869. All parties are hereby cautioned against negotiating for the same, as payment has been stopped. Any one returning the bill to the TIMES office will be suitably rewarded.

JAMES GIBSON.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044.3

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.,

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

QUEBEC REFERENCES.

Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.

James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.

Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.

Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.

Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, in a sealed envelope, marked Tenders for Printing, Paper, or Binding (as the case may be), will be received until THURSDAY, 27th INST., after which day no tender will be received, for the Printing, furnishing the Printing Paper, and the Binding required for the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada.

No tender will be received except on the blank form, which can be had on application to the undersigned, and from whom all information can be obtained.

The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.

By order,

HENRY HARTNEY,
Clerk Joint Committee of both Houses on Printing.

Department of
Printing of Parliament,
Ottawa, May, 1869. 1041a

HOUSEKEEPERS,

BUY YOUR

STOVES AND KITCHEN

FURNISHINGS,

AT

ESMONDE'S,

the cheapest place in the city. All sorts of tinwork manufactured to order.

Amusements.

GRAND CONCERT

IN THE CATHEDRAL,

Given by the CHOIR for the benefit of

PROFESSOR GUSTAVE SMITH,

Organist of the Cathedral,

On Saturday Evening, May 8, 1869,

At EIGHT o'clock.

PROGRAMME.

PART FIRST:

Military Band.....Overture.....Mercadente
Gloria in Excelsis...[Mass of St. John the Baptist] Chorus and Solo.....G. Smith
Mme. Gelinas, Messrs Marier & O'Brien.
Fac ut Portem...[Stabat Mater] Solo.....Rossini
Miss J. Aumond.
Agnus Dei...[Mass of St. John the Baptist] Chorus and Solo.....G. Smith
Mr. Arthur Marier.
Pie Jesu.....Solo.....Beethoven
Mr. E. Kimber.
Sanctus et Benedictus [Mass Pascale] Chorus and Solo.....G. Smith
Mrs. O'Connor.
Pro Peccatis...[Stabat Mater] Solo.....Rossini
Mr. Gauthier.
Military Band...Mose in Egypto.....Rossini

Improvisation on the Organ by Mr. G. Smith.

PART SECOND:

Military Band...Nabuchodonosor.....Verdi
Quis est Homo...[Stabat Mater] Duo.....Rossini
Mrs. O'Connor and Miss J. Aumond.
Priere de Moise...Chorus and Solo.....Rossini
Mrs. Bourget, Mr. Arthur Marier and Mr. E. Kimber.
With Verdure Clad [The Creation] Solo...Haydn
Mrs. Gelinas.
Agnus Dei.....[Mass Pascale] Chorus.....G. Smith
Ave Maris Stella.....Trio.....Donizetti
Mrs. O'Connor, Miss Aumond and Mr. T. Aumond.
Inflammatus [Stabat Mater] Chorus and Solo.....Rossini
Mrs. Gelinas.
Military Band.....Prophet.....Meyerbeer

Doors open at 7½ o'clock, to commence at 8 precisely. 1044-1

A LECTURE

In aid of the funds of the Conference of Our Lady of St. Vincent de Paul Society, and St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, will be delivered in the CATHEDRAL by the most

REV. DR. CONNOLLY,
Archbishop of Halifax,

ON SUNDAY EVENING, 9TH INSTANT,

Commencing at 7 o'clock.

Admission 25 cents.

J. PLUNKETT,
M. BATTLE,
Secretaries.

Ottawa, May 7, 1869. 1043.2

BAZAAR,

under the distinguished patronage

OF HER EXCELLENCY LADY YOUNG.

The Ladies of ST. ANDREW'S CONGREGATION, (Church of Scotland), intend holding a BAZAAR in aid of the funds of that Church, in GOWAN'S HALL, entrance by Wellington-st., on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 13th and 14th instant.

Patroness—Her Excellency Lady Young.

Vice Patroness—Lady Macdonald.

☞ Contributions are solicited, and will be received by the following ladies who have kindly consented to act as a committee:

Mrs. McKay,	Mrs. Bronson,
Mrs. Stewart,	Mrs. A. J. Russell,
Mrs. Grant,	Mrs. John McLean,
Mrs. Cassels,	Mrs. Drummond,
Mrs. Jas Gordon,	Mrs. T. Patterson,
Mrs. McNutt,	Mrs. Taylor,
Mrs. Ross,	Mrs. M. Patterson.

Contributions to the Refreshment Table are requested to be sent to the Hall as early as possible on Thursday morning.

Admittance 12½ cents.

J. S. RUSSELL,
President of Committee.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043d

FARM FOR SALE.—For sale, a farm containing one hundred acres of land, being the north half of Lot No 31, in the fourth Concession of North Gower. The land is of the very best quality; there is on the place two dwelling houses, one log barn, stable and other outbuildings. This farm is situated within two and a half miles of North Gower Village. Terms easy. For further particulars apply to WILLIAM TODD on the premises. 1044-1-461

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

BIRDS! BIRDS!

SINGING BIRDS FOR SALE.

About one hundred of the best

Canaries,
Singers, German Imported,
Linnets,
Thrushes,
Mocking Birds,
Parrots,
Virginia Nightingales,

and different Fancy Birds, are now on view and for sale by private contract for a few days, at

MR. ROWE'S NEW AUCTION ROOMS,

East End Sappers' Bridge.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 7, 1869. 1043-2

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian

TWEEDS,

may now be seen at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.

Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.

A. GRAHAM & CO,
Commercial Warehouse,
No. 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

THE gentleman who took a Reversible Rubber and Alpacca Coat from the Coat Room at the Ball on Wednesday night, will oblige the owner by leaving it with Mr. RICE at the Russell House. 1043.3

THREE GENTLEMEN

Can be accommodated with furnished bedrooms on Wellington-st.

Apply to M. KAVANAGH at the "Queen," or the House of Commons. 1043a

HORSE and BUGGY

FOR SALE.

An excellent HORSE and BUGGY, nearly new, for cash or approved note at 3 months. For particulars enquire of

MR. HECTOR McLEAN,
Sparks-st.

1042.3

DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank-st., third door from Sparks-st., where she will be happy to attend to their orders. 1041b

DOOR KEEPER WANTED.

Applications for the office of door keeper for Bank-st. Church will be received until four o'clock on Monday, the 10th instant.

Address to Mr. WM. TAYLOR, Richmond Road, Chairman of Committee.

Ottawa, May 6, 1869. 1042-4

COATS, PANTS and VESTS

May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

Auction Sales.

By John Leeming & Co., Montreal.

IMPORTANT TRADE SALE

OF

TEAS,

&c., &c., &c., &c.

4,300 half chests new crop natural leaf JAPAN TEAS,
800 half chests Young Hyson, Twankay, Congou, and Souchong, and
500 bags Arracan Rice,
300 brls Zante Currants,
100 hhds, 50 qr. casks, 200 cases } Bell and Dunlop's Gin, ex "Elisa A. Kenny," from Rotterdam.
100 hhds, 250 cases } DeKuyper's Gin.
20 hhds, 250 cases } "Hennessy" Pale Brandy.
20 hhds, 15 qr. casks } "Martell's" Pale Brandy Vintages 1866, 1865, 1864.
25 puncheons Fine old Jamaica Rum, and other goods to arrive,

Will be offered on

MONDAY, 10TH MAY, 1869,

AT TEN A.M.,

At the Stores of HUGH FRASER, St. Sacrament-st., Montreal.

Samples on view the Saturday previous to sale.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 1. 1038d

T. LAWRENCE

Having opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.

From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

FOR NEWCASTLE,

Chatham and Shediac, N. B., Pictou and Halifax, N. S.

THE STEAMER

"*HER MAJESTY,*"

CAPT. KENNEDY,

WILL SAIL FROM MONTREAL,

ON SATURDAY NEXT,

AT THREE P. M.,

for the above ports.

The accommodations for passengers on board cannot be surpassed, and the speed of the boat is now 12 miles an hour.

For particulars apply to

D. E. MEECHAN & CO.,
Montreal.

May 7, 1869. 1043-2

THE OTTAWA

RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMERS

HAVE

COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS

BETWEEN

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.

May 7, 1869. 1043tf

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT

REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS,

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD,
23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

1043.20d

GENTLEMEN

Leaving their orders at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,

Can get well suited in Garments.

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays to Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
124 Rideau-st.

1043d

JONES & HOLLAND

Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously

Without the Use of a Press or Water.

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Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.

Call and see for yourselves.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE—Place the writing under the copying sheet, and rub with the fingers. That's all.

May 5, 1869.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST

STOCK OF CARPETINGS

AND

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS

IN OTTAWA,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE

STOCK OF MILLINERY

IN OTTAWA,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE

STOCK OF MANTLES,

AT MODERATE PRICES,

IN EVERY STYLE,

At

GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Silk Velvets,

Velveteens and

Water-proof Cloakings

IN OTTAWA,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY

DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Satin and Lace,

Plain and Fancy Silk,

Dress Trimmings,

Buttons, Linings, &c.,

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Ribbons, Lace,

Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,

And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Broadcloths, Tweeds,

Coatings, Vestings, and

Tailors' Trimmings

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Sheetings,

Pillow Cottons,

Linens, Prints,

White and Grey Cottons

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF NEW GOODS

In all the Departments, is to be found at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

☞ *INSPECTION INVITED.* ☜

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

MUSLINS and GRENADINES.

—

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have received direct from a celebrated Printer,

2 CASES PRINTED LAWN and ORGANDIE MUSLINS.

ALSO,

LATEST DESIGNS IN

SWISS and FRENCH GRENADINES,

27, 54 and 72 inch BLACK WOOL GRENADINES,

BLACK SILK GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

April 26, 1869.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,

THE BEST ASSORTED,

THE BEST ASSORTED,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,

THE BEST VALUE,

THE BEST VALUE,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,

THE NEWEST STYLES,

THE NEWEST STYLES,

At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,	
BRUSSELLS	do.
TAPESTRY	do.
IMPERIAL	do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL	do.
Do. UNION	do.
DUTCH	do.
VENETIAN	do.
MANILLA	do.
HEMP	do.

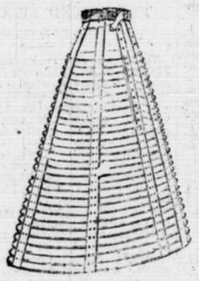
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 SPARKS-ST.,

OTTAWA.



G. LEVIN,

(*Successor to David Millar.*)

Manufacturer of Hoop Skirts, and Importer of French and English Corsets.

NEW MATERIALS,
NEW STYLES,
LOW PRICES.

1035b

N. ROBERTSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

Mr. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

—

Having been appointed by the combin their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Boarding.

NOTICE.

MRS. SUTTON'S BOARDING HOUSE is removed to the dwelling over Mr. Hay's Hardware Store, Sparks-st., opposite Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. 1024d

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,
Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

LEAVES

AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"

"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"

FOR

DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

1042tf

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA FOR ROOFS, DAMP CELLARS, &c.

CHEAP! CLEAN! FIRE-PROOF!

UNDECAYING!

Suitable for all Styles, Flat or Upright.

FULL SUPPLY OF FELT AND MATERIALS

FOR SALE BY

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Box 643 Montreal.

☞ Send for circular with full description.

April 30, 1869. 1037b

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

☞ FOR CASH ONLY. ☜

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Bottoms securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

FOR SALE.

A FIRST-CLASS

☞ "CHICKERING" PIANO, ☜

Nearly New, and in Perfect Order.

Price—$400 gold.

Apply to

MAJOR ALEXANDER,
Rifle Brigade.

Ottawa, May 5. 1041tf

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING,

BOOKBINDING,

&c., &c., &c.

To be had at

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

PRINTING,

AND

STATIONERY STORE,

21 *Rideau-st.,*

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, large size
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to match
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultra rine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and Letter Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes; all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—

Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—

Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES

Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.

Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal as Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—

Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—

Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—

Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,

Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, ¾ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'

Office Requisites supplied on reasonable terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES

Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

General Geography, with 39 coloured map price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,

Authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES

The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,

At "The Ottawa Citizen"

Stationery and Printing House,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE

21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 8, 1869.

The market yesterday presented a larger number of vehicles than are usually seen there, but after all there was very little produce. Potatoes were more plentiful than any other commodity, and remained at the old prices. Eggs were in moderate supply at 13 cents to 15 cents. Small quantities of oats at former rates. Butter in small supply. Print, 25 cents and firkin, 22 cents. Of hay there were but three loads which readily commanded $30. Wood none.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2		none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.		none.	
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs		none.	
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer stock of Feet Wear which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

—Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*

We would call the especial attention of the LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for .... $1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

BATHS and WATER COOLERS in the course of manufacture, at ESMONDE'S.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to

JOHN COOK,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX,
Plantagenet Mills,
1043tf Ontario.

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to

ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,

AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to

R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to

S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET—FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to

S. SKINNER,
1028d Senate Buildings.

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly st., 3 doors east of St Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorise the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowance between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 863tf

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.

FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.

GRASS and CLOVER SEED.

WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th INSTANT, for the purchase of the NEW STEAM SAW MILL near the mouth of the River Blanche, in East Templeton, Province of Quebec, with land and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Mill in good running order, with first-class SHINGLE MILL in addition. Size of Mill 80 x 40, with Engine House 26 x 40. Engine 80 horse power.

If not sooner disposed of it will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of Walker & Pennock, in the city of Ottawa, on the 15th INSTANT, at NOON.

Terms easy.

For fuller particulars and conditions of sale apply to

W. H. WALKER,
Solicitor for Vendor.

Ottawa, May 1, 1869. 1039b

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying postpaid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

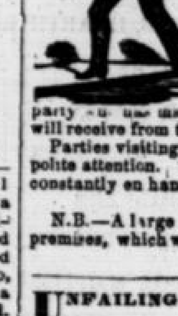
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

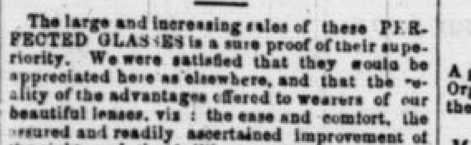
Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

TO LUMBERERS.

QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are,
Your obdt. servants,
1000-3m M. STEVENSON & CO.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c. &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR. JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine No.	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Department of Marine and Fisheries, until noon of MONDAY, the 10th day of MAY next, for the supply, *in bond*, of 32,000 gallons of the best quality of COAL or REFINED PETROLEUM OIL.

The Oil is required to be non-explosive, at a vapour test of 115 ° Fahrenheit, must burn brilliantly, without smoking, until entirely consumed, and no crust the wick, must be free from all deleterious substances, and remain fluid at 10 ° Fahrenheit.

A sample of a quart to accompany each tender.

The Oil to be delivered in iron-bound casks, containing from 30 to 40 gallons each, properly prepared to prevent the oil from permeating the wood, and evaporating from the surface.

The casks to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the Oil.

The Oil to be subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk in the locality designated by the Department as follows:

5,000 gallons at Quebec—one-half on the 8th JUNE, and one-half on the 20th SEPTEMBER next.

10,000 gallons	at Montreal,	on the 1st July next.		
14,000 do	at Halifax, N.S.,	do	do	do
3,000 do	at Saint John, N.B.,	do	do	do

Tenders will be accepted for the whole quantity, or for any of the lots above mentioned.

Parties tendering must give their names and addresses in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfillment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of
Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 14th April, 1869. 1024.4.2aw

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

TIN SPICE BOXES,

A novelty,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at ESMONDE'S.

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank-st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN.

Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz, the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodation of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, 15TH MAY NEXT,

for the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8, in the 1st Con., on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF and DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville.

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONECUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipe and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House or Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES and OUT BUILDINGS for the Lieutenant-Governor's Residence. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan-street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL, to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed specifications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works for Ontario,
Toronto, April 24, 1869. 1035td

PANCREATINE FOR INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

COOKING STOVES of the best quality and make at ESMONDE'S.

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a.m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p.m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.	1.00 a.m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a.m.
Express, 2.10 p.m.	4.45 p.m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.	9.00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been arranged to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
Superintendent.

THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, April 12, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 18,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 22,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

4:00 P. M.—TRAIN will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p.m. 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at ... and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAIN will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and ... p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.10 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAIN will leave Perth at 5:15 pm and 9.30 am ... at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 10.20 am

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS

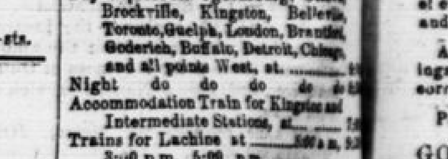
10:05 A.M.—TRAIN will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 am and ... 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 am and ... p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ...

Night do do do do ...

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ...

Trains for Lachine at ... 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ...

Express for Boston at ...

Express for New York and Boston at ... via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ...

Express for Island Pond, at ...

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ...

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night) for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, ... for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Tuesday, the Eleventh day of May, 1869.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1869.

By order,

W. H. FALLS,
1021td Sec.-Treas.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, have been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, have been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. H. ...

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Office—17 Sparks-st.

912-3m

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office, 26, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. James Cotton, Managing Director. Alex. Robertson, Editor.

VOL. IV.

Marriage L...

A GAR YEILDING, Agent for MARRIAGE LIC... of Ottawa, by commission fro... the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hot... Ottawa, April 9, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENT...

AT

THE MEDICA...

28 Sparks-st., ...

Toilet Boxes in variety, Rimmel's New Perfum... Cambridge Bouq... Oxford Bou... Englis...

Silver Top Smelling Bottles, Scotch Plaid Smelling B... Improved Perfum... &...

A complete stock just received ... Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Che... Druggists' Sundries ... W. M. M... Family and Di...

Prize Medal, 1862.

FOR CONSU...

treated with S... PANCREAT...

See *The Lan... Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

CASE 154.—Says emulsion ... well; makes him feel quite ... week, extraordinary improvem... says he has lost cough, eats w... *The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine PAN... SION sold only in bottles, 2s 6... Savory & Moore's labels and ...

THE BEST FOOD ... resembling Mother's Mil... ble.—Dr. H. Barker *on right fo...* "THE INFANT PRINCE ... Prince should."—*Social Scienc...* "A REAL IMPROVEMEN... ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S F... one that keeps good in all cli... No boiling or straining. Tin... SAVORY & ... 143, New ...

Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill ...

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, U...

AND

UNDERTA...

FURNITU...

of every description, made to ... and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishi... ings for any kind of wood wo... correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY ...

FUNERAL...

furnished at the shortest not... country.

METALLIC AND OTH... always on hand.

EXPRESS WAG...

for the removal of household fu... waggons for lumber and other ...

N.B.—Residence at the west ... st., opposite the market.

WATCH...

J. SEWILL, LIVERP...

Manufacturer by special ... HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN ...

AND

COURT OF SP... THE RIGHT HONORABLE ... MISSIONERS OF THE A...

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VI... NAVY;

Prize Medalist of the Great In... tion of London, 1862, a... versal Exhibition of ...

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LES...

Agent for Ott... For the sale of those *celebrated* ... H. & A. SAUN...

Sole Wholesale Agents in th... sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 29.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, tha... presentatives in the Council ... Physicians and Surgeons of O... Territorial Divisions constitut... 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ont...* TUESDAY, the 8th day of JU... There will be no nominatio... The votes will be cast b... which will be sent from this ... tered practitioner on the 29th ... These voting papers must ... to instructions which will ac... transmitted to the Returning ... in which the voter resides an... The voting papers will be ... turning Officers of the several ... at two o'clock, p.m., on the ... the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Divis...
Malahide and Tecumseth ...
Saugeen and Brock
Gore and Thames
Erie and Niagara
Burlington and Home
Midland and York
King's and Queen's
Newcastle and Trent
Quinte and Cataraqui
Bathurst and Rideau
St. Lawrence and Eastern

The names of the Returnin... nished on a printed envelope ... registered practitioner.

H. S...

Medical Registration Office, ... Hamilton, April 15th, 1...

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING A... *LEADE...*

Is sold by J. R. BATTL... HOUSE, daily, at ONE cen...

Ottawa, April 26.

BEAUTIFUL PATT... DOW SHA... Very cheap. AT THE V...

ANY PERSON HA... a good second-hand S... find a purchaser by applyi... TO THE V...

THE BEST ASSOR... CHINA in the Domin... AT THE V...

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV: NO. 1045. OTTAWA, MONDAY, MAY 10, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,
Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.
OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
23 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Rivet Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MARSHY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR CONSUMPTION
treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S
PANCREATIC EMULSION.
See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*
Case 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—*The Lancet Report.*
Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*
"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*
"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.
No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER.
FURNITURE
of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.
Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.
Particular attention paid to
GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.
FUNERALS
furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.
METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS
always on hand.
EXPRESS WAGGONS
for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.
N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market

WATCHES.
J. EWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
Prize Medallist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
WE HEREBY APPOINT
Mr. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Ewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 29. 748y

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the Colleges of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vict. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.
There will be no nominations.
The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.
These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.
The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division	.....	Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Grey and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Barbarez and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.
H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.
Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

THE LEADER.
THE MORNING AND EVENING
LEADER,
Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.
Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,
Very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying
TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

WATER! WATER! WATER!

SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

Having purchased part of the cargo of the vessel *City of Limerick*, lately wrecked, we will offer the whole for sale, commencing

MONDAY, 5TH APRIL,

and continuing the following days until all the goods are disposed of. This is an opportunity to secure bargains which may not offer again for years. The greater part of the goods have received scarcely any damage, so that parties who call early will have the best chance of getting bargains, as we will make no reserve, but throw each line of goods by itself, and let the first who comes first have the best pick. The following are some of the damaged goods, viz.:

10 CASES ASSORTED BLEACHED COTTONS,
1 do SHEETINGS,
1 do QUILTS,
2 do TOWELS,
1 do PRINTS,
1 do ASSORTED LINEN GOODS,
2 do ASSORTED DRESS GOODS,
1 do SILKS,
3 do MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SKIRTS,
2 do DRESS MUSLINS,
10 do ASSORTED GOODS.

We give a list of prices that some of the goods will be sold for to give parties an idea of the bargains they will be able to get. A nice lot of DRESS GOODS for 6d 7½d to 9d per yard.

Ladies' Mantles only	£0	5	0
Splendid Prints, worth 9d, only	0	0	6
Towels, "all Linen," only	0	0	4
Dress Muslins, per yard, only	0	0	6
Mantle Cloths, only			9
Pocket Handkerchiefs, each, only			1½
Gloves, per pair, only			6
Table Damasks, per yard, only	0	2	6
Stylish Cloths, per yard, only	0	1	
Parasols, each, only	0	1	
Gents' Neckties, "latest styles," each, only		0	

LOOK! LOOK!

50 laces Dress Lining only 1d per yd.
ATTENTION!—Two cases more of those spools for 1d., worth 3d.
Don't delay in calling early as the first pick will be the best.
We have also received a splendid assortment of all the latest styles in SPRING GOODS in perfect order, which we will sell lower than any house in this city.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

10 cases in all the new styles, just arrived, which will be sold very low. For particulars in price see our Clothing Bills.
The place to secure these immense bargains is at the old cheap spot, THE OCCIDENTAL, in Stewart's Brick Block, Corner Rideau and Sussex-sts.
Sign of the White Flag.
H. HICK & CO.

A. SWALWELL,
CHIEF UNDERTAKER,
SPARKS-ST.
COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,
FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.
Sole agent for
FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.
RESIDENCE—York-st, first Brick House below the market.

PRIVATE BILLS.
Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette*,) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.
All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.
CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO

NOTICE.
The undersigned begs to state that he has
OPENED AN OFFICE
OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,
SPARKS-STREET,
Where all orders for the
CANADA GAZETTE,
AND FOR
PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,
may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.
Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION
BOTH
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
AT
W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.
To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa Sept. 7, 1868. 832y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT,.....DESBARAT'S BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer,
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 10½.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 34 the UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

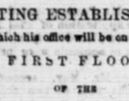
FELIX CARBRAY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
FORWARDER,
GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,
No. 3, St. Peter-st.,
QUEBEC.
Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c. &c.
QUEBEC REFERENCES.
Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.
James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.
Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.
Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.
Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044tf

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,
PLAIN AND DECORATIVE
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Respectfully informs the public that he will in a FEW DAYS
OPEN A FIRST-CLASS
PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Pending which his office will be on the
FIRST FLOOR
OF THE
MASONIC HALL BLOCK,
ELGIN-STREET,
Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and
RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK
In all the various branches of his business.
Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.
Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of
F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of
PADUA, ITALY.
Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,
PRICE 75 Crs. PER BOTTLE.
A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.
N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.
For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.
None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.
10222tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS,
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.
W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.



TENDERS
Addressed to the undersigned, in a sealed envelope, marked Tenders for Printing, Paper, or Binding (as the case may be), will be received until THURSDAY, 27th INST., after which day no tender will be received, for the Printing, furnishing the Printing Paper, and the Binding required for the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada.
No tender will be received except on the blank form, which can be had on application to the undersigned, and from whom all information can be obtained.
The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.
By order,
HENRY HARTNEY,
Clerk Joint Committee of both Houses on Printing.
Department of
Printing of Parliament,
Ottawa, May, 1869. 1041a

CONCENTRATED LYE.
CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.
The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 782y

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
—FROM—
OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC
AND LONDON,
Consisting of
PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN
AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.
PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES
&c., &c., &c.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.
—LIKEWISE,—
A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.
TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.
PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.
ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.
50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 2 lb. tins.
200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.
SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.
PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1·50 to $4.50.
ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS according to age and quality.
100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.
LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.
10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.
TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.
COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.
TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.
A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.
For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 36, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,
And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS,	in Tins,	
PRESERVED OYSTERS	do	
FRESH HALIBUT	do	
FRESH SALMON	do	
FRESH MACKEREL	d	
FRESH LOBSTERS	o	
GREEN PEAS	do	

LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.
The subscriber would called the attention of families and others to his
FINE BOTTLED ALE
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
To other with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A call diligently solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.
RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER TO HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to F. BRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

Stoves & Hardware.

BURGLARS ALARM!
BURGLARS ALARM!
A very safe and efficient BURGLARS ALARM, easily attached to any part of the house at $1.25, at
H. MEADOWS & CO.

ALL THE BEST
PATTERNS AND DESIGNS
OF
COOK STOVES,
every size; the housekeepers special favourites for baking, at
H. MEADOWS & CO.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT
OF
JELLY MOULDS, ICE CREAM MOULDS,
Jellied Turkey Moulds,
Dish Covers, Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, at
H. MEADOWS & CO.

JOB WORK,
of all kinds, in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware line attended to.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st.,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

HARDWARE!
AT
THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.
ALSO,
STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,
&c., &c.,
AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.
A call is respectfully solicited.
Remember the place,
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.
P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.
A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.
Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!
STOVES!
Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.
Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated
HOT AIR FURNACES.
Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Publications.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,
HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.
D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.
City papers may be had at 6 a. m.
Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.
A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical sketches.
Gardening for Profit.
Breck's New Book of Flowers.
Buist's Flower Garden Directory.
The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.
J. DURIE & SON,
Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

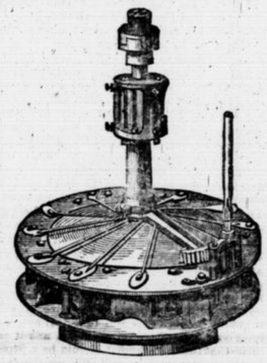
Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.
MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
Two or three Apprentices wanted.
April 6. 1015tf

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,
For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 3½6, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.
Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

JOSEPH HALL
MACHINE WORKS,
ESTABLISHED 1851,
JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.
PROPRIETORS
OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*
We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:
SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.
We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.
Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.
Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.
We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.
We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers; English and American Gangs; Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Muley Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c. Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.**
Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—
F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

THE
ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of this Company, will be held at No. 3 Moorgate street, in the city of London, England, on
Monday, the Tenth day of May next,
at the hour of Twelve o'clock, at Noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.
THOS. REYNOLDS,
Vice-President and Managing Director.
Ottawa, April 2, 1869. 1031-2aw4

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.
The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
6 *Hospital-st., Montreal.*
Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by money order, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.
BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 56c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do. 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.
GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do. 75. Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fin. Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.
MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.
G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.
An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddy sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company
Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

CAUTION.—I hereby caution all parties or persons that a note signed by me for $95, and payable on the 1st NOVEMBER next, to WM. BRADLEY, has been signed in error, and no value received. And I hereby caution all parties from purchasing said note as I will not be responsible for the same.
JOHN NELSON,
1029.1.18.3 Nepean.

ALL sorts of TIN, IRON and COPPER WORK, also jobbing attended to, at
ESMONDE'S.

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.
O'MEARA & CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844,
Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that
DEFY COMPETITION.
A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city
$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00
TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2	GREY ETOFFE PANTS.
$4.50	GOOD PEA JACKETS.
$4	OVERCOATS.
$9	COMPLETE SUITS
$1	GOOD VESTS.
75 CTS. $1 and $1.25	UNDERSHIRTS.
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25	DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

OPENED OUT
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,
A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,
A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,
A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,
A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,
A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS
IN NEW MATERIALS,
A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,
A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,
TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
14 Rideau st.
Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES
are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.
Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.
THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.
Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.
Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.
N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.
G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

SAVAGE'S URSINA.
PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR,
has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.
It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.
Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.
EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1028eod 3m

THE celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS and POLAR REFRIGERATORS, at
ESMONDE'S.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CHAMBER SETS, cheap at
ESMONDE'S.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

DUST, HEARTH, STOVE, SCRUB, CHIMNEY and Crumb Brushes at
ESMONDE'S.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mrs S.A. ALLEN
BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.
New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.
It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.
Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 25 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.
March 26. 1008-14y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.
They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the case of other Worms.
Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.
N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 5TBy

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Fine Old Coffee—A. O. Audy & Co.
Citizens' Promenade Concert.
Stoves and Kitchen Furnishings—Esmonde's.
Authorized Discount—R. S. M. Bouchette.
Lessons in Wax Flowers, &c.—Mrs. Linton.
The Thorough Bred Horse "Rocket"—Mr. Harris.
Two Bed-rooms Wanted.
Lecture on Macaulay—Rev. W. M. Punshon.
Auction Sale of City Property—A. Rowe.

JOB WORK, including PAMPHLETS, POSTERS DODGERS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS, CARDS, &c., printed at THE TIMES office, at low rates, and with neatness and despatch.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, MAY 10, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

OUR attention has been called to the statement which recently appeared in the *Globe*, to the effect that Capt. SPROAT, the member for North Bruce, had resigned, or was about to resign, his seat. It is hardly necessary to say that the statement is a fabrication. Capt. SPROAT has no intention of resigning a seat which he won so gallantly against terrible odds—for of all constituencies in the West, North Bruce might well have been supposed to be the last which would have returned an independent Conservative representative.

It is true, however, that private affairs required some attention from Mr. SPROAT, and therefore he had occasion to absent himself from the capital for a few days, when the business of the session was in its preliminary stages. But surely his constituents are not so unreasonable as to blame him for this, seeing that he is already back again in his place, and seeing also that the member for West Durham—a model representative in the eyes of the *Globe*—has never once deigned to show the light of his benign countenance in the legislative halls during the whole session.

It would be a mistake to suppose that we consider ourselves under any obligation to correct all the misrepresentations which appear in the *Globe*; but the case of North Bruce is a peculiar one—it is, as the *Globe* would say, a "redeemed" constituency, and, therefore, we take some trouble to record the fact that the gentleman who achieved so great a victory is about the last man in the world who would shirk his responsibility, even if the discharge of the duties it imposes is attended with much personal inconvenience. There is no danger but that Capt. SPROAT will faithfully attend to his parliamentary duties during the full term for which he has been elected.

IT was some gratification, the other day, to find that the MINISTER OF JUSTICE of the Dominion of Canada deliberately, in his place in Parliament, expressed the opinion that the evidence against the Rev. Mr. LUSDEN was such as ought to have secured his conviction as one of the Fenian invaders. We remember to have spoken very warmly on the case of Mr. LUSDEN, and we did so, because of our honest conviction that his acquittal was a lamentable failure of justice. Nothing but the anomaly of a Scotchman being in a Fenian scrape can reasonably be imagined as leading to his acquittal, for the evidence against him was of the most conclusive kind, that he, of all others, should have had the dread sentence of the law passed upon him. We only refer to his case now because at this late day we find our own judgment of it so emphatically confirmed by the first law officer of the Dominion.

It should not be forgotten, however, that the failure of a jury to convict, in one case, is no excuse for claiming undue clemency in another; and while we have always strenuously maintained that the Rev. Mr. LUSDEN was most unjustly acquitted, we have never once said, or thought, that the sentence passed upon the Rev. Mr. McMAHON was not, in itself, a righteous one, and well deserved, according to the evidence. It may be, and we think it is, true, according to the evidence, that Mr. LUSDEN was more actively guilty than Mr. McMAHON; but no intelligent man who read the evidence in both cases could fail to come to the conclusion that the verdict of "guilty" was the only one that ought to have been rendered in the case of either. We have good reason to believe that there were certain facts which, if they had been brought out at the proper time, might have secured the acquittal of the Rev. Mr. McMAHON; but since these were not presented at the proper time and place, the only thing that can be done now by his friends is to use them in those quarters where they may have some influence with the Executive. We have said before that there ought to be no difficulty in making a special case of that of the Rev. Mr. McMAHON; since the Protestant Parson was found innocent in the face of convicting evidence, the Catholic Priest might be safely let loose, though deservedly found guilty.

WE have been not a little surprised to read in the Hamilton *Evening Times* an elaborate vindication of the Quebec jury, who found a verdict of "not guilty" in the case of the lad CHALONER, who shot Ensign WHITAKER, for the presumed crime of having seduced his sister. The Hamilton newspaper does, in some measure, take the ground which we did on a former occasion, when alluding to this melancholy case, as to the inefficiency of the law. But we had no idea of pushing our argument to such a length as does our western *confrere*. It ought not to be disputed that young CHALONER was a murderer; nor ought any jury to have hesitated to have so pronounced him, on their conscience. Whatever may have been WHITAKER'S crime, and no doubt it was a grievous one, it is utterly unreasonable to contend that in a civilised community, it could have justified his shooting down, like a dog, in the midst of a public assembly. Yet this is what the lad CHALONER did; and a jury of twelve men have been found in Quebec who declare upon their oaths that by so doing he was "not guilty."

We do not envy such men their consciences; nor do we admire the judgment by which their verdict will be approved. There is one great moral truth that should never be lost sight of: namely, that no amount of guilt on the part of one individual can ever justify the slightest wrong-doing on the part of another. No command can be more positive than that which says "thou shalt not kill;" yet the lad CHALONER did "kill" and a jury of twelve men said "not guilty." This, surely, is not a wholesome state of affairs.

The Hamilton *Times*, whose remarks have led us into these reflections, says the blood of WHITAKER is not upon CHALONER, but upon our law makers, who have failed to provide an adequate remedy for seduction. Now this is the very point we raised on the occurrence of the tragedy. It may be remembered that in remarking upon what the Montreal *Gazette* had said concerning the case, we ventured to dissent from the proposition advanced by our contemporary, viz.: that the law furnished a remedy for the particular crime with which WHITAKER was charged. We doubted that assertion then, and we doubt it still. The law, we think, is extremely defective, or rather, we might say, there is no law at all bearing on the crime of seduction. And hence, we argue, follows that very censurable temper of the public judgment which justifies such rash and criminal acts as that which the Hamilton *Times* applauds the Quebec jury for having acquitted CHALONER. But to argue that the law is insufficient is not by any means to admit that private individuals may take the right of punishment into their own hands; yet virtually this is what the Hamilton paper has done, and we are glad to notice that its sentiments find no echo among its contemporaries. We quite agree with the general opinion of the press that the law ought to be amended, so as to attach a severe personal punishment to the crime of seduction, but we cannot admit, that because the law does not conform to the popular judgment in this particular, therefore the popular judgment ought to hold as innocent any man who takes vengeance into his own hands and inflicts a punishment entirely disproportioned to the crime. The many verdicts of acquittal which have followed such trials as those of CHALONER ought surely to suggest the propriety of supplementing our criminal laws by a special enactment regarding seduction. But unfortunately opinion is divided among the best judges, and there is an acknowledged difficulty in the way of obtaining, or at least of defining, the evidence which ought to be held to justify a criminal conviction. There can, however, be no doubt that the judgment which declares unqualified approval of the acquittal of CHALONER is entirely wrong; and we do not, therefore, hesitate to condemn the sentiments of the Hamilton *Times* upon this point, while we are willing to agree with it that the failure of the law to fulfil the desires of the popular judgment, is, in itself, an evidence that our law makers ought to devise a remedy, whereby the criminal code and the popular judgment could be brought into harmony. At the present time, it must be confessed that the verdict of a great part, if not the majority, of the public, is that CHALONER only served WHITAKER right; and so long as the law has no corresponding remedy, or a remedy to substitute, for the punishment which CHALONER inflicted, every person must admit that between the law and the public judgment there is a wide divergence, whether they may believe that the law, or the popular judgment, is right.

PUBLIC INCOME AND EXPENDITURE OF ENGLAND.

Yesterday morning an account was published of the gross income and expenditure of the country during the year ended on the 31st of March last, together with the balances in the Exchequer at the commencement and at the termination of the year, and the amount of funded and unfunded debt created or redeemed during the year. The total income was £72,591,991 12s. 8d., and there was an excess of expenditure amounting to £2,905,824 10s. 1d. The income side of the balance sheet shows that the customs duties yielded £22,424,000; excise, £20,462,000; stamps, £9,218,000; land and assessed taxes, £9,494,000; property tax, £8,618,000; Post Office, £4,660,000; Crown lands, net, £360,000. The miscellaneous receipts were £3 355,991 12s. 8d. On the credit side the charge for interest and management of the national debt was £22,454,094 14s. 4d.; and this amount was increased by the payment of terminable annuities, interest on exchequer bills and bonds, and bank advances, to £26,618,325 15s. 3d. The charges on the consolidated fund amounted to £1,887,286 4s. 9d.; and on the supply services (army, navy, civil administration, &c.,) to £46,467,204 2s. 9d. There is also an item of £525,000 on account of fortifications.—*Liverpool Post.*

DEATH OF D. D. YOUNG, ESQ.

The death of this estimable merchant will not take the majority of our citizens by surprise, as it has been well known for some weeks that his malady has been of a very grave nature. He succumbed to the disease on Thursday morning, at one o'clock, at the age of fifty-seven years. Mr. Young was a man well known to our citizens, and noted for his upright and generous nature in all his transactions, whether in business or out of it. In his earlier years he was associated in business with the late G. B. Symes, Esq., and afterwards for many years carried on his extensive transactions under the styles of D. D. Young & Co., which continues to the present. The deceased has filled the important position of President of the Quebec Bank for many years, with credit to himself and honour to the bank. His loss will be much deplored by all who knew him.—*Chronicle.*

PROFITABLE PROPERTY.—The exorbitant prices of apartments in Paris have rendered certain neighbourhoods uninhabitable by any except millionaires or "the friends of the Emperor." The following official list of the rents of certain houses has been recently published: A house on the Boulevard Haussman, 40,000 francs per annum; another house on the same boulevard, 76,000 francs; a house in the Rue de Faubourg Montmartre, 43,000 francs; a house in the Rue de la Chaussee d'Antin, 74,000 francs; another in the same street, 95 000 francs; a house in the Rue de Rivoli, 80,000 francs; and one in the Place de la Madeleine, 90,000 francs. These are not cited as out of the way rents, but are taken as they appear in the "Petites Affiches."

—The Earl of Radnor, who died in the early part of April, had been a member of the House of Commons continuously for twenty-seven years before he succeeded to the title in 1828. His legislative service, therefore, extended over near sixty-eight years. He was born in 1773 and educated in France, where he was in boyhood presented to Louis XVI, and Marie Antoinette.

THE subject of emigration is engaging a great deal of attention in England. The following from the London *Standard*, (Tory organ) of the 15th ult., may be perused with much interest here. It expresses the views of a large and influential class in England, and whatever may be thought of some of its opinions, it will certainly be acknowledged that the whole spirit of the article indicates a due appreciation of the value of Canada to the Empire:

Although our poor laws seem inoperative to assist emigration, they are doing very much to enforce it. The stone-yard, the oakum-shed, and the offer of "the house" are exercising their due effect on the working man. He can neither get employment nor relief, and he seeks the outlet of emigration. The Government scarcely touches this question with the tip of its finger. It apparently fears to do so, as if some occult principle forbade any active interference of such a kind. There are indeed a couple of navy transport ships at Portsmouth, preparing to take out a selected body of Government workmen and their families; and there has been an extraordinary number of telegrams flitting to and fro between the Emigration Commissioners and Canadian authorities, in order to find out how this great affair is to be managed. The Emigration Commissioners, it appears, are quite at home in dealing with China and India; but Canada is out of their latitude. It is indeed reported that, with great effort and scrupulosity, the Government have managed to scrape together about 130 emigrants for the forthcoming expedition, which sails on the 20th. Perhaps better success will intervene between this and then. If not, we have only one suggestion to make, and it is this—that the Government should be a little less particular, and should fill up the gap with respectable working men and their families, whether dockyard people or not, who are willing to go. If we really mean to promote emigration, let a couple of ships—or a fleet of them—be moored in the Thames, with an intimation that those who wish to seek their fortunes in the colonies, but who are too poor to pay their passage money, will be taken on board and conveyed to Canada; and we will venture to say that the ships will soon have their full complement of passengers. A gentleman like Dr. Brewer may read such a proposition with horror. Yet surely there is no such reason to be alarmed? The colonies are part of the empire, and a London workman may as well go to Canada as to Scotland. We should, indeed, regret as deeply as Dr. Brewer himself, any coercive measure in support of emigration. "Practically enforced expulsion" would do more than anything else to check the disposition to emigrate. We can quite understand the feelings of those parties who look upon the departure of skilled workmen as a loss and calamity, and who would also deprecate any large emigration of even the mere labouring element—rough, uneducated, and unskilled. But we must take a wide view of this question if we would judge it rightly. It is a certain truth, cloak it as we may, that there is not sufficient employment in this country for its inhabitants. This truth is also about to be learned by a class which ranks higher than that of the labourer and the mechanic. The lower middle classes begin to feel the pressure and must move. Their humbler brethren have felt the pressure for a long time, and would move if they could.

Such being the state of affairs at home, let us look across the water, and see what motives we may draw from that remoter field. The British flag, which has rather too many followers at home, has not sufficient abroad, that is to say, in the colonies. If we mean to keep Canada we must send out British emigrants—not by hundreds only, but by thousands. The present desire of the English working classes to emigrate is nothing less than providential. A census of nationalities in Canada at the present time would show how large a proportion of the people in the Dominion cannot possibly be reckoned upon as having any special attachment to British authority. Great events are looming up in that part of the globe, events of vast importance to this country. There is a quiet and astute influence at work in Canada—though it may be denied—which takes peculiar care that British and Protestant interests shall not predominate. Directly there is any prospect of an Anglo-Saxon immigration steps are taken to counteract it. We shall shortly see emigration largely encouraged from the continent of Europe—not the German element, which goes so willingly, but another element, which goes less willingly, yet is more acceptable. Even in England we are not quite satisfied with the result. The Irish are particularly anxious to emigrate, and urge their claims with a pertinacity peculiar to that irrepressible race. By all means let the O'Sullivans and the O'Mulligans take their leave of Poplar; but at the same time there ought to be a fair proportion of the Brown, Jones and Robinson class. The Irishman is the man above all others who is likely to make Canada a stepping-stone to the United States. It was only the other day that a couple of Irishmen sought to be placed on the emigrant list who it appeared had originally belonged to the Fenian army in the United States, and had been sent over to Ireland as emissaries of that party. The question is one of no small importance, and has a variety of bearings, all demanding serious consideration. The English mind may not be alert to all the intrigues and influences which are at work; but by-and-bye the effects may be indisputable. Mr. Frederick Whymper, in his recent book of travel and adventure in Alaska, argues on the certainty that Canada will ultimately be absorbed in the United States. It is possible that the United States may tumble to pieces ere that day arrives; but the idea of this absorption indicates the danger. Yet there is a splendid opportunity for bringing about a contrary issue. Even the crisis in Ireland helps the Imperial cause in Canada. Those who think that the disestablishment and disendowment of the Irish Church will do good to Ireland may be a little startled at the view which Protestants in Canada take of this question. Canadian Protestants are reckoning on a large influx of their co-religionists from Ireland as soon as the Gladstonian scheme is accomplished. Let Protestantism and patriotism be strong in Canada, and this will be some recompense for worse things nearer home.

It is very difficult to make these expectations and calculations lay hold on the feelings and judgment of good easy people, dwelling amid settled institutions. Men naturally believe the ground on which they stand to be firm and solid, until they feel an earthquake. To many persons our remarks will seem almost dream like. Yet there is abundant reason for apprehension. On the other hand, it is in the power of England to make Canada loyal and invincible, and to avert the catastrophe by which she is threatened. Canada has work and wages for our unemployed. Let them be sent thither—not to the detriment of other colonies—but from a sense of the Imperial importance of having a loyal population in the Dominion. The transfer of the territory rights of the Hudson's Bay Company will tell immensely on this question. We need have no paupers in England with such a magnificent field of labour in North America. Yet how are we trifling with a movement which requires our most zealous attention. Miss Rye talks about sending our "gutter children" to the Far West. With all respect for that amiable and philanthropic lady, we beg to say that there are plenty of "gutter children" even as far off as Chicago, without our sending any to augment the stock. As it happens, the passenger laws both of the United States and Canada are distinctly prohibitory of any such importation. But Canada has work for our unemployed, and as the latter are willing to go we ought to send them. Canada has a railway in hand which will require the labour of 12,000 men for nearly four years. This will drain her own labour market, and will help ours. Twenty thousand farm labourers are wanted, 8,000 female servants, and 10,000 mechanics. We have men and women to spare; why not send them? But for the exertions of voluntary societies—worthy of all praise—the opportunity would be almost wholly uncultivated. Surely something more commensurate with the occasion will ere long be brought to pass.

MILITIA.

GENERAL ORDERS.

HEADQUARTERS, OTTAWA, May 7, 1869.
Reserve Militia.

REGIMENTAL DIVISION OF CARLETON, O.

No. 2 Company Division—To be captain: John Smith, Esq., vice James Hedley, left the Dominion. To be lieutenant: Anthony Hedley, gentleman. To be ensign: Andrew Buckham, gentleman.

APPOINTMENTS.

Department of the Secretary of State of Canada,
Ottawa, May 5, 1869.

His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz.:

Lieutenant Colonel Patrick Robertson-Ross, of her Majesty's Regular Army, to be Adjutant-General of Militia of the Dominion of Canada, with the rank of Colonel in the Militia, in the room and stead of Colonel Patrick Leonard MacDougall, resigned.

James Moir Ferres, Esq., Chairman of the Board of Directors of Penitentiaries, to be Warden of the Penitentiary at Kingston, in the room of Donald Æneas Macdonell, Esq., resigned.

INTERNAL COMMERCE OF CANADA AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—The configuration of the North American continent marks it out as better adapted for internal commerce than any other part of the globe.

Its water communications are unrivalled; and its lakes, which may be called the Mediterranean seas of the New World, are about to carry and conduct a trade between the oceans, as well as an exchange of products, in amount hitherto unimagined, between the East and the boundless West.

The value and importance of the St. Lawrence river is now for the first time to be appreciated by the Canadian people. They hold the gates of the western world of North America (the Mississippi having many natural obstacles insuperable, even to the genius and energy of Americans) and in the approaching consideration of a new reciprocity treaty, the principal lever possessed by Canada will be the navigation of the St. Lawrence River.

It is one of the most important questions for the consideration of the House of Commons at its present session, to determine upon the best communication to be constructed to connect, by a channel sufficient for the increasing and already vast products of the West, the upper lakes with the St. Lawrence river.

A Bill has been presented by the Hon. Mr. Humphrey, of New York, to the House of Representatives, for a grant of $10,000,000, to aid the enlargement of the Erie Canal for the passage of boats of 1,000 tons.

That canal has repaid its cost of construction, with repairs and interest, and yielded $15,000,000 over and above all.

The Governor of Michigan has recommended in his annual message, the enlargement of the St. Mary canal, to accommodate the expanded trade supplied by the mines of Lake Superior, as well as the traffic of a new line of railway, now constructing between St. Paul and that lake, which will attract to it the products of Northern Wisconsin, Minnesota and the territories west. The copper interest, alone, exceeds $100,000,000, while the Canadian shore of this lake, as rich in minerals, remains still inhabited only by the Indians.

The growth is already so extraordinary of the production of those States in the west that are settled, that from the tabular comparison of yearly increase, it will be impossible in five years to meet the demand for carriage by the present outlets of water and rail, and if we add thereto the effect of opening up the new territories further west, and the trade of the Pacific as well, it is plain that in two years, what now seems to us a stretch of enterprise, will be looked upon as a peremptory need and tardy action on our part.

Canada will not achieve, but will have greatness thrust upon her.

The enlargement of the St. Lawrence canals has already become an evident and immediate necessity, and, including the improvement of the channel of the river, and of lakes St. Francis and St. Louis, will cost not over $5,000,000, which would be undertaken by private enterprise, if the Government afford reasonable aid. There is no doubt that the traffic will, in a few years, pay a liberal return, from the fact that this must become the principal outlet for the whole interior trade of North America, the expansion of which is going on in a ratio that cannot be appreciated by the most sagacious and far-seeing.

From the island of Vancouver to Shanghai, the distance is some 5 000 miles shorter than the present course used between Panama and China, therefore, when British Columbia shall be connected with Lake Superior by rail and steamer, (and two thirds of that journey can be made by water,) the trade of the Pacific will find, through British territory, a more favourable route than either of the long continental railways further south: a large portion of this traffic will traverse the St. Lawrence.

The possession of the Northwest Territory will afford the General Government of Canada an opportunity, through private enterprise, of commanding a sufficient amount of English and foreign capital for all public works.

In the past year subscriptions to new undertakings and to new issues of capital in England amounted to £29,000,000 sterling, and besides these, subscriptions in which they were joined by other States, amounted to £45,100,000 sterling more, altogether £74,100,000 sterling, or $370,500,000. Indian railways and many small mining undertakings abroad, absorbed much of this.

It is to be hoped that our public men will, consistently with the dignity and importance of national character, take henceforth as comprehensive and liberal a view of the interests, commercial and political, of the new Dominion.

From a political point of view, we can do nothing which will so link our interests and promote peaceful and harmonious relations with our neighbours, as the improvement and construction of water communication, to give to the Western people, who will ere long become nations in themselves, a broad, ample and free channel to the east and to the ocean, by our mighty lakes and rivers. This powerful portion of the American people will then oppose, most resolutely, any desire which the Eastern States may exhibit hereafter for a war.

No means of defence could equal this, for the United States would have a LAKE as well as a SEA COAST LINE exposed to the naval power of England.

But the Western trade, having found a channel through our waters, would soon learn to recognise it as a necessity of their own, and permit no "casus belli" that diplomacy could remove.

One word as to emigration. The same means the Americans have employed, and now use, will bring us abundance of labour from abroad, to accompany capital. All we require is public works. They will develop our country, and at the same time bring new wealth into it. All other means are temporizing with the difficulty; this will strike at the roots.

TORONTO, May 6, 1869. COSMOPOLITAN.

—How did this paragraph happen to get into a Halifax despatch to the *Globe* yesterday?

"The *Chronicle*, Grit organ, has recently become annexationist in its articles."

Many persons may believe that it is but a step from Grittism to republicanism, but we are somewhat surprised that the *Globe* should put them into such close proximity. Indeed, it is rather startling to see even the name of Grit mentioned by our contemporary. Again we ask how is it?—*Leader.*

SETTLEMENT OF THE NORTH-WEST.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—I have read with very great attention and interest Mr. Angus P. Macdonald's letter in your paper of the 30th ult., and equally attentive, your remarks on it. You say well that it deserves the consideration of the best minds of the Dominion; as this may not always be attainable, you must sometimes hear the opinions of inferior ones. You remark very justly, "*Our 'trump card,' at the present time is light taxation, and we should be careful how we play it;*" concurring in that view, I must take exception to part of Mr. Macdonald's letter. My "politics are railways," and have been so for a great many years; but I cannot see the good policy or expediency of commencing a railway at Arnprior to take us to the Red River; no immigrant certainly would think of going to Arnprior to ship himself for Red River, when he could go to Collingwood, take a good steamer to Fort William, and thence ship—if such a railway existed—for his destination. But that is not the principal point, it is the great expense of building five hundred miles of railway that can be dispensed with at the present time.

I say by all means let us have a railroad put under way as soon as possible; but it should be commenced at the most convenient point for future connection, at or near Fort William. From thence to the Red River a line can be located on good ground, it will offer some engineering difficulties, but still the line will have many advantages, an abundance of good timber for buildings, and for bridges, for ties, &c., and other advantages that might be mentioned. I think this should be located immediately, and the formation of the roadway and grading be entered upon at once, and the bridges built strongly and substantially; in doing this, and when it is done, I think the traction engine can be used with great profit and advantage. If I do not greatly mistake the capabilities of that machine, I think it may be used with very great advantage in the opening up and settlement of that great country, and afterwards in its subsequent development.

It cannot be expected that during this summer any immigrants from the old country can be sent to that new territory; all that can be done will be to prepare the place for them for coming years. The first thing will be to have a sufficient portion surveyed off into suitable lots. After a practice of forty-five years in both parts of Canada, and a thorough acquaintance with the mode of surveying the public lands in the United States, I think it will not be thought presumptuous in me to give an opinion on that subject. I would, therefore, recommend that the mode of surveying the public lands in the western States should be adopted in our prairie territory in the Northwest; it will be much less expensive to the Government in the first instance, and subsequently it will be less expensive to the settler. I have no doubt but that the assistant commissioner for Ontario, Mr. Russell, will agree with me in this opinion. I am no great stickler for Yankee practices, as all who know me will confirm, but I am willing to take a leaf out of any book, if it is STERLING.

I am, sir,
Yours truly,
JAMES WEST,
P. L. S, C. E.

South Mountain, Dundas County,
May 4th, 1869.

DOMINION RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

The annual meeting of the Dominion Rifle Association was held in this city on Wednesday, May 5th, for the transaction of business, viz: the election of a new council, receiving the annual report, and the financial statements, &c. The following gentlemen were elected:

ONTARIO.

Lt. Col. Jackson, B. M., Brockville.
Lt. Col. Forest.
Lt. Col. Higginson, Hawkesbury.
Major Morris, Perth.
Lt. Col. Boulton, Cobourg.
Lt. Col. Williams, Port Hope.
Lt. Col. Paton, Kingston.
Lt. Col. Brunel, Toronto.
Lt. Col. Gilmour, Toronto.
Lt. Col. Fairbanks, Oshawa.
J. J. Mason, Esq., Hamilton.
Judge Macdonald, Guelph.
Capt. Stevenson, M. P., Chatham.
Capt. McClenaghan, Woodstock.
Lt. Col. Moffatt, B. M., London.
Rev. V. C. Clementi, Lakefield.

QUEBEC.

Major Grant, of Quebec Garrison Artillery and Lieut. Col. King, B. M., of Sherbrooke, elected.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Lieut. Col. Hon. S. Robertson, vice-President.

Mr. Hutchinson, M.P., was elected in place of Hon. J. Robertson as a member of the council.

The council for Nova Scotia remain the same, except Lieut. Col. Creighton, vice Lieut. Col. Jones, who retired, and Major Wylde, Naval Brigade, vice Weir deceased.

The annual report and financial statement were read, showing the Association to be in a satisfactory condition, and the property belonging to it to amount to over $1,000.

A design for the badges won by the competitors at the match at Laprairie was ordered to be entrusted to a Montreal firm to be made, and distributed at an early day. They are to be somewhat in the form of the Victoria Cross, in silver and bronze.

On Thursday the new council met to arrange the place of the next meeting. It was agreed that the next meeting for competition should be held at Halifax on or about the 17th of August.

The prize list is to be issued some time during the present month.

It was proposed to make some slight alterations in the rules of the Association.

It is understood that the Provincial Prize, value $800, (now on exhibition in Leslie's window in this city,) is to remain in the possession of the winning Province, by which it is to be afterwards offered for competition, under such conditions as may be determined by the Province, subject to the approval of the Dominion Rifle Association.

The Council adjourned to the 18th inst., to approve the prize list, to be prepared by a committee appointed for that purpose.

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

WE would call the attention of those in need of spectacles and eye glasses to the stock of those articles kept on hand by Messrs. Young & Radford, who are the sole agents for Ottawa for the celebrated Lazarus & Morris' spectacles and eye glasses. All those who have tried them admit they are the most brilliant, perfect and easy glass to the eye yet introduced into Ottawa. The offers are liberal; if the purchaser is not satisfied the money can be returned after one or two weeks trial.

GENTLEMEN can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

PARTIES requiring new carpets, floor oil cloths, or other house furnishings, would do well to inspect Magee & Russell's extensive stock before purchasing, as they have recently received large additions of this season's patterns from the most celebrated makers in Britain. Carpets made and laid by competent upholsterers.

LINES

On the Opening of the Educational House of the Congregation (formerly the Victoria Hotel) 1st May, 1869.

BY THE REV. ÆNEAS MACDONELL DAWSON.

"Sic vos non vobis nidificatias aves."

Build high thy nest, fond mortal, build it high;
Thy wonted cunning's all in vain.
Thine art, and curious labour boldly try;
Thy toil is for another's gain.

So deftly wove the Roman Bard his song;
Not for himself the witching strain;
Lo! to a stranger doth his fame belong
Who, cruel, robbed the tuneful swain.

Raise high thy gorgeous temples mighty Rome!
Thy stately Palaces uprear!
Not for thy fav'rite gods the costly dome;
Even now the better age is near!

Is thine the lofty Basilic no more;
Ne'er for thy pompous rites again
Shall ope the Fane its portals as of yore;
Thy grandest toil, O Rome, is vain!

Ascends the smoke of incense never more,
Nor Lion in thy Capitol
And spacious amphitheatres shall roar;
All silent,—save thy death's dull toll!

Now fallen thy gods, thine Emperors dethroned,
In temple now and lordly hall,
The Christian's holy anthem is intoned,
The Heavens inclining to his call.

And Thou, the proudest City of the Woods!
Build high thine edifices grand;
Thou dost but vainly waste thy treasured goods;
For others, works thy well skilled hand.

But not like Heathen Rome's, thy willing toil;
Thou, generous, could'st a Palace raise,—
A shelter to the stranger on thy soil;
And this thy never dying praise.

To wearied and wayfaring 'twas thine aim,
Cordial the bread of strength to break.
This merit shall we say thou canst not claim?
Ah! no! since for THE SAVIOUR'S sake

Is broken here, each day, the bread of life,
That bread which knowledge is and truth,
Light to the blind, toil's rest, and peace 'mid strife,
Soul to the strong and hope of youth!

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

OTTAWA, May 6, 1869.

The Board met at eight o'clock, p. m., pursuant to notice.

Present—Messrs. Pratt, Birkett, Kirby, Preston, May and Workman.

Moved and seconded that Mr. Workman do take the chair.—Carried.

The minutes were read and approved.

An application from Miss M. Butterworth was read by the chairman.

Moved by Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. Preston, that the application of Miss Butterworth be received and placed on file.—Carried.

A number of accounts were presented and read.

Moved by Mr. May, seconded by Mr. Kirby, that the sum of two thousand three hundred and thirty dollars be paid to Robert Stewart, contractor, for central school west, in accordance with the architect's certificate and recommendation of the building committee; said sum to be divided into ten cheques of two hundred and thirty-three dollars each, and the chairman is hereby authorized to sign the same, suspending any rule to the contrary notwithstanding.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. May, that the account from Mrs. E. Gosdile, just read, for cleaning school houses west of bridge for the months of March and April, amounting to eight en dollars, be paid by cheque, signed by the chairman in the usual way, suspending rule No. 41 for this purpose, the said account having been certified by the committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Kirby, that the accounts from Messrs. James Hope & Co, for $15 20; I. B. Taylor, for $22 84; H. Meadows & Co., for $12 90; just read, be received, and referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Kirby, seconded by Mr. Birkett, that the accounts of J. B. Paquette, amounting to nine dollars forty-six cents, ($9.46), and that of Isidore Paradis for sixteen dollars ($16.00) be paid, they having been certified by the Local Superintendent, and that the chairman be, and is hereby authorized to sign cheques for the above amounts, suspending all rules to the contrary.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. Birkett, that the account of Mr. F. Clemow, for firewood, $474.50; also the accounts of Messrs Oliver and Annable, amounting to $94.00, and of the Ottawa TIMES for printing, $26 16, be received and referred to the Finance Committee. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. May, that the monthly reports of the Local Superintendent, Principal and Assistant Teachers under this Board, be received and referred to the Committee on School Management.—Carried.

The Board then adjourned.

JAMES JOYNT,
Secretary.

FOR Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

Statement of the Revenue and Expenditure of the Dominion of Canada, for the month ended 30th April, 1869:

	Amount
Revenue—Customs	$321,734 07
Excise	240,572 94
Post Office	82,523 66
Bill Stamps	11,168 24
Public Works, including Railways	37,696 35
Miscellaneous	43,308 24
Total	$1,243,003 50
Expenditure	$ 756,706 46

JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

Audit Office,
Ottawa, 1st May, 1869.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE
CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on

Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant,

at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Little's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, May 7, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 25 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Amusements.

BARON MACAULAY—PUNSHON.

THE REV. W. M. PUNSHON, M. A.,
Will deliver his Celebrated
LECTURE ON MACAULAY,
On the Evening of the 24th Instant,
IN THE
OTTAWA SKATING RINK,

Commencing at 8 o'clock.
Tickets—Single $1; lady and gentleman $1.50, and for the gallery 50 cents each.
Doors open at 7 o'clock.
Ottawa, May 10. 1045-1

CITIZENS'
PROMENADE CONCERT,
IN HONOUR OF
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL,
AND
LADY YOUNG,
THE SENATORS AND MEMBERS OF
THE HOUSE OF COMMONS OF
THE DOMINION,
IN THE
SKATING RINK,
ON
WEDNESDAY, 12th MAY, at 8 p.m.

The committee are happy to announce that they have secured the assistance of the full Band of the Rifle Brigade (military and stringed orchestral), of Professor G. Smith, and several favourite lady and gentlemen amateurs.

Refreshments by Mrs. Broderick.

Single tickets, 50 cents. Double tickets for lady and gentleman, 75 cents.

☞ See programmes. 1045-3

BAZAAR,
under the distinguished patronage
OF HER EXCELLENCY LADY YOUNG.

The Ladies of ST. ANDREW'S CONGREGATION, (Church of Scotland), intend holding a BAZAAR in aid of the funds of that Church, in GOWAN'S HALL, entrance by Wellington-st., on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 13th and 14th instant.

Patroness—Her Excellency Lady Young.
Vice Patroness—Lady Macdonald.

☞ Contributions are solicited, and will be received by the following ladies who have kindly consented to act as a committee:

Mrs. McKay,	Mrs. Bronson,
Mrs. Stewart,	Mrs. A. J. Russell,
Mrs. Grant,	Mrs. John McLean,
Mrs. Cassels,	Mrs. Drummond,
Mrs. Jas. Gordon,	Mrs. T. Patterson,
Mrs. McNutt,	Mrs. Taylor,
Mrs. Ross,	Mrs. M. Patterson.

Contributions to the Refreshment Table are requested to be sent to the Hall as early as possible on Thursday morning.

Admittance 12½ cents.

J. S. RUSSELL,
President of Committee.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043d

ROOMS WANTED.

Two Bed-rooms, with Board, somewhere near the Parliament Buildings.

Apply by letter to Box 234, Post Office.
Ottawa, May 10. 1045-3

MRS. LINTON

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa, that she is prepared to give lessons in the following: Wax Flowers and Shells, Mexikine—something new, Feather Flowers, Royal Wreath, and something new in Tape and Berlin Wool.

New pupils not received after May 15th.

Residence with Mrs. EBIN WOOD, St. Paul-street, near the "Daily News" Office. 1045-3

TEA! TEA! TEA!
COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

TRADE O. A. & Co. A. MARK.

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable went be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade. Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Cattees and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Cattees, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing on receipt of money, or money can be coll

LOCAL NEWS.

MILLINERY.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

ST. ALBAN SCHOOL HOUSE MONDAY READINGS.—Readings will be given this evening by Mr. Langton, Mr. Meredith, Mr. Adamson, Mr. Neil McLean, and Mr. Grant Seymour. Music, songs, glees.

LECTURE THIS EVENING.—The Rev. Wm. Graham Campbell, a distinguished member of the Irish Wesleyan Conference, will deliver an address, in the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Metcalfe-st., this evening (Monday), at 8 o'clock, on the subject of "Irish Missions." The public are invited to attend. A collection in aid of Irish missions will be taken at the close of the lecture.

SOMETHING NEW FOR THE LADIES.—Mrs. Linton, who is visiting our city for a few weeks, has some beautiful specimens of fancy work on exhibition for three days, at Mr. Gowan's fancy store. Some of her specimens are entirely unknown to the teachers in this part of the Dominion. The ladies would do well to embrace this opportunity of learning these new and useful branches. See advertisement.

LECTURE.—We are happy to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement, in another column, of the lecture on Macaulay, by the Rev. W. M. Punshon, to come off on the 24th inst.—Queen's Birthday. It was a happy decision of the committee to select the skating rink for the purpose of this lecture, as it will not only afford accommodation for a much larger number than the church of the denomination to which the celebrated lecturer belongs, but it divests it of all appearance of sectarianism, thus leaving all classes of religionists free to avail themselves of the great privilege of hearing this incomparable address.

BUILDING RUBBISH.—There is perhaps no other city in the world where builders would be permitted to annoy thousands of people, as they do here, by placing and leaving for weeks and months together on the sidewalks of a great public thoroughfare all kinds of rubbish, loose planks and other obstructions to travel, which are not only an eye-sore and a disgrace, but positively dangerous. To show what is meant, it is only necessary to look at the great business centre and promenade of Sparks-st. as it is to-day, was yesterday and will be for weeks to come, unless it be prevented by the authorities. Of course every one is glad to see new buildings going up, but then a little ingenuity, and a little regard for the convenience of others would suffice to obviate the evils complained of.

QUEEN-ST.—A number of intelligent and influential persons have suggested the propriety of grading the lower end of Queen-st., that is to say from Elgin-st. down to Bate's wholesale store on the canal bank. This is necessary for those who are compelled to draw merchandise up that street, and besides it would obviate the necessity of drawing heavy loads by the bridge, which is a great impediment to travel over the Sappers' bridge. At this latter place inconvenience is constantly experienced both by foot passengers and carriages, and the traffic going up from the wholesale warehouses by this road to Centre and Upper Town, keeps Sparks-st. constantly and inconveniently crowded, when, if Queen-st. were graded and put in order, it would be taken up that way to many stores in Centre Town and to the whole of those in Upper Town, thus leaving Sparks-st. in a much less crowded condition. If, amongst the many laudable works which the city fathers have accomplished, they would number this, they would merit and receive the thanks of hundreds who are incommoded on Sparks-st. If they regard the matter in the right light they will certainly lose no time in doing it.

OTTAWA PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.—We understand that the practices for the last concert of the society, for this season, will not be resumed until Monday, the 17th inst., the two concerts, which, in the interim, are to take place, demanding the presence of some of its most active members and friends. The society's approaching concert is designed for the benefit of the professional members, whose valuable services contributed so greatly to the success of the concert which was given on the 4th of March last; and we believe that the music in practice, and the manner in which it will be rendered, will ensure the one which we are promised being fully equal to the former, which was regarded by competent judges as superior to any preceding concerts in Ottawa. Among the vocal pieces in an advanced state of preparation are some from Handel's Oratorio of the Repast—Lift up your Heads—Worthy is the Lamb—and all we like sheep have gone astray; and in addition one of the chorus's from Judas Maccabeus—the Pilgrim chorus—the Anvil chorus—and Hail lovely Venice. We would bespeak for the performance, the more particularly as it is to be given for the special advantage of the professional members alluded to, such another bumper house as greeted the society when it came out with its former excellent concert.

POLICE COURT—SATURDAY.—The dock was occupied by four female representatives of human degradation in its worst forms—drunkenness and prostitution—groaning under their rewards of abandonment, disease, ruined constitution, squalor and general wretchedness.

Catherine Whelan, an elderly creature, who finds her way to jail about every month, and who came out only a few days previously, was charged with vagrancy. The charge heretofore against her has always been drunken and disorderly conduct. Now, it appears, she was not drunk, but being refused shelter by all her friends, she was found wandering about homeless and abandoned. The Police Magistrate mercifully sent her three weeks to jail.

The next case was that of Ann McGurk, a young woman of about twenty-five, whose features have not yet been entirely deformed by her vicious course, and who has less frequently than the last case, fallen into the hands of the police. Her general appearance, however, sufficiently indicates her character. The charge against her was drunkenness, prostitution and vagrancy, and she, also, was sent to jail for three weeks.

Ellen Smith, a broken-down creature, some thirty-five years of age, whom disease has marked for an early grave, was found in a wretched house, drunk, with a soldier, and who came out of jail a day or two before, was charged with being drunk, and sent back to her old quarters, for three weeks. Sergeant Brown said her real name is McCabe.

Ann McRae, a brazen-faced young strumpet of sixteen, whose foul language and bad character are a terror to the neighbourhood in which she resides, was brought up on a charge of wandering about the streets as a prostitute. She has long been known to the police, who, but for the entreaties of her mother, would have taken her up long ago. Her poor old widowed mother was in the station almost heart-broken, and she herself promised not to be guilty again, and so, partly on account of the mother's distress, and partly in the hope that the daughter's penitence was real, the Magistrate, warning her of future punishment if she should fail to keep her promise of amendment, discharged her.

Robert Spittal, a decent-looking mechanic, formerly known as a drunkard, but latterly as reformed, appeared with a damaged face to answer the charge of having been found drunk, and was fined $2 and costs.

William Bolan was charged with having foul premises, which he said were now cleaned. The case was adjourned, and the police ordered to ascertain the truth of defendant's statement.

GRAND CONCERT.—The grand concert given to Professor Gustave Smith, organist of the Cathedral, by the choir, over whom he presides as leader and instructor, was a well-merited mark of the high esteem in which he is held by them, as well as by all who have the pleasure of his acquaintance. The concert was quite successful in more ways than one. The audience, which was good, was of the highest respectability, representing all nationalities and creeds in the city. The concert was opened in magnificent style, by the band of the Rifle Brigade, with the overture *Mercadante*. The *Gloria in Excelsis*, from the Mass of St. Jean Baptiste by Professor Smith, was finely executed by Madame Gelinas and Messrs. O'Brien and Marrier. *Fac ut portem* solo, from *Stabat Mater*, was very beautifully sung by Miss J. Aumond. It is clearly manifest that the musical education of this young lady has been thorough, and her voice is naturally very fine, and has been well cultivated. Mr. Marrier did very well in his solos. Mr. E. Kimber was what all who have heard him expected, and that is saying a good deal. His style shews great cultivation, no less than natural ability, and to say that Mrs. O'Connor was in good voice, on Saturday night, will be quite sufficient, for her knowledge of music and intimate acquaintance with the spirit of the parts she undertook are well known to those who have heard her, and sacred music is her *forte*. Madame Gelinas in *With verdure clad*, was exceedingly good. Mr. Gauthier, whom we have seldom heard, did remarkably well. The duos and trios went off very smoothly and harmoniously. The military band made their splendid music reverberate through the lofty arches of the cathedral with astonishing effect. Mr. Smith presided at the organ, and many of those who have heard him at the pianoforte only were astonished to find him, if possible, even better at the organ. Several of his own compositions were performed, and were well received by the audience, among whom there were many persons of good musical knowledge and cultivated taste. Mr. Smith has good reason to be proud of the choir of the Cathedral, and they to be satisfied with the success of their concert.

A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—A dreadful accident happened to a young man of this city, on Friday afternoon last. It was as follows:—Pierre Rossignol, a French Canadian, who arrived from his winter's work at the shanty, on Thursday, went with two or three others to McKay's Bush, on Friday, to shoot birds. In the afternoon, about 4 o'clock, it appears the party sat down, probably to rest. Afterwards, on rising, Rossignol took his gun by the muzzle, to pull it towards him, when a branch of a stick of some kind or other pulled the trigger, and instantly the load of shot was discharged into the poor fellow's right arm, just below the shoulder. His friends were seized with consternation at the dreadful scene, but hastened to get the wounded man home the best way they could. He succeeded in walking a good part of the way, but his strength gave out from loss of blood, and then a buggy was procured to take him the remaining distance. He was conveyed to the house of his brother-in-law, Mr. Favereau, on Murray-st, where he was promptly attended by Drs. Beaubien, St Jean, and Robillard, who examined the wound, and found the bone literally shattered to pieces. The place where the shot entered was a comparatively small wound, but striking the bone they had become scattered. It was at once decided that there was no possibility of avoiding amputation, and he was conveyed to the Nunnery Hospital, where the operation could be better performed than at his residence. About six o'clock Dr. Beaubien, hospital surgeon, assisted by Dr. Hill, consulting surgeon, with Drs. St. Jean and Robillard, performed the difficult operation of removing the bone from the socket. The patient was put under the influence of chloroform at the commencement of the operation, but it did not continue more than half the time the operation lasted, but he bore the pain manfully. Notwithstanding that the torniquet could not be applied, there was much less blood lost than might have been expected; pressure being brought to bear on the arteries above. This nice operation being very skilfully accomplished, the poor fellow was put to bed, where, however, he spent a very restless night, though in the morning he was found to be doing quite as well as could reasonably be expected. Rossignol is a strong, muscular man, was in good health before the accident, and it is hoped that his recuperative energies will be sufficient to bring him safely through his present affliction. The medical gentlemen pronounce this to be one of the worst cases of gun-shot pound they ever met with.

The "Quaker City" to be Seized.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—It is probable an order will be issued to prevent the steamer *Quaker City* from leaving the port of New York, as she is suspected of being in the service of the Cubans.

—The flood in the Dundas creek, on Monday night, undermined the large three-storey pattern shop of Gartshore & Co., which fell, or rather upset, presenting to the view a huge mass of broken and shattered timber piled in perfect chaotic confusion. Such was the power of the stream that in about two hours it gradually carried away a piece of solid ground at least twenty feet in width, sixty feet in length, and probably ten feet deep, representing a quantity of about 450 cubic yards. We learn that the contents of the building were saved, and as the finished patterns were in a separate building, the loss to the Messrs Gartshore & Co. will be comparatively light, and no cessation of business will occur. The ruined building belonged to the Ewart estate.

—An account comes from Rome to the *Pall Mall Gazette* to the effect that, on account of difference of opinion in the select congregations appointed to prepare the view to be presented to the Ecumenical Council for its approval, on the two main questions to be excused, *i. e.*, the personal infallibility of the Pope, and the condemnation of political liberalism pronounced in the recent Syllabus, the meeting of the Council is to be put off. Those who urged the Pope to call the Council are said now to be the most desirous of having it postponed. The report must be taken for what it is worth.

—Contrary to the expectations of many, the maple sugar season is proving an exceedingly productive one in Vermont. The freezing nights and sunny days, with the thorough soaking of the ground from the melting snow, makes sap flow profusely.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who are either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vacata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY. For sale by all druggists.

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of *Grace's Celebrated Salve*, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing office. Only 25 cents a box.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 8.

It is rumoured that Gen. Stisted has been offered the command of the forces in China and Japan. It is also stated that the Hussars will remain until July, and then go direct to India.

A good many of the Hussars and Artillery men are taking advantage of the order allowing men with only one year of service term un-expired to retire.

The steamer *Huron*, of the Jacques line, arrived last night from Montreal, being the first freight steamer.

Last evening a train of twenty-two cars, filled with 900 immigrants, arrived. One hundred English remained, the rest went on west. It is stated by the Swedish agent that Messrs. Allans have contracted to bring over 5,000 Norwegians this summer.

The mortality of Toronto for the last month is 93, being nine over the rate of the same month last year; and 32 over April, 1867.

Whiskey informer Mason was to-day remanded till the 14th instant. From the positive character of the evidence adduced, the remand of the prisoner has naturally caused surprise.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

SOUTHAMPTON, May 8.—The steamer *Helvetia*, from New York, has arrived.

LONDON, May 8.—In answer to enquiries from the Associated Press of New York as to the condition of the London money market, the following may be stated as a correct view of financial affairs here: The stock market has been influenced unfavourably by the increase in the rate of interest of the Bank of England to 4½ per cent., and the current belief is that a further advance will be made shortly: to the political excitement occasioned by Senator Sumner's speech; the exportation of gold, foreign loans, and the depressed trade.

CORK, May 8.—Mr. Ormond, the present Mayor of Cork, has refused nomination for Parliament from the electors of Young Hall. The Irish national papers defend the recent course of Mr. Osmond.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 8.—Bourse easy. Rentes 71f 7c.

HAVRE, May 8.—Cotton market is unchanged.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 8.—It is certain that a proposal has been made to the Cortes, to name Marshal Serrano as Regent, and Gen. Prim as President of the Council and Minister of War, until a king is elected.

CUBA.

HAVANA, May 6.—Commodore Phillimine will demand the release of all vessels captured in British waters, the liberation of their crews, and explanation and indemnity from the Spanish authorities at Havana. He will also require explanation of the circumstances connected with the landing of Spaniards on British territory. It the reply to these demands is unsatisfactory, he will make reprisals.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Particulars Concerning the Expeditions to Cuba.

The *World* still insists that during the past three weeks five vessels have left New York with expeditions for Cuba, as follows: The first vessel was commanded by Col. J. B. Johnson, and carried 552 men; the second vessel was commanded by Frank B. Spinola, and carried 300 men; the third vessel carried 632 men; the fourth vessel, commanded by Gen. French, carried 580 men; the fifth vessel, the *Arago*, commanded by Gen. Thos. Jordan, formerly chief of Gen. Beauregard's staff, carried 420 men and 84 officers of all ranks. Of this number four belonged to the French army, and were on leave of absence in this city. There were also seven English officers of high rank. Among the officers were Col. Charles May, Lieut. J. F. Magil, of the British artillery; Lieut. Edouard Barre, of the French cavalry; Major Geo. Inman, of the 7th Rhode Island infantry; and Captain Bailey, formerly of the 5th U. S. cavalry. Within the last 33 days we have positive information that nine thousand men have left Charleston, Baltimore and New Orleans, for points adjacent to the Cuban coast, and for the Island itself. As we go to press a private despatch from New Orleans states that the blockade runners, *Peru* and *Hillian*, engaged in carrying fillibusters from New Orleans to some point contiguous to the Cuban coast, have landed them at the Island of Grand Inoqua, in the gulf, some 12 hours by steam from the Florida Keys, and the fillibusters have gone into quarters, and are waiting reinforcements.

The *World* says it is said the steamer *Quaker City* is now fitting out as a Cuban privateer.

The *World's* St. Louis special says the cholera has made its appearance in that city.

The *Tribune's* special says Secretary Fish and the Peruvian Minister were much amused at the *World's* account of the *Arago* sailing with a Cuban expedition. The Peruvian Minister had personally notified Secretary Fish that he had secured the *Arago* to convey stores to his Government. She did not have a soldier on board, neither did she carry any arms. It is not the intention of the Government to issue a proclamation of neutrality in the Cuban troubles, unless better reasons for such a course should present themselves than have existed, or now exist.

Excitement on Wall-st.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The *Herald's* financial article says the day in Wall-st. yesterday was the most exciting one for many months. The chief feature was a sudden rise of over three per cent. in gold, the dealings in which were not less than one hundred and fifty million of dollars. This sudden disturbance is to be traced remotely to the increase of the Bank of England rate of discount to four and a half per cent. on Thursday last. The great financial centre of the world is over jealous of its monetary supremacy. With the threatened drain of money arising out of the numerous European loans negotiating in the London market, not to speak of the brisk speculation which has sprung up in United States securities, some prompt step was necessary to make money dearer in the English metropolis; hence the advance in the rate of discount, which, according to other indices, is really below the open market rate of interest. Stocks were slow to feel this alteration.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

More Murders by the Ku-Klux-Klan.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The *Tribune's* Ga., special says information has been received here that Radford C. Rodgers, a prominent Republican, of Warren county, was killed at his residence, near Warrenton, on Tuesday night. Letters from that vicinity report continued outrages by prowling bands of Ku-Klux on Republicans, both white and black. To be an avowed Republican in that county is a sure passport to death or violent outrage.

Rise in 5-20's.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Sub-Treasurer Vandyke advertises that on Wednesday of each week, until further notice, he will receive proposals for the sale to him of $10,000,000 5-20 U. S. bonds. On the strength of this 5-20 of '65 advanced from 14½ to 16½, under very active demand.

Shipment of Specie to Havana.

The steamer for Havana to-day took out $186,000 in specie.

Death of an Old Odd Fellow.

BALTIMORE, May 8.—Richard Marley, one of the oldest Odd Fellows in the United States, died yesterday at the age of 78.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

Auction Sales.

By John Leeming & Co., Montreal.

IMPORTANT TRADE SALE OF TEAS, &c., &c., &c., &c.

4,300 half chests new crop natural leaf JAPAN TEAS,
800 half chests Young Hyson, Twankay, Congou, and Souchong, and
500 bags Arracan Rice,
300 brls Zante Currants,
100 hhds, 50 qr. casks, 200 cases } Boll and Dunlop's Gin, ex "Eliza A. Kenny," from Rotterdam.
100 hhds, 250 cases } DeKuyper's Gin.
20 hhds, 250 cases } "Hennessy" Pale Brandy.
20 hhds, 15 qr. casks } "Martell's" Pale Brandy Vintages 1866, 1865, 1864.
25 puncheons Fine old Jamaica Rum, and other goods to arrive,

Will be offered on

MONDAY, 10TH MAY, 1869,

AT TEN A.M.,

At the Stores of HUGH FRASER, St. Sacrament-st., Montreal.

Samples on view the Saturday previous to sale.

JOHN LEEMING & CO., Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 1. 1039td

T. LAWRENCE

Having opened a first-class TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.

From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

BIRDS! BIRDS!

SINGING BIRDS FOR SALE.

About one hundred of the best *Canaries*, Singers, German Imported, *Linnets*, *Thrushes*, *Mocking Birds*, *Parrots*, *Virginia Nightingales*, and different Fancy Birds, are now on view and for sale by private contract for a few days, at

MR. ROWE'S NEW AUCTION ROOMS,

East End Sappers' Bridge.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 7, 1869. 1043-2

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS FOR SUMMER WEAR,

In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian TWEEDS,

may now be seen at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.

Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.

A. GRAHAM & CO, Commercial Warehouse, No. 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS,

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD, 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

1043.26d

GENTLEMEN

Leaving their orders at the COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE, No. 60 Sparks-st., Can get well suited in Garments.

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays for Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, 124 Rideau-st.

1043d

JONES & HOLLAND

Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously

Without the Use of a Press or Water.

Price from $2.00 to $4.50.

Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.

Call and see for yourselves.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE—Place the writing under the copying sheet, and rub with the fingers. That's all.

May 5, 1869.

DOOR KEEPER WANTED.

Applications for the office of door keeper for Bank-st. Church will be received until four o'clock on Monday, the 10th instant.

Address to Mr. WM. TAYLOR, Richmond Road, Chairman of Committee.

Ottawa, May 6, 1869. 1042-4

COATS, PANTS and VESTS

May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE, No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF CARPETINGS AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK OF MILLINERY IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK OF MANTLES,

AT MODERATE PRICES, IN EVERY STYLE,

At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF

Silk Velvets,

Velveteens and

Water-proof Cloakings

IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF

Satin and Lace,

Plain and Fancy Silk,

Dress Trimmings,

Buttons, Linings, &c.,

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF

Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF

Ribbons, Lace,

Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,

And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF

Broadcloths, Tweeds,

Coatings, Vestings, and

Tailors' Trimmings

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF

Sheetings,

Pillow Cottons,

Linens, Prints,

White and Grey Cottons

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF NEW GOODS

In all the Departments, is to be found at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

MUSLINS and GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have received direct from a celebrated Printer,

2 CASES PRINTED LAWN and ORGANDIE MUSLINS.

ALSO,

LATEST DESIGNS IN

SWISS and FRENCH GRENADINES,

27, 54 and 72 inch BLACK WOOL GRENADINES,

BLACK SILK GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

April 26, 1869.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,	
BRUSSELLS	do.
TAPESTRY	do.
IMPERIAL	do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL	do.
Do. UNION	do.
DUTCH	do.
VENETIAN	do.
MANILLA	do.
HEMP	do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

G. LEVIN,

(*Successor to David Millar,*)

Manufacturer of Hoop Skirts, and Importer of French and English Corsets.

NEW MATERIALS, NEW STYLES,

1035b LOW PRICES.

N. ROBERTSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 25, 1869. 1006-3m

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin[ed refiners] their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

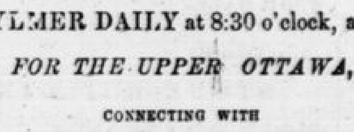
C. T. BATE & CO., Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,

Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

LEAVES

AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"

"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"

FOR

DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

1012tf

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA FOR ROOFS, DAMP CELLARS, &c.

CHEAP! CLEAN! FIRE-PROOF! UNDECAYING!

Suitable for all Styles, Flat or Upright.

FULL SUPPLY OF FELT AND MATERIALS FOR SALE BY

BUCHANAN & CO., Box 643 Montreal.

Send for circular with full description.

April 30, 1869. 1037b

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

FOR CASH ONLY.

N. B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

FOR SALE.

A FIRST-CLASS

"CHICKERING" PIANO,

Nearly New, and in Perfect Order.

Price—$400 gold.

Apply to

MAJOR ALEXANDER, Rifle Brigade.

Ottawa, May 5. 1041tf

FARM FOR SALE.—For sale, a farm containing one hundred acres of land, being the north half of Lot No 31, in the fourth Concession of North Gower. The land is of the very best quality; there is on the place two dwelling houses, one log barn, stable and other outbuildings. This farm is situated within two and a half miles of North Gower Village. Terms easy. For further particulars apply to WILLIAM TODD, on the premises. 1044-1-30d

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING,

BOOKBINDING,

&c, &c., &c.

To be had at

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

PRINTING,

AND

STATIONERY STORE,

21 *Rideau-st.*,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, lar[ge and small]
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to mat[ch]
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultramarine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and L[etter] Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—

Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—

Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES

Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.

Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal and Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—

Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—

Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—

Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,

Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'

Office Requisites supplied on reasonable terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES

Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

General Geography, with 39 coloured maps price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,

Authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES

The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,
At "The Ottawa Citizen" Stationery and Printing House,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE'

21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 10, 1869.

The market on Saturday was about the same as that of Friday—a pretty good supply of potatoes and comparatively little else. Prices remain as before. There was only one load of hay, and of wood none.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	1 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

Try Gardiner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Foot Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*

We would call the especial attention of the

LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for ....$1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to
JOHN COOK,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX,
Plantagenet Mills,
1043tf Ontario.

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to
ROD. ROSS.
Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,
AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to
R. BLACKBURN.
New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to
S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.
April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET—FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to
S. SKINNER,
Senate Buildings.
1028d

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly st., 3 doors east of St Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.
Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.
Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 29, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.
April 27, 1869. 1034tf

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th INSTANT, for the purchase of the NEW STEAM SAW MILL near the mouth of the River Blanche, in East Templeton, Province of Quebec, with land and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Mill in good running order, with first-class SHINGLE MILL in addition. Size of Mill 80 x 40, with Engine House 26 x 40. Engine 80 horse power.

If not sooner disposed of it will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of Walker & Pennock, in the city of Ottawa, on the 15th INSTANT, at NOON.

Terms easy.

For fuller particulars and conditions of sale apply to

W. H. WALKER,
Solicitor for Vendor.
Ottawa, May 1, 1869. 1039b

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 51 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying postpaid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.
April 7th, 1869. 1033td

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

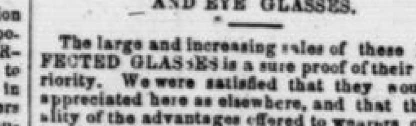
Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

TO LUMBERERS.

QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are,
Your obdt. servants,
1000-2m M. STEVENSON & CO.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' *bills.*

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK [beaver] REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
Extra Superfine	6.00
Fancy	
Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine No. 2	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1	2.25
80,000 No. 2	1.50
80,000 Fancy	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.
W. H. EASTON. 982tf E. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
73-y House, Land and General Agent.

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Department of Marine and Fisheries, until noon of MONDAY, the 10th day of MAY next, for the supply, *in bond,* of 32,000 gallons of the best quality of COAL or REFINED PETROLEUM OIL.

The Oil is required to be non-explosive, at a vapour test of 115 ° Fahrenheit, must burn brilliantly, without smoking, until entirely consumed, and no crust the wick, must be free from all deleterious substances, and remain fluid at 10 ° Fahrenheit.

A sample of a quart to accompany each tender.

The Oil to be delivered in iron-bound casks, containing from 30 to 40 gallons each, properly prepared to prevent the oil from permeating the wood, and evaporating from the surface.

The casks to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the Oil.

The Oil to be subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk in the locality designated by the Department as follows:

5,000 gallons at Quebec—one-half on the 8th JUNE, and one-half on the 20th SEPTEMBER next.

10,000 gallons at Montreal, on the 1st July next.
14,000 do at Halifax, N.S., do do do
3,000 do at Saint John, N.B., do do do

Tenders will be accepted for the whole quantity, or for any of the lots above mentioned.

Parties tendering must give their names and addresses in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfillment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of
Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 14th April, 1869. 1024.4.2aw

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

Medical Cards.

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN.
Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodation of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

TIN SPICE BOXES,
A novelty,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at
ESMONDE'S.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE, 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st. corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, 15TH MAY NEXT,

for the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8, in the 1st Con. on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF and DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville.

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONECUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipe and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House or Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES and OUT BUILDINGS for the Lieutenant-Governor's Residence. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan-street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed specifications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.
Department of Public Works for Ontario,
Toronto, April 24, 1869. 1035td

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion."
Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

COOKING STOVES of the best quality and make at
ESMONDE'S.

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 12th, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, April 12, 1869. ly

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 30,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4:00 p m, and 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 9:00 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 3:00 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

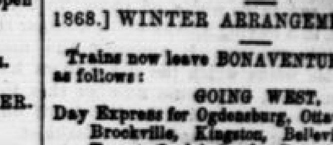
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 9:00 a m

Night do do do do .... 8:00 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:00 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 8:00 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 9:00 a m

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central .... 3:30 p m

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 3:00 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at .... 10:30 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 6 p.m., for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec 1868.

OTTAWA

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Tuesday, the Eleventh day of May, Next, 1869.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1869.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
1021td Sec.-Treas.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, have been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, have been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)

LACKAWANNA
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

THE TIMES is printed and published by The OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. [illegible], Editor.

VOL. IV.

Marriage Lic[enses]

A. GAR YEILDING,
Agent for MARRIAGE LICE[NSES] of Ottawa, by commission from the Governor-General.
OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel,
Ottawa, April 9, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL [HALL]
28 Sparks-st., Otta[wa]

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouque[t]
Oxford Bouque[t]
English
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bo[ttles]
Improved Perfume[s]

A complete stock just received of Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chem[icals]
Druggists' Sundries o[f]
W. M. MAS[SEY]
Family and Disp[ensing]

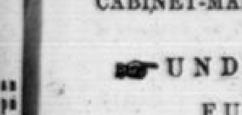
Prize Medal, 1862.

FOR CONSU[MPTION]
treated with Sa[vory]
PANCREATI[NE]
See *The Lanc[et]* Journal, Medical Press, &c.

CASE 154.—Says emulsion d[...] well; makes him feel quite d[...] week, extraordinary improveme[nt] says he has lost cough, eats w[...] *The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine PAN[CREATIC EMUL]SION sold only in bottles, 2s 6[d] Savory & Moore's labels and t[...]

THE BEST FOOD F[OR INFANTS] resembling Mother's Mil[k ...] ble.—Dr. H. Barker on right fo[od ...] "THE INFANT PRINCE O[F ...] Prince should."—*Social Science* "A REAL IMPROVEMENT [on the] ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S F[OOD ...] one that keeps good in all cli[mates ...] No boiling or straining. Fro[m ...]
SAVORY & [MOORE,]
143, New B[ond-st.]
Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & [Co.]



S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, U[PHOLSTERER]
AND
UNDERTA[KER]
FURNIT[URE]
of every description, made to [order,] and jobbing attended to.
Architects and others furnish[ing ...] ings for any kind of wood w[ork ...] correctly executed.
Particular attention paid to
GOTHIC & FANCY [...]
FUNERA[LS]
furnished at the shortest no[tice ...] country.
METALLIC AND OT[HER ...]
always on hand.
EXPRESS WA[GONS]
for the removal of household [...] waggons for lumber and other[s]
N.B.—Residence at the w[...] st., opposite the marke[t]

WATC[HES]

J. SEWILL, LIVER[POOL]
Manufacturer by speci[al appointment to] HER MAJESTY THE QUE[EN]
AND
COURT OF S[...]
THE RIGHT HONORABL[E ...] MISSIONERS OF TH[E ...]
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN V[ICTORIA'S] NAVY
Prize Medalist of the Great [Exhibi]tion of London, 1862, [and Uni]versal Exhibition o[f ...]
WE HEREBY APPOINT
Mr. JOHN L[...]
Agent for O[ttawa]
For the sale of these celebrat[ed ...]
H. & A. SAU[...]
Sole Wholesale Agents in [...] sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, th[at ...] presentatives in the Coun[cil ...] Physicians and Surgeons of [...] Territorial Divisions constit[uted ...] 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Onta[rio ...]* TUESDAY, the 8th day of [...]
There will be no nominat[ion ...]
The votes will be cast [...] which will be sent from thi[s ...] tered practitioner on the 20[th ...]
These voting papers mu[st ...] to instructions which will [...] transmitted to the Returni[ng ...] in which the voter resides [...]
The voting papers will [...] turning Officers of the sever[al ...] at two o'clock, p.m., on the [...] the following places:—
Western and St. Clair Div[ision ...]
Malahide and Tecumseth
Saugeen and Brock
Gore and Thames
Erie and Niagara
Burlington and Home
Midland and York
King's and Queen's
Newcastle and Trent
Quinte and Cataraqui
Bathurst and Rideau
St. Lawrence and Eastern
The names of the Retur[ning ...] nished on a printed envelo[pe ...] registered practitioner.
Medical Registration Offi[ce,] Hamilton, April 15th, [...]

THE LEADER.
THE MORNING [...]
LEA[DER]
Is sold by J. R. BATT[...] HOUSE, daily, at ONE c[ent ...]
Ottawa, April 26.

BEAUTIFUL PA[...] DOW SH[...]
Very cheap,
AT THE [...]

ANY PERSON H[AVING] a good second-hand [...] find a purchaser by app[lying ...]
TO TH[E ...]

THE BEST ASSO[RTMENT ...] CHINA in the Dom[inion ...]
AT TH[E ...]

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1046. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, MAY 11, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,
Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.
OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
38 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

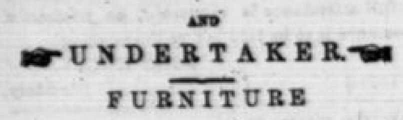
A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR
CONSUMPTION
treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S
PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.
CASE 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—*The Lancet Report.*
Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker on *right foods for children.*
"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*
"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.
No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.



S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER.
FURNITURE
of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.
Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.
Particular attention paid to
GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.
FUNERALS
furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.
METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS
always on hand.
EXPRESS WAGGONS
for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.
N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.
There will be no nominations.
The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.
These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.
The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division	....	Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.
H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.
Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

THE LEADER.
THE MORNING AND EVENING
LEADER,
Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.
Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,
Very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying
TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

WATER! WATER! WATER!

SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

Having purchased part of the cargo of the vessel *City of Limerick*, lately wrecked, we will offer the whole for sale, commencing

MONDAY, 5TH APRIL,

and continuing the following days until all the goods are disposed of. This is an opportunity to secure bargains which may not offer again for years. The greater part of the goods have received scarcely any damage, so that parties who call early will have the best chance of getting bargains, as we will make no reserve, but throw each line of goods by itself, and let the first who comes first have the best pick. The following are some of the damaged goods, viz.:

10	CASES	ASSORTED BLEACHED COTTONS,
1	do	SHEETINGS,
1	do	QUILTS,
2	do	TOWELS,
1	do	PRINTS,
1	do	ASSORTED LINEN GOODS,
2	do	ASSORTED DRESS GOODS,
1	do	SILKS,
3	do	MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SKIRTS,
2	do	DRESS MUSLINS,
10	do	ASSORTED GOODS.

We give a list of prices that some of the goods will be sold for to give parties an idea of the bargains they will be able to get. A nice lot of DRESS GOODS for 6d 7½d to 9d per yard.

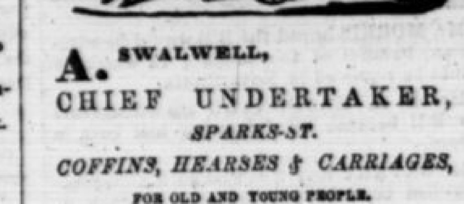
	£	s	d
Ladies' Mantles only	£0	5	0
Splendid Prints, worth 9d, only	0	6	0
Towels, "all Linen," only	0	0	4
Dress Muslins, per yard, only	0	0	6
Mantle Cloths, only			0;
Pocket Handkerchiefs, each, only			1½
Gloves, per pair, only			6
Table Damasks, per yard, only	0	2	6
Stylish Cloths, per yard, only	0	1	
Parasols, each, only	0	1	
Gents' Neckties, "latest styles," each, only			0

LOOK! LOOK!

50 Pieces Dress Lining, only 1d per yard.
ATTENTION!—Two cases more of those spools for 1d, worth 3d.
Don't delay in calling early as the first pick will be the best.
We have also received a splendid assortment of all the latest styles in SPRING GOODS in perfect order, which we will sell lower than any house in this city.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!
CLOTHING!

10 cases in all the new styles, just arrived, which will be sold very low. For particulars in price see our Clothing Bills.
The place to secure these immense bargains is at the old cheap spot, THE OCCIDENTAL, in Stewart's Brick Block, Corner Rideau and Sussex-sts. Sign of the White Flag.
H. HICK & CO.



A. SWALWELL,
CHIEF UNDERTAKER,
SPARKS-ST.
COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,
FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.
Sole agent for
FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.
RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

PRIVATE BILLS.
Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette,*) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.
All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.
CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-lawtLO

NOTICE.
The undersigned begs to state that he has
OPENED AN OFFICE
OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,
SPARKS-STREET,
Where all orders for the
CANADA GAZETTE,
AND FOR
PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,
may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.
Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION
BOTH
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
AT
W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.
TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa Sept. 7, 1868. 582y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer,
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No: 10½.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
FORWARDER,
GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,
No. 3, St. Peter-st.,
QUEBEC.
Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.
QUEBEC REFERENCES.
Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.
James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.
Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.
Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.
Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Decorative Painting.

A.W. LANG,
PLAIN AND DECORATIVE
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Respectfully informs the public that he will in a
FEW DAYS
OPEN A FIRST-CLASS
PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Pending which his office will be on the
FIRST FLOOR
OF THE
MASONIC HALL BLOCK,
ELGIN-STREET,
Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and
RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK
In all the various branches of his business.
Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.
Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of
F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of
PADUA, ITALY.
Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,
PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.
A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.
N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.
For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.
None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.
1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS,
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.
W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

TENDERS
Addressed to the undersigned, in a sealed envelope, marked Tenders for Printing, Paper, or Binding (as the case may be), will be received until THURSDAY, 27th INST., after which day no tender will be received, for the Printing, furnishing the Printing Paper, and the Binding required for the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada.
No tender will be received except on the blank form, which can be had on application to the undersigned, and from whom all information can be obtained.
The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.
By order,
HENRY HARTNEY,
Clerk Joint Committee of both Houses on Printing.
Department of
Printing of Parliament,
Ottawa, May, 1869. 1044a

CONCENTRATED LYE.
CAUTION TO THE PUBL.
The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 782y

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
—FROM—
OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC
AND LONDON,
Consisting of
PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN
AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.
PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES
&c., &c., &c.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$2 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS rice according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.
For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,
And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.
The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his
FINE BOTTLED ALE
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
To ether with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A call ...dly solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING
FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY
AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.
RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to ... E. ERICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

Stoves & Hardware.

BURGLARS ALARM!
BURGLARS ALARM!
A very safe and efficient BURGLARS ALARM, easily attached to any part of the house at $1.25, at
H. MEADOWS & CO.

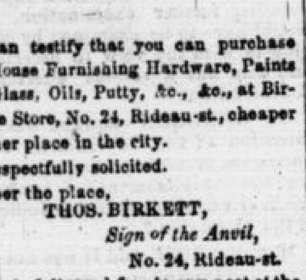
ALL THE BEST
PATTERNS AND DESIGNS
OF
COOK STOVES,
every size; the housekeepers special favourites for baking, at
H. MEADOWS & CO.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT
OF
JELLY MOULDS, ICE CREAM MOULDS,
Jellied Turkey Moulds,
Dish Covers, Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, at
H. MEADOWS & CO.

JOB WORK,
of all kinds, in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware line attended to.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st.,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

HARDWARE!
AT
THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,
and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.
ALSO,
STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,
&c., &c.,
AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24, Rideau-st., Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.
A call is respectfully solicited.
Remember the place,
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.
A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.
Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!
STOVES!
Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.
Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated
HOT AIR FURNACES.
Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Publications.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,
HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.
D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.
City papers may be had at 6 a. m.
Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.
A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demerest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biograpnical Sketches.
Gardening for Profit.
Breck's New Book of Flowers.
Buist's Flower Garden Directory.
The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.
J. DURIE & SON,
Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.
MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
Two or three Apprentices wanted.
April 6. 1015tf

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,
For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.
Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 782y

Dry Goods.

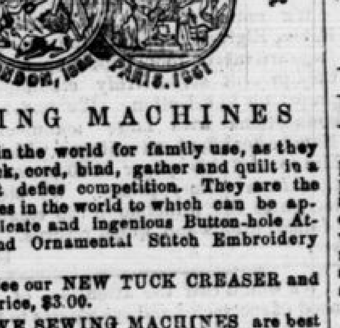
CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.
O'MEARA & CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844,
Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that
DEFY COMPETITION.
A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city
$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. **$3.00**
TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.
$2 .... GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 .... GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 .... OVERCOATS,
$9 .... COMPLETE SUITS
$1 .... GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS. $1 and $1.25 ...... UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 .... DRAWERS
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

OPENED OUT
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,
A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,
A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,
A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,
A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS
IN NEW MATERIALS,
A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,
A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,
TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
14 Rideau st.
Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON



SEWING MACHINES
are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.
Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.
THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.
Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.
Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.
N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.
G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

SAVAGE'S URSINA.
PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR,
has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.
It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.
Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.
EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1026eod.3m

THE celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS and POLAR REFRIGERATORS, at
ESMONDE'S.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CHAMBER SETS, cheap at
ESMONDE'S.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

DUST, HEARTH, STOVE, SCRUB, CHIMNEY and Crumb Brushes at
ESMONDE'S.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate It
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication
of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.
It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Proprietors, S. R. Van Duser & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.
March 26. 10-8-14y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.
They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.
Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.
N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S
SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,
HULL,
Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.
Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Locking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.
Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.
Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.
R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON
Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.
Something New and Elegant in the style of
ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,
GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,
Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.
R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.
P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for
HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,
AND
DECORATING ROOMS,
Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.
CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.
R. EATON,
1002tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.
We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.
Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price Address
E. F. McAVAY & CO.,
Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured)
A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

THE VARIETY HALL
HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT
34 *SUSSEX-ST.*
A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

FEARFUL CASE OF HYDROPHOBIA.

The Dundas *Banner* of Friday says:—"Some six weeks ago a dog in a rabid state, belonging to Mr. Martin, was destroyed in Dundas. Previous to the destruction of the animal, a man named Robert Wyatt attempted to secure the brute with a cord, and while so engaged he was bitten on the first finger of his right hand. Wyatt had the wound, which was but a slight one, cauterized by a medical man, and for a time he attempted to dismiss the fearful dread of hydrophobia from his mind; the wound healed up nicely, but still the unfortunate man was not free from apprehensions regarding his state in consequence of experiencing severe shooting pains which extended from the finger to the shoulder blade. This sensation gradually increased, and the poor man was kept in a horrid state of mind as to what might be the ultimate consequences, until Saturday evening last, when at about half-past nine o'clock, he asked his son to bring him a drink of water, when he found that he could not touch it, and that the sight of it created a fearful terror in his mind. Wyatt then walked up to Dr. McMahon's office and explained his state, when the Dr. administered a draught of medicine which he managed to gulp down his throat with the greatest difficulty. He afterwards went home, and the symptoms rapidly developed themselves—violent paroxysms following in close succession, which were, however, kept considerably in check during the early part of the Sabbath by the administering of chloroform by Dr. Howe.

During the day the unfortunate man had to be closely watched, and while under the influence of the paroxysms his struggles were truly frightful—the united efforts of two powerful men being insufficient to hold him. Strange to say he retained his senses to the very last, and entreated that he might be bled to death, or destroyed in some way or other to put him out of misery. Drs. McMahon, Howe, Walker, Hamilton, and Orton, were in attendance, and did everything in their power to alleviate his sufferings, but as the day wore on the paroxysms continued to increase in frequency and intensity. In the evening, after consultation, the medical men decided to subject Wyatt to the influence of a vapor bath, and for this purpose he was firmly bound with ropes to a chair, to which process the poor man strongly objected, he being previously restrained from commiting violence by the watchful care of those in attendance, without any resort having been had to fastenings. After being bound, and subjected to the vapor bath he struggled severely in some of the paroxysms, but did not succeed at any time in breaking the bands that held him. Gradually, however, he became weak from sheer exhaustion, and at about half-past nine, it was apparent that he could not live for any length of time. At ten o'clock, just 24 hours after the first symptoms appeared, he died, apparently without a struggle. The sufferings experienced during the Sabbath by poor Wyatt are said to have been of the most intense and horrid character, and his screams were truly heart rending. Wyatt was a laboring man and had at one time seen service in the army. He leaves a wife and family to mourn the fearful and sudden death with which he was overtaken."

SINGULAR "LARK" BY A LOVER.

A respectably-dressed young man, named Martin Moore, was on Monday placed in the dock at the Leeds Town Hall, charged with having stolen a gold watch and guard belonging to Mr. Timms. Moore has for the last six or eight months been acquanted with a young woman in the employ of Mr. Timms, and on Sunday morning, accompanied by a companion, he payed her a visit while her employer and his wife were at church. He appears to have sat in the house for some time, and to have been regaled with some of Mr. Timms's beer. Being desirous of knowing the time of day, probably from a nervous apprehension of the speedy return of the girl's master and mistress, he inquired of her what o'clock it was, and she fetched from an upper room Mrs. Timms's gold watch and guard, which were valued at £20. These the accused examined, put the watch into his poket, and, after making an appointment for the afternoon, he took his departure with his companion. A few minutes afterwards the girl, who had thought the watch had been replaced on the table, missed it, and on the return of her employer she told him the circumstances. Information was at once given to the police, and an officer took the accused into the custody with the watch and guard in his possession. Mr. Granger elicited, on behalf of Moore, that instead of acting the part of a thief the accused had taken the watch in a "lark," under the belief that it belonged to the girl herself, that instead of concealing it he exhibited it to his companions at his lodgings, and that it was his intention to have returned it to the girl on meeting her in the afternoon. The accused received a good character and he was discharged, the magistrate giving him a timely caution against repeating such a "dangerous lark."—*English paper.*

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it notequally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vexata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY. For sale by all druggists.

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of *Grace's Celebrated Salve*, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing office. Only 25 cents a box.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Seed Peas for Sale—T. Kavanagh.
Tenders Wanted—W. F. Lett.
St. Patrick's Literary Association—J. Kelly.
Hauser's News Depot and Circulating Library.
Trees, Shrubs and Roses for Sale—A. Rowe.
Notice to Creditors—J. L. Orme.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, MAY 11, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

His Grace the Archbishop of Halifax leaves this evening for home.

The Hon. Mr. Howe did not arrive last night, as anticipated. He is expected here to-day.

In the Commons yesterday several matters of importance were discussed. The Hon. Mr. Rose made an interesting statement on the subject of assimilating the currency. Mr. McKenzie aired his views with more than usual zeal; Mr. Young discussed the public printing; and at the evening sitting the Dominion Holiday Bill, in the hands of the member for North Simcoe, received its *quietus*. The House adjourned at 9:20.

The Public Accounts for the year ending 30th June last, were distributed in Parliament yesterday afternoon. In Mr. Langton's report to the Minister of Finance he gives the following analysis of the receipts and expenditure for the year:

The gross receipts of the Dominion, exclusive of those on account of the Province of Canada and the several Provinces, were		$16,830,060 73
Less loans		2,994,600 66
Ordinary revenues of Dominion		13,835,460 07
The gross expenditure of the Dominion was		13,704,170 53
Less redemptions		337,679 98
		13,366,490 55
Whereof on account of Public Works chargeable to Capital		587,783 32
		12,778,707 23
Subsidies of Ontario and Quebec	$ 2,156,125 60	
Add 1 year's interest on Trust Funds	177,162 64	
	2,333,288 24	
Less interest on excess of debt, say $11,000,000	550,000 00	
Payable annually	1,783,288 24	
Actually paid	1,588,784 20	
Excess payable beyond actual payments		194,504 04
Ordinary expenditure of Dominion		12,973,211 27
Surplus		862,248 80
		$13,835,460 07

He remarks, however, that this apparent surplus may be reduced by about $300,000, as representing the services incurred within the year, which run over into the present year's expenditure. In future years these amounts will probably balance each other; but during the first year of Confederation the payments for service previous to 1st July were all charged to the Provinces.

The Free Trade movement is making some progress in the United States. The formation of the Boston Reform League and the proposal to institute a like organization in Philadelphia, indicate that free trade notions are spreading beyond Manhattan Island. Several Radical journals which on ordinary political or party questions generally follow the New York *Tribune's* lead, have warmly espoused the principles advocated by the league; and other journals of greater influence are beginning to warn the Radical party that the evil consequences of the excessive tariffs of the past few years will be laid at its door.

It is some time since a great practical issue on commercial policy has come up broadly and fully for the decision of the American people at the polls; but it would not be surprising, with the growing difficulties besetting the working classes in many parts of the Eastern and Middle States; with the increasing political strength of the West, naturally favourable to free trade; and with a restored South, which formerly opposed high tariffs, that the issue on the next Presidential contest may be raised mainly on this question. There were mutterings last year of a working man's party and a working man's candidate, for the purpose of giving the professional politicians the go by. But with the powerful organizations maintained both by the Radicals and the Democrats, a third party had little chance of influencing the result. If, however, President Grant can succeed during his term in disposing of the constitutional difficulties which at present beset his administration, and absorb so large a share of the public attention; there is every probability that more enlightened views on commercial policy will be disseminated among the American people, to a degree that will give a new complexion to their next great electoral contest.

We cannot say we regret the fate of Mr. McConkey's Bill to make the first of July a legal holiday. The advocates of the measure have shown their consideration for the feelings of Nova Scotia by abandoning the attempt to enforce their views, and this of itself ought to have a soothing effect upon our somewhat sensitive friends. Certainly there was no disposition manifested by the representatives of the Western Provinces to impose an Act which would be regarded as humiliating to Nova Scotians, and thus far no harm has been done. But had the Nova Scotia members been silent the Bill would certainly have taken another stage. This is proof positive that the Nova Scotians are mistaken when they believe, as Mr. Chipman says they do, that they are powerless in the Canadian Parliament. So far from being powerless they may well take credit to themselves for having strangled Mr. McConkey's Bill.

The propriety of instituting a national holiday, to celebrate the consummation of an Act of Parliament, may well be doubted. The national holiday of the British Empire is the birthday of the reigning sovereign; and this is an institution which has been consecrated by time. It is, however, far more enthusiastically celebrated in the colonies than in the Mother Country, because we suppose of the natural tendency of young and growing communities to be more demonstrative than those of older and more mature growth. That the national societies should observe their special days in commemoration of their fatherland, so far from an argument in favour of "Dominion Day," rather tells against it; for while these separate days bespeak separate national origins, the Queen's birthday furnishes an occasion on which all loyal men can unite.

As a matter of fact, the fourth of July celebrations among our neighbours are beginning to be regarded as a nuisance. A day given up to self glorification may or may not be a healthy institution in theory; but in practice it has a natural tendency to degenerate into folly. And while we remain attached to the British Empire, we may be quite contented to accept the anniversary of the Sovereign's birth day as our day of national rejoicing.

Another fact has to be taken into consideration in connection with this question. Holidays grow; they are not made by statutory enactment. We have already a number of statutory holidays that are by the public almost wholly ignored; days on which business goes on as usual, except at the banks and certain Government offices; and unless the impulses of the people should will it otherwise, Dominion day, though declared a holiday by Act of Parliament, would partake no more of the characteristics of a holiday than several others now on the calendar. It would merely be a day on which many people would wonder what was the matter that the Custom House was closed, and the doors of the Banks shut against them; and then, after a little reflection, they would come to the conclusion that it was "a statutory holiday," and go plodding at those affairs of every day life which do not require the intervention of the Government officer or the assistance of the Banker. No practical good could have come of the passage of the Bill; but it would have given offence in some quarters, and hence we are glad that it was abandoned. When the people "up west" want a holiday, they get the head of their municipality to issue his proclamation accordingly; and so if the people are determined upon making the first of July a holiday, they can do it; and the statute will follow in due time, if the public mind should ever become ripe for it.

A "DROP" LETTER.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—The following document, without name or address, having been thrust through the bar of the elegant side entrance to Parliament Square from Metcalf-st., in mistake, apparently, for the post office of the House of Commons, may I beg the favour of its insertion that D——, whoever he is, may not be deprived of the benefit of his careless friend's answers.

Yours, &c.,
PEDESTRIAN.

My dear D——, you want an opinion on your parliamentary career, do you? Very well, David, you shall have it. But for goodness sake, don't be so profuse in your questions. Give a fellow a chance. Don't fling them at me all in a lump, as it were, because you'll give me a headache, and make me profane, and that would never do—would it David?

Do I think it was a good thing that you got elected? Yes, it was a very good thing for you. Six hundred dollars isn't to be sneezed at. You'd work a long time at home before you'd make so much. You'd have to teach a good many A B C's for it—wouldn't you. Yes, it was a very good thing for you. How about your constituents though?

Have I ever heard you speak? Well, yes I have. I was taken with cold chills immediately after, but I don't blame you in the least. Yes, I've heard you speak. I like your speaking very much. I think with a little more practice you'll make a very fine speaker indeed. I would connect my sentences a little more, though, if I were you. Don't always be waiting to give the reporters a chance. Five minutes intermission between each paragraph is plenty. And another thing, I think if I were in your place I'd give up speaking through my nose. Very few public speakers use that organ now. Even the very greatest orators make a point of working with their lips. Yes, always have a handkerchief with you, and, look here D., don't tell the one story over two or three times in the same speech; and for heaven's sake don't forget what I told you about speaking through your nose, because every time you fetch a snort louder than usual, you make up the big guns who have been asleep on the front desks; and, I say, David, take good care of Q.C. Blake's bag, because *he* may want to use it next Session.

Yes, D——, I should say you have had a very good education. Ann Arbor is a very nice place and a man can do a great deal in four months. It takes five or six years to drive a decent amount of knowledge into a fellow's head in our old fogy Canadian colleges; but they're behind the age altogether. I would just hint, for your benefit, however, that 'how' is not usually pronounced 'heow,' any more than 'cow' is called 'keow,' or 'been' 'ben.' And furthermore, recollect that a plural nominative requires a plural verb, right tuloorali-ooral, and so on, David.

Is your appearance prepossessing? Well, now, on the whole, do you know, I don't think it is. Your're not what would be called a handsome man, not by any means. As an Adonis, I should say you were a failure. Excuse the familiarity, D——, but who is your tailor? Change him at once, my son. Your get-up was all very well for tea meetings and board meetings, and that sort of thing; but it won't do for the metropolis.

Do I think your're getting on? Yes, D——, I believe you are. Your bashfulness is the only thing that stands in your way. You don't make the most of your chances. You might have had a seat alongside of McKenzie by this time, if it weren't for your modesty. Holton, Dorion and others are very well in their way; but they haven't been educated at Ann Arbor. *They* couldn't graduate in four months with L.L.B. stuck to *their* names—not much! Yes, your are getting on—as you call it. —— fears you, and —— would rather see the Devil himself pass the Speaker's chair than you. Of course, you have a perfect right to cross the floor to enlighten the ignorant Ministerialists, but don't you think its rough enough on them to have to listen to your speeches, without having them explained afterwards! Yes; take a back seat. By and bye, perhaps, say twenty years hence, when the blessings of American institutions and sound constitutional law are better understood, you may have a chance. In the mean time stick to your Fourth Reader and be happy.

Very truly yours,
L. L. B.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

Parties requiring new carpets, floor oil cloths, or other house furnishings, would do well to inspect Magee & Russell's extensive stock before purchasing, as they have recently received large additions of this season's patterns from the most celebrated makers in Britain. Carpets made and laid by competent upholsterers.

THE LATE MAJOR ELLIOT, OF WINDSOR.

We briefly announced the other day the death, at Windsor, Ont., on the 19th ultimo, of Major John Furser Elliot, who for nearly thirty years had filled the responsible office of Collector of Customs at that place. We learn from the *Essex Journal* that the deceased gentleman was a scion of the old border family of Elliots, Lairds of Lauristown, Unthank and Peell:

"They were a younger branch of the family of that Sir Gilbert Elliot, so famous in border history, from whom Lord Heathfield, the defender of Gibraltar, and the Earls of Minto, also claim descent. Henry Elliot, Laird of Peell and Rawenburn, was an adherent of Prince Charles in the rebellion of 1745. The Prince spent his last night in Scotland, prior to the march upon London, at Peell Manor House. Next morning the young Laird, who was only recently married, marshalled his tenants and retainers, and accompanied the "Young Chevalier" on his ill-fated expedition. After the retreat to Scotland, Rawenburn abandoned the hopeless cause, returned quietly to his home, and succeeded in making good his submission to the House of Hanover. One of Elliot, of Peell and Rawenburn's sons, also named Henry, became a captain in the Royal Marines, and married in 1789, Miss Catharine Furzer. The Furzers were an Essex family, descended from Daniel Furzer, Surveyor-General of the Royal Navy during the reigns of William of Orange and Queen Anne.

Daniel Furzer had a son John, a captain in the Royal Navy, who was lost with his ship, the *Hind*, off the coast of Guernsey, in 1721. His son, Daniel Furzer, was a lieutenant in the Royal Marines, and was killed in action at Gibraltar, in 1718, leaving an infant son, John Furzer, who afterwards became a captain in the Marines, and was the grandfather of the subject of our sketch. Captain Henry Elliot and Catharine Furzer, his wife, had seven children. Their second son, John Furzer Elliot, was born at Stonehouse Barracks, Devonshire, on the 5th of November, 1794. He received his commission as a lieutenant in the 65th company of the Royal Marines, on the 4th of January, 1809, when only 14 years of age. His company was attached to H. M. S. *Stephon*. He served during the two ensuing years at the Cape of Good Hope, and in the Indian Archipelago. Was present at the capture of Java from the French, in August, 1811. He possessed a trophy of that important action in the shape of a sword, which he took from a French officer. Some years ago it was presented by him to his intimate friend, the Hon. Justice John Wilson. His eldest brother, Henry Elliot, who also held a commission in the Royal Marines, was also present with him at Java, and was wounded three times during the battle. In 1812 our young lieutenant returned to the Cape, and was transferred to H. M. ship *Lion*. After varied services the *Lion* returned to England, and Lieut. Elliot was transferred to the *Lee*, which served in the Mediterranean and the British Channel during that eventful year 1815. After the peace he was stationed in England, principally at Plymouth. In 1818 he was attached the H. M. ship *Spencer* and was stationed at Cork. The enforced monotony of a military life in time of peace chafed on the ardent spirit of the young officer, and he applied to be permitted to retire upon half pay. His application was granted, and he left the *Spencer* on the 3rd of June, 1869, having seen nearly eleven years active service. Accompanied by his brothers, he sailed for Canada, arriving at Quebec on the 27th July, of the same year. They pitched upon the Perth settlement as a desirable place of residence, being attracted to it by the fact that a number of half-pay officers had made their homes there. James and George Elliot subsequently returned to England. James obtained a commission in the 33rd regiment, but afterwards returned to Canada, and died recently at Warwick, in the county of Lambton. George, the youngest, and now the sole survivor of the four brothers, got a commission in the Royal Marines, has seen much service, and is now Major-General on the retired list. To return to John Furzer Elliot he remained at Perth settlement some 15 years: was married there on the 14th of December, 1821, to Miss Harriet Kinnear, eldest daughter of the late Capt. Kinnear, of the Royal Artillery, who survives him. In 1834 he removed to Western Canada, and settled on the St. Clair. During the rebellion he served first as Captain, and afterwards as Major on the frontier, winning the affection and respect of the officers and men of his command, and earning the reputation of being one of the most efficient officers in the Western Peninsula. Through the personal friendship of Sir Charles Chichester, who commanded in the West, he was appointed Collector of Customs at the Port of Windsor, (then called the Port of Sandwich, on the 21st day of February, 1841."

Major Elliot died at the good old age of seventy-five, leaving behind him his widow and a large family, the eldest of whom, Captain Henry Elliot, of the Royal Marines, highly distinguished himself during the late Crimean war. Major Elliot was a gentleman of the "old school," the members of which, alas, are so fast disappearing from our midst. Being an old soldier, who had seen much active service, his idea of the word duty, was far different from that which generally obtains at the present day. Duty was with him not a word alone, to be conveniently used on convenient occasions to serve convenient purposes; but it was a sacred obligation which he owed as well to himself as to his country. Hence it was that during the long period of his incumbency, stationed as he was at an important post on the frontier, where the duties were at all times most onerous and trying, and the utmost caution and vigilance were necessary; we never heard of a single complaint being made to the department against him. In the community in which he lived he was much respected and beloved, and both there and throughout the neighbouring counties his death is unaffectedly mourned.

We notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognise the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

We would call the attention of those in need of spectacles and eye glasses to the stock of those articles kept on hand by Messrs. Young & Radford, who are the sole agents for Ottawa for the celebrated Lazarus & Morris' spectacles and eye glasses. All those who have tried them admit they are the most brilliant, perfect and easy glass to the eye yet introduced into Ottawa. The offers are liberal; if the purchaser is not satisfied the money can be returned after one or two weeks trial.

Gentlemen can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

For Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

Everybody Says So.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co is on each package. Northrop & Lyman Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Monday, May 10.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

NEW MEMBER.

Hon. Mr. LEVISCONTE, the newly-elected member for Richmond, N. S, was introduced by Messrs. Savary and Ray.

PETITIONS.

A large number of petitions were presented, among them several praying that no fundamental changes be made in the existing Banking Laws, and others for local, harbour and other improvements; also two for the repeal of the Insolvency Act.

RETURNS.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN presented two returns, one on the communications relative to the importation of American silver; the other, the copy of instructions, &c, to Mr. Page, relative to the ship channel between Montreal and Quebec.

FIRST READINGS.

Mr. MORRIS introduced a Bill to incorporate the Dominion Mutual Life and Guarantee Insurance Company.

On motion of Mr. McKENZIE, the House concurred in the third report of the Printing Committee.

Mr. MACDONALD (Lunenburg) introduced a Bill to incorporate the Merchants' Bank of Halifax.

Mr. WALSH introduced a Bill entitled an Act relative to the International Bridge Company.

Mr. BLANCHET introduced a Bill to amend the Act relating to the inspection of leather and raw hides.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER introduced a Bill from the Senate entitled an Act respecting patents of invention—second reading to-morrow.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD introduced an Act from the Senate respecting Joint Stock Companies—second reading to-morrow.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Mr. DAOUST enquired whether it is the intention of the Government to take steps to regulate the value of the silver and copper coin now principally in circulation, so as to make it correspond with the decimal system now established, and to prevent the losses resulting from the circulation of the existing currency?

Hon. Mr. ROSE was understood to say that the currency was under consideration, and that he would explain his views more fully when the motion on the paper by Mr. Savary, relating to the uniformity of the currency of the Dominion, was reached.

Mr. FORTIN enquired whether it is the intention of the Government to bring down, during the present session, any measure for the purchase by the Government of telegraph lines established within the Dominion of Canada, effecting thereby a combination of the telegraphic and postal services, and tendering the former more complete, more efficient, and especially more economical; and whether it is in contemplation to extend the same to the gulf of the St. Lawrence and the great lakes?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said it was not the intention of the Government, during the present session.

Mr. HARRISON enquired whether it is the intention of the Government to establish a court of admiralty jurisdiction for the western part of the Dominion, or to confer admiralty jurisdiction upon existing courts?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD was understood to say that it was under consideration whether such jurisdiction could not be conferred on the Court of Error and Appeal.

Mr. FORBES enquired whether it is the intention of the Government to go on and build the breastwork around Little Hope Island, during the present season, as the parties who have tendered for the same are desirous of information on the subject?

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL said the matter required further examination. The work would have to be examined by competent engineers, with the view to ascertain the cost, and this was a serious question requiring consideration.

Mr. GENDRON enquired whether it is the intention of the Government to introduce, during the present session, a measure authorising the establishment of banks of landed credit (*credit foncier*) in the Judicial Districts of the Dominion?

Hon. Mr. ROSE said it was not.

Mr. CAMERON (Inverness) enquired whether it is the intention of the Government to discontinue the services of the drill Sergeants who were engaged by the Nova Scotia Government for the purpose of instructing the Militia of that Province previous to Confederation; and if so, whether any provision will be made for them after dismissal from the public service?

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said the subject was under consideration.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Mr. McKENZIE enquired why there had been so much delay in bringing down the papers relating to the Intercolonial Railway. He was anxious to go on with the resolutions of which he had given notice, but could not in the absence of the papers for which he had asked.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN explained that the staff of Railway Commissioners was fully employed, and these returns were in course of preparation.

Mr. McKENZIE said that a return just brought down regarding the St. Lawrence navigation contained a large number of documents which had already been brought down two or three times, and were of no earthly use; yet papers wanted for the discussion of an important question were unreasonably delayed.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL said there had been no unnecessary delay, as the papers were now being copied in the office of the Railway Commissioners.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the reference to these returns should show members the necessity of exercising great discrimination in asking for papers. Government had every disposition to meet the wishes of members, but he was quite sure a great deal of unnecessary labour had been incurred in preparing unimportant returns.

Mr. McKENZIE said if members would communicate with the heads of Departments, this difficulty might be obviated.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON agreed that many useless documents were brought down, but thought the papers asked for would involve little delay.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL explained the mode of procedure on addresses for returns, and said that with respect to the bulky return referred to, it had been prepared with very little expense, as nearly all the papers were ready before and had been sent down in case they might be wanted.

Mr. McKENZIE hoped the papers would be brought down to morrow, and he would go on with his resolutions on Wednesday.

THE CURRENCY.

Mr. SAVARY moved for copies of any proclamations, &c., relating to the assimilation of the currency of the Dominion. He said when the Currency Bill was before Parliament at its last Session, he had moved an amendment for the adoption of the standard prevailing in his own Province, as being the adaptation of the national currency to that of the Dominion. He believed that course would have been preferable to the one adopted by the Government. He considered that the English sovereign should be valued at five dollars. He argued in favour of the adoption of some uniform system of currency for the whole Dominion, pointing out the difficulty under which Nova Scotia traders laboured when dealing with New Brunswick or the upper provinces. They had to submit to a discount which they considered little less than robbery.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said he was glad his hon. friend made this motion, as it gave him an opportunity of stating the reasons why Government had felt it to be their duty not to issue any proclamation in accordance with the authority given them by the Act of last Session. His hon. friend had in no way exaggerated the inconvenience and loss which had resulted from there being a different currency in Quebec, Ontario, and New Brunswick, from what existed in Nova Scotia. Still there were other and broader considerations to be regarded in the matter. At the time the legislation of last Session was sought, there was a Bill before the American Congress, which its introducer, Senator Sherman, believed would become law during that session, and which would have had the effect of carrying out the recommendations of the Paris conference, adopted some months ago, in favour of an international assimilation of currency based on the French twenty-five franc piece, the American five dollar piece, and the English sovereign being made equal to it. The European Continental Governments had generally given their assent to this project, and our Act of last Session authorized this Government also to adopt it, so soon as it should be adopted by the American Government. But since that time an entirely new phase had come over the question, in consequence of the researches by an English Royal Commission, which was named about the time this House was last sitting. The enquiries made by that commission had brought so many important facts under the notice of the European and American Governments, that the state of public opinion had undergone very considerable change with reference to the whole question—insomuch so that the American Congress had deferred legislating on the subject, and new Commissioners had been appointed by the French, and, he believed, other continental Governments, to ascertain whether the statements made by the English Commissioners were, or were not, founded on fact, and logical in their recommendations. The recommendations of the English Commissioners went for a good way in harmony with those of the Paris Conference. They agreed that some one coin should be taken as the standard of a currency which should be uniform among the commercial nations of the world; they agreed that that coin should be gold, and not silver; and they agreed that it should be nine-tenths fine, instead of being the fineness of the English sovereign, which contained only one-twelfth alloy. But in the course of their enquiries, they had discovered an important fact, which materially affected the calculations on which the recommendations of the Paris conference had been based—that in finance there had been a double standard, one of gold, and one of silver—that there was a large amount of this silver currency in circulation bearing a larger proportion in value to gold than it ought to do with gold nine-tenths fine—that a silver franc, for example, was worth a good deal more than one-fifth of a gold five-franc piece. This important fact having been disclosed by the English commission, the French Government had caused enquiry to be made with regard to it, and if the fact was found to be as alleged, the whole question would assume a different phase. The English Commissioners, while going with the Paris Conference the first three steps he had mentioned, recommended as the standard for the proposed international currency, the English sovereign, instead of the French twenty-five franc piece, as the most convenient for the world at large. And they had strong reasons indeed for the conclusion at which they had arrived. In the first place, they said the English sovereign had never varied in value from the well known gold standard of a pound sterling, by which most of the coin in the world had been regulated. The adoption of any other standard, they considered, would cause a great deal of inconvenience all the world over. Another reason for adopting the sovereign was, that, if the twenty-five franc piece was adopted as the basis, France and the United States would have to call in all their silver coin, in order to assimilate it to the gold standard. And their reasons were fortified by another consideration. The English Government had never charged seignorage for gold left at the mint, but for so many ounces in gold, returned after so many days their equivalent in coin. Whereas France, the United States, and other countries, did charge seignorage for converting bar gold into current coin. The consequence would be, that the many millions of gold now in circulation, which would require to be recoined, would be all brought to England for that purpose, as the coining would there be done for nothing. The commissioner also recommended that any change should be carried out by a convention or treaty into which the various nations should enter, and suggested a number of matters, such as the reminting of coin which had lost by sweating or use, as to which there must be international arrangements. He understood that it was now the impression, both in France and the United States, that the recommendations of the English Commissioners had much merit in them, if they should not wholly be accepted, and the English sovereign adopted as the standard. This would cause very little inconvenience to those countries, for the pound sterling had been practically the standard throughout the world up to the time of the French revolution, and in the United States, during the suspension of specie payments, it was of little consequence what particular coin was taken as the standard, whereas the investigations of the Commission had shewn that the world at large would be more inconvenienced by changing from the English sovereign than the United States would be by a change from their five-dollar piece, or France by assimilating her 25 franc piece to the sovereign. Under these circumstances he thought we should submit a little longer to the inconvenience arising from the difference of currency in these Provinces. He supposed his hon. friends from Nova Scotia would not like for a month or two, or a year or two, to change the Nova Scotia currency by assimilating it to ours, and then have to go back again to their present system, in the event of France and the United States adopting the English sovereign.

Mr. McKENZIE—The United States surely won't take a sovereign. (Laughter.)

Hon. Mr. ROSE—Perhaps they won't refuse one financially. (Hear, hear.) He thought it would be necessary, under the circumstances he had explained, that we should subject ourselves for some time longer to the inconvenience of having different systems of money and accounts prevailing in the different Provinces. He hoped we would soon get Newfoundland into the Confederation. Newfoundland also had a different standard of money—differing both from Nova Scotia and from the rest of the Dominion. In Newfoundland the sovereign, he believed, was worth $4.80, while in Nova Scotia it was worth $5.00, and here $4.86⅔. The Hudson's Bay Territory again, which we hoped soon to incorporate into this Union, had still a fourth standard, and Prince Edward Island, which we hope by and bye to bring into the fold, had another peculiar to itself. He hoped it would be seen, from the observations he had made, that the Government had exercised a becoming watchfulness over this matter, and that they had done right in not acting upon the legislation of last session, until they saw what the action of other nations was likely to be. He observed from the report of the commission that the Swedish Government, and he believed another nation which was mentioned in the report, had adopted the same course as we had done, and passed a permissive Bill. Our own legislation was also referred to in the report.

Mr. SAVARY said after the explanation of the Hon. Finance Minister he would withdraw his motion.

SUBSIDIES FOR RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION, N. B.

Hon. Mr. CONNELL moved for correspondence between the Dominion and Local Government of New Brunswick, relating to the subsidy provided under Act of the Legislature, 1864, of said Province, to facilitate the construction of railways. He said that the object of the motion was to ascertain if there was any correspondence between the Dominion and the New Brunswick Government, in which the latter were advised to submit a Bill to the Local Legislature to do away with certain provisions of the subsidy Act of 1864, by which aid was granted to the railroad connecting the European and North American railway with Albert county, and also to the road connecting with Canada. He read an extract from a letter from the Minister of Justice, in which he objected to grant an extension of time to the Albert railway, and from that correspondence he was led to believe Government objected to give facilities for the construction of any railway not in existence on 1st July, 1867. The people in Albert county and on River St. John were deeply interested on good faith being kept with these lines, and it was desirable that the correspondence should be brought down that there might be no misconception as to the course it was intended to follow with respect to them by the Government.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said when the Province of New Brunswick came into the Union, it had incurred large obligations in the shape of subsidies for building railways. There were five or six of these railways going on, and, although the Dominion had discharged these obligations, as they matured, it was on the distinct and positive understanding with the Local Government of New Brunswick, that these payments should be charged against the Province, and included as part of its debt. The correspondence relating to these subsidies was of a most voluminous character, and would involve a great deal of labour in preparing it.

The motion was withdrawn, on the understanding that it would be brought up again in a different form.

SPECIAL SERVICES.

Mr. McKENZIE moved that an order of the House do issue for a statement of the names of the officers of the Civil Service, who have received any sum of money as allowance for special or other services for the present year, over their regular salary. He said reports had reached him of large amounts having been paid for special services to men who were at the same time in the receipt of salaries for performing their ordinary duties. He would not now refer to names; but he wished it distinctly understood that the policy to which he referred was considered on his side of the House entirely objectionable.

Hon. Mr. ROSE appreciated the delicacy of the hon. member in refraining from bringing forward the names of the gentlemen to whom he had alluded. He was understood to remark upon the Civil Service Bill, and its effect on these payments.

The motion was carried.

Mr. McKENZIE moved that the return concerning the distribution of the laws be referred to the Joint Committee on Printing. He complained that the statutes were at present delivered in a most irregular way.

At the request of Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER the motion was allowed to stand.

Mr. McKENZIE moved an address for the copy of Col. Macdougall's letter, resigning the office of Adjutant-General, and other correspondence relating thereto. He had formerly been told there was no such letter, but he had since learned that there was. He regretted that the country had lost the services of such a valuable officer.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that before he left England he had received a letter from Col. Macdougall, with the request that he should lay the same before the Governor-General when he returned to Canada. It was quite true, therefore, that at the time the Minister of Justice had made the statement referred to there was no such letter before the Government, he (Sir George) not having then laid it before his Excellency. This had now been done, and he had no objection to the production of the papers. He joined with the hon. member for Lambton in expressing sincere regret that the country had lost the valuable services of Col. Macdougall.

The motion was carried.

PRINTING THE STATUTES AND "CANADA GAZETTE."

Mr. YOUNG moved the House into Committee of the Whole, to consider certain resolutions on the subject of printing the statutes, and printing and publishing the *Canada Gazette*. He had no fault to find with those who had done this work heretofore. It had been well done, and he did not complain against them, but against the system which had formerly prevailed. He understood that the statutes cost about a dollar a volume, whereas, in Ontario, they had cost but a little over forty cents. He was sure that at least thirty per cent. could be saved by putting up this work to competition. He instanced the experience of Parliament, and the great saving which had been effected since the contract system had been adopted. He read the cost of Parliamentary printing for several years preceding the adoption of the contract system, and several years after, shewing a very large saving. With respect to the *Official Gazette*, which now cost the country so much, it might also be more economically managed. In England the *Official Gazette* was printed by the Government; and in 1866 the profits realised from its publication amounted to £15,405 sterling, which profits increased to £17,071 in the following year. He also referred to the economical management of the printing of the *Official Gazette* in the Province of Ontario.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said there could be no difference of opinion as to the matter of economy in printing, though some people may have different views how that could best be brought about. The whole subject is at present under the consideration of the Government. As they had all understood the Queen's Printer's office had lately been burnt down and every one sympathised with the sufferers by that great calamity (hear, hear). He might say there were now two or three propositions before the Government, and he would ask the hon. member to let his motion stand for a few days, when the Government would be able to announce what course it would take in the matter.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought it was asking too much to put this motion over without the assurance from the Government that they would bring down a measure of their own on the subject. It appeared as if the Government meant to delay the measures until a late part of the session, when it would be impossible to discuss it. The early part of the session was the only one in which there was any reasonable time for the discussion of such a question.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said to prove the sincerity of the Government he would give the hon. mover a government day to bring up his resolution, if he had not time otherwise.

Mr. McKENZIE followed, arguing that there was no Queen's Printer, and that in this as in other matters, the Government was neglecting the business. Unless the Government would pledge itself to bring down a policy, it was outrageous to ask for the delay of the motion.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said it was impossible that he, as a member of the Government, could announce the Government policy upon a question that was still under consideration.

The motion was allowed to stand.

Mr. ROSS, (Dundas), moved for a return of all the grain imported into this country, from the 1st of April, 1867, to the 1st of April, 1869.—Carried.

Mr. OLIVER in moving a Select Committee on the purchase and exportation of American silver, argued that much of the depression of trade throughout the country was due to our having so large a depreciated currency afloat, and that its purchase and exportation would be a great public advantage.

Mr. ROSE did not object to the committee, but desired the postponement of its appointment until after the returns just brought down were printed.—Agreed to.

Mr. HARRISON moved for the production of the petitions, &c., relative to the seizure of the schooner *Mazeppa*, and was about addressing the House, when

It being six o'clock the SPEAKER left the chair.

After Recess.

Mr. HARRISON moved an address for copies of petitions and correspondence on the seizure of the schooner *Mazeppa* at Detroit in 1854. The owner, Mr. Reid, had never been compensated by the American Government. An outrage had been perpetrated on a British subject by an armed body of Americans. He argued that the owner had a right to compensation.—Carried.

Mr. HARRISON moved that on Wednesday next the House go into Committee of the Whole to consider the following resolutions:

1. That it is expedient that every consignee of goods named in a bill of lading, and every endorser of a bill of lading or warehouse receipt, to whom the property in the goods therein mentioned shall pass, upon, or by reason of such consignment, or endorsement, shall have transferred to, and vested in him, all rights of suit, and be subject to the same in respect of such goods, as if the contract contained in the bill of lading or warehouse receipt had been made to himself. 2. That it is expedient that every bill of lading or warehouse receipt in the hands of a consignee or endorsee for valuable consideration, the bill of lading representing the goods to have been shipped on board a vessel or train, or the warehouse receipt representing goods to have been received in store, shall be conclusive evidence of such shipment or storing respectively, as against the master, warehouse, or other person, signing such bill of lading or warehouse receipt, notwithstanding that such goods or some part thereof may have not been so shiped or stored, unless the holder of such bill of lading or warehouse receipt shall have had actual notice at the time of receiving the same that the same had not been in fact laden on board or been stored.

He said he wanted to make bills of lading conclusive receipts that the property had been laden; and warehouse receipts conclusive proof that the property had been warehoused. His intention was to introduce a bill founded on these resolutions similar to a law which had been some time in force in England, and worked well.

After some conversational debate among the legal members the motion was carried.

Mr. POPE moved for a return of all correspondence, orders in Council and other papers between the Government and Wm. Brewster, or any other parties respecting the claim of Wm. Brewster for damages, &c., on account of work done on the Lachine Canal.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. DORION enquired when the returns concerning the imports and exports which he had asked for would be brought down.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said there was great difficulty in meeting the object intended by the hon. member. Such articles as coin and bullion would materially affect the return, and destroy its value, in so far as shewing the effects of reciprocity. He would, however, have the return down in a shape to supply the desired information in a few days.

On motion of Mr. GODIN the House went into Committee of the Whole, on the Bill to alter the electoral limits of Joliette and Berthier.—Mr. GEOFFRION in the chair. Report concurred in.

PRIVATE EXECUTIONS.

Mr. MORRIS stated that as the Government had embodied the principle of his bill relating to executions within prisons, in the Criminal Procedure Act, he would allow the motion for going into committee on his bill to stand for the present.

DOMINION DAY.

On the motion to go into committee on Mr. McConkey's bill to make the First of July a legal holiday,

Mr. HOLTON objected to the Bill. It affected the interests of labour and of commerce. It was a most objectionable measure in itself, but he objected to the Bill on a point of order. It was in effect taking the money of the people.

Mr. LEVISCONTE thought it was unfair to ask them to celebrate as a holiday the anniversary of the day on which they believed a most grievous burthen was imposed on them. It was unreasonable to believe that in Nova Scotia, the majority of whose people was against Confederation, would like to keep a day in honour of Confederation.

Mr. DUNKIN denied that there was any force in the point of order raised by the member for Chateauguay.

The SPEAKER ruled that the motion was in order. He could not understand that a holiday was a burthen upon the people. (Laughter.)

Mr. MACDONALD, (Glengarry), seconded by Mr. MACDONALD, (Lunenburg), moved the six months' hoist.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER hoped the hon. mover would postpone the discussion on the Bill for a day or two. They had just heard the views of an hon. gentleman from Nova Scotia, and though he did not quite understand his argument, it would be well to postpone the question for a time.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought the Bill should certainly be held over until the President of the Council was in his seat.

Mr. MACDONALD (Lunenburg) said if the measure were forced now, he should certainly vote against going into committee. We had already too many holidays, and he was convinced that this Bill, if passed, would give great dissatisfaction in Nova Scotia.

Mr. CHIPMAN had no objection to the people of Ontario and Quebec and New Brunswick holding the 1st of July as a holiday; but in Nova Scotia it would be one of lamentation. The Nova Scotians felt they were powerless in this House; and if this bill were passed it would only be another proof of it.

Mr. FERGUSSON would assure the members from Nova Scotia that it was not the intention of the people of Ontario to impose this bill on them. He thought there were already too many holidays, and was opposed to the introduction of any more. Were it made a holiday, it would be of very little benefit to the religious portion of the community. It would be a day of idleness to all but the tavern keepers, and they would make money. He would vote against the Bill with great satisfaction.

Mr. MORRIS hoped the Bill would be withdrawn because of the manner in which it would be regarded in Nova Scotia.

Mr. D. A. MACDONALD argued against the Bill because Confederation had been a failure.

Mr. SAVARY regretted that such a discussion had been brought up at this stage of the session. He opposed the Bill for several reasons, and argued that such a Bill should not be forced through the House.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said that to make the first of July a holiday, only made it a holiday in the statutory sense; it did not affect the Courts, it could not affect any other matters than those subjects over which they had legislative control.

Mr. McCONKEY said after the very general desire of the House he would withdraw the Bill. He regretted exceedingly that the Bill had given rise to any angry discussion.

In reply to Mr. BOWELL,

Hon. Mr. ROSE stated that the subject of interest had been under the consideration of the Government, but they had been waiting the arrival of the Hon. the President of the Council, who would be here to-morrow; and on Friday next he would probably bring forward resolutions on the subject of interest; he had, in fact, given formal notice to that effect; and also for the same day the resolution on banking and currency.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON enquired what would be the Government measures for to-morrow, (Tuesday).

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said the Minister of Justice would proceed with the Insolvency Act, after which he would take a stage on some of the criminal Bills, and if time was still left, the Hon. Minister of Finance would ask the House to go into Committee of Supply.

The House adjourned at 9:20.

DIED.

In this city, on the 9th instant, Alexander Holt, infant son of N. W. Bethune, aged 13 months.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

TREES, SHRUBS and ROSES.

On Wednesday Next, the 12th Instant,

At TWO o'clock, p. m.,

The subscriber will sell at his New Sale-room, East end of Sappers' Bridge, Rideau-st., a large and choice collection of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Flowering Shrubs, Hybrid, Perpetual Moss and Climbing Roses, Standard and Dwarf Apple Trees, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Montreal Beauty, Siberian and Transcendant Crab Apple Trees. Currant—Red, White and Black. Gooseberries—English and American sorts. Raspberries in great variety. Strawberries—Wilson, Jacunda, Dr. Macaise, Agriculturist, and Triumph. De Gouel Grapes, Concord, Delaware, Rebecca and Isabella; Asparagus Roots, two years old. Shrubs, comprising Niegelias, Spireas, Deutzias, Snow Ball, Lilacs, and Roses of all the leading sorts. A fine lot of Mountain Ash, and a few choice Weeping Trees for beautifying lawns and family burying places. Trees—Peoneas, Gladiolus, &c., &c. It is only necessary to say that the above were selected at the well-known nurseries of R. J. Donnelly, Rochester, N. Y., and are perfectly hardy and suitable for this climate.

J. H. SHANLEY,
Agent.
A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, May 11. 1046td

500 BUSHELS SEED PEAS
—AT—
T. KAVANAGH'S FLOUR STORE,
Rideau-st., next door to the Tea Pot.
Ottawa, May 11. 1046a

Ottawa Times.

THE WEEKLY TIMES,
Containing Parliamentary Debates,
Editorials, Local News,
Telegraphic, Agricultural,
Commercial and General News.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.
Delivered at our office in the city, or mailed at
$1 A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

TENDERS

Will be received by the Board of Commissioners of Police until FRIDAY, the FOURTEENTH day of MAY, 1869, at 12 o'clock noon, for SUPPLYING CLOTHING for the POLICE FORCE for one year.

Information as to articles required may be had on application to the CHIEF OF POLICE at the City Hall.

W. P. LETT,
Clerk, B. C. P.
Ottawa, May 10, 1869. 1046d

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

A GENERAL MEETING

of the above Association will be held at their Hall

THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING,

at EIGHT o'clock.

A full attendance is requested, as business of importance is to be laid before the meeting.

JOHN KELLY,
Secretary.
1046-1

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

Terms of subscription for	1 year	[illegible]
	6 months	[illegible]
	3 do	[illegible]
	1 do	[illegible]

The latest novels, British and American Periodicals always on hand. Books bought, sold and exchanged, at

HAUSER'S, Sparks-st.

NOTICE.

All parties indebted to the estate of the late Mr. G. W. LESTER are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and all parties in possession of any chattels, or personal effects, belonging to the said G. W. LESTER at the time of his death, are hereby notified to deliver the same to the undersigned forthwith.

(Signed,) J. L. ORME,
Administrator of G. W. Lester, deceased.
Ottawa, May 11, 1869. 1046f

Amusements.

CITIZENS' PROMENADE CONCERT,
IN HONOUR OF
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL,
AND
LADY YOUNG,
THE SENATORS AND MEMBERS OF
THE HOUSE OF COMMONS OF
THE DOMINION,
IN THE
SKATING RINK,
ON
WEDNESDAY, 12th MAY, at 8 p.m.

The committee are happy to announce that they have secured the assistance of the full Band of the Rifle Brigade (military and stringed orchestral), of Professor G. Smith, and several favourite lady and gentlemen amateurs.

Refreshments by Mrs. Proderick.

Single tickets, 50 cents. Double tickets for lady and gentleman, 75 cents.

☞ See programmes. 1045-3

BAZAAR,
under the distinguished patronage
OF HER EXCELLENCY LADY YOUNG.

The Ladies of ST. ANDREW'S CONGREGATION, (Church of Scotland), intend holding a BAZAAR in aid of the funds of that Church, in GOWAN'S HALL, entrance by Wellington-st., on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 13th and 14th instant.

Patroness—Her Excellency Lady Young.
Vice Patroness—Lady Macdonald.

☞ Contributions are solicited, and will be received by the following ladies who have kindly consented to act as a committee:

Mrs. McKay,	Mrs. Bronson,
Mrs. Stewart,	Mrs. A. J. Russell,
Mrs. Grant,	Mrs. John McLean,
Mrs. Cassels,	Mrs. Drummond,
Mrs. Jas Gordon,	Mrs. T. Patterson,
Mrs. McNutt,	Mrs. Taylor,
Mrs. Ross,	Mrs. M. Patterson.

Contributions to the Refreshment Table are requested to be sent to the Hall as early as possible on Thursday morning.

Admittance 12½ cents.

J. S. RUSSELL,
President of Committee.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043td

MRS. LINTON

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa, that she is prepared to give lessons in the following: Wax Flowers and Shells, Mexkine—something new, Feather Flowers, Royal Wreath, and something new in Tape and Berlin Wool.

New pupils not received after May 15th.

Residence with Mrs. EBIN WOOD, St. Paul street, near the "Daily News" Office. 1045-3

LOCAL NEWS.

MILLINERY.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the members of the above association is called for this evening at eight o'clock, in their hall.

POLICE COURT.—There was no case at the Police Court yesterday. Considering that large numbers of men have recently come from the shanties, and Sunday intervening, this is gratifying. Were it not for the law that closes public houses early on Saturday evenings, there would most likely have been several drunken disorderlies up for trial.

RIFLE BRIGADE BAND.—Last night the Rifle Brigade Band played, for the first time this season, in front of the Officers' Quarters on George-st. As usual there was a large attendance, both of those who cannot attend the afternoon music, and those who can, but prefer the cool of the evening to listen to one of the finest of regimental bands that has ever visited this country.

SALE OF BIRDS.—We are instructed to say that the birds still remaining on hand will be sold at reduced prices. As this is probably the last day of the sale we would advise all those who have not yet visited Mr. Rowe's sale rooms, not to allow the opportunity to pass without doing so. It is acknowledged by all that they are really the finest lot of birds ever offered to the public of this city.

DISGRACING ONE'S FRIENDS.—Drunkard's ought not to have relations, nor ought they to have names like sober, decent people, because in the first case they disgrace their relations, and in the second case the sober owner of the name may be mistaken for the drunken one. Here is a case in point:—We are requested to state that *Robert Spittal*, who was fined at the police court last week, does not belong to this city. Let the *country Robert*, who will know the reason why, put that in his pipe, and drink no more.

THE WEATHER.—The weather seems now to have set in for summer in earnest. Yesterday was as fine a sample of an early summer day as we could ever wish to see. The sun shone out brightly and warmly, not too warm, but sufficiently so to make all animated nature within its influence feel comfortable. Vegetation is in a state of verdant progress. The frame work of numbers of horses and cows have been turned out in search of bits of grass, and it is pitiful to see with what eagerness the poor skeletons crop the tender herbage.

BAZAAR.—The bazaar of the ladies of St. Andrew's congregation (Church of Scotland) in aid of the funds of the church, will be held in Gowan's Hall, on Thursday and Friday, the 13th and 14th inst, (this week) Lady Young, patroness, and Lady Macdonald, vice-patroness. This bazaar has been for some time in preparation, and there is no doubt but that the ladies who have extended so heartily into the work will make a worthy exhibition of the fruits of their industry and skill, and we cordially commend the bazaar to the liberal patronage of the public.

SEVERE ACCIDENT.—On Saturday last, as Mr. William Graham, of Gloucester, was going home from the city, on horseback, he fell from his horse and was very severely injured. The accident happened a little beyond the bridge. It appears that he was stunned by the fall, and when his senses returned he thought his neck was broken. There was no help near, and he crawled on his hands and knees to the house of Mr. Yeilding. Dr. VanCortlandt was called in; and, under his treatment, he was yesterday much better. It came very near being a fatal case. The cause of the fall we do not know.

IRISH METHODIST MISSIONS.—The Rev. Mr. Campbell gave a most interesting lecture on the success of the Irish Methodist Missions last night in the Methodist chapel in Metcalfe-st., after which a collection was made for the benefit of the Connemara Mission, Galway, Ireland. The Revd gentleman is eloquent with a fund of Irish anecdotes, which kept his hearers amused; at the same time imparting to them good, sound advice for their eternal welfare. He sang several verses in the Irish language, in the pleasing and soft tones of his country. He preaches again this morning at nine o'clock. We recommend all those who desire a great treat to go and hear him.

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT.—The grand promenade concert in honour of his Excellency the Governor-General and Lady Young, the senators and members of the House of Commons of the Dominion, which takes place at the rink to-morrow evening, will be on a scale of magnificence equal to that of the grand ball. The building will retain the decorations used on the former occasion, with such additions and alterations as may be found necessary to the requirements of the concert. The full band of the Rifle Brigade, military and orchestral, will be present. We are glad to find also that the eminent services of Professor Smith have been secured for the occasion, as well as those of a number of the best lady and gentlemen amateurs of the city. This concert is looked forward to with a great deal of interest, and as it is an entertainment which many can attend whose conscientious scruples prevented from attending the ball, there is every reason to expect that the place will be crowded with fashion and beauty.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

FATHER POINT.

Arrival of the SS. "Austrian."

Special to THE TIMES.

FATHER POINT, May 9.

The steamship *Austrian* arrived at 8:45 with 53 cabin, and 835 steerage passengers.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

QUEENSTOWN, May 9.—The steamship *Russia* arrived at Moville, Ireland, on the 9th.

The steamship *North American* has arrived.

LONDON, May 10.—A great mass meeting was held in Cork on Saturday evening, for the purpose of expressing the popular condemnation of the conduct of the Government in the matter of Mayor O'Sullivan.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 9.—Yesterday Gen. Prim alluded to rumours that he meditated an attempt against the Liberal *regime*, and pronounced them utterly baseless. He declared that in future he would prove that honour and liberty was his motto.

It is reported that Gen. Cabrera, the noted Carlist leader, has appeared in Catalonia.

The condition of the national finances causes much anxiety. It is estimated that the expenditures will exceed the revenue by twelve million reals.

MADRID, May 10.—In the Cortes on Saturday. Señor Orense asked what action had been taken by the Government towards acquiring Gibraltar.

Delorenzana, the Minister of State, replied that the Government fully recognized the importance of the Gibraltar question, but that before the negotiations for its cession, the nation must be strongly constituted, and financially arranged.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, May 9.—The Senate has refused to pass a bill for the abolition of imprisonment for debt.

M. Bara, Minister of Justice, has tendered his resignation to the King. He is urged to remain in office, but refuses to do so unless the Senate is dissolved.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, May 9.—A Congress of German Protestants is to meet at Worms on the 31st May. The object of the meeting is to consider and frame a reply to the recent appeal of the Pope to Protestants.

ITALY.

...ENCE, May 9.—A new Cabinet has ... ...llows:

Flo... Menabrea.
formed as ... ...ffairs—Minghetto.
President—Gen... ...res.
Minister of Foreign A...
Minister of Interior—Ferra...
Minister of Justice—Mirabelle.
Minister of Commerce—Barogul.

There will probably be no change in the heads of the War, Marine or Finance Departments.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NEW YORK, May 9.—The steamer *Henry Chauncey*, from Panama, brings the following news: The small pox is making fearful ravages, though it is thought to be diminishing. It has attacked the negroes inside and outside of the wall of Panama. The military commission was actively engaged.

Yellow fever is diminishing in Peru. It has disappeared from Arica, after raging with great violence.

Two heavy shocks of earthquake have been felt at Quito on the 11th ult. Shocks have also been felt at San Salvador on the 11th and 12th ult., but no damage was done.

CUBA.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Advices from Havana state that Gen. Veintimilla, leader of the late revolutionary movement, has been released on giving bonds that he would remain from the Republic for 14 months.

Advices from Guatemala state that the revolution there has not yet been suppressed. Several engagements have taken place without any definite result.

The Honduran Congress has been called in extra Session for the 16th instant.

The new constitution of Costa Rica is published, and seems to be quite liberal.

Cuban advices state Gen. Dulce recently renewed his attempts to oblige the Patriot Gens. Cespedez and Figuerola to leave the country, but they were rejected. It is said the volunteers have murdered some of the Patriots who accepted the amnesty. The tone of all Cuban advices is very hopeful, and all refer to the pending movements with favourable results.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Riot between English Miners and Irishmen.

NEW YORK, May 9.—A serious riot occurred at Hudson City, N.J., last evening, between some English miners and a crowd of Irishmen, in which a number of persons were injured, one of them fatally.

The Cuban Movement.

The Fenian brotherhood publishes an official contradiction of the statement in to-day's *World* that Fenian officers had entered into negotiations for a transfer of their forces to the Cuban revolutionary Junta.

The United States Marshal has received instructions from the State Department to use every precaution towards preventing any war vessels from leaving this port for Cuba.

Income Tax.

Chief-Justice Chase has ruled that the Government cannot collect income tax from foreigners who hold our bonds, and that what has been collected must be refunded.

Completion of the Western Pacific.

The last rail on the Western half of the Pacific Railroad was laid yesterday with imposing ceremonies, and on Monday the Eastern half will be joined to it. The fare from New York to San Francisco has been temporarily fixed for second class at $75, and first class at $175.

Changes in the Cabinet.

A Radical movement is being made to secure important changes in the Cabinet. It is proposed to place Sumner in the State Department, and Stanton in the Treasury. None of the present members propose to resign, however, until the President makes a request for their resignation.

Railway Consolidation.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Lake Shore Railroad in Cleveland yesterday, held to receive a contract for consolidating with the Michigan Southern, adopted the offer by a vote of over two-thirds stock.

A Plot to Assassinate James Fisk.

Superintendent Kennedy of the metropolitan police received an anonymous letter yesterday from England, apprising him of a plot which had been matured by English stockholders in the Erie Railroad for the assassination of James Fisk, jr.

Arrivals.

The steamships *Nevada* and *Helvetia*, from Liverpool, have arrived.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Arrival of the Released Fenians Warren and Costello.

NEW YORK, May 10.—The released Fenians, Costello and Warren, arrived here yesterday by the steamer *Nevada*.

Annexation of St. Domingo to the United States.

The *Post's* special says a movement is on foot in Washington, to induce the President to take some steps manifesting his approval of the annexation of St. Domingo to the United States. When this is done, President Baez, of St. Domingo, will recognise the belligerency of the Cubans, and will extend them such aid as will secure their success.

An Inducement to Canadian Emigrants.

The collectors of the ports have been authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury to pass free of duty waggons, ploughs, and all agricultural implements belonging to Canadian emigrants, provided the collector is satisfied that they will settle in the United States and make their permanent home there.

Buncombe.

The *World's* special says intelligence received in this city states that the majority of the anti-Unionists, or Repealers as they are called, in Canada, will, early in summer, openly advocate annexation of the new Dominion to the United States. A general anti-Union Convention is to be held in June, and at that time the annexation party is to develope itself. There is evidence to show that annexation is to be the controlling issue in Canadian politics for some time to come.

The Pacific Railroad Celebration.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 8.—The Pacific Railroad celebration to-day was one to be remembered for all time. The day in San Francisco was ushered in by a salute of 100 guns. All the Federal forts in the harbour fired a salute. The city bells were rang at night, and the whole city was illuminated, and presented a brilliant appearance. The city and harbour presented a magnificent sight. At Sacramento the event was celebrated in grand style. The lines of travel to and from Sacramento were thrown open to the public free, and immense numbers of people took advantage of the circumstance, and flocked thither.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

—Try Gardiner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

APPRENTICES WANTED.

Two Apprentices, about 14 or 15 years of age, wanted to learn the Confectionery business.

Apply to

MRS. PRODERICK,
Sussex-st.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

DUE BILL LOST.—Lost, on FRIDAY MORNING, the 7th INST., somewhere in Centre Town, a DUE BILL, signed BOOTH & COPPS, to JAS. GIBSON, for the amount of $121.15. The bill was dated the 18th April, 1869.

All parties are hereby cautioned against negotiating for the same, as payment has been stopped. Any one returning the bill to the TIMES office will be suitably rewarded.

JAMES GIBSON.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044.3

DOOR KEEPER WANTED.

Applications for the office of door keeper for Bank-st. Church will be received until four o'clock on Monday, the 10th instant.

Address to Mr. WM. TAYLOR, Richmond Road, Chairman of Committee.

Ottawa May 6, 1869. 1043-4

HOUSEKEEPERS,

BUY YOUR

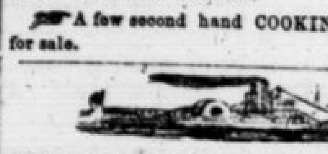
STOVES AND KITCHEN FURNISHINGS

AT

ESMONDE'S,

...ll sorts of tin... the cheapest place in the city. ...work manufactured to order.

☞ A few second hand COOKING STOVES for sale.



THE OTTAWA

RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMERS

HAVE

COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS

BETWEEN

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.

May 7, 1869. 1043tf

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE

"ROCKET,"

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of

MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON,
Clarence-st., near the Market.

☞ Terms $10 for the season.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

THREE GENTLEMEN

Can be accommodated with furnished bedrooms on Wellington-st.

Apply to M. KAVANAGH at the "Queen," or the House of Commons. 1043a

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DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank-st., third door from Sparks-st., where she will be happy to attend to their orders. 1041b

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PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season.

Just received.

JAS. BUCHANAN'S,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

ROOMS WANTED.

Two Bedrooms, with Board, somewhere near the Parliament Buildings.

Apply by letter to Box 234, Post Office.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045-3

JOSEPH HALL

MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,

Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

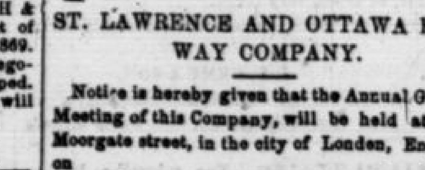
Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

☞ We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Muley Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2awdm OSHAWA, ONT.



THE

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of this Company, will be held at No. 3 Moorgate street, in the city of London, England, on

Monday, the Tenth day of May next,

at the hour of Twelve o'clock, at Noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Vice-President and Managing Director.

Ottawa, April 2, 1869. 1031-2awd

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on

Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant,

at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Litle's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished ...very respect, with large yard, stables, sheds ... Being close to the market, in a cen... better stand for a hotel or ...the city. ...ewable in per... cistern, a... ...free. tral locality, ... boarding-house exists i...

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, ...petuity, with the option of conversion in... hold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

By John Leeming & Co., Montreal.

IMPORTANT TRADE SALE

OF

TEAS,

&c., &c., &c., &c.

4,300 half chests new crop natural leaf JAPAN TEAS,
800 half chests Young Hyson, Twankay, Congou, and Souchong, and
500 bags Arracan Rice,
300 brls Zante Currants,
100 hhds } 50 qr. casks } 200 cases } Boll and Dunlop's Gin, ex "Eliza A. Kenny," from Rotterdam.
100 hhds } 250 cases } DeKuyper's Gin.
20 hhds } 250 cases } "Hennessy" Pale Brandy.
20 hhds } 15 qr. casks } "Martell's" Pale Brandy—Vintages 1866, 1865, 1864.
25 puncheons Fine old Jamaica Rum, and other goods to arrive,

Will be offered on

MONDAY, 10TH MAY, 1869,

AT TEN A.M.,

At the Stores of HUGH FRASER, St. Sacrament-st., Montreal.

Samples on view the Saturday previous to sale.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 1. 1039td

T. LAWRENCE

Having opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.

From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

---

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian

TWEEDS,

may now be seen at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.

Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.

A. GRAHAM & CO,
Commercial Warehouse,
No. 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

AGENTS WANTED--$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT

REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS,

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD,
1043.20d 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

GENTLEMEN

Leaving their orders at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,

Can get well suited in Garments.

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays for Sunday's use, for $6 00, if paid in advance, or $8.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1043d 124 Rideau-st.

JONES & HOLLAND

Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously

Without the Use of a Press or Water.

Price from $2.00 to $4.50.

Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.

Call and see for yourselves.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE—Place the writing under the copying sheet, and rub with the fingers. That's all.

May 5, 1869.

COATS, PANTS and VESTS

May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST

STOCK OF CARPETINGS

AND

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS

IN OTTAWA,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE

STOCK OF MILLINERY

IN OTTAWA,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE

STOCK OF MANTLES,

AT MODERATE PRICES,

IN EVERY STYLE,

At

GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Silk Velvets,

Velveteens and

Water-proof Cloakings

IN OTTAWA,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY

DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Satin and Lace,

Plain and Fancy Silk,

Dress Trimmings,

Buttons, Linings, &c.,

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Ribbons, Lace,

Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,

And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Broadcloths, Tweeds,

Coatings, Vestings, and

Tailors' Trimmings

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Sheetings,

Pillow Cottons,

Linens, Prints,

White and Grey Cottons

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF NEW GOODS

In all the Departments, is to be found at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

☞ *INSPECTION INVITED.* ☜

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Magee & Russell.

MUSLINS and GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have received direct from a celebrated Printer,

2 CASES PRINTED LAWN and ORGANDIE MUSLINS.

ALSO,

LATEST DESIGNS IN

SWISS and FRENCH GRENADINES,

27, 54 and 72 inch BLACK WOOL GRENADINES,

BLACK SILK GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

April 26, 1869.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,

THE BEST ASSORTED,

THE BEST ASSORTED,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,

THE BEST VALUE,

THE BEST VALUE,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,

THE NEWEST STYLES,

THE NEWEST STYLES,

At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 SPARKS-ST.,

OTTAWA.

G. LEVIN,

(Successor to David Millar,)

Manufacturer of Hoop Skirts, and Importer of French and English Corsets.

NEW MATERIALS,
NEW STYLES,
1035b LOW PRICES.

N. ROBERTSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersig...

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin... ...for their agen...

COAL OIL,

...hey are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

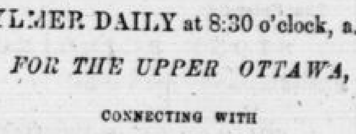
BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,
Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

LEAVES

AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"

"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"

FOR

DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS,
1042tf President.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA FOR ROOFS, DAMP CELLARS, &c.

CHEAP! CLEAN! FIRE-PROOF!

UNDECAYING!

Suitable for all Styles, Flat or Upright.

FULL SUPPLY OF FELT AND MATERIALS

FOR SALE BY

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Box 643 Montreal.

☞ Send for circular with full description.

April 30, 1869. 1037b

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits $10, $12, $18.

☞ FOR CASH ONLY. ☜

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

FOR SALE.

A FIRST-CLASS

☞ "CHICKERING" PIANO, ☜

Nearly New, and in Perfect Order.

Price—$400 gold.

Apply to

MAJOR ALEXANDER,
Rifle Brigade.

Ottawa, May 5. 1044tf

KEYS FOUND.

On the night of the 5th INSTANT, near the Skating Rink, a BUNCH OF KEYS. The owner by proving property and paying expenses of advertising can have them returned. Apply at TIMES office.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING,

BOOKBINDING,

&c., &c., &c.

To be had at

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

PRINTING,

AND

STATIONERY STORE,

21 *Rideau-st.,*

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, lar... ...ms
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to mat...
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultramarine and Carmine Edges]
...ne Cream Laid Note and L... ...her makers
Extra Super... Papers, "Cowan's" and ...
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—

Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—

Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES

Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.

Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal and Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—

Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—

Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—

Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,

Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ½ and ¼ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'

Office Requisites supplied on reasonable terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES

Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

General Geography, with 39 coloured map price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,

Authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 4? illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES

The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,
At "The Ottawa Citizen"
Stationery and Printing House,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE

POOR COPY

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 11, 1869.

There was no market yesterday unless we may call three or four huckster's carts and stands a market. In the hay market there was one load. In the wood market there was not a load.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	—	2 00
Poultry—P... pair	0 50	@	0 60
...—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 22
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	
Soft Wood			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.			
...			0 00
...	2 50	@	0 00
...	0 00	@	5 50

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Foot Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS*.

We would call the especial attention of the LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for..........$1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO., late F G & C A Crosby, Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to

JOHN COOK, Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX, Plantagenet Mills, Ontario.

1043tf

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to

ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,

AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Possession immediate.

... rent low.

Apply to

R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to

S. CHRISTIE, Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET—FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to

S. SKINNER, Senate Buildings.

1028d

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,

1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,

Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,

Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorise the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.

FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.

GRASS and CLOVER SEED.

WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th INSTANT, for the purchase of the NEW STEAM SAW MILL near the mouth of the River Blanche, in East Templeton, Province of Quebec, with land and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Mill in good running order, with first-class SHINGLE MILL in addition. Size of Mill 80 x 40, with Engine House 26 x 40. Engine 80 horse power.

If not sooner disposed of it will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of Walker & Pennock, in the city of Ottawa, on the 15th INSTANT, at NOON.

Terms easy.

For fuller particulars and conditions of sale apply to

W. H. WALKER, Solicitor for Vendor.

Ottawa, May 1, 1869. 1039b

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON

The subscriber has b... private sale ...

... instructed to offer by ... the Town of Chatham, early in ..., the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 50 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD, Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Ayles, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

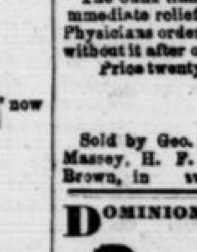
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD, 30 Sparks-st., Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

TO LUMBERERS.

QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are,

Your obdt. servants,

1000-2m M. STEVENSON & CO.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the ... eminently a household me... ...and. It is ...ine.

...OR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhoea, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of ...tioned:

FLOUR—Superior E...	
... Ex... ...oods mentioned	
...xtra	$6.50
...ra Superfine	6.00
Fancy	
Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine ...o.	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO., Little Sussex-st., Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappo, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,* House, Land and General Agent.

75.y

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Department of Marine and Fisheries, until noon of MONDAY, the 10th day of MAY next, for the supply, in *bond*, of 32,000 gallons of the best quality of COAL or REFINED PETROLEUM OIL.

The Oil is required to be non-explosive, at a vapour test of 115° Fahrenheit, must burn brilliantly, without smoking, until entirely consumed, and no crust the wick, must be free from all deleterious substances, and remain fluid at 10° Fahrenheit.

A sample of a quart to accompany each tender.

The Oil to be delivered in iron-bound casks, containing from 30 to 40 gallons each, properly prepared to prevent the oil from permeating the wood, and evaporating from the surface.

The casks to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the Oil.

The Oil to be subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk in the locality designated by the Department as follows:

5,000 gallons at Quebec—one-half on the 8th JUNE, and one-half on the 20th SEPTEMBER next.

10,000 gallons at Montreal, on the 1st July next.
14,000 do at Halifax, N.S., do do do
3,000 do at Saint John, N.B., do do do

Tenders will be accepted for the whole quantity, or for any of the lots above mentioned.

Parties tendering must give their names and addresses in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfillment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

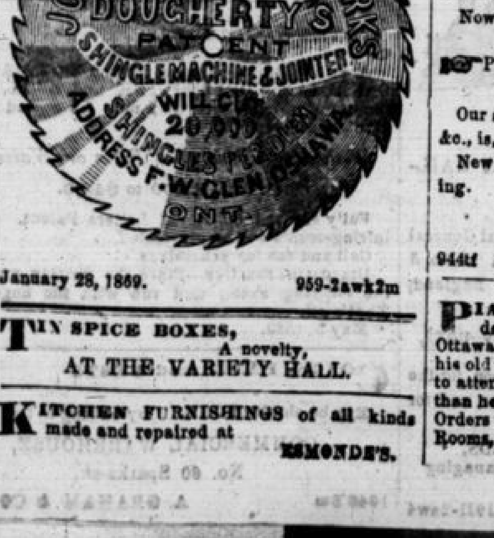
By order,

WM. SMITH,

Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of Marine and Fisheries,

Ottawa, 14th April, 1869. 1024.4.2aw



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

TIN SPICE BOXES,

A novelty,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at ESMONDE'S.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w10cy

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Ottawa, April 12, 1869.

EDWARD C. MA... Duke-st., Le... ...city. well." Offic... 3 to 5 p... 1021-16y

...LOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. ...breton's Flats, "opposite the ... hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and ...

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank-st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN.

Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND, Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

R. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,

506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON, Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W... ...WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, ...nhey & Ward, has removed his Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite ...ancery ...e Russell House, Elgin-st. ...dw

MACPHERSON, ...KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MAC...PHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st. corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,

868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, 15TH MAY NEXT,

for the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8, in the 1st Con., on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF and DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville.

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONECUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipe and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House for Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES and OUT-BUILDINGS for the Lieutenant-Governor's Residence. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan-street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL, to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed specifications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner.

Department of Public Works for Ontario,

Toronto, April 24, 1869. 1035td

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

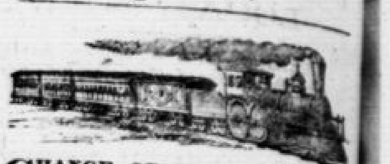
N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

COOKING STOVES of the best quality and make at ESMONDE'S.

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 12th, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p. m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p. m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, April 12, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4:00 p m and 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 9:00 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 2:15 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at...

Night do do do do at...

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at...

Trains for Lachine at ... 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at...

Express for Boston at...

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central...

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at...

Express for Island Pond, at...

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at...

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p.m. for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.

OTTAWA

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of said stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Tuesday, the Eleventh day of May, Next, 1869.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1869.

By order,

W. H. FALLS, Sec.-Trea.

1031td

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, have been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, have been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. H. WORSLEY, C. C. R.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.)

LACKAWANNA (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH (Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO., Commission Merchants, Office—17 Sparks-st.

912-3m

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

VOL. IV.

Marriage Li...

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICE... of Ottawa, by commission fro... the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hote... Ottawa, April 9, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENT...

AT

THE MEDICA...

28 Sparks-st., ...

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfume...
Cambridge Bouqu...
Oxford Bouq...
English...

Silver Top Smelling Bottle...
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bo...
Improved Perfume...
&c.

A complete stock just received o... Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chem... Druggists' Sundries o... W. M. MAS... Family and Disp...

Prize Medal, 1862.

FOR CONSU... treated with Sav... PANCREATI...

See *The Lancet Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

CASE 154.—Says emulsion a... well; makes him feel quite di... week, extraordinary improveme... says he has lost cough, eats w... *The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine PANC... SION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d... Savory & Moore's labels and tr...

THE BEST FOOD F... resembling Mother's Milk ... tle.—Dr. H. Barker on right fo...

"THE INFANT PRINCE th... Prince should."—*Social Science...*

"A REAL IMPROVEMEN... ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FO... one that keeps good in all clim... No boiling or straining. Tin...

SAVORY & M... 143, New B...

Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill ...

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UP...

AND

UNDERTA...

FURNITU...

of every description, made to o... and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishi... ings for any kind of wood wor... correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY F...

FUNERAL...

furnished at the shortest notic... country.

METALLIC AND OTH... always on hand.

EXPRESS WAG... for the removal of household fu... waggons for lumber and other h...

N.B.—Residence at the west... st., opposite the market.

WATCH...

J. SEWILL, LIVERPO...

Manufacturer by special ... HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, AND COURT OF SP... THE RIGHT HONORABLE T... MISSIONERS OF THE A... AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VIC... NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great In... tion of London, 1862, an... versal Exhibition of I...

WE HEREBY APPOINT Mr. JOHN LES... Agent for Otta... For the sale of these celebrated ... H. & A. SAUN...

Sole Wholesale Agents in the sale of J. Sewill's Watches. Ottawa May 20.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that ... presentatives in the Council ... Physicians and Surgeons of O... Territorial Divisions constitute... 32, Cap. 45, (Statutes of Ontari... TUESDAY, the 8th day of JU...

There will be no nomination...

The votes will be cast by ... which will be sent from this o... tered practitioner on the 20th ...

These voting papers must b... to instructions which will acc... transmitted to the Returning O... in which the voter resides an...

The voting papers will be ... turning Officers of the several T... at two o'clock, p.m., on the d... the following places:

Western and St. Clair Divis... do
Malahide and Tecumseth do
Saugeen and Brock do
Gore and Thames do
Erie and Niagara do
Burlington and Home do
Midland and York do
King's and Queen's do
Newcastle and Trent do
Quinte and Cataraqui do
Bathurst and Rideau do
St. Lawrence and Eastern do

The names of the Returning ... nished on a printed envelope ... registered practitioner.

H. S...

Medical Registration Office, Hamilton, April 15th, 18...

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AN... *LEADE...*

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE... HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent ...

Ottawa, April 26.

BEAUTIFUL PATT... DOW SHADE...

Very cheap, AT THE VA...

ANY PERSON HAV... a good second-hand SIN... find a purchaser by applying TO THE V...

THE BEST ASSORT... CHINA in the Dominio... AT THE V...

POOR COPY

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1047. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

CASE 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—*The Lancet Report.*

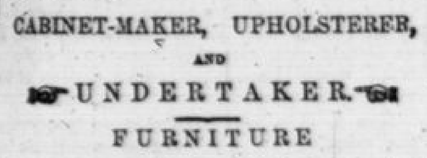
Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker on *right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st, London.
Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.
Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.
Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,
Very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying
TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

WATER! WATER! WATER!

SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

Having purchased part of the cargo of the vessel *City of Limerick*, lately wrecked, we will offer the whole for sale, commencing

MONDAY, 5TH APRIL,

and continuing the following days until all the goods are disposed of. This is an opportunity to secure bargains which may not offer again for years. The greater part of the goods have received scarcely any damage, so that parties who call early will have the best chance of getting bargains, as we will make no reserve, but throw each line of goods by itself, and let the first who comes first have the best pick. The following are some of the damaged goods, viz.:

10	CASES	ASSORTED BLEACHED COTTONS,
1	do	SHEETINGS,
1	do	QUILTS,
2	do	TOWELS,
1	do	PRINTS,
1	do	ASSORTED LINEN GOODS,
2	do	ASSORTED DRESS GOODS,
1	do	SILKS,
3	do	MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SKIRTS,
2	do	DRESS MUSLINS,
10	do	ASSORTED GOODS.

We give a list of prices that some of the goods will be sold for to give parties an idea of the bargains they will be able to get. A nice lot of DRESS GOODS for 6d 7½d to 9d per yard.

Ladies' Mantles only	£0	5	0
Splendid Prints, worth 9d, only	0	0	0
Towels, "all Linen," only	0	0	4
Dress Muslins, per yard, only	0	0	6
Mantle Cloths, only			0¾
Pocket Handkerchiefs, each, only			1½
Gloves, per pair, only			6
Table Damasks, per yard, only	0	2	6
Stylish Cloths, per yard, only	0	1	
Parasols, each, only	0	1	
Gents' Neckties, "latest styles," each, only			0

LOOK! LOOK!

50 pieces Dress Lining, only 1d per yard.

ATTENTION!—Two cases more of those spools for 1d, worth 3d.

Don't delay in calling early as the first pick will be the best.

We have also received a splendid assortment of all the latest styles in SPRING GOODS in perfect order, which we will sell lower than any house in this city.

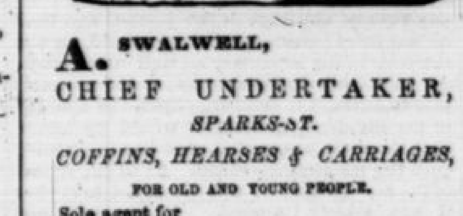
CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

10 cases in all the new styles, just arrived, which will be sold very low. For particulars in price see our Clothing Bills.

The place to secure these immense bargains is at the old cheap spot, THE OCCIDENTAL, in Stewart's Brick Block, Corner Rideau and Sussex-sts., Sign of the White Flag.

H. HICK & CO.



A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette*,) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY, may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 482y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.,

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

QUEBEC REFERENCES.

Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.

James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.

Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.

Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.

Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Decorative Painting.

A.W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a

FEW DAYS

OPEN A FIRST-CLASS

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the

FIRST FLOOR

OF THE

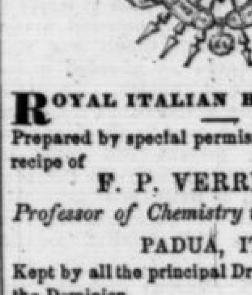
MASONIC HALL BLOCK,

ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK

In all the various branches of his business.
Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of

PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, in a sealed envelope, marked Tenders for Printing, Paper, or Binding (as the case may be), will be received until THURSDAY, 27th INST., after which day no tender will be received, for the Printing, furnishing the Printing Paper, and the Binding required for the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada.

No tender will be received except on the blank form, which can be had on application to the undersigned, and from whom all information can be obtained.

The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.

By order,
HENRY HARTNEY,
Clerk Joint Committee of both Houses on Printing.
Department of
Printing of Parliament,
Ottawa, May, 1869. 1044a

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBL.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUO rice according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces.
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to E. BRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

Stoves & Hardware.

BURGLARS ALARM!

BURGLARS ALARM!

A very safe and efficient BURGLARS ALARM, easily attached to any part of the house at $1.25, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

ALL THE BEST

PATTERNS AND DESIGNS

OF

COOK STOVES,

every size; the housekeepers special favourites for baking, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

OF

JELLY MOULDS, ICE CREAM MOULDS,

Jellied Turkey Moulds,

Dish Covers, Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, at

H. MEADOWS & CO.

JOB WORK,

of all kinds, in the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware line attended to.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st.,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

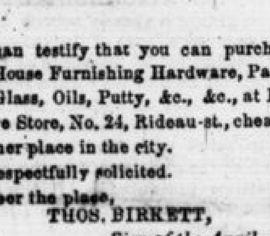
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st., Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Remember the place,
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.
Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Publications.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,

HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.

City papers may be had at 6 a. m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.

A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical Sketches.

Gardening for Profit.
Breck's New Book of Flowers.
Buist's Flower Garden Directory.
The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.

J. DURIE & SON,
Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

Two or three Apprentices wanted.
April 6. 1015tf

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2	GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50	GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4	OVERCOATS,
$9	COMPLETE SUITS
$1	GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS. $1 and $1.25	UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25	DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

OPENED OUT

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,

A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,

A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,

A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,

A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS

IN NEW MATERIALS,

A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,

A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,

TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES

are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

SAVAGE'S URSINA.

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR,

has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.

It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.

Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.

EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers.
1028eod.3m

THE celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS and POLAR REFRIGERATORS, at
ESMONDE'S.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CHAMBER SETS, cheap at
ESMONDE'S.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

DUST, HEARTH, STOVE, SCRUB, CHIMney and Crumb Brushes at
ESMONDE'S.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication
of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.
March 26. 1008-14y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS, GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,

AND

DECORATING ROOMS,

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We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

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April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

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A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

THE ATTEMPT ON THE LIFE OF THE VICEROY OF EGYPT.

The intended attempt on the life of the Viceroy on the 2nd instant, which has hitherto been enveloped in such mystery that great doubts have been thrown upon its reality, has now been proved to be an absolute fact. A commission, composed of the English, French, Italian, and Greek consuls at Cario, has been nominated to examine into the affair, and their first opinion was that the whole was a fiction, but upon further inquiries they have come to the conclusion that it was actually intended to assassinate not only the Viceroy, but also his principal minister and other counsellors, who would undoubtedly have accompanied him to the theatre. The following are the most authentic facts of the case that have at present transpired:—The theatre had been closed for days previously, thus giving the actors in the plot every opportunity for the execution of their plans, which were very simple. The house is built of wood, and the Viceroy's box is the nearest to the stage on the left hand side. His Highness's chair is on a slightly raised platform, and under the floor was found the infernal machine, composed of an apothecary's mortar. At the bottom of the mortar was found a layer of gunpowder, above which was a layer of balls, upon that another layer of powder, and on the top of all a layer of bullets and small pieces of glass. Between each layer was placed paper, and a quantity of powder was also strewn about under the raised platform, and so arranged under the main gas-pipe that fire could soon have finished the work of destruction. A wick impregnated with some inflammable matter was then introduced into the mortar, and passing down the wall was hidden sufficiently by the gas-pipe to escape observation, while the other end of the wick was attached to a beam near a gas-jet in the side-scene, where it could easily be ignited. The committee of inquiry is still continuing its investigations, but very secretly, and all that has as yet indirectly transpired is that they are on the trace of the promoters of the infernal scheme.

THE VAPOR-BATH USELESS IN A CASE OF HYDROPHOBIA.

A young man named Wm. Goodwillie died of hydrophobia, in Chicago, on Monday. An effort was made to save his life by following Dr. Bruisson's much-talked-of remedy, the Russian vapor-bath; but it failed. The *Tribune* says:

"The moment he entered the vapory atmosphere of the bath-house, his madness increased, and distending his mouth to its widest reach, he nearly choked himself in vain endeavours to expectorate. The preparations for the bath consumed considerable time, and in the interim the afflicted man was subject to the most abject fear and terror. The greatest fear he labored under was an impression that his elder brother intended to take his life, and in the interval between the spasms he loudly accused him of evil designs.

"When the bath was ready, handcuffs were placed on his wrists, and he was forcibly thrust into the little air-tight closet called the bath-room. His yells were loud and appalling, and very much resembled the bark of a dog. He stamped his bare feet on the floor, beat the sides with his head and manacled hands, and otherwise behaved himself in a manner that was terrible to hear. Gradually the heat was increased, and in the course of five minutes one hundred and twenty-five degrees Fahrenheit was reached. At this stage he fell to the floor. The heat was then increased to one hundred and thirty-six degrees, and shut off. A minute or two after the attendant entered the little chamber and conveyed the almost inanimate form into an adjoining room. Cold water was thrown on his face, and he began to breathe slowly. Under the application of more water respiration increased perceptibly, and hopes were expressed that the remedy had proved efficacious. But soon he began to foam at the mouth, his breath came slowly and heavily, and about ten minutes after he was taken from the bath-room he expired."

—The York Legislature has just passed a very wise law, regulating the sale of drugs. It prohibits any person preparing any medical prescription in a drug store unless he has served two years' apprenticeship in a drug store, or is a graduate of a medical college, or a college of pharmacy. The bill provides heavy penalties for its violation, and in certain cases it punishes with great severity.

—The season at Niagara Falls will commence early this spring. The trustees of the town of Niagara, U.S., recently passed some new laws regarding the hackmen and guides of the place, so that visitors will not be annoyed so much hereafter. Hackmen will not be allowed to importune visitors, and if they or the guides make any exorbitant charge, they are arrested and sent to the county gaol.

—The reform of the Russian army, placed on the order of the day since the campaign of 1866, is at last on the point of being realized. A committee has been formed at the ministry of war to examine the Prussian regulations concerning the use for military operations of railways and navigable canals. The rapidity with which the Prussian troops moved in 1866 has opened all eyes to "the enormous strategical importance of railroads."

—The Prince Royal of Denmark has lately visited the Court of Stockholm, in order to ascertain for himself how he should like to make a wife of her Royal Highness the Princess Louise, and, on the other hand, to learn the will of the lady, for in the northern courts of Europe marriages are not entirely political. Well, it seems the young people think they like each other, and are to be married on the 27th of July.

—A spring waggon has been invented by a gentleman in Nayslick, Ky., which he proposes to run without any kind of animal or steam power. He has already perfected a small model, which runs up or down hill very rapidly. The power is received from an immense coiled steel spring, which will run for half an hour without being wound up. In going up hill the spring exhausts itself, but in going down hill it winds itself up. The inventor claims that he can carry very heavy loads over any ordinary road.

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of *Grace's Celebrated Salve*, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing office. Only 25 cents a box.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Simcoe Old Rye—James Buchanan.
Board and Lodging—Mrs. MacLennan.
Situation as Lumber Clerk Wanted.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

The Hon. Joseph Howe leaves Montreal this morning, by steamboat, for Ottawa. He may, therefore, be expected here this evening.

In the Commons, yesterday, the Insolvent Act was read a second time, and referred to a special committee after a protracted debate. The Bill relating to the Department of Finance, was read a third time, and passed; and the Great Western Railway Arrangement Bill passed through Committee. The House adjourned at 11:30.

Pressure of other matter has delayed our notice of the result of Mr. Weir's operations in exporting silver. The following is the statement presented at a meeting held at Montreal on the 24th ult.:

The Silver Exportation Movement in account with W. Weir.

Dr.		
To cost of canvassing and other preliminary expenses		$1,500 00
To cost of exporting $400,000 silver bought at 2¼ per cent.; sold, including commission, at 5¼ per cent.		12,000 00
To cost of frieghts and bank commission on silver from different agencies		1,017 00
To cost of interest		3,685 00
To loss on $100,000 sold at 5 per cent.		2,500 00
To loss on $192,000 sold at an average of 4½ per cent. dis., say 2 per cent.		3,840 00
To cost of postage, telegrams, bad silver		380 00
		$24,922 00
Cr.		
By cash collected on guarantee fund	$7,068 00	
By notes	5,796 00	
By profits on $141,129 silver sold, being part of silver bought by me on which the interest has been charged	705 14	
		$13,569 14
Balance due me		$11,352 86

To this may be fairly added at least two thousand dollars lost in my ordinary business.

The total amount of silver received for exportation had been	$583,129 06
Bought by Mr. Weir	250,000 00
Total	$833,129 06

It is very easy to understand, as Mr. Weir says, that "this large amount withdrawn "from circulation would explain the sudden "decline in the rate of discount," and that had he been sufficiently supported to enable him to ship the whole, the rate would now be at or under "two and a-half per cent. all "over the country." But it is not so easy to understand that the immense loss incurred through the daily brokerage on silver is all, or mainly, borne by the merchants, otherwise they would have acted far more vigorously in support of Mr. Weir's movement to stop the drain upon their profits. To use a favourite phrase in financial circles, the merchants must have long ago found the way to "recoup" the greater part, or the whole, of this loss, so that in the main the tax imposed by the discount on silver is virtually a tax upon the article for which the silver is exchanged, and thus falls pretty evenly upon the general public.

When the spirit of Democracy is spreading throughout Europe, and maintaining an aggressive struggle against free constitutional government, in which the latter seems destined in the end to go to the wall, the terrors of Democratic rule in America are driving the "progressive" idea in an exactly contrary direction. The besetting sin of Democracy is its invariable tendency to level down. Equality before the law does not satisfy it. The "bloated aristocrat," who is the lawful inheritor of property and social privileges, must be pulled down to the lower level. His right to his own, subject to the restriction of wise laws which prevent him from injuring his neighbour, or his neighbour's property, is inconsistent with the Democratic creed. The Trades' Union, a purely Democratic institution, enacts that the clever artizan shall have no more return for his large capital of dexterity and skill, than the dull drone of inferior natural and acquired ability who works by his side. That such a system should result in bringing to the surface reckless demagogues, who operate by cunning upon ignorance, for their own selfish ends, is by no means surprising, and the wail which rises from every American journal, of every party, against the wholesale corruption which has overspread the land, is proof that the level'ing doctrine has already forced the irrepressible ambition of mankind for advancement to seek the bye ways of rascality and imposture, since an honourable ambition has no longer the path of political promotion before it. It has been, time and again, said of the Americans, and especially by themselves, that the "almighty dollar" was the one grand object for the possession of which they struggled; and in the early days of their history, it may be that they pursued it with a fair degree of honesty and respect for each other's rights. But nations cannot exist without ceaseless attention to the working out of the great problem of civil government, and their government having become a mere prize, to be competed for once every four years, was used during four years only for the profit of the winners. So disorders arose of one kind or another, until the Republic found itself in the throes of a terrible civil war. This war opened, for the leaders of the ultimately victorious party, new avenues for the acquisition of the "dollar." The "shoddy aristocracy" sprung up and waxed fat, and a new "aristocracy," the revenue plunderers, succeeded them. The latter are now revelling in the pleasing task of making their "pile" out of the national treasury. Men of honour and intelligence are becoming more and more disgusted with political affairs; and while they allow the rowdy element mainly to control the elections, they trust to the power of money to purchase the adoption of those measures of practical legislation, which they cannot obtain from the honest convictions of the law makers, or through the pressure of healthy public opinion.

As a remedy for this state of affairs there are many casting about them for a new state of political existence. They are disgusted with the dead level of the Democratic rule: the debasing influence of a venal race of politicians, and the unbearable pretensions of popular "sovereignty." They seek, therefore, a source of power, a permanently constituted authority, administering, in its own right, the laws which are made according to the terms of the Constitution. They seek the creation of an independent authority, holding not from one party nor from another; but existing and administering for all. The supremacy of parchment has failed. A written constitution, without an independent living executive for its maintenance, has ceased to give good government, or even to preserve real liberty; and from the "sovereignty," so-called, of the whole people, they turn to the sovereignty of a single individual, maintained by virtue of authority. They would endow their Chief Magistrate with Kingly or Imperial powers, and abandon the Republican form of government, as a means for restoring the national morality, and guaranteeing the preservation of individual liberty.

For the spread of these principles, strange to say, we find a resort to one of the worst and most dangerous instruments of the most cunning Democracy: that is, the secret political organization. This is all the more remarkable as the advocates of the overthrow of the Republican, and the introduction of the Imperial, form of Government pretend that their revolution is to be effected by "powerful moral influences." But its mouthpiece follows this pacific and law abiding assurance, with this significant *caveat*: "If, however, the control of our "national affairs should suddenly pass from "the hands of the many, and one strong-"minded, intelligent man should declare "himself 'the Government,' *the revolution* "*would have been accomplished*, and the "T. C. I. O. (*i. e.*, the new society,) *would* "*owe no other allegiance than that demanded* "*by the Crown.*"

This is pretty plain speaking. We quote from the New York *Imperialist* of Saturday last, from its reply to a correspondent who seeks information concerning the T. C. I. O., with the view of becoming a member. The contingency on which the loyalty of the new society may be transferred from the worn out written constitution of to-day, to the brightly burnished "crown" of the finished revolution, is charmingly simple. It requires but the declaration of one strong-minded, intelligent man, to declare that he is "the Government." Now, President Grant is a strong-minded, intelligent man; he is the Executive to-day, by virtue of the Constitution. Why should he not become the Executive by virtue of the Crown? Nothing is required but an assurance of the strength of the new organization to sustain him. By these speculations we are far from insinuating that the President has any such designs; but that he has a better opportunity than any other man in America to carry them out cannot be gainsaid.

This *Imperialist*, though but five weeks in existence, has already attracted no little attention. It has been pronounced dead several times, and some of our Canadian *confreres* have condemned American intolerance because of its "suppression." It is neither dead nor suppressed, however, and valiantly says in its last number, "We have "come to stay, and as our enterprise is not "likely to prove a failure in any sense, "we have no present intention of abandoning "it."

The T. C. I. O. and its official organ, the *Imperialist*, may or may not exercise any serious influence upon American politics; but the fact of their existence is proof that Republicanism is beginning to lose its attractions, as advancing experience brings to light its influences upon society.

We notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

We would call the attention of those in need of spectacles and eye glasses to the stock of those articles kept on hand by Messrs. Young & Radford, who are the sole agents for Ottawa for the celebrated Lazarus & Morris' spectacles and eye glasses. All those who have tried them admit they are the most brilliant, perfect and easy glass to the eye yet introduced into Ottawa. The offers are liberal; if the purchaser is not satisfied the money can be returned after one or two weeks trial.

Parties requiring new carpets, floor oil cloths, or other house furnishings, would do well to inspect Magee & Russell's extensive stock before purchasing, as they have recently received large additions of this season's patterns from the most celebrated makers in Britain. Carpets made and laid by competent upholsterers.

Gentlemen can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

For Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

Millinery.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

Tuesday, May 11.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock p.m.

After routine

The following petitions were severally presented:

By Hon. Mr. TESSIER—Of La Banque Nationale, Quebec, praying for an Act to continue and amend its charter; also of Henry Noel, President of the Corporation of Pilots and others, praying for amendments to the Act 28 Vic., cap. 123.

By Hon. Mr. DICKEY—Of H. G. Pineo and others, praying for aid for a ship canal between the Bay of Fundy and Bay Verte; also of George W. Hill, praying for the rejection of a Bill intituled an Act to enable the Bishops and clergy in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, to be represented in the Provincial Synods of the said church in Canada, if any such Bill should be again introduced into the Legislature of the Dominion.

By Hon. Mr. MILLS—Of Edward Martin, President, and others, of the Gore Bank, praying for an Act to enable them to raise or restore the actual capital of the said bank to the amount of one million of dollars, and for other purposes; also of Jas. R. Cook and others, praying that a duty may be imposed upon all foreign grown hops when imported into Canada; also of George Barnes and others of Hamilton, praying that a duty may be imposed upon all foreign grown hops when imported into Canada.

By Hon. Mr. BLAKE—Of John Scott and others, praying that the export duty on pine logs may be repealed; also of William Richmond and others, of Ayr, praying that no change of a fundamental character may be made in our banking system; also of James J. Thompson & Co. and others, of the town of Galt, praying that no change of a fundamental character may be made in our banking system.

By Hon. Mr. OLIVIER—Of Benj. Mondey and others, of Brandon, praying for the repeal of the tax on Canadian tobacco; also of the Rev. D. A. Gravelle and others, of the county of Joliette, Quebec, for the same purpose; also of the Municipal Council of Ste. Elizabeth, for the same purpose; also of Ludger Robichaud Moyn and others, of St. Alphonse, for the same purposes; also of the Rev. Mr. Fisette and others, of St. Cuthbert, for the same purposes; also of the Rev. J. D. Laporte and others, of Kildare, for the same purposes.

By Hon. Mr. O'DELL—Of the President and Directors of the Bank of New Brunswick, and to increase their capital stock.

By Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON—Of E. Leadlay and others, of the city of Toronto, praying that in any legislation on the subject of banking, no change of a fundamental character be made in the present system, and that the circulation of the banks be preserved in its present basis; also of Samuel McKay and others, of the city of Toronto, for the same purposes; also of Fred. J. Stewart and others, of the city of Toronto, for the same purposes; also of J. & W. Stewart and others, of the village of Meaford, Ontario, for the same purposes; also of J. Pottenger and others, of the town of Owen Sound, Ontario, for the same purposes.

By Hon. Mr. RYAN—Of Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., and others, of the city of Montreal, praying that the present Insolvent Act be not repealed, but that it be amended in certain particulars; also of James Thompson and others, of the St. John's, N. B., Typographical Union, No. 85, praying permission for the reprint, under certain conditions of British copyright works in the Dominion of Canada; also of John C. Beckett and others of the city of Montreal, praying that the same duty be imposed on books imported from the United States, as is imposed by the United States on books imported from Canada.

By Hon. Mr. SEYMOUR—Of Thomas Eyre and others, of the village of Chillbrook, Ontario, praying that in any legislation on the subject of Banking, no change of a fundamental nature may be made in the presen system, and that the circulation of the banks be preserved on its present basis; also of R. Dickson and others, of the tie town of Port Hope, for the same purpose.

By Hon. Mr. ROBERTSON—Of John V. Thingar and 569 others, praying that measures may be adopted for the construction of a ship canal to connect the waters of the Bay of Verte, with those of the Bay of Fundy.

By Hon. Mr. BENSON—Of Mr. Forbes and others, of the Village of Grimsby, praying that changes may be made in the present laws of insolvency, sufficient to permit all, except unfortunate, and really deserving insolvents, from obtaining relief; also of Lucius S. Oille, M. D., and others, of the town of St. Catherine, Ontario, that no change of a fundamental character be made in our present system of banking, and that the circulation of the banks be preserved substantially on its present basis.

By Hon. Mr. SKEAD—Of Thomas M. Veigh of Litchfield, county of Pontiac praying that this House will take such measures as to cause the obstructions to navigation of the Ottawa River to be removed, and an uninterrupted line to the full capacity of the leading channel, and the supply of water from the summit level be opened throughout; also of John O'Connor and others, of Sheen, county of Pontiac, for the same purposes; also of J. T. Coghlen and others, of the township of Waltham, county Pontiac, for the same purposes; also of William Craig and others, county of Pontiac, for the same purposes; also of George Palmer and others, of Thorne and Leslie, county of Pontiac, for the same purposes.

By Hon. Mr. SANBORN—Of J. C. Blodgett and others, of Ascott; of George B. Spoffard and others, of Compton; of Charles Smith and others, of Eaton; of Charles Francis and others, of Hatley; of Charles C. Sunbury and others, of Eaton; of C. F. Mears and others, of Ascott; of Edward Dale and others, of Oxford; of Lozen Gilbert and others, of Dredmill; of Lyndosph Caswell and others, of Eaton; of Chester Wormer and others; of Lobend Young and others, of the township of Hatley; of Calvin Gordon and others, also of Eaton; of William Wright and others; of D. H. Winslow and others, of Ascott; of P. Benoit, M. P. P., and others, of the county of Napierville, and of Hiram French and others, of Newport, all praying that a duty may be imposed on imported hops, so as to protect those grown in the Dominion of Canada.

By the Hon. Mr. McCREA—Of Joseph Northwood & Son and others, of the town of Chatham, Ontario, praying in any legislation on the subject of Banking no change of a fundamental character be made in the present system, and that the circulation of the Banks be preserved on its present basis; also of the Venerable Archdeacon Sandys and others, of the town of Chatham, Ontario, praying for the same purposes; also from F. & W. McKeough and others, of the same place, praying for the same purposes; also of William Warrack and others, of the county of Welland, praying that a duty be imposed upon all foreign grown hops when imported into Canada.

By Hon. Mr. McCLELLAN—Of James Rogers and others, of the county of Albert; of James Brewster and others; of C. H. Peck, M. P. P. and others, and of William Wilson, and others, of Dorchester, Westminster county, all praying that a provision be made for the erection of a steam fog whistle on Cape Umage, Bay of Fundy; also, of William Fillman, J.P., and others, of Wopewell, Albert County, and James Rogers, and others, of the same place, all praying that a breakwater be provided at Herring Cove, on the Bay of Fundy; and, also, of William Wilson, M.D., and others, of Dorchester, Westminster, N.B., praying for the erection of a harbour of refuge, at Herring Cove, in the Bay of Fundy.

By Hon. Mr. LETELLIER—Of Mark Laman Roberts, and others, of the United States, and of Canada, praying for an Act to enable them to obtain conjointly, Letters Patent for certain inventions, especially for a new and useful improvement in knitting machines, and in the method of forming heels of stockings.

By Hon. Mr. SKEAD—Of the merchants and others, of London, praying that no change of a fundamental character be made in the present system of banking.

By Hon. Mr. SIMPSON—Of the Corporation of the County of Ontario, for the reconstruction of a wooden lock at the head of Scugog Lake, near Fenelon Falls on the north, and Bobcaygeon, on the eastern point of Sturgeon Lake, &c.

By Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—Of Robert Easton and others, of the town of Napanee, Ontario, praying that no change of a fundamental character be made in regard to the present system of banking.

By Hon. Mr. ROSS—Of William DeVere Hunt and others, working printers and bookbinders, of the city of Toronto, praying either that all customs duties on materials used in the manufacture of books be abolished, or that one uniform rate of duty be applied to imported books and the material equally.

By Hon. Mr. PRICE—Of the Municipal Council of the township of Bagotville, county of Chicoutimi, praying for aid to construct a deep-water wharf for steamers, at Bagotville, on the Saguenay, at *Ha-Ha-Bay*; also, of the inhabitants of St. Agnes, county of Charlevoix, praying for grants of money, to aid in the construction of piers, break-waters, &c., at St. Pauls Bay and Irene; also, for a daily post, and a subsidized line of steamers, on the north shore of the St. Lawrence.

A return of the Northern Railway Company for the year ending 31st December, 1868, was laid on the table of the House.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL introduced an Act intituled "Steamboat Inspection Bill," which was read a first time, and ordered to be read a second time on Monday next.

A message was received from the House of Commons with Bill "Documents engrossed on Parchment," which was read a first time, and the second reading was fixed for to-morrow.

The Coins Offenses Bill was brought down from the Commons, read a first time, and, on motion of the Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, seconded by the Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, it was ordered to be read a second time on Thursday next.

The Perjury Bill and the Forgery Bill were respectively introduced by the Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, by message, from the Commons, and were read a first time; and the second reading of the former was ordered for Thursday, and the latter for Friday next.

QUESTIONS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

Hon. Mr. BENSON enquired whether it is the intention of the Government to impose tonnage dues upon American vessels coming into our ports corresponding with those which by the American laws are now imposed upon British vessels going into American ports; and also whether it is the intention of the Government to introduce during the present Session a Bill to make uniform the system of Registry for vessels throughout the Dominion, and whether it is the intention to adopt the system and provision of the British Merchant Shipping Act in relation thereto?

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL in reply to his hon. friend would state in regard to the first subject of enquiry that it has had the very serious consideration of the Government. His hon. friend must be aware that at the present time, when we have had hopes of a return to reciprocity with the United States, it would be a very delicate thing to introduce anything which would be looked upon as of a retaliatory character. The Government would give the subject that consideration which its importance demands. In regard to the second question he would state to his hon. friend that the Bill is in course of preparation, and if the exigencies of the public service will permit, it will be submitted for the consideration of Parliament.

His Hon. the SPEAKER gave notice of the expiration of the time for the reception of Petitions and Private Bills.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved that the period for receiving Petitions and Private Bills be extended to the 20th day of May.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY enquired when he might expect an official return to a motion which passed the House, asking for the number of certificates granted under the Act of 1868, with dates and names of the steamers inspected, of the inspectors and of the appointment of the inspectors.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said he was prevented from giving a speedy return to the Address, on account of part of the information required belonging to the accounts of the present year of which he had no return from the chairman of the board of inspection. As soon as the notice of Address was received he had communicated with the inspectors of Toronto, and as soon as possible the return asked for shall be presented. All the inspectors had been written to, but some little delay would occur before answers could be received from them all.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY thought they should get these returns within some reasonable time after they were moved for. He could make all reasonable allowance, but the papers referred to were merely a return to an address asking the dates and names of steamboats inspected. He would not say there was any particular delay in this case, but in some of these cases the subordinate officers, who have these things in charge, do not show that activity in preparing these returns which they should.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL regretted that his hon. friend should have selected his Department to bring a complaint against, in regard to the slowness in which returns were made up. The explanation which he (Mr. Mitchell) gave was one which ought to have satisfied his hon. friend. Had he confined his address for information concerning the past year he would long before this have had that return. That return was asked for on the 30th of April, eleven days ago: since then the Inspector at Toronto, who is chairman of the Board, has had to communicate with all the other inspectors, who, at this season of the year, are actively employed in getting ready for the business of the season. Some of these gentlemen were away from home. It was utterly impossible that communications could have been received from the inspector at St. John, because he was not at home then, and it was not probable that he had arrived since. Therefore, no neglect could be shown in this case. The only difficulty in this matter had been in deriving information in respect to the present year. He supposed his hon. friend had some object in including this year; but, having done so, he must take the consequence of the delay occasioned by the season of the year. There was no intention, on the part of the Government, to make any delay.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY said all that was asked for was a return of the number of certificates in the simple form of the Act of 1868. To this was to be added the dates and names of steamers inspected. He would venture to say the whole of it would not occupy a half a sheet of paper, for except our seagoing steamboats, we can almost count our steamers on our fingers.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL—They can be counted by hundreds.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY—Suppose there is one hundred, there is nothing to do but simply to write the number of the steamers and the date they are certified. The fact of the chief officer being away from home is no excuse for delay, as his subordinate could give the information.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL thought his hon. friend did not understand his explanation. There had been no delay in seeking information from the different inspectors. His hon. friend would find the information sought, could not be given on one sheet, or three sheets of paper. There were five or six hundred examinations of engines for steamboats. The inspectors perform all the duties pertaining to their business without the employment of any subordinate, therefore, the information could not be obtained through them. He did not know that there was a single subordinate in the office of the Chairman of the Board of Inspectors. He might be sixty miles away from home, and in that case, they could not expect to get the required information without a weeks notice. There had not been a moments delay in this matter which could be avoided. His hon. friend had failed to give that consideration to the department which he generally has done. He, (Mr. Mitchell,) was sure that when his hon. friend saw the amount of information asked for, being so much more than he expects, he will give the Department every consideration. The moment the information asked for was received the return to the address would be made.

VAGRANTS BILL.

In pursuance of the order of the day the House went into Committee of the Whole (Hon. Mr. MILLER in the chair) upon a Bill intituled "an Act respecting vagrants."

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said progress had been reported upon this Bill in consequence of a suggestion made regarding the clause placing it out of the power of beggars to go from door to door soliciting alms. In compliance with that suggestion he had prepared a paragraph which he thought would meet with the approbation of the House. This would provide that all persons begging must have a certificate from a priest, clergyman, minister of the Gospel, or two Justices of the Peace residing in the Municipality where the alms are being asked, stating that he is a person deserving of charity. It had also been suggested by several eminent judges of Ontario that the time of imprisonment, when vagrants are convicted before two Justices of the Peace, should be limited to two months, instead of six as is provided under the present Bill. Another suggestion which he approved of was to allow a Stipendiary Magistrate, or a Police Magistrate, a Mayor, or Warden, to act alone in these cases. These amendments he thought would receive the approval of the House.

Hon. Mr. TESSIER remarked in regard to the certificates to be given to beggars by clergymen, &c., that those certificates should bear a certain date, and not be used after a certain time.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL thought that was a good suggestion, and he would move that the certificates be signed within six months.

The different amendments suggested were severally adopted, and the third reading of the Bill ordered for to-morrow.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Tuesday, May 11, 1869.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

A number of petitions were presented, among them several against any change in the Banking Laws, or interference with the bank circulation.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN brought down a return to the address for copies of surveys, reports of engineers, &c., on the Intercolonial Railway route.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON gave notice of motion, on Thursday next, for an Address to her Majesty, expressing the desire of the House that Mr. Gladstone's bill for the disestablishment of the Irish Church should pass.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN introduced a Bill relating to the Quebec Harbour Trust. He explained the provisions of the Bill. The trust would be managed by five Commissioners, elected by the bondholders. It was also provided that the water lots belonging to the trust should not be sold without the sanction of the Government, it being feared that improvements upon these lots might interfere with navigation. Provision had been made for a meeting of the bondholders, at which it would be competent for them to renew the overdue interest on their bonds, and to determine on providing for a sinking fund for the payment of the principal. It had been represented to the Government, on behalf of the bondholders, that they would be willing to accept a lower rate of interest than that now paid on condition of its being paid regularly, and that the lower rate of interest would permit the formation of a sinking fund for the redemption of the bonds. He repeated his explanation in French.

In reply to Mr. McKENZIE,

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN explained that the Bill left things as they were; all the debts, duties and obligations were left without interference.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said in other words the Commissioners were henceforth to be elected by the bondholders instead of being appointed by the Government.

Hon. Mr. DORION thought that arrangement dangerous to the public interest.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said the present system was that three commissioners were appointed by the Government and two by the bondholders. But it was supposed that by giving the bondholders the whole management, with all their obligations unimpaired, they would take greater interest in providing for the payment of the bonds.

The Bill was read a first time—second reading on Friday next.

RETURNS—INTERCOLONIAL.

Mr. JONES said before the orders of the day were proceeded with, he desired to ask the Government concerning the return asked for at an early part of the Intercolonial Railway, concerning the cost of management, surveys, &c., of the Intercolonial Railway since the first of April, 1868, up to the present time.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said some of these returns required the action of several departments, but they would soon be brought down.

INSOLVENT ACT.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, on moving the second reading of the Act respecting insolvency, said the Bill, as he had formerly explained, was similar to that already in force in Ontario and Quebec, with several amendments suggested by experience. He had thought that if the principle of the Bill were to be affirmed, it might then go before a committee, when the several clauses of the Bill might be separately discussed. He had received the suggestion of some important amendments from a high authority in Ontario, and these he would submit. He now proposed that the Bill be read a second time and referred to a Special Committee.

Mr. CASAULT said there was not a single intelligible line in the French translation of the Bill. It was utterly incomprehensible even to a lawyer.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON said there were several objections to the Bill as it now stood, and he thought the members of the Special Committee might examine with great advantage the Bankruptcy Law introduced into the English Parliament. There were two things in respect to bankruptcy—the interests of the creditor and interests of the debtor; and it was noticeable that in the gradual progress of legislation on the subject of debtor and creditor, it would be seen that the rigour against the debtor had gradually given way to extreme clemency, until it had become almost rigourous against the creditor. He suggested a graduating scale, based upon the rate of payment in the pound, to regulate the character of the discharge, and the time at which it might be given; so that the debtor would not postpone a settlement until the creditor got little or nothing. He also contended that every man entering upon trade should be compelled to keep a set of books, clearly defined; and that if he entered into insolvency, without these books, his certificate of discharge should be altogether withheld, or suspended for years. By this means there would be a controlling power over the proper conducting of business. He instanced the evil effects of the provisions of the present law, by which property under sale was liable to be almost totally wasted, and argued that the manner of appointing the official assignee was defective. He saw no reason why the Sheriff of each county could not be the official assignee for that county. There were many other defects to which he might direct attention, but he made these few remarks in the hope that they would be considered by the House, and he trusted the Special Committee's labours would result in the framing of an acceptable measure.

Hon. Mr. DORION was satisfied that a large proportion of commercial men were utterly opposed to a bankrupt law. So strong was the feeling in Montreal against it, that were there a motion made to throw it out altogether, he would support it. With respect to the Bill, though much better than other Bankrupt Acts that had been in force, it was still very defective. He referred to the fact that in Quebec, when the mortgaged real estate of an Insolvent was sold by the Assignee, the mortgage was lifted at once from the property to the proceeds of the sale. Now, the Assignee might give three years' credit on this property in order to get a better price, and the hands of the party holding the mortgage were tied. He could do nothing towards recovering the amount of his mortgage until that time had expired. In Ontario and other Provinces that objection did not lie, but property was sold there subject to mortgage. He thought that so many debtors had already been whitewashed that we could now do without the law for a few years. In the United States they adopted a bankrupt law once every five or ten years, but only for a short time. The tendency of such laws was to lessen the credit of the honest trader.

Mr. HARRISON said the question now before the House was whether there should be a bankrupt law? He, for one, was prepared to advocate the adoption of a bankrupt law. The fact that the law had been abused was no reason against the law itself. He had read of a bankrupt law among the ancient Romans, which was that the debtor was cut up into pieces and divided among the creditors. Since that time it had been found that the debtor was being unduly exalted at the expense of the creditor. No country had made more persistent efforts than England to perfect a bankrupt law. Yet they found the management of estates so expensive that the law was considered defective. It was found that about fifty per cent. of the estate went to the lawyers, and only fifty per cent. to the creditors. By the Scotch system, which was mainly managed through the creditors, the lawyers being called in only when required, it was found that the management was much more economical than the English, and the Irish was between the two. There had been great complaints from Montreal about failures in Ontario, but he considered that these failures had been brought about by the reckless system of giving credit. He read a memorandum of several cases, shewing that the parties who had received credit from Montreal were utterly unworthy of trust, and incapable of doing business. Since the Act came in force there had been three thousand three hundred persons passed through the court, and during the first three months of the present year there had been two hundred new insolvents. He attributed this large number to the reckless manner in which trade had been forced, and the indiscriminate credit given. He had learned that while the population was increasing by twenty per cent. the importation of dry goods had increased by sixty per cent. It was no wonder, therefore, that overtrading led to so much bankruptcy. He had carefully examined the present Bill, and would have some suggestions to offer before the committee. He had had a good deal of experience in the working of the law, but were he to speak as a lawyer he would say, have no Insolvent Act at all. (Hear, hear).

Mr. MAGILL was opposed to the principle of the Bill, and he ventured to say it was the general opinion of the commercial men in Ontario that there should be no Insolvency Act. It had been said the wholesale merchants were to blame for the increase of failures, but he attributed that to the Insolvency Act. It was a premium to the dishonest trader, over the honest one. It was argued, also, that the men who failed would be thereafter tied down. But, would it not be better that they should be tied down, than that they should be let free again to commit fresh outrages on honest men; and if they left the country, would not the country be better without them (hear, hear.) He was utterly opposed to the Bill, and as it had been long enough in force now to let through all those who had been suffering from the general crisis of trade some years ago, we could now well dispense with it for several years to come. The member for Peel had suggested that the Sheriffs of counties should be made the official assignees; but that would be making matters worse, instead of better. Being entirely opposed to the principle of a bankrupt law he hoped it would be repealed.

Mr. McKENZIE said it was the opinion that the great majority of the people of Western Ontario were opposed to a Bankrupt Law. The present Act had corrupted public morality, and was ruining and degrading the commercial character of the country. He instanced many cases of parties taking advantage of it for the purpose of evading the payment of debt. He had no great sympathy with the Montreal merchants. They forced their trade to a great extent, starting stores in every insignificant village, and over doing the trade of the country. He approved the suggestion of the hon. member for Peel that no discharge should be given until a fixed percentage of the debt was paid, but he was opposed to the Bill altogether.

Hon. Col. GRAY said the objections against the law appeared to be rather against the details, or the administration of the law, than against its principle. He would not follow the same line of argument as the member for East Toronto, with whose remarks he agreed, but would call the attention of the House to the origin of credit. No man was forced to give credit. He gave it only for his own benefit, for the purpose of making a profit out of it; and had to run the risk of loss. The man who gave the credit was, therefore, the first party to the creation of the debt. Hon. gentlemen had spoken as if all debtors were dishonest, and the creditors honest men. But the debtor might be as honest as the creditor, and yet be unable to pay. It was then the duty of the law to protect him, and give him an opportunity of securing his relief from obligations he may find it impossible to discharge. No man objected to the real principle of the Bill, which was, that means of relief should be afforded to the honest, but insolvent, debtor. Even the member for Lambton would admit this; and he should be the first man in the House to show wherein the present Bill could be amended, having seen so fully the effects of its operations. He, himself, was anxiously desirous to see the Bill pass, and would be prepared to discuss it in detail before the Committee.

Mr. CAMERON (Huron) disputed the assertion of the member for Hamilton that the people of Ontario were opposed to the principle of the Bill. On the contrary, there was a general feeling in favour of a bankruptcy law, though some objection had been taken to the working of the present law. He objected to the casting of so many duties on the shoulders of the County Court Judges, and would have preferred it, had the example of England been followed, by the creation of a Court of Bankruptcy. The Bill would meet many of the principal objections urged against the existing law. He trusted that the Bill would pass, with slight modifications, and the Minister of Justice would see that proper rules were framed for working it. He also hoped the Minister of Justice would see his way clearly to the insertion of a clause similar to the new law in England, that no insolvent would obtain a discharge unless he paid something. At present men were tempted to struggle on too long until they frittered away their estate in trying to retrieve their positions. But if they knew that they could not obtain a discharge if they were not able to pay one-half or one-third of their obligations, it would be to the advantage of both debtor and creditor. He opposed the abolition of voluntary assignments, and reiterated his denial that the people of Ontario were opposed to the Bill.

Mr. OLIVER said that during the time the Act had been in force there were as many compromises between debtors and creditors as there had been insolvents taking the benefit of the Act. It was no wonder that such was the case, for merchants were willing to do anything rather than enter into the courts. He had heard of the principle of the Bill; but what was its principle? It had no principle. Was it not a principle that the creditor should receive his own, dollar for dollar? Much had been said about hard times and depression of trade; but did not the operation of this Bill ruin the honest trader, by bringing bankrupt stocks into competition at a discount of twenty-five per cent. with stocks bought and honestly paid for. With respect to the opinion in Ontario he would venture to assert that in his own locality there was not a single solvent trader who was not opposed to the bankrupt law. He argued that the effects of the law had been ruinously demoralising and injurious to the interests of the honest man. He hoped the Bill before the House would not pass, and that the existing Act would be repealed.

It being six o'clock the Speaker left the chair.

After Recess.

Mr. BODWELL said the feeling of the people of Ontario was against the Bill, because of its abuses, but they did not oppose the principle of the law, if an Act fair to debtor and creditor could be framed. The present law is unjust, unequal and expensive, and the masses of the people, without considering further, have declared themselves against it. The boards of trade have taken a wider view and sought amendments. It was true that an honest man could generally obtain a settlement from the majority of his creditors. But there were always some who would seek to grind him down. He had seen such cases of a very lamentable kind. It had always been part of the principles of the Reform party to have a just Insolvent Act. What seemed, however, to be the principle of this Bill, was that of the pound of flesh. There might be important amendments, and some of these should be considered. It was for the interest of the creditors that voluntary assignments should be done away with. But he held that a man who could not pay 50 per cent. of his liabilities should have his release suspended. In the case of fraud it should be permanently withheld. In the United States, he believed, there was a law about to be introduced, and also one in Great Britain; and they should not give up trying till they had obtained a proper system.

Mr. LANGLOIS said Quebec required such a law as this, although amendments were required. A fair trial of the system should be given, although he had doubts as to the saving of expense. The amendments required for Quebec applied to *separation de views* among other things. A person in business under this law had no dread of going recklessly, by settling property on his wife, and then obtaining legal separation. When he failed he could fall back on this. Merchants, unfortunately, did not mind much causing loss to other creditors, by giving such a man a position to start afresh in his wife's name. This abuse had been carried very far in Quebec. He suggested a clause prohibiting the insolvent from starting business in his wife's name for a certain number of years. He suggested also that fraud should be punished, not as misdemeanour, to be tried before a jury, as it was almost impossible to obtain a conviction. He would have the word struck out and proceedings taken before a judge, retaining the same punishments. An insolvent might in this way be punished, which was now impossible.

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT said it was quite certain that the importance of the subject to the commercial public cannot be over-rated. The question before the House was, on the principle of the Bill, should we have a bankrupt law or not? It seemed that much misapprehension prevailed, for hon. members objected to the second reading of the present Bill, because of the defects of the Bill now in force. He referred to the state of the country before the passing of the Bankrupt Law, and in allusion to the case mentioned by the member for Peel, admitted that the case might be a hard one for the judgment creditor, who was trying to seize the whole estate; but he thought it was a very good thing for the other creditors to the estate, that the proceeds of the sale were divided amongst them. Without the Bankrupt Law, a brother, or some other relative, or friend, could always come in before the real creditor, by confession of judgment, or other process. The right of the debtor, abstractly speaking, was to retain his books and his property; the right of the creditor was to get paid his debt in full. These were the rights of both parties; but it was clear that they could not both be maintained, if the debtor is unable to pay. Hence there must be a compromise. The debtor is, therefore, called upon to give up his whole estate, and in return for this extraordinary remedy for the creditor, he is called upon to accept a composition on his claim. These principles seemed to him to be correct. There was an extraordinary remedy in both cases: the creditor received the whole estate of the debtor; and the debtor, if an honest man, was entitled to his free discharge from all further claim. These he regarded as the principles governing the framing of a Bankrupt Act. He combatted some of the objections urged against the working of the Act, contending that they involved only matters of detail, or resulted from the carelessness of the creditors in not looking after the estate. With respect to the two amendments suggested by the member for Peel, the one that voluntary assignments should not be allowed, and the second that no discharge should be granted, unless the insolvent paid a certain per centage, ought not surely to be put in the same Bill. What would be the effect? Why, that a man would be held on until the last shilling was dragged out of him by his creditors; until his whole estate was wasted, before his creditors would permit him to go into liquidation. Then, when his nose had been held to the grindstone, until his whole estate was gone, then the creditors would tell him that because he had not paid the money which they had compelled him to waste, they now refuse him a discharge altogether. Such provisions would be positively outrageous (hear, hear). The same objections also applied with almost equal force to the single provision regarding voluntary assignments. If voluntary assignments were prevented honest men might be compelled to fritter away their estates, whereas he held that the proper course was for the trader, whenever he found that he was unable to pay twenty shillings in the pound, and that he was daily getting behind, he should, for the interests of his creditors, as well as his own, go into bankruptcy at once. He objected also to basing the discharge upon the amount of the dividend, because it would be found that the most honourable men had frequently paid the smallest dividends. As to the repeal of the law for four or five years, he held that it was utterly immoral. If we could not frame a measure which could stand upon the statute book, we should abandon the attempt. But he had confidence that the wisdom of the Legislature would yet devise means for balancing the extraordinary remedies granted to the creditor, by the extraordinary privileges conferred upon the insolvent debtor. If it could not be done this session, it certainly ought to be done as soon as possible. This Bill was on the Scotch principle. The English law, which was found so very expensive, was now being brought more in harmony with the Scotch law. He denied that opinion in Montreal was against a bankrupt law. Three petitions had been received from Montreal, two of them asking for the amendment of the law of 1864, and one of them praying for some measure relating to insolvency.

A good deal of merriment was here produced by Hon. Mr. DORION quoting one clause in the petition against the Bankrupt Act, and Mr. ABBOTT quoting another clause of the same petition in favour of Bankrupt, and also stating that thirty of the signers of the one petition had signed another praying that the Act of 1864 might be amended.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD referred to the abolition of imprisonment for debt, and the introduction of the Insolvent Act, contending that there had been more swindling and rascality than ever before. The whole tendency seemed to be to assist the debtor in cheating the creditor. It was out of the question to suppose that a young community like ours could frame a proper system of bankruptcy, which had puzzled communities a thousand years old. The Bill of 1864 had been a failure, and the Bill now before the House would be the same. There was not a sufficiently high moral standard in the country; it was thought a clever thing to cheat the rich merchants of London or Montreal, and the remark was often made "they got large profits, and could stand it." Opposed as he was to an Insolvent Act, he was willing to give this new Bill a trial. When it came back from the Committee he hoped the Hon. Minister of Justice would be prepared to accept the suggestion which he (Hon. J.S.MacD.) made on the Bill of 1864: that it be limited to two years. By that time it would be found whether the amendments introduced rendered the Bill satisfactory.

Mr. MACDONALD (Lunenburg) said the Province of Nova Scotia had no insolvent law now, but anxiously desired one. As to the assertion that rascality had been practised under the law, he thought it would always be so until human nature was changed. There were many cases of men growing rich by compounding with creditors in countries where there was no bankrupt law.

Mr. LAWSON asserted that opinion in Ontario was favourable to the principle of a bankrupt law. Those who remembered the crisis of 1857 would admit that three thousand people left the country at that time who would have gladly remained had there been a bankrupt law then in force. Ontario would prefer the present law, even without amendment, to no bankrupt law at all.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN instanced some cases where debtors had defrauded their creditors. He would support the Bill.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER explained the provisions of the Bill, with reference to the civil law of Quebec.

Mr. RYMAL opposed the Bill, as a shield, behind which knaves sheltered themselves, for the purpose of cheating honest men.

The Bill was read a second time.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD then moved that the Bill be referred to a Special Committee, consisting of Messrs. Abbott, Gray, Wood, Irvine, Holton, Galt, E. M. Macdonald, Dufresne, Beaty, Workman, Savary, J. H. Cameron, Harrison, M. C. Cameron, Langevin, Langlois, Geoffrion, Levisconte and the mover.

Mr. FERGUSSON spoke strongly in opposition to the Bill, arguing that the feeling of the people in his part of the country was entirely against the Bill. They believed that the fault of the frequent bankruptcies was on the part of the wholesale merchants forcing their goods on their customers.

The motion was carried.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Hon. Mr. ROSE, on moving the third reading of the Bill: "An Act respecting the Department of Finance," stated, in relation to the Secretaryship of the Treasury Board, that no salary would be attached to that office until the opinion of the House had been expressed upon the matter.

The Bill was then read a third time, and passed.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY ARRANGEMENT.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. ROSE the House went into Committee of the Whole on the "Act to confirm and give effect to a certain agreement made between the Government of Canada and the Great Western Railway Company."—The Hon. Col. GRAY in the chair.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought fuller statements of the Great Western Railway accounts should have been brought down.

Mr. McKENZIE said there appeared to be a discrepancy between the statement in the public accounts and that in the correspondence brought down.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said there was no common starting point between the Company and the Government, but the arrangement had been made on the Government statement, by which the whole capital and a portion of the interest would be paid. [Formerly explained in the Times.]

Mr. ROSS (Prince Edward) opposed, and Mr. STREET defended the agreement.

Mr. OLIVER opposed the agreement, and accused the company of having taken the soldiers to meet the Fenians, in cattle cars.

Mr. STREET gave the Great Western Railway Company much credit for the great exertions made by them during the Fenian raids.

Mr. MAGILL and Mr. McKENZIE also defended the Great Western Railway.

Mr. BOWELL had made a calculation for himself as to the amount that would be lost by the country through the agreement, and he found it would be a million and a-half of dollars. The question appeared to him to be whether they should exact a just claim against a solvent debtor, and he thought they should. If the member for Prince Edward was not prepared to test the sense of the House, he (Mr. Bowell) would do so.

Mr. ROSS (Dundas) was inclined to oppose the arrangement without further information.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that since so many of the supporters of the Government were about to withdraw their support on this question he would, though believing the Bill to be a good one, consider it his duty to withdraw his promised support from his hon. friend opposite, on the higher and much more important consideration of being able to obtain that great boon for the Dominion—good government, (great laughter). He knew it was a good measure, but its being delayed for a time was nothing to be compared to the chance of obtaining a change in the Government (laughter). He supposed, however, if he should withdraw his support, the Government would have a larger vote than if he voted with them (renewed laughter).

Hon. J. H. CAMERON said the position of the member for Chateauguay was quite as logical as that of the Government supporters who had proposed to change sides on this question. He himself thought the Government had driven an exceedingly hard bargain with the company.

The Bill having passed through committee, and the House resumed, the report was concurred in; and

The House adjourned at half-past eleven.

BIRTHS.

On Monday, the 10th instant, Mrs. H. J. Friel, of a son.

In this city, on the 11th inst., the wife of A. Graham, Esq., merchant, of a daughter.

DIED.

On Tuesday, 11th inst., in the 34th year of his age, at his father's residence, in this city, after a long and painful illness, borne with the greatest patience and resignation, Donough Lucius Alexander, third son of Lucius O'Brien, M. D.

Amusements.

CITIZENS'

PROMENADE CONCERT,

IN HONOUR OF

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

AND

LADY YOUNG,

THE SENATORS AND MEMBERS OF

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS OF

THE DOMINION,

IN THE

SKATING RINK,

ON

WEDNESDAY, 12th MAY, at 8 p.m.

The committee are happy to announce that they have secured the assistance of the full Band of the Rifle Brigade (military and stringed orchestral), of Professor G. Smith, and several favourite lady and gentlemen amateurs.

Refreshments by Mrs. Proderick.

Single tickets, 50 cents. Double tickets for lady and gentleman, 75 cents.

☞ See programmes. 1045-3

BAZAAR,

under the distinguished patronage

OF HER EXCELLENCY LADY YOUNG.

The Ladies of ST. ANDREW'S CONGREGATION, (Church of Scotland), intend holding a BAZAAR in aid of the funds of that Church, in GOWAN'S HALL, entrance by Wellington-st., on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 13th and 14th instant.

Patroness—Her Excellency Lady Young.

Vice Patroness—Lady Macdonald.

☞ Contributions are solicited, and will be received by the following ladies who have kindly consented to act as a committee:

Mrs. McKay,	Mrs. Bronson,
Mrs. Stewart,	Mrs. A. J. Russell,
Mrs. Grant,	Mrs. John McLean,
Mrs. Cassels,	Mrs. Drummond,
Mrs. Jas. Gordon,	Mrs. T. Patterson,
Mrs. McNutt,	Mrs. Taylor,
Mrs. Ross,	Mrs. M. Patterson.

Contributions to the Refreshment Table are requested to be sent to the Hall as early as possible on Thursday morning.

Admittance 12½ cents.

J. S. RUSSELL,
President of Committee.
1043d

Ottawa, May 7.

SIMCOE OLD RYE.

(*Ritchie, Ford & Co.*)

Just received.

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
1047ff

Ottawa, May 12.

TO LUMBER MERCHANTS.—Wanted by a young man a situation as Lumber Clerk; has had several years experience in the measuring, shipping and piling of lumber. Can furnish the very best of references. Address, A.B., Times Office, Ottawa. 1047-4-26-1

LOCAL NEWS

RIFLE BRIGADE BAND.—In future the band of the Rifle Brigade will play on Thursday afternoons, on the Major's Hill, instead of Wednesdays.

THE NEW SALUTE.—The Rifle Brigade were out yesterday with their band on Government Hill practising the new salute in the march past in quick time.

MR. MILLAR'S SACRED CONCERT.—There will be practice for Mr. Millar's sacred concert, in the Wesleyan Church, Centre Town, to-night, commencing at half-past seven o'clock. This being the last night for practice, a full and prompt attendance is requested.

SUMMER.—The weather continues to be as brilliant as the heart could desire. We have had but little of what in temperate climates is known as spring, but find ourselves at once ushered into the most genial summer weather. Vegetation all around wears the most cheering and promising aspects. The birds are singing on every tree, and the fields are already "with verdure clad."

POLICE COURT.—Julia Ring; the old, old story was told again at half-past nine in the morning. Donna Julia was drunk, and in default of a fine of $5 and costs, was sent to jail for three weeks.

Two small boys, Louis and Toussaint Lahaise, were brought up for larceny. The evidence against them being incomplete, the case was adjourned till this morning.

FOR THE GARDEN, &c.—Mr. Amos Rowe, auctioneer, will sell by auction, to-day, at two o'clock, p. m., a large variety of ornamental and fruit trees, roses, flowering shrubs, apple, pear, plum, cherry and other trees, with a large collection of flowers, garden plants of many kinds, &c., &c., all selected from the nursery of Mr. R. J. Donnelly, of Rochester, and all are well suited to this climate. All who have gardens, or places for ornamental trees, should embrace this advantage. The sale will be held at Rowe's new auction store, east of the Sappers' Bridge.

THE CITIZENS' GRAND CONCERT.—The grand concert given by the citizens in honour of his Excellency the Governor-General and Lady Young, and the Senators and members of the House of Commons of the Dominion, takes place at the Skating Rink this evening. The list of invitations is precisely the same as for the grand ball of last week. Tickets can be procured by citizens and others. Single, 50 cents, and to admit a lady and gentleman, 75 cents. It is believed that large numbers of persons who did not attend the ball will be present at the concert. The lovers of music will be glad to learn that they will have an opportunity of hearing once more, that universal favourite of the public, Mrs. Harrison, who delighted so many audiences in this city, when she was known as Miss Sydney McCarthy. Miss J. Aumond also, who has just completed her musical education in Montreal, and whose musical talent is of a very high order, will sing on the occasion. Mrs. O'Connor and Madame Gelinas have also consented to assist at the concert. Of the merits of these ladies we need say nothing, because they are well known. We understand that Mr. Sinclair and Mr. Beament, who are well known to Ottawa audiences, will lend their valuable aid to make the concert worthy the occasion. Professor Gustave Smith will preside at the pianoforte, and the Rifle Band, military and orchestral, will execute some of the choicest selections of their *repertoire*. The course around the Rink for the promenade will be clear, the temporary rooms for refreshment which were erected on the occasion of the ball having been removed. The usual dressing rooms will be available for guests and visitors. Mrs. Broderick will be in attendance to supply refreshments. The committee with their Secretary, George Kennedy, Esq, and Mr. Orme, who attends to the musical management, have been untiring in their exertions to make this grand concert the best of the kind ever given in this city.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 11.

Geo. Laidlaw, the moving spirit of the narrow gauge railway, has written a letter, circulated in a circular form, with the *Evening Globe*, enforcing the duty and the necessity of people taking stock in these lines. The document is more amusing than logical. Referring to money hoarders he says "Yes; let them fill their vaults with their mortgages. They will soon fill vaults themselves. Alas! that mortgages could not be consigned with bodies to the tombs, and turn into wings with which their owners might flee from the beautiful earth to some place where the mortgages would be good enough security for that happiness which they fail to secure here."

The annual meeting of the members of the Mechanics' Institute was held last night. The report shows the annual receipt to be $7,321, being $124 over expenses. Hon. G. W. Allan was re-elected President.

Last evening Jerry Sheehan, one of the Stanly-st. worthies, was walking on the street with a heavy crowbar in his hand, when meeting Malone, another of the local celebrities, he struck him twice on the head with the crowbar, inflicting an almost fatal wound. No cause is assigned for the act. Sheehan was not arrested.

The sale of cavalry horses was continued to-day. An enormous crowd of bidders was present. The average price paid was $118.

At the city council last night a committee was appointed to draft an address to General Stisted and officers, expressing regret at their departure.

The police estimates were presented. They amount to $29,894.

MONTREAL.

Meeting of the Synod—Resolution from the American House of Bishops.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, May 11.

A special meeting of the Synod for the election of Bishop was held this afternoon. After an address by Dean Bethune, the following resolution, received from the American House of Bishops relative to the death of Bishop Fulford, was read: "The bishops, clergy and laity of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States, in general convention assembled, offer to their brethren the bishops, clergy and laity of the United Church of England and Ireland in the Dominion of Canada assurance of their sympathy and prayers under their afflictive bereavment, which in the loss of their Metropolitan it has pleased God to send upon them. Intimately connected with our own Episcopate, by having united in several Episcopal consecrations, well known and honoured among us privately and in public, as the preacher at our last general convention, we cordially unite with his brethren, his clergy and people, in bearing our testimony to his zeal and devotion as a minister of God's word, and to the piety and godliness of his private life. May God give to the Diocese and Province a successor to the departed prelate, who may worthily carry on the work which he has been called to lay down."

On the reception of the report of the committee appointed to examine the credentials of delegates Mr. Cartier objected to Mr. L. H. Davidson, of Sweetsburg. The father of this delegate is incumbent of the church, and according to his interpretation of the law no one had a right to vote at the Vestry meetings except those who owned, or had leased, pews, it being a proprietory church. His son received three such votes, and his opponent, George Baker, only one. Though the latter had a majority of the meeting Davidson was returned. After a discussion till seven o'clock it was decided by a large majority to strike his name off the list, and put in Geo. Baker. A good deal of feeling was manifested, and much confusion at one time prevailed. Davidson is suspected of being Ritualistic.

The Synod adjourned immediately after the vote.

FATHER POINT.

Arrival of the SS. "St. Andrew."

Special to THE TIMES.

FATHER POINT, May 11.

The steamship *St. Andrew* passed at noon to-day with 493 steerage passengers.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 11.—The *Morning Standard*, (Conservative organ,) of to-day, has a leading article on the *Alabama* question and the speech of Senator Sumner in the United States Senate in opposition to that measure. The writer reviews the relative position of the United States and Great Britain, and asserts that the raids and other ravages perpetrated by American Fenians on Canada during the past few years, more than overbalance the depredations by the *Alabama* on American commerce. The Government of Great Britain, in consenting to submit the mutual international grievance to arbitration, did more than could be fairly demanded, and to yield further would be an act of cowardice and irreparable degradation.

Mr. O'Sullivan, the Mayor of Cork, has resigned his office. Mr. Maguire, member for Cork, announced the fact in the House to-day, and stated that O'Sullivan had taken this action to prevent re-election. The Bill introduced by the Attorney-General, disqualifying the Mayor from acting as a magistrate, was in consequence postponed for one month.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 11.—The Government is considering a plan for the reorganisation of the Roman Catholic Church throughout the Empire.

CUPA.

HAVANA, May 11.—The *Diario* publishes to-day a report of an engagement which took place between the Spanish troops, under the command of Gen. Lesca, and the Cuban insurgents, at Altagracia. The report says the rebels offered a more determined resistance than in any previous battle, and acknowledges that the Spaniards had a colonel, a captain, and 6 privates killed, and 30 wounded. It claims the rebel loss was heavy, but does not give the numbers. The insurgents have burned the village of St. Miguel, near Nuevitas. Puerto Principe is reported to be plentifully supplied with provisions. It is expected that the *Prussia*, of this city, will soon suspend publication, and probably withdraw from the field of journalism. The steamer *Columbian* arrived at noon to-day from New York with Mr. Plum, the new Consul-General from the United States, for Havana, as a passenger.

The *Times'* special says a cable despatch from the Captain-General of Cuba, to the Spanish Minister, says the insurrection has virtually terminated, and not more than 1,200 insurgents remain under arms.

Valmaseda's late proclamation has been received at the State Department, and is considered an outrage and disgrace to the 19th century.

The *Mary Lowell* claim has been presented by the English Government for settlement at Madrid. The Spanish authorities insist that the vessel was not in British waters at the time, being more than three leagues from shore.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Silk Mills Burned.

NEW YORK, May 10.—The Murray silk mills in Paterson, N. J, were burnt this afternoon. Loss $250,000. About a dozen tenement houses adjoining were also burned.

Filibustering to be Prevented.

NEW YORK, May 11.—The revenue authorities have received orders to post a cutter to watch the movements of suspicious vessels in the East River, to prevent filibusters leaving. All vessels attempting to leave at night will be overhauled, and their cargoes and papers examined.

Americans in the Cuban Revolutionary Army.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Parties here, in the interest of Cubans, state that there are now in the Cuban army 2,500 men, 2,000 of whom are Americans. It is said, by the representatives of the revolutionary army, that success would be placed beyond a doubt, if the United States would recognize the belligerent rights of the insurgents; and, in that case, men and money, already promised, would be furnished in abundance.

Richness of St. Domingo.

The subject of the annexation of St. Domingo will receive official consideration at an early day. Professor Gabb says he has prospected 200 square miles of gold-bearing territory on that island, surpassing in richness any known portions of California and Australia.

International Boat Race.

BOSTON, May 11.—The challenge of the Harvard University Boat Club, to row a race from Putney to Mostlake, England, has been accepted by the Oxford University Boat Club.

Arrival.

NEW YORK, May 11.—The steamer *Cuba* has arrived.

Sir H. L. Bulwer to Speak on the Alabama Claims.

A gentleman who arrived to-day, direct from London, and who is well acquainted with the leading statesmen there, says that Sir Henry Lytton Bulwer has given notice that he would, on the evening of May 11, call up the *Alabama* claims treaty in the House of Commons. It was Sir Henry's intention to speak at some length, criticising the action of the British Ministry, and also taking exceptions to the course of Mr. Seward in precipitating the action on this subject, after the American people had condemned the Johnson Administration at the ballot-box.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The Proposed Reduction in the Atlantic Cable Tolls.

NEW YORK, May 11.—The announcement heretofore made of the proposed reduction in the Atlantic Cable tolls, from and after June, has been incorrect in some respects. The rates on the general public, on and after the 1st of June, are to be $1 per every word, including address, date and signature, but no message will be charged a less sum than $10. A reduction of 50 per cent. from these rates on political and general news for the press is also proposed, but one of the companies interested has not yet given its assent to this provision.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at he nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

BOARD AND LODGING.

Three gentlemen can be accommodated with rooms, with or without board, opposite the City Hall Square, 200 yards from Russell House.

Apply at TIMES office.

Or address MRS. MACLENNAN, Post Office.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047a

MRS. LINTON

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa, that she is prepared to give lessons in the following: Wax Flowers and Shells, Mexikine—something new, Feather Flowers, Royal Wreath, and something new in Tape and Berlin Wool.

New pupils not received after May 15th.

Residence with MRS. EBIN WOOD, St. Paul street, near the "Daily News" Office. 1045-3

TEA! TEA! TEA!

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable men to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade, Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Cattees and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Cattees, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money can be collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. Where there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we will send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs, and sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, will receive one of their own choice in return at our expense.

We subjoin a list of our prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Round Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the address,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Box 201, P. O., Ottawa, or
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, May 8, 1869.

HOUSEKEEPERS,

BUY YOUR

STOVES AND KITCHEN FURNISHINGS

AT

ESMONDE'S,

the cheapest place in the city. All sorts of tinwork manufactured to order.

A few second hand COOKING STOVES for sale.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS

HAVE COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS BETWEEN

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

R. W. SHEPHERD, Manager.

May 7, 1869. 1043f

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE "ROCKET,"

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of

MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON, Clarence-st., near the Market.

Terms $10 for the season.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE, No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

THREE GENTLEMEN

Can be accommodated with furnished bedrooms on Wellington-st.

Apply to M. KAVANAGH at the "Queen," or the House of Commons. 1043a

DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank-st., third door from Sparks-st., where she will be happy to attend to heir orders. 1041b

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season.

Just received.

JAS. BUCHANAN'S, Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

ROOMS WANTED.

Two Bed-rooms, with Board, somewhere near the Parliament Buildings.

Apply by letter to Box 234, Post Office.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045-3

KEYS FOUND.

On the night of the 5TH INSTANT, near the Skating Rink, a BUNCH OF KEYS. The owner by proving property and paying expenses of advertising can have them returned. Apply at TIMES office.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044.3

APPRENTICES WANTED.

Two Apprentices, about 14 or 15 years of age, wanted to learn the Confectionery business.

Apply to

MRS. PRODERICK, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

500 BUSHELS SEED PEAS

—AT—

T. KAVANAGH'S FLOUR STORE,

Rideau-st., next door to the Tea Pot.

Ottawa, May 11. 1046a

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

Terms of subscription for		
1 year	$3	00
6 months	1	50
3 do	1	00
1 do	0	40

The latest novels, British and American Periodicals always on hand. Books bought, sold and exchanged, at

HAUSER'S, Sparks-st.

NOTICE.

All parties indebted to the estate of the late Mr. G. W. LESTER are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and all parties in possession of any chattels, or personal effects, belonging to the said G. W. LESTER at the time of his death, are hereby notified to deliver the same to the undersigned forthwith.

(Signed,) J. L. ORME,
Administrator of G. W. Lester, deceased.

Ottawa, May 11, 1869. 1046tf

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

TREES, SHRUBS and ROSES.

On Wednesday Next, the 12th Instant, At TWO o'clock, p. m.,

The subscriber will sell at his New Sale-room, East end of Sappers' Bridge, Rideau-st., a large and choice collection of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Flowering Shrubs, Hybrid, Perpetual Moss and Climbing Roses, Standard and Dwarf Apple Trees, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Montreal Beauty, Siberian and Transcendant Crab Apple Trees. Currant—Red, White and Black. Gooseberries—English and American sorts. Raspberries in great variety. Strawberries—Wilson, Jacunda, Dr. Macaise, Agriculturist, and Triumph. De Gauel Grapes, Concord, Delaware, Rebecca and Isabella; Asparagus Roots, two years old. Shrubs, comprising Niegellas, Spireas, Deutzias, Snow Ball, Lilacs, and Roses of all the leading sorts. A fine lot of Mountain Ash, and a few choice Weeping Trees for beautifying lawns and family burying places. Trees—Peonens, Gladiolus, &c., &c. It is only necessary to say that the above were selected at the well-known nurseries of R. J. Donnelly, Rochester, N. Y., and are perfectly hardy and suitable for this climate.

J. H. SHANLEY, Agent.
A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 11. 1045td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on

Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Litle's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

T. LAWRENCE

Having opened a first-class TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.

From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion; in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favor him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiers, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS FOR SUMMER WEAR,

In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian TWEEDS,

may now be seen at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.

Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.

A. GRAHAM & CO., Commercial Warehouse, No. 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

AGENTS WANTED--$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT

REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS,

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD, 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

1043.20d

GENTLEMEN

Leaving their orders at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE, No. 60 Sparks-st.,

Can get well suited in Garments.

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays fo Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, 124 Rideau-st.

1043d

TENDERS

Will be received by the Board of Commissioners of Police until FRIDAY, the FOURTEENTH day of MAY, 1869, at 12 o'clock noon, for SUPPLYING CLOTHING for the POLICE FORCE for one year.

Information as to articles required may be had on application to the CHIEF OF POLICE at the City Hall.

W. P. LETT, Clerk, B. C. P.

Ottawa, May 10, 1869. 1046-3

DOOR KEEPER WANTED.

Applications for the office of door keeper for Bank-st. Church will be received until four o'clock on Monday, the 10th instant.

Address to Mr. WM. TAYLOR, Richmond Road, Chairman of Committee.

Ottawa May 6, 1869. 1042-4

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF CARPETINGS AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK OF MILLINERY IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK OF MANTLES, AT MODERATE PRICES, IN EVERY STYLE, At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Silk Velvets, Velveteens and Water-proof Cloakings IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Satin and Lace, Plain and Fancy Silk, Dress Trimmings, Buttons, Linings, &c., In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Ribbons, Lace, Embroidered Collars and Cuffs, And Lace Ties, in Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Broadcloths, Tweeds, Coatings, Vestings, and Tailors' Trimmings In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Linens, Prints, White and Grey Cottons In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF NEW GOODS in all the Departments, is to be found at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

MUSLINS and GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have received direct from a celebrated Printer,

2 CASES PRINTED LAWN and ORGANDIE MUSLINS.

ALSO,

LATEST DESIGNS IN

SWISS and FRENCH GRENADINES,

27, 54 and 72 inch BLACK WOOL GRENADINES,

BLACK SILK GRENADINES.

April 26, 1869. MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS, THE CHEAPEST GOODS, THE CHEAPEST GOODS, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK, THE LARGEST STOCK, THE LARGEST STOCK, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED, THE BEST ASSORTED, THE BEST ASSORTED, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY, THE GREATEST VARIETY, THE GREATEST VARIETY, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE, THE BEST VALUE, THE BEST VALUE, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES, THE NEWEST STYLES, THE NEWEST STYLES, At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

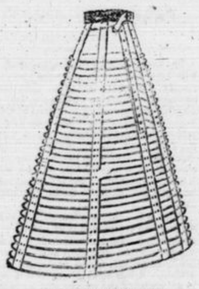
VELVET PILE CARPETS,	
BRUSSELLS	do.
TAPESTRY	do.
IMPERIAL	do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL	do.
Do. UNION	do.
DUTCH	do.
VENETIAN	do.
MANILLA	do.
HEMP	do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS, FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, DOOR MATS, DAMASKS, REPPS, PEKINADES, CHINTZES, LACES, CORNICES, COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON, 47 and 49 Sparks-st.

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.



G. LEVIN,

(Successor to David Millar,)

Manufacturer of Hoop Skirts, and Importer of French and English Corsets.

NEW MATERIALS, NEW STYLES, LOW PRICES.

1035b

N. ROBERTSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR, BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation o the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities su the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

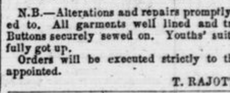
BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO., Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y., Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

LEAVES

AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m., *FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,*

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMERS "ALLIANCE," "JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"

FOR

DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

1042tf

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA FOR ROOFS, DAMP CELLARS, &c.

CHEAP! CLEAN! FIRE-PROOF! UNDECAYING!

Suitable for all Styles, Flat or Upright.

FULL SUPPLY OF FELT AND MATERIALS FOR SALE BY

BUCHANAN & CO., Box 643 Montreal.

Send for circular with full description.

April 30, 1869. 1037b

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

FOR CASH ONLY.

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

JONES & HOLLAND

Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously

Without the Use of a Press or Water.

Price from $2.00 to $4.50.

Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.

Call and see for yourselves.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE—Place the writing under the copying sheet, and rub with the fingers. That's all.

May 5, 1869.

COATS, PANTS and VESTS

May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE, No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING

BOOKBINDING,

&c., &c., &c.

To be had at

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

PRINTING,

AND

STATIONERY STORE,

21 *Rideau-st.,*

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, lar ms
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to mat
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultra rine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and L Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled jdo
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—

Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—

Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES

Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.

Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal as Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—

Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—

Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—

Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,

Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'

Office Requisites supplied on reasonab terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES

Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Boo Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice an on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

General Geography, with 39 coloured map price $1.
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 75

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,

Authorized by the Council of Public Instructio for Ontario. The prices are

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongl bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly boun in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES.

The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,

At "The Ottawa Citizen" Stationery and Printing House,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE

21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 12, 1869.

There was no market yesterday unless we may call three or four huckster's carts and stands a market. In the hay market there was one load. In the wood market there was not a load.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs.	none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*

We would call the especial attention of the

LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for..................$1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to
JOHN COOK,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX,
Plantagenet Mills,
1043tf Ontario.

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to
ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,
AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to
R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to
S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET—FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to
S. SKINNER,
1028d Senate Buildings.

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 29, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th INSTANT, for the purchase of the NEW STEAM SAW MILL near the mouth of the River Blanche, in East Templeton, Province of Quebec, with land and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Mill in good running order, with first-class SHINGLE MILL in addition. Size of Mill 80 x 40, with Engine House 26 x 40. Engine 80 horse power.

If not sooner disposed of it will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of Walker & Pennock, in the city of Ottawa, on the 15th INSTANT, at NOON.

Terms easy.

For fuller particulars and conditions of sale apply to

W. H. WALKER,
Solicitor for Vendor.

Ottawa, May 1, 1869. 1039b

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

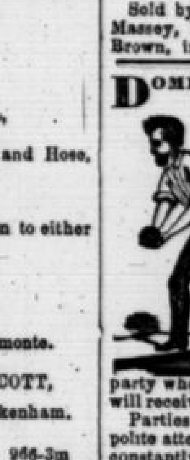
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

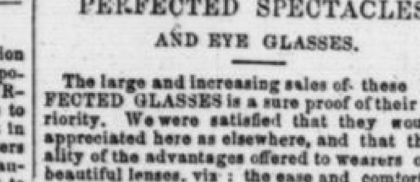
Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

TO LUMBERERS.

QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are,
Your obdt. servants,
1000-2m M. STEVENSON & CO.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' *bills.*

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents*: I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK — REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine No. 2	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give entire satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Department of Marine and Fisheries, until noon of MONDAY, the 10th day of MAY next, for the supply, *in bond*, of 32,000 gallons of the best quality of COAL or REFINED PETROLEUM OIL.

The Oil is required to be non-explosive, at a vapour test of 115 ° Fahrenheit, must burn brilliantly, without smoking, until entirely consumed, and no crust the wick, must be free from all deleterious substances, and remain fluid at 10 ° Fahrenheit. A sample of a quart to accompany each tender.

The Oil to be delivered in iron-bound casks, containing from 30 to 40 gallons each, properly prepared to prevent the oil from permeating the wood, and evaporating from the surface.

The casks to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the Oil.

The Oil to be subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk in the locality designated by the Department as follows:

5,000 gallons at Quebec—one-half on the 8th JUNE, and one-half on the 20th SEPTEMBER next.

10,000 gallons at Montreal, on the 1st July next.
14,000 do at Halifax, N.S., do do
3,000 do at Saint John, N.B., do do

Tenders will be accepted for the whole quantity, or for any of the lots above mentioned.

Parties tendering must give their names and addresses in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfillment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of
Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 14th April, 1869. 1024.4.2aw

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

TIN SPICE BOXES,
A novelty,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at
ESMONDE'S.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town. Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank-st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN.

Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke and Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests.

Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, 15TH MAY NEXT,

for the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8, in the 1st Con., on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF and DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville.

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONECUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipe and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House or Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES and OUT-BUILDINGS for the Lieutenant-Governor's Residence. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan-street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed specifications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works for Ontario,
Toronto, April 24, 1869. 1035td

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA.—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

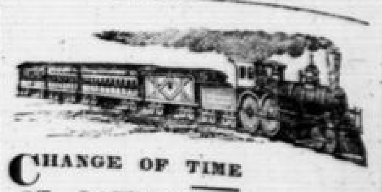
N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

COOKING STOVES of the best quality and make at ESMONDE'S.

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 12th, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.	1.00 a.m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p.m.	4.45 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

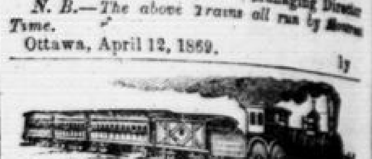
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, April 12, 1869. ly



BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p.m. 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 9:45 p.m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 3:00 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

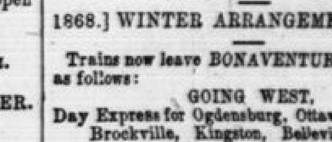
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........ 9:10 a m

Night do do do do do 8:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7:00 a m

Trains for Lachine at........ 6:00 a m, 9:10 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at........ 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at........ 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m

Express for Island Pond, at........ 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........ 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p.m., for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.

OTTAWA

AND

GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY

Notice is hereby given that

THE DIRECTORS

Of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company

have this day made a further

CALL OF TEN PER CENT.

on the additional capital stock of the said company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the OFFICE of W. M. MATHESON, Esq., in this city, on

Tuesday, the Eleventh day of May, Next 1869.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1869.

By order,
W. H. FALLS,
1021td Sec.-Treas.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Ry.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,

LACKAWANNA (Screened.)

LEHIGH (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX ROBERTSON, Editor.

VOL. IV.

Marriage Li[censes]

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICE[NSES] of Ottawa, by commission from the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Ottawa, April 9, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL [HALL]

28 Sparks-st., Otta[wa]

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet
Oxford Bouque[t]
English B[ouquet]

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bo[ttles]
Improved Perfumed [...]
&c.,

A complete stock just received of Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemic[als] Druggists' Sundries of [...] W. M[ASSEY] Family and Dispe[nsing]

Prize Medal, 1852. Sil[ver]

FOR CONSUM[PTION] treated with Savo[ry & Moore's] PANCREATIC [EMULSION]

See *The Lancet, Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

CASE 154.—Says emulsion a[...] well; makes him feel quite diff[erent] week, extraordinary improvement says he has lost cough, eats well. *The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine PANC[REATIC EMUL]SION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, [...] Savory & Moore's labels and tra[de mark]

THE BEST FOOD FO[R INFANTS] resembling Mother's Milk as [...] ble.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods* "THE INFANT PRINCE thr[ives] Prince should."—*Social Science Re[view]* "A REAL IMPROVEMENT [on the] ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOO[D] one that keeps good in all climat[es]. No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s [...] SAVORY & MO[ORE] 143, New Bon[d-st.] Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & C[o.]

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHO[LSTERER]

AND

UNDERTAK[ER]

FURNITUR[E]

of every description, made to orde[r] and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing t[...] ings for any kind of wood work w[ill be] correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FU[RNITURE]

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice [in the] country.

METALLIC AND OTHER [COFFINS] always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGO[N]

for the removal of household furnit[ure] waggons for lumber and other heav[y ...]

N.B.—Residence at the west end [...] st., opposite the market.

WATCHE[S]

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOO[L]

Manufacturer by special appo[intment to] HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, RO[YAL ...]

AND

COURT OF SPAIN

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE [LORDS COM]MISSIONERS OF THE ADM[IRALTY]

AND

HER MAJESTY'S QUEEN VICTO[RIA'S] NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great Interna[tional Exhibi]tion of London, 1862, and of t[he Uni]versal Exhibition of Paris,

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE, Spa[rks-st.]

Agent for Ottawa [...] For the sale of these *celebrated Tim[ekeepers]*

H. & A. SAUNDERS

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Do[minion for the] sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the e[lection of Re]presentatives in the Council of t[he College of] Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario [for the] Territorial Divisions constituted by [...] 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) w[ill take place on] TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE n[ext].

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "v[oting papers"] which will be sent from this office, [to every regis]tered practitioner on the 20th day o[f ...]

These voting papers must be fille[d ...] to instructions which will accompa[ny them, and] transmitted to the Returning Officer [of the division] in which the voter resides and vote[s].

The voting papers will be opene[d by the Re]turning Officers of the several Territ[orial Divisions] at two o'clock, p.m., on the day ab[ove named, at] the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division	...
Malahide and Tecumseth	do
Saugeen and Brock	do
Gore and Thames	do
Erie and Niagara	do
Burlington and Home	do
Midland and York	do
King's and Queen's	do
Newcastle and Trent	do
Quinte and Cataraqui	do
Bathurst and Rideau	do
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do

The names of the Returning Office[rs ...] nished on a printed envelope to be [sent to every] registered practitioner.

H. STRAN[GE,]
Regist[rar.]

Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869.

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EV[ENING]

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at t[he ...] HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per co[py].

Ottawa, April 26.

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS [OF WIN]DOW SHADES,

Very cheap,
AT THE VARIET[Y HALL.]

ANY PERSON HAVING a good second-hand SINGLE W[...] find a purchaser by applying TO THE VARIET[Y HALL.]

THE BEST ASSORTMENT [OF] CHINA in the Dominion is AT THE VARIET[Y HALL.]

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1048. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, MAY 13, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

78 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,

Rimmel's New Perfumes,

Cambridge Bouquet,

Oxford Bouquet,

English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,

Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,

Improved Perfumed Distributors,

&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,

Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,

Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1852. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

CASE 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—*The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

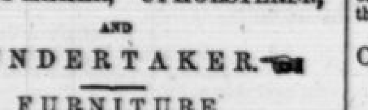
"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,

143, New Bond-st., London.

Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY

AND

COURT OF SPAIN

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,

Sparks-street,

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity for the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,

Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,

Registrar of Council.

Medical Registration Office,

Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,

Very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying

TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

WATER! WATER! WATER!

SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

Having purchased part of the cargo of the vessel *City of Limerick*, lately wrecked, we will offer the whole for sale, commencing

MONDAY, 5TH APRIL,

and continuing the following days until all the goods are disposed of. This is an opportunity to secure bargains which may not offer again for years. The greater part of the goods have received scarcely any damage, so that parties who call early will have the best chance of getting bargains, as we will make no reserve, but throw each line of goods by itself, and let the first who comes first have the best pick. The following are some of the damaged goods, viz.:

10	CASES	ASSORTED BLEACHED COTTONS,
1	do	SHEETINGS,
1	do	QUILTS,
2	do	TOWELS,
1	do	PRINTS,
1	do	ASSORTED LINEN GOODS,
2	do	ASSORTED DRESS GOODS,
1	do	SILKS,
3	do	MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SKIRTS,
2	do	DRESS MUSLINS,
10	do	ASSORTED GOODS.

We give a list of prices that some of the goods will be sold for to give parties an idea of the bargains they will be able to get. A nice lot of DRESS GOODS for 6d 7½d to 9d per yard.

Ladies' Mantles only	£0	5	0
Splendid Prints, worth 9d, only	0	6	0
Towels, "all Linen," only	0	0	4
Dress Muslins, per yard, only	0	0	6
Mantle Cloths, only			0½
Pocket Handkerchiefs, each, only			1¼
Gloves, per pair, only			6
Table Damasks, per yard, only	0	2	6
Stylish Cloths, per yard, only	0	1	
Parasols, each, only	0	1	
Gents' Neckties, "latest styles," each, only			0

LOOK! LOOK!

50 pieces Dress Lining, only 1d per yd.

ATTENTION!—Two cases more of those spools for 1d, worth 3d.

Don't delay in calling early as the first pick will be the best.

We have also received a splendid assortment of all the latest styles in SPRING GOODS in perfect order, which we will sell lower than any house in this city.

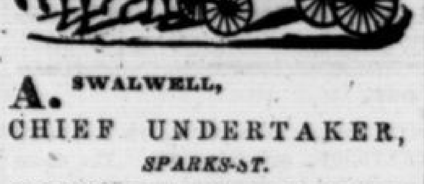
CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

10 cases in all the new styles, just arrived, which will be sold very low. For particulars in price see our Clothing Bills.

The place to secure these immense bargains is at the old cheap spot, THE OCCIDENTAL, in Stewart's Brick Block, Corner Rideau and Sussex-sts., Sign of the White Flag.

H. HICK & CO.



A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st, first Brick House below the market.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette*,) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,

Clerk of the House.

Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa Sept. 7, 1868. 882y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.,

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

QUEBEC REFERENCES.

Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.

James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.

Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.

Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.

Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a

FEW DAYS

OPEN A FIRST-CLASS

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the

FIRST FLOOR

OF THE

MASONIC HALL BLOCK,

ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK

In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of

PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, in a sealed envelope, marked Tenders for Printing, Paper, or Binding (as the case may be), will be received until THURSDAY, 27th INST., after which day no tender will be received, for the Printing, furnishing the Printing Paper, and the Binding required for the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada.

No tender will be received except on the blank form, which can be had on application to the undersigned, and from whom all information can be obtained.

The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.

By order,

HENRY HARTNEY,

Clerk Joint Committee of both Houses on Printing.

Department of

Printing of Parliament,

Ottawa, May, 1869. 1044a

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBL.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country.

Grocertes.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS rice according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,

PRESERVED OYSTERS do

FRESH HALIBUT do

FRESH SALMON do

FRESH MACKEREL d

FRESH LOBSTERS

GREEN PEAS do

LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,

Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,

FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,

MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,

MORTON'S Bloater Paste,

TOMATO and other Catsups

ANCHOVY Paste,

STRASBURGH Meats,

POTTED Beef and Tongues

PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,

ORANGE Marmalade,

MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s

Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,

PICKLED Mackerel,

PICKLED HERRINGS,

In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,

DRY Codfish,

DRY Haddock,

FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER,

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
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BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
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You Must Cultivate it
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Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

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Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

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Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

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Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,

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Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

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Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

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NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

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April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

34 *SUSSEX-ST.*

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment.

THE PRESENT STATE OF THE FRENCH NAVY.

The main feature in the Corps Legislatif on the 15th ult. was a speech of M. Dupuy de Lorme on the French navy, of which the following is the substance:—

He commenced by taking a rapid review of the former state of the navy, and having pointed out that France was the first naval power to construct armour-plated vessels, remarked that M. Bethmont blamed the government for having built too many iron-clad corvettes. The fact was true that a certain number of vessels of that class had been constructed, but not before the type—the *Belliqueuse*—had been tested in every possible way, and with the uniform result that every admiral or captain who had been on board her or had an opportunity of witnessing her trials spoke in the highest terms of her seagoing qualities. Some differences had been made in the new construction, owing to the adoption of heavier guns, but all that had been finished were excellent. He would not enter into further technical details, but would show what had been done to realize the programme of 1857. According to it 40 fast sailing ships of the line or iron-clad frigates had to be constructed; of those, 12 of the former and 16 of the latter were finished, while 12 more of the frigates were wanting. Of 90 corvette gunboats, 69 were now completed, and of 30 floating batteries, 29 were ready. The whole of the 75 transports were constructed, as well as 104 small vessels forming the flotilla, and of which the number proposed was 125. There were besides craft for special services not included in the programme, which comprised 319 steamers, but which number was in that manner increased to 331. Several of those now being built would be terminated in a very short time, and 35 others were on the stocks. In reality there were only wanting 11 iron-clad frigates, 20 sailing corvettes and 21 vessels of the flotilla, the whole of which would cost 89,259,000f. The execution of the programme was estimated to require an outlay of 187,000,000f, of which sum 120,000,000f. has been expended in France and 14,000,000f. for the purchase of two vessels in America. The difference in the real cost and the provisions was, therefore, 51,000,000f.; but in the original programme the floating batteries, which are now found to be so necessary for guarding the coasts, were not included. As for the proposal for a Parliamentary inquiry, he would accede to it willingly, did it not bear an appearance of suspicion, for it would certainly redound to the credit of the Ministry of Marine. The fleet had been completely transformed between the 1st of January, 1851, and the 1st of January, 1869. The number of steamers at the former date, only 109, was now 831, while the sailing vessels had been reduced from 211 to 69, and the total value of the fleet had risen from 244,000,000f. to 475,000,000. The charge was made that the vessels were rotting from having been made of green wood; but the fact was that the stores of timber were larger than at any former time, and if some of the vessels were beginning to show signs of decay the cause was to be found in the rapidity with which they had been built. While the fleet was being coverted, docks, basins and barracks were being constructed at Toulon and Lorinet, and the total value of all the ships, naval material, dockyards, &c., had increased in eighteen years from 684,000,000f. to 1,300,000,000f. He believed that such a work had never before at any period been accomplished for the navy of France.

—The Synod of the English Presbyterian Church, which is now sitting in Canning-st. Chapel, are occupying themselves with the discussion of several questions of more or less interest to the Presbytsrian body. The most important of these questions are still pending. Yesterday, for instance, the Synod discussed the interesting subject of a sustentation fund. At present the grants for assistance in the works of church extension and the augmentation of stipends comes from the Home Mission Committee. The principle of a sustentation fund, which has been the great glory of the Free Church of Scotland, has, however, been repeatedly affirmed, and the Synod are now invited to take practical action in the matter by the appointment of a committee. In the debate which began yesterday, the Rev. J. T. Davidson and Mr. Ferguson advocated the fund; while the Rev. R. H. Lundie, without objecting to such a fund in Scotland, moved as an amendment that the peculiar circumstances of the church in England rendered it inexpedient. The debate will be resumed this evening. Last evening the synod was addressed by deputations from Ireland, who, without approving of disestablishment, appeared to think that the result of the present measure before Parliament would be to consolidate the Irish Protestants. Addresses were also delivered by representatives of the Free Church and the United Presbyterians, and a general desire was expressed for the union of the Presbyterian churches. *English Paper.*

—It is not generally known that many of the islands on the eastern shore of the Adriatic are blessed with a climate little, if at all, inferior to Ragusa, is eminently gifted in this respect, and in vegetation and picturesque beauty is perfectly tropical. A company is now being formed to establish there a sanatorium for persons affected with chest diseases. The temperature ranges almost *pari passu* with that of Madeira, the only difference being that the great heats do not succeed so early, and that until July and August there is really no excessive warmth. On the Island of Lacrona the late Emperor Maximilian had built himself a very picturesque and beautiful residence by partly restoring a portion of the ancient convent.

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of *Grace's Celebrated Salve*, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing office. Only 25 cents a box.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vexata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until

THE ERIE CANAL AND OUR NORTH-WEST TERRITORY.

The following, from the Hon. D. S. Bennett's speech in Congress on the enlargement of the Erie Canal, and general improvement of internal water communications, will show the people of Canada how necessary it is for us to look to the advantages we naturally possess to secure the bulk of the western and north-western trade, by the construction of the necessary works to admit by cheap and easy access the passage of larger cargoes to and from the ocean to our upper lakes by the St. Lawrence river.

Every year we now delay will give our enterprising and pushing neighbours so much more advantage of us in competing for the Red River and North-West trade, for trade is not governed by political or social ties, but by a direct money gain alone:

So far, we have only considered this question in its relation to those States which we are accustomed to denominate collectively as the West and North-West. But north of those States and above the boundary of the United States there lies a region of imperial extent, which offers to become the chief wheat field of the continent when opportunity is given for its development. It is within a few years only that we have learned to understand and appreciate the possibilities of that great section of the British territory adjoining us which is watered and intersected by the Red River, the Saskatchewan and their tributaries, united with an extended system of large lakes. Under high northern latitudes, it enjoys a climate of singular geniality and of a healthfulness hardly equalled upon the continent. It has the elastic temper of atmosphere in which vigourous races of men are most often grown, with a vigour of brain and brawn alike. Its soil compares with that of the Mississippi prairies in fertility. In area it is equal to eight or ten of our larger States. Its chief river, the Saskatchewan, carries a navigable water line to the base of the Rocky Mountains, 700 miles from Lake Winnipeg, into which it discharges. In connection with the same lake the Red River of the North is navigable from a point considerably within our own territory for more than 800 miles, directly North and South, and is said to be unsurpassed in its adaptation to the use of steam. Looking with the sagacious eye of a statesman at this great region in its geographical association with our own parallel dominion below it, Mr. Seward said, in his well-remembered speech at St. Paul, nine years ago: "I now believe that the ultimate, last seat of government on this great continent will be found somewhere within a circle or radius not very far from the spot on which I now stand, at the head of navigation on the Mississippi river."

Now, the commercial dependence of this grand unborn empire of the ultimate North-West is upon the lakes and their Atlantic communications eastward and upon the Mississippi toward the South. It has no other outlet. By inexorable necessities of geography, it is bound to us as with hooks of steel, whatever its political relations may be. Its trade will be our trade and we must as much take account of its future development in our calculations of policy as we take account of the territories that are represented in this Congress. Already a railroad between the upper waters of the Mississippi and the head of Lake Superior is far advanced and will be soon completed. From Lake Winnipeg to Lake Superior stretches an almost unbroken chain of small lakes and rivers, through which the formation of a navigable channel is but the question of a few years, more or less. One single mile of canal between Lake Traver and Big Stone Lake in Minnesota will unite the waters of the Red River and the Mississippi. It is evident we shall not have long to wait before a new chapter in the wonderful history of American expansion and progress will have opened, and a new flood, pouring out of the North, will be surging into the channels of our inland trade.

—The Paris *Figaro* intimates that during Patti's recent tour her profligate husband lost more of her money at *rouge et noir* than she made by her singing.

—The Fenian organization in the States is said to have collected $18,000 during the month which included St. Patrick's day. The fools are not all dead yet.

—At Port Elgin there are upwards of ninety thousand bushels of grain held in store awaiting transportation. This is fully double the quantity of any previous year.

—Dr. McConnel, charged with committing a horrible abortion on a Mrs. Isaac Vence, of Georgetown, was tried at the Halton Assizes on Wednesday, and being found guilty of manslaughter, was sentenced to five years in the Penitentiary.

—An interesting discovery connected with the early history of Canada has just been made by the Abbe Loverdiere of Quebec Seminary. It is the site, and part of the foundation of the Chapel of Notre Dame de Reicouverance, built by Samuel Champlain, after his return from France in 1633.

—New England has lost a great woman. The New Bedford *Standard* says that Mrs. Lucinda Sharp, who died there on Sunday of dropsy, aged 60 years, was 6 feet 1 inch high, and in weight about 450 pounds. Her coffin was 6 feet 7 inches long inside, 2 feet 5 inches wide, and 1 foot 7 inches deep.

—Donna Piatt has just been in New York. He went to one of the theatres, and saw a play called "The Tempest." "It was," he says, "the most appalling instance of the foundering of a canal boat in a storm that was ever witnessed. I thought, while the shipwreck continued, of those touching lines of the Indiana bard telling of the loss of his broadhorn Susan Ann:

'She heaved and sot, and sot and heaved,
And high her rudder flung,
And every time she heaved and sot,
A bigger leak she sprung.'"

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bird Cages. Bird Cages—H. Meadows & Co.
Pocketbook Lost—Five Dollars Reward.
Fireworks—L. N. Nye.
Thoroughbred Horse.
Tenders wanted for the Erection of a Cottage

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, MAY 13, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

YESTERDAY the Hon. W. H. DRAPER, C.B., was sworn in before his Excellency the GOVERNOR-GENERAL in Council, as President of the Court of Error and Appeal in Ontario.

THE Hon. JOSEPH HOWE, President of the Privy Council, and Mrs. HOWE, arrived by the steamer yesterday evening from Montreal.

IN the Commons, yesterday, a long debate took place on a motion of Mr. OLIVER to reduce the GOVERNOR-GENERAL's salary to $32,000, instead of to increase it to $832,000, as appeared in the official "notices." Six o'clock came with the member for Lambton in possession of the floor, and the debate, by the rules of the House, went over. *After recess*, a private Bill was advanced a stage; another was read a third time and passed; and the Bill to confirm the settlement with the Great Western Railway Company was also read a third time and passed, after an amendment by Mr. BOWELL had been defeated by a vote of 22 to 112. The House adjourned at 8:30.

THE settlement between the Government and the Great Western Railway, effected by the MINISTER OF FINANCE, was so far satisfactory as to have met the approval of both sides of the House. There were, however, a few mal-contents, and they tried their strength last night, mustering twenty-two votes against one hundred and twelve. The twenty-two were pretty evenly recruited from all the Provinces. The vote, as well as the testimony of the members for Chateauguay and Lambton, to the fairness of the agreement, may be regarded as an exceptional tribute to the ability with which the MINISTER OF FINANCE carried on, and completed, the negotiation.

IT is a pity that the question of the GOVERNOR-GENERAL's salary has again been brought up for discussion. The sum which the two Provinces of Ontario and Quebec when united, ungrudgingly paid, is deemed, by the supporters of Mr. OLIVER's motion, too high for the GOVERNOR-GENERAL of the enlarged territories of the Dominion. This is simply shabby. The publication of the despatch of the DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM, last summer, should have satisfied all parties, whatever their ideas of economy on this particular point, that to re-open the question would be little less than an insult to the Colonial Office.

The proposition at this time, apart from its merits, is entirely out of place. When the subject was brought up, during the last session, it was well understood that Lord MONCK was drawing near the end of his gubernatorial career. The Act was made applicable only to his successors; and in any measure of the kind, the incumbent, for the time being, must always be excepted, unless Parliament is disposed to perpetrate a virtual, and insulting, violation of contract. Why then pass an Act, at this session, which must remain inoperative, at least, until after the next general election? Let the economists in this Parliament remember that their votes in favour of Mr. OLIVER's motion will be mere buncombe votes; that, assuming the Bill passed and sanctioned, their successors in the next Parliament would have ample time to repeal it before it could go into operation. This reflection ought to be enough, to say nothing of the extremely bad taste of flying in the face of the DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM's despatch, to induce members to allow the motion to drop, or to vote it down by an overwhelming majority.

HON. L. H. HOLTON is a Parliamentary tactician. He knows just precisely when to rise and call the attention of "the hon. gentlemen opposite" to some "little matter," or something of "grave importance," about which it is extremely desirable, in the furtherance of public business, that the House should be fully informed. We know not whether the British House of Commons has his counterpart as an adept in this particular art; but should it have, we are sure the Canadian House of Commons need not be ashamed to put Mr. HOLTON in competition with him.

Occasionally, though rarely, Mr. HOLTON goes beyond this function, which is peculiarly his own; and if he does, the rarity of the occasion is dwarfed by the oddity of the subject. Surely it will be no common matter on which Mr. HOLTON will formally invite the judgment of the House. If he does assume the initiation of a question, one may believe, to a certainty, that it is such as would not have suggested itself to the mind of any other member. Common-place questions can, at any day, have hosts of members to bring them forward, and Mr. HOLTON, secure in the sense of the commanding position he occupies in Parliament, shows an unexampled generosity in allowing them to be "trotted out" by others whose place in the public eye is hardly so large, and certainly not half so well defined. And though, no doubt, this is merely Mr. HOLTON's "course," as defined by himself to be the one most in accordance with "parliamentary practice,"—in which opinion, whether it is his or not, we heartily concur—still there is a policy in it. The subject which commands the favour of Mr. HOLTON's introduction is invested with more than usual interest, from the very fact that everybody knows that he leaves ordinary subjects to ordinary—we mean, other—members. Thus, to be a "subject" in Mr. HOLTON's hands is to be an extraordinary subject; but, to speak truly, the subjects introduced by Mr. HOLTON are generally extraordinary in themselves, so that the contrast of his invariably modest bearing in Parliament is scarcely needed to magnify their importance.

Having thus far prepared our readers for any probable, or improbable, announcement, we are sure that none of them will be surprised that the question with which the Hon. Mr. HOLTON has charged himself to bring upon the *tapis* to-day, is nothing less than the disestablishment of the Irish Church. Of all broad questions that might be raised within our long Dominion, surely this is about the broadest. But, as we have said, when Mr. HOLTON transcends his ordinary *role* there is a policy in it; and the policy in this particular step seems a very happy conception, from a party point of view. What more natural than that some, or even many, of those who occupy, or sit behind, the Treasury Benches should be betrayed into a warm defence of the Irish establishment? What more natural than that such defence should grievously offend a very large body of the people in Ontario and Quebec, not to speak of other portions of the Dominion, who have thus far supported the Government? It would be an outrage on human nature to suppose that every Irish Roman Catholic in the Dominion, loyal to the Crown, did not rejoice at the prospect of the success of Mr. GLADSTONE's Irish Church policy; and it would be almost equally absurd to suppose that many Protestants who, in this country, willingly "accept the situation" of religious equality, would not have a word to say in defence of what they, rightly or wrongly, conceive to be one of the bulwarks of British supremacy in Ireland.

Now, Mr. HOLTON has given the occasion for this word to be spoken; and herein consists the policy of his motion. But is it to be supposed that the "sparrows," on either side of the Irish Church question, are so young as to be caught by such "chaff?" We think not, and this is the point at which we detect the weakness of Mr. HOLTON's policy. So far as it is a mere party move we think it entirely unexceptionable, because its chance of success lies in the presumed folly of its opponents. If they are foolish enough to fall into the trap, Mr. HOLTON will have achieved a triumph; if not, he will have lost nothing.

It need not be doubted for a moment that Mr. HOLTON is a sincere believer in the wisdom of Mr. GLADSTONE's policy on the Irish Church question; but it must also be acknowledged that other members on both sides of the House are just as sincere believers in it as he; and the only question which ought to be discussed to-day, is whether the subject is a legitimate one for the interference of our Parliament. In our judgment it is not. Canadians would ill brook the interference of the British Parliament in their domestic affairs; they would regard it as a piece of unwarrantable intermeddling. But when the Canadian Parliament undertakes to interfere in the domestic affairs of Great Britain and Ireland it should be regarded as unwarrantable intermeddling, with impertinence superadded. We trust, therefore, that Mr. HOLTON's motion for an address to HER MAJESTY on this subject of the Irish Church, will be treated solely as a question with which the Canadian Parliament has no right to interfere, and without the slightest regard to its merits.

When Mr. GLADSTONE's measure was first announced to the public, several of our Canadian contemporaries undertook the discussion of the project in a partizan spirit. We warned both sides then, that the importation of such a debate would be worse than a fruitless distraction of public attention from questions more directly concerning ourselves; that it would do no good to the cause, on either side, in the British Parliament, and might lead to much mischief among ourselves. Such, in our opinion, would be the effect of a discussion in our Legislature on the Irish Church question, and for that reason, as well as to avoid the imputation of presumptuous interference in matters over which other people, quite competent to direct them, have full and exclusive control, do we hope that Mr. HOLTON's motion for an address to the QUEEN will be disposed of, irrespective of the merits of the subject to which it relates.

WE translate the following from the Ottawa correspondence of the *Journal de Quebec*:

"I have now before me an important book which has just been published in London, by Longman, Green & Co. It is the second and last volume of a work entitled: *On Parliamentary Government of England; its origin, development and practical operation, by Alpheus Todd, Librarian of the House of Commons of Canada.* This volume is inscribed to the Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, K.C.B., and first Minister of the Crown in Canada, and also to the memory of Thomas D'Arcy McGee. The first volume was inscribed to the Hon. Mr. Rose, the present Minister of Finance.

"Those two volumes are the result and the glorious achievement of a whole life of intellectual labour, but they are more than that, for the reader is by them initiated into the practical science and knowledge, even in their most intimate and unobserved details, of Parliamentary Government in that country, which is the most constitutional and the most Parliamentary in the world. The number of works which the author had to read, and in which the principles of the constitution are, as it were, scattered like the stars in the firmament—to arrive at the precise truth and the perfect arrangement of all the parts of the machinery, is incredible. He must have read and meditated upon the 190 octavos of Hansard, the 60 volumes of the Mirror of Parliament, the innumerable series of Parliamentary papers, and all the known works on the constitution and history of Great Britain—an enormous undertaking, fit to discourage any one but Mr. Todd.

"Let it be remarked that there is in England no work of the kind, and that consequently Mr. Todd's book is received there with much favour. But it is not sufficient to say that this important work is the result of long labour; it is also the fruit of an intelligent labour, seconded by a consummate experience in the consideration of questions arising out of parliamentary government. May the author receive a due reward from the public, and especially from those who understand the value of such a book, and who are in a position to appreciate it in a substantial manner."

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Political Difficulties—Editor Assaulted—His Ears Cut Off—Heavy Rewards Offered—Printer Foreman's Ears Cut Off—Magistrate Struck with a Bludgeon—Chief Justice Dismissed—Lighthouses Erected.

No. XXIII.

GOVERNOR PRESCOTT had to contend with the same spirit of faction and political strife that had caused so much trouble to his predecessor. The *Public Ledger*, a newspaper which was considered to be the assailant of the Irish people and the Catholic Church, was made the special object of hatred. The house of Mr. Winton, editor of the *Ledger*, was on Christmas 1832, assailed by an enraged mob, and only saved from destruction by the intervention of the military. Notices were posted during the night threatening him with death. In 1835, while proceeding from Carbonier to Harbour Grace, he was attacked by a gang of ruffians, dreadfully beaten, and his ears cut off. Rewards of £1,500 and £500 were offered by the Government, £1,000 by private friends of the victim; with the promise of a free pardon and safe removal from the country, in addition to the reward, to any accomplice who should give information leading to the conviction of the actual perpetrator of the outrage, but without effect.

In 1840, the foreman of the *Ledger* printing office, Mr. Lott, was seized one night on his way home from the office, his arms pinioned behind him, and a bandage tied over his eyes. He was then led to the door of a house and brought into a room. The bandage was then removed from Mr. Lott's eyes, when he discovered that the room was closely hung with some kind of white sheeting or calico, even the ceiling being so covered. "At a small table near the fire-place were seated two men, clad in black, seemingly clerical robes, with their heads and faces also covered with a kind of black skull cap, merely leaving apertures for the eyes and mouth. On the table before them, were pens, ink, and paper. In the presence of this ominous array, Mr. Lott was subjected to a severe interrogation on matters connected with his office; as to the persons who wrote for his paper; who visited Mr. Winton's house; whether Mr. Winton kept arms in his house, and carried them about his person."

The inquisitors, after threatening their prisoner, that if he divulged a word of what had transpired, "an unseen and an unknown hand would be in his way," his eyes were bound as before, and on the ringing of a bell, he was led out. After about a quarter of an hour's walking, the rope which bound his arms was suddenly cut, and he was violently swung around, so that he staggered and fell. Starting up as quickly as he could he tore the bandage from his eyes, but although he could hear retreating footsteps he could see no one.

Next day he made a deposition of the facts before a magistrate. It seems, however, the "unseen and unknown hand was in his way" as threatened; for three months afterwards, as he was passing between Carbonier and Harbour Grace, near the same spot when Mr. Winton had been assaulted in 1835, "four men disguised with black crape over their faces, rushed from the wood on the side of the road, one of them saying "Long looked for is come at last." Lott was knocked down, beaten until insensible, and his ears cut off. Although a large reward was offered, the perpetrators of this atrocious deed were never discovered.

Another characteristic feature of that lawless period was manifested during the election of a member of the House of Assembly, which took place at Carbonier in the fall of 1840. Both candidates were Roman Catholics, but as usual, one was supported by what was termed the priest's party, which was opposed to the other. In attempting to quell the riot and disorder which prevailed, Mr. Ridley, one of the justices of the peace, was struck on the head with a bludgeon. This gentleman is described, "as in all respects an excellent man, carrying on a large mercantile establishment at Harbour Grace, by means of which he furnished employment and support to a considerable number of the population of the whole district. So prudently did he conduct himself with reference to the passions called forth by the election, that he did not vote for either candidate. He simply interfered as a magistrate to maintain order, and when in the very act of restraining violence, a ruffian struck him from behind on the head with a heavy stick, applying all the force of both his hands in the blow, by which, for some time, Mr. Ridley's life was in most serious danger."

Chief-Justice Boulton administered the laws of the country with vigour on his first coming to the country, and had by so doing obtained the ill-will of those who sympathized with the guilty. They, in many instances, had their political friends, who, to gain strength, were not over scrupulous. A petition was put in circulation, submitted by thousands, and forwarded to the King, praying that "His Majesty would be pleased to purify the bench of justice in Newfoundland by the removal of the Chief-Justice." The judge was removed, the Privy Council giving as a reason that he had "allowed himself to participate in the strong feelings which appear unfortunately to have influenced the different parties of the community, (although we do not find that his judicial decisions have been affected thereby.")

In the midst of the rancour and political controversies which occupied so prominent a place in the history of the Local Legislature of Newfoundland, useful legislature was not entirely neglected. In 1835, Acts were passed for the erection of a lighthouse at Cape Spear, on a high point of land about four miles from St. John's, and another on the Harbour Grace Island in Conception Bay. Previous to 1835 only one lighthouse existed in Newfoundland and that was situate near the entrance of St. John's harbour. In 1841 an Act was passed for the erection of a light house at or near Cape Bonavista, and in 1844 another Act was passed for the maintenance of a light house at Cape Pine. Several others have since been added, but there are yet many dangerous parts of the coast on which light houses are required in the interests of trade and navigation.

THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—An article appears in the *Citizen* of this date on Government printing, which for assumption of facts, and boldness of assertion, stands unsurpassed. Some of the statements might be taken for granted by the readers of that journal; I will, therefore, be obliged to you, if you will, through your columns, correct those mis-statements, as follows:

The rumour is false that I declared my intention to remove my establishment (what establishment?) elsewhere, unless I could *extort* from the Government the promise to afford me the whole available Government printing and stationery patronage, &c., for a term of years.

It is false that I did, or would, *presume to dictate* to the Government the terms upon which I would *consent* to rebuild my establishment, and again undertake the execution of a portion of the public printing.

(And here please notice the contradiction between these two paragraphs of the *Citizen*, in the first of which it is stated that I ask for the whole, and in the second, for a portion only, of the public printing.)

The other rumour is false that I dictated a proposal which the Privy Council could not accept, and which was taken back and underwent considerable modification, &c.

False also that I stipulated for the removal of Mr. Cameron from the Queen's printership.

The remainder of the article, clothed in courteous language, goes so far as to suggest I should be excluded from the Government printing altogether. The reasons brought forward are so overwhelming that I cannot undertake to refute them.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient servant,
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

OTTAWA, May 12, 1869.

FOR Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, May 12.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock p.m.

After routine

A number of petitions were presented.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON moved, seconded by the Hon. Mr. McCRAE, that the petition of George W. Jones, of the village of Port Perry, in the county of Ontario, praying for an Act to dissolve his marriage with Ann Catherine Martin which was read on the 30th day of April last, be now received and referred to the Committee on Standing Orders and Private Bills.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU rose to a question of order, the same petition had been presented to the House previously and rejected as informal and contrary to the rules of this House. He conceived it was proposed to introduce another petition, though perhaps in the same terms without notice. He thought it quite irregular and without precedent in this House.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN said it seemed to him quite clear that the petition in that case was not received, and that it was not received on the ground that the necessary evidence was not forthcoming. The evidence had now been supplemented, and his hon. friend had moved the reading of the petition according to the rules of the House.

A discussion then arose in regard to whether the petition could be received, as it had been before the House on a former occasion.

Hon. Mr. AIKENS contended that on a former occasion when this petition was before the House, the Speaker decided that it could not be received, consequently it had never been before the House, the mover having withdrawn his motion for its reception.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON thought the understanding was to allow the petition to to lie on the table until the necessary evidence was furnished. He did not think they should raise any technical objections; if the case was a proper one to come before them they should deal with it, but if not, it should be determined by the committee.

Hon. Mr. McCREA said the petition was not received because the 75th rule was complied with, but now that rule had been complied with there was no reasonable cause why the petition should not be received. To do otherwise at this late part of the session might defeat the Bill. It should stand upon its own merits, and not be thrown out upon mere technical considerations.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY thought the petition should be read, as the rules of the House had been complied with.

The motion was then carried on a division.

DIVORCE BILLS.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said the 79th rule of the House was copied from the rules of the former Province of Canada. It required witnesses to be examined on oath at the bar of the House. That was attended with inconvenience. It caused evidence to be brought before them in detail, which would be better heard in some other way. The practice originated in the Legislative Council of Canada, because they supposed they possessed power analogous to that possessed by the House of Lords in these cases. An Act had been passed to provide that witnesses might be heard either at the bar of the House, or before a committee. He was quite satisfied that it was within the power of the House to alter the rule, so that divorce cases could be taken before a committee who would report them to the House. That would be the most decorous and proper way to deal with them. It would be necessary that the evidence should be reported, but not necessary that it should be read at length. He would now move that the 79th rule of this House be rescinded and the following substituted in its place, viz.: "After the second reading, the Bill is referred to a Select Committee of nine members. Witnesses are heard on oath, the preliminary evidence being that of the due celebration of the marriage between the parties by legitimate testimony, either by witnesses present at the marriage, or by complete and satisfactory proof of the certificate of the officiating minister or authority."

Hon. Mr. McCULLY said there was a principle involved in this question of transferring the authority of the Senate to this committee. It provided that one portion of this body should bear testimony and examine witnesses, and another portion of the House pass upon it. Formerly in certain cases in a Court of Equity this practice had been allowed, but now the court hears the cause when it is brought before them. He thought it a great pity that the Government did not take upon themselves the responsibility of authorizing in the Dominion a court for determining cases of marriage and divorce. In Nova Scotia those cases come before a court, and they are decided in a quiet way. Sometimes the public are excluded altogether, no one being present, except the counsel, judge and witness. Every one who is familiar with this class of cases knows that they should not be made public. In England there is a particular court whose province it is to settle them. A great many members of this Senate object to this class of cases coming before them, perhaps from different reasons from what he did. He objected to the time of the Senate being taken up in trying matrimonial cases. There were numerous other classes of cases all relating to this one before the House, in which the formation of a proper tribunal becomes a matter of necessity. He did not object to this motion as it was in the right direction. When the subject was delegated to a committee persons will be appointed upon it, whose previous pursuits will have prepared them to some extent to deal with a subject of such particular delicacy, and of such vast importance. He referred to the law in England allowing the husband to give testimony against the wife, and the wife against her husband, and to the law in Nova Scotia upon the same subject. He said these cases should be taken from the jurisdiction of the Senate, and given to a proper court, so that persons would not have to go to a foreign country for the purpose of getting rid of a tie they cannot get rid of here.

Mr. WILMOT thought this discussion would show that we should have separate courts to try cases of marriage and divorce. In New Brunswick such cases were tried by a judge and two members of the Executive Government. Here we are placed in the position that we must preside judicially. We give to a committee the power of hearing the evidence and deciding upon the case, and then reporting to the House. Suppose this committee of nine divide four to five?

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—They only report the evidence.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT—Then it becomes necessary that every member of the House should read that evidence, in order to decide upon the case.

Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS suggested the propriety of not allowing divorces to be obtained too easily.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN did not think we should make it as difficult as possible to obtain a divorce. It is often remarked that it is an injury to a country to have a law providing too great facilities for persons to obtain even their rights, because it would increase litigation where parties are disposed to litigate upon small matters. This question before them was one of serious importance. A majority of the people of the country think there are circumstances which give rise to the necessity for divorce; then it is certain that there ought to be an arrangement established by Parliament to grant divorces in proper cases as speedily as circumstances will allow. He was quite sure that would not be obtained in this branch of the Legislature. He was not quite sure that under the British North America Act, to initiate a matter of this kind came within our province any more than it did within the province of the House of Commons. It seemed to be taken for granted that persons should bring those matters before the Senate in the first instance; but he did not know whether it was from habit, or whether the prevailing opinion was that we had less to do than the other branch, and therefore could occupy ourselves with a subject which required some patience and attention. He did not think this subject should be taken before a committee, but he would prefer it to having it come before the bar of the House, as of two evils he would choose the least. The committee would be composed of professional gentlemen, who would be more likely to enter upon the question in a more judicial way, and obtain the evidence with more care than the House would. The question would weary the patience of the House, and cause them to pass lightly over the evidence. There is an advantage in having these cases decided in a court of law, because committees would acknowledge as evidence what the law would not. Forms of procedure would not be insisted upon which was absolutely necessary in courts of justice. The insisting upon these things is the protection to all parties because they often affect the case. The courts must declare what the law is and carry it out. The British North America Act declares that the subject of divorce is a matter to be legislated upon. The question of vesting this power in some high court of the Dominion is one which deserves the early consideration of the Government. While he should not oppose this motion, he would look upon it as a temporary provision, to last only until the Government brought in a measure to establish a proper court for this purpose.

Hon. Mr. WARK thought there should be more facilities for persons to obtain divorces. It was almost impossible for persons to come from remote parts of the Dominion and bring their evidence before a committee of the Senate, and this difficulty would be increased when British Columbia entered the Union. There was a necessity for the establishment of courts in the different Provinces for granting divorces.

Hon. Mr. McCREA said it was very desirable that when they passed upon evidence they should hear that evidence from the witnesses themselves. The rule provides that the evidence shall be taken by a committee and laid upon the table, but how many members of the House would read it? Will they be able judge regarding it as if they had heard it themselves? Who would think in a court of law of having the testimony taken at one tribunal, and the decision to be passed upon by another? In a court of law when a witness is incapacitated by illness from appearing his evidence may be taken, but it is a most unsatisfactory way for a jury to arrive at a decision. The present law is a law for the rich and not for the poor. People who are not able to come here and bear the expense of getting a divorce, cannot have that privilege. There should be courts established with jurisdiction in these cases, where divorces could be granted without being attended with so much expense to the applicant.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY had strong doubts as to the power of the Senate to deal with this question at all. These divorces granted by the Senate may be of no force at all when they come to be tried in a court of law. The British North America Act has not conferred upon the Senate judicial power to dissolve marriage. It conferred upon the three branches of the Legislature power to make laws to establish a court of marriage and divorce, but not to dissolve matrimonial bonds.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said the Legislature had power to deal with these cases, not as a judicial court, but in their legislative capacity. The Bill might as well be introduced into the other branch of the Legislature, but it had been introduced here from practice more than anything else. We act in our legislative capacity, but we think proper, as a matter of precaution, to preface our legislative action by enquiry under oath concerning the facts upon which the application for divorce is predicated. This subject is more delicate to deal with in Canada proper than in the Maritime Provinces, and is to be approached with great caution. In reference to the resolution the object was to avoid the evils which would result from having witnesses examined at the bar of the House. The committee would report to the House their action which would ultimately become the action of the House.

The motion was then adopted.

Hon. Mr. ALLAN moved, seconded by Hon. Mr. ROSS, that in accordance with the recommendation of the report of the committee on Standing Orders and Private Bills, the fifty-first rule of this House be dispensed with in so far as it relates to the petition of the International Bridge Company.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE presented to the House a Bill intituled "An Act to unite the Beaver and the Toronto Mutual Fire Insurance Companies." The said Bill was read for the first time, and ordered to be read a second time on Monday next.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU presented to the House a Bill intituled "An Act to facilitate and to render less expensive the Collection of Promissory Notes in certain cases," which was read a first time, and ordered to be read a second time on Monday next.

The Vagrants Bill was then read a third time and passed.

The Parchment Engrossment Avoidance Bill was read a second time, and on motion of Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL was ordered a third reading for to-morrow.

Clark's Naturalization Bill was read a second time, and on motion of Hon. Mr. ROSS was referred to the Committee on Standing Orders and Private Bills.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

WEDNESDAY, May 12, 1869.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Several petitions were presented.

Mr. MORRIS presented the second report of the Private Bills Committee.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN presented returns to the address for copies of instructions to Mr. Page, &c., relative to Bay Verte Canal; also, Col. Macdougall's letter of resignation, and correspondence relating to the same.

Mr. CAMERON (Huron) presented the report of L'Islet Election Committee, asking an adjournment till June 3rd, to give time to summon witnesses.

On motion of Mr. CAMERON the report was adopted.

Mr. O'CONNOR introduced a Bill intituled "An Act to incorporate the Detroit River Bridge Tunnel Company." Read a first time and referred to the Railway Committee.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Mr. BENOIT enquired whether it is the intention of the Government to abolish during this Session the duties imposed by the tariff of 1868 on cattle imported specially for the improvement of the breed?

Hon. Mr. ROSE said it was not the present intention of the Government to alter the tariff in that respect.

Mr. BURPEE enquired why the Dominion Statutes have not been furnished to justices of the peace in the Province of New Brunswick, as indicated last Session?

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said the statutes had been sent to the Provincial Secretary of the Province at Fredericton. There were 981 copies sent, and if they had not been distributed, the fault was not with the Department here.

THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S SALARY.

Mr. OLIVER moved for a committee of the whole House to consider the following resolution: That it is expedient to alter the provisions made in the 105th section of the British America Act, 1867, as the Parliament of Canada is by the said section empowered to do, and to fix the salary of his Excellency the Governor-General at $32,000 per annum, instead of £10,000 sterling, mentioned in said section. He said it was the general impression that the salary of the Governor-General would not be increased by Confederation; and during the last election a large number of members pledged themselves to vote for a reduction of the amount fixed by the London Conference. To the credit of the people's representatives they took the earliest opportunity of redeeming their pledges by passing a Bill for the reduction of the salary from $50,000 to $32,000, and the Bill was carried in the Senate by a large majority. The Bill was reserved for the sanction of her Majesty, and the Duke of Buckingham has sent a despatch in which the reasons were given why the Royal sanction had not been given to the Bill. It had been said that the proposed reduction would reduce the status of Canada to a third rate colony. Canada could absorb the whole of British America and become one of the greatest of the dependencies, yet it was to be rated as a third rate colony, because of the salary of the Governor-General. He referred to the small salary of the President of the United States and the great resources of that country. He also quoted the salaries paid Colonial Governors, showing that the Imperial policy had been to pay high salaries to their Colonial Governors, whereas the policy of Canada was the reverse, paying only $8,000 each to the Governors of Ontario and Quebec, and $7,000 to the Governors of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. In this matter, therefore, the policy of the Canadian Government was in contradiction to the Imperial policy, and Ministers, to be consistent, should give a hearty support to his motion.

Mr. BECHARD supported the motion.

Mr. McKENZIE wished to know what course the Government intended to take in this matter. He thought it was absolutely necessary that the Government should announce their policy, or if not, they had better resign, and give place to those who would (laughter).

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD thought the Government were fully aware of their duties, and fulfilled them according to their lights. He thought after the despatch of the Duke of Buckingham there could be no doubt about the course of the Government (hear, hear). The addition of three thousand pounds to the salary of the Governor-General was made on account of the enlargement of his jurisdiction by Confederation. It was true that several members had pledged themselves to their constituents to vote for a reduction of the amount, and the Opposition having but few cries against the Government took this one up. The Hon. George Brown, who had been in the Government, and had approved of the Quebec scheme but was not committed to the Governor General's salary, because it was a household arrangement, had, through his paper, opposed the salary agreed to by the London conference.

Mr. GIBBS begged to correct the Minister of Justice. The Hon. Mr. Brown, during his contest in South Ontario, had defended the salary of ten thousand pounds.

Mr. McKENZIE did not remember that the *Globe* had made a cry of salary.

Mr. GIBBS—The *Globe* had defended the reduction of salary last session, but Mr. Brown approved of the $50,000 during the election contest.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD went on to argue that the salary of the Governor-General was a matter of compact between Canada and the Imperial Government, and commented upon the independent position which the Imperial Government had conferred upon Canada. The question of the Governor-General's salary had been the only one of internal economy, in which the Imperial Government had taken any special interest. As he had stated last session, this salary had been the subject of verbal conference between the Colonial Minister and the Delegates, and they had been given to understand that the Imperial Government would not be satisfied with less than ten thousand pounds.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Was there not a division of opinion among the delegates, and was there not a vote taken in conference on the amount of salary?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—The hon. gentleman had no right to ask the question. There was a division of opinion among individual members, some going higher, and some lower than the amount fixed. But the Conference voted by Provinces, and there was no vote in the Conference on this question. Referring to the comparison instituted between this country and the United States, he argued that there was no analogy between the cases. The United States were as populous, and nearly as wealthy, as England, yet who would propose to reduce the income of the Queen of England to that of the income of the President of the United States? He was satisfied that were the consequences of the small salaries in the United States thoroughly understood they would be found in the end to be most expensive. The Republican simplicity, in accordance with which they were framed, may have been adapted to the early days of the States, but these low salaries were most unsuited to their present condition. Canada had deliberately chosen the monarchical form of government, and should, therefore, be prepared to maintain the Representative of the Crown. Were we, when we had the audacity, he might say, or at least the boldness, to ask the credit of the Crown for millions of dollars, to go and say to England that we think her Majesty might hire some other man—(laughter)—yes, hire a man to do her chores for a little less (laughter and applause). He thought we should respect our dignity, and not return to the discussion of such a question after the strong expression of opinion from the Colonial Office. He would, therefore, move in amendment that all after the word "resolved" be struck out, and the following be substituted: That in the opinion of this House it is inexpedient, after the strong desire expressed by her Majesty's Government in the despatch of his Grace the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, Secretary of State for the Colonies, dated 30th July, 1868—that the present salary of the Governor-General should be maintained—to make any alteration of the British North America Act of 1868, with respect to the amount of such salary.

Mr. MASSON, (Terrebonne,) said the explanation which had just been given, would clear up the misapprehension which had prevailed on this question. He would, therefore, change his vote this session, from that he had given last, and in doing so he would be following the example of the member for Chateauguay, who had last year declared that if the Government would say that the Imperial Government had fixed that amount as the salary, he would vote for it. It would not be becoming in Canada to dispute with England for so small an amount.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON had heard many extraordinary speeches from the Premier, but the one just delivered was the most extraordinary he had ever heard (hear). It was mere declamation and clap-trap. He agreed with the member for Lambton that the Government had incurred a grave responsibility in this matter. When the Delegates were settling other financial matters, it was their duty to have settled this. Had this been done in a proper way the grave difficulty of last session, and the graver difficulty now, would have been avoided. The question now stood in this awkward position, that though last year members had been led to believe that they could deal with the question, the Bill they had passed had been disallowed. Had a despatch, such as that now before the House, (the Duke of Buckingham's, of July last) been brought before the House last session he would, as he had said, then voted for the salary fixed, or even for a higher sum, considering that it was the only charge entailed on us by the connection with the Mother Country, and he would not higgle with England for a few thousand dollars. He admitted that it would be very difficult to vote for any change in the salary now, with that despatch before them. (hear, hear). Another point he wished to notice, was the indelicacy of placing the House under the necessity of voting contrary to the way in which it had voted during Lord Monck's term of office. He regarded Lord Monck as an able constitutional Governor, and take him for all in all, one of the best that had ever presided over Canadian affairs under the old *regime*.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said the action of the House last session appeared to have been largely influenced by the impression that the provision of the Union Act invited their interference. He thought the Ministers were themselves somewhat to blame. As had been remarked by the member for South Oxford, the Government had set an example of great economy by fixing the salaries of the Lieut.-Governors at a very low sum—a sum totally inadequate for the due maintenance of the dignity of the office. Now the question had been placed on an entirely different footing. They had found that a very strong feeling was entertained on this question by the Imperial Government, and they could not hesitate as to their course. He regretted that the hon. member for South Oxford had charged the Imperial Government with trampling on the rights of Canada. He hoped he would withdraw such an uncalled for reflection on the most generous and paternal Government in the world. Even on the low ground of saving money, he believed the proposed reduction of salary would be a most mistaken policy. When they reflected on the advantages of the Imperial guarantee for the Intercolonial loan, the earnest solicitude and assistance afforded us in the Hudson's Bay Company negotiations, and the hundreds of thousands of dollars expended in the defence of this country, they would see the propriety of giving an almost unanimous vote in favour of the amendment proposed by the Premier.

Mr. McKENZIE maintained that the Government was bound to have had a policy of its own upon the question of the Governor-General's salary. No doubt the Governor-General had refused that Bill his assent, on the advice of the Executive, and that being the case Ministers should have come down boldly and told the House, and saved the humiliation of the rejection of the Bill by the Crown. He blamed Ministers for having fallen back on Lord Elgin's instructions to justify the withholding of the Governor-General's sanction, and contended the clause in the Union Act relating to the Governor-General's salary implied that the Canadian Parliament should legislate upon it, or why the words "until the Parliament of Canada otherwise provides?" Mr. McK. was speaking, when

It being six o'clock the Speaker left the chair.

After Recess.

Some discussion took place as to whether the debate on Mr. OLIVER'S motion could proceed, but the SPEAKER ruled in the negative.

Mr. BEATTY moved the second reading of the Bill "An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Board of Trade of the city of Toronto." Carried, and the Bill ordered to Committee of the Whole on Thursday.

On motion of Mr. GODIN the Act to alter the electoral limits of Joliette and Berthier was read a third time and passed.

Hon. Mr. ROSE moved the second reading of the Great Western Railway Arrangement Act.

Mr. BOWELL moved an amendment against the second reading, and expressive of the opinion of the House that the present state of the finances did not warrant the ratification of the agreement.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said this was a distinct motion of want of confidence, (laughter,) and he thought he deserved some credit for resisting the temptation to support it, (laughter); but as he believed that the arrangement was a fair one, on both sides, (hear, hear), he would support it.

The amendment being put, the Speaker declared it lost, when the House divided, and the amendment was lost—yeas 22, nays 112.

The Bill was then read a third time and passed.

Mr. MAGILL withdrew his Bill for the repeal of the Insolvent Act, the principle of an insolvent law having already been affirmed by the House.

The House adjourned at 8:30.

GENTLEMEN can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

MILLINERY.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

MARRIED.

In Masham, on Wednesday, May 5, by the Rev. Mr. Connolly, Diana Smith, of Masham, to Peter Whelan, Merchant, of Clarendon Centre.

DIED.

On Tuesday, 11th inst., in the 34th year of his age, in this city, after a long and painful illness, borne with the greatest patience and resignation, Donough Lucius Alexander, third son of Lucius O'Brien, M. D.

His funeral will take place this (Thursday) afternoon, at half-past three o'clock, from his father's residence, Richmond Road, to the Cemetery at Sandy Hill. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend without further invitation.

On Wednesday, the 12th inst., at Ottawa, after a long and painful illness, which she bore with christian piety and resignation, Matilda Barron, the beloved wife of Captain George Grant, Militia Department, and Quartermaster 100th Regiment.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, Richmond Road, on Friday, the 14th inst., at 3 o'clock, p.m. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

LOST,

On the 12th inst., a small YELLOW LEATHER POCKETBOOK, containing $35. The finder will receive five dollars reward on returning it to THE TIMES Office.

Ottawa, May 13. 1048-3

FIRE WORKS!

FOR 24TH MAY,

Received and for sale, at 43 Sussex and Sparks-sts.

1048-3 L. N. NYE.

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE

"ROCKET,"

WINNER OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE

IN 1863,

Height 15½ hands.

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of

MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON,

Clarence-st., near the Market.

☞ Terms $10 for the season.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

TENDERS WANTED

for the erection of a

ONE STORY BRICK OFFICE,

AT THE

NEW EDINBURGH SAW MILLS.

Plans and specifications will be seen at the office, at the mills, where tenders will be received up to SATURDAY NIGHT, the 15th INST.

The lowest tender not necessarily accepted.

New Edinburgh Saw Mills,

May 13, 1869. 1048-3

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

A beautiful and varied assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,

BATHS, of all kinds,

TOILET SETTS,

Plain and Ornamented,

☞ REFRIGERATORS!

☞ REFRIGERATORS!

McKelvy's Patent.

We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!

Best patterns in use.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st.,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Amusements.

BAZAAR,

under the distinguished patronage

OF HER EXCELLENCY LADY YOUNG

The Ladies of ST. ANDREW'S CONGREGATION, (Church of Scotland), intend holding a BAZAAR in aid of the funds of that Church, in GOWAN'S HALL, entrance by Wellington-st., on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 13th and 14th instant.

Patroness—Her Excellency Lady Young.
Vice Patroness—Lady Macdonald.

☞ Contributions are solicited, and will be received by the following ladies who have kindly consented to act as a committee:

Mrs. McKay, Mrs. Bronson,
Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. A. J. Russell,
Mrs. Grant, Mrs. John McLean,
Mrs. Cassels, Mrs. Drummond,
Mrs. Jas. Gordon, Mrs. T. Patterson,
Mrs. McNutt, Mrs. Taylor,
Mrs. Ross, Mrs. M. Patterson.

Contributions to the Refreshment Table are requested to be sent to the Hall as early as possible on Thursday morning.

Admittance 12½ cents.

J. S. RUSSELL,
President of Committee.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043d

TEA! TEA! TEA!

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

TEAS O. A. & Co. A. MEN

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable persons to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade. Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Cattees and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Cattees, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money can be collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. When there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we will send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs and sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, will receive one of their own choice in return at our expense.

We subjoin a list of our prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	[illegible]
Fine Flavoured New Season do	[illegible]
Excellent Full Flavoured do	[illegible]
Sound Oolong	[illegible]
Rich Flavoured, do	[illegible]
Very Fine, do do	[illegible]
Japan Good	[illegible]
Very Good	[illegible]
Finest	[illegible]

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	[illegible]
Fine do	[illegible]
Young Hyson	[illegible]
Fine do	[illegible]
Superfine and Very Choice	[illegible]

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 [illegible]
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 [illegible]
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 [illegible]

Remember the address,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Box 201, P. O., Ottawa, or
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, May 8, 1869.

Publications.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,

HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the Globe, etc.

City papers may be had at 6 a.m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.

A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; The Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical Sketches.

Gardening for Profit.
Breck's New Book of Flowers.
Buist's Flower Garden Directory.
The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.

J. DURIE & SON,
Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

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The latest novels, British and American Periodicals always on hand. Books bought, sold and exchanged, at

HAUSER'S, Sparks-st.

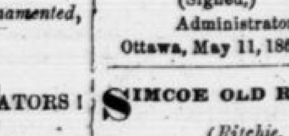
Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6.



THE OTTAWA

RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMERS

HAVE

COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS

BETWEEN

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.

May 7, 1869.

NOTICE.

All parties indebted to the estate of the late Mr. G. W. LESTER are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and all parties in possession of any chattels, or personal effects, belonging to the said G. W. LESTER at the time of his death, are hereby notified to deliver the same to the undersigned forthwith.

(Signed,) J. L. ORME,
Administrator of G. W. Lester, deceased.

Ottawa, May 11, 1869.

SIMCOE OLD RYE.

(Ritchie, Ford & Co.)

Just received.

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 12.

TO LUMBER MERCHANTS.—Wanted by a young man a situation as Lumber Clerk; has had several years experience in the measuring, shipping and piling of lumber. Can furnish the very best of references. Address, A.R., TIMES Office, Ottawa. 1047-4-24-1

ROOMS WANTED.

Two Bed-rooms, with Board, somewhere near the Parliament Buildings.

Apply by letter to Box 234, Post Office.

Ottawa, May 10. 1046-3

TEMPERANCE.

Meeting of the Canada Union.

The Executive Committee of this important organization met in the Temperance Hall of this city on Wednesday morning, the 12th inst., at 10 o'clock. The Hon. Malcolm Cameron, the President, was unavoidably absent, and his absence was very much regretted. The Hon. S. L. Tilley, C. B., as one of the Vice-Presidents, was requested to take the chair. Of the members of the Executive there were present at the opening Hon. S. L. Tilley, C. B.; W. S. Williams, Secretary, of Napanee; A. B. Pardee, N. Augusta; J. M. Grover, Colborne; S. T. Hammond, Ottawa; Rev. Wm. Scott, Napanee; J. B. Aylesworth, Newburgh; J. M. T. Hannum, Ottawa; Rev. J. F. Wilson, Augusta; Rev. Wm. Savage, Elgin; Jno. Ormiston, Gananoque, and Philip J. Robbin, Belleville. The Rev. J. B. Aylesworth, of Napanee, was also present.

The secretary expressed his regret that the Hon. M. Cameron had been obliged to leave the city, as he had prepared items of business for this meeting. But he (Mr. Williams) would indicate as briefly as possible certain matters which he thought should be attended to, and referred to appropriate committees.

Moved by the secretary, seconded by S. T. Hammond, and resolved, that the consideration of articles 2nd and 6th of the constitution be referred to a special committee, consisting of the following persons, viz.: Rev. Wm. Scott, J. M. Grover, A. B. Pardee, J.M.T. Hannum, W. S. Williams, and Rev. William Savage.

It was moved by the Secretary, seconded by A. B. Pardee, and resolved, that the following persons be a committee to consider the propriety of employing some person to prepare statistics relating to crime, insanity, pauperism, &c., caused by strong drink, and statistics showing the quantity of liquor manufactured and used in this country; the quantity of grain used in the manufacture of intoxicating drinks, and other collateral topics, viz.: J. Ormiston, S. T. Hammond, J. B. Aylesworth, and Dr. Oronhyatekha.

Hon. Mr. Tilley being obliged to leave addressed the committee. He cordially approved of this effort made to unite the exertions of temperance bodies. From his experience of matters of this kind in New Brunswick, he gave the committee much valuable information of a practical kind, and gave several important suggestions for the carrying out of this project of union. As money was a necessary element of power, he (Mr. T.) subscribed $25 to the funds.

On motion the Rev. Wm. Scott, S. T. Hammond, and W. S. Williams were appointed a committee to prepare a report of the proceedings of this committee.

On motion the committee adjourned to meet again at 2 p.m.

Afternoon Session.

At two o'clock, Dr. Oronhyatekha was called to the chair, and the meeting opened with prayer.

The committee then took up the subject of offering prizes for essays on all subjects connected with temperance, and after a great deal of discussion, it was resolved to offer $100 for the best essay, showing the evils, financially, socially and morally, which the traffic of liquor inflicts on the community, and the motives that should induce electors to put into municipal councils, and legislatures, men who will honestly endeavour to diminish this dire traffic. They also offer $50 for the best essay on the duties of temperance men, and the necessity of organization. They also offer $25 for the best essay on the subject of inebriate asylums, and the duty of legislators.

The committee then took up the discussion of a Prohibitory Liquor Law, which received a somewhat lengthened debate. This and some other matters occupied the attention of the convention until 5 o'clock, when they adjourned, after the benediction was pronounced by the Rev. Wm. Scott, until to-day, at 10 a. m.

CITIZENS' PROMENADE CONCERT.

The promenade concert in honour of his Excellency the Governor-General and Lady Young, and the Senators and Members of the Commons, came off last night at the Skating Rink. Among those present we noticed Hon. Mr. Tilley, Mrs. and the Misses Tilley, and Mrs. Bayard, of N.B., Hon. Col. Gray and Mrs. Gray, Hon. Mr. Kenny and Mrs. Kenny. A large number of Senators and Members of the House of Commons with their ladies were also present. Col. McNeill of his Excellency's staff and most of the officers of the Rifles attended with their ladies. Besides these there were many of the deputy heads of departments, and other gentlemen of the Civil service, as well as a large number of ladies and gentlemen, swelling the audience to about five hundred, comprising most of the wealth, beauty, and fashion of the city. The air of the rink was quite cool, which gave zest to the promenade.

The Rifle Brigade band, in full force, played some of their best selections. Mr. Sinclair sang "I'm Sitting on the Stile, Mary," and "Good Rhine Wine," in his usual splendid style. Mrs. O'Connor and Miss Aumond sang "The Elfin Call" with beautiful effect, and in the second part of the programme sang "O Mio Fernando," in such a manner as to bring all the promenaders to a stand in front of the platform, and elicited the most unqualified admiration from all who heard them. "It is not true," by Madame Gelinas, was one of the bright gems of the evening, and the duet, by that lady and Miss Aumond, came in for a full share of admiration, and most deservedly so. Mrs. Harrison, in her song, "The Kellogg waltz," was an execution so perfect that she seemed to surpass her former self. "O would I were a bird," sung by Mr. Beament, was a most deserving effort, and we have seldom heard that gentleman to so good advantage.

Professor Smith in his "*Fantaisie sur Home Sweet Home*," fairly electrified the audience with his brilliancy.

The concert was brought to a close at eleven o'clock with the Rifle Brigade marches and national anthem. Some of the ladies and gentlemen remained after the concert to enjoy the pleasures of the dance.

The gentlemen who formed the committee of the Mechanics' Institute, under whose immediate auspices the concert was arranged, together with Mr. Orme, who had the musical department, deserve the highest praise for the perfection of their arrangements.

LOCAL NEWS.

PERSONAL.—Mr. F. C. Capreol arrived in town yesterday morning.

POPULAR READINGS.—The readings at the St. Patrick's Hall, to-night, we are given to understand, will be unusually entertaining, as some of the old favourite faces are going to be present.

POLICE COURT.—James Burns and Margaret Walsh were charged with being drunk and disorderly, and were both discharged.

The boys Labaise, charged with larceny, were again remanded.

TEMPERANCE.—We understand that the Ottawa City Temple will hold an open meeting in the Temperance Hall, Elgin-st., this evening, at eight o'clock, when addresses are expected from Dr. Oronyatekha, Rev. W. Scott, Rev. T. B. Aylsworth, and Mr. S. J. Ormiston.

OTTAWA BRIGADE GARRISON ARTILLERY.—We understand that batteries Nos. 1, 2, 4 and 6, of this fine brigade, are to undergo their half-yearly inspection by Lieut.-Col. Jackson, B. M., on the 18th instant, at 7:20 p. m. No. 1 company of rifles, of this city, Captain May, is to be inspected about the same time.

MAJOR'S HILL.—The band of the Rifle Brigade will play the following programme of music, on the Major's Hill, this afternoon, from three o'clock to five o'clock:

Pas Redouble..."Franc Picard."....Soland.
Overture........"Occasional."......Muller.
Waltz..........."Silver Chimes.".....Coote.
Operatic Selection."Nabucodonosor."..Verdi.
Quadrille........"The Royal Alfred."...Godfrey.
Operatic Selection. "Crispino de la Comare." Ricci.
Galop............."Asteroid."........Riche.
"The Rifle Brigade Marches."
"National Anthem."

STREET CROSSINGS.—Our city fathers have lately been engaged in a most creditable work, that of making good substantial street crossings. Cedars are laid down at about three feet apart and the space filled up with broken stone, which makes the best and cheapest crossings that could be devised. Numbers of people were grumbling about them at first, because the newly broken stones cut their boots. Now, however, they have adopted the plan we proposed, and perhaps they at first intended, of finishing off the walks with gravel, thus making them perfect and doing away with all cause for objection.

ANOTHER SEVERE ACCIDENT.—On Tuesday evening a very severe accident befell Robert Tink, an operative in McLaren's (late Currier's) mills, at New Edinburgh. The injured man was working at a butting saw when a splinter flew off and struck him over the right eye, inflicting a severe wound three or four inches in length. Dr. Bell was called in without delay, who found that an artery had been divided which it was necessary to tie. Several large splinters were also found imbeded in the forehead in such a manner that their extraction was a matter of some difficulty. The patient, however, is not in a dangerous condition, and is doing well.

THE BAZAAR TO-DAY.—The bazaar of the ladies of the St. Andrew's Church congregation will be opened this day, (Thursday,) and be continued to-morrow. Every exertion has been made by the promoters of this bazaar to ensure its being a success, and from the character of the ladies concerned in the undertaking there need be no fears as to the result. The contributions are to be on the tables, at Gowan's Hall, early in the morning, so that they may all be arranged before one o'clock, the time of opening. We understand that, besides the fancy articles usually found at bazaars, there will be a number of contributions of real utility, which will also combine elements of the beautiful. Refreshments will be kept on the table for the accommodation of those who require them. Lady Young and Lady Macdonald will visit the bazaar. Those who desire to purchase objects of beauty, or to look at them only, are cordially invited to attend, and we advise them to do so. Luncheon will be served by the ladies, at the refreshment tables, from one to three o'clock each day.

YET ANOTHER ACCIDENT.—We learn that a French Canadian boy, employed in McLaren's mill, lost three of his fingers at nearly the same time that the accident occurred to Robert Tink. Accidents are almost continually happening at some of the mills. Some time ago we were called upon to record one of a terrible nature that happened to a boy at the Chaudiere, by which he was nearly cut in two, besides losing one of his arms. We have asked before, and we repeat the enquiry, could not the ingenious inventors of our wonderful machinery, also invent safeguards for the prevention of at least some of the many shocking accidents that so frequently occur? No doubt much of the trouble arises from a want of care and caution; but not all. And it certainly does seem that dangerous machines might, and ought to be so arranged, that persons with ordinary care would not be exposed to injury in working them. We do not pretend to say that the machinery in any particular mill is not so arranged, or that the accidents referred to could have been prevented. It is well known that the mill owners here are as humane as they are generous, and if they could see their way to improvement in this particular, they would do it.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 12.

Lieut.-General Sir Charles Wyndham has arrived in town, and is staying at the Rossin House.

Four soldiers of the 20th Regiment were caught last night in the act of deserting. Some of those who deserted about a week since have been caught at Sarnia.

The F Battery of the 4th Brigade Royal Artillery have received orders to hold themselves in readiness to proceed to England.

The sale of Royal Artillery horses began to-day. The average price paid was $121, being $2 under that paid for the horses of the Hussars.

The Merchants' Express Company having been regularly organised by the election of a Provisional Board of Directors steps are being taken to have stock books opened throughout the Dominion.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, May 12, 1869.

The Synod met this morning at 10 o'clock, and was opened with prayer by Dr. Balch. The following names were given from which to choose a bishop and metropolitan: Rev. Francis Hessey, D.C.L., Vicar of St. Barnabas, Kensington; and Rev. T. P. Cust, Rector of Cheddington. After the vote was taken, the Dean announced that there was no election, there being a majority of clerical votes only. In the afternoon, the Bishops proposed the Rev. Frederick Weyrick, Chaplain to Dr. Wordsworth, Lord Bishop of Lincoln; and the Rev. T. Wells, Master of the Godolphin Grammar School; but again there was no election.

Mr. Ferres moved, seconded by Mr. Brydges, the following resolutions: 1. That the Synod is now assembled for the sole purpose of electing a Bishop of the diocese of Montreal and Metropolitan of the heretofore Province of Canada.

2. That the Synod acknowledges its obligations before God to elect a person who, combining in himself the qualifications laid down by the Holy Apostle Paul, shall at the same time be acceptable as zealous in the service of the Church.

3. That this Synod has no desire or intention to interfere with the right of the House of Bishops to send down to them such names as they may think fit and proper for election, but as the members of the Synod feel themselves bound to vote in the fear of God according to their consciences, and with a single eye to the peace and welfare of the Church they, with all due respect, but with all earnestness, beseech the House of Bishops to submit to them the names of persons for their choice, of whose qualifications for the holy office, and of whose talk and conversation before the world, they have had the means of possessing some personal knowledge, according to the ancient canons, and agreeable to the usage of the primitive church.

4. That a committee of three clergymen and three laymen be appointed by this Synod, and that the House of Bishops be respectfully requested to confer with such committee to ascertain if, in any manner satisfactory to the Bishops and the Synod, the Church in this Diocese can be relieved from its present embarrassment.

The remainder of the afternoon was occupied in discussing these resolutions. A great deal of unnecessary warmth was displayed, and at times great confusion prevailed. At a few minutes before 7 o'clock the vote was taken for the resolutions with the following result: clerical—yeas 25, nays 35; lay—yeas 85, nays 44. A majority of both orders being necessary the vote was consequently lost.

The Synod then adjourned till to-morrow.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 11.—The York races, Scotland stakes, were won by *Adventurer*, filly; the great northern handicap was won by *Ploughboy*.

The steamers *City of Paris* and *Perriere*, from New York, have arrived at Queenstown and Brest.

LONDON, May 12.—The Hon. John Joy, the American Minister to Austria, who sailed from New York in the steamer *Russia*, on the 28th ult., arrived in this city to-day.

FRANCE.

LONDON, May 12.—There is much agitation at Paris in consequence of the general elections. Four public meetings in different parts of the city have been dispersed by the police.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, May 12.—In the North German Parliament to-day the Bill for the payment of delegates came up for its third reading, and after a protracted debate was rejected.

SPAIN.

Sir John Crampton asks to be Recalled—Proceedings in the Cortes.

MADRID, May 12.—Sir John Crampton, British Minister to Spain, has asked to be recalled.

In the Cortes to-day an amendment to the Constitution was proposed by the Republicans to the effect that all powers should emanate from the nation, and all persons to whom they are instructed must be elected by and held responsible to the people.

Gen. Prim approves of the proposition for a regency under Marshal Serrano.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, May 12.—Gen. Menabrea, the President of the Ministry, has resigned in favour of Digny.

PORTUGAL.

MADRID, May 12.—Despatches from Lisbon show that the political discontent in Portugal has culminated in serious riots. In the capital a plot against the Government is on foot. It has been discovered that the conspirators have been tampering with the garrison of Lisbon.

CUBA.

HAVANA, May 12.—Accounts from Spanish sources represent that after the fight of Allagracia, Gen. Lesca reached Puerto Principe with his convoy, the insurgents being unable to detain him.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LISBON, May 12.—The mail steamer from Rio Janeiro has arrived. She brings advices from Asuncion to April 3rd. President Lopez was reported to hold a strong position in the interior with 9,000 men and 40 guns. The allied force was on the point of marching to attack him.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Murder of a Senator.

AUGUSTA, Ga., May 11.—Joseph Adkins, a Radical Senator from Warren county, was shot yesterday, near Thompson. It is believed the wound will prove mortal.

Disease on Ship Board.

NEW YORK, May 11.—The North-German emigration ship *Cristel* arrived to-day from Bremen. She had 13 cases of small-pox on board, and had 4 deaths from the disease during the passage.

Steamers Burned and Loss of Life.

CINCINNATI, May 12.—The steamer *Clifton* was burned last night, together with the steamers *Darling*, *Westnor*, *Mary Erwin*, *Melnotte* and *Cheyenne*. A deck hand of the *Clifton* lost his life. All on board the *Cheyenne* were asleep when the fire broke out. Five of the deck hands were burned to death. John Garner, a coloured boy on the *Darling*, was also burned to death. Four or five men jumped overboard, only one of whom was saved.

More American Men-of-War for the Cuban Station.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The condition of affairs in Cuba, and the manner in which American residents are treated by the Spanish authorities, are such that our navy department has decided to send two more war vessels to Admiral Hoff.

Formidable Alliance Against the United States.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The *Tribune's* London special says initial steps have been taken for an alliance, offensive and defensive, between England, France and Spain, against the United States. The rejection of the *Alabama* treaty, the tone of Mr. Sumner's speech, the alleged filibustering tendencies of General Grant's Administration, and the reported connivance of the expeditions from the United States against Cuba, being the pretexts for a necessity for such alliance. The *Tribune* says this despatch comes from a very well-informed correspondent; but, at the same time, there may be some reason for delaying a full belief in it.

The Cuban Revolution.

The *Tribune's* special says information received to-day, by the Government, from reliable sources, shows that the Cuban insurgents are not making any headway—that the Spanish army will, in a very short time, put an end to the insurrection, and that nothing remains of the Cuban forces but detached parties, acting as guerillas.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Purchase of Bonds by the American Government.

NEW YORK, May 12.—A million dollars' worth of bonds were purchased by the Government to-day, at prices ranging from 115¾ @ 115 3-5.

Shipment of Specie.

The steamship *Scotia* took out $10,000 in specie for Europe to-day.

The Constitutional Amendment in Connecticut.

HARTFORD, May 12.—The resolution ratifying the 100th amendment has been under discussion during the sitting of the House to-day. The Democrats have been making speeches in opposition to it. The Republicans have made no speeches thus far, and evince a willingness to give full opportunity to the Opposition to discuss the question before adjournment. The House voted to bring the question to a vote on Thursday at one o'clock.

Probable Recall of the American Minister from Turkey.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The *Post's* special says there is the best authority for saying that Minister Morris will be recalled from Turkey.

Fatal Explosion.

An explosion took place this morning in Pendleton & Brothers' chemical works, Hoboken, in which Jacob Cook was terribly mutilated. The building was burned.

Train Thrown off the Track.

PORTSMOUTH, May 12.—The train from Portland for Boston was thrown off the track between Berwick and South Berwick to-day, severely injuring one lady passenger, the engineer and baggage man.

Particulars of the Great Steamboat Fire at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 12.—The most destructive conflagration of steamboats that ever occurred in this city raged this morning at the landings of the New Orleans and Memphis Packet Companies. The fire broke out in the steamer *Clifton* and extended to the *Westmoreland* and *Mary Erwin* above, and to the *Cheyennes* and *Darling* below. The boats were soon enveloped in flames. The hulk of one may be used again; the others are a total loss. The fire originated in the chambermaids' room on the *Clifton*, by the upsetting of a coal oil lamp. Fourteen kegs of gunpowder on the *Cheyenne* exploded and scattered the flames to the *Westmoreland*, which had 200 barrels of coal oil on board. The *Westmoreland* ran in the New Orleans trade, and was valued at $20,000. She was insured for $15,000. She had 70 tons of freight on board. She was an old boat. The *Clifton* was a fine Memphis packet, valued at $35,000, insured for $22,000. The *Mary Erwin* was an Arkansas river boat, and had just been repaired. She was valued at $12,000, and insured for $10,000. The *Cheyenne* was an Arkansas river trader. This boat was loaded with valuable freight, and was valued at $36,000. She was insured for $24,000. The estimated value of her cargo was $50,000. The powder on this boat was carried ashore. The *Darling* was valued at $25,000, and was insured for $20,000. Rumours are afloat that several lives were lost, but up to noon no names were reported. The total insurance amounted to $812,500.

The Grain Crop of the Northwest.

CHICAGO, May 12.—Reports received in this city from various parts of the Northwest are to the effect that the new wheat crop is in excellent condition, and promises an abundant harvest. A much greater breadth of land has been put into wheat this year than ever before. If no unfortunate disaster occurs this crop will be unprecedented.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Litle's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

T. LAWRENCE

Having opened a first-class TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT, in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.

From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS FOR SUMMER WEAR, In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian TWEEDS, may now be seen at the *COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,* No. 60 Sparks-st.

Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.

A. GRAHAM & CO., Commercial Warehouse, No. 60 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY. TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4. LLOYD'S PATENT REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS,

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

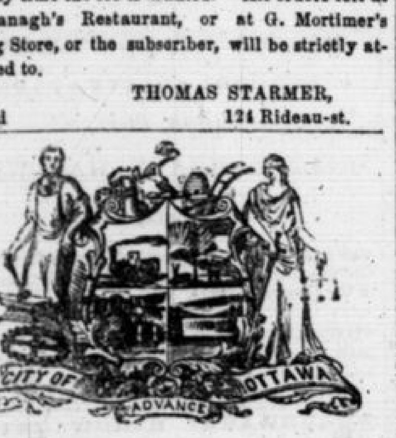
J. T. LLOYD, 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.
1043.20d

GENTLEMEN Leaving their orders at the COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE, No. 60 Sparks-st., Can get well suited in Garments.
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays for Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, 124 Rideau-st.
1043d



TENDERS

Will be received by the Board of Commissioners of Police until FRIDAY, the FOURTEENTH day of MAY, 1869, at 12 o'clock noon, for SUPPLYING CLOTHING for the POLICE FORCE for one year.

Information as to articles required may be had on application to the CHIEF OF POLICE at the City Hall.

W. P. LETT, Clerk, B. C. P.
Ottawa, May 10, 1869. 1046-3

HOUSEKEEPERS, BUY YOUR STOVES AND KITCHEN FURNISHINGS AT ESMONDE'S, the cheapest place in the city. All sorts of tinwork manufactured to order.

A few second hand COOKING STOVES for sale.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE, No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

THREE GENTLEMEN Can be accommodated with furnished bedrooms on Wellington-st.

Apply to M. KAVANAGH at the "Queen," or the House of Commons. 1043a

500 BUSHELS SEED PEAS —AT— T. KAVANAGH'S FLOUR STORE, Rideau-st., next door to the Tea Pot.
Ottawa, May 11. 1046a

BOARD AND LODGING.

Three gentlemen can be accommodated with rooms, with or without board, opposite the City Hall Square, 200 yards from Russell House.

Apply at TIMES office.
Or address Mrs. MACLENNAN, Post Office.
Ottawa, May 12. 1047a

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF CARPETINGS AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK OF MILLINERY IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK OF MANTLES, AT MODERATE PRICES, IN EVERY STYLE, At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Silk Velvets, Velveteens and Water-proof Cloakings IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Satin and Lace, Plain and Fancy Silk, Dress Trimmings, Buttons, Linings, &c., In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Ribbons, Lace, Embroidered Collars and Cuffs, And Lace Ties, in Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Broadcloths, Tweeds, Coatings, Vestings, and Tailors' Trimmings In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Linens, Prints, White and Grey Cottons In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF NEW GOODS In all the Departments, is to be found at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET

Magee & Russell.

MUSLINS and GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL Have received direct from a celebrated Printer,

2 CASES PRINTED LAWN and ORGANDIE MUSLINS.

ALSO,

LATEST DESIGNS IN SWISS and FRENCH GRENADINES,

27, 54 and 72 inch BLACK WOOL GRENADINES,

BLACK SILK GRENADINES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
April 26, 1869.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS, THE CHEAPEST GOODS, THE CHEAPEST GOODS, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK, THE LARGEST STOCK, THE LARGEST STOCK, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED, THE BEST ASSORTED, THE BEST ASSORTED, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY, THE GREATEST VARIETY, THE GREATEST VARIETY, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE, THE BEST VALUE, THE BEST VALUE, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES, THE NEWEST STYLES, THE NEWEST STYLES, At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS, FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, DOOR MATS, DAMASKS, REPPS, PEKINADES, CHINTZES, LACES, CORNICES, COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON, 47 and 49 Sparks-st.

N. ROBERTSON, MERCHANT TAILOR, BELL'S BLOCK, *Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,*

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.
Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

GEO. MAYES, COPPER PLATE PRINTER, *Bank Street, Centre Town,* Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season. Just received.
JAS. BUCHANAN'S, Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank-st., third door from Sparks-st., where she will be happy to attend to heir orders. 1041b

APPRENTICES WANTED.

Two Apprentices, about 14 or 15 years of age, wanted to learn the Confectionery business.

Apply to MRS. PRODERICK, Sussex-st.
Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin[ation] their agents for COAL OIL, they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the BARREL OR CAR LOAD, AT THE LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's HIGHWINES RYE, PROOF, and MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

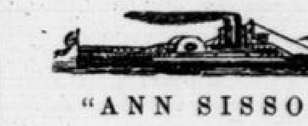
Agent for REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated HAMS, BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO., Canal Basin.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y., Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON" LEAVES AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m., *FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,* CONNECTING WITH STEAMERS "ALLIANCE," "JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE," FOR DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS, President.
1042tf

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA FOR ROOFS, DAMP CELLARS, &c.

CHEAP! CLEAN! FIRE-PROOF! UNDECAYING! Suitable for all Styles, Flat or Upright.

FULL SUPPLY OF FELT AND MATERIALS FOR SALE BY BUCHANAN & CO., Box 643 Montreal.

Send for circular with full description.
April 30, 1869. 1037b

SELECT TAILORING. T. RAJOTTE. NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

FOR CASH ONLY.

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

JONES & HOLLAND

Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously

Without the Use of a Press or Water.

Price from $2.00 to $4.50.

Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.

Call and see for yourselves.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE—Place the writing under the copying sheet, and rub with the fingers. That's all.
May 5, 1869.

COATS, PANTS and VESTS May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE, No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING *BOOKBINDING,* &c., &c., &c.

To be had at "THE OTTAWA CITIZEN" *PRINTING,* AND STATIONERY STORE, 21 *Rideau-st.,*

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, lar[ge and small]
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to mat[ch]
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultra[ma]rine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and L[etter] Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c. Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal and Medium. Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours] Tinted Crayon Paper Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER, Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS' Office Requisites supplied on reasonable terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES

Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, INCLUDING Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

General Geography, with 39 coloured map price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,

Authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.
FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES.

The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do.
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,
At "The Ottawa Citizen" Stationery and Printing House,

AT "THE OTTAWA CITIZEN STATIONERY AND PRINTING HOUSE,

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 13, 1869.

The market still maintains its character for poverty. There was so poor a supply yesterday as not to deserve the name of a market at all. This is the story which, with slight variations, we have been for a long time telling, and yet there is no prospect of change for the better. If speculators would turn their attention to the importation of human food, as they have to the importation of food for cattle, they would confer a benefit on the community, and find the operation, perhaps, no less remunerative.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Foot Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*

We would call the especial attention of the

LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for.................$1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to
JOHN COOK,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to
SAMUEL LEMIEUX,
Plantagenet Mills,
1043tf Ontario.

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to
ROD. ROSS.
Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,
AT NEW EDINBURGH.

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to
R. BLACKBURN.
New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to
S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.
April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET—FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to
S. SKINNER,
1028d Senate Buildings.

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.
RODERICK ROSS.
Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL.

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,
CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.
Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorise the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.
S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.
April 27, 1869. 1034tf

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th INSTANT, for the purchase of the NEW STEAM SAW MILL near the mouth of the River Blanche, in East Templeton, Province of Quebec, with land and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Mill in good running order, with first-class SHINGLE MILL in addition. Size of Mill 80 x 40, with Engine House 26 x 40. Engine 80 horse power.

If not sooner disposed of it will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of Walker & Pennock, in the city of Ottawa, on the 15th INSTANT, at NOON.

Terms easy.

For fuller particulars and conditions of sale apply to
W. H. WALKER,
Solicitor for Vendor.
Ottawa, May 1, 1869. 1039b

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to
JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.
April 7th, 1869. 1033td

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

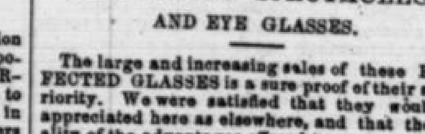
Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

TO LUMBERERS.

QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are,
Your obdt. servants,
1006-2m M. STEVENSON & CO.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN-KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P. Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels:

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine No. 2	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.
W. H. EASTON. 982tf E. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75y House, Land and General Agent.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

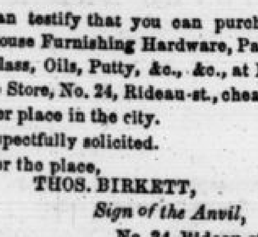
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st., Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Remember the place,
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank-st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN.
Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Survey of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st. corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

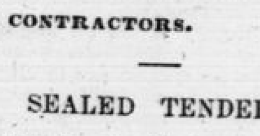
FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.



TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, 15TH MAY NEXT,

for the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8, in the 1st Con., on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF and DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville.

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONECUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipe and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House or Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES and OUT-BUILDINGS for the Lieutenant-Governor's Residence. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan-street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL, to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed specifications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works for Ontario,
Toronto, April 24, 1869. 1035td

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA.—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

COOKING STOVES of the best quality and make at ESMONDE'S.

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 19th, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p.m.	4.45 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, April 12, 1869. ly

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4:00 p m and 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 9:45 pm and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 2:15 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

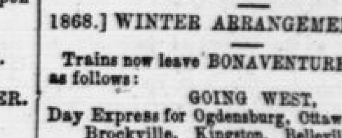
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST,

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:10 a m

Night do do do do 8:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:00 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 6:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 9:00 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at .... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

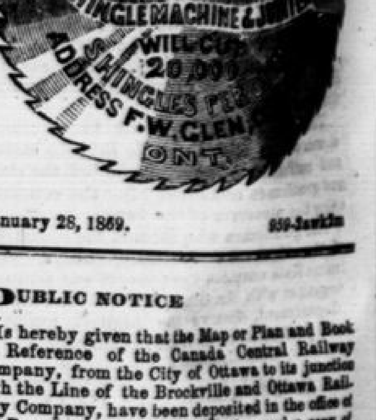
She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec 1868.



January 28, 1869.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Rly.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

TIN SPICE BOXES,

A novelty,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at ESMONDE'S.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director ALEX ROBERTSON Editor.

VOL. IV

Marriage

AGAR YEILDING, Agent for MARRIAGE L... of Ottawa, by commission ... the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence ... Ottawa, April 9, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESE...

AT

THE MEDIC...

28 Sparks-st....

Toilet Boxes in variety, Rimmel's New Perfu... Cambridge Bo... Oxford B... Eng... Silver Top Smelling Bottle... Scotch Plaid Smelling... Improved Perf...

A complete stock just rece... Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and C... Druggists' Sundr... W. M... Family and I...

Prize Medal, 1862.

FOR CONS... treated with PANCREA... See *The L... Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

CASE 154.—Says emulsio... well; makes him feel quite... week, extraordinary improv... says he has lost cough, ext... *The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine P... SION sold only in bottles, 2... Savory & Moore's labels an...

THE BEST FOOD ... resembling Mother's M... ble.—Dr. H. Barker *on right*... "THE INFANT PRINC... Prince should."—*Social Sci*... "A REAL IMPROVEM... ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S... one that keeps good in all c... No boiling or straining. T... SAVORY &... 143, New... Agents—Messrs. F. Cundi...

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, U...

AND

UNDERTA...

FURNIT...

of every description, made to... and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnish... ings for any kind of wood w... correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to...

GOTHIC & FANCY ...

FUNERA...

furnished at the shortest no... country.

METALLIC AND OT...

always on hand.

EXPRESS WA...

for the removal of household f... waggons for lumber and other...

N.B.—Residence at the wes... st., opposite the market.

WATCH...

J. SEWILL, LIVERP...

Manufacturer by special... HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN... AND COURT OF SP... THE RIGHT HONORABLE... MISSIONERS OF THE ... AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VI... NAVY;

Prize Medalist of the Great I... tion of London, 1862, an... versal Exhibition of ...

WE HEREBY APPOINT Mr. JOHN LES...

Agent for Ott... For the sale of these *celebrated*... H. & A. SAUN...

Sole Wholesale Agents in th... sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches. Ottawa May 20.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that... presentatives in the Council... Physicians and Surgeons of O... Territorial Divisions constitute... 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontar*... TUESDAY, the 8th day of JU...

There will be no nomination...

The votes will be cast by... which will be sent from this of... tered practitioner on the 20th ...

These voting papers must b... to instructions which will acc... transmitted to the Returning O... in which the voter resides an...

The voting papers will be ... turning Officers of the several ... at two o'clock, p.m., on the da... the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Divisi... Malahide and Tecumseth do... Saugeen and Brock do... Gore and Thames do... Erie and Niagara do... Burlington and Home do... Midland and York do... King's and Queen's do... Newcastle and Trent do... Quinte and Cataraqui do... Bathurst and Rideau do... St. Lawrence and Eastern do...

The names of the Returning... nished on a printed envelope t... registered practitioner.

H. ST...

Medical Registration Office, ... Hamilton, April 15th, 18...

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AN...

LEADER

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, ... HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent ... Ottawa, April 26.

BEAUTIFUL PATTE... DOW SHADE...

Very cheap, AT THE VA...

ANY PERSON HAVI... a good second-hand SING... find a purchaser by applying ... TO THE VA...

THE BEST ASSORT... CHINA in the Dominion ... AT THE VA...

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1049. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR CONSUMPTION treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

CASE 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—*The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—*Dr. H. Barker on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND

UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity for the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division	.....	Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	.....London
Saugeen and Brock	do	.....Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	.....Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	.....Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	.....Hamilton
Midland and York	do	.....Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	.....Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	.....Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	.....Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	.....Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	.....Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.

Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING *LEADER,*

is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,

Very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying

TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

WATER! WATER! WATER!

SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

Having purchased part of the cargo of the vessel *City of Limerick,* lately wrecked, we will offer the whole for sale, commencing

MONDAY, 5TH APRIL,

and continuing the following days until all the goods are disposed of. This is an opportunity to secure bargains which may not offer again for years. The greater part of the goods have received scarcely any damage, so that parties who call early will have the best chance of getting bargains, as we will make no reserve, but throw each line of goods by itself, and let the first who comes first have the best pick. The following are some of the damaged goods, viz.:

10 CASES ASSORTED BLEACHED COTTONS,
1 do SHEETINGS,
1 do QUILTS,
2 do TOWELS,
1 do PRINTS,
1 do ASSORTED LINEN GOODS,
2 do ASSORTED DRESS GOODS,
1 do SILKS,
3 do MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SKIRTS,
2 do DRESS MUSLINS,
10 do ASSORTED GOODS.

We give a list of prices that some of the goods will be sold for to give parties an idea of the bargains they will be able to get. A nice lot of DRESS GOODS for 6d 7½d to 9d per yard.

Ladies' Mantles only	£0	5	0
Splendid Prints, worth 9d, only	0	6	0
Towels, "all Linen," only	0	0	4
Dress Muslins, per yard, only	0	0	6
Mantle Cloths, only			9
Pocket Handkerchiefs, each, only			1½
Gloves, per pair, only			6
Table Damasks, per yard, only	0	2	6
Stylish Cloths, per yard, only	0	1	
Parasols, each, only	0	1	
Gents' Neckties, "latest styles," each, only			0

LOOK! LOOK!

50 pieces Dress Lining, only 1d per yd.

ATTENTION!—Two cases more of those spools for 1d, worth 3d.

Don't delay in calling early as the first pick will be the best.

We have also received a splendid assortment of all the latest styles in SPRING GOODS in perfect order, which we will sell lower than any house in this city.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

10 cases in all the new styles, just arrived, which will be sold very low. For particulars in price see our Clothing Bills.

The place to secure these immense bargains is at the old cheap spot, THE OCCIDENTAL, in Stewart's Brick Block, Corner Rideau and Sussex-sts. Sign of the White Flag.

H. HICK & CO.

A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st, first Brick House below the market.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette,*) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette,* and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The argest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa Sept. 7, 1868. 783y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.,

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

QUEBEC REFERENCES.

Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.

James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.

Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.

Eugene Chinic, Esq. Merchant, President La Banque National.

Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a

FEW DAYS

OPEN A FIRST-CLASS

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the

FIRST FLOOR

OF THE

MASONIC HALL BLOCK,

ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK

In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, in a sealed envelope, marked Tenders for Printing, Paper, or Binding (as the case may be), will be received until THURSDAY, 27th INST., after which day no tender will be received, for the Printing, furnishing the Printing Paper, and the Binding required for the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada.

No tender will be received except on the blank form, which can be had on application to the undersigned, and from whom all information can be obtained.

The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.

By order,

HENRY HARTNEY,
Clerk Joint Committee of both Houses on Printing.

Department of Printing of Parliament,
Ottawa, May, 1869. 1044a

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity or an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Ressor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1·50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jelli in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call rly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 26, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER TO HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York

or to H. BRICK, BRUSH & CO., Ottawa

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city

$1.25 BLANKETS.... $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 .....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 .....GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 .....OVERCOATS,
$9 .....COMPLETE SUITS
$1 .....GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS. $1 and $1.25.....UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 .....DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

OPENED OUT

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,
A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,
A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,
A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,
A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS IN NEW MATERIALS,
A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,
A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,
TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES

are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

SAVAGE'S URSINA.

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR,

has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.

It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.

Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.

EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1028eod.3m

THE celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS and POLAR REFRIGERATORS, at

ESMONDE'S.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CHAMBER SETS, cheap at

ESMONDE'S.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

DUST, HEARTH, STOVE, SCRUB, CHIMNEY and Crumb Brushes at

ESMONDE'S.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. S. Van Deuzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where. 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN THE *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Locking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS, GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER, AND DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS AND WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
1002tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address

R. P. MCAVAY & CO.,
Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

34 *SUSSEX-ST.*

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

LUNACY.

Gheel, the City of the Simple—Its Lunatics and their Treatment.

[From "Flemish Interiors."]

Gheel is a Flemish village 30 miles from Antwerp, and the seat of the oldest lunatic asylum in the world. It and the neighbouring villages, including a population of about 11,000 souls, are divided into six districts, to each of which a special class of patients is assigned. It is not easy to understand the classification, but it appears that the harmless cases are allowed to live in the central village, and that the most violent are sent to the most remote district, where they can live in certain frame houses scattered widely over a large heath. There is a careful system of supervision by appropriate officers, so that the condition of every patient is reported each night to the physician in authority. There are it seems at present 620 nourriciers, or persons authorized to take charge of lunatics, and about 800 patients. The management of the patients thus devolves principally upon the families with whom they board, and who have acquired a kind of traditional aptitude for it, whilst the classification and supervision are left to the central authorities.

Some of the results appear to be very remarkable, especially as regards the relation of the patients and the nourriciers.

The arrival of a boarder is generally celebrated as a little family festivity. The guest is treated to the best of everything, and gradually learns to take an interest in all the affairs of the house. He sometimes is cured by the gradual "resuscitation of moral vigour" which results from friendly and familiar treatment. The people have learned a peculiar practical skill in dealing with the object of their singular hospitality. Thus, for example, a mischevious person is allowed to break everything he pleases, and it is declared that the indifference of the owners has a better effect on the patient than any direct restriction, and frequently induces him to make a moral effort which will lead to his recovery from the habit. Thus a young Englishman had imported, amongst other "expensive and unattractive habits," a peculiar love of breaking windows. On the first day of his arrival this young man broke twenty-eight windows; no notice whatever was taken of his exploit, and the next day he confined himself to smashing fourteen. He was again mortified by the complete indifference of the villagers, and since that time has completely abandoned this delightful pastime. The result, if satisfactory in its way, illustrates the extreme difficulty of introducing the Gheel system everywhere. It would certainly take something like twelve centuries of training to induce the inhabitants of an American village to allow maniacs to live amongst them and break as many windows as they pleased without remonstrance.

A still more remarkable case is mentioned in illustration of the skillful treatment of violent lunatics. One who was subject to occasional fits of frenzy had exhibited symptoms of an approaching crisis, and the doctor had warned the woman in whose house he was living to watch him closely. The madman objected to this vigilance, and whilst the nourriciere was sitting in the front of the door with her infant in her lap, he took up a large pair of tailor's shears and threatened to split her skull. She walked towards him, holding up her infant as a shield, and made him back into a low chair at the further end of the room. She then threw the child into his arms, and running out of the room, locked the door upon the pair. The mother fainted away from excitement, but on recovering sent for the doctor, and upon his arrival half an hour afterwards, the door was opened and the maniac was found carefully nursing the child, which he had restored to good humor at the same time with himself. The method was certainly original, and perhaps it would take even longer to train mothers to this use of their infants than to teach the ordinary mind to submit to window smashing

It is, indeed, remarkable as a curious result that the affection entertained by the lunatics for children, and the reciprocal veneration which the children entertain for the infirmity of their guests, are frequently touheing and of almost incredible intensity. A parent seized with an attack of raving mania is frequently restored to composure, it is asserted simply by the presence of a little child. In spite of the extreme liberty allowed to patients, and the familiar terms on which they live with the inhabitants, it is said that cases of personal injury are unknown nor have the Gheelians themselves suffered any evil consequences from their long and close association with lunatics. The patients liable to attacks of temporary violence frequently leave the house of their own accord and wander off into the fields and woods, where they can give way to their impulses without injury to their neighbour. In an interview with one of them a visitor remarked: "You now tell that you are the Archangel Gabriel, but the last time I was here, didn't you tell me that you were Lucifer?" "So I am," replied the lunatic, "but it is by different mothers."

Another anecdote is told of the madman whose release had been procured by Blazac, who had convinced himself and the authorities after a long investigation that the unfortunate man was the victim of a conspiracy to keep him ont of his property. Blazac was delighted with his success, and begged his friend to celebrate his release by coming to breakfast with him. "No," said the man, "but I will come if you make it a supper." "Certainly," said Blazac, "if you prefer it, but why should you not come to breakfast?" "Because," was the reply, you will see, as a sensible man, that I cannot allow myself to be seen except at night, as I am the moon." Blazac decided to be more careful another time. The story, true or false, may be paralleled to the anecdote mentioned by Erskine, in his speech on Hadfield's case, of the lunatic who almost succeeded in an action for obtaining his release till he accidentally admitted that he believed himself to be Jesus Christ. On a subsequent occasion the same man was so conscious that this answer had led to his continued confinement that he refused to commit himself again, and his former reply had to be given in evidence.

DUTIES OF SOLDIERS.

A certain Confederate regiment that served during the war in the Western Department was commanded until after the battle of Murfreesboro by a Colonel who was a foreigner by birth, but a soldier by choice and education. He never learnt to use good English, but he had a short way of expressing himself in impetuous exclamations that were quite as effective in conveying his conclusions as his practiced sword was in disabling an adversary. This anecdote is attributed to him: Once when some general officers were hesitating about making an important but desperate movement on account of the loss of life it was likely to involve, he, happening to be present, bawled out: What, kill soldier; What soldier made for. Soldier made to be killed by tam. At the battle of Murfreesboro, when a certain brigade was ordered forward, on Wednesday, to assist in the attack on the Federal right, the regiment commanded by the foreign officer referred to, met with such a furious reception from the boys of the west, as they prided in calling themselves, that it wavered, and was on the point of falling into confusion when it is said he instantly brought the men to a sense of their duties and responsibilities by dashing madly along the line brandishing his sabre over their heads, and shouting at the top of his voice, Go up tah, men. Go up tah. Py tam, do you want to live always.

THE NEW ADJUTANT-GENERAL.—Lieut.-Col. Patrick Robertson Ross, the new Adjutant-General of Canadian Militia, vice Col. McDougall, resigned, entered the army in April, 1848, and served as an Ensign in the Cape Mounted Rifles, during the Kaffir war of 1850-51, for which campaign he received a medal. He was appointed to the local rank of captain, when in command of a corps of irregular cavalry called "Armstrong's Horse," in which capacity he was engaged in many successful affairs against the enemy, including the action against Seyala's tribe, April 16, 1851, where he had his horse killed under him, and more particularly at the combined attack on the Amatolas, June 18th, 1851, when he commanded a detached body of cavalry. For his heroic conduct he was six times thanked in General Orders, with twice special mention in the despatches of the Commander-in-Chief, and promoted on the 5th December, 1851, to a Lieutenancy in the 4th (King's Own Royal) Regiment of Foot. He was promoted Captain on the 29th December, 1854, and served with his regiment throughout the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Inkermann, siege and fall of Sebastopol. Specially mentioned in the despatches of Lord Raglan for having, when in command of a detachment of the 4th Regiment in the advanced trench before Sebastopol, repulsed two attacks of the Russians on the night of the 22nd November, 1854; and again thanked in Lord Raglan's despatch for his conduct at the attack and occupation of the cemetery, on which occasion he was aide-de-camp to S

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Trade Sale of New Crop Teas—John Leeming & Co.
Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.
House to Let on Daly street.
Hats that R Hats at Devlin's.
Bricks!—W. H. Easton & Co.
House to Let—J. McGaw.
Cottage for Sale or to Let—Mackay Estate.
Carpets—Magee & Russell.
Mortgage Sale—W. A. Ross.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

In the Senate yesterday an important debate took place on the subject of emigration.

In the Commons, several matters were disposed of before six o'clock, and, after recess, the debate on Mr. Oliver's motion, concerning the Governor-General's salary, was resumed by Mr. McKenzie, who moved an amendment which commanded the approval of all, save one, of the members. The House adjourned at 12:20.

The new policy of the Local Ministry of Nova Scotia will be found set forth in a *series of resolutions published elsewhere.* The Local Cabinet had a position difficult to define. It would have been hard for them to have at once backed down from their somewhat lofty eminence, and frankly accepted a union which they had so determinedly resolved upon dissolving. But they have done what will be equally satisfactory in its result; they have bowed to the decision of the Colonial Office, and accepted the obligation of receiving satisfactory terms of Union from the Canadian Government.

These are great points gained from the repeal platform; and though they are supplemented with some further demands, which we firmly believe will not be complied with, because of their manifest unfairness, still they indicate that the Government and Legislature of Nova Scotia are at length "in line" with the other Provinces in working out Confederation to its best results.

The Ontario Premier's individual pluck is something which challenges admiration. Who is there that listened to his free and easy castigation of the "Grits" last night, that can point the finger to a single inaccuracy in his bill of indictment against them? Even Mr. Rymal pleaded guilty when he appealed to his ancient allies not to let the sun go down upon their wrath. Had he been able to make a point against the Ontario Premier, no one who knows Mr. Rymal will doubt that he would have done so. But as the case stood, at the close of the debate on Mr. Oliver's motion and the amendments thereto, the House had the rare spectacle of witnessing the member for South Wentworth begging mercy of the member for Cornwall for those of Lambton, the two Oxfords, and Centre Wellington. Never did Mr. Rymal offer up petition for more deserving objects of commiseration; and we sincerely trust that the mercy craved on their behalf, has been handsomely and generously vouchsafed. The Hon J. S. Macdonald avers that no seductive influences will tempt him to cross to the Tory side of the House; let us hope and pray, therefore, that in case the day should, unfortunately, come when the Tories will get utterly "squelched," he will have so trained his coy, and somewhat deceptive, Clear Grit friends, as to make of them placable followers of his own good old Reform principles!

Not anticipating that the debate on Mr. Oliver's motion would have been so soon reached, we have, elsewhere, thrown together some ideas relating to the Governor-General's salary, the force, or originality, of which is not broken by anything that was said, from either side of the House, last night, when the motion of the member for North Oxford received such an emphatic *quietus.* To judge of that debate, if we except the speeches of the Minister of Militia, and two or three others, we can safely express our admiration, or astonishment that "with how little wisdom the world is governed."

It was the very perfection of cruelty to witness Mr. Oliver voting for the strangulation of his own brain progeny. The only consistent man, who opposes the rate of salary fixed by the Union Act, was the Hon. Mr. Smith. He believed, honestly, as we have every reason to suppose, that the salary was too high, and, therefore, he voted against the motion of the member for Lambton. And for this adherence to principle he deserves all due credit. But for the rest—unless they can justify their action by respect for the wish of the Imperial Government—their votes, to our view, were the veriest clap-trap. Those who take the ground of the Hon. Mr. Holton and others, that the desire of the Home Government, in this matter, deserved our frank concurrence, have no reason to be ashamed of their votes; but the blatant, swaggering, patriots of the Bodwell-Oliver stamp, of which the Province of Ontario has the bad pre-eminence of furnishing the only samples, can scarcely plead the same excuse. No man who was in favour of Mr. Oliver's motion could honestly have voted for Mr. McKenzie's amendment; and hence we noticed with surprise and regret that Mr. Oliver deserted his own bantling, under circumstances which left his sincerity open to grave suspicion. We are glad, however, that a decision was arrived at, which will preclude, in the future, the indelicacy, so appropriately condemned by Mr. D. A. Macdonald, of dragging the name of the Governor-General before every successive session of Parliament. For the honour of all parties, let us say that the question is now settled.

There is something absurd in the complaint against the Government that they did not bring down last Session a despatch, such as that of the Duke of Buckingham's of July last, relating to the Governor-General's salary. In the first place, no such despatch existed, and no circumstance had then arisen to call it forth. Secondly, there was no great reason to believe that the small addition of three thousand pounds to the salary of the Governor-General of the old Province of Canada, would have been objected to as a fitting recognition of the enhanced importance of the Governor-Generalship of the whole Dominion. Thirdly, the Government, through the Premier, said all that could well be said at the time, namely, that the fixing of the salary was a matter of arrangement with the Imperial authorities; it could not be said then, as it can be said now, that the Imperial authorities would refuse their sanction to a reduction of the salary; and as the Act confers upon the Canadian Parliament power to deal with the subject, Ministers would surely have exceeded their duties, had they assumed in advance that the Colonial Office would have rejected the decision of Parliament.

The other charge, that Ministers should not have advised the reservation of the Bill, is equally groundless. The very declaration, on the part of the Government, that the fixing of the salary in the Union Act was a matter of arrangement with the Imperial authorities, involved the reservation of the Bill for the consideration of the Imperial Government. Would it be imagined for a moment, that after having entered into an agreement with the Colonial Office to fix the salary at so much, our Government should have changed the amount without reference to the Colonial Office? Surely not; and for this reason, that the Imperial Government has a direct interest in the matter, apart from the interest of Canada. Were it a matter of purely internal concern, then, indeed, there might be some ground of objection to the reservation, but since it was the only thing stipulated for by the Imperial authorities, the sanction of the Act here would have shown want of courtesy, as well as bad faith.

There was another reason for the reservation. The Act did not affect the then incumbent of the office; no Act with such scope can, in fact, ever be made to affect the incumbent for the time being. Hence, it would have been a most ungracious thing to have asked Lord Monck to deal a blow at his successor. The appointment of that successor rested with the Imperial Government, and in this there is another reason why the Bill should have been, as it was, reserved for its judgment.

In these considerations there is quite enough to justify the course of the Government upon this matter, without an appeal to the despatch sent to Lord Elgin, in reference to this question of the Governor-General's salary. But since that despatch has never been revoked, universal practice warranted adherence to its instructions; though, in the absence of any such despatch, we think that no other course was properly open to the Government than that which they followed.

Does it follow, then, that the power to deal with this question here is a fiction? By no means. A time may come when, by change of circumstances, the sum named in the Imperial Act will be deemed insufficient; or it may happen in future years, though we think it quite unlikely, that it will rightly be regarded as too much. If a severe Republican simplicity of life and manners should hereafter pervade British and Canadian society, a reduction might not only be sanctioned but heartily welcomed by the Colonial Office, or if by growth in wealth and population the requirements of the high position demanded a larger income, there may then be a Parliament that would ungrudgingly grant it. The salary is fixed now, is fixed according to the conception of the present requirements of the position; and should these be diminished or increased in the future, the Legislature has the authority to deal with the salary accordingly.

We regret to learn that his Worship the Mayor has been suffering for several days from a severe attack of influenza. He is now convalescent, but will not be able to resume his official duties for a few days.

A deputation, composed of the leading merchants of Toronto, in connection with the Banking and Bankruptcy questions, arrived here yesterday forenoon.

THE NEW SUSPENSION BRIDGE AT NIAGARA FALLS.

One of the greatest marvels of modern engineering skill, courage, and enterprise is the new Suspension Bridge, a few hundred yards below Niagara Falls. The structure which, in its complete condition, has the professional approval of Mr. McAlpine, President of the American Society of Civil Engineers, and of other Engineers scarcely less eminent, is, we may say, *solely* the creation of Mr. Samuel Keefer, the monuments of whose genius in the Public Works of the Dominion are neither few nor unimportant, as every Canadian is proud to know. The features of the great work just completed, which will most directly arrest the attention of scientific observers are—the unparalleled length of the span, the reasonableness of the cost—the unprecedented briefness of the time required for its construction, the singular freedom from accident, and the entire absence of miscalculation in every part of the process from beginning to end. The span is 7,268 feet 4 inches; the cost $150,000 American currency; the time required for building extended from the middle of June, 1867, to January, 1869—including an interruption, from October, in the first named year, to May, 1868; and not a single accident or miscalculation interfered with the progress of the operations. We do not believe that such a tribute can be paid to any other great engineering work of modern times. The weight of the suspended portion of the bridge between the towers, including the cables, the roadway, the stays, stay-braces, bridle-stays, suspenders and guys, Mr. Keefer tells us, is 263 tons of 2,000 lbs. This constitutes the permanent load. The ordinary moving load is fifty tons, and the extraordinary load 100 tons. This is equal to the weight of 1,300 people, or one man to every square yard of the platform; or it is equal to a load of thirty carriages and three hundred people. This is assumed as the transitory load. The permanent and transitory loads will not exceed 263 tons. These loads, as our readers will understand, do not include railway trains—the bridge being intended chiefly for the accommodation of pleasure travel—for foot-passengers, for carriages employed by the visitors to the Falls, and for local waggon traffic between Chippewa, Drummondville, &c., on our side of the river, and Niagara city on the other side. Of the work, as it stands, Mr. McAlpine says, in his official report to the Directors:—"To Mr. Keefer is due the highest meed of praise for the perfection of his plans for the largest-spanned bridge in the world, and for the rapid and economic manner in which it has been executed. It alone would place Mr. Keefer among the highest in rank in the profession."—*Toronto Telegraph.*

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

[A lengthy and interesting debate on the subject of immigration took place in the Senate yesterday, a full report of which will appear in to-morrow's Times.]

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Thursday, May 13.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3:30 o'clock.

A large number of petitions were presented.

HON. MR. HOWE'S ENTRY.

Hon. JOSEPH HOWE was introduced by Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir George E. Cartier. His entry was the signal for an enthusiastic round of applause. After shaking hands with the Speaker Mr. Howe took the single seat at the head of the first row of Ministerial Benches, heretofore occupied by Mr. Rose, who took the seat immediately behind Sir George E. Cartier, at the same desk with Mr. Langevin. The galleries were full of spectators, attracted no doubt to witness the entry of the President of the Council.

RETURNS.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN presented two returns to addresses of the House.

Hon. Mr. ROSE presented a return of the Insurance Companies doing business in Canada under the Insurance Act.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

In reply to Hon. Mr. HOLTON, Hon. Mr. ROSE said it was his intention to call the Committee on Public Accounts together at an early day.

Hon. Mr. ROSE moved the reference of the public accounts to the Public Accounts Committee.—Carried.

Mr. FORTIN presented the report of the Fisheries Committee, recommending that the report of last year be printed.

Hon. Mr. WOOD introduced an Act, extending the patent of James Blanchfield Smith, for an invention, for the term of seven years.—Read first time.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY ROUTE.

Mr. McKENZIE said before proceeding with the discussion of the motion of which he had given notice, concerning the railway route, he wished to come to an understanding by which the debate would be continued after recess.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER thought the House was not in a position to discuss the question at all, as members had not had time to inform themselves concerning the contents of the papers so recently laid before the House.

Mr. McKENZIE thought the hon. gentleman misapprehended the scope of the motion. It had reference only to the route of a portion of the road in Quebec and New Brunswick.

Mr. JONES, though willing to allow every member full time for consideration, did not think that the House should be called upon to wait every member's convenience.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said it was desirable that the papers should be in the hands of members. They had been laid upon the table and carried off to the clerks, where members had but little opportunity of perusing them. It was desirable that the fullest information should be in possession of the members. The Government would give the hon. gentleman a full day to go on with the debate, if he would postpone it for a few days.

Mr. McKENZIE acceded to the wish of the House, and fixed Monday next, after routine business, on the understanding that the debate would be continued after recess.

DEAF AND DUMB ASYLUM.

Mr. RYMAL moved an address for papers connected with the purchase of a site for a Deaf and Dumb Asylum at Hamilton. He explained the circumstances connected with the purchase of the Dundurn property at Hamilton, for the establishment of a Deaf and Dumb Asylum. After Confederation had become an accomplished fact the well-grounded belief that the city of Hamilton was to enjoy one of the public institutions of the country was dissipated to the winds. It is now said that there is no site in Hamilton for a Deaf and Dumb Asylum, and he wished to know what had become of this property. He wished to have an abstract of the title and other papers connected with the purchase of this property. After making some jocular hits at the Premier of the Dominion and the Premier of Ontario, Mr. Rymal sat down, and the motion was declared carried.

MOTIONS.

Mr. CIMON moved an address for a return of the engineers employed on the Intercolonial Railway.—Carried.

Mr. McKENZIE moved that the return of distribution of laws be referred to the Joint Committee on Printing.—Carried.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

Mr. YOUNG said before proceeding with his resolutions on printing the statutes and *Official Gazette*, he wished to hear whether the Government had yet agreed upon their policy regarding the public printing.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the question had now been fully considered by the Government, and their conclusion would be embodied in a measure and laid before the House at an early day.

Motion allowed to stand.

BAY VERTE CANAL.

Mr. BURPEE moved an address for copies of the resolution of the New Brunswick Legislature respecting the construction of the Bay Verte Canal. He entered at length into explanations concerning the importance of the canal, and said he desired to have these resolutions of the New Brunswick Legislature, and the reports of the Engineers, referred to a Special Committee.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL said the resolutions were in possession of the Government, and would be brought down. As to referring all the papers relating to the Bay Verte Canal, to a special committee, the adoption of the present resolution would not commit the House to it.—The motion was carried.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

Mr. JACKSON moved that the Hon. C. Dunkin be added to the Standing Committee on Immigration and Colonization.

RIVER ST. JOHN NAVIGATION.

Hon. Mr. CONNELL, in moving for the reports and plans connected with the navigation of the River St. John, called attention to the importance of its improvement on the prosperity of New Brunswick. It had been so regarded by the Local Government, who had it thoroughly surveyed, and expended a large sum to make it navigable. Vessels of 100 tons, and steamers of large tonnage, were able to run up to Fredericton, the seat of government, which was 90 miles from the sea. Smaller vessels ply from there to Woodstock, which is 65 miles above that, and which make occasional trips to Tobique, a distance of 50 miles more, when the water is high, and sometimes reach Grand Falls, a distance of about 220 miles from the sea. In 1849 a sum of $40,000 was voted for improving the river, and a survey made by Capt. Brent, R. E., and Mr. Grant, C. E., who pointed out the work necessary to bring the water up to a *minimum* low water level of three feet and a half. In 1856 a further appropriation of $6,000 was made, and Commissioner Maclauchlan reported the same year that $48,000 would be necessary to open the communication for steamers to run regularly between the Grand Falls and the head of Lake Temiscouata. A considerable part of the work done had become dilapidated and required renewing. He desired to get all the documents before the House, that they might see the importance of the route by which large quantities had been carried, and could be carried still more largely. As one who had been the means of opening up the country, he was deeply interested in the matter. He was in favour of opening up the Northwest Territory, although he thought the Government had no right to pay one dollar for the territory, and to sanction reservations, of lands which would become as great sources of trouble as the old clergy reserves or the seigniorial tenures. He believed that without proper means of communication that territory was worthless, and he would be prepared to consider any proposition to this effect when it was brought forward. What was true of that territory, was true of the one which he represented. The St. John River was in that position. It could at small expense be so improved as to open water communication through New Brunswick, and up to a point within twenty-four miles of the Intercolonial Railway, below Riviere du Loup, by which traffic would be diverted from Boston and New York to Quebec and Montreal, and unite more closely the Provinces. He desired to see an engineer appointed to survey during this summer, and to report.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN said all the information sought for could be found in the journals of the House of Assembly of New Brunswick, and their production here would only cause additional expense.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL said the motion asked for a great deal of information which did not belong to this Government. He had no doubt, however, that if application were made through the Secretary of State the Provincial Government would willingly place the information at the service of the House. With respect to the improvements spoken of by the hon. member, he might remark that the interests of New Brunswick had been by no means neglected. The improvement of the navigation of the River St. John was no doubt an important work, but it would involve the expenditure of a large amount of money.

Mr. PICKARD hoped to see the day when they would all work harmoniously together for the good of the whole Dominion. He considered the improvement of the river and canal navigation one of the best means for advancing the country's prosperity. When listening to the speech of the Minister of Finance he thought there was little prospect of obtaining money for public works, but he thought it would be better to pay higher taxes and obtain the improvements, which would enable us to bear them.

The motion was carried.

THE LATE DR. HOGAN.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER moved an address for the correspondence relative to the death of Dr. Hogan, on the Nova Scotia railway, in September, 1867. He related the circumstances of the death of Dr. Hogan, on the Nova Scotia railway, on which at the time of its occurrence he was a passenger. Dr. Hogan was the son of the celebrated Irish sculptor of the same name. He had been in her Majesty's army, and was in every respect a man of the highest character and intelligence. Had the railway been the property of a private company, the relatives of the late Dr. Hogan would have received ample compensation; and he was strongly of opinion that a law should be passed providing for compensation for injuries received on Government railways, and other public works. He was sure, were it possible to refer this claim to a jury, a most generous consideration would be given it, and he trusted that the Government would be equally considerate, and even generous, in acknowledging the obligation to recompense the relatives of the late Dr. Hogan.

Hon. Col. GRAY seconded this motion with regret, because in all such cases a remedy should be provided by the law of the land; instead of having to appeal to the sympathy of this or any other House. In England and in New Brunswick there was a remedy for injuries received from the hands of a public servant; and he trusted that such remedy would be provided by this Legislature.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL thought it necessary to explain the position of the Government regarding this matter. The facts, as stated by the member for Cumberland, were simply these: That a broken car was lying very near the track; that the gentleman, attracted by something, had put his head out of the window, and he was killed by striking against this broken car. It did not appear, therefore, that the responsibility of the Government was very great. The whole subject was, however, now under consideration, and it might probably be that it would be submitted to the judgment of the House before the end of this session. He thought after all that this House was the best jury to decide such claims. Were the question of compensation for injuries received on public works to be transferred to the decision of an ordinary jury, he thought it would very soon be found impossible for the Government to carry on these large public works.

After some remarks from Dr. TUPPER and Messrs. McFARLANE and JONES the motion was carried.

HIDE INSPECTORS' FEES.

Mr. MAGILL moved that the House on Monday next resolve itself into Committee of the Whole to consider the following resolution: That it is expedient to provide that in future in the inspection of green kip, or calfskins, every inspector appointed for that purpose shall be entitled for the inspection of such kip or calfskins to a fee of three cents for each skin, in lots under one hundred in number, and two and a half cents for each skin in lots over one hundred in number.—Carried.

It being six o'clock the SPEAKER left the chair.

After Recess.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S SALARY.

Mr. McKENZIE resumed the debate on Mr. OLIVER'S motion, and Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD'S amendment thereto, relating to the Governor-General's salary. He said he had already commented on the waste of indignation because of an expression of the member for North Oxford. That expression was not made in an offensive sense. It was that if the Parliament of England should undertake to fix the salary of the Governor-General, it would be an infringement of the rights of the people. He (Mr. McK.) was prepared to defend that assertion. They had a full and perfect right to the control of the disbursement of the moneys raised by their authority (hear, hear). He, therefore, would move an amendment to the amendment, to set forth his views. He was not now discussing the propriety of the amount of salary but the rights of this House, and he would move that all after the word "resolved" in the original motion be struck out, and the following inserted in lieu thereof: "That it is the undoubted privilege of Parliament to fix and determine all salaries and expenditures chargeable on the public funds of the Dominion, and that the salary of the Governor-General should therefore be fixed by an Act of this Parliament."

Hon. Mr. DORION, in seconding Mr. McKenzie's amendment, argued against the propositions by the Premier, advanced at a former stage of the discussion, and contended that under a lower salary in former years men of the highest talent and ability had been found to fill the office of Governor. He then spoke in favour of the principle affirmed by the amendment.

Mr. POPE said the motion in the hands of the Speaker was a protest against some injustice done to us. It was an assertion that there was some wrong that we had suffered. Yet it was argued that the Union Act gave us full power to deal with this matter. How then is it possible that we could have suffered any injustice, since we were still in the possession of all our rights? (hear, hear, and laughter). Had the question remained in the position in which it was, last session, he should have voted now, as he did then; but when they found from the despatch of the Duke of Buckingham that the amount fixed by the Union Act was the least that would be satisfactory to the Imperial Government, they ought to have no hesitation in reversing their votes. There was not a man in this House who could believe that this attempt to reduce the Governor-General's salary, if successful, would save the country a single dollar. He held that no member of this House ought to hesitate in voting down the motion.

Dr. GRANT said it was not his intention to occupy the time of the House by any lengthened remarks on the subject of the present debate; however, from the varied character it had assumed, he considered it a duty to offer a few brief observations. The subject in itself is one of considerable importance, inasmuch as it involves a principle of dignity and self respect. The hon. gentlemen who took part in the London Conference, at which time the Dominion Act was framed and subsequently passed, displayed their usual far-seeing policy in the very fixing of a Governor-General's salary. In olden times when governmental power was exercised over a small domain — compared to its present extent—moderate salaries to Governors-General was then the order of the day. However we have emerged from a *small estate* to a *great dominion*, and therefore we require to pay such a salary as will enable the Queen's advisers to obtain for this country a Governor who possesses not only sound judgment, but wide experience. If we look to other parts of the world, we find that the Governor-General's salary of Victoria is £10,000, and there are several colonies of small extent, in which it is £7,000, but in the Dominion of Canada there appears to be a quasi desire, notwithstanding our extent, to come down to the small sum of £6,500. Providing such a principle was adopted by this House, in what position would we then be placed? Nothing less than a third-class amongst the colonial dependencies of her Majesty. Is this what we seek? No, far from it. And he felt perfectly satisfied, that when a vote is taken on the subject, if it ever comes to that, that the testimony of this House will show its acquiescence in the farseeing policy of her Majesty's Government, as well as the accuracy and justness of the judgment displayed in so defining the amount to be paid to future governors. Here we require a first-class administrator, whose duty it is, not alone to join together the various portions of this vast country—shortly to become a whole Dominion, but also to co-operate with the British Minister at Washington, in such a manner as can alone result from long practical experience, and a high standard of political capacity. The despatch of the Duke of Buckingham is couched in most moderate terms. He says, "I fear that the effect of such reduction, if assented to, must be prejudicial to the interests of Canada." Should the present amendment of the worthy leader of the Government be defeated, it would be discreditable in the highest sense to this House. This, he thought, was one of the first occasions on which our most gracious Majesty has thought it right to acquiesce in the fixing of the Governor's salary. Not from any desire to interfere with our rights as a people, but rather to extend, if possible, still further, that fostering care which has always been exercised towards this country. Have we not had, when necessity required, her best blood, her best men, and a full supply of her treasure, and now in this evidence given of an anxiety to procure a continuation of ability, such as the Dominion, under existing circumstances, demands, are we to be so recreant of our duty as not to coincide in the justice of such action? To interfere with the decision would, in his opinion, be exercising a spirit of independence for which we are not at present prepared. The time may come when we can judge for ourselves altogether, but it is better we should continue still longer under the national guidance of that power which takes so deep an interest in our future destiny. In conclusion he would merely say that he felt assured that when a division was taken, it would reflect credit upon this country, and sustain that feeling of attachment always evinced towards us by the Mother Country (cheers.)

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER thought there was much reason for congratulation on the progress that had been made on this question. Last session the member for Chateauguay had stated that if it were the desire of the Imperial Government that the salary should be fixed at ten thousand pounds, he would not vote against it. They now had before them the expression of the Imperial Government that such was its desire. He referred, at length, to the civil lists of the several Provinces, and explained that, as the Conference had agreed to ten thousand pounds, as the Governor-General's salary, the Imperial authorities had exacted no civil list from the Dominion. The Earl of Caernarvon had left to them the entire control of the civil list, without condition; all the exaction that had been made was the payment of the Governor-General's salary. What, then, was the position of the question at this stage of the discussion? They had a despatch from the Duke of Buckingham, saying that the salary of ten thousand pounds was not too much. The despatch did not say that this Parliament had no right to deal with this question; it merely defined the Imperial judgment of what that salary ought to be. Turning to the motions before the House he argued that the amendment of the hon. member for Lambton was substantially the same as that of the Hon. Minister of Justice. The only difference was that one affirmed that because of the Duke of Buckingham's despatch, and the reasons therein stated, it was inexpedient to change the amount of the salary; and the other—that of the member for Lambton—affirmed in effect the same thing, by setting aside the original motion of which everybody on all sides seemed desirous to be rid (laughter)—and affirming, on the part of this House, the possession of rights, the existence of which no one denied. And since the only object was to get rid of the motion of the hon. member for North Oxford, and as the amendment of the hon. member for Lambton effected the same object, and perhaps in a better manner, they were quite willing to accept it (great laughter).

Hon. Mr. HOLTON congratulated the Hon. President of the Council on his success. He had boasted that he was never a member of a government in which he had not ruled, and to-night they had the acceptance of the sound Whig doctrine of the member for Lambton's amendment as an evidence of his presence and his power in the Cabinet (laughter). When the Government message came down, fixing the Governor-General's salary, he would then take the responsibility of voting upon it.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD said that twenty-three years ago this very day the same question was discussed in Parliament in Montreal; and it was discussed then with a little more acrimony than now. At that time the same principles were laid down, and now after twenty-three years of not indifferent mixing in political affairs, he was glad that the gentlemen on the Treasury benches had accepted the principles therein laid down, for they were principles that could not be gainsaid, (hear hear). When he looked back to those times, to a quarter of a century's political schooling, he was surprised at the young members attempting to instruct the old stagers in their duties, (hear, hear). The hon. member then administered a severe rebuke to the member for North Oxford, and another who had interrupted him, and was loudly applauded. He entirely approved of the principles laid down in the amendment of the member for Lambton, and approved of its adoption as a mean's of getting rid of Mr. Oliver's motion.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said he had never made the assertion attributed to him by the member for Chateauguay, that he had never been in a Cabinet he had not ruled. He had been a member of two Cabinets—that of the late Mr. Uniacke, and that of the present Chief-Justice Young, in both of which he had loyally done his duty as a subordinate member. As the head of a Cabinet he had endeavoured to guide the policy of his government, but never such assertion as that attributed to him had he made. With respect to the salary of the Governor-General, he would say that had he been in the London Conference he would have voted for a lower salary, had he been in the House last session he would probably have voted for the reduction. But was it worth while to quarrel with England for three thousand pounds? He must say they had been most liberally dealt with by England. Through the influence of England they had secured the possession of the Northwest for the small sum of £300,000, which of themselves they could not have acquired for less than a million and a-half sterling. He had had himself but a few hour's experience, and had not even time to examine the measures before the House, but he was glad that on this question a common understanding had been arrived at.

Mr. MILLS spoke to several points developed in the argument on the previous day.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON contended that the amendment of the hon. member for Lambton, affirming as it did principles that nobody would for a moment deny, was a mere subterfuge to enable gentlemen opposite to escape the vote on the original motion. Why did they not meet the question fairly, and vote either for or against the amendment of the Minister of Justice, instead of taking shelter under the affirmation of general constitutional principles disputed by nobody. He held that the amount of salary was not too much for the position, and not more than commensurate with the resources of the Dominion, and that the hon. member for Lambton's motion was a mere subterfuge to escape a vote on the amount of salary.

Mr. D. A. MACDONALD said had he been in the House last session, he probably would have voted for a reduction in the Governor-General's salary; but, with the Duke of Buckingham's despatch before them, they should respect the wishes of England, and allow the amount named in the Union Act to remain. But there should be an Act passed by this Parliament, fixing that salary, so that the disgrace of bringing up the Governor-General's name, session after session, would be done away with.

Hon. Mr. SMITH did not see the necessity of affirming the admitted truths expressed in the amendment of the hon. member for Lambton. Their being proposed now implied that this had been denied. But there had been no denial of these rights, and he (Mr. S.) desired to vote on the original motion, and to vote in its favour, as he thought the salary fixed by the Union Act entirely too large, and he denied the right of the Imperial Parliament to fix that salary at any sum.

Mr. BODWELL made a long speech against both amendments, and in favour of the original motion.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT spoke against the original motion, and regretted that the amendments would prevent the House from taking a direct vote on it. He was quite willing, however, to accept the amendment of the Minister of Justice, or that of the member for Lambton, which was substantially the same, in order to set aside the original motion.

Mr. ANGLIN argued against the amount of salary fixed by the Union Act.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN argued that those who voted either for the amendment, or for the amendment to the amendment, would vote against the reduction of the Governor-General's salary.

Hon. Col. GRAY spoke briefly against the original motion.

Mr. McKENZIE replied, and explained his motion. Ministers would not get rid of their responsibility in this matter. If they did not introduce a Bill to fix the salary, some independent member would. He then made a bitter attack on the hon. member for Cornwall.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD said he knew when the member for Lambton got up under pretence of his explaining his amendment, his real purpose was to attack him (J. S. Macdonald). He knew that such was his intention by the malevolence of his nature (laughter). But what had he (J. S. Macdonald) done to excite his indignation? Why, he had been supporting the amendment of the hon. member for Bothwell, the principle of which he had voted for twenty-three years ago to-day, when gentlemen behind him had interrupted him, one asking how often he had changed, and the other saying he only represented the small borough of Cornwall. He had never changed; he had been true to his principles when these gentlemen, or their party, had been changing many times. The hon. member for Lambton had voted that rep. by pop. was a *sine qua non* in the policy of any government deserving of support, yet, three weeks after, he agreed to hang up rep. by pop. and, take the double majority, (laughter). The Grits had stuck to him so long as they could get anything out of him, (laughter). But when they began to smell plunder on the other side they soon deserted to the Tories (renewed laughter).

Mr. RYMAL regretted the disagreement between old members of the Reform party. He argued that thirty-two thousand dollars was all the country could afford to pay as salary to the Governor-General.

The vote was then taken on Mr. McKENZIE'S amendment to the amendment, which was carried. Yeas 137; Nays 1 (Hon. Mr. Smith).

The House adjourned at 12:20 a.m.

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For Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

Gentlemen can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

We notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

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DIED.

On Wednesday, the 12th inst., at Ottawa, after a long and painful illness, which she bore with christian piety and resignation, Matilda Barron, the beloved wife of Captain George Grant, Militia Department, and Quartermaster H. P. 100th Regiment.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, Richmond Road, on Friday, the 14th inst., at three o'clock, p.m. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

In the Township of Fitzroy, at the residence of Mr. Robert Owens, Eleanor Susan, eldest daughter of Mr. Edward Armstrong.

The funeral will leave her father's residence, Daly st., at 3 p m, to day (Friday) 14th instant. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

For the effect produced by Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs the inventor is permitted to refer to the Medical Gentlemen in St. John, N. B., whose signatures are attached hereto:

WILLIAM BAYARD, M.D.
EDWIN BAYARD, M.D.
THOMAS WALKER, M.D.
JOHN BERRYMAN, M.D., Ed.
Dr. JOHNSTON, L.R.C.S., Ed.
GEORGE KEATOR, M.D.
W. H. HARDING, M.R.C.S.
JOHN BAXTER, M.D.
J. D. WHITE, M. D.
T. W. CARRITT, M.D.

I, Aaron Alward, Mayor of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, having examined the letters of Drs. Earle, Addy, Clay, Jacobs and Chandler, and also the signatures attached to the foregoing permit of reference, hereby certify that I believe them all genuine.

I can also testify to the high therapeutical value of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs, and consider it deserving of attention by the profession generally.

{ Great Seal. } In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Seal of Mayoralty at the city of St. John, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

AARON ALWARD, M.D., Mayor of the City of St. John.
1049b21b

HATS THAT R ☞HATS,☜ At DEVLIN'S.
Ottawa, May 14. 1049a

BRICKS! BRICKS!
Just received 50,000 RED BRICKS and a LOT OF SHINGLES.
For sale cheap.
W. H. EASTON & CO., Canal Basin and Little Sussex-st.
Ottawa, May 14, 1869. 1049a

TO LET,
From 15th June, the HOUSE occupied by CAPTAIN SCOTT, on Daly-st., Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, May 14. 1049tf

By John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers, Montreal.

TRADE SALE OF NEW CROP TEAS.
On THURSDAY, 20th instant, will be offered for account of Messrs. David Torrance & Co., at their sample rooms, Exchange Court, by Catalogue about 5,000 packages NEW CROPS CHINA GREEN TEAS ex *Etha Rickmers*, &c., consisting of HYSON, YOUNG HYSON, GUNPOWDER, IMPERIAL and TWANKAY; also 4,511 packages NEW CROP NATURAL LEAF JAPAN TEAS ex *Unison.*
Sale at NINE o'clock.
JOHN LEEMING & CO., Auctioneers.
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HOUSE TO LET
On Richmond Road, of six rooms. Apply to J. McGAW, Cave Creek Hotel. 1049a

FOR SALE OR TO LET,
FOR A TERM OF YEARS.
A NEW COTTAGE,
beautifully situated on the
MACKAY ESTATE,
three-quarters of a mile from Rideau Hall, and one mile from Sandy Hill Bridge, with one or more acres of land attached.
For particulars apply at the
OFFICE OF THE MACKAY ESTATE.
New Edinburgh, May 13, 1869. 1049-3

PUBLIC NOTICE
Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a mortgage made by MICHAEL O'BRIEN, of the township of Fitzroy, in the county of Carleton, yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Esquire, now deceased, to which mortgage JANE O'BRIEN, the wife of the said Michael O'Brien, was made a party, for the purpose of barring dower only, of Lot number Sixteen, in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. SCOTT & ROSS, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of MAY, 1869, at TWELVE o'clock noon.
Margaret Malloch, the devisee named in the last will and testament of the said Edward Malloch, Esquire, deceased, will only covenant that she has done no act to incumber.
The purchaser will accept the title as it stood at the execution of the mortgage.
Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.
1049td W. A. ROSS, Vendor's Solicitor.

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!
BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!
A beautiful and varied assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,
BATHS, of all kinds,
TOILET SETTS,
Plain and Ornamented,
☞REFRIGERATORS!
☞REFRIGERATORS!
McKeley's Patent.
We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)
COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!
Best patterns in use.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st.,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

TENDERS WANTED
for the erection of a
ONE STORY BRICK OFFICE,
AT THE
NEW EDINBURGH SAW MILLS.
Plans and specifications will be seen at the office, at the mills, where tenders will be received up to SATURDAY NIGHT, the 15th INST.
The lowest tender not necessarily accepted.
New Edinburgh Saw Mills,
May 13, 1869. 1048-3

LOST,
On the 12th inst., a small YELLOW LEATHER POCKETBOOK, containing $35. The finder will receive five dollars reward on returning it to The Times Office.
Ottawa, May 13. 1048-3

FIRE WORKS!
FOR 24TH MAY,
Received and for sale, at 43 Sussex and Sparks-sts.
1048-3 L. N. NYE.

COATS, PANTS and VESTS
May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND
Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously
Without the Use of a Press or Water.
Price from $2.00 to $4.50.
Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.
Call and see for yourselves.
Directions for Use—Place the writing under the copying sheet, and rub with the fingers. That's all.
May 5, 1869.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,
HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.
D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.
City papers may be had at 6 a. m.
Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.
A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical Sketches.
Gardening for Profit.
Breck's New Book of Flowers.
Buist's Flower Garden Directory.
The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.
J. DURIE & SON, Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY.
Terms of subscription for 1 year..........$3 00
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The latest novels, British and American Periodicals always on hand. Books bought, sold and exchanged, at
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CARPETS:
CARPETS!
Per Steamer "Bellona," from London direct.
MAGEE & RUSSELL
WILL SHOW TO-DAY,
NEW BRUSSELS
AND
TAPESTRY CARPETS
☞OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
ALSO,
HEARTH RUGS TO MATCH.
Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

Amusements.

BAZAAR,
under the distinguished patronage
OF HER EXCELLENCY LADY YOUNG.
The Ladies of ST. ANDREW'S CONGREGATION, (Church of Scotland), intend holding a BAZAAR in aid of the funds of that Church, in GOWAN'S HALL, entrance by Wellington-st., on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 13th and 14th instant.
Patroness—Her Excellency Lady Young.
Vice Patroness—Lady Macdonald.
☞Contributions are solicited, and will be received by the following ladies who have kindly consented to act as a committee:
Mrs. McKay, Mrs. Brouson,
Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. A. J. Russell,
Mrs. Grant, Mrs. John McLean,
Mrs. Cassels, Mrs. Drummond,
Mrs. Jas. Gordon, Mrs. T. Patterson,
Mrs. McNutt, Mrs. Taylor,
Mrs. Ross, Mrs. M. Patterson.
Contributions to the Refreshment Table are requested to be sent to the Hall as early as possible on Thursday morning.
Admittance 12½ cents.
J. S. RUSSELL, President of Committee.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043td

Tailoring.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian
TWEEDS,
may now be seen at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.
Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.
A. GRAHAM & CO,
Commercial Warehouse,
No. 60 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

T. LAWRENCE
Having opened a first-class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.
From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.
Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.
Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.
P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1046a

N. ROBERTSON,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
BELL'S BLOCK,
Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.
In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.
Mr. Robertson assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation o the patronage bestowed on him in the past.
Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1001-3m

SELECT TAILORING.
T. RAJOTTE.
NEW IMPORTATIONS.
An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.
From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.
The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,
☞FOR CASH ONLY.☜
N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.
Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.
T. RAJOTTE.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.
TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.
LLOYD'S PATENT
REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS,
Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.
These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.
Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."
J. T. LLOYD,
23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.
1043.20d

BANKING AND

To the Editor of THE TIM

Sir,—Banking and c the leading questions o in the city, and I cert surprised at this, were alone to be considered, a admit of a moment's d the heart of China, shu ledge of what has taken eyes, we might be ex ignorance of the questio are, we can have no pre that ground—we see tha which was forced on o position to the moneta states, not only enable one of the most gigan history, as regards its co life and property, and t enormous amount of we of the country for so lon saved them from a s barrassment, which, und theretofore in operatio them so deep in difficu would be too short to d and now we see them, w depreciated shin-plaster and prospering more th fore, in any period of the notwithstanding their cu panics—no running to th no fears when a bank fa they hold are as good were kept up—the institution are received a public as freely as if the its business in full blast in Nevada or Nebraska York, and are thus kept current value of the most with regard to how much purchase, few ever troub the question except the labours are of that chara do the more the But, Sir, as I have before tion does not admit of beneficial effects of the A so plain to be seen, they face, that the way-faring and blind to boot, cannot

I know it is made us against the American sy their own press oppose *Globe* oppose the introd ment issue here, but wh both in opposition to the that's what's the matter.

The banks affirm that been able to supply the the country, and are able under their present chart this question a little—no Union was in halt as go advantaged by the enorm of our neighbours, as W how did she avail herself able condition of her sit to send our able bodie shoot and be shot down wrung, nor our arms en send our sons to the s tion was not oppressive to employ all our labour terruption, and in the fa favourable state of thing tual state of the country are concerned, not a dol of one of them by the nity, or those engaged in erations; and, except for th to the importers, they m been out of existence fact this would have been try, as they drained it of larger dividends to the st it in speculations in New not been for the large brought from the other si now railing out aga chase of our produce, had no circulating m and the business of the co whole period of the war, and lifeless that it wa many if it ever woul and, sir, how has it been si of the war? Why we h emigration rushing throug as the railways could carry afflicted with a plague, and our own people clearing ou this in the face of free g were it not for the Ameri brought into the country, its lumbering, its mineral, other interests, it would be greater extent of its produ talk, sir, glibly of the progr in wealth and prosper pared with the Western but creeping like the s snail along. Northern factures more than d lumber, and the State of sumes fifty per cent. mo used in the two Canadas United States, and all the boards, that is shipped fr England. This, sir, shows and progress which I am Managers and Directors a or comprehend, and still it shin-plaster system without to represent it.

I am, sir,
Your

Ottawa, May 13.

TEMPERA

Adjourned Meeting

An adjourned meeting o perance Union was held in the Temperance Hall, E yatekha in the chair.

The meeting was open Rev. Wm. Scott. The mi were read and adopted.

Letters of apology from Dr. Ormiston were receive

A cheering telegram w Committee of the Mon Union, and a suitable reply

The sum of $50 was the essay on inebriate asylum legislators in reference t question.

The committee of ways in their report, in which some valuable information of an agreeable and useful c

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BANKING AND CURRENCY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Banking and currency appear to be the leading questions of discussion just now in the city, and I certainly would be much surprised at this, were the public interests alone to be considered, as the matter does not admit of a moment's debate. If we lived in the heart of China, shut out from all knowledge of what has taken place before our very eyes, we might be excused on the score of ignorance of the question, but situated as we are, we can have no pretensions to excuse on that ground—we see that the banking system, which was forced on our neighbours, in opposition to the monetary institutions of the states, not only enabled them to carry on one of the most gigantic wars recorded in history, as regards its cost, the destruction of life and property, and the withdrawal of an enormous amount of wealth producing labour of the country for so long a period, but it has saved them from a state of monetary embarrassment, which, under any other system theretofore in operation, would have sunk them so deep in difficulties, that a lifetime would be too short to draw them up from it, and now we see them, with what we call their depreciated shin-plaster currency, going on and prospering more than they ever did before, in any period of their national existence, notwithstanding their enormous taxation—no panics—no running to the banks for specie—no fears when a bank fails, but that the notes they hold are as good as if the shutters were kept up—the notes of such an institution are received and paid out by the public as freely as if the bank was continuing its business in full blast. They are as good in Nevada or Nebraska as they are in New York, and are thus kept in circulation at the current value of the most solvent bank; and with regard to how much gold they would purchase, few ever trouble their heads about the question except the importers, whose labours are of that character that the less they do the more the country is benefited. But, Sir, as I have before intimated, the question does not admit of two opinions,—the beneficial effects of the American system are so plain to be seen, they stare us so full in the face, that the way-faring man, though a fool, and blind to boot, cannot err therein.

I know it is made use of as an argument against the American system, that many of their own press oppose it—well so does the *Globe* oppose the introduction of a Government issue here, but what of that—they are both in opposition to the powers that be, and that's what's the matter.

The banks affirm that they have heretofore been able to supply the business necessities of the country, and are able to continue to do so under their present charters. Let us examine this question a little—no State of the Northern Union was in half as good a position to be advantaged by the enormous war expenditures of our neighbours, as Western Canada, and how did she avail herself of this very favourable condition of her situation. We had not to send our able bodied working men to shoot and be shot down—our hearts were not wrung, nor our arms enfeebled by having to send our sons to the slaughter—our taxation was not oppressive—we were permitted to employ all our labour without fear of interruption, and in the face of this unusually favourable state of things what was the actual state of the country? So far as the banks are concerned, not a dollar could be got out of one of them by the agricultural community, or those engaged in other productive operations; and, except for the selling of exchange to the importers, they might as well have been out of existence altogether, and in fact this would have been better for the country, as they drained it of its specie to secure larger dividends to the stockholders by using it in speculations in New York; and had it not been for the large amounts of silver brought from the other side, which we are now railing out against, in the purchase of our produce, we would have had no circulating medium whatever, and the business of the country, during the whole period of the war, was so prostrated and lifeless that it was a question with many if it ever would revive again; and, sir, how has it been since the termination of the war? Why we have seen the foreign emigration rushing through the country as fast as the railways could carry them, as if it were afflicted with a plague, and even now we see our own people clearing out by thousands, and this in the face of free grants of land—and were it not for the American capital that is brought into the country, in connection with its lumbering, its mineral, its petroleum, and other interests, it would be drained to a still greater extent of its productive labour. We talk, sir, glibly of the progress Canada is making in wealth and prosperity, when as compared with the Western States, we are but creeping like the snail dragging its shell along. Northern Michigan manufactures more than double as much lumber, and the State of Illinois alone consumes fifty per cent. more than all that is used in the two Canadas—all exported to the United States, and all the timber, sawed into boards, that is shipped from this country to England. This, sir, shows a state of prosperity and progress which I am satisfied our Bank Managers and Directors are unable to realise or comprehend, and still it is all done by the shin-plaster system without a dollar in gold to represent it.

I am, sir,
Your very obdt. servt.,
J. L.

OTTAWA, May 13.

TEMPERANCE.

Adjourned Meeting of the Union.

An adjourned meeting of the Canada Temperance Union was held yesterday morning, in the Temperance Hall, Elgin-st., Dr. Oronyatekha in the chair.

The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. Wm. Scott. The minutes of yesterday were read and adopted.

Letters of apology from J. Finch, Esq., and Dr. Ormiston were received.

A cheering telegram was read from the Committee of the Montreal Temperance Union, and a suitable reply returned.

The sum of $50 was then voted for the best essay on inebriate asylums, and the duty of legislators in reference to the temperance question.

The committee of ways and means brought in their report, in which were contained some valuable information and suggestions of an agreeable and useful character.

The business of the Union being finished up, a vote of thanks was tendered to the Bytown Division Sons of Temperance, for the use of their hall, and also to the directors of the Grand Trunk and Ottawa and St. Lawrence railroads. The benediction was then pronounced, and the meeting was adjourned.

LOCAL NEWS.

A DISHONEST BOY.—A boy in the employ of Mr. Holbrook, of the "Peg Top," who has for some time past been suspected of dishonest practices, was caught last night and arrested. He will appear at the Police Court this morning.

THE BAND ON THE HILL.—The military band played as usual on Major's Hill yesterday afternoon, in presence of a large and respectable audience. Unfortunately, however, while they were drinking in the sweet strains of music, a sudden and heavy shower surprised them, and *presto*, there was a general stampede. Some took temporary and partial shelter under trees, but the greater number ran home to change their dress.

TEMPERANCE.—A temperance meeting was held last evening in the Temperance Hall, Elgin-st., under the auspices of the Ottawa City Temple. A considerable number of the most prominent advocates of the cause were present, and some capital and telling addresses were delivered, which were listened to with great attention. From what we heard we conclude that temperance is progressing very encouragingly in many parts of the country, and in many cases among people who were formerly its uncompromising opponents.

POLICE COURT.—James Dempsey was fined $2 and costs for assaulting Mrs. Douglass. He was also charged with challenging to fight, but the case was dismissed with costs.

John Mercer, sometimes mis-called Sailor Jack, was fined $2 and costs for sweeping a chimney, he not being the legally constituted functionary. We don't know where the right man is to be found, but we do know that there are to be found chimneys that have not been swept for years. May the people sweep their own chimneys? What say the insurance men?

ST. PATRICK'S HALL.—The readings at the St. Patrick's Hall last night were crowded, and certainly they deserved it, being the last night of the readings for the season. The readers were Messrs. Johnson, Battle, Gallagher, and Tubman. The instrumental and vocal portion of the programme was ably sustained by the following ladies and gentlemen, viz.: Miss Bolan and Barrett, Messrs. Walsh, Regan, and Trambley. We are given to understand that instead of the readings the society will give concerts every second Thursday evening during the summer months, the admission fee to be 10 cents.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS.—We are glad to notice that the whole of Bell's new block, east of the Sappers' Bridge, is now fully occupied, below as respectable stores and above as offices, and the new billiard room of Mr. James Bourget. The latter is a spacious and lofty room, and is to be fitted up at great expense. There are in this room five splendid new tables, by the well-known makers, Phelan & Callender, of New York. This saloon will be opened next week, and will be under the management of Mr. John Phillips. It is claimed for this room that it will be one of the best in the country.

THE BAZAAR.—The bazaar by the ladies of the St. Andrew's congregation in aid of their church funds is now in full and successful operation. Many persons visited the rooms yesterday, among whom were Lady Young, accompanied by Col. McNeill and Mr. Turville. Lady Macdonald was also among the visitors. The tables are well supplied with almost every conceivable variety of ladies' fancy work, from the little pin cushion to the elaborately embroidered easy chair, and from the doll's dress to that of a full grown lady. Large cushions, ottomans, mats and screens, and—but we decline to enumerate them, for we do not even know their names, and if we did, they are so numerous that we should not have room for them. We might name the classes, but they are so heterogeneous in their character and elegance that accurate classification is impossible. On entering the room one becomes confused, and knows not which to admire most. Visitors may obtain considerable information as to their requirements, for they will see acres of articles which they for the first time in their lives may find absolutely necessary. We saw some very nice looking young gentlemen present last night, who seemed to regard the busy young ladies, whose fingers had contributed to the confusion of elegance spoken of, as being not only among, but positively and unquestionably the most beautiful and indispensable objects of the bazaar, and it would require more than we are disposed to write to prove them in error. The rain was very much against the business last night, still it was well attended. Go to-day. "Put money in thy purse," buy something, and you shall get a smile from a happy young face to boot. The band will be there to-day and evening.

Latest by Telegraph.

Per Montreal Line.

HALIFAX.

The Nova Scotia Policy—Repeal Agitation Abandoned—The "Situation" Accepted until next General Election.

Special to THE TIMES.

HALIFAX, May 12.

The following Government resolutions, tabled just now, were only read in the Legislative Council, and not tabled in the order of the day for Monday next.

Whereas his Grace the Duke of Buckingham, late Secretary of State for the Colonies, in a despatch dated 4th of June last, has thrown upon the Government and Parliament of Canada the responsibility of conciliating the people of this province, and reconciling them to Confederation, and

Whereas, Earl Granville, Secretary of State for the Colonies, in a despatch of the 13th of January last, probably written under the impression that sufficient time had not been then afforded the Government and Parliament of Canada to carry out the policy of conciliation with which they were charged by her Majesty's Ministers, has said: "I can hold out no expectation that her Majesty's Government will propose, or that the Parliament will entertain any measure for the repeal of the Act of 1867," and whereas in view of that decision of her Majesty's Government it is expedient to wait such reasonable time as may be necessary for the Canadian Government and Parliament to mature and submit measures of relief for the pacification and conciliation of the people of this Province.

Resolved, that pending the deliberations and decision of the Canadian Government, it is the duty of this House to declare:

1. That the expectations held out in the despatch of his Grace the Duke of Buckingham to the Governor-General, of the 4th of June last, and that the Government and Parliament of Canada should relax or modify the existing arrangements relative to taxation, the regulation of trade and fisheries, which may prejudice the peculiar interests of Nova Scotia and the maritime portion of the Dominion, should be fully complied with.

2. *Resolved*, that this House will accept of any increase of subsidy from the Canadian Government that may be offered as an instalment of the amount justly due this Province, reserving the right to demand from said Government such further sums of money as, upon a full investigation of the statistics in relation to population, public property and increased taxation, will more fully appear.

3. *Resolved*, that while the enforced Union of Nova Scotia under the British North America Act continues it is the duty of the House to seek such modifications and improvements of said Act as will make it less burthensome and injurious to the people of this Province; among which the following are the most important: That the Maritime Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick should be considered as a unit with separate and distinct interests from other parts of the Dominion, which can only be guarded and promoted by an increased representation in the House of Commons, equal to the number of members allowed to the Province of Quebec, which is in the same proportion as the existing allotment of members to the Senate.

4. *Resolved* further, and it is hereby declared that no settlement of the question involved in the passing of the Act of Confederation, either as respects its principle or its details, will be considered as final until after the subject has been submitted for the approval of the people.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 13.

The Dioscesan Synod to-day rescinded its decision of November last, declaring against more than one ballot, and forthwith proceeded to ballot again on all the names which have so far been submitted. The voting turned altogether on the bishop of Huron and Rev. Dr. Merrick. But in three successive ballots the clerical and lay orders could not agree, and no election was made. The Dean then urged another ballot, which after a stormy talk was agreed to; but this, as well as a fifth ballot, resulted in no election being made. After a conference with the House of Bishops the names of Rev. Cord Alwyne Compton, of Peterboro', and Dr. Morrell, of Edinburgh, were submitted, but the Synod adjourned till to-morrow without a vote. The laity will reject those names.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 13.

The annual meeting of the Upper Canada Bible Society was held last night. There was a large attendance. The Rev. Messrs. Punshon and Hall were amongst the speakers, and eloquently advocated the Society's claims. The Hon. G. W. Allan was elected President.

A deputation from the Board of Trade left for Ottawa to present the views of that body on bankruptcy and insolvency to the Government.

The sale of the horses of the cavalry troop and 13th Hussars was resumed to-day. The average price paid was $124. The amount realised from the horses of the troop was $5,455. The highest price $285, for an imported mare.

A sad accident occurred on the Bay late last evening. Three young men were sailing in a small boat, when a gust of wind overturned the boat. The men managed to grasp the upturned keel, and remained struggling with the waves, and crying for aid, but one of them at length was forced to relax his hold, and sunk. After half an hour the cries of the other two were heard, and aid was sent from the wharf, by which they were saved. The one lost was Mr. McMarron, in the employ of Messrs. May & Co.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 13.—The *Times* to-day has an editorial article on the rejected *Alabama* treaty, wherein it is asserted that the Government of Great Britain in submitting to an arbitration of the question, conceded everything that was demanded by Americans and everything that it was possible to concede.

Later advices from Teheran report that the authorities have made about 500 arrests of persons who participated in the religious riot.

CUBA.

HAVANA, May 13.—Private letters have been received from the rebels, giving accounts of a battle between the Spanish troops and the insurgents. It took place on the 3rd at Lasmiras. The Spaniards number 1,200, under command of Lesca. The revolutionary forces were commanded by Quesada in person. One report says before the fighting commenced Quesada posted native Cubans in front, protected by entrenchments. The Spaniards attacked the entrenchments three times with the bayonet. The two first assaults were repulsed by the Cubans, the third was very determined and the severest, and the Cubans began to waver. A hand to hand combat ensued, in which the butchery was horrible. The Spanish loss was 160 killed and 300 wounded; that of the Cubans 200 killed and 250 wounded. The forces of Quesada after the fight marched to San Miguel and burned the town in sight of the retreating Spanish troops. It is generally believed that the revolutionary leaders have changed their policy in the field, and in future will fight instead of retiring to the mountains on the appearance of any considerable force of government troops.

In the battle at Allagracia, which took place on the 1st inst., the Cuban loss was 200, and the Spanish loss 180 killed and wounded. The Spaniards here regard the action as fatal to the cause of the rebellion.

A private letter from Cuba states that it is impossible for the Spanish troops to regain their land now held by the insurgents.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Fearful State of Affairs in Georgia.

NEW YORK, May 13.—The *Tribune's* Atlanta, Ga., special says that a large number of Republicans, from all parts of the State, are now here, believing death to be certain, if they go home.

A desperate attempt was made at Wanesboro, on Sunday last, to murder the Rev. Mr. Pilman, elder of the Methodist church.

Mr. Johnson's Retiring Audience with Her Majesty.

The *Herald's* London special says to-day Queen Victoria accepted a letter from Mr. Reverdy Johnson, praying for an audience to be given him, for the purpose of taking a formal leave of her Majesty on his retirement from office. The Queen replied by appointing the audience for to-morrow, when Mr. Johnson will present Mr. B. Moran, Secretary of Legation, who will assume the duties of *Charge d'Affairs*, until the arrival of Mr. Motley.

The Projected Danville, O. and Ohio Railroad.

OLNEY, Ill., May 12.—The books were opened here to-day, for a subscription to the Danville, Olney, and Ohio Railroad, which was chartered during the last session of the legislature. This is one of the greatest projected roads in the country, forming a continuous line from Chicago to New Orleans, crossing the Ohio river at Paducah, where an appropriation has been made by the Governor for a bridge.

The Revolution in St. Domingo.

NEW YORK, May 13.—The *Herald's* St. Domingo letter says the revolution, under Cabral, is gathering force. An engagement had taken place on the 13th and 23rd, in which the forces of Baez were defeated, with the loss of General Garcia.

A Revolution Feared in Rico.

The *Herald's* Cuba letter says a revolution of some magnitude is breaking out in some parts of Rico. Several British men-of-war were moving actively about the gulf, and the squadron was being increased.

A Protest Against Valmaseda's Proclamation.

The *Herald's* Washington special says Secretary Fish informed the Spanish Minister that the mode of warfare proposed in Valmaseda's proclamation was repugnant to civilization, and could not be tolerated, as its execution might involve the destruction of many American citizens, who were in no way connected with the insurrection.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

A Rash Act.

NEW YORK, May 13.—This morning at two o'clock a young man named Salbert, a rejected lover of the sister of Mrs. Flint, residing on the corner of Montague-st. and Montague Terrace, Brooklyn, entered the bed-room of the young lady, and fired a pistol at her, while she was lying in her bed. The ball grazed her temple, and passed through one of her hands. The young man then ran back to his room, and shot himself through the head. He immediately died.

Died.

Hon. J. G. Phillips died yesterday. Prof. Hamilton died here on Monday.

Accidental Death.

SYRACUSE, May 13.—B. Davis Noxon, senior, was killed at the freight yards in this city this afternoon by a freight train. He was aged 80 years, and was one of the oldest lawyers and prominent public men in Central New York.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, 13.—The foreign diplomatists are excited over the rumour that England, France, and Spain propose an alliance against the United States, which, they say, will make Prussia and Russia our allies.

Constitutional Amendment in Connecticut.

HARTFORD, CON., May 13.—The House of Representatives to-day, ratified the fifteenth amendment to the Constitution, by a vote of 126 (Republican), to 104 (Democrat). The Senate ratified the arrangement last week. The vote in that body, as finally ordered, being 13 to 6.

Explosion of a Fire Damp.

SCRANTON, PA., May 13.—By an explosion of a fire damp this morning in the Mount Pleasant mine, in this city, five men and one boy were badly burned, and one of them, named Charles Slater, will probably die.

The Turf.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—There was a large attendance on the National Course to-day, to witness the race between the *Mountain Maid*, of Philadelphia, and the *Star of the World*, from Chicago, for $1,000. The *Mountain Maid* won the 3rd, 4th, and 5th heats. The first was a dead heat. Time: 2:30½, 2:30½, 2:29½, 2:34½, 2:33.

OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE
CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on

Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Little's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

TEA! TEA! TEA!
COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable men to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade. Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Cattees and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Cattees, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money can be collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. Where there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we will send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs, and sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, will receive one of their own choice in return at our expense.

We subjoin a list of our prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the address,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Box 201, P. O., Ottawa, or
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, May 8, 1869.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts. Two or three Apprentices wanted.
April 6. 1015tf

THE THOROUGH-BRED HORSE
"ROCKET,"
WINNER OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE IN 1863,
Height 15½ hands.

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of
MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON,
Clarence-st., near the Market.
Terms $10 for the season.
Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

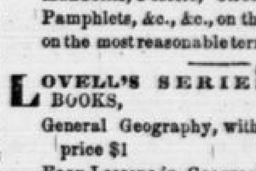
NOTICE.

All parties indebted to the estate of the late Mr. G. W. LESTER are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and all parties in possession of any chattels, or personal effects, belonging to the said G. W. LESTER at the time of his death, are hereby notified to deliver the same to the undersigned forthwith.
(Signed,) J. L. ORME,
Administrator of G. W. Lester, deceased.
Ottawa, May 11, 1869. 1046tf

SIMCOE OLD RYE.
(*Ritchie, Ford & Co.*)
Just received.
JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, May 12. 1047tf

ROOMS WANTED.

Two Bed-rooms, with Board, somewhere near the Parliament Buildings.
Apply by letter to Box 234, Post Office.
Ottawa, May 10. 1045-3



LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the Department of Marine and Fisheries, until noon of MONDAY, the 10th day of MAY next, for the supply, *in bond*, of 32,000 gallons of the best quality of COAL or REFINED PETROLEUM OIL.

The Oil is required to be non-explosive, at a vapour test of 115° Fahrenheit, must burn brilliantly, without smoking, until entirely consumed, and no crust the wick, must be free from all deleterious substances, and remain fluid at 10° Fahrenheit. A sample of a quart to accompany each tender.

The Oil to be delivered in iron-bound casks, containing from 30 to 40 gallons each, properly prepared to prevent the oil from permeating the wood, and evaporating from the surface.

The casks to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the Oil.

The Oil to be subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk in the locality designated by the Department as follows:

5,000 gallons at Quebec—one-half on the 8th JUNE, and one-half on the 20th SEPTEMBER next.
10,000 gallons at Montreal, on the 1st July next.
14,000 do at Halifax, N.S., do do do
3,000 do at Saint John, N.B., do do do

Tenders will be accepted for the whole quantity, or for any of the lots above mentioned.

Parties tendering must give their names and addresses in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of
Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 14th April, 1869. 1024.4.2aw

TO LUMBER MERCHANTS.—Wanted by a young man a situation as Lumber Clerk; has had several years experience in the measuring, shipping and piling of lumber. Can furnish the very best of references. Address, A.R., TIMES Office, Ottawa. 1047-4-26-1

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST
STOCK OF CARPETINGS
AND
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MILLINERY
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MANTLES,
AT MODERATE PRICES,
IN EVERY STYLE,
At
GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Silk Velvets,
Velveteens and
Water-proof Cloakings
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY
DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Satin and Lace,
Plain and Fancy Silk,
Dress Trimmings,
Buttons, Linings, &c.,
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Ribbons, Lace,
Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,
And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Broadcloths, Tweeds,
Coatings, Vestings, and
Tailors' Trimmings
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Sheetings,
Pillow Cottons,
Linens, Prints,
White and Grey Cottons
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF NEW GOODS
in all the Departments, is to be found at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

30 SPARKS STREET.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

TENDERS

Will be received by the Board of Commissioners of Police until FRIDAY, the FOURTEENTH day of MAY, 1869, at 12 o'clock noon, for SUPPLYING CLOTHING for the POLICE FORCE for one year.

Information as to articles required may be had on application to the CHIEF OF POLICE at the City Hall.

W. P. LETT,
Clerk, B. C. P.
Ottawa, May 10, 1869. 1046-3

HOUSEKEEPERS,
BUY YOUR
STOVES AND KITCHEN
FURNISHINGS
AT
ESMONDE'S,

the cheapest place in the city. All sorts of tin-work manufactured to order.

A few second hand COOKING STOVES for sale.

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays fo Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1043d 124 Rideau-st.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

THREE GENTLEMEN

Can be accommodated with furnished bed-rooms on Wellington-st.
Apply to M. KAVANAGH at the "Queen," or the House of Commons. 1043a

APPRENTICES WANTED.

Two Apprentices, about 14 or 15 years of age, wanted to learn the Confectionery business.
Apply to
MRS. PRODERICK,
Sussex-st.
Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season.
Just received.
JAS. BUCHANAN'S,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank-st., third door from Sparks-st., where she will be happy to attend to their orders. 1041b

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin[ed] their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to su[it] the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's
HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

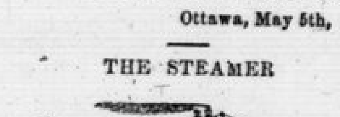
Agent for
REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated
HAMS,
BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,
Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



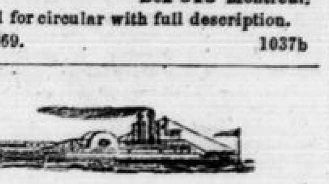
"ANN SISSON"
LEAVES
AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,
FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,
CONNECTING WITH
STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"
"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"
FOR
DES JOACHIMS.
R. S. CASSELS,
1042tf President.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA FOR ROOFS, DAMP CELLARS, &c.

CHEAP! CLEAN! FIRE-PROOF!
UNDECAYING!
Suitable for all Styles, Flat or Upright.

FULL SUPPLY OF FELT AND MATERIALS
FOR SALE BY
BUCHANAN & CO.,
Box 643 Montreal.
Send for circular with full description.
April 30, 1869. 1037b



THE OTTAWA
RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S
MAIL STEAMERS
HAVE
COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS
BETWEEN
OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.
R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.
May 7, 1869. 1043tf

GENTLEMEN

Leaving their orders at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
Can get well suited in Garments.
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

500 BUSHELS SEED PEAS
—AT—
T. KAVANAGH'S FLOUR STORE,
Rideau-st., next door to the Tea Pot.
Ottawa, May 11. 1046a

BOARD AND LODGING.

Three gentlemen can be accommodated with rooms, with or without board, opposite the City Hall Square, 200 yards from Russell House.
Apply at TIMES office.
Or address Mrs. MACLENNAN, Post Office.
Ottawa, May 12. 1047a

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING
BOOKBINDING,
&c., &c., &c.

To be had at
"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
PRINTING,
AND
STATIONERY STORE,
21 *Rideau-st.*,
THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, lar[ge] ms
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to mat[ch]
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultra[ma]rine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and L[etter] Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—
Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—
Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES
Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.
Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal an Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—
Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.
N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—
Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—
Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,
Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'
Office Requisites supplied on reasonab[le] terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES
Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Boo[k] Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice an[d] on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,
General Geography, with 39 coloured map price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,
Authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are
FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.
FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES.
The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,
At "The Ottawa Citizen"
Stationery and Printing House,
AT
"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN
STATIONERY
AND
PRINTING HOUSE"
21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@ 6 50
No. 1	4 75	@ 5 00
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@ 3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@ 2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@ 7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@ 3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 1 30
Spring "	1 00	@ 1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 60	@ 1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@ 2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@ 28 50
Prime Mess per do	none.	
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@ 11 25
Hams	0 15	@ 0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.	
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@ 0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@ 0 70
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@ 2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@ 0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@ 0 22
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 13	@ 0 15
Apples—per brl	0 00	@ 4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@ 0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@ 28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 50	@ 5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@ 4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@ 3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@ 0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@ 5 50

Try Gardiner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*

We would call the especial attention of the LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for..................$1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO., late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 787y

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to
JOHN COOK,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX,
Plantagenet Mills,
Ontario.

1043tf

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to
ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,

AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to
R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to
S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET—FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to
S. SKINNER,
Senate Buildings.

1028d

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

1009-14tf

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

NOTICE.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of Ontario for an act to incorporate the CALEDONIA PEAT MANUFACTURING & SMELTING COMPANY, with powers to construct a Canal or Railway from some point in the Township of Caledonia to the navigable waters of the Ottawa or South Nation Rivers, and to authorize the Municipality of Caledonia to grant to the said Company so much of the road allowances between the first and fifth concessions as may be required for the manufacture of Peat fuel. 883tf

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.

FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.

GRASS and CLOVER SEED.

WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

For Sale or to Let.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th INSTANT, for the purchase of the NEW STEAM SAW MILL near the mouth of the River Blanche, in East Templeton, Province of Quebec, with land and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Mill in good running order, with first-class SHINGLE MILL in addition. Size of Mill 80 x 40, with Engine House 26 x 40. Engine 80 horse power.

If not sooner disposed of it will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of Walker & Pennock, in the city of Ottawa, on the 15th INSTANT, at NOON.

Terms easy.

For fuller particulars and conditions of sale apply to

W. H. WALKER,
Solicitor for Vendor.

Ottawa, May 1, 1869. 1039b

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in town.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

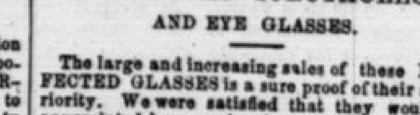
Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

TO LUMBERERS.

QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are,
Your obdt. servants,
M. STEVENSON & CO.

1000-2m

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
" Superfine o.	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.

75-y

Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Remember the place,
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon an Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank-st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN.

Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.

506y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
Wellington-st.

711tf

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

944tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,

868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, 15TH MAY NEXT,

for the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8, in the 1st Con., on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF and DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville.

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONECUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipe and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House or Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES and OUT-BUILDINGS for the Lieutenant-Governor's Residence. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan-street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed specifications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works for Ontario,
Toronto, April 24, 1869. 1035td

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES

is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion."
Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA.—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

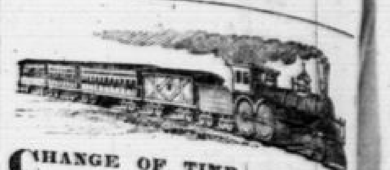
N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

COOKING STOVES of the best quality and make at ESMONDE'S.

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 12th, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p. m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p. m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, April 12, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p. m. [illegible] 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at [illegible] and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and [illegible] p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and [illegible], arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

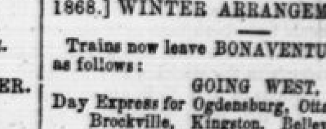
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and [illegible] p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.................. 9:00 a m

Night do do do do .... 8:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at............ [illegible]

Trains for Lachine at ....8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m, [illegible]

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at......... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at.................... 9:00 a m

Express for New York and Boston at... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:40

Express for Island Pond, at............ 2:00

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at..................10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

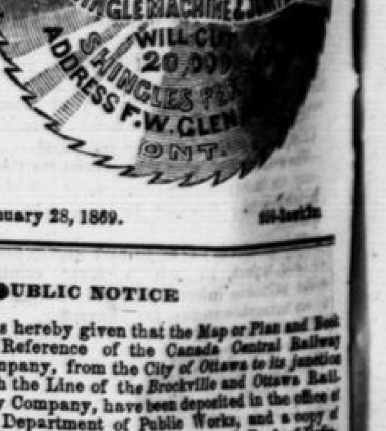
The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J: BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.



January 28, 1869.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Map or Plan and Book of Reference of the Canada Central Railway Company, from the City of Ottawa to its junction with the Line of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works, and a copy of such parts of the Map or Plan and Book of Reference, as relate to the County of Carleton, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Carleton, and a copy of such parts as relate to the County of Lanark, has been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lanark.

Dated this Tenth day of August, 1868.

W. R. WORSLEY,
C. C. Ry.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,

(Screened.)

LACKAWANNA

(Egg and Stove Sizes.)

LEHIGH

(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S,

$6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Office—17 Sparks-st.

912-3m

TIN SPICE BOXES,

A novelty,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at ESMONDE'S.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director. ALEX ROBERTSON Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1050. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

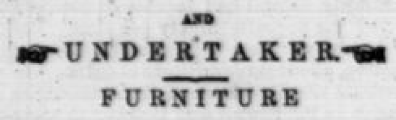
AGAR YEILDING,
Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.
OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.
A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR CONSUMPTION
treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S
PANCREATIC EMULSION.
See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*
Case 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—*The Lancet Report.*
Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*
"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*
"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.
No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.



S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER.
FURNITURE
of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.
Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.
Particular attention paid to
GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.
FUNERALS
furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.
METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS
always on hand.
EXPRESS WAGGONS
for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.
N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 31, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.
There will be no nominations.
The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner, on the 20th day of MAY next.
These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.
The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.
H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.
Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

THE LEADER.
THE MORNING AND EVENING
LEADER,
Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.
Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,
Very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will a purchaser by applying
TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

WATER! WATER! WATER!

SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

Having purchased part of the cargo of the vessel *City of Limerick*, lately wrecked, we will offer the whole for sale, commencing

MONDAY, 5TH APRIL,

and continuing the following days until all the goods are disposed of. This is an opportunity to secure bargains which may not offer again for years. The greater part of the goods have received scarcely any damage, so that parties who call early will have the best chance of getting bargains, as we will make no reserve, but throw each line of goods by itself, and let the first who comes first have the best pick. The following are some of the damaged goods, viz.:

10	CASES	ASSORTED BLEACHED COTTONS,
1	do	SHEETINGS,
1	do	QUILTS,
2	do	TOWELS,
1	do	PRINTS,
1	do	ASSORTED LINEN GOODS,
2	do	ASSORTED DRESS GOODS,
1	do	SILKS,
3	do	MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SKIRTS,
2	do	DRESS MUSLINS,
10	do	ASSORTED GOODS.

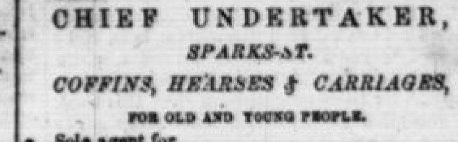
We give a list of prices that some of the goods will be sold for to give parties an idea of the bargains they will be able to get. A nice lot of DRESS GOODS for 6d 7½d to 9d per yard.

Ladies' Mantles only	£0	5	0
Splendid Prints, worth 9d, only	0	6	0
Towels, "all Linen," only	0	0	4
Dress Muslins, per yard, only	0	0	6
Mantle Cloths, only			0½
Pocket Handkerchiefs, each, only			1½
Gloves, per pair, only			6
Table Damasks, per yard, only	0	2	6
Stylish Cloths, per yard, only	0	1	
Parasols, each, only	0	1	
Gents' Neckties, "latest styles," each, only			0

LOOK! LOOK!

50 pieces Dress Lining, only 1d per yd.
ATTENTION!—Two cases more of those spools for 1d, worth 3d.
Don't delay in calling early as the first pick will be the best.
We have also received a splendid assortment of all the latest styles in SPRING GOODS in perfect order, which we will sell lower than any house in this city.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!
CLOTHING!
10 cases in all the new styles, just arrived, which will be sold very low. For particulars in price see our Clothing Bills.
The place to secure these immense bargains is at the old cheap spot, THE OCCIDENTAL, in Stewart's Brick Block, Corner Rideau and Sussex-sts., Sign of the White Flag.
H. HICK & CO.



A. SWALWELL,
CHIEF UNDERTAKER,
SPARKS-ST.
COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,
FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.
Sole agent for
FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.
RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

HOUSEKEEPERS,
BUY YOUR
STOVES AND KITCHEN
FURNISHINGS
AT
ESMONDE'S,
the cheapest place in the city. All sorts of tinwork manufactured to order.
A few second hand COOKING STOVES for sale.

TENDERS WANTED
for the erection of a
ONE STORY BRICK OFFICE,
AT THE
NEW EDINBURGH SAW MILLS.
Plans and specifications will be seen at the office, at the mills, where tenders will be received up to SATURDAY NIGHT, the 15th INST.
The lowest tender not necessarily accepted.
New Edinburgh Saw Mills,
May 13, 1869. 1048-3

NOTICE.
The undersigned begs to state that he has
OPENED AN OFFICE
OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,
SPARKS-STREET,
Where all orders for the
CANADA GAZETTE,
AND FOR
PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY, may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.
Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION
BOTH
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
AT
W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.
To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa Sept. 7, 1868. 882y

Agencies.

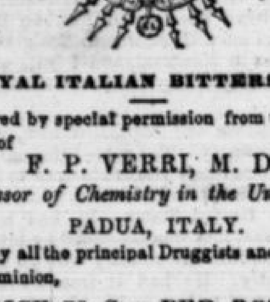
PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT, DESBARAT'S BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer,
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 104.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
FORWARDER,
GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,
No. 3, St. Peter-st.,
QUEBEC.
Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.
QUEBEC REFERENCES.
Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.
James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.
Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.
Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.
Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Decorative Painting.

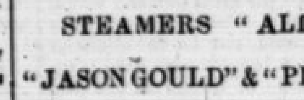
A. W. LANG,
PLAIN AND DECORATIVE
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Respectfully informs the public that he will in a
FEW DAYS
OPEN A FIRST-CLASS
PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Pending which his office will be on the
FIRST FLOOR
OF THE
MASONIC HALL BLOCK,
ELGIN-STREET,
Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and
RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK
In all the various branches of his business.
Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.
Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of
F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of
PADUA, ITALY.
Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,
PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.
A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.
N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.
For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.
None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.
1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS,
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.
W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y,
Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.
THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"
LEAVES
AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,
FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,
CONNECTING WITH
STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"
"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"
FOR
DES JOACHIMS.
R. S. CASSELS,
1042tf President.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

FIRE WORKS!
FOR 24TH MAY,
Received and for sale, at 43 Sussex and Sparks-sts.
1048-3 L. N. NYE.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
—FROM—
OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC
AND LONDON,
Consisting of
PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN
AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.
PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES
&c., &c., &c.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.
—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.
TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.
PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.
ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.
50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.
200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Ressor Brothers' celebrated factory.
SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.
PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.
ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS, price according to age and quality.
100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.
LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.
10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.
TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.
COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.
TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.
A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.
For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,
And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,
FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.
The subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his
FINE BOTTLED ALE
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
To other with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A call duly solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.
RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to B BRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.
O'MEARA & CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844,
Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that
DEFY COMPETITION.
A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city
$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00
TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.
$2 GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 OVERCOATS,
$9 COMPLETE SUITS
$1 GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS. $1 and $1.25 UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 DRAWERS
A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

OPENED OUT
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,
A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,
A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,
A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,
A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,
A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS
IN NEW MATERIALS,
A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,
A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,
TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
14 Rideau st.
Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES
are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.
Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.
THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.
Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.
Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.
N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.
G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

SAVAGE'S URSINA.
PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR,
has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.
It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.
Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.
EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1028eod.3m

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CHAMBER SETS, cheap at
ESMONDE'S.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

TO LUMBER MERCHANTS.—Wanted by a young man a situation as Lumber Clerk; has had several years experience in the measuring, shipping and piling of lumber. Can furnish the very best of references. Address, A.R., Times Office, Ottawa. 1047-4-26-1

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.
New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.
It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.
March 26. 1008-14y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.
They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.
Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.
N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S
SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,
HULL,
Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.
Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.
Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.
Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.
R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON
Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.
Something New and Elegant in the style of
ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,
GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,
Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.
R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.
P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for
HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,
AND
DECORATING ROOMS,
Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.
CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.
R. EATON,
1002tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.
We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.
Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address
E. F. McAVAY & CO.,
Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)
A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

THE VARIETY HALL
HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT
34 *SUSSEX-ST.*
A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ECONOMY AND RETRENCHMENT IN THE PUBLIC DEPARTMENTS AT OTTAWA.

From the Canadian Freeman

The most popular cry during the first elections under our new system of Confederation, held in 1867, was, undoubtedly, retrenchment in the reorganization of the public departments, at the seat of the Dominion Government. It seemed to be universally conceded that too much extravagance had been allowed to creep in during the last days of the Legislative Union of Upper and Lower Canada, and it became desirable that the opportunity of a Federal Union of all the British North American Provinces should be enlisted for the purpose of reducing departmental expenditure to a reasonable figure, but consistent, nevertheless, with the necessary qualifications of public officers, and above all, with a due regard to the efficiency of the public service. During the session of Parliament held in 1867 and 1868, the contingent committees of both the Senate and House of Commons, applied themselves vigorously to the task of "ascertaining whether under the new constitutional *regime* it would not be possible to employ a smaller number of officers and servants in the offices of Parliament, without interfering with the efficiency of the public service." We quote the above from the third Report of the Committee on Contingencies of the House of Commons, dated 6th April, 1868. After an inquiry which lasted for some weeks the Senate made the most sweeping reductions, dismissing at the same time some officers and servants who had grown grey in the service of the late Legislative Council of Canada. Differences of opinion existed at the time, and still are held, as to the fairness of the proceeding, but the omnipotence of the Senatorial body rendered all reasonable remonstrance useless. Though many able members of the Upper Chamber advocated strenuously a more charitable course, the solemn mandate went forth, and the appetite of the demon of wholesale retrenchment was sated for the time. But in the House of Commons, the popular body, each member of which seemed to have been deputed by his constituents specially to pounce upon government officials, the deliberations of the Committee on Contingencies were ponderous, long, and to the victims, painfully conclusive. Clerks, translators, messengers, workmen and even charwomen were doomed, some to summary dismissal, others to a reduction in emoluments for which they were totally unprepared, and of which they had not received one word of warning. Some old and conscientious clerks and servants were removed from the positions they had hitherto occupied, without any reason being assigned except the stern edict of the Contingent Committee, promulgated through the chief of each department. By this report, which was adopted by the House after some discussion, twelve and one half per cent. of all salaries above $800, or one eighth of the emoluments of each officer, was struck off on the 1st day of July of the same year, and this, as above stated, without any notice or warning than the adoption of the report by the House, on the 21st of April, 1868, or less than three months before the reduction was to take effect. The result of this sudden change, we need hardly say, has been severely felt by those who have been thus severely dealt with. While we cannot but approve of every measure tending to produce economy without impairing efficiency, we cannot commend proceedings of such a sweeping character taken, no doubt, hurriedly and inconsiderately, to satisfy popular clamour. Did these gentlemen of the Committee, when thus dealing with their own officials, take the trouble to enquire into the cost of living and keeping house in the city of Ottawa? Did they establish correct comparisons between the amounts exacted for house rent, taxes, provisions, education of children, water, firewood, and all the articles absolutely indispensable to a man of family, in the capital of the Dominion; and the prices of the same necessaries of life in any or every other city in the Provinces? We feel convinced that they could not have done so. Had they fairly and conscientiously set their minds to this reasonable and just enquiry, they must have concluded that instead of reducing the salaries of the remaining officers and servants of the staff they would rather have increased them, or at least have left them undisturbed! But if this comparison could have operated as we have above surmised in April, 1868, when the report of the Committee was submitted to the House, information received from the most reliable sources would lead us to believe that the cost of living in Ottawa has increased to such an extent during the past year, that the continuance of salaries as at present fixed would end in almost inevitable ruin to a large number of the officers affected by the reduction. Very close calculations have been made to test the nature of that increase, and there can now be no doubt that it is augmenting from month to month, nay, from week to week, and it can be clearly shown that while the duties of the officers have been necessarily rendered more onerous by the reduction in number, the cost of the bare existence is becoming gradually, but surely, greater. This state of affairs should not be allowed to continue. If the public service is to be maintained in a condition of efficiency, if competent men are to be employed, taken from a class whose social and educational *status* is to be worthy of this new and great Dominion, then must the people be prepared to pay these gentlemen a fair equivalent for their service. It would be undignified in the representatives of a people whose future greatness is daily spoken of hopefully in the Halls of our Legislature, to continue a policy, of pennywise and pound foolish economy, which will inevitably end in chasing competent officers from the portals of the public departments. Complaints are daily made, both through the press and in public speeches that our young men are seeking a home in the neighbouring Union, because they cannot make both ends meet in the remuneration offered them in our own country; how much louder will that complaint be heralded abroad, if at the centre of Government they are taught to expect unfair treatment from those who should protect them?

We may revert to this subject at an early day, but in the meantime sincerely trust that this session will not be allowed to pass without the adoption of some reasonable measure to insure fair remuneration for those men who, in the performance of their arduous duties, are compelled by circumstances to reside at an expensive seat of Government. Let the principle be practically realized that "the laborer is worthy of his hire."

AUSTRALIAN GOLD.—The largest nugget ever yet found in Australia was disinterred in February, near Moliagul, in Victoria. It contained not less than 2,268 ounces of pure gold when cleaned; it was found within two inches of the surface by two Cornish miners, and it was named the "Welcome Stranger." Its value is computed at £9,534. The next largest nugget on record was the "Welcome," exhumed from a depth of 180 feet in June, 1858, and valued at £8,376. The Spring Creek rush in Victoria—the latest feature in connexion with the Victorian gold mining—is considered to have proved a success; a population of upwards of 10,000 had accumulated in the locality at the last dates. The total amount of gold exported from Victoria to March 20 this year was 261,640 ounces, of which 29,541 ounces were transhipped from New Zealand. The principal gold field in Queensland—Gympie—which in consequence of recent drought had been falling into rather a languishing state, had revived at the last dates, and some rich yields were reported. The Rock Hampton district, although it does not yield in such a large proportion to a ton of quartz as Gympie, is yet considered a promising one, and its population is increasing. It is again reported that gold has been found in Tasmania; thus a payable quartz reef is stated to have been found at the base of the Tower hill, ten miles from Fingal.

A WARNING TO VELOCIPEDISTS.—Be careful to whom you lend your velocipede "just for a try," for an amateur of the velocipede was resting, about ten miles from Havre, France, after his long ride. A man came up and began to examine the iron steed. He was so desirous to ascertain how anybody could maintain equilibrium on so frail a machine, that the owner asked him to try it. He got on, and wriggled most awkwardly for some twenty yards, when he started off with skilful speed, and soon disappeared down the road, leaving the owner to foot his way back to Havre. The velocipede was worth about $100.

THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

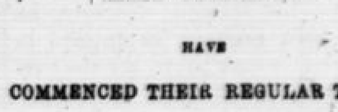
On the debate which took place on the settlement between the Government and the Great Western Railway Co. on Wednesday last, Mr. Oliver, the member for North Oxford, took occasion to charge that company with great dereliction of duty at the time of the Fenian raids, in the movement of the volunteers, over their line.

The member for Hamilton, Mr. Magill, stated in reply—"that he repelled the slanderous charge made by the member for North Oxford," and that he was in a position during that excitement to form an accurate opinion of the course pursued by the G. W. R. Co., perhaps much more so than the member for North Oxford. The energy displayed by the company upon that occasion was deserving of all praise; their entire resources were placed at the disposal of the Government, and to the regularity and expedition with which the regulars and volunteers were conveyed over that line may be attributed the sudden exit of the imprudent invaders of our country. The efficiency of the company upon that occasion gives them an additional claim upon the consideration of the Government of this country, and under all the circumstances he, (the speaker,) considered that the arrangement proposed was perhaps the most severe that could, with any show of justice or liberality, be exacted from them. It is true the company is solvent, owing in a great degree to the ability and efficiency with which it is controlled, and although the investment in it by foreign capitalists has rendered a very inadequate return yet it is almost the only railway company in the Dominion that has maintained its credit unimpaired, and furnished some sort of encouragement for the investment of foreign capital.

Instead, therefore, of the solvency of this company being made an argument for their oppression it should rather give them a claim upon the Government for the most generous considerations.

MILLINERY.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

FOR Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.



THE OTTAWA
RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S
MAIL STEAMERS
HAVE
COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS
BETWEEN
OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.
R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.
May 7, 1869. 1043tf

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!
BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!
A beautiful and varied assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,
BATHS, of all kinds,
TOILET SETTS,
Plain and Ornamented,
REFRIGERATORS!
REFRIGERATORS!
McKeley's Patent.
We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)
COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!
Best patterns in use.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st.,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Great Auction Sale of Hay—Hector McLean.
Change of Time—St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway—T. S. Detlor.
Auction Sale of Personal Property at Ogdensburg—A. N. Sheppey.
Do, do, do, do.
Plants for Sale—J. H. Dwyre.
Pony, Harness and Waggon for Sale—J. Connor.

JOB WORK, including PAMPHLETS, POSTERS DODGERS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS, CARDS, &c., printed at THE TIMES office, at low rates, and with neatness and despatch.

The Ottawa Times
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1869.

For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.

GOVERNOR MCTAVISH, of the Red River Settlement, is at present in town.

YESTERDAY the proceedings in the Commons were of a more than usually important character. In the afternoon, the Hon. Mr. ROSE unfolded the policy of the Government, on the questions of banking and currency; and also on the question of interest.

In the evening, after several Government measures had been advanced a stage, a motion for again going into Committee of Supply was supplemented by an amendment by the Hon. Mr. DORION, concerning the subject of reciprocity. The debate on this amendment continued until half-past eleven o'clock, when it was adjourned till Tuesday next and the House rose.

WE republish, this morning, an article from the Toronto *Freeman*, a very sensible article, on the subject of "retrenchment." Our readers know that, while on the one hand, we have strenuously opposed the aggrandisement of special pets at the expense of deserving public servants, we have, on the other, as strenuously maintained the good old doctrine of "a fair day's wage for a fair day's work." Our columns bear evidence to the fact that we believed the wholesale reductions of the Contingent Committees to be ill-considered, and, in many instances, unwarranted, and, therefore, we can now consistently invite attention to the article to which we have just alluded, believing that its suggestions merit favourable consideration.

WITH the pressure on our columns to-day we have barely space enough to call attention to the all absorbing topic of banking and currency, so ably elaborated by the MINISTER OF FINANCE, yesterday afternoon. The resolutions, embodying the policy of the Government, are too lengthy for publication; but we trust the report of the speech of the MINISTER OF FINANCE is sufficiently full to put our readers in possession of the general outline of the policy of the Government. That policy will come up for discussion on Friday next; and in the interval it behoves all who are concerned in the prosperity of the country to study the questions involved in all their bearings.

Apart altogether from the merits, or demerits, of the Government scheme, it should never be forgotten that we have entered on a new phase of political and commercial life; that the Provincial limits by which our transactions were formerly bounded have been broken down; and that what we enact, to-day, for the four Provinces, is destined, sooner, perhaps, then we may expect, to be the law, from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

It is especially in this sense; in the consciousness of the obligation which we owe to the future; that we desire to see the question of a national currency settled, if it is to be settled at this session, on a broad and solid basis. It was gratifying, yesterday, to listen to the frank acknowledgment of the member for South Ontario, who is, without question, the ablest representative of the banking interest in Parliament, that the MINISTER OF FINANCE had made a full, fair, and intelligible statement to the House. Though the remark may sound rather oddly, we think that Mr. ROSE's strongest point, in every instance, is the frankness with which he avows his weakest. If there is anything to militate against his position, be sure that he takes the first opportunity of stating it, in all its nakedness; and hence those who quarrel with his financial statement, as those who may, hereafter, be disposed to find fault with his bank policy, are the foremost to give him credit for a full and unreserved exposition of the whole case.

Crowded as our columns are to-day, it is impossible that we can discuss the merits of the new policy proposed; but nobody will deny, that changed as our circumstances are, some new policy is essentially requisite.

ALTHOUGH "free trade in money" sounds exceedingly well, and though in practice no usury law can extinguish, or perhaps even restrain, the extortioner, still there is something to be said in favour of a fixed legal rate of interest; and a good deal might be said in favour of fixing that rate moderately low. When, yesterday afternoon, the member for Lambton jestingly enquired of the Government whether they intended to bring in a Bill to fix the price of wheat, he indulged in very light "chaff." The man who confounds money with wheat, or the interest of money with the price of wheat, has yet a very great deal to learn. Money advanced for use at interest, to be returned at a specified time, is a very different thing from so much money's worth of wheat *sold*, and therefore changed entirely in its ownership. It is true that financiers talk of the "price of money," but the term is a very incorrect one to express the idea of the rate of *rent*, or interest, to be paid for its use.

Beyond fixing a legal rate of interest, in cases where no specific arrangement has been made; and limiting the chartered corporations who enjoy special privileges, we do not think that legislation on the subject of interest can be of very much service to the country. The "note shaver" will still find means to evade the law; and, perhaps, to be a little more exacting because the law exists. But the Government proposition is a very mild one, and will, we presume, have very little effect upon the rate of interest, one way or the other. It was necessary in this, as it is in every other matter affecting the operations of commerce, that the laws of the several Provinces should be assimilated; and though we can understand that some men will always insist on the adoption of their own peculiar views, yet there are occasions when it is necessary to compromise with others who hold different opinions; and the interest question furnishes one of them. Legislation was necessary upon the subject, and we presume it will be found that the measure proposed by the Government is as near an approach to the general sentiment in respect to it as can well be framed.

The following are the resolutions of which Mr. ROSE has given notice for Friday next:

That it is expedient to provide that—

1. Six per cent. per annum shall continue to be the legal rate of interest in all cases where, by the agreement of the parties or by law, interest is payable, and no rate has been fixed by the parties in writing or by law.

2. Any rate of interest, not exceeding eight per cent. per annum, may be paid in advance or otherwise, and being paid may be retained or may be stipulated in writing, and may be recovered.

3. If any higher rate than eight per cent. per annum is stipulated, such rate shall be *ipso facto* reduced to six per cent. per annum, as a penalty, and that rate only shall be recoverable, and if any higher rate than eight per cent. per annum be paid, the excess of the rate paid over six per cent. per annum, shall be recoverable by the parties paying it, provided the action for recovering it be brought within one year from the payment.

4. All former laws respecting interest and usury shall be repealed.

5. The foregoing provisions shall apply to any loan, or contract for the loan or forbearance of money, made on or after the day of next.

6. These resolutions shall not apply to any person or body corporate, which, by any existing law, or by the terms of any charter or act of incorporation, may now lawfully stipulate for and receive a higher rate of interest than eight per cent.

"Mr. Shipman, the London manager of the 'Agra and Masterman's Bank,' has just been sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment for rash and hazardous speculation with the funds of the Bank. It appeared at the trial that he was in partnership with a stock-broker, and made advances to the latter for their joint benefit. They were unlucky in their operations, and the truth came out in Shipman's bankruptcy."

The foregoing is from the *Globe*, but it will bear repetition, as a warning to those who have a fancy for using the funds of banks, with which they may be officially connected, in "hazardous speculations." *Verb. sap.*

LOCAL NEWS.

HAY FOR SALE.—Sixty tons of pressed hay are to be sold by auction at the railway station on Tuesday next, the eighteenth. For particulars see advertisement.

PLANTS.—Mr. Dwyre, the well known gardener, is now prepared to sell young plants of almost every kind of garden vegetables. See advertisement.

POLICE COURT.—The only case before the Police Magistrate, yesterday, was that of a boy charged with purloining fifty cents from his employer. The case was adjourned.

CLASSES IN FANCY WORK.—Mrs. Linton will be at Mr. Gowan's store this afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock, to receive the names of those who wish to take lessons in fancy work.

CONSCIENCE MONEY.—The sum of five dollars has been received in the office of the Adjutant-General of Militia, through Lieut-Colonel Taylor, Deputy Adjutant-General for Military District No. 1, London, from an anonymous correspondent, for worn out clothing retained by a young man who had belonged to one of the volunteer corps in that district.

SUSPECTED INCENDIARISM.—We learn from several authorities that the house of Mr. Dunn, on Ashburnham Hill, was set fire to the other night, while the family were in bed, and but for the accidental discovery of the fire the family might have been burned in their beds; as it was, however, there was very little damage done to the property, and no personal injury sustained. There is apparently no clue to the perpetrator of the crime.

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH—WHITSUNTIDE COMMEMORATION.—Special service this evening at 8, and sermon by Rev'd. Dr. Jones. Tomorrow (Whitsunday), 1st celebration of Holy Communion at 7:45 a.m. Morning Prayer, Choral Litany and 2nd celebration at 11 a.m. Evening Prayer and Sermon at 7 p.m.

On Monday and Tuesday will be celebrations of H. C. at 7:30 a.m., besides the usual Morning Prayer at 9:30 a.m.

N.B.—*The half-yearly offertory on behalf of Diocesan Missions is made on Whitsunday.*

THE ASSESSMENT.—We learn from the assessment rolls, now just completed, the following statistics: Victoria Ward, value of real and personal property, including non-resident lands, $955,575; population, 2,898. Wellington Ward, $1,546,285; population, 3,800. St. George's Ward, $1,103,166; population, 3,373. By Ward, $873,640; population, 5,260. Ottawa Ward, $608,013; population, 5,350. Total value of real and personal property, $5,081,679; population, 20,681, being an increase of upwards of $83,000, and an increase of population of 376 since last year. There is, however, a decrease in the value of personal property of very nearly $148,000, which, were it not for the alteration of the income tax, would show an increase of real and personal property of $240,000, as compared with last year's assessment.

ST. ANDREW'S (CHURCH OF SCOTLAND) BAZAAR.—Yesterday the bazaar was continued in Gowan's Hall, and notwithstanding the number of articles that had been carried off by purchasers on the previous day, the supply seemed as great as before. Like their ancestors of the Scotch on Waterloo, as one was shot down another supplied its place in the square, and wonderful to relate, at the bazaar, all is on the square, as the young ladies have actually the honesty,—a most *bizarre* thing at a bazaar,—to return change,—a change for the better. There are bibs and tuckers, dolls and daisy mats, tippets and tidie chairs, and cheese mats, fire screens and fire belows, pins and pen wipers, hand-screens and hand-saw work, all sorts of fine needle work, chairs that are beauties, cushions for the indolent, and we rather think, velocipedes for the muscular and active. For the gourmand or epicure,—for there is enough to satisfy the one, prepared with skill to gratify the other,—there is luncheon up stairs from noon. Music is provided for the ear of taste; and behind the groves of fancy goods, are bright eyes to fascinate the bright quarters, or even the dingy bills, from the pockets of the impressionable. With such attraction, who would not exclaim with the post:

"If I had a donkey wot wouldn't go
To Gowan's Hall to the fancy show,
Oh! would I wollop him, oh! no! no!
Gee up Dobbin."

GENTLEMEN can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

THURSDAY, May 13.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock p.m.

After routine

A number of petitions were presented to the House.

On the motion being called of which Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON had given notice, viz.:—"For an humble address to his Excellency the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid before this House copies of all correspondence between the Government of the Dominion and the Governments of the several Provinces on the subject of Immigration; also, copies of all instructions from the Department of Agriculture to agents employed in Europe, to promote emigration therefrom to the Dominion of Canada, and also, copies of all instructions from the said department to agents in the Dominion, to provide shelter, comfort and information, to Immigrants intending to settle in this Dominion. He said that since giving this notice he had been informed that copies of all correspondence between the Government of the Dominion and the Governments of the several Provinces, on this subject, had been laid on the table, though he had not seen them. But there was one point upon which he desired information: that was in respect to the instructions given to immigration agents concerning the shelter and assistance they will provide for immigrants intending to settle in this country. He asked for the information because he saw that immigrants were exposed to a great deal of exposure in Upper Canada, especially at Toronto. It was important that immigrants should have comfortable quarters upon their arrival. There had been a large number of immigrants arriving in Ontario this year, and it was very important that nothing should occur to change the current of immigration now setting in this direction. There was nothing which would contribute so much to promote immigration as to render them assistance upon their arrival on our shores, especially when they arrived at the part of the country where they intend to settle. There was a vast deal of employment open to them at present, particularly in the Province of Ontario. A large amount of agricultural labour is required there, as is seen by the returns made by officials in different townships setting forth the extent of the labour required, whether for agricultural, or other purposes. A large amount of skilled labour he thought was wanted in Ontario to judge from the remuneration that was being paid for such labour there. He thought it was very desirable that the immigration agents representing the Dominion and Provincial Governments should have such instructions as would enable them to assist immigrants in ascertaining where labour is wanted and where eligible lands for settlement can be obtained. It was well known that in Ontario there were free grants of land open for settlement, and it was desirable that immigrants should be directed to them. They should be informed of the best means of getting to those settlements and of the best mode of preparing their homes in this country. The remuneration paid for labour in Ontario would compare advantageously with the state of the labour market in the United States. He would read by permission of the House, from the highest authority upon the financial and industrial condition of the United States, that was the report made by the Hon. Mr. Wells, special Commissioner of the Revenue of the United States for 1868. Under the heading "comparison of prices of labour and commodities for 1860-61 and 1867-68." He says "that the investigations instituted have established the fact, that up to the commencement of the year 1867 the general effect of the agencies growing out of the war, had been to occasion an average advance in the price of commodities to the extent of about 90 per cent. While the corresponding average advance on wages was not in excess of 60 per cent. He has now to ask attention to the conclusions which another year's experience and investigation have brought to us in relation to this subject. The result of long and careful investigations, in respect to the retail prices of the leading articles of domestic consumption by operatives in the manufacturing towns of New England, the Middle, and some of the Western States, have afforded data for accurately estimating the increase in the prices of such articles in 1867, as compared with 1860-61. They establish the following conclusions:

"That the average increase in the prices of groceries and provisions in 1867, as compared with 1860-61 was 88 per cent. or, calculated on the basis of the quantities consumed on an average, by a number of workmen, a little in excess of 86 per cent.; of domestic dry goods, including clothing 86 per cent.; of fuel 57 per cent.; of house rent 65 per cent.

"The average of these results, proportioned to the ascertained varying ratio of expenditure under the several heads, shows that for the year 1867 and for the first half of the year 1868, the average increase of all the elements which constitute the *food*, *clothing* and *shelter* of a family had been about 78 per cent., as compared with the standard prices of 1860-61.

"The result, in general, of this large increase in the prices of commodities of domestic consumption to the labouring man becomes evident, by comparing such increase with the increase in the rates of wages during the period under comparison—which rates for the year 1867, as compared with 1860-61 were as follows:

"For unskilled mechanical labour 50 per cent, for skilled mechanical labour 60 per cent."

This would give an average increase of wages of about 53 per cent., against an average increased cost of living of 78 per cent., or in other words the cost of workingmens' living in the United States from 1860-61 to 1867-68 increased about 50 per cent. more than his earnings increased in the same period. He had no official data in respect to the cost of provisions for all Canada, or even for all Ontario. It was unfortunate that we had not more information upon these subjects, but he hoped measures would be taken at no distant day to secure that information. No statistics would be more serviceable, but as he had not them to refer to he had sought information in Toronto where he resided, and which he thought was a fair criterion of the cost of provisions in Ontario. He did not think there could be much difference between the cost of provisions and the rate of wages relatively between Toronto and other places, in Ontario and Quebec because information was now so generally discriminated and the cost of travelling from one part to another was so small, that if wages were higher in one part than another, they would soon be made equal. There might be particular trades depressed as for instance ship building at Quebec, because the whole trade is paralysed, but that is not confined to Quebec or even the Dominion. It is as much depressed in the United States as here. He had obtained the best information in his power, and which he believed to be correct, and from this information he could state that the prices of the principal articles consumed by workingmen ranged as follows, from 1860 to 1867-'68 and '69: Meat, fresh and salt, increased about 10 per cent.; groceries about 25 per cent.; house rent 25 per cent.; and fuel 10 per cent.; clothing, the average price was about 20 per cent. higher in 1867-'68 than in 1860-'61, but it is no more costly in 1869 than in 1860-'61. Cottons are slightly dearer, but woollens and ready-made clothing are cheaper. Flour also is about the same price now as in 1860-'61, but for a time in 1867-68 was as much as 60 per cent. dearer. The average increased cost of living to workingmen had increased from 1860-'61 to 1867-'68 not more than 30 per cent, and now in 1869 does not exceed 20 per cent. over 1860-'61. During the same period weekly earnings have ranged as follows:

	1860-61	1867-68-69	Increase per cent.
Machinists (best)	9.00	12.00	33⅓
" (common)	7.50	10.50	40
Cabinetmakers	7.50	10.50	40
Carpenters	7.50	10.50	40
Stonecutters	10.50	15.60	48
Masons and bricklayers	9.00	17.10	90
Labourers	4.80	6.90	44

So that while the cost of the workingman's living in Canada has only increased 20 per cent. from 1860 to 1869, his earnings in the same time have increased from 33⅓ per cent. to 90 per cent., or on the average not less than 45 per cent. to 50 per cent. A very gratifying state of things, and contrasting most favourable with that existing in the United States, when the cost of living increased 78 per cent., while wages increasing only 53 per cent.

Mr. Wells adopts another and very interesting mode of shewing the relation between wages and cost of living in the United States, that is the value of the weekly earnings in flour, a standard, at once, interesting and intelligible to the comprehension of all. He says: "To adopt another standard for comparison, viz: The price of a barrel of flour, also affords some conclusions of interest. The average price of this article before the war is known to have measured pretty accurately, throughout the country, the average weekly wages of unskilled day labourers; and in the case of one of the largest corporations in the United States the principle was specifically established, that the weekly wages of common labourers in their employ should always be made equal to the varying cost of one barrel of flour per week. Now the average increase in the price of a barrel of wheaten flour throughout the manufacturing States has been from 1860 to July last (1868) in excess of 90 per cent; while the increase in the wages of labourers and operatives generally, skilled and unskilled during the same period has averaged about 58 per cent., measured, therefore, by the flour standard, the workman is not as well off in 1867 as he was in 1860, by at least 2) per cent., or to state the case differently, the wages which in 1860 purchased one and a half barrels of flour, now pay for about one and a quarter barrels. In one of the leading machine shops at Buffalo, N.Y., the weekly earnings of a portion of the workmen in 1860 and 1869, computed in flour, were as follows:

	1860	1867
Riveters and boilermakers	1½ bbl. in 1860	1¼ bbl. in 1867
Best machinists	2 " "	1½ " "
Ordinary "	1½ " "	1¼ " "
Flangers	2 " "	1½ " "

In an establishment for the manufacture of agricultural implements located at Brooklyn, U.S., the weekly earnings of the largest class of operatives, in 1860 and 1867 also computed in flour, were as follows: Wood workers, in 1860, 1½ bbl.; in 1867, 1 bbl. These illustrations from the data in possession of the Commissioner might be greatly extended: but enough of evidence, probably, has been adduced to prove: that whether we adopt money or flour as the standard for the comparison of wages and commodities, in 1860 and 1867, the result is not dissimilar, viz.:—the purchasing power of the irredeemable paper money now in use is not nearly equal to what it was in the immediate ante war years of 1860-'61; and that working-men and women of the country do not now receive as much in return for their work as before the war."

By adopting the same standard for Canada and computing wages in flour, we find the following result:

	1860-'61	'67-'68	'69
Machinists (best)	1 4-5 bbl.	1½ bbl.	2 2-5 bbl.
" (Common)	1½ "	1 5-16	2 1-10 "
Cabinet makers	1½ "	1 5-16	2 1-10 "
Carpenters	1½ "	1 5-16	2 1-10 "
Stonecutters	2 1-10 "	2	3 1-10 "
Masons and bricklayers	1 4-5 "	1 5-16	3 2-5 "
Labourers	1 "	¾	1 2-5 "

It is to be noticed that in '67-8 flour was exceptionally high, as compared with other items of family expense. Mr. Wells also says that operatives—supposing their requirements for food, clothing and shelter to be the same in 1867 as in 1860, and who obtained only sufficient to give them the actual necessary requirements of life—obtained with their smaller earnings, in 1860, the same articles of comfort and necessity, and had in addition a surplus of $1.31 per week, or $68.12 per annum." He proceeds: "It should also be noted that most of the persons whose wages and expenditure have been discussed, were classed as skilled workmen receiving an advance in wages of about 52 per cent in 1867, as compared with the amount received in 1860. If their condition has not improved, the condition of the large class of unskilled workmen, such as day labourers, teamsters, watchmen, and the like is even worse. Thus a careful examination and comparison of a large number of returns from the proprietors or superintendents of furnaces, mills, foundries and factories of every description, in almost all sections of the United States, establishes the fact that the average weekly wages of labourers and other unskilled workmen for the years 1860-61, and 1867-68, respectively, were as follows: 1860-61, $6.04 per week; 1867-68, $9.54. Assuming now, that the labourers in question expended their entire earning in '67, viz., $9.54, the same necessaries and comforts could have been obtained in 1860-61, by an expenditure of $5.52 per week, leaving an available surplus of 52 cents per week; or, in other words, the unskilled workmen of the country, obtaining the mere necessaries, and none of the luxuries of life, were in a worse condition, by $27.00 a year in 1867, with receipts of $9.54 per week, than they were in 1861, with receipts of $6.04 per week."

Now, let him (Mr. Macpherson) by this rule, compare the present condition of the working man in Canada with his condition in 1860-61. He (Mr. Macpherson) will assume that his earnings in 1860-61 were just sufficient to provide the necessaries of life; that he consumes the same articles and quantities as he did then, but at the increased average price of 20 per cent. The result will show the following surplus:

	1869. per week.	1869. per annum.
Machinist (best)	$1.20 to $1.50	$62.40 to 78.00
" (Common.	1.50	78.00
Cabinet Makers	1.50	78.00
Carpenters	1.50	78.00
Stonecutters	3.00	156.00
Masons and bricklayers	6.30	327.60
Labourers	1.14	59.28

So that while wages may be nominally higher in the United States, yet the cost of living relatively to wages is so much higher in that country than in Canada, that working men in Ontario, for instance, should be growing richer, year by year, than by their brethren in the United States, by the amounts he had stated. He would only read another short paragraph from Mr. Well's report:

"The fact, therefore, is established by incontrovertable evidence that the compensation of the working men and women, in the majority of the manufacturing towns in the United States, is not as good at the present time as it was previous to the war, notwithstanding that their wages are greater measured in gold, in 1867-68, than they were in 1860-61."

He (Mr. Macpherson) would quote one other authority upon the condition of the working classes in the United States. The secretary of the New York Association for improving the condition of the poor, in a report of its operations of 1868, calls attention to the evidences of increased destitution among all classes of working men, including the skilled labourers and some professional men. He says:

"Notwithstanding the high wages for labour, the seemingly ample remunerations of industry have failed to put the labouring class in so favourable a position as they possessed before the advance of wages in 1860. The present large wages, compared with those in ante-war times, are consumed by the exorbitant expenses of living, leaving a smaller margin for accumulation than when wages were lower. The purchasing power of their earnings in many cases, even with full employment, is scarcely equal to their expenses, so that they have little or nothing in advance. Hence, when labour slacks or fails, they are brought to suffering and to dependence on charity. This readily explains how it is that so many of the temperate, the frugal, and industrious are brought into straits and need temporary aid, and it shows, moreover, why large demands for relief are made at a time when both the capital and industry of the country are in a broad view tending to resume their wonderful career of progress and development. In looking over the visitors returns, among the recipients of relief, we find persons representing almost every form of industrial and professional pursuits, labouring persons of both sexes, and mechanics, constitute, of course, the great bulk of the needy."

He (Mr. Macpherson) said his object was to lay these facts before the country, to show that the remuneration paid to working men in Ontario was very satisfactory, and much better than the wages paid in the United States. He had made no mention in the figures he had read of the difference in taxation between the two countries, which was very large to every householder. It would be seen that it was not from the want of remunerative labour in the country that caused emigration from the Province of Quebec. Some years ago there was a large emigration from the western part of the Province, the county of Bruce, and he had brought the matter before the House, when the Postmaster General, who was then Commissioner of Crown Lands, made a statement in the old Legislative Council, that settlers on lands should retain them so long as they improved them. This checked that emigration very much. It proceeded from a cause which the Government had it in their power to check, and now, if a similar remedy is in the power of the Government, they should apply it. The emigration now going on from Quebec, is not uncommon in Canada, or any northern country. The Western States have been peopled by emigration from the Eastern. Many people will seek a more favoured climate, and even were not this the case, adventurous young men will go from home to improve their condition. It is unfortunate, that in a country like this, where there is such an extent of unoccupied land, that young men should leave for a foreign country, when it would be much better for them to remain and cultivate the land. The nominal high wages in the United States, no doubt, have attractions for them, but they have not estimated the disadvantage, the increased cost of living there. Taking that into consideration, the remuneration is less there than here. He thought it was their duty to bring this matter under the notice of the House so that the country could be made aware of these facts. The great extent to which manufactures were carried on in the United States during the war, was another cause of attraction. They required a large amount of labour, and our young men flocked there to supply that demand, but they were not content with following the pursuits of peace, but they entered the army by tens of thousands. This shows to what an extent the spirit of adventure animates them. It is hereditary, their fathers were adventurers, and we owe this splendid country to their enterprise. One object he had in bringing this statement before the House was to show his fellow-subjects in Lower Canada that there was remunerative employment in Ontario. The wages that are there paid show that there must be a demand for labour, and this demand can be supplied by our fellow-subjects, and save them forsaking their flag and their country, and forswearing their allegiance. The manufactures in the United States are by no means as flourishing as they were during the war, and he doubted if they were more flourishing than our own. The attraction was now greatly diminished, and the information furnished by Mr. Wells would work a revolution in the minds of political economists and intelligent thinking men. Having brought this matter before the House, he would not detain them by any further remarks.

Hon. Mr. CHRISTIE said he wished to draw the attention of the House to the want of shelter provided for immigrants arriving at Toronto. He happened to be there the other day, and met the Government Emigration Agent, who complained to him very bitterly about the matter. A few days ago a number of immigrants arrived at Toronto, and he could not find accommodation for them. He said they were obliged to remain in the cars from Saturday until Monday. Had it not been for the kindness of Mr. Brydges, who placed at their disposal a brick building belonging to the Company, there would be no accommodation at this moment for immigrants arriving at Toronto. He did not know whether the blame should be imputed to the Government of Ontario or the Federal Government, but certainly the evil was a great one. In Hamilton there was not the same difficulty, for they have a large building there, where immigrants can be made comfortable. It will be easily seen that the impression made on the minds of strangers coming into the country (having been invited here by agents at home, and pamphlets giving such information) when they come to a point of distribution, as Toronto is for a large section of Ontario, and find no accommodation at all, the effect produced on the minds of immigrants will not be favourable. They will communicate a very unfavourable report to their friends at home. Representations have been made from many parts of the country of their need for labourers and mechanics, and these representations come in many instances from railway stations, and when the immigrants arrive at these stations in many instances they are wholly without means or funds to convey them from the station to the locality where they desire to go. Without saying where the fault lay, it was important that the conflict between the two authorities should be set at rest, and active means taken to provide temporary shelter for these poor people, and that some means may be devised to convey them to the different points nearest the localities where they desire to go. There should be some funds provided for this purpose. These points were brought very forcibly under his notice this week in Toronto, and he was glad to have an opportunity afforded him to call attention to them.

Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS (in English) said in answer to the remarks of the hon. gentleman (Mr. Macpherson) who made this motion, that letters had been despatched from his department here to the emigrant agent at Toronto to provide good and suitable accommodation for the immigrants who might arrive at his port, and an answer had been received that ample accommodation had been provided for them. Latterly complaints again had reached the Department here, and enquiries were at once made from the Toronto office to know why any neglect even in appearance should be shown for the comforts of those arriving at that port, and assurances of good and convenient arrangements having been completed there had been returned to his Department here; which he felt convinced were justified by the absence of any fresh complaints since some weeks. One reason for the trouble in providing suitable accommodations this season was the unusual number of immigrants who had arrived and were arriving this season. Fresh instructions were sent from this office to the Toronto agent to provide still further and more extensive accommodations at that port, if required. He would willingly bring down the papers required—the correspondence between his Department here and the Toronto agent—and he was very happy to add that the best of understanding and cordial feelings of good will existed between his Department and the Ontario Government on the subject of immigration, as well as on all other subjects and this *entente cordialle* is productive of much good to the cause of immigration. The Dominion Government have charge of the immigrants on their passage to and through the Dominion, but when they reach their point of destination, then the Local Government have them in charge. Instructions have been issued to let them have whatever money is absolutely required for them to reach their point of destination in the Dominion.

Hon. Mr. WILSON said he wished to ask if the former practice of giving assistance to immigrants who were merely passing through the country, was still continued.

Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS said that the system of granting free passages had been abused last year, but that had been discontinued to all immigrants not intending to remain in this country. Railway and steamboat fares are now only paid for immigrants intending to remain here. The Imperial Government were holding out inducements to skilled mechanics to come out to this country, and about 350 have already arrived here, and found profitable employment at once, and about 600 more are soon expected to follow them out here, all of whom will be assisted as far as possible. The statistical information furnished this House and the country must be productive of good results to the cause of immigration. He feared to be too tedious if he went into the causes, in his judgment, of the exodus of the young French Canadians from the Province of Quebec to the United States, and go through some notes which he had prepared on that subject, but he felt from the wide range that the debate has taken, he was justified in abstaining from any other observations on this question.

Hon. Mr. CHRISTIE said it was perfectly fair that the Government of Ontario should undertake the cost of sending immigrants from the large cities to the places where they would be employed. No money is wasted in the way of paying the passage of immigrants; that evil has been pretty thoroughly checked. The immigrants referred to by the Hon. Commissioner of Agriculture are respectable men, being mechanics, and very superior workmen. He was assured by the immigration agent at Toronto, that almost the whole of them found employment in the country, being a class that were greatly sought after.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON said the information that those immigrants had so readily found employment was very satisfactory. They would write to their friends, telling them to come out to a country where they would be among friends and fellow subjects, who would do all they could to promote their prosperity and comfort.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT said that it could not always be taken for granted that public reports correctly proved the existing state of things. He held in his hand the report of Mr. E. H. Derby to the late Secretary of the Treasury in the United States, Mr. McCulloch, which asserted the following facts, which if correct were most astounding:

"It has been the singular felicity of your life to take the helm of finance when the nation was overwhelmed with a debt of three thousand millions chiefly floating and onerous taxes, at the close of a great contest, and in four years of peace, you have paid one-fifth of the debt, have reduced one-fourth of the interest, have aided in extinguishing half of the taxes."

The cost of the war and the derangement of commerce in the United States had imposed an enormous burthen on the productive labour of the country, and should consequently increase the cost of everything consumed. In Canada we have had peace within our borders, and have derived a profitable trade in consequence of Americans coming and purchasing everything we had to sell. Latterly the price of most agricultural products have fallen, and he would suppose from the facts produced by his hon. friend from Toronto (Mr. Macpherson) that instead of there being any emigration from Ontario there would be a large exodus from the United States into that Province—such a state of things does not apply to the Province of Quebec and the Lower Provinces. There must be something in the state of affairs with us and the United States, which causes the exodus, to the truth of which no man can shut his eyes. The commercial, financial or banking policy of the United States was the very antipodes of the commercial and financial policy of the Dominion. He thought that was the cause of the people of Quebec and the Lower Provinces going in such numbers to the United States. He did not believe that one out of fifty went there to change his allegiance: they did not go there because there was less taxation, or to get articles of consumption at a less price. Their object in going was to get employment with remunerative wages which they could not get in their own Province.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON moved the adoption of his motion.

Hon. Mr. RYAN would like to make one or two remarks before the motion was put. He thought the House and the country should be obliged to his hon. friend (Mr. Macpherson) for introducing the subject. He spoke of the statistics from which his hon. friend had quoted, and said one of the greatest causes of emigrants not seeking this country as a home, was because we were destitute of necessary statistics upon subjects so interesting to those who are about entering a new country. If we had statistics and comparative tables, which were of easy access, not only in the Provinces, but in other countries, the great tide of immigration would come here, not to pass through the country to another, but to remain here, and become a benefit to the country at large. He thought the Government were excusable for not having yet published these statistics, as the Government had just been established, but now the Minister of Agriculture should have them published in full, to be distributed in Europe. The United States had an advantage over us in having men, representing the Government of the United States, residing at almost every government and sea-port in Europe. These men have an intimate knowledge of the country, and are useful in promoting immigration. In that they have an advantage which we do not possess. The consuls of England do not have knowledge enough of the country to give information to those who apply to them. A great deal had been said about the exodus from this country to the United States. He believed that our people increased more rapidly than the people of the United States. Though many of our people had gone there, some were thinking of coming back to Canada. He would read a letter addressed to Mr. C. J. Brydges, evidently written by a man who came from the Old Country, passed through Canada, emigrated to the United States, and is now seeking information to get back to Canada to establish himself. He says:

"Will you be so kind as to send me a Canadian newspaper, as there are several of us who think of leaving this part for that country this spring, and we should be very glad to get what information we can before leaving. I had a newspaper and a map given me at Quebec when I landed, but I lost them. If you do not have one would you be kind enough to send me a Government Emigration Agents address in Montreal, and I will send to him for one. By doing this you will oblige me."

This information was furnished him, with a map of the country. The more information you give the more likely you are to draw to this country immigrants who would otherwise settle in the United States. It had been stated that a vast loss was sustained by bringing immigrants into the country who go into a foreign country. He had it from a source which he believed to be reliable, that the expenditure for immigration in 1867 was $54,626; in 1868, $32,737; that is less in 1868 by $21,889. In this last year they had received as head money from immigrants $32,695, leaving the whole expense of forwarding them but $42. He thought they might compliment the Minister of Agriculture for the economy and good management which he had displayed in administering the department last year.

Hon. Mr. ALLAN would like to say a few words in answer to what had fallen from the hon. gentleman on his right (the hon. Mr. Wilson) in reference to the number of months in the winter during which mechanics and labourers must necessarily be out of employment. Now, his hon. friend, the mover of the resolution had most carefully guarded himself at the very outset of his speech, by stating that his remarks would apply chiefly, if not entirely, to the Province of Ontario, and he (Mr. Allan) thought that in allowing three months for unemployed time, his hon. friend had stated the case most fairly. It must be borne in mind that for instance, that in Toronto and the neighbourhood, building operations could in many seasons be carried on until the first or second week in December, and be again resumed early in March. Masons and bricklayers would be thrown out of work between December and March, but carpenters, painters and stonecutters would have but little interruption to their work. Labourers in towns, those for instances who worked about the wharves in summer, loading and unloading vessels, were of course idle after the season of navigation closed, but even they could fine occasional work during the winter months, in sawing wood, clearing away snow, and other odd jobs of that kind. In the country, too, in late years more particularly, men were in demand, for cutting cordwood, assisting in clearing lands, and in lumbering operations, and he (Mr. A.) thought that many of those French Canadians who were said to be leaving Canada for the United States, and who had been described by the honourable gentlemen from Wellington Division, as being so especially handy in the use of the axe, and tools of all kinds, that they would find profitable employment in many parts of Western Canada. Of the great demand which existed for agricultural labourers in all parts of Ontario there could not be the slightest question. He (Mr. A.) could speak of his own knowledge of the state of things in one part of the Province—the county of Simcoe. During last year, and the year before, he knew of instances in the township of Innisfil where men were getting $14, $15, and even $20 a month and their board, so great was the demand for labour and so small was the supply. Of course there were exceptional cases where the wages were as high as $20, but it shewed at all events, that Canada was not a bad place for a labouring man! But of the advantages which Canada offered for both the labourer and the mechanic, there could be no possible doubt. The replies sent in by the Reeves and municipal officers in different parts of the Province, in answer to the enquiries addressed to them by the Ontario Government, showed conclusively that the counties could absorb a much larger number of agricultural labourers, painters, carpenters, blacksmiths and other mechanics, than were likely to be sent out during the present year. What their condition here would be as compared with what they had to expect if they settled in the United States, had, he thought, been most conclusively shewn by his hon. friend the mover of the resolution. That hon. gentleman had shewn by statistics which could not be impugned, that comparing the cost of living, and the comparative rate of wages in the United States with the cost of living, and the comparative rate of wages in Canada, the labourer and mechanic would be infinitely better off, receiving a far larger return for his industry in Canada than in the United States. These were facts which could not be too widely known, and he thought that both this House and the country were under great obligations to the hon. mover of the resolution, for the clear and able manner in which he had brought them before the House on the present occasion. He trusted that the statements which had been made would receive the widest circulation through the press, and might thus assist in shewing that notwithstanding the drawbacks unfortunately existing in one or two parts of the Dominion arising from local causes, Canada offered as inviting a home to the honest and industrious emigrant, and as fair a yield for profitable labour, as any part of the neighbouring republic.

(To be Continued.)

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, May 14.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Mr. GIBBS presented petitions from the Merchants' Bank of Canada, Molson's Bank, and the Quebec Bank, praying that no change be made in the bank circulation, and Mr. MORRIS presented a petition to the same effect. Some other petitions were presented.

Mr. HARRISON presented the sixth report of the Committee on Standing Orders, reporting favourably on several petitions referred.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN presented return to address for the number of licenses issued to American fishermen fishing in Canadian waters; also return of imports and exports of Canada from 1853, showing imports and exports to and from the United States.

On motion of Hon. Mr. ABBOTT all petitions respecting insolvency were referred to the Special Committee on the Act respecting Insolvency.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD gave notice of motion to the effect that it be resolved that, in the opinion of this House, the salary of the Governor General should be maintained at the rate fixed by the Union Act,—ten thousand pounds sterling, (hear, hear).

BANKING AND CURRENCY.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said he had to bring before the House the subject of the banking policy of the Government. At the present time the banks were applying for a renewal of their charters, and he thought, that in spite of the misconception that existed throughout the country, it would be agreed on all hands, that the banking institutions of the country should be placed on a sounder footing, (hear, hear). The resolutions which he would lay before the House, embracing the policy of the Government, would not be unduly pressed upon the House or upon the country (hear, hear). It would be necessary that he should first examine the existing systems that now prevailed within the Dominion. There were three separate systems in operation, one in Ontario and Quebec, and another in New Brunswick, and another in Nova Scotia. Beginning with Nova Scotia, the bank charters there placed no special restrictions on the amount of issue, but only that the total liabilities of the banks should not exceed three times the amount of their capital, and to the amount of their deposits. In New Brunswick the banks were restricted to liabilities to the extent of twice the amount of their capital, and the amount of their deposits. In Ontario and Quebec the banks were restricted to the amount of their capital *plus* their specie and *plus* the amount of Government securities held. It would be absolutely necessary to harmonise these separate systems. In the enlarged sphere now open to the operation of these banks, it would be evident that the existing provisions were liable to lead to great danger. When the banks could make the public their creditors to so large an amount, any one could see that it was possible for one Province to have three times, the other twice, and the other once, the amounts of their capital in the hands of the public, without any provision for keeping specie in the bank vaults for its redemption, the circulation was exposed to serious dangers; and all would see how necessary it was to place our banking system on a sounder footing. To show the effect of this system he would refer to the failure of the Bank of Upper Canada. When that bank failed the public held eight hundred thousand dollars of its notes, while the bank held but thirty-nine thousand dollars of specie for their redemption. Yet this bank had complied with all the conditions of its charter. He might, were he disposed to dwell upon the evil consequences of these systems, refer to the failure of the Commercial Bank; and to the bank failures in New Brunswick, but it was enough to say that these instances were enough to show that the system was one which ought to be revised. There are at present forty-two chartered banks in the Dominion with capital ranging from $60,000 up to $6,000,000. Among these was one having a capital of $126,000 with a note circulation of $154,000, and a specie reserve of only $11,000; and others were nearly in a similar position. Under the former condition of affairs, the existing systems might have been defended, because the banks were confined in their operations to their own provinces; that they were managed by men having a local character and reputation to sustain, and, therefore, less likely to lead to evil consequences. But now when the sphere of operations had been enlarged, when the whole Dominion, instead of a single Province, was open to their operations, it was clear that this system would be liable to greater abuses. It would be admitted that there should be no diversity of character, or security of the circulation; and that we ought to have that circulation on a uniform and sound basis. The Government had no special object to attain, beyond the single aim of putting the currency on a sound footing. He admitted they must do nothing to injure the vested interests of the banks, or to endanger the commerce of the country. They must act cautiously in any change that was to be made. Before explaining his mode of securing a sound and uniform currency for the Dominion, he would call attention to the state of the United States currency before the National Bank System was introduced, in 1863. Before Mr. Chase brought in his measure that year, there were thirteen or fourteen hundred different banks issuing notes, and the currency was in so confused a state, that it was almost impossible to distinguish the good from the spurious notes. The same evils, in a modified form, would necessarily follow in this country from a continuance of our present systems. Any one of the present systems, which ever Province is taken, is open to serious objection. The evils of a promiscuous circulation would be aggravated by any increase in the number of banks, and already there were applications for five more. The Government, in considering their policy on this question, had concluded that the business of banking proper should be left in the hands of private enterprise; and that the single duty of the Government was to provide a sound and substantial currency, by which every one might feel when he received a bank bill, that it was worth its face in gold (hear, hear). Though the past system was open to objection, it must not be rashly nor ruthlessly broken up. That system had grown up under another condition of affairs, but we were now expanding into national importance and required a new system adapted to our circumstances. In entering upon the consideration of this matter, it should be borne in mind that the banking capital of the country was one thing and the circulation of the banks another. The paid up capital of the banks of Ontario and Quebec is $30,000,000. The average circulation was $12,000, the highest that had ever been reached was $15,000,000. And in addition to the capital the banks held $31,000,000 in deposits, so that the total available banking capital was to the circulation at its highest figure as 65 to 15. Now as to the proposals he would submit: He proposed to allow the banks to continue as they are until 1871. But after that year they would be required to surrender twenty per cent. of their own circulation, as it was in 1868; substituting, therefor, notes secured by the Government. They would be required to make an equal surrender annually until 1876, when the whole of the bank circulation would be withdrawn, and a circulation secured by the Government substituted therefor. The change proposed, therefore, was a gradual one; and he desired to carry with him the sound bankers of the country. He regretted the misconceptions that had prevailed on this subject, but trusted the explanations he had offered would tend to remove them. There was no intention to injure the banks, the single object was to serve the interests of the whole country; and upon a question like this there ought to be no diversity of interests. He hoped, therefore, that the bankers, instead of opposing any change whatever, would see the wisdom of giving the public more security, for that was the only thing the Government had in view. In seven years the whole circulation of the country would be based upon Government securities, and he proposed to consider the effects of the change in its worst aspect. In Ontario and Quebec, as he had said, the circulation was $12,000,000. The banks last year held specie and Government securities to the extent of over eight millions of dollars. It was now proposed that the circulation should be based upon Government securities, and the banks would be required to hold 20 per cent. in specie for their redemption. For the Government securities deposited by the banks the Government would issue to the banks an equal amount of notes signed by an officer of the Government.

Mr. GIBBS—Will the banks be compelled to replace the 20 per cent. of their own circulation with notes?

Hon. Mr. ROSE thought it would not be to the interest of the banks to refuse to do so. But they were required to surrender 20 per cent. of the circulation and replace it with Government notes, on the basis of the circulation of 1868. In addition to the 20 per cent. specie to be held against the circulation, the banks would be required to hold one seventh of the amount of their deposits.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—In gold?

Hon. Mr. ROSE—Yes, in gold, and this was all the specie reserve they would be required to hold. Turning to the present resources of the banks to conform to the new law, he showed that the total additional amount of cash required to be provided during the whole seven years would only be five millions of dollars. To provide this small amount, covering so long a period, with the constant increase of banking capital, could not possibly cause any serious difficulty. The change in the average circulation would be only equal to a contraction of five per cent. per annum, 1½ on the average discount; and on the highest but seven per cent. per annum, and only two or three on the highest discount. He had taken the Dominion notes into the calculation, and these would be withdrawn from circulation.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Will the new notes be legal tender?

Hon. Mr. ROSE—Undoubtedly the new notes would be legal tender. It would be seen that the change, whether calculated on the highest circulation, and the highest rate of discount, or on the average of both, would be a very moderate one. If there is any truth in figures he thought the gradual introduction of the change could be productive of no evil consequences. He had examined the question on the supposition that there would be no new banking capital; but they had new banks seeking charters, and old ones asking to be allowed to increase their capital. The business of the country did not depend so much upon circulation as upon capital. It was found that when during the period in which the circulation had increased six per cent, the banking capital had increased nine per cent. and the deposits ninety per cent. The difference between the highest and the lowest circulation, about three millions of dollars, was the amount required to meet the demand for expansion in September and October to move the produce of the country. Now the banking capital of the country, including deposits with subscribed stock, was sixty millions, and the three millions was but a small proportion of that sum. But this money would not be lying idle during the rest of the year. Let them remember that this three millions would be drawing a fair rate of interest on the securities held by Government. While the money was lying in their vaults, it was not dead money, and this point ought not to be forgotten in discussing the question of expansion and contraction of the currency. The resolutions which he was about to introduce also made provision for other matters to which he had not yet alluded affecting the bank charters. It was proposed to renew the charters of the banks which came into the terms of the new Act by a general enactment; and he should also mention that the Dominion notes would be withdrawn in seven years, in proportion to the general change in the circulation, and replaced by new currency. The charters of the banks would be renewed for ten years. More stringent measures would be taken for the securing of correct and more minute returns; and it was intended to provide better means for enforcing the double liability of shareholders. There was one point which he had not noticed with sufficient prominence: the notes to be given to the banks would be made legal tender everywhere throughout the Dominion. This would effectually prevent the occurrence of a panic or a run upon any bank, and also avoid all per centages or discounts upon notes.

Mr. McKENZIE said—Suppose one wanted to get the gold he would have to pay a per centage.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said the notes would be redeemable at the head office of the bank, or at any one other point they please.

Mr. YOUNG—Then the arrangement for redemption is the same as now?

Hon. Mr. ROSE—Precisely the same as now.

Mr. GIBBS—Then the charge for exchange would be the same. If a note were payable at Halifax, there would be the same charges for collection.

Hon. Mr. ROSE—If the hon. gentleman felt disposed to send a note which was legal tender in Toronto, to Halifax to be exchanged for gold, the operation must be attended with expense. But the gold would only be required for foreign exchange; never for the internal business of the country. He had explained the policy which the Government intended to pursue.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON asked when it was the intention of the Government to proceed with the measure. The Bill to be founded upon the resolutions was more important than the resolutions. He desired to know whether the Government would press the measure this session?

Hon. Mr. ROSE—The Government find some eight or ten Banks seeking a renewal of their charters, and the subject must be dealt with one way or other. He would inform his hon. friend that the House would be invited to go into committee on these resolutions on Friday next.

Hon. Mr. GALT thought it was of importance to know whether it was absolutely necessary to push the measure through during the present session. The proposal was a new one, and required serious consideration.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that the Government had laid these resolutions before the House, and would invite its calm and dispassionate judgment thereon. They had been adopted after the most serious consideration by the Government, and the Government now desired the calm judgment of the House and the country.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON thought one week far too short a time to prepare for the discussion of these resolutions. He thought the Bank Charters might be renewed by a short Act, and the currency might be left over.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD thought his hon. friend had so ably stated the subject that it was out of place now to enter on its discussion. This day week the House would be invited to enter on a calm discussion of the policy.

Mr. GIBBS quite agreed with the propriety of not entering on the discussion now, though he believed the country was ready for the discussion at any time. He was glad to have heard from the Minister of Finance, in the course of his able speech, that the Government would be ready to receive suggestions from members of the House (hear, hear).

INTEREST OF MONEY.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said the question of in-

terest was one on which opinion was very much divided. There were different laws prevailing in the different provinces, and the Government had devised a policy to harmonise them, which he had hoped would meet the confidence of a majority of the House. It was proposed that six per cent. should continue to be the legal rate of interest where no special rate of interest had been agreed upon; and that any rate of interest up to eight per cent. might be stipulated for and recovered; but if a higher rate were agreed upon, then the law would only allow the recovery of six per cent. He gave notice that, on Friday next, he would move the House into Committee of the Whole on the resolutions embodying these provisions.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD was rejoiced that they were about coming back to the good old principles. He had always been opposed to legalizing a higher rate than six per cent.

Hon. Mr. GALT thought the measure was one of retrogression rather than of progress.

Hon. Mr. DORION, Mr. McKENZIE, and others made a few remarks.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said it was impossible in this world for one to get everything his own way; and this was just one of the questions upon which a compromise had to be accepted.

Mr. ROSS (Dundas) desired to express the opinion that the Government had taken a step in the right direction.

It being six o'clock the SPEAKER left the chair.

After Recess.

On motion of Mr. BEATY, the Act to amend the Act incorporating the Toronto Board of Trade, passed through committee, and was ordered to third reading on Monday.

On motion of Mr. MORRISON the Act to increase the capital stock of the Clifton Suspension Bridge Company was read a second time.

CRIMINAL LAWS.

On motion of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD the House went into committee on the Act respecting offences against the person, and amended the same by striking out the provision for flogging boys.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said he would allow the clauses referring to the whipping of adults, to be dealt with by the House.

On motion of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD the amendments to the Act respecting malicious injury to property were also considered in committee and reported.

On motion of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD the amendments to the Act respecting larceny and other similar offences were considered in committee and reported.

SECOND READINGS.

The following Bills were read a second time, and ordered to Committee of the Whole on Tuesday next:

By Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—An Act to place all Canadian vessels on an equal footing as regards pilotage in the port of Quebec, and for other purposes respecting pilotage.

By Hon. Mr. ROSE—The Canada Joint Stock Companies Clauses Act. From Senate.

By Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—An Act respecting cruelty to animals. From Senate.

By Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—An Act respecting certain offences relative to her Majesty's army and navy. From Senate.

By Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—An Act for the better protection of her Majesty's military and naval stores. From Senate.

By Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—An Act for the better preservation of the peace in the vicinity of Public Works. From Senate.

By Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—An Act respecting Joint Stock Companies incorporated by letters patent. From Senate.

SUPPLY.

Hon. Mr. ROSE moved the House again into committee of supply.

Mr. JOLY said before going into Committee of Supply he wished to say a few words on the finances of the country. He gave the Finance Minister credit for being very frank in his statement, still many people thought there was a deficit: some thought there was a surplus; and others looked wise and said nothing. Perhaps it would have been better for him to have been silent too; but when they found a large surplus in Ontario; and a large surplus in Quebec; when we found between those two provinces a surplus of a million and a half; when we found also a surplus in the Dominion Treasury, he wished to know whence these surpluses came, since our resources were not enlarged by Confederation.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said the hon. member might have little difficulty in finding a reason for the surplus in the two Provinces to which he had referred. The close management of the Local Governments over local expenditure had enabled them out of their local revenues and the sums paid by the Dominion under the Confederation Act to make their excess of receipts over expenditure. He explained the falling off in the customs revenue; the unexpected expenditure on militia accounts, and other circumstances which had led to the deficiencies on former occasions, and said he invited the hon. gentleman to make the fullest scrutiny of his statement, and would challenge him to point out wherein the true financial position of the country was misrepresented. Though he regretted very much the smallness of the surplus, it was some satisfaction to know that the balance was on the right side.

Hon. Mr. DORION made a lengthy address in which, after commenting on the finances, and the consequences of Confederation, he reiterated his views formerly expressed in the House as to the disastrous effects of the abrogation of reciprocity, and the policy to be pursued to interest the people of the Western States in its renewal. He concluded by moving that the Speaker do not now leave the chair, but that an humble address be presented to his Excellency, setting forth that the late reciprocity treaty between the United States and the Dominion had been beneficial in its operation to the industrial and commercial interests of both, and that its renewal, with such alteration and extension as would best secure the coasting and internal trade, registration, the interchange on equal terms of manufactured articles, &c., would be beneficial to both peoples, and praying his Excellency to adopt such measures as will tend to place our commercial relations with the United States on a more satisfactory footing.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER replied to Mr. Dorion, showing the substantial progress that the country was making, and controverting the theory that the amount of a country's imports was any test of its financial position. The amount of imports merely showed the extent of the country's dependence upon other countries. Though he valued highly the importance of reciprocity, he contended that the people would suffer every privation rather than surrender their political privileges. The people of this country were desirous of showing that they were willing to enter into closer commercial relations with the United States, or failing that they were prepared to fall back upon a national policy of their own. The true policy of this country was that enunciated by the Minister of Finance, to trust to our own resources. The former treaty had not been of great benefit to Canada, but the people of the Maritime Provinces felt that they had been unjustly dealt with, and he trusted that in any renewal of the treaty the interests of the Maritime Provinces would be better cared for. He regretted the abandonment of the duty on flour. Though Nova Scotia imported and Ontario exported flour, as a Nova Scotian he had advocated the impost of that duty. And while he did that he was also prepared to ask the imposition of a duty on coal of fifty cents per ton. This would be the truly national policy by which both the Upper and the Maritime Provinces would have been equally benefited, and the trade between them encouraged. He made a lengthy and eloquent address, and was loudly applauded on resuming his seat.

Mr. McKENZIE replied to Hon. Dr. Tupper, contending that the latter had been indulging in wholesale flattery in praise of what he (Mr. McKenzie) believed to be a very rotten state of the finances. He contended that there was no surplus this year, but a large deficit. With regard to reciprocity he would be no party to truckling to the United States.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that it was desirable that this motion should be fully discussed. He would, therefore, move the adjournment of the debate till Tuesday, with the understanding that the member for Lambton, if he desired it, would have the floor.

Mr. McKENZIE—Might perhaps take the floor if the debate were adjourned.

Mr. YOUNG did not see the propriety of discussing this question at all.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that the question having been raised, and the hon. member for Hochelaga having made a speech containing most extraordinary statements it now required an exhaustive debate to show the American people the true sense in which the question is viewed by this House.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he agreed with the propriety of the adjournment for the reasons stated, but the responsibility of the debate rested on the Minister of Finance, who had unnecessarily introduced the subject in his budget speech.

Hon. Mr. ROSE denied that the responsibility of this debate rested with him. The member for Hochelaga had moved for certain returns, and followed his motion by a somewhat extraordinary speech. That speech was followed by one still more extraordinary from the member for Huntingdon, representing the condition of this country in a most unenviable light, and it would have been a grave dereliction of duty had the Government failed to make the effort to remove the erroneous impressions these speeches were calculated to convey. He utterly repudiated the imputation of the member for Chateauguay, that he was responsible for this discussion, and he was sure the recollection of the House would bear him out in the assertion (hear, hear).

On motion of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD the debate was adjourned till Tuesday, then to be the first order of the day.

The House adjourned at 11:30.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 14.

Arthur township is voting on the by-law granting a bonus to the narrow gauge line to-day. A telegram states the by-law to be safe, the majority in one division being 77.

Laidlaw's circular seems to have effected the object for which it was written, as $14,000 worth of stock was sold to-day, and the feeling in favour of the line is being strengthened.

The investigation into the affairs of the Beard estate was continued to-day, when Alexander Ross Brown, of Montreal, and S. W. Beard having failed to appear on judges' summons, a rule *nisi* was issued for an attachment to commit for contempt of court.

The examination of Chewitt relative to the Brown's Bank business, called for to-day, has been postponed.

A private of the 29th was detected last night in the act of attempting to desert whilst on guard.

The sale of the 13th Hussars' horses was finished to-day. The average paid for horses of Hussars' troop was $141 55.

The Bay has been dragged all day to recover the body of Mr. McMurin, who was drowned on Wednesday evening, but the body has not been found.

MONTREAL.

The Diocesan Synod—The Rev. Ashton Oxenden Elected Bishop.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, May 14.

At the Synod to-day a vote was taken on all the names sent down, but with a similar result to that of yesterday. A committee was then appointed to confer together, with a view of uniting both parties upon a name. This committee failed to agree upon a name. Another ballot was taken with the same result. The committee then sent up to the House of Bishops, who sent down the Rev. Mr. Thompson, late Canon of Montreal, and Dr. Monsell, Vicar of Egham. No ballot was taken on these names, and the committee returned to the House of Bishops, and were informed that they would send down the name of the Rev. Ashton Oxenden, Vicar of Pluckley, Kent. There was a certainty of his election. During an hour's adjournment both parties agreed to accept on that name, except Mr. Huntingdon, who contended they should have a man from Canada.

The ballot was then taken with the following result: Clergy—Bishop Huron, 3; Dr. Merrick, 2; Oxenden, 57. Nos. 1. Laity—Bishop Huron, 12; Oxenden 44; lost—votes 3. Oxenden was then declared elected amid immense cheering.

Mr. Huntingdon then moved that the vote be unanimous, which was carried with great enthusiasm.

The Synod then adjourned till the first Wednesday in September.

The Bishops then entered the room amidst great cheering, and each of them briefly addressed the Synod, congratulating them upon the result.

It is understood that information has been received to the effect that Oxenden will accept the position. He was telegraphed the result to-day.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, May 14—Midnight.—In the House of Lords, this evening, Earl Russell enquired what plan the Government proposed to adopt for putting a stop to the outrages which had lately been so frequent in Ireland. He followed his enquiry with some remarks, in which he deprecated the land scheme of Mr. Bright, as likely to unsettle the Irish people. He called upon the Government to discountenance all visionary schemes, and state clearly what it intended to do.

Earl Granville, the Colonial Secretary, regretted the continual recurrences at the present time to this topic. He said the Government was not prepared to state its policy, nor was he authorized to give an opinion on Mr. Bright's plan.

Lord Derby urged an exposition of the ministerial policy, and a disavowal of Mr. Bright's opinions by the Government was dangerous to the best interest of Ireland.

After a sharp passage between Lords Derby and Kimberly the discussion was dropped.

At the close of the session this evening the House of Lords adjourned until the 27th of May.

In the House of Commons, to-night, Mr. Otway, Under-Foreign Secretary, said Spain had declined to accord a new hearing in the *Tornado* case. The detailed reasons assigned by Spain were now under the consideration of the law officers of the Crown.

Mr. Cardwell, Secretary of War, in reply to some intimations which had been thrown out, said the Government had no intention of countermanding the orders for a reduction of the troops in Canada under existing circumstances.

The Irish Church Bill was reported from the committee. Several amendments were proposed, and the Bill was recommitted, with the understanding that the vote on its third reading shall be taken on the 31st of May.

Hon. Reverdy Johnson took a formal leave of the Queen to-day, and at the interview presented Mr. Moran as *Charge d'Affairs*, until the arrival of Mr. Motley.

Arrival of the "Peruvian."

MOVILLE, May 13.—The steamer *Peruvian*, from Portland, for Glasgow, has arrived.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 14.—Several electoral meetings were dispersed to-day, causing in some instances riotous proceedings. A number of *Sergeants de Ville* were badly hurt.

CUBA.

HAVANA, May 13.—The crew of the steamer *Galvanic* have been released and taken to Jamaica by the British gunboat *Heron*.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

DIED.

In the Township of Fitzroy, at the residence of Mr. Robert Owens, Eleanor Susan, eldest daughter of Mr. Edward Armstrong.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

For the effect produced by Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs the inventor is permitted to refer to the Medical Gentlemen in St. John, N. B., whose signatures are attached hereto:

WILLIAM BAYARD, M.D.
EDWIN BAYARD, M.D.
THOMAS WALKER, M.D.
JOHN BERRYMAN, M.D., Ed.
Dr. JOHNSTON, L.R.C.S., Ed.
GEORGE KEATOR, M.D.
W. H. HARDING, M.R.C.S.
JOHN BAXTER, M.D.
J. D. WHITE, M. D.
T. W. CARRITT, M.D.

I, Aaron Alward, Mayor of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, having examined the letters of Drs. Earle, Addy, Clay, Jacobs and Chandler, and also the signatures attached to the foregoing permit of reference, hereby certify that I believe them all genuine.

I can also testify to the high therapeutical value of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs, and consider it deserving of attention by the profession generally.

(Great Seal.) In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Seal of Mayoralty at the city of St. John, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

AARON ALWARD, M.D.,
Mayor of the City of St. John.

1049b21b

AGENTS—FRANCIS CUNDILL & CO., 32 Lemoine-st., Montreal.

HATS THAT R HATS, At DEVLIN'S.

Ottawa, May 14. 1049a

GREAT AUCTION SALE OF HAY.

The subscriber has received instructions to offer for sale, at the RAILWAY STATION, on TUESDAY NEXT, the 18th INST.,

60 TONS OF PRESSED TIMOTHY HAY.

A portion of this quantity has been injured by exposure to rain, but bundles will be opened on the ground to show that the damage does not extend beyond the outside. The balance is of excellent quality, quite equal to what is now bringing $30 per ton.

The bales are bound with wire, and no wood is inserted to make up weight.

The whole will be sold by the ton or bundle as purchasers may desire.

TERMS—Cash.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869. 1050-3

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Commencing on TUESDAY, the EIGHTEENTH MAY, trains will leave Ottawa at seven, a m, one p m, and ten p m.

Trains will arrive at Ottawa at 10:35 a m, 4:15 p m, and 9 p m.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent.

1050td

By A. N. Sheppey, Auctioneer, Ogdensburg.

AUCTION.

Great Catalogue Sale of PERSONAL PROPERTY BELONGING TO GEORGE PARISH, Esq., Of Ogdensburg, N. Y.

The undersigned will sell by auction, commencing at 9 a. m., WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1869, all the personal property in the Mansion, (corner Sate and Washington-streets), Ogdensburg, N.Y., of GEORGE PARISH, Esq., consisting of

RICH AND ELEGANT FURNITURE,

Carpets, Mirrors,

SILVER, CHINA AND GLASSWARE,

Curtains, Cornices, Statuary, Paintings,

HARNESS, CARRIAGES, &c., &c.

☞ A great portion of this property was made to order in Europe, and in point of quality and elegance is superior to any on this continent.

For particulars see Catalogues.

☞ Sale positive and without reserve.

TERMS CASH.

A. N. SHEPPEY, Auctioneer.

Ogdensburg, N.Y., May 14, 1869. 1050td

AUCTION.

The great AUCTION SALE of personal property belonging to Geo. Parish Esq., of Ogdensburg, will commence

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19th, at ten o'clock a.m.

and embraces all the Furniture, Glass Ware, China, &c., including one set of splendid London, Harness and a magnificent London Carriage.

The house will be open for inspection one day, Tuesday, previous to sale.

Catalogues will be ready May 12th.

As I am instructed by Mr. Parish to sell all the property, this sale will be without reserve.

A. N. SHEPPEY, Auctioneer, Ogdensburg.

1650td

PLANTS FOR SALE.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public that he has on hand and for sale TOMATOES, EARLY and LATE CABBAGE PLANTS, CAULIFLOWERS, MELONS, CUCUMBERS in variety, and all the different plants suitable for a garden.

J. H. DWYRE,

1050a Corner of Slater and O'Connor-sts.

FOR SALE.

A first-rate BLACK CANADIAN PONEY, SET HARNESS and SPRING WAGGON, all in good order. Will be sold cheap for cash.

Apply to J. CONNOR, Gloucester-st., near Rideau-st.

1050a

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season. Just received.

JAS. BUCHANAN'S, Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank-st., third door from Sparks-st., where she will be happy to attend to heir orders. 1041b

BOARD AND LODGING.

Three gentlemen can be accommodated with rooms, with or without board, opposite the City Hall Square, 200 yards from Russell House.

Apply at TIMES office.

Or address Mrs. MACLENNAN, Post Office.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047a

Magee & Russell.

CARPETS! CARPETS!

Per Steamer "Bellona," from London direct.

MAGEE & RUSSELL WILL SHOW TO-DAY, NEW BRUSSELS AND TAPESTRY CARPETS

☞ OF SUPERIOR QUALITY. ☜

ALSO,

HEARTH RUGS TO MATCH.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on

Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant,

at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Litle's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

By John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers, Montreal.

TRADE SALE OF NEW CROP TEAS.

On THURSDAY, 20th instant, will be offered for account of Messrs. DAVID TORRANCE & Co., at their sample rooms, Exchange Court, by Catalogue about 5,000 packages NEW CROPS CHINA GREEN TEAS ex *Etha Rickmers*, &c., consisting of HYSON, YOUNG HYSON, GUNPOWDER, IMPERIAL and TWANKAY; also 4,511 packages NEW CROP NATURAL LEAF JAPAN TEAS ex *Unison*.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO., Auctioneers.

1049td

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a mortgage made by MICHAEL O'BRIEN, of the township of Fitzroy, in the county of Carleton, yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Esquire, now deceased, to which mortgage JANE O'BRIEN, the wife of the said Michael O'Brien, was made a party, for the purpose of barring dower only, of Lot number Sixteen, in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. SCOTT & ROSS, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of MAY, 1869, at TWELVE o'clock noon.

Margaret Malloch, the devisee named in the last will and testament of the said Edward Malloch, Esquire, deceased, will only covenant that she has done no act to incumber.

The purchaser will accept the title as it stood at the execution of the mortgage.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

1049td W. A. ROSS, Vendor's Solicitor.

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE "ROCKET," WINNER OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE IN 1863,

Height 15½ hands.

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of

MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON, Clarence-st., near the Market.

☞ Terms $10 for the season.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays fo Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, 124 Rideau-st.

1043d

LOST,

On the 12th inst., a small YELLOW LEATHER POCKETBOOK, containing $35. The finder will receive five dollars reward on returning it to THE TIMES Office.

Ottawa, May 13. 1048-3

APPRENTICES WANTED.

Two Apprentices, about 14 or 15 years of age, wanted to learn the Confectionery business.

Apply to MRS. PRODERICK, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

BRICKS! BRICKS!

Just received 50,000 RED BRICKS and a LOT OF SHINGLES.

For sale cheap.

W. H. EASTON & CO., Canal Basin and Little Sussex-st.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869. 1049a

SIMCOE OLD RYE.

(*Ritchie, Ford & Co.*)

Just received.

JAMES BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047tf

500 BUSHELS SEED PEAS —AT— T. KAVANAGH'S FLOUR STORE, Rideau-st., next door to the Tea Pot.

Ottawa, May 11. 1046a

THREE GENTLEMEN

Can be accommodated with furnished bedrooms on Wellington-st.

Apply to M. KAVANAGH at the "Queen," or the House of Commons. 1043a

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF CARPETINGS AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK OF MILLINERY IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK OF MANTLES, AT MODERATE PRICES, IN EVERY STYLE,

At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Silk Velvets, Velveteens and Water-proof Cloakings IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Satin and Lace, Plain and Fancy Silk, Dress Trimmings, Buttons, Linings, &c., In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Ribbons, Lace, Embroidered Collars and Cuffs, And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Broadcloths, Tweeds, Coatings, Vestings, and Tailors' Trimmings In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Linens, Prints, White and Grey Cottons In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF NEW GOODS In all the Departments, is to be found at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED. ☜

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

30 SPARKS STREET.

Tailoring.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS FOR SUMMER WEAR, In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian TWEEDS, may now be seen at the *COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE*, No. 60 Sparks-st.

Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.

A. GRAHAM & CO., Commercial Warehouse, No. 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

T. LAWRENCE

Having opened a first-class TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT, in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.

From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

GENTLEMEN

Leaving their orders at the COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE, No. 60 Sparks-st., Can get well suited in Garments.

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

N. ROBERTSON, MERCHANT TAILOR, BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation o the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

COATS, PANTS and VESTS

May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE, No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

☞ FOR CASH ONLY. ☜

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE, No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND

Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously

Without the Use of a Press or Water.

Price from $2.00 to $4.50.

Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.

Call and see for yourselves.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE—Place the writing under the copying sheet, and rub with the fingers. That's all.

May 5, 1869.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT, HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.

City papers may be had at 6 a. m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.

A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical Sketches.

Gardening for Profit.

Breck's New Book of Flowers.

Buist's Flower Garden Directory.

The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.

J. DURIE & SON, Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

Terms of subscription for	1 year	$3 00
	6 months	1 50
	3 do	1 00
	1 do	0 40

The latest novels, British and American Periodicals always on hand. Books bought, sold and exchanged, at

HAUSER'S, Sparks-st.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply al. their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6. 1015tf

NOTICE.

All parties indebted to the estate of the late Mr. G. W. LESTER are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and all parties in possession of any chattels, or personal effects, belonging to the said G. W. LESTER at the time of his death, are hereby notified to deliver the same to the undersigned forthwith.

(Signed,) J. L. ORME, Administrator of G. W. Lester, deceased.

Ottawa, May 11, 1869. 1046tf

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD, AT THE LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES,

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO., Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS, THE CHEAPEST GOODS, THE CHEAPEST GOODS, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK, THE LARGEST STOCK, THE LARGEST STOCK, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED, THE BEST ASSORTED, THE BEST ASSORTED, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY, THE GREATEST VARIETY, THE GREATEST VARIETY, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE, THE BEST VALUE, THE BEST VALUE, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES, THE NEWEST STYLES, THE NEWEST STYLES, At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS, FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, DOOR MATS, DAMASKS, REPPS, PEKINADES, CHINTZES, LACES, CORNICES, COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON, 47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING *BOOKBINDING*, &c., &c., &c.

To be had at "THE OTTAWA CITIZEN" *PRINTING*, AND STATIONERY STORE, 21 *Rideau-st.*,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, lar
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to mat
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultra rine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and L Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shap
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—

Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—

Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES

Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.

Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal and Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—

Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—

Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—

Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,

Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'

Office Requisites supplied on reasonab terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES

Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Boo Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice an on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

General Geography, with 39 coloured map price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,

Authorized by the Council of Public Instructio for Ontario. The prices are

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.
FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongl bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly boun in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES.

The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.
At "The Ottawa Citizen" Stationery and Printing House,

AT "THE OTTAWA CITIZEN *STATIONERY* AND PRINTING HOUSE, 21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*

We would call the especial attention of the

LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for $1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to
JOHN COOK,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX,
Plantagenet Mills,
Ontario.

1043tf

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to
ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,

AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to
R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to
S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET—FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to
S. SKINNER,
Senate Buildings.

1028d

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TO LUMBERERS.

QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are,
Your obdt. servants,
1000-2m M. STEVENSON & CO.

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

From 15th June, the HOUSE occupied by CAPTAIN SCOTT, on Daly-st., Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, May 14. 1049tf

HOUSE TO LET

On Richmond Road, of six rooms. Apply to J. McGAW, Cave Creek Hotel. 1049

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

A NEW COTTAGE,

beautifully situated on the

MACKAY ESTATE,

three-quarters of a mile from Rideau Hall, and one mile from Sandy Hill Bridge, with one or more acres of land attached.

For particulars apply at the

OFFICE OF THE MACKAY ESTATE.

New Edinburgh, May 13, 1869. 1019-3

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th INSTANT, for the purchase of the NEW STEAM SAW MILL near the mouth of the River Blanche, in East Templeton, Province of Quebec, with land and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Mill in good running order, with first-class SHINGLE MILL in addition. Size of Mill 80 x 40, with Engine House 26 x 40. Engine 80 horse power.

If not sooner disposed of it will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of Walker & Pennock, in the city of Ottawa, on the 15th INSTANT, at NOON.

Terms easy.

For fuller particulars and conditions of sale apply to

W. H. WALKER,
Solicitor for Vendor.

Ottawa, May 1, 1869. 1039b

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying postpaid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

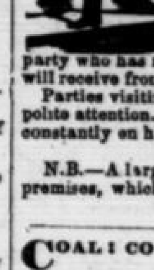
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,
(Screened.)
LACKAWANNA
(Egg and Stove Sizes.)
LEHIGH
(Lump and Egg Sizes.)
BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' *bills.*

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

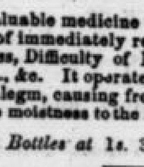
The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK  REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine No. 2	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

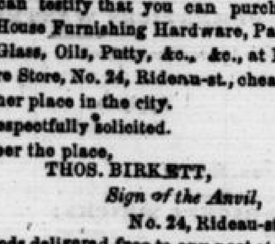
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st., Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Remember the place,

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon an Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank-st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN.

Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests.

Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

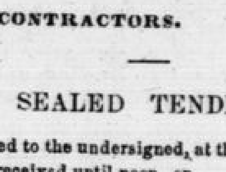
FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.



TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, 15TH MAY NEXT,

for the construction of the following Public Works and Buildings:

AT LONDON.

A LUNATIC ASYLUM to be erected on the site known as the Hale Farm, Lot 8, in the 1st Con., on the Governor's Road, near the city. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the City Hall, London.

AT BELLEVILLE.

A DEAF and DUMB INSTITUTION to be erected on the site known as the Spence Farm, east half of Lot 36 on the Sidney Road, fronting on the Bay of Quinte, near the west limits of the town. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Shire Hall, Belleville.

AT TORONTO.

SUNDRY BRICKLAYERS' and STONECUTTERS' WORK, to complete the WEST WING of the PROVINCIAL LUNATIC ASYLUM. Also, Heating Pipe and Apparatus for both wings. Also, a House or Caretaker, and a new Pumping Engine at the Engine House on the Lake Shore. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

A CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES and OUT-BUILDINGS for the Lieutenant-Governor's Residence. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry and Langley, Architects, Jordan-street, Toronto.

AT YOUNG'S POINT.

A STONE LOCK and CHANNEL, to be constructed at Clear Lake, north of Peterborough. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department, and at the Court House, Peterborough.

IN MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

A STONE LOCK, to be constructed between Lakes Muskoka and Rousseau. Plans and specifications can be seen at this Department.

Printed specifications and forms of tender can be had on application to the Department, and at the above named places, where the plans are exhibited.

The lowest, or any tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works for Ontario,
Toronto, April 24, 1869. 1035td

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA.—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

COOKING STOVES of the best quality and make at ESMONDE'S.

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER TUESDAY, MAY 18th, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p. m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p. m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p.m. 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 8:45 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 2:30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 6:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

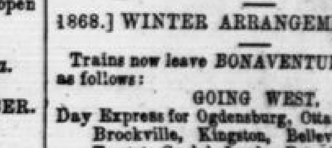
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:00 a m

Night do do do do 8:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:00 a m

Trains for Lachine at ... 6:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central ... 3:30 p m

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 3:30

Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:30 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT

REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS,

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD,
1043.20d 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

TIN SPICE BOXES,

A novelty,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at ESMONDE'S.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director. ALEX ROBERTSON Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1051. OTTAWA, MONDAY, MAY 17, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

CASE 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—*The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20. 748j

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division	....	Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.

Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,
Very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying
TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Dry Goods.

WATER! WATER! WATER!

SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

Having purchased part of the cargo of the vessel *City of Limerick*, lately wrecked, we will offer the whole for sale, commencing

MONDAY, 5TH APRIL,

and continuing the following days until all the goods are disposed of. This is an opportunity to secure bargains which may not offer again for years. The greater part of the goods have received scarcely any damage, so that parties who call early will have the best chance of getting bargains, as we will make no reserve, but throw each line of goods by itself, and let the first who comes first have the best pick. The following are some of the damaged goods, viz.:

10 CASES		ASSORTED BLEACHED COTTONS,
1	do	SHEETINGS,
1	do	QUILTS,
2	do	TOWELS,
1	do	PRINTS,
1	do	ASSORTED LINEN GOODS,
2	do	ASSORTED DRESS GOODS,
1	do	SILKS,
3	do	MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SKIRTS,
2	do	DRESS MUSLINS,
10	do	ASSORTED GOODS.

We give a list of prices that some of the goods will be sold for to give parties an idea of the bargains they will be able to get. A nice lot of DRESS GOODS for 6d 7½d to 9d per yard.

Ladies' Mantles only	£0	5	0
Splendid Prints, worth 9d, only	0	6	0
Towels, "all Linen," only	0	0	4
Dress Muslins, per yard, only	0	0	6
Mantle Cloths, only			0¼
Pocket Handkerchiefs, each, only			1¼
Gloves, per pair, only			6
Table Damasks, per yard, only	0	2	6
Stylish Cloths, per yard, only	0	1	
Parasols, each, only	0	1	
Gents' Neckties, "latest styles," each, only			0

LOOK! LOOK!

50 pieces Dress Lining, only 1d per yd.

ATTENTION!—Two cases more of those spools for 1d, worth 3d.

Don't delay in calling early as the first pick will be the best.

We have also received a splendid assortment of all the latest styles in SPRING GOODS in perfect order, which we will sell lower than any house in this city.

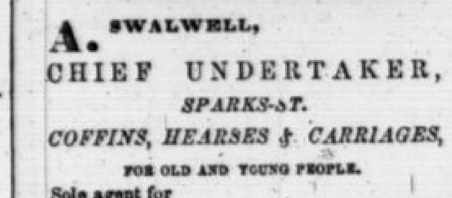
CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

10 cases in all the new styles, just arrived, which will be sold very low. For particulars in price see our Clothing Bills.

The place to secure these immense bargains is at the old cheap spot, THE OCCIDENTAL, in Stewart's Brick Block, Corner Rideau and Sussex-sts., Sign of the White Flag.

H. HICK & CO.



A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st, first Brick House below the market.

HOUSEKEEPERS,

BUY YOUR

STOVES AND KITCHEN

FURNISHINGS

AT

ESMONDE'S,

the cheapest place in the city. All sorts of tin-work manufactured to order.

A few second hand COOKING STOVES for sale.

TENDERS WANTED

for the erection of a

ONE STORY BRICK OFFICE,

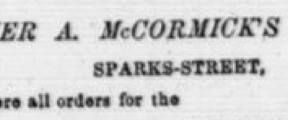
AT THE

NEW EDINBURGH SAW MILLS.

Plans and specifications will be seen at the office, at the mills, where tenders will be received up to SATURDAY NIGHT, the 15th INST.

The lowest tender not necessarily accepted.

New Edinburgh Saw Mills,
May 13, 1869. 1048-3



NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 482y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10¼.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 994tf

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.,

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

QUEBEC REFERENCES.

Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.

James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.

Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.

Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.

Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a

FEW DAYS

OPEN A FIRST-CLASS

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the

FIRST FLOOR

OF THE

MASONIC HALL BLOCK,

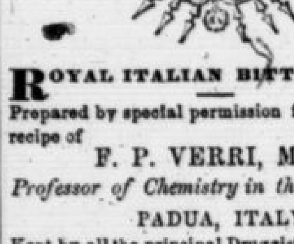
ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK

In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS,

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of

PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

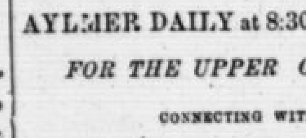
End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,
Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

LEAVES

AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"

"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"

FOR

DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS,
1042tf President.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

FIRE WORKS!

FOR 24TH MAY,

Received and for sale, at 43 Sussex and Sparks-sts.

1048-3 L. N. NYE.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS, price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To either with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call duly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to F RRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00 **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 .... GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50 .... GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4 .... OVERCOATS,
$9 .... COMPLETE SUITS
$1 .... GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS. $1 and $1.25 ...... UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 .... DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

OPENED OUT

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,

A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,

A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,

A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,

A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS

IN NEW MATERIALS,

A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,

A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,

TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES

are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

SAVAGE'S URSINA.

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR,

has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.

It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.

Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.

EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1028eod.3m

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CHAMBER SETS, cheap at
ESMONDE'S.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

TO LUMBER MERCHANTS.—Wanted by a young man a situation as Lumber Clerk; has had several years experience in the measuring, shipping and piling of lumber. Can furnish the very best of references. Address, A.R., TIMES Office, Ottawa. 1047-4-26-1

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

Mrs S.A.ALLEN

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

For the effect produced by Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs the inventor is permitted to refer to the Medical Gentlemen in St. John, N. B, whose signatures are attached hereto:

WILLIAM BAYARD, M.D.
EDWIN BAYARD, M.D.
THOMAS WALKER, M.D.
JOHN BERRYMAN, M.D., ED.
DR. JOHNSTON, L.R.C.S., ED.
GEORGE KEATOR, M.D.
W. H. HARDING, M.R.C.S.
JOHN BAXTER, M.D.
J. D. WHITE, M. D.
T. W. CARRITT, M.D.

I, Aaron Alward, Mayor of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, having examined the letters of Drs. Earle, Addy, Clay, Jacobs and Chandler, and also the signatures attached to the foregoing permit of reference, hereby certify that I believe them all genuine.

I can also testify to the high therapeutical value of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs, and consider it deserving of attention by the profession generally.

{ Great Seal. } In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Seal of Mayoralty at the city of St. John, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

AARON ALWARD, M.D,
1049b21b Mayor of the City of St. John.

AGENTS—FRANCIS CUNDILL & CO., 32 Lemoine-st., Montreal.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Locking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS, GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,

AND

DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
1002tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

34 *SUSSEX-ST.*

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

THE PRINCE AND PRINCESS OF WALES IN THE CRIMEA.

The *Times* correspondent gives a long account of the English graves in the Crimea, which, he says, are in a perfectly disgraceful state of dilapidation, and cause every Englishman to blush when he sees those of the Russians and French. He then describes the appearance of the country, and says: Flocks of sheep and herds of cattle dot the brownish green waste, which was once the home of 150,000 men in arms; and through the air which for so many months was convulsed with the shock of continual strife, the rattle of musketry, and the roar of guns, there is now no noise to reach the ear more formidable than the lowing of the kine, or more piercing than the song of the crested lark. The pomp and circumstance of glorious war has vanished. The earth has bubbles as the water hath, and these are of them.'

In a farm house close to the windmill there was spread a lunch—the windmill which was once almost a centre of battle, as it certainly was in the midst of a tremendous conflagration. The woman who was in possession of the house—a dilapidated place close to the siege train, and very probably the building which served as the Engineer quarters—seemed to be a squatter, and could not tel to whom the place belonged. There were old boardings to be seen incorporated in the mansion, and old iron and rubbish of the camps were stowed away in the corners of the courtyard. In a little apartment inside, room was found for the party.

When the repast was over the Prince and the gentlemen galloped over to the Inkerman ridge, where we could look down on the Tchernaya, the Traktir bridge, and the scene of the Light Cavalry charge, and that of the Chasseurs d' Afrique; and Gen. Kotzebue explained to the Prince the general scope of the very unfortunate Russian attack on the French and Sardinians, on the 16th of August, 1855, which is called the battle of the Tchernaya, or of Traktir. Skirting the ridge of Inkerman, as we improperly style it—the real name being the Sapoune Heights, the party came to the battle-field. It was not possible for the pony carriage to get over the rough ground before us, but the Princess and Mrs. Grey could see the scene of the action very well. We rode slowly over the bridge, saw the fatal little glen into which General Cathcart led his men with desperate strategy, and fell with Seymour by his side, the hillocks where for a time our guns were taken by a surging rush, the head of the Careening Creek Ravine, in which Sorinanoff, coming from the city, made his saving blunder, and, turning to his left instead of his right, debouched in the rear and flank of Pavloff's division, instead of deploying on the ridge between the middle ravine and Careening Creek, and seizing it.

Leaving the Inkerman monument, which, like most of our memorials, will not last long unless we look after it, the party rode to the extreme right of the French attack and passed into the Volhynia Selinghinsk and Zabalkanski redoubts, which General de Kotzebue seemed to doubt the policy of ever having erected, though such a forward movement produced a moral effect on both sides. Thence we went down the ascent to Careening Creek; saw the exact spot where Soimonoff turned aside; beheld the ground over which Todleben in person directed the retreat of the Russian guns which he had and entered the Malakhoff itself, where we found the Princess and Mrs. Grey and those of the party who did not ride. The remains of the famous 'White Tower' have now been cleared out and sweept clean, and the visitors passed through the loophole corridor at the base, examined the magazine, (the entrance to the galleries of countermine), the place where the gallant Korniloff received his death wound, and mounted to the summit of the tower whence they could see how the French had delved and dived, mined, and fought foot by foot up the slope from the Mamelon till they got within a few yards of the edge of the ditch from which they made their spring. There is a graceful marble monument in an enclosure, 'to the memory of those who fell, ' including French and Russians, behind the tower, and a house for the guardian of the place. Numbers of poorly clad children came up here with bullets and pieces of shell to sell, and it is evident the Malakhoff is the ' show place' of this plateau. There is no time to visit the Kamschatka Redoubt (Mamelon), or the Valley of the Shadow of Death, and, indeed, the view we had of the Malakhoff as it now appears could give little notion of the formidable nature of the tremendous earthworks, or of the external aspect of the great mound from which, volcano-like, smoke, fire, and projectiles had been vomited over the plain from month to month—as Sir John Burgoyne said, from the first day 'the key of the position,' which we had at one time in our breeches pocket and would not take out. The party next passed down the steep descent to the Dockyard wall, which still stands as we left it—a riddled screen of white stone, and as we rode in and looked at the gulf filled with rubbish and masonry in heaps, which are all that remain of docks and bridges, the old General could not help observing that the destruction of these great works was 'an act which could not be qualified otherwise than as one of barbarism.' The forges and workships of the Russian Steam Navigation Company down below were at work, and gave some life to the place, over which otherwise ' the abomination of desolation' might have been written everywhere.

It was with the impressions excited by such a spectacle in us, that we rode round to the front of the Marine Barrack to see the colossal statue placed on a granite pedestal, which now forms so prominent a feature in the landscape. That rough, vigurous, and sagacious-looking head and powerful form, which the designer has rendered so well in bronze, represent on a gigantic scale the Lazareff, who is venerated by Russian sailors as the father of the Black Sea fleet, once so formidable. He stands looking out on the waters of the deserted roads, beneath which are rotting away the results of his energetic conception, for several ships, I am assured, still remain below, and are now so decayed that they cannot be removed. The Royal party returned at a gallop, for it was now getting late, by the Creek Battery and road to the landing place, where there was a crowd to welcome them as before, and return to the *Ariadne* at dusk. General, Madame, and Mdlle. de Kotzebue Baron Osten Sacken, Captain Skariatine, and Mr. Stevens were invited to dinner on board, and toasts were proposed to the health of the Emperor and of the Prince and Princess.

POLYGAMY AND THE PRINCESS OF WALES.—The institution of polygamy is rather shaky, it seems—at all events in the Turkish dominions. Turkey is not getting much richer, whilst the times are getting very much worse. Many wives, in short, are found too expensive, and one partner is rapidly becoming the fashion. More than this, it has been reserved for the Princess of Wales to deal a ruthless blow at the social inequality of the two sexes in Turkey. Mohammedan rites and manners forbid the sitting of women at the table with their lords; but when the princess came there was no help for it. Her Highness could not be relegated to the seraglio whilst the Prince of Wales and the Sultan crossed their legs and smoked their pipes in solitary state. A place, not only for the Princess, but for three other ladies, was made at the table for the Sultan. This, at least, is a beginning. More intercourse of this kind can never fail to give the women of Turkey a better status, and thus raise the tone of social life amongst these people.

A SCENE.—The London *Orchestra* says: "A few evenings ago an absurd effect was created in the Edgware road by the appearance of a horse and jockey, in full racing costume, galloping madly towards the Marble Arch. A hue and cry was at once raised at such a novel sight, but all attempts to stop the horse were unavailing until the park was reached, when, the horse getting exhausted, the jockey managed to pull him up. On inquiry it seems that the jockey and horse were to have taken part in Mr. Boucicault's drama of 'Flying Scud,' now being performed at the Alfred theatre, but just before going on the stage the horse trod on a bag of torpedoes, used to imitate the cracking of whips, and the loud bang of these torpedoes so alarmed the animal that he bolted out of a side door, leaving, for the first time of his many performances, the race to be won by a dummy and the curtain to fall on an inglorious tableau. Fortunately no one was injured."

FRAUD AT HAMILTON.—A prominent grain-buyer of this city, J. H. Pettit, has left for parts unknown, carrying off $5,000 belonging to Mr. R. King, a partner in recent grain transactions. It appears that a few week. ago he tnd Mr. King entered into a partnership for the purchase of grain, Mr. King to furnish the capital and share one half in the profits. The proceeds of a sale, $5,000, made a short time ago, were placed in a city Bank to the credit of Pettit & Co. Pettit was suddenly infected with the emigration fever, and having disposed of his property in a quite-way, drew $5,000 a foresaid and vamosed. It is said that he leaves numberless little debts about town to be settled when he calls again.—*Spectator.*

—A gentleman residing in a town near Boston, while attending divine service a Sunday or two ago, was, under the soothing influence of the sermon, lulled into a pleasant slumber. He was finaly disturbed by the touch of a contribution box in the hands of one of the deacons, who was taking up a collection; but, without opening his eyes, the sleeper ejaculated "Season," and sank back to resume his nap. It is unnecessary to say that he was a season ticket passenger on a railroad.

—A use has been found for dogs at last. A seven year old boy fell overboard from a canal boat in Buffalo last Wednesday, but saved himself by clinging to the carcass of a dead dog which was floating on the water, until help arrived. The Buffalo *Express*, in noticing the affair, says:—"This is the first case that has come within our knowledge for years wherein a dog has been of any practical utility in this city; but it contains a suggestion which, if acted upon, may prove beneficial to mankind."

—A singular accident occurred at the Theatre Royal in Bradford, England. A boy who was jumping down from one seat to another in the gallery, gained such a momentum that he had lost control of himself, and to the dismay of those who witnessed the accident, pitched head foremost into the pit below, a depth of about 24 feet, alighting partially on the shoulder of one of the violinists. He received a severe shock, but strange to say, no bones were broken, and he wished to stay the piece out. This was not allowed, but he asked for and received the sixpence he had paid for admission.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine.* Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Brydon's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vexata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY. For sale by all druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Parisian Steam Dye Works—Ottawa Agency—City Hoop Skirt Factory.
Authorized Discount—R. S. M. Bouchette.
Mare, &c., for Sale by Auction—J. Bermingham
Skating Rink—Grand Sacred Concert.
Second-hand Skiff Wanted.

JOB WORK, including PAMPHLETS, POSTERS DODGERS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS, CARDS, &c., printed at THE TIMES office, at low rates, and with neatness and despatch.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, MAY 17, 1869.

THE subject of the public printing was last week discussed by the *Citizen*, and some general principles laid down regarding Government patronage in this matter, the soundness of which can hardly be called in question. It is an anomaly that while the patronage of the Government is generally exercised by Ministers in the interest of their supporters, the bulk of the public printing should be handed over to those who do no political service whatever. The Deputy Heads of Departments have, in this instance, as in some others, exercised an undue influence, and for reasons that may only be guessed at outside have defeated the intentions of Ministers, or even set their instructions at defiance. This is an evil that has specially been felt regarding the distribution of the printing patronage of the Government. An under-strapper, thinking that his merits may not have been made enough of by the press, does not hesitate to avail himself of his position to stand between the press and the Government patronage wherever he can, and Ministers are too busy and too respectful to their subordinates to interfere with them in this matter. The Public Accounts just printed show to what an extent the printing for the several Departments has gone beyond the press; and yet the Government, as all governments must, have to rely in a great measure upon the support of the press in their administration of affairs.

The question is about to be submitted to Parliament in a Government measure. We hope the Privy Council have considered the claims of those, who at no little risk to themselves, devote their energies to the support of the Government. It is some disadvantage to be a Government supporter in the press, even under the most favourable circumstances. The public will, to some extent, believe that newspapers are "subsidised," that they are in fact, though indirectly, paid for their support, by the receipt of Government patronage. To what a trifling degree this is true may be seen by a reference to the Public Accounts. But in the framing of a new policy on this subject, no fairer scheme could be adopted than that suggested by the *Citizen, i. e.*, the equitable distribution of the work, at fixed trade prices, among those who give the Government a substantial return for its favours. In the Maritime Provinces, this rule has been invariably followed. The QUEEN'S PRINTER has gone in and out with his party. He is not a hereditary institution, nor a creation for the benefit of the Deputy Heads. But a few weeks ago Mr. E. M. MACDONALD paid the penalty of his adherence to Mr. HOWE, by the loss of the Nova Scotia Queen's Printership. That a similar rule ought to obtain here does not, we think, admit of doubt.

There is another way of doing the departmental printing. It may be put up to public competition and let by contract. Against this policy we have nothing to say. What we do object to is that a large amount of patronage, in the hands of the Government, should be given past the press, when the press is popularly believed to be in receipt of it, and we may add legitimately entitled to its enjoyment. If, however, the Government would rather be rid of this patronage, let them put the work up to tender. In this way the unsuccessful competitors would have no cause of complaint; and newspaper publishers would be able to understand exactly how they stood, in relation to this kind of work. We do protest against a further continuance of the unfair system that has heretofore prevailed.

THE following from the Simcoe *British Canadian* is one of the many "opinions of the press" on the impropriety of overloading the AUDITOR-GENERAL with a multiplicity of offices and several salaries. The views set forth are those which appear to find favour with the press of the country of all shades of politics, and such as we think public opinion will heartily endorse:

"It is rumoured that the Auditor-General is to be appointed Secretary of the Treasury Board at a salary of one thousand dollars per annum. We do not know what the duties of the proposed office may be; but we do know that Mr. Langton already holds a lucrative and responsible office, the duties of which he is unable to perform without assistance; and as we are opposed to a man holding more offices than he can personally attend to, we cannot approve of the appointment of Mr. Langton to the office of Secretary to the Board. If the time of the Auditor-General is not fully occupied with the duties of his present office, let one of his assistants be dismissed, that he may have employment enough. If, on the other hand, his time is fully occupied at present, it is folly to confer another office upon him. Either one or the other of the offices must be neglected, or he must have more assistance. In either case, a public wrong would be committed; in the former case Mr. Langton would be paid for discharging duties which he neglected; or in the latter he would receive payment for doing work done by an assistant, and for doing which the assistant was paid. We hope the members for this county will see their way clear to opposing the appointment of Mr. Langton to another office. It is already said that he is overworked. This being the case, it is a pity to impose additional work upon him. It is also unnecessary, for we have no doubt plenty of men could be found abundantly able to do the duties of the office for the consideration named. If, however, Mr. Langton is thought to be the only man competent for the position, let him be transferred from the audit office to the new position, and let him be paid a salary amply sufficient to reward him for the duties and responsibilities of the office; but do not let him get payment for services which he cannot perform unless he neglects the duties of his present office; or do not create an office without duties, merely to give the Auditor-General an additional one thousand dollars a year. If his present salary is considered inadequate for his valuable services to the country, let it be increased in a straightforward way. The country is willing that its public servants should be amply rewarded for all their services, but has a decided objection to sinecures, or to any man being made rich at the public expense by holding offices, the real work of which is performed by, in many cases, ill-paid 'assistants.'"—*British Canadian*, Simcoe.

DEATH OF HENRY J. FRIEL, ESQ., MAYOR OF OTTAWA.

The city was startled yesterday morning by the announcement that HENRY J. FRIEL, Esq., the Mayor, was dead. He died at three o'clock on Sunday morning, after a brief illness. He had been suffering for a few days previously with influenza, and the immediate cause of death was inflammation of the lungs. But a week ago, yesterday, he was in the full enjoyment of health, and entertained a distinguished party at his residence, including his Grace the ARCHBISHOP of Halifax, his Lordship the BISHOP of Ottawa, SIR GEORGE E. CARTIER, &c. On Monday night Mrs. FRIEL gave birth to a son, and it is feared that Mr. FRIEL had caught cold in going out during the night, as the following day he was severely affected. No danger was apprehended, however, and on Thursday last he was so well as to believe that he would be able to go out in a few days. On Friday night he was again in a critical condition, and on Saturday morning received the rites of the Church. He continued in the full possession of his faculties, and gradually sank, until, as we have said, he breathed his last, at three o'clock on Sunday morning.

There is but one feeling of deep sorrow for Mr. FRIEL's early doom. He was only in the prime of life; and though of delicate constitution, the moderation and regularity of his habits were such as to lead to the expectation that he had a long career of usefulness before him. He was in the very hey-day of his popularity. His natural urbanity of manner made him a favourite everywhere. His zeal and devotion to the public good were conspicuous on every occasion; and the heartiness with which he threw himself into every undertaking calculated to advance the interests of the city, or reflect honour on its character, has rarely been equalled, and never excelled, by any public man. With all creeds, classes and nationalities Mr. FRIEL was deservedly popular; and in his death every man in the city feels as if he had lost a personal friend.

Mr. FRIEL was a native of Canada, having been born in Montreal in 1823, and was therefore in his forty-sixth year at the time of his death. His father removed, with his family, to Bytown a few years afterwards—in 1827 we think—so that Mr. FRIEL grew up with Ottawa from its infancy. His parents died when he was quite young, leaving him and a daughter who is now in one of the convents in Montreal. Mr. FRIEL apprenticed himself to the printing business in the old Bytown *Gazette* office, under Dr. CHRISTIE. He purchased the *Packet* in 1845, and conducted it for three years, when his health failing he first leased it and then sold it to Mr. ROBERT BELL, who changed its name to the *Citizen*. In 1849 he was appointed to the office of Clerk of the County Court and Deputy Clerk of the Crown, which office he held until 1857, when he resigned, and was succeeded by the present incumbent, JAMES FRASER, Esq. In 1858 Mr. FRIEL commenced the publication of the *Union* newspaper, which he sold out at the beginning of 1866 to the proprietor of this journal. Mr. FRIEL was, therefore, in some sense the pioneer of both the Ottawa journals—the *Citizen* and TIMES—both having been started on enterprises previously under his control. For the past three years Mr. FRIEL has been unconnected with the press; but we have reason to know that he had it in contemplation to re-enter newspaper life; and had been only restrained from doing so by his public duties, and the persuasions of his friends, who feared that its excitements would ruin his somewhat feeble health. In addition to his connection with the press in Ottawa, Mr. FRIEL, in his younger days, contributed many pieces to the *Literary Garland* of Montreal, and other magazines. He was a terse and vigorous writer, keen in argument, and ever anxious to have the last word. In the stormy days of journalism, when partyism ran high and bigotry found vent in newspapers, Mr. FRIEL maintained his cause with courageous daring, though he was ever willing to forgive and forget the irritations consequent upon hot newspaper warfare.

Mr. FRIEL entered public life at the age of twenty-one, and maintained, almost uninterruptedly, his connection with municipal affairs. When Bytown was incorporated in 1846 he entered its first council, and served several terms as Reeve. When it became a city he was elected Mayor, which he held in 1854. He was Mayor also in 1863, and again in 1868 and the present year. We believe he held his seat in the Corporation uninterruptedly from the day of the town's incorporation. Of his connection with municipal matters we need hardly speak. Had he not been a faithful public servant it is impossible to conceive that the public confidence would have clung to him through all these years, and we think we may safely say that at no time in his career did Mr. FRIEL stand higher with all classes of the community than now, when it has pleased PROVIDENCE to remove him from the scene of his labours.

He was not so successful in his political, as in his municipal, career. He contested the representation of the city with Mr. YEILDING; he contested Ottawa county with Mr. PAPINEAU, and he ran for Prescott in 1863. In these contests, as in that of 1867, against Mr. SCOTT for the representation of Ottawa in the Legislature of Ontario, he was unsuccessful.

With various local institutions Mr. FRIEL was connected for many years. The Mechanics' Institute benefited much by his energy in its behalf, and his services were duly appreciated by the members, who year after year elected him to the office of President. The Ottawa Ship Canal project owed much of its prominence before the public to his able advocacy, and we need scarcely say that he was a strong supporter of every practicable improvement. Even but lately he braved the indignation of a portion of the citizens in his advocacy of the introduction of water works into the city.

As a public speaker he was ready and eloquent. His mind was exceedingly active, too active, perhaps, for his delicate physical system; and on all public occasions on which he had to appear he most worthily discharged his duties. Of his recent efforts in his public capacity, we need scarcely speak—the recollection of them must be fresh in the public mind. His death now, at the comparatively early age of forty-five, in the very midst of his public labours; and within a few days of his active participation in public affairs, is a striking illustration of the uncertainty of life. He leaves a void in our midst that will not soon be filled.

In 1848 Mr. FRIEL married Miss O'CONNOR. They have had a numerous family, but their children nearly all died in infancy. Mrs. FRIEL is now left with her infant babe, and two other children quite young; and though as to this world's goods she is placed in easy circumstances her sad bereavement is such as to make her an object of the deepest sympathy.

Mr. FRIEL was a zealous Roman Catholic; and the parish of St. Joseph's has suffered an irreparable loss in his death. He was a most active member of the excellent Society of St. Vincent de Paul, and all the local charities of the city had in him a most enthusiastic advocate. As a mark of respect, yesterday many flags in the city were hoisted at half mast. No doubt his funeral will be a most imposing manifestation of public sympathy.

EDWARD BLAKE, Esq., Q.C., arrived in town on Saturday evening.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

DEBATE ON IMMIGRATION.

(*Concluded from our last.*)

THURSDAY, May 13.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN had understood the Minister of Agriculture to say last year, that he had decided to adopt a different policy, as the efforts made in Europe, by having an emigration agent there circulating information, had more the effect of inducing emigrants to go to the United States, and it seemed to meet the approval of the Senate. Information for emigrants has been furnished year by year by the former Province of Canada. Pamphlet after pamphlet, and statistics of various kinds, have been circulated, but the complaint has always been, that this information has not produced the result it was intended to produce. He did not think immigration to the United States, was occasioned, to any great extent, by agents in Europe. Immigration is occasioned by the agency of private letters sent by servant girls, servant-men, and artisans, to their own families in different parts of Europe. They have found a locality were they obtain remunerative wages, and as their condition is improved, they send back money to their friends, and this induces them to emigrate. It was very flattering to us to feel that we have advantages, and it is due to ourselves to bring those advantages before the country. He thought the Hon. Senator, (Mr. Macpherson,) who had brought this subject up, and made these calculations, deserved great credit for the effort, but he would say we must not be deluded by figures. It had often been remarked that they could prove anything by figures. Though figures by themselves afford a demonstration by which we could not but arrive at a right conclusion, yet by placing them carefully they can be made to prove anything in the world. He was struck by the fallacy of the argument concerning wages and the price of flour. Flour had fluctuated from $4 50 to $15 or $16 a barrel in two or three years.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON—Not on this side of the line.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN—It has in Ontario. No good argument can be drawn from the wages of mechanics fluctuating the same as the price of flour. In his locality during that time wages had only fluctuated from $1.50 to $1.75, and from that to $2. That argument therefore proves nothing at all. It is no better line of argument than that adduced to show that we are increasing in population faster than the United States by showing our fractional increase to our people, and then the fractional increase the United States bear to their people. That is, if there is one person in a particular place, one more would double the population of that place, but if there is a hundred people there, it requires a hundred more to double the population. They had heard a great deal about the exodus which had been going on in Quebec and New Brunswick, and it had been said that this exodus has been going on for many years from the New England States. Prior to the war many of the young men of New England went to the Western States, because the soil of those Eastern States was barren and their climate almost as bad to contend with in an agricultural point of view as the climate of Quebec. New England furnishes the educated men in a business capacity, and in literature for the West, and those who remain at home give vitality and life to the Eastern country, and they will yet make it one of the richest portions of the United States. Though it is one of the most sterile parts of the American Union they have actively engaged in manufacturing pursuits. Why should not we in Lower Canada also engage in such pursuits? We have as many advantages as any country in the world for establishing manufactories. A large portion of Lower Canada has a fertile soil. We have a climate which gives us six months of winter, during which a great deal of labour is now expended that is unremunerative to the public. The country can produce more than is required for ordinary consumption, and we want the stimulus of manufactories. If you want the people of Lower Canada not to emigrate you must find a market for the result of their labours. No people in the world are better mechanics than the French Canadians of Lower Canada. They all can handle tools almost equal to a man of any other nation who has practiced for some years. They are adapted to mechanical pursuits, and to work in factories, and this makes them sought after in the factories of the United States. In the Lowell and Manchester factories in consequence of this emigration the French language is spoken as much as it is in the townships of Canada. They go there because of their adaptedness to that particular department of labour. The problem to solve was the establishment of these manufactories at home, and then there would be no inducement for them to emigrate. These things were governed by laws as unchangeable as the laws of gravitation. We might endeavour to prove that water will run up hill, but notwithstanding all the arguments we may use it will still run down hill. While he believed that emigration might take place to a great extent from Lower Canada without being an injury to them, he could not think the present exodus was not a disadvantage. It was said of the sterile State of New Hampshire that it was a good State to emigrate from, but we should not be ambitious of that honour. We should endeavour to direct our attention to the means of keeping our people here, rather than to bringing immigrants from Europe. Unless we can get the kind of immigrants adapted to the want we have to supply it is worse than useless to bring them. He would not again refer to the subject of patents of inventions, but considered we had made a mistake in our policy, neither would he venture, surrounded as he was by protectionists, to speak of free trade; but he would present to the Government this problem to solve, that they must find us a market to induce manufactories to be established among us, otherwise the exodus from Lower Canada will still continue in its present magnitude. There was another policy adopted in the United States which should be adopted by us; that was the enactment of a homestead law, giving free grants of land to settlers. They should give a facility to men settling upon lands to hold them, providing they improve them. You then give men an attachment to the soil which will prevent their leaving the country. You should enact something like a homestead law.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON—That has been done in Ontario.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN was glad to hear it, but he could not flatter himself that the people of Lower Canada would be emigrating to any great extent to Ontario. He would admit that the climate was better, but it had been stated seven years ago that the best part of the land had already been taken up. He did not quite credit it, for he thought there was still good land which could be settled to advantage, but he thought it was delusive to expect a rush there from Quebec. Having detained the House so long, he would not further occupy their attention, but would thank them for listening to him so long.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY said there must be some reason which had not yet been brought before the House why emigration from the Lower Provinces to the United States had been so continuous and uninterrupted for some years past. He thought the one reason was to be found in the fact that the people in these Provinces were educated in the kind of labour which was most required in the United States. Their previous pursuits adapted them for this kind of labour, and they received higher wages than immigrants from abroad. This was the attraction which induced them to go to that country. He had learned from those who had emigrated to the United States, but who had since returned to this country, that though they got larger wages there per day, they have to work more hours, and their labour is harder than they are in the habit of giving their employers on this side of the line. He would mention another thing which attracted the young men from these Provinces to the United States. We know that in consequence of the war there has been a large disturbance in the equilibrium of the sexes, a great many of the young men who went to the war having never returned; and it is just possible that may have drawn away a portion of the population of Quebec to the United States. There are a certain number of young men who go abroad for various purposes, and come back again none the worse for the education they have received by travelling in the United States. They see there a great many things which they do not see in their own country, and they come back better citizens than before. While there was a floating population in every country, he did not think it was so much to be deplored that a few people go away. In Nova Scotia a large portion of the population was engaged in the mines, and a great many of these men were from the United States. They brought with them machinery and facilities for their operations which were highly beneficial to our people. He would like to draw the attention of the Minister of Agriculture to another point: it was proposed to take a census in 1871, but a great deal of preparation would be necessary in order to get reliable statistics. Two other gentlemen with himself had been employed on this work in Nova Scotia, and they had found the labour in making the necessary preparations so great, if there was any deficiency in the statistics, it was in consequence of their not having sufficient time to make them what they ought to be. The hon. gentleman who introduced this motion had spoken of their value he (Mr. McCully) thought they were very valuable, and in order to make them up properly, they should prepare for the work in time, because it could not be done in six or twelve months, if they wished to get a similtaneous expression of the capacity of the people in industrial pursuits. He disagreed with his hon. friend (Mr. Sanborn) when he said no practical results had resulted from the circulation of these statistics. When we hear from all parts of the House that a large number of immigrants have come into the Province of Ontario and Quebec, it is but fair to conclude that these pamphlets and statistics, though years have gone by since they were spread abroad, are now producing their legitimate fruits. Therefore while he did not disagree with his hon. friend that there were other agencies producing valuable results, he held that these pamphlets cast abroad produced their fruit in after years. He had always thought that it was one of the most advantageous things for any new country to get labouring men to come in from abroad. If a man came into a neighbourhood with a thousand pounds of capital, he would be a valuable addition to that locality, but if he brings two or three stalwart men with him, he will prove more beneficial to the country in five or six years than the man who brought the capital. That every able bodied man who comes into the country adds to its wealth is the opinion of every one who has made this subject a study.

Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS read a copy of the instructions sent out by the Dominion Government to the emigrant agents, which defined the duties and positions of the Local Governments, and which will be sent down with the other correspondence asked for. He was also able to inform the hon. gentlemen opposite (Mr. McCully) that preparations were being made for taking the next census throughout the Dominion.

Hon. Mr. WARK thought the subject was an important one. He referred to a remark made by the late Prof. Johnson when in New Brunswick, that everyone was complaining, because the country was not going quite as fast ahead, as countries which had more advantages. His own impression was that the country was not in so deplorable a condition as many people represented it to be in. He thought the country had advanced as rapidly as they could reasonably expect. His hon. friend from Wellington division (Mr. Sanborn) had remarked that we wanted manufactories established in the country. He (Mr. Wark) believed we had much more extended manufactories now in the Dominion than they had in the United States, when they had a population of but four million. It was in 1822 that the first manufacturing company was organized in Lowell, and now we had several manufactories of the same description in this country. The very circumstance of these colonies being united under one Government will give a great impetus to our manufactories, by giving us a larger market. Then if as is contemplated a large agricultural arena is added to the Dominion, they will be consumers of manufactured articles which will give a stimulus to their production. In regard to the exodus from this country, he thought many people on this continent would always keep moving from one place to another. Many people had a roving disposition, and though they went away from this country, a great many came back, and nothing was said about it. We had no cause for discouragement whatever, as the country was advancing as rapidly as we could expect, and much more rapidly than it had in past times.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON said he would ask the forbearance of the House for a few moments, while he made a few remarks upon the statements made by his hon. friend (Mr. Sanborn.) If no other good resulted from this discussion, it would at least bring information to the working classes in his (Mr. Sanborn's) neighbourhood as to where they would receive good wages and cheap flour. Wages had increased in Ontario, as he had stated, and his hon. friend (Mr. Sanborn) must be in error in saying the price of flour had been from $15 to $16. He had now before him the market reports for Montreal from 1861 to 1868, and the highest quotations were $8 50, and that for flour superior to that used by the working classes. He had stated that flour had been 60 per cent. higher in 1868 than in 1861, but was now as cheap as in 1861. At this late hour he would not reply to his hon. friend's observations upon trade, further than to say that he trusted the people of this Dominion would not, at this day, take up the fetters, which had been cast off in England, and were being cast off in the United States, to forge them upon their own necks.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN said that taking the price of flour even at the market rate of Montreal as stated by his hon. friend (Mr. McPherson) there had never been a difference in the rate of wages corresponding with the price of flour. Suppose the price of flour five dollars one day, and the fluctuation of the market next day raised the price to six dollars would wages be raised in proportion? Or if the price of flour raises from $4.58 to $8.50, as is sometimes the case, the wages of workmen are not double.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON said one large establishment in the United States held that a barrel of flour fairly represented a week's labour, and paid their labourers accordingly.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN would venture to say that wages at the time flour was $8 a barrel were cheaper than at present.

The motion was then adopted.

A message was received from the Commons, that the Hon. Mr. Chauveau was added to the Joint Committee of the Library.

On motion, the period for presenting private Bills was extended to the 20th instant.

The Bills entituled: "An Act respecting the Department of Finance," and "An Act to confirm and give effect to a certain agreement between the Government of Canada and the Great Western Railway Company," were brought down from the Commons, read a first time, and ordered for a second reading to-morrow. "An Act to alter the limits of the counties of Joliette and Berthier for electoral purposes," was read a first time, and the second reading fixed for Monday next.

"An Act to avoid the necessity of having documents engrossed on parchment," was read a third time, and passed, with a slight amendment.

"An Act respecting offences relating to coin," and, "An Act respecting perjury," was read a second time, and ordered to be referred to a Committee of the Whole House to-morrow.

"An Act to amend the Act of Canada, 12th Vic., Cap 17, to consolidate the laws relative to the powers and duties of the Trinity House of Quebec, and for other purposes," was read a first time, second reading ordered for Monday next.

Hon. Mr. McCLELAN enquired Whether it is the intention of the Government to provide for the establishment of a board of examiners for the classification of masters and mates of sailing vessels in this Dominion.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said that the subject of "establishing a Board of Examiners for the classification of Masters and Mates" was under the consideration of the Government, and he hoped to be able to-morrow to make such explanations as would satisfy his hon. friend (Mr. McClelan) and the House.

The House then adjourned at 5:40 o'clock p.m.

FRIDAY, May 14.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock p.m.

After routine

Hon. Mr. McCREA presented to the House a Bill intituled "An Act for the relief of George W. Jones"—read a first time.

On motion of Hon. Mr. McCREA said Bill was ordered to be read a second time on Monday, May 31st.

Hon. Mr. TESSIER moved that the Clerk of this House be enjoined to procure an alphabetical list of the stockholders of every existing incorporated bank in the Dominion of Canada, showing the amounts of the shares and the residences of the stockholders, and that this motion be referred to the Joint Committee on Printing, with instructions to report on the propriety of printing such lists.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. TESSIER moved that an address be presented to his Excellency the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid before this House a copy of the annual report for 1868, of the Stipendiary Magistrate commanding the Government schooner *La Canadienne*, employed in protecting the fisheries in the Gulf of Saint Lawrence, together with the report for 1868, of Mr. Alfred Blais, Fishery Inspector on the south shore of the St. Lawrence.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said he had no objection to give the information asked for. They were waiting for a return from one of the officers in order to submit a full report, which would contain all the information desired. He hoped to be able to submit that report to the House in a few days.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY moved for an address to his Excellency the Governor-General praying that his Excellency will be pleased to furnish to this House, a tabulated statement of actions entered in each of the several Vice Admiralty Courts of the Dominion, since the 1st July, 1867, distinguishing the Provinces, giving the names of vessels arrested, the amounts recovered in each case, when final decree pronounced. The amount of costs taxed in each case, distinguishing those of Promovent from those of Respondent. The amount of judges, registrars, and marshal's fees taxed in each case. The nature of the actions, viz.: whether for salvage, collision, wages, or how otherwise. What salaries the judges, receive, independent of fees, and out of what fund paid, with the dates, of their respective commissions.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY, in making this motion, referred at some length to the usefulness of the Vice-Admiralty Courts of the Lower Provinces, and Quebec, and of the value of reports of decisions in those Courts. The information he asked for was to enable Parliament to deal with the whole subject. In Nova Scotia they had no Judge of the Vice-Admiralty Court; the presiding officer doing duty there was the Chief Justice, whose duties without this, were neither light nor trifling. He thought the Government should take such measures as would provide for Nova Scotia, a Judge for the Vice-Admiralty Court, in order to relieve the Chief Justice from a duty which did not belong to his office.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY spoke of the benefit to the country, these courts had been in protecting our fisheries, by condemning vessels which had infringed upon our fishing limits. The hon. member was heard very indistinctly in the gallery.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said there could be no objection to furnishing the information asked for, but as it would have to be obtained from some distance, there would necessarily be some delay. His hon. friend deserved credit for the manner in which he had brought this subject under the consideration of the House. It was of the greatest importance to have these matters laid upon the table of the House, as they were so intimately connected with the maritime interests of the Dominion. He referred to the means taken to protect the fisheries, and spoke of the friendly feeling which existed between the Dominion and the United States, and that it was desirable that no Act should be done, and no steps taken which would lead to any collision between the two countries which could be avoided. The force employed to protect our fisheries comprise six war vessels. This force would enforce upon American fishermen the necessity of taking out a license to fish within those limits from which they are excluded whether by treaty or otherwise. Our interests must be protected, and the rights of the people respected, but we should be ready to consider at all times any proposal by which we may get the advantage of trade, and the United States may get an interest in our fisheries. Another point referred to was the Vice-Admirality Courts in the Lower Provinces and Quebec, and the absence of a Vice-Admirality Court in Ontario. He would state that a measure for the establishing of such a court in Ontario was under the consideration of the Government. The motion was adopted.

Hon. Mr. McCLELAN moved for an humble address to his Excellency, the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to furnish to this House copies of all correspondence between this Government and the Imperial, or any foreign Government, or any Board of Marine Inspection, having relation to the establishment of a Dominion Board of Examiners for the classification of masters and mates of sailing vessels. He said his object in moving this resolution, was to get before the House sufficient information to enable the Government to organize some such board as appeared to be necessary for carrying out that particular interest in the Maritime Provinces. The answer of the Minister of Marine to this question, yesterday, somewhat removed the necessity for this information. His answer was that the Government intended to proceed with this important matter, and provide the necessary machinery for establishing a Board of Marine inspection. Still, it was necessary that any correspondence which had passed between the Government and other Governments should be laid before the Senate, therefore, he would press the resolution for the Address. They all knew, particularly those from the Maritime Provinces, that difficulties at present exist in reference to sailing vessels, not only with the ship owners, as to the qualifications of the masters and mates of vessels, but also as to their trade to English ports.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said there was no objection to bringing down the papers required. Sir George E. Cartier and Hon. Mr. McDougal, C. B., when in England, had communicated with the Board of Trade to ascertain if, in case the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada adopt a system of a similar character to that which prevails in England, by which masters and mates of vessels are examined and classified, whether the Board of Trade in England would be disposed to recognize that classification, if they passed the Board of Trade of Canada. While there was no official reply from the Board of Trade in London, the President of the Board informed them that they would be prepared to submit the necessary measure to Parliament, and no doubt but the answer would be satisfactory. The Government here are preparing a measure on this subject which they hope to be able to submit to the House next week.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY was very glad the Government were going to submit such a measure to the House. At present our ship masters were placed at a great disadvantage. Sometimes they had to change the nature of the voyage in consequence of their not being able to ship their crew and avail themselves of privileges granted to others, because they have not been properly certified. As this certificate can now only be obtained on the other side of the water, it often necessitates the loss of the voyage in order that masters may pass their examination. He hoped the Minister of Marine would bring his Bill in at the earliest moment, and that it might be the means of obviating these difficulties.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said their was no member of the House felt the necessity for a measure of this kind more than he did. He had often known the whole direction of a voyage changed for want of this classification. In going to England if this classification was not had, the vessel could not be taken out of any port except the port where it was registered. The Dominion had a mercantile marine occupying the third or fourth position in the world, and our ship masters and mates may not have the time to waste to go through the necessary forms and examinations required by the Board of Trade in London.

The motion was then adopted.

On motion of Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL a Bill intituled "An Act respecting Forgery," was read a second time—to be referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday.

On motion of Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL a Bill entituled "An Act respecting the Department of Finance," was read a second time—to be referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL presented to the House a Bill intituled "An Act respecting Masters and Mates of Ships and the Shipping of Seamen"—read a first time, and second reading ordered for Wednesday next.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL presented to the House documents relating to the trial and condemnation of Rev. John McMahon with all petitions and memorials praying for his pardon, or the commutation of his sentence. Also; all correspondence connected with the navigation of the Saint Clair Flats, or for the improvement thereof, and a statement of all money paid for that object.

On motion of Hon. Mr. BUREAU the return relative to the trial and condemnation of the Rev. Mr. McMahon, was referred to the Committee on Printing.

STEVENSON'S RELIEF BILL.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said the resolution passed by the House yesterday, did away with the necessity of having witnesses at the bar of the House, and referred the investigation of these matters to a committee. He would not detain the House by any narration of the circumstances concerning the relief which the Bill seeks to give. The Bill had been affixed to the doors of the Senate before its second reading, and printed in the minutes of the day, in order to give publicity to what is being done. He had brought to the House a certificate which he intended to ask them to have fyled among the proceedings in this matter. He read the rule of the House requiring a copy of the Bill to be served upon the person from whom the divorce is sought. He said on account of that person residing at such a distance from Ottawa—residing in California—that personal service of the Bill should be dispensed with, particularly as she has had full notice of the intention of her husband to seek a divorce. He would now move that it be resolved, that the facts alleged in the affidavits of Beverly Jones, Esq., Deputy of the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod; Catherine Focte and Henry Ketchesin Perry, now read, are sufficient to excuse the petitioner, in this matter, from having served a copy of the said Bill upon the person from whom the divorce is sought, under the 77th rule of this House.

The motion being put was carried on a division.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved that the Bill be now read a second time, upon which motion the House divided:

CONTENTS.—Honourable Messieurs Aikens, Allan, Archibald, Benson, Bill, Blake, Botsford, Burnham, Campbell, Christie, Dickey, Dickson, Flint, Hazen, Holmes, Leonard, Leslie, Locke, McClelan, McCrea, McCully, McMaster, Mitchell, Odell, Robertson, Sanborn, Seymeur, Shaw, Skead, Wark.—30.

NON-CONTENTS.—Honourable Messieurs Armand, Bureau, Cauchon, Chaffers, Chapais, Cormier, Dever, Duchesnay, A. J., Duchesnay, E. H. J., Dumouchel, Kenny, Lacoste, Malhiot, Olivier, Ryan, Tessier, Wilson.—17.

The Bill was then referred to a Select Committee.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY'S AGREEMENT CONFIRMATION BILL.

Hon. Mr. CAMPEBLL, in moving the second reading of this Bill, said the Great Western Railway Company had been for many years in the debt of the Government of the former Province of Canada. The assistance given to this company had been given to other railway companies in Canada. For some time the regular payment of interest was made by the company, but circumstances afterwards occurred which rendered it difficult or impossible for them to continue their payments, and owing to times of financial difficulty, they ultimately ceased to make them. These times of difficulty have passed by, and the company having become better off, it was thought better to press this debt to a settlement. Many considerations have been affected by this question about which correspondence has ensued, which hon. members have had an opportunity of seeing. This correspondence would show that every reasonable exertion was made by the Minister of Finance to get a reasonable settlement. They wished to show a fair degree of leniency under the circumstances in which their claim was brought forward in order not to reduce the principle of the debt, but to reduce the interest. The proposed arrangement was a reasonable one. The company is not paying very large dividends being something less than three per cent. As this railway has been of great service to the people of Canada, having, no doubt, increased the value of property through Western Canada, it did not seem fair to press the amount of interest on the debt to its full extent. A settlement was arrived at between the Finance Department and a department representing the Great Western Railway Company. He would confine himself to recommending this Bill to the favourable consideration of every member of the House.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY wished to know the exact sum which was given up.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL was not prepared to state the exact sum given up, but there was an hon. member of the Senate who was connected with the Company, who would be able to give the explanation.

The Bill was then read a second time,—to be referred to a Committee of the whole House on Monday.

The House went into Committee of the Whole, (Hon. Mr. BLAKE in the chair,) upon a Bill entituled: "An Act respecting offences relating to coin." Progress having been made in said Bill, leave was asked to sit again on Monday.

Progress was also made in a Bill entituled: "An Act respecting Pergury," and leave asked to sit again on Monday.

The Senate then adjourned.

MILITIA.

GENERAL ORDERS.

HEADQUARTERS, OTTAWA, May 15, 1869.

The several corps of volunteers will assemble at noon, on Monday, the twenty-fourth instant, and fire a *feu de joie* in the usual manner in honour of her Majesty's birthday.

The volunteers will act in conjunction with her Majesty's troops in cities where such are stationed, in case the officers commanding them should desire such co-operation; and the senior officers of volunteers in such cities will place themselves in communication with the officers commanding her Majesty's troops for that purpose.

By command of his Excellency the Governor-General.

WALKER POWELL, Lt.-Colonel.
D. A. G. Militia, Canada.

HEADQUARTERS, OTTAWA, May 14, 1869.

OTTAWA BRIGADE GARRISON ARTILLERY.

No. 3 Battery.—To be 1st lieutenant: George Roland Perry, gentleman, vice Russell, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

To be 2nd lieutenant: John Cotton, gentleman, M.S., vice F. C. Clemow, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

No. 5 Battery.—To be captain, provisionally: James Egleson, Esquire, vice Parsons, appointed Adjutant.

PARTIES requiring new carpets, floor oil cloths, or other house furnishings, would do well to inspect Magee & Russell's extensive stock before purchasing, as they have recently received large additions of this season's patterns from the most celebrated makers in Britain. Carpets made and laid by competent upholsterers.

DIED.

On Saturday, the 15th instant, in this city, Henry Keane, aged 68 years.

The funeral will take place this (Monday) morning at ten o'clock, from his late residence, corner of York and Dalhousie-st., to the place of interment, Sandy Hill. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend without further invitation.

STATEMENT of the Post Office Savings Bank Account for the month of April, 1869, published in accordance with the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 10, Sec. 3:

In the hands of the Receiver General, as per last statement, 31st March		$676,383.40
Amount rec'd from depositors during April	$95,400.00	
Interest paid on closed ac'ts.	405.17	
Withdrawal cheques paid during April	42,880.35	
		52,924.82
In hands of the Receiver General, 30th April, '69		$729,308.22
Bearing interest at 4 per cent.	406,125 64	
" " 5 "	315,600.00	
Bearing no interest, being the amount in the hands of the Receiver-General, to meet outstanding cheques	7,582.58	
		$729,308.22

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

Audit Office, Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

WANTED.
A second-hand SKIFF in good order. Apply at the TIMES Office. 1051tf

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.
SPECIAL MEETING.
A special meeting of the above society will be held at their Hall
THIS (MONDAY) EVENING,
at EIGHT o'clock.
A full attendance is requested, as important business is to be laid before the meeting.
JOHN KELLY, Secretary.
1051.1

PARISIAN STEAM DYE WORKS,
M. HIRSHFIELD.
OFFICES—Nos. 374 and 258 Notre Dame-street, MONTREAL.
OTTAWA AGENCY AT THE
CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st.
Dresses of every description, Shawls, Curtains, etc., scoured and cleaned, or dyed in all colors and shades. Gents' Garments renovated. Charges low. 1051d

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.
MARE FOR SALE
BY AUCTION.
The subscriber will sell by Public Auction
OUTSIDE THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
ON THURSDAY, 20TH INSTANT,
At 11 o'clock a.m.,
A BEAUTIFUL CHESNUT MARE,
white stockings, over 15 hands high, and rising seven years—a splendid pacer in saddle or harness. She is the property of an officer who is going to England. She would not be sold under any other circumstances. Her
BRIDLE AND SADDLE,
English make, will be offered same time and place.
ALSO,
a five groove short Hay converted Snider-Enfield
BREECH LOADING RIFLE,
taking Government ammunition; sight 1,250 yards.
J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer.
A valuable, and splendid
PRAIRIE SETTER,
on hands, to be sold at private sale.
1051td J. B.

GRAND SACRED CONCERT
AT THE
SKATING RINK,
ON
WEDNESDAY, 19th MAY, INST.,
To commence at 8 p.m.
☞ The Orchestra will consist of over ONE HUNDRED PERFORMERS, including the
FULL BAND of the RIFLE BRIGADE,
The Choir of the Wesleyan Church,
and the most talented and popular of our city amateurs.
CONDUCTOR:
MR. MILLER RIFLE BRIGADE.
ORGANIST:
CHEVALIER GUSTAVE SMITH.
Tickets 50 cents, to be had at Orme's Music Store.
Doors open at 7:30. 1051-2

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, May 14, 1869.
AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 28 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND
Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously
Without the Use of a Press or Water.
Price from $2.00 to $4.50.
Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.
Call and see for yourselves.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE—Place the writing under the copying sheet, and rub with the finger. That's all.
May 5, 1869.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,
HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.
D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 18 cents per week. Principal agent for the Globe, &c. City papers may be had at 6 a. m. Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.
A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical Sketches.
Gardening for Profit.
Breck's New Book of Flowers.
Buist's Flower Garden Directory.
The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.
J. DURIE & SON, Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY.
Terms of subscription for 1 year.....[illegible]
6 months.....[illegible]
3 do.....[illegible]
1 do.....[illegible]
The latest novels, British and American Periodicals always on hand. Books bought, sold and exchanged, at
HAUSER'S, Sparks-st.

Tailoring.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian
TWEEDS,
may now be seen at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.
Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.
A. GRAHAM & CO, Commercial Warehouse, No. 60 Sparks st.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

T. LAWRENCE
Having opened a first-class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.
From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.
Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.
Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.
P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1046

GENTLEMEN
Leaving their orders at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
Can get well suited in Garments.
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

N. ROBERTSON,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
BELL'S BLOCK,
Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.
In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.
MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.
Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

COATS, PANTS and VESTS
May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

SELECT TAILORING.
T. RAJOTTE.
NEW IMPORTATIONS.
An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.
From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.
The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,
☞ FOR CASH ONLY. ☜
N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.
Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.
T. RAJOTTE.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.
MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
Two or three Apprentices wanted.
April 6. 1016tf

THE OTTAWA
RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S
MAIL STEAMERS
HAVE
COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS
BETWEEN
OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.
R. W. SHEPHERD, Manager.
May 7, 1869. 1043tf

THE RIVER ST. JOHN.

As considerable importance is attached by the people of New Brunswick to the improvement of the River St. John as a means of opening up the country and of bringing it into closer and more intimate connection with Quebec and Ontario, we give a more extended report of the remarks made by the Hon. Mr. Connell than we were able to do in the necessarily condensed report on Friday.

Hon. Mr. Connell said that the Minister of Finance in bringing down his financial statement had asked members to refrain from urging on the Government works of public improvement which would necessitate any immediate outlay. He was disposed, as far as was consistent with the pressing wants of the country, to acquiesce in the wish of that hon. gentleman, and to support him in his well directed efforts at economising the public funds. At the same time there were considerations which might lead to the claims for certain objects being pressed on the attention of the Government, claims which were paramount to any mere temporary saving, and the neglect of which would not be true economy, but the reverse. He fully appreciated the position of the Finance Minister, and applauded any well directed effort he might make to prevent the smallest unnecessary outlay, and in so doing he would have his hearty support. But there were public works which it was absolutely necessary to sustain and carry out, which would rapidly become deteriorated by neglect, or which were useless without the small additional expenditure necessary to render reproductive the money which had been spent hitherto in the partial carrying out of a well-directed system calculated to render them available as sources of revenue. The works on the river St. John, respecting which he now moved for certain documents, were in this position. Many of the members of this House were in ignorance of the importance of this river as a means of opening up New Brunswick, and as an essential element in the scheme of Confederation, by which that Province would be linked in intimate relations to the other parts of the Dominion of which it formed a part, but from which the want of communication kept it separate in its most important business transactions. At present the trade of the inhabitants of the western section of New Brunswick is being directed to the American markets; and, by way of Bangor, on the completion of the railway, they would be placed in the most direct communication with the United States, to the great detriment of the trade between themselves and Quebec and Ontario, with whose merchants they desired to transact their business, and with whom it was their interest to deal. Every day's delay made matters worse. The want of a small immediate outlay was telling injuriously upon the existing works in the river; the heavy freshets caused by the breaking up of the ice in the spring injured the dams, jetties, and embankments, which had been constructed at considerable expense by the Provincial Government, and honourable gentlemen could not but be aware that what would cost but a mere trifle, if attended to at once, would, if neglected, lead to a large and serious expense, and necessitate the expenditure of, in some cases, much more than the original cost of the improvement. It was upon these grounds he urged the attention of the Government to this subject, and called especially the attention of the Finance Minister to the true economy of the course which he now proposed should be adopted. The documents which he desired to have brought down were no doubt many of them to be found in the records of the New Brunswick Legislature, and might be known to those more intimately acquainted with the affairs of that Province. But he desired that they should be laid before this House, and rendered accessible to the members here, that a full and intelligent view might be taken of the subject. He felt that this was required to dispel the ignorance and consequent misconception which existed, and to show that the improvement he desired possessed more than a merely local importance. He would briefly state a few facts to prove this, and to show the value which was attached to the improvement of the river by New Brunswick, which had laid out a comparatively large sum to render it navigable, and thereby open up a market to the interior of the country, and to assist in developing its resources. The St. John River is 450 miles in length, navigable at all seasons of the year as far as Fredericton, the seat of Government, which is 90 miles from the sea, for vessels of 100 tons, and for steamers of large burden. Above Fredericton smaller steamers ply to Woodstock, a further distance of 65 miles, and make occasional trips to Tobique when the water is high, being 50 miles more, and sometimes reach the Grand Falls, which are 220 miles from the sea. In 1849, taking into consideration the importance of improving the navigation, the Legislature voted the sum of $40,000 for this purpose, for which the Governor was authorized to draw annually for $8,000. A survey was undertaken by Capt. Bent, R. E., and Mr. Grant, C. E. The result of that survey showed that the work necessary consisted chiefly of dams and embankments for regulating and equalizing the flow of the water, the removal of sunken rocks and of deposits which lessened the water at different points, and the straightening of the channel so as to avoid dangerous rocks. The reports of Admiral Owen, Mr. Hatheway, Commissioner McLauchlan, and the extracts from annual reports of the Board of Works, will give most correct information on this subject. In addition to this there was the project of overcoming the Grand Falls, by locking, a work of no great magnitude, and a single lock at the Little Falls would open up access to the head of Lake Temiscouata, bringing the navigation to a point within twenty-four miles of the Intercolonial Railway, a little below Riviere du Loup, thus connecting the western portion of New Brunswick with Canada by the most expeditious and economical route. What ought to be the general policy of the Government on opening up territory? It was evident that without means of communication the land was worthless. He advocated no useless expenditure, but a well defined principle on which such undertakings should be conducted. It was only by this being wisely considered, and the best means adopted that the country could expect to advance. It was this he advocated for the whole Dominion, and not for a mere section of it only. When the question of acquiring the northwest was brought up he had disapproved of the course advocated. The people of New Brunswick had been assured, at the time the question of Confederation was discussed, that that territory was the property of Canada, and would at once form part of the Dominion. But, independently of this assumption, he held as a matter of fact that it was the property of Canada, and should have been handed over to her by the Imperial Government, without the burden of paying any sum for it, and free from the reservations of land claimed by the Hudson's Bay Company. He would not now enter more fully into that question. An opportunity would be afforded to him, no doubt, when the ratification came to be considered, to state what his views were. But, if the policy of the Government were affirmed, by the solemn vote of the House, and that the territory should become part of the Dominion, he was prepared, whatever his own views were, to take his share in discussing the best means for turning that territory to account. The true policy, then, would be to open up the land for settlement, by providing the best means of communication, and by laying out such facilities for access as would enable those desirous of settling to get into the country, to see for themselves what advantages it offers, and if these were even half as great as they were described, he had no doubt they would settle there. But they could not expect them to do so without proper roads, and these could only be made by the vigorous action of the Government, working with economy, but at the same time with judicious liberality, so that there might not only be means of access provided, but the young men of the Province and the immigrants who came from the Mother Country or from other lands might have an opportunity of revisiting their friends, of sending away their surplus produce, of feeling that they were not banished to remote regions, but that they formed part of a population belonging to the Dominion, not in name only, but in reality. This was the true policy and what he advocated for the new territory, if it should be acquired; he advocated it also for all parts of the newly constituted Dominion, which should be knit together by the bonds which mutual and easy intercommunication furnished. He, therefore, would move for the documents of which he had given notice, and to the production of which he believed no possible objection could be entertained.

LOCAL NEWS.

Philharmonic Society.—We are requested to remind the members of this society that the practice for the ensuing concert will be resumed this evening at 8 o'clock.

Auction Sale.—Mr. Bermingham will offer for sale on Thursday next, at the Russell House, a valuable mare, the property of an officer about leaving for England; also a breech-loading rifle. See advertisement.

A Runaway.—Fortunately, since the disappearance of the snow, we have heard but little of runaways. One occurred on Saturday, however, at LeBreton's Flats, which might have been attended with bad results, had not a gentleman, at some risk to himself, seized the horse and brought him to a stand.

Police Court—Saturday.—The adjourned case of the boy, Greenfield, who was on the previous day charged with taking money from his employer's cash box, was called up. The culprit acknowledged the charge, and elected to be tried summarily. He was sent to jail, at hard labour, for the space of two months. There was no other charge before the court.

Pressed Hay.—It is a sad sight to see farmers come to the city to purchase hay, and scarcely a day passes but this happens, and it is by no means uncommon for farmers to come to the city, not with loads of provisions to sell and invest the proceeds in hay, but with the hard cash previously saved for other purposes. The late rains, however, followed by warm suns, will soon remedy the evil.

St. Alban School House Monday Readings.—Readings will be given this evening by Mr. Johnson, Mr. Meredith, Mr. Grant Seymour, Mr. Fennings Taylor and Mr. R. Sinclair. Music, songs and glees. We have been requested to add that no readings will be given on Monday next, the 24th instant, that day being her Majesty's birthday. Monday, the 31st instant, has been marked as a special evening, on which the season is to be closed with a special readings and a concert. Admission for that evening by tickets, twenty-five cents each.

Prume, the Violinist.—Some months ago we published a statement that this great violinist was about to visit the city. The person who made the statement to us professed to know something about the matter, and on his authority we gave it publicity. But the great artist did not come. The statement is now renewed, and we think that this time the people will not be disappointed. We hope they may not be, for Mr. Prume is a great master of his instrument. We seldom hear the violin in the hands of a great artist, and have not heard it at all since Ole Bull was here a year ago.

Kicked Out.—A soldier of the Rifle Brigade named David Ryan was ignominiously kicked out of the service on Saturday last. He is represented to be of very bad character and a disgrace to the army. Finding himself at liberty in the town, he committed offences which led to his arrest before night. We understand that two or three more are shortly to be drummed out for general bad character. These men cannot expect to thrive as civilians in a place where their character is known. The police will be constantly on the look out for them, and they had better leave as soon as possible to begin their career to the penitentiary in some other place.

The Grand Concert.—The grand concert in aid of an organ fund for the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Metcalfe-st., comes off on Wednesday evening next (19th inst.) at the Skating Rink. This concert is entirely the work of Mr. Miller, the band master of the rifles. His heart is engaged in the work of procuring an organ for this church, and he has resolved to give the best concert in his power for that purpose before leaving the city. All the best musical talent in the city has been placed at his disposal for the occasion. Extensive preparations have been made, and it is expected that one hundred voices will be engaged. The singers have been carefully trained by Mr. Miller, and there is no doubt the concert will well deserve the name of a grand one.

The Magazines.—*Once a Week*, for April. London, Bradbury & Evans. Ottawa, John Durie & Son. This magazine, so well established, is fully up to the mark of its reputation. It contains a great amount of excellent reading matter, and is well illustrated. *London Society*, for May. London, by the publishers. Ottawa, John Durie & Son. This, as its numerous readers know, professes to be an illustrated magazine, of light and amusing literature, for the hours of relaxation, and its character has been admirably sustained up to this its eighty-ninth number inclusive. The *London Journal*. This well-known illustrated weekly record of literature, science and art, is full of good reading, and may also be found at Durie's, with all the best magazines and current periodical literature.

A Serious Accident.—An accident of a serious character happened on Saturday afternoon last at the village of Hull. Mr. and Mrs. Fitzpatrick, who keep the boarding house with the Post Office, were driving a somewhat restive horse in a buggy, and when passing up the new road, near their residence, at a fast speed, one of the wheels got on the rising at the side of the road, and the buggy upset; but before it did so Mr. Fitzpatrick leaped out, and escaped injury, but his wife was thrown out with great violence, and received a serious injury, but to what extent was not ascertained. It is feared she has received injuries internally, which will confine her to her bed for a long time, if nothing worse. Such, at least, is our information.

The Large Supply of Potatoes.—For a day or two past we have noticed a much larger quantity of potatoes in the market than usual, and have often been asked the cause, which we suppose to be principally this: Seeing the scarcity of hay, farmers who had potatoes kept them for their cattle, but seeing now that the grass is growing sufficiently for grazing, the cattle are turned out to maintain themselves, and the potatoes are brought to market for sale. As this has become pretty general, and there being a rumour that potatoes are a drug in the western market, we may expect to have good supplies of this article until the labours of the field shall detain the farmers at home, and we may pretty confidently expect that the prices will come down. If flour were nine dollars a barrel, the case would be different.

Taverns, Liquor-shops, &c.—We understand that the License Inspector is about to enforce the by-law regulating the time for closing taverns, so that any tavern or hotel-keeper, found having his bar open after eleven o'clock, may calculate upon receiving an invitation to explain before the Police Magistrate. We further understand that two special detectives are employed to look after the taverns on Sundays. The penalty for contravening section No. 23 of the Act respecting tavern and shop licenses, is, for the first offence, not less than $20; and for the second offence, not less than $40, and for the third offence, not less than $100, with costs in all cases, or imprisonment ranging from fifteen to fifty days, with hard labour; and for a fourth, or any after offence, three months' imprisonment at hard labour in the common jail of the county in which the offence shall be committed. In cases of those selling without license, there is no appeal from the decision of the magistrate.

We notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

For Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, May 15.

Mr. Copp, of the firm of Chewitt & Co., was examined to-day as to the connection of Chewitt, of Brown's Bank, with the firm stated. Chewitt had sold out in 1866 for $25,000, and since then had no connection with the firm.

The investigation into the Beard estate has been postponed to the 25th inst., S. W. Beard having promised to have Brown, for whose appearance a *rule nisi* was issued yesterday, present.

A serious accident occurred on Church st. this afternoon. As Mrs. Furlong was driving down the street the horses took fright and started off at a rapid pace, dashed into a cab, and overturned both vehicles. The lady was thrown out, and crushed under the debris of the carriage, which was smashed to atoms. When taken up her face was found to be fearfully injured. Blood gushed from her mouth. Her condition is very dangerous.

Three of the deserters from the 29th were captured near Collingwood yesterday.

Intimation has been received that the 13th Hussars will not go direct to India, as formerly stated, but will replace the 15th Hussars at York, the latter regiment going to India.

The steamer *Rothesay Castle* commenced running to Hamilton to-day. The *Chicora* will leave Collingwood, for Fort William, on Tuesday.

There has not been much feeling expressed here on the banking scheme. The *Globe* has a long article in opposition, in which it says, "It is a practical confession of the complete and humiliating failure of the grand currency scheme of August, 1866, and that the 'mad scheme' will induce a financial convulsion, such as has not been witnessed since the colony had existence."

All the immigrants by the *Crocodile* and *Darcia*, have been sent into the country, and the latest news is that they have obtained work immediately on their arrival.

Mr. Donaldson, the emigrant agent, has been notified that Miss Rye will shortly leave for Canada with 100 servant girls.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Remains of Daniel O'Connell Re-interred.

Dublin, May 14.—The remains of Daniel O'Connell were to-day reinterred in the cemetery at Glasnerin, near this city, where a splendid mausoleum had been constructed for the reception. The ceremonies were very imposing, and were conducted by Archbishop Cullen. Great crowds of people followed the remains to the tomb, and it is estimated that over 8,000 persons were present on the ground. Amongst the spectators were the Right Hon. Thomas O'Hagan, Lord Chancellor of Ireland; Messrs. Bellow and Southwell, several Judges, and the Lord Mayor, aldermen and councilmen, of the city of Dublin.

FRANCE.

A Peace Manifesto about to be Published.

London, May 12.—Reports which are believed to be based on good authority are in circulation that the French Government will soon publish a peaceful manifesto and simultaneously reduce the army.

Mr. Moligne is dead.

PRUSSIA.

Parepa to Sing at the National Peace Jubilee in Boston.

Berlin, May 15.—Madame Parepa Rosa has accepted an invitation to sing in the grand chorus of the National Peace Jubilee.

AUSTRIA.

Closing of the Reichsrath.

Vienna, May 15.—The Emperor Francis Joseph, in closing the session of the Reichsrath yesterday, made a long and pleasant speech.

SPAIN.

Rejection of the Republican Amendment.

Madrid, May 12.—The Cortes has rejected the amendment to the constitution in favour of making Spain a Federal Republic. The vote stood 132 against 64 for the amendment. A proposition for the creation of a triennial directory to be appointed by the Cortes has been introduced, and is now under discussion.

CUBA.

Washington, May 14.—Admiral Hoff writes to the Department from Havana, 6th inst., that he had just received information from Commander Filebrown at Key West that the English steamer *Salvador*, a supposed Cuban privateer, our naval force has been watching for some time at the instance of the Government, has sailed for St. Thomas, without arms or ammunition. In conversation with Cubans, who were a long time sanguine of success, they say that those on the Havana end of the island are dissatisfied from the fact that the revolution has not been conducted in a way to coincide with their views. There is little or no organisation among them, although they claim that the cause of their present inactivity is owing to their friends being exercised and instructed in the use of arms, with a view probably to a campaign at the close of the rainy season. Gen. Cespedez and Quesada are acting independently, and have their own separate forces and adherents.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

New Regulations Concerning the Baggage of Passengers from Canada to the United States.

Washington, May 14.—Regulations heretofore in force in regard to what is termed the bond baggage of passengers entering the United States from Canada by the Great Western Railroad have been abrogated, and a new system promulgated. From and after May 25th, no inspector of customs will accompany trains over the road from Suspension Bridge to Detroit, as heretofore, for inspection of such baggage, but prior to the departure of any train from the United States the local customs officers shall attach a certain stamp to the baggage of through passengers.

Eight Days to Cross the Continent.

New York, May 15.—Letters which left San Francisco on the evening of the 6th of May, were distributed at the post office in this city, before 9 o'clock this morning.

Fenian Fizzle.

New York, May 14.—A meeting intended as a reception to Warren and Costello, released Fenians, took place this evening. Warren and Costello did not attend, for the reason that they considered the demonstration as partaking of a partisan character. Speeches were made by Col. Nagle and others.

Small Pox on Ship Board.

New York, May 15.—The steamer *City of Cork*, which arrived at Staten Island, on Tuesday, with 600 passengers, had a case of small pox on board, in consequence of which the vessel, crew, and passengers are still detained at quarantine.

Emigration Returns from New York.

Since the 1st of January last eighty-one thousand emigrants have landed at this port from abroad. The number of arrivals since May 1st is 27,900.

The Triple Alliance.

The *Times* special says pertinent to the now generally discredited report of the triple alliance it can be stated on authority which admits of no question that up to the time that Mr. Bethany, the French Minister here, left on his return home, no allusion, direct or remote, had been made to any such proposition in the correspondence between his Government and himself.

Gentlemen can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

Millinery.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

HATS

THAT R

HATS,

At DEVLIN'S.

Ottawa, May 14. 1049a

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on

Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant,

at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Little's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

GREAT

AUCTION SALE OF HAY.

The subscriber has received instructions to offer for sale, at the RAILWAY STATION, on TUESDAY NEXT, the 18th INST.,

60 TONS OF PRESSED TIMOTHY HAY.

A portion of this quantity has been injured by exposure to rain, but bundles will be opened on the ground to shew that the damage does not extend beyond the outside. The balance is of excellent quality, quite equal to what is now bringing $30 per ton.

The bales are bound with wire, and no wood is inserted to make up weight.

The whole will be sold by the ton or bundle as purchasers may desire.

Terms—Cash.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869. 1050-3

By John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers, Montreal.

TRADE SALE OF NEW CROP TEAS.

On THURSDAY, 20th instant, will be offered for account of Messrs. David Torrance & Co., at their sample rooms, Exchange Court, by Catalogue about 5,000 packages NEW CROPS CHINA GREEN TEAS ex *Etha Rickmers*, &c., consisting of HYSON, YOUNG HYSON, GUNPOWDER, IMPERIAL and TWANKAY; also 4,511 packages NEW CROP NATURAL LEAF JAPAN TEAS ex *Unison*.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO., Auctioneers.

1049td

By A. N. Sheppey, Auctioneer, Ogdensburg.

AUCTION.

Great Catalogue Sale of

PERSONAL PROPERTY

BELONGING TO

GEORGE PARISH, Esq.,

Of Ogdensburg, N. Y.

The undersigned will sell by auction, commencing at 9 a. m., WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1869, all the personal property in the Mansion, (corner Sate and Washington-streets), Ogdensburg, N.Y., of GEORGE PARISH, Esq., consisting of

RICH AND ELEGANT FURNITURE,

Carpets, Mirrors,

SILVER, CHINA AND GLASSWARE,

Curtains, Cornices, Statuary, Paintings,

HARNESS, CARRIAGES, &c., &c.

☞ A great portion of this property was made to order in Europe, and in point of quality and elegance is superior to any on this continent.

For particulars see Catalogues.

☞ Sale positive and without reserve.

TERMS CASH.

A. N. SHEPPEY, Auctioneer.

Ogdensburg, N.Y., May 14, 1869. 1050td

AUCTION.

The great AUCTION SALE of personal property belonging to Geo. Parish Esq., of Ogdensburg, will commence

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19th, at ten o'clock a.m. and embraces all the Furniture, Glass Ware, China, &c., including one set of splendid London, Harness and a magnificent London Carriage.

The house will be open for inspection one day, Tuesday, previous to sale.

Catalogues will be ready May 12th.

As I am instructed by Mr. Parish to sell all the property, this sale will be without reserve.

A. N. SHEPPEY, Auctioneer, Ogdensburg.

1050td

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!
BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

A beautiful and varied assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,

BATHS, of all kinds,

TOILET SETTS,

Plain and Ornamented,

☞ REFRIGERATORS!

☞ REFRIGERATORS!

McKelvy's Patent.

We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!

Best patterns in use.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st.,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank-st., third door from Sparks-st., where she will be happy to attend to heir orders. 1041b

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST
STOCK OF CARPETINGS
AND
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MILLINERY
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MANTLES,
AT MODERATE PRICES,
IN EVERY STYLE,
At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Silk Velvets,
Velveteens and
Water-proof Cloakings
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY
DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Satin and Lace,
Plain and Fancy Silk,
Dress Trimmings,
Buttons, Linings, &c.,
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Ribbons, Lace,
Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,
And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Broadcloths, Tweeds,
Coatings, Vestings, and
Tailors' Trimmings
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Sheetings,
Pillow Cottons,
Linens, Prints,
White and Grey Cottons
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF NEW GOODS
In all the Departments, is to be found at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED. ☜

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

CARPETS!

CARPETS!

Per Steamer "Bellona," from London direct.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

WILL SHOW TO-DAY,

NEW BRUSSELS

AND

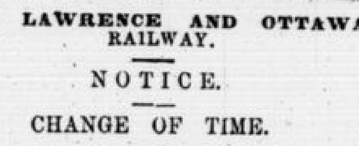
TAPESTRY CARPETS

☞ OF SUPERIOR QUALITY. ☜

ALSO,

HEARTH RUGS TO MATCH.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.



ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Commencing on TUESDAY, the EIGHTEENTH MAY, trains will leave Ottawa at seven, a m, one p m, and ten p m.

Trains will arrive at Ottawa at 10:35 a m, 4:15 p m, and 9 p m.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent.

1050td

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a mortgage made by MICHAEL O'BRIEN, of the township of Fitzroy, in the county of Carleton, yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Esquire, now deceased, to which mortgage JANE O'BRIEN, the wife of the said Michael O'Brien, was made a party, for the purpose of barring dower only, of Lot number Sixteen, in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. SCOTT & ROSS, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of MAY, 1869, at TWELVE o'clock noon.

Margaret Malloch, the devisee named in the last will and testament of the said Edward Malloch, Esquire, deceased, will only covenant that she has done no act to incumber.

The purchaser will accept the title as it stood at the execution of the mortgage.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

1049td W. A. ROSS, Vendor's Solicitor.

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address

E. F. McAVAY & CO.,

Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents, Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE

"ROCKET,"

WINNER OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE IN 1863,

Height 15½ hands.

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of

MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON,

Clarence-st., near the Market.

☞ Terms $10 for the season.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays fo Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, 124 Rideau-st.

1043d

THREE GENTLEMEN

Can be accommodated with furnished bedrooms on Wellington-st.

Apply to M. KAVANAGH at the "Queen," or the House of Commons. 1043a

BOARD AND LODGING.

Three gentlemen can be accommodated with rooms, with or without board, opposite the City Hall Square, 200 yards from Russell House.

Apply at Times office.

Or address Mrs. MacLennan, Post Office.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047a

SIMCOE OLD RYE.

(Ritchie, Ford & Co.)

Just received.

JAMES BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047tf

500 BUSHELS SEED PEAS

—AT—

T. KAVANAGH'S FLOUR STORE,

Rideau-st., next door to the Tea Pot.

Ottawa, May 11. 1046a

FOR SALE.

A first-rate BLACK CANADIAN PONEY, SET HARNESS and SPRING WAGGON, all in good order. Will be sold cheap for cash.

Apply to J. CONNOR, Gloucester-st., near Rideau-st.

1050a

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season.

Just received.

JAS. BUCHANAN'S, Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

PLANTS FOR SALE.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public that he has on hand and for sale TOMATOES, EARLY and LATE CABBAGE PLANTS, CAULIFLOWERS, MELONS, CUCUMBERS in variety, and all the different plants suitable for a garden.

J. H. DWYRE, Corner of Slater and O'Connor-sts.

1050a

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin[illegible] their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to su[illegible] the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO., Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING

BOOKBINDING,

&c., &c., &c.

To be had at

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

PRINTING,

AND

STATIONERY STORE,

21 *Rideau-st.*,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, lar[illegible]
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to mat[illegible]
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultra rine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and L[illegible] Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M,

PLAYING CARDS—

Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—

Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES

Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.

Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal an Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—

Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—

Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—

Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,

Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'

Office Requisites supplied on reasonab[illegible] terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES

Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Boo[illegible] Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice an on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

General Geography, with 39 coloured map price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,

Authorized by the Council of Public Instructio[illegible] for Ontario. The prices are

First Book, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.
First Book—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
Second Book, 56 illustrations, strongl[illegible] bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
Third Book, 41 illustrations, strongly boun[illegible] in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
Fourth Book, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
Fifth Book, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES.

The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,
At "The Ottawa Citizen"
Stationery and Printing House,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE"

21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 17, 1869.

The market on Saturday was the largest we have had for a long time. What made it so, however, was the unusually large supply of potatoes, for really there was very little else, there were, it is true, a few bags of peas, and a load of corn, small quantities of butter were offered at prices varying from 25 to 30 cents for prints. A few fowls were offered at 75 to 90 cents a pair, and about a dozen turkeys from $1.50 to $1.75. There was a very good supply of rhuburb at 12½ to 15 cents a bunch, and beyond the articles we have enumerated there was not much in the market. Eggs were not plentiful, and sold for 13 to 15 cents. About a dozen loads of hay offered at $26 to $28, but remained on hands late.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@ 6 50
No. 1	4 75	@ 5 00
No. 2		none.
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	3 00	@ 3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@ 2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00	@ 7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@ 3 50
OAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 1 30
Spring " "	1 00	@ 1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@ 2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@ 28 50
Prime Mess per do.		none.
Prime		none.
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@ 1 25
Hams	0 15	@ 0 17
Beef per 100 lbs		none.
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@ 0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@ 0 70
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@ 2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@ 0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@ 0 22
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 13	@ 0 15
Apples—per brl	0 00	@ 4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@ 0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@ 28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 50	@ 5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@ 4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@ 3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@ 0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs	0 00	@ 5 50

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Foot Wear which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y, HAVE JUST RECEIVED ALL THE NEWEST STYLES IN BOOTS AND SHOES, FOR SPRING AND SUMMER, COMPRISING a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.

We would call the especial attention of the LADIES, To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1. ALSO, To our Prunella Balmoral, for.....$1.25. BANKRUPT STOCK. We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO., late F G & C A Crosby, Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE THE NEW STYLES IN BOOTS AND SHOES! FOR SUMMER, AT THE RED BOOT, 28 Sussex-st.

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S PATENT CONGRESS, SEAMLESS CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOOTS, BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE , and other new styles, AT THE RED BOOT.

GARDENER'S BAKING POWDER. In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE, for the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 395, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to

JOHN COOK, Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to SAMUEL LEMIEUX, Plantagenet Mills, Ontario. 1043tf

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET, AT NEW EDINBURGH, A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Auburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to S. CHRISTIE, Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET—FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to S. SKINNER, Senate Buildings.

1028tf

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND TO RENT, For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR, Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

1009-14tf

FOR SALE. That Splendid STONE BUILDING, situated in the very centre of the VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM, formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the "ONTARIO HOUSE," combining all the advantages of a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON, Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT, Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance (it only 3 miles) from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

THE OTTAWA LIVERY SALE AND BAIT STABLES, Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S., Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TO LUMBERERS. QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are, Your obdt. servants, M. STEVENSON & CO.

1000-2m

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET, From 15th June, the HOUSE occupied by CAPTAIN SCOTT, on Daly-st., Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, May 14. 1049tf

HOUSE TO LET On Richmond Road, of six rooms. Apply to J. McGAW, Cave Creek Hotel. 1049

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

A NEW COTTAGE, beautifully situated on the MACKAY ESTATE, three-quarters of a mile from Rideau Hall, and one mile from Sandy Hill Bridge, with one or more acres of land attached.

For particulars apply at the OFFICE OF THE MACKAY ESTATE.

New Edinburgh, May 13, 1869. 1049-3

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th INSTANT, for the purchase of the NEW STEAM SAW MILL near the mouth of the River Blanche, in East Templeton, Province of Quebec, with land and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Mill in good running order, with first-class SHINGLE MILL in addition. Size of Mill 80 x 40, with Engine House 26 x 40. Engine 80 horse power.

If not sooner disposed of it will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of Walker & Pennoch, in the city of Ottawa, on the 15th INSTANT, at NOON.

Terms easy.

For fuller particulars and conditions of sale apply to

W. H. WALKER, Solicitor for Vendor.

Ottawa, May 1, 1869. 1039b

CHOICE FARMING LANDS FOR SALE IN THE COUNTIES OF KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER, and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD, Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN AND WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINSENT, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER! Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER! Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in the matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended, may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it, and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure. B. B. L.

COAL! COAL! NEWCASTLE GRATE, (Screened.) LACKAWANNA (Egg and Stove Sizes.) LEHIGH (Lump and Egg Sizes.) BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron

For Sale by D. W. COWARD & CO., Commission Merchants, Office—17 Sparks-st.

912-3m

FOR SALE. PORK—Chicago Mess. FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX. GRASS and CLOVER SEED. WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

Medical.

GOOD WORDS FOR THE PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—Montreal Transcript.

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—Toronto Baptist.

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—St. John's News, P. Q.

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—Amherst, N. S., Gazette.

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—Hamilton Spectator.

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE, BILIOUS FEVER, PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT, or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA, than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—Gents: I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowerville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance." I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN B DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, and BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE. I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moisture to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada. Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa: 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK, CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES, CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO 30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
" Superfine o.	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO., Little Sussex-st., Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART, AND COMMISSION SALE ROOMS, HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY, OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS, INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston, Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G, R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P, Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P, Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P, James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C, H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa, Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant, House, Land and General Agent.

75.y

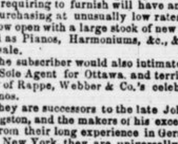
Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE! AT THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS, IRON, COAL, SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS, and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO, STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, &c., &c., AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, Rideau-st. Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Remember the place, THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU-ST., Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of FOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES! Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021.16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank-st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN. Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE. MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel. Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. 962y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont. E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 849y

OTTAWA HOUSE. Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario. Stages in connection with the steamers Jason Gould, Pembroke and Pontiac. Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand. J. COPELAND, Proprietor. Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings. The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons. Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa. 292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co. W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging. FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q. STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

R. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office. REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W. JOHN OLIVER, 506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c., Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, 711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS, AND MELODEONS, In their new Show Room, comprising PIANO-FORTES, from all the leading makers. WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS, ORGANS AND MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country. Now is the time for intending purchasers. PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL. Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large. New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving. J. L. ORME & SON, Sign of the Golden Lyre, 944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Low &

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1052. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,

Rimmel's New Perfumes,

Cambridge Bouquet,

Oxford Bouquet,

English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,

Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,

Improved Perfumed Distributors,

&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,

Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,

Family and Dispensing Chemist.

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR CONSUMPTION

treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S

PANCREATIC EMULSION.

See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*

CASE 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—*The Lancet Report.*

Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*

"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.

No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,

143, New Bond-st, London.

Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,

Sparks-street,

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,

Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,

Registrar of Council.

Medical Registration Office,

Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,

Very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying

TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable men to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade. Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Catties and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Catties, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money can be collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. Where there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we will send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs, and sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, will receive one of their own choice in return at our expense.

We subjoin a list of our prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

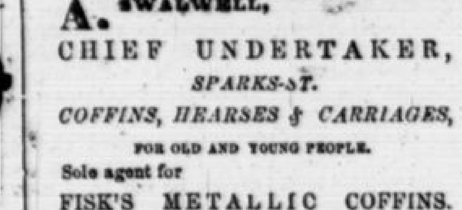
Remember the address,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

Box 201, P. O., Ottawa, or

Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, May 8, 1869.



A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

HOUSEKEEPERS,

BUY YOUR

STOVES AND KITCHEN

FURNISHINGS

AT

ESMONDE'S,

the cheapest place in the city. All sorts of tinwork manufactured to order.

A few second hand COOKING STOVES for sale.

TENDERS WANTED

for the erection of a

ONE STORY BRICK OFFICE,

AT THE

NEW EDINBURGH SAW MILLS.

Plans and specifications will be seen at the office, at the mills, where tenders will be received up to SATURDAY NIGHT, the 15th INST.

The lowest tender not necessarily accepted.

New Edinburgh Saw Mills,

May 13, 1869. 1048-3

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

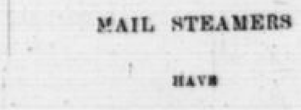
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 482y



THE OTTAWA

RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMERS

HAVE

COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS

BETWEEN

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

R. W. SHEPHERD,

Manager.

May 7, 1869. 1043tf

PLANTS FOR SALE.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public that he has on hand and for sale TOMATOES, EARLY and LATE CABBAGE PLANTS, CAULIFLOWERS, MELONS, CUCUMBERS in variety, and all the different plants suitable for a garden.

J. H. DWYRE,

1050a Corner of Slater and O'Connor-sts.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, ... DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.,

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

QUEBEC REFERENCES.

Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.

James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.

Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.

Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.

Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a

FEW DAYS

OPEN A FIRST-CLASS

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the

FIRST FLOOR

OF THE

MASONIC HALL BLOCK,

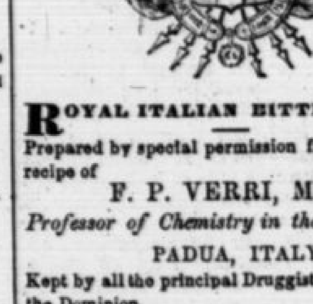
ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK

In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of

PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

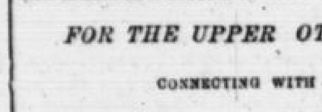
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,

Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

LEAVES

AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"

"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"

FOR

DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS,

1042tf President.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

FIRE WORKS!

FOR 24TH MAY,

Received and for sale, at 43 Sussex and Sparks-sts.

1048-3 L. N. NYE.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS, price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,

PRESERVED OYSTERS do

FRESH HALIBUT do

FRESH SALMON do

FRESH MACKEREL d

FRESH LOBSTERS

GREEN PEAS do

LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE, Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,

FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,

MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,

MORTON'S Bloater Paste,

TOMATO and other Catsups

ANCHOVY Paste,

STRASBURGH Meats,

POTTED Beef and Tongues

PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,

ORANGE Marmalade,

MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,

PICKLED Mackerel,

PICKLED HERRINGS,

In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,

DRY Codfish,

DRY Haddock,

FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call ... dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,

15 Broadway, New York

or to B RRICK, BRUSH & CO.,

Ottawa

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. **$3.00**

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 .... GREY ETOFFE PANTS,

$4.50 .... GOOD PEA JACKETS,

$4 .... OVERCOATS,

$9 .... COMPLETE SUITS

$1 .... GOOD VESTS,

75 CTS. $1 and $1.25 ...... UNDERSHIRTS,

75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ...... DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

OPENED OUT

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,

A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,

A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,

A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,

A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS

IN NEW MATERIALS,

A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,

A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,

TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

NOISELESS

FEEDER

SEWING MACHINES

are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON,

105 King-st. West, Toronto, and

37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

SAVAGE'S URSINA.

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR,

has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.

It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.

Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.

EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1028eod.3m

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

CHAMBER SETS, cheap at

ESMONDE'S.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

TO LUMBER MERCHANTS.—Wanted by a young man a situation as Lumber Clerk; has had several years experience in the measuring, shipping and piling of lumber. Can furnish the very best of references. Address, A.R., TIMES Office, Ottawa. 1047-4-26-1

Tailoring.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian

TWEEDS,

may now be seen at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.

Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.

A. GRAHAM & CO.,

Commercial Warehouse,

No. 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

T. LAWRENCE

Having opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.

From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

GENTLEMEN

Leaving their orders at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

Can get well suited in Garments.

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

N. ROBERTSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

COATS, PANTS and VESTS

May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

FOR CASH ONLY.

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

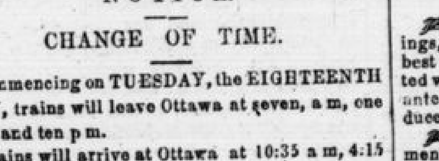
Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.—

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6. 1015tf



ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Commencing on TUESDAY, the EIGHTEENTH MAY, trains will leave Ottawa at seven, a m, one p m, and ten p m.

Trains will arrive at Ottawa at 10:35 a m, 4:15 p m, and 9 p m.

T. S. DETLOR,

1050td Superintendent.

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vexata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY. For sale by all druggists.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mrs S.A. ALLEN

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING

Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty,

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.

March 26. 1008-14y

For the effect produced by Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs the inventor is permitted to refer to the Medical Gentlemen in St. John, N. B., whose signatures are attached hereto:

WILLIAM BAYARD, M.D.
EDWIN BAYARD, M.D.
THOMAS WALKER, M.D.
JOHN BERRYMAN, M.D., ED.
DR. JOHNSTON, L.R.C.S., ED.
GEORGE KEATOR, M.D.
W. B. HARDING, M.R.C.S.
JOHN BAXTER, M.D.
J. D. WHITE, M. D.
T. W. CARRITT, M.D.

I, Aaron Alward, Mayor of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, having examined the letters of Drs. Earle, Addy, Clay, Jacobs and Chandler, and also the signatures attached to the foregoing permit of reference, hereby certify that I believe them all genuine.

I can also testify to the high therapeutical value of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs, and consider it deserving of attention by the profession generally.

{ Great Seal. } In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Seal of Mayoralty at the city of St. John, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

AARON ALWARD, M.D.,

1049b21b Mayor of the City of St. John.

AGENTS—FRANCIS CUNDILL & CO., 32 Lemoine-st., Montreal.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578y

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

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AT THE VARIETY HALL.

RED RIVER SETTLEMENT.

Character of the Territory.

The Fort Garry *Nor' Wester*, of April 17, has another article on the resources and character of the North-west territory. We quote it, as follows:

"1st. Can horses be got for farm work?

"Horses can be got for farming purposes but, owing to good animals being in demand for carriage purposes and for buffalo hunting on the plains, horses are not so generally used for ploughing and general farm work as oxen.

"If there is anything that a native of Red River dislikes to part with it is his horse if it be a good one; and, as a rule, nothing but necessity will induce them to sell. Considering the number of our population there is probably no people so well supplied with horses. No man walks a mile in Red River if he can help it. Every one has his horse; and if able, his carriage and cutter; and the first ambition of a young man is to become the possessor of a spirited horse, a fine cutter and elaborately trimmed robes. With these he is happy, and without them he feels lost in the throng of gay equipages. And in some cases the passion for making a fine appearance, causes them to lose sight of the necessary items of domestic comfort; and if a stranger should attempt to judge of their means by their dashing appearance when in town, he would be disagreeably undeceived upon entering their houses to find a want of what are generally thought to be the very comforts of life; and, too often a dearth of the very necessities. This passion for display is not peculiar to Red River, however, but is manifested in the east by the fop and the dandy, whose wealth is concentrated in a suit of fine clothes, and whose brain is distracted over the tie of his cravat. Although the causes operate to make an apparent scarcity of horses, still there will not be much difficulty in obtaining horses for farm work if you want them, but are satisfied that for many purposes oxen are preferable in a prairie country especially for the breaking up of new land.

"2nd. Will it pay to raise horses and cattle?

"Horses and cattle are in demand now; and that demand is constantly on the increase. Parties intending to go into the raising of stock, should bring in a few stallions and bulls of the best breeds; as an infusion of good new blood into our present hardy stock would undoubtedly cause the adventure of many in stock raising to be highly remunerative, as such improved breeds would be in great demand, at good prices.

"3rd. How long are cattle fed during the winter?

"Cattle are generally housed in the latter part of November, and are let out early in April. Upon the Saskatchewan horses and cattle can feed out on the prairies during the whole winter, and they are fat in the spring.

"4th. How are they fed, and where does the hay come from?

"They are fed upon hay, but there is nothing, under ordinary circumstances, to hinder their being fed upon root crops, if the farmers would turn their attention to the growth of turnips, mangold wurtzel and carrots, &c, as field crops. The hay is cut on the prairies back of the farms. Timothy and clover are not known in the settlement and no kinds of grass are cultivated for the purpose of making hay. The natural grasses are very nutritious, and can be cut to any extent, although we cannot help thinking that many of our older farmers would benefit their lands by putting them down to grass or clover for a few years.

"6th. Do you house your stock?

"Yes; in Red River settlement, though it is not essentially necessary upon the Saskatchewan.

"5th. What are the prices for horses and cattle?

"The prices paid for horses bred in the settlement, range from £8 to £25 sterling.

"The prices of oxen range from £8 to £10 sterling, and of cows from £5 to £7 sterling.

"7th. Would it pay to bring cattle from Canada?

"Yes, if the stock be good. Thoroughbreds in horses, cattle, sheep and pigs are much needed in the settlement.

8th. Can sheep be kept, and would wool raising pay?

We do not know why sheep should not be raised here as well as elsewhere; although there are very few in the country; wool-raising should be one of our principal branches of industry. Emigrants would do well to bring in a few sheep with them of good breeds. The quality of wool now raised is fine and good: and the country can never prosper as long as we send abroad for woollen goods, which could not only be made here to supply our wants, but would eventually become an article of trade and export. Depend upon it, the growth and manufacture of wool can be made the source of great wealth to a country which would have an extensive market for such goods, especially blankets and flannels, among the Indians to the north and north-west of us.

9th. Do you raise much pork?

We do not. The art of pork making is not properly understood by our farmers. The raising of hogs and manufacture of such pork as is known in the east will be one of great advantage to the settlement; and the market will be good, especially as the supply of Pemican has failed as a staple. Good mess pork, bacon and hams will find all the market required close at hand.

Items of News.

We take the following items of news from the same paper:—

"The snow disappeared from our plains on the 17th inst: and the rivers are rapidly breaking up. The roads are getting dry, and in another week the ploughs will be in the ground."

"Prairie fires have been raging in every direction for the past ten days."

"We are informed that the Red River has overflowed its banks at Fort Abercrombie, and things up there are afloat generally."

"Very shortly after the river is clear of ice we may look for the flat boats which have been building at Abercrombie for the transportation of seed grain and general merchandize to this settlement."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Lecture by W. M. Punshon, M. A.
Skiff for Sale by Auction—J. Bermingham.
Auction Sale of City Real Estate—H. McLean.
Meeting of the St. Andrew's Society—J. Fraser.
Do. St. George's Society—W. Mills.
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The Banking and Currency Scheme;
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Intercolonial Railway; &c., &c.
Editorials;
Local News;
Telegraphic;
General News; &c., &c.

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The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1869.

For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.

At the rate of progress now making in Parliament, it is doubtful indeed if the prorogation can take place much before the beginning of July. Yesterday was consumed in debating the Intercolonial Railway route; and the only good fruit that can result therefrom, is that some parties, who would not believe it before, must now be convinced that that question is already settled. The game was hardly worth the candle; but no matter.

There is something spectral in her Majesty's faithful Commons debating the affairs of the country over the flickering glare of a few dozen candles, distributed round the Chamber. Twice during this session has the supply of gas failed; last night the House was in almost total darkness for the better part of an hour; and if such should be the case at the beginning of the week, what may be expected towards the end of it? The promptitude with which the candles were brought out indicated that the catastrophe was not altogether unanticipated; but as this practice can hardly be justified according to modern British precedent; and has, withal, an unwholesome effect on the atmosphere of the House, we trust that arrangements may be made in future to dispense with it.

Nothing could be more glaring than Mr. McKenzie's tergiversation and pretence on the Intercolonial Railway question, as exposed by Mr. Cartwright, yesterday afternoon. In the course of his speech in support of his resolutions, on the question of route, Mr. McKenzie said that though he had reluctantly agreed to accept the Intercolonial Railway as a part of the Confederation Scheme; yet that had he thought that the Major Robinson route would have been adopted, he, for one, would not have agreed to it. Mr. Cartwright thereafter produced the "Confederation Debates," and read from Mr. McKenzie's speech showing that he advocated the construction of the Intercolonial Railway upon the Major Robinson line, and upon no other. It is needless to say that such an exposure thoroughly destroyed the effect of the member for Lambton's affected indignation because that route has since been adopted. If Mr. Bolton had studied these debates as he ought to have done, with especial reference to this question, he would have seen that Mr. McKenzie regarded the construction of the railway on the Major Robinson line as a necessary condition of Confederation, and we are quite sure Mr. Bolton would never have lent his name as seconder to Mr. McKenzie's buncombe resolutions on a question that everybody knows is settled beyond recall. Mr. Bolton's opposition to the North Shore route, if sectional, is at least sincere; but Mr. McKenzie's can hardly be viewed in the same light, and hence Mr. Bolton has been betrayed into a position from which the perusal of Mr. McKenzie's speech on Confederation would doubtless have saved him.

If Mr. McKenzie appeared to disadvantage yesterday afternoon, he certainly cut a still more sorry figure this morning, when in reply to Mr. Cartwright's exposure, he said that then almost the only available information on the subject of the railway was that contained in Major Robinson's report. Now in what light does his statement stand of the afternoon before, that had he known that line was to have been adopted he would not have agreed to it? If it is true, as Mr. McKenzie now pretends, that "the Intercolonial Railway," spoken of in the Confederation debate, was the Major Robinson line, surely it was something akin to bad faith to attempt to palm off upon the Provinces another and a cheaper line in a different part of the country. It is not surprising after such a debate that his motion was defeated by a vote of 114 to 28, though it is a pity that even twenty-eight men should have been willing to give the sanction of their names to such a piece of transparent buncombe.

The correspondence laid before Parliament relative to the selection of the Intercolonial Railway route, is conclusive as to the strong leaning of the Imperial authorities towards the Major Robinson line. When the Canadian Act was transmitted to the Colonial Office for approval, it was objected to by the Duke of Buckingham on the ground that it only provided for the raising of a loan of one million sterling, which in the absence of an assurance that the Bay Chaleur route would be adopted his Grace thought insufficient. It was only in the belief that this line would be adopted, and guided by the estimates of Major Robinson and Mr. Fleming, showing the sum required to complete the railway from Riviere du Loup to Truro to be considerably less than four millions sterling, that the non-guaranteed portion of the loan was accepted at one million instead of two.

The cautiousness of the Colonial Office in this matter must be perfectly intelligible. They had the report of an able Imperial officer, in whose skill and judgment they had complete confidence; they had Mr. Fleming's estimates of the worst portion of the line, which by extending to the whole, still kept the total cost within the amount provided; and they were thus fully assured that the provision Canada had undertaken to make would be sufficient to complete the line. Otherwise, and to secure the end contemplated by the guarantee—that is the completion of the road—the Duke of Buckingham says, in so many words, that Canada would have been expected to provide for a loan of two millions instead of one, in addition to the three millions guaranteed.

We have in these facts another reason, if any other reasons were wanted, to show the folly of attempting to change the Intercolonial Railway route from that already chosen; and upon the adoption of which, such important financial and other obligations have already been undertaken.

The *Globe* wishes "every reader" to believe a gross and unfounded misrepresentation concerning the banking and currency scheme. It estimates the bank note circulation at ten millions, and Dominion notes at four millions, and audaciously affirms that the "Government scheme takes every "shilling of this out of circulation—and "puts not one penny in its place," and this gross falsehood it prints in italics for greater force. Is it possible that the writer is quibbling upon "shilling" and "penny" because neither properly enters into the calculation? It is certain that a most false and erroneous impression is attempted to be conveyed; and quite likely that a great many of the *Globe's* readers will accept it without consideration. It is clear that the Dominion notes (four millions) will be replaced by Government circulation, dollar for dollar, except the specie reserve of twenty per cent. Here then are three millions two hundred thousand dollars of the *Globe's* fourteen millions restored at once, every "penny" and "shilling" accounted for.

The banks by the last monthly statement hold of "coin, bullion and Provincial notes," in round figures, eight millions and a half; but since we cannot discover how much of this may be in Provincial notes, or what amount of these notes may be in the hands of the public, we cannot say how far the conversion of this reserve into the new currency would affect the Dominion note circulation. It is certain, however, that deducting the twenty per cent. reserve the banks could at once float six millions eight hundred thousand dollars, and as much more as the sum of eighty per cent. of the Dominion notes now in the hands of the public as they were called in. Then the banks hold of Government securities about three millions two hundred thousand dollars, which, still allowing for the reserve, would give over two millions and a half more: Or say altogether (including the Dominion notes in the hands of the public) there is available for immediate conversion about nine millions and a half without drawing a "penny" or a "shilling" on the discounts to the public. The *Globe's* assertion as to the Dominion notes must be false under any circumstances, and it can only be true regarding the bank notes on the assumption that the banks have not a dollar for their redemption. This we say in explanation of the scheme as it really is, and not with any intention of discussing its merits. We desire merely to point out that it is not true that Mr. Rose proposes to withdraw fourteen millions of currency without giving a penny in return; or that his scheme contemplates the replacement of these fourteen millions, or even ten millions, by a like contraction of the line of discount.

In the debate which took place in the Senate on Thursday last, on the subject of immigration, the Hon. D. L. Macpherson brought out some important facts concerning the relative rates of remuneration in the labour markets of Canada and the United States. Taking Mr. Welles as an unexceptionable authority on the influence of the fluctuations in the price of labour and the cost of living, it appears that the latter had increased about 50 per cent. more than the former between 1860 and 1868. In other words, while the average advance in wages for the period named had been fifty-three per cent.; the average advance in the cost of living had been seventy-eight per cent. The condition of the working man in the United States is thus conclusively shown to be much worse than it was a few years ago. The Secretary of the New York Association for improving the condition of the poor, also quoted by Mr. Macpherson, says in his report for last year:

"The purchasing power of their earnings in many cases, even with full employment, is scarcely equal to their expenses, so that they have little or nothing in advance. Hence, when labour slacks or fails, they are brought to suffering and to dependence on charity. This readily explains how it is that so many of the temperate, the frugal and industrious are brought into straits and need temporary aid, and it shows, moreover, why large demands for relief are made at a time when both the capital and industry of the country are in a broad view tending to resume their wonderful career of progress and development."

The increase of destitution among the working classes in the midst of the general prosperity claimed for the country, is merely expressing the result of Mr. Welles's figures in another way. The financial position of the Government, and the manner in which they have supported them, have unduly pressed upon labour, as shewn by the fact that capital has been growing rich during the very period that labour has been compelled to sacrifice a large percentage of its purchasing power. But the main conclusion which it is specially important that our own working people should know, is that the mechanic, the artizan, and the labourer, are in a worse condition to-day in the United States than they were before the war; that wages, though nominally higher, are really very much lower; so much lower, indeed, that "many of the temperate, the "frugal, and the industrious are brought "into straits and need temporary aid."

Now, what is the condition of the same classes in the Province of Ontario? Mr. Macpherson, by the wages rate, and cost of living in Toronto, shows that since 1860 the latter has only increased about thirty per cent., and the former (wages) have increased about forty-five or fifty per cent. While there has been a marked falling off in the purchasing power of the wages paid in the United States there has been an equally marked increase in Ontario; at least in the greater portion of Ontario, for which Toronto may be accepted as a fair average.

By another calculation Mr. Welles shows that the common day labourer in the United States was worse off by $27 a year in 1867 at the higher wages than he was in 1860 at the lower rates then paid; and Mr. Macpherson by the same rule shows that the labourers in Ontario are $59.28 a year better off than in 1860.

Such facts ought not to be without their effect, it prominently brought before the notice of intending emigrants in Europe; nor should they be lost upon our own people, many of whom are dazzled by the large *amount* named as wages in the United States, and forget altogether the comparatively small purchasing power of American currency, not merely from the difference between it and gold; but from the enormously high taxes that necessarily swell the cost of every article. And one of the worst effects of these enormously high taxes, levied indirectly, is that the consumer not only pays the Government impost, but he pays a profit to the trader upon that impost. The United States have gone very far in this system, and we see its effects in this that in spite of the general progress of the country, the condition of the working classes, instead of being improved, is becoming worse; while in Canada it is evident that the condition of the working man is at least keeping pace with the general progress of the country.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Monday, May 17, 1869.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

A number of petitions were presented; one praying for an amendment to the Patent Law; and several praying that no change be made in the Banking Law.

Mr. McKENZIE presented the 4th report of the joint committee recommending the printing of certain documents that have been laid before the House.

Mr. HARRISON gave notice that he would, on Wednesday next, move for leave to introduce a Bill to provide for the administration of oaths and the punishment of false swearing.

Mr. McKENZIE enquired when the Election Law and the Northwest Question would be brought down?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Election Law would be introduced to-morrow, and the papers relating to the Hudson's Bay Company and the Northwest Territory would be brought down in a day or two, perhaps to-morrow, or the day after.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY ROUTE.

Mr. McKENZIE moved that the House go into Committee of the Whole to consider the following resolutions:

1. That in the construction of the Intercolonial railway, it is of the highest importance, for commercial and economical reasons, to have the shortest and cheapest line selected, which, in addition to the main object, will afford access to the best and nearest port on the Bay of Fundy.

2. That the Bay of Chaleurs route selected by the Government is not the one which will best promote the commercial interests of the Dominion, or best secure the settlement of the remote portions of the Provinces through which the road will pass, and that while it gives the smallest commercial advantages it will entail the largest expenditure in construction and afterwards in maintenance and working expenses.

3. That in view of the serious effect on the finances of the Dominion and the permanent and continuous loss to the commerce of the country consequent on the adoption of a long and expensive route to the sea, it is desirable not to proceed with any work on those portions of the line not common to the Central or Southern routes, with a view to the adoption of a route which will give access to the sea by the shortest and cheapest line, without interfering with the distance to Halifax as the ultimate terminus.

He desired to discuss this question without any local considerations, but with a single desire to arrive at a proper conclusion. It appeared that the Imperial authorities had always discussed this question on the information received many years ago, when the construction of the road was suggested through the possibility of a difficulty with the Americans on the boundary question. The construction of the road had been urged on the part of the colonies, and in 1862 it had been arranged that Canada should bear five-twelfths and the Maritime Provinces seven-twelfths of its cost; but so unpopular was even this arrangement in Canada that the Ministry had to abandon the negotiation. He had in accepting Confederation also agreed, though reluctantly, to saddle the country with the cost of building this railway; but had he supposed that the Major Robinson route would be adopted he for one would not have agreed to it. He believed that Ontario was almost a unit upon this question, it was decidedly opposed to this long, expensive and useless route. There were three considerations to be taken into account in regard to this railway, commercial interests, prudential reasons, and the military uses of the road. Experience had already shown that the Grand Trunk Railway had been placed on the wrong route on account of local and political influences. The same influences had operated on the Intercolonial. Taking Montreal as the starting point, and going by Grand Trunk Railway to Bangor, in Maine, they could reach St. John *via* the Western Extension by a route shorter by forty-six miles than the Frontier route, or any possible route within our territory (hear, hear). The only proper route in the commercial sense was the shortest possible way to the sea; to such ports as St. Stephen or St. John, which were open through the winter. Another ready means of ascertaining the commercial importance of the Robinson route was to take the customs returns of the ports alongside of it. In the Province of Quebec the customs dues collected at these ports were but one-one hundredth and sixty-second part of the whole collected in that Province; and in New Brunswick but one-twelfth of the customs revenue collected in that Province. The commercial interests on this line were therefore quite infinitesimal and he need not waste words upon them. He was quite willing that the Bay Chaleur country should be settled and become prosperous; but the question was not one of the promotion of settlement, but of the building of a great Intercolonial highway. To accomplish this it was not only necessary that the intervening links between existing lines should be built; and the proper course would have been to have connected the existing lines in the valley of the St. John with Riviere du Loup. He argued at some length in favour of a frontier route, which from all that he had been able to discover, could readily have been constructed, and for prudential reasons it would be easy to prove that this would have been preferable to the selection of the Major Robinson line. He admitted that this involved the loss of the Imperial guarantee, but would it not have been better for Canada to have borrowed less than half the amount, on its own debentures, and secure the construction of the shorter, cheaper, and more commercially valuable road? He believed the true policy was to have sought the most direct route to the nearest seaport. As to the military aspect of the question, he could not understand why it should be insisted that at one point the road should be eighty or a hundred miles from the frontier, when at another point it was only twenty-five miles from the border. He referred to the correspondence on the subject, and desired to know how Mr. Adderly came into possession of a knowledge of the probability that the Bay Chaleur route would be adopted on the 16th of May, when this House was prorogued on the 22nd, without getting any information on the point?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said there was no communication of the kind, and the hon. gentleman must refer to Mr. Adderly himself as to how he arrived at his opinion.

Mr. McKENZIE said there must be somebody who could tell; and before he left this part of the subject he would call the attention of the House to the extraordinary position of the Minister of Public Works and the Minister of Customs. These gentlemen had pledged themselves in the most positive manner, and he (Mr. McKenzie) fully expected that there would have been at the close of last session, a serious defection in the Cabinet (laughter). It had also been whispered that the Premier was in the minority on this question.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—That is a mistake (laughter).

Mr. McKENZIE was very much surprised. If he (Sir John A. Macdonald) was not in the minority he ought to have been for the sake of the interests of the Province he represents. Mr. McKenzie reiterated the importance of the considerations he had submitted, and would reserve further remarks till another stage of the debate, being anxious to hear what could be said in defence of the course which had been pursued.

Mr. BOLTON (N. B.) seconded the motion. He thought it was the most important question that could come before the House, involving as it did so large an amount of money, and so deeply affecting the commercial interests of the country. The project had originated in the county which he had the honour to represent (Charlotte) of connecting the Maritime Provinces with Canada; and since that time the advantage of a road, by the valley of the St. John, had frequently been acknowledged not only by the commercial men of Montreal and other places, but also by gentlemen of eminence in England. He thought the military character of the road had received its *quietus*. He did not think that the Government would pretend they were building this road at a cost of twenty-five millions of dollars as a military road. And they were building it not upon the Major Robinson line, but several miles nearer the sea, running a long distance along the edge of a precipice from which a fall would land them in the gulf. And they were building wooden bridges which was a strange way of making a military road. Referring to the argument of the Minister of Militia on a former occasion that this road would be very valuable to Ontario in case the bonding system were stopped by the United States; but how was this valuable privilege to be got. Why, by travelling 178 miles round about and expending ten millions of dollars unnecessarily. The road by Dunville connecting with Western Extension was 223 miles shorter to St. John from Montreal than by the North Shore route. But it might be said the objective point was Halifax, and even then Halifax could be reached by as short a route as the North Shore. A subsidy of five millions of dollars would have secured the construction of the Frontier route, from Woodstock to Riviere du Loup; and two millions more would have completed the Nova Scotia section. The whole sum required would only have been seven millions, instead of twenty-five millions as the North Shore would absorb in construction; and it would never pay working expenses. The difference in cost would be equal to a loss of about two millions a year. He then argued that the general opinion in New Brunswick was that there was a majority of the Cabinet at first against the North Shore route. The Ontario members appeared quite apathetic in the matter; and he believed the question for the time safe in the hands of the Government. He then said that if Confederation had been offered to New Brunswick with the North Shore attached, it would have rejected it. He would much rather see no road built at all, and so would three-fourths of the people of his Province. Let the money be spent in opening up the Northwest, in improving canals, and encouraging works of utility, rather than be thrown away on this useless road. He never opposed the Government, except with regret; but in this matter he felt it his duty to do so.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT had listened with great interest to the debate, knowing the importance attached to the subject. The people of Ontario had accepted the Intercolonial railway as the price of Confederation, and one distinguished politician, the leader of the party to which the hon. member for Lambton belonged, had declared his willingness to pay the price of five Intercolonial railways for Confederation. He (Mr. C.) was not willing to agree to such an extravagant proposition, but the Conservatives of Ontario had accepted the one road in good faith as the price of Confederation, and he thought the member for Lambton's views had undergone a very great change upon this matter. If he had not misunderstood him, the member for Lambton said that he would not have accepted Confederation, with the North Shore Railway as a condition. He (Mr. Cartwright) remembered the hon. gentleman's speech on Confederation, in which he had held much more favourable views of the North Shore Route. He (Mr. Cartwright) would, with the permission of the House, read from page 430 of the Confederation debates to show that at that time the member for Lambton held a very different view regarding the Bay Chaleur route (hear, hear). In his speech on that occasion, the member for Lambton said:

"As regards the Intercolonial Railway, I have taken some little interest in that, as I knew that I would be compelled to discuss it on approaching this subject, and, in examining the maps and reports of Major Robinson, I find that there is no difficulty whatever in arriving at a conclusion as to the comparative cost. The route that is most feasible—that alluded to by the honourable member for Richelieu—the northern or eastern route by the Bay of Chaleurs, is about 655 miles from Halifax to Quebec." (Laughter).

Mr. CARTWRIGHT continued to read other extracts showing that when Confederation was under discussion, Mr. McKenzie not only regarded the Major Robinson as the "most feasible;" but apparently the only route worth speaking about. Mr. Cartwright then continued: He hoped that the hon. member would again come back to his former views regarding the North Shore railway (laughter), and he (Mr. C.) would move an amendment to his motion to which he hoped the hon. gentleman would give the same kind consideration as the gentlemen on the Treasury benches had, the other night, given to his amendments (laughter). There had been most reckless assertions made regarding the cost of construction of the various schemes. But these assertions were not entitled to much consideration. The Major Robinson line had been lengthened some forty odd miles by an estimate of Mr. Fleming for curvature, but it had since been proved that this was an entire mistake. Mr. Fleming had since located seventy miles of the road on Major Robinson's line, and it had been found that there was but half a mile difference between, and that half mile had been caused by a curvature introduced by Mr. Fleming for the better crossing of the Metapedia river. He then exposed the risk of having to negotiate for existing lines, contending that the question of construction was not so great as had been represented between any of the proposed routes. He attached a good deal of importance to the trade of Canada to have this road as a protection against the possible action of the United States, not that he thought freight would ever seek the ocean by the Bay Chaleur route, or by the central, or by any other route possible within our territory, so long as the shorter road was open to Portland. There was another feature connected with the North Shore route, and that was the proposed line of European travel suggested by Mr. Fleming in connection with this road, and a road across Newfoundland, whereby the trip from Europe might be reduced by nearly one half. He thought this was a matter which had not yet received the attention it had deserved. Mr. Cartwright concluded by moving an amendment reciting the facts connected with the Intercolonial negotiations that the line having been located; the loan guaranteed; the money raised, and seven sections of the line placed under contract—"That under these circumstances this House considers that any discussion as to the route of the Intercolonial railway would not answer any good purpose, and would greatly prejudice the credit of the Dominion at home and abroad."

It being six o'clock the Speaker left the chair.

After Recess.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER seconded the amendment proposed by Mr. Cartwright. He argued that to adopt the resolutions offered by the hon. member for Lambton, would be to go back upon an engagement solemnly entered into with this country and the Imperial Government and English capitalists. The mover of the resolutions treated this question as if from the stand point of last session, instead of this. What answer would the hon. member for Lambton give to the English capitalists who would charge him with using the money for a work other than the one decided on when the loan was obtained, and on one which the Imperial Government had condemned. The resolutions totally ignored the fact of any agreement being made. No member of this House who was not prepared to repudiate a solemn engagement entered into with the Imperial Government, under which arrangement a great loan was obtained, could, in his opinion, vote for these resolutions. This question was settled in 1858, because then it was decided by all the Governments of the Provinces, this route should be one that would meet with the sanction of the Imperial Government, and no objection was made by the country to that decision. The Macdonald-Sicotte Government had agreed to go on with the railway, without raising any objection to the decision that the route should be selected by the Imperial Government. At the Quebec Conference, also, it was agreed by an overwhelming majority that the Imperial authorities should decide the question of route. Therefore it was too late in the day to raise this question. The Imperial Government had decided to have no other route, and hence according to the agreement of the Governments of the Provinces no other route should be accepted by our Government. The hon. member for Charlotte had argued that the road should be built to St. John rather than to Halifax, which was directly contrary to the provisions of the Union Act. As far as St. John was concerned, that city was already well supplied with railways. He argued that the North Shore line was not only the shortest, but the cheapest. The Central line was out of the question, because it was found, after an elaborate survey, to be impracticable. The question was narrowed down to a Frontier and a North Shore line. According to the calculations of the most reliable authorities, by the North Shore, 480 miles were to be built at $40,000 a mile, amounting in all to $19,200,000. If the Frontier line had been adopted the Government would have been compelled to buy 51 miles from an American company, otherwise that portion of the line would have to remain in possession of that company, a proposition which he was assured would not meet with the approval of any member of the House. The hon. mover of the resolutions had assumed that the Government could have taken advantage of this part of the line that was built; but, on the contrary, that company would take advantage of the Government. But, assuming that it could be purchased, it was not too much to say that it would cost as much as to build the road, $46,000 a mile. At this rate the 431 miles, by the Frontier line, including the 51 miles already built, would cost $19,826,000—that is $626,000 less than the cost of the north shore line. But, not only was it the shortest and cheapest, but in regard to grade—a most important matter affecting the future running expenses—it was infinitely superior to any other line. Moreover, it was well known that the North Shore route was less liable to be blocked up with snow. Besides the Frontier route would have had to engage in a ruinous competition with existing lines of traffic. With regard to public opinion in Nova Scotia, as far as his knowledge went, the North Shore route met with emphatic approval. He was bound frankly to confess that it would be many years before the line would produce a revenue to the country; but the experience of railways in Nova Scotia justified him in saying that new life and prosperity would be infused to the whole of the country through which the railway would pass, and thus the whole country would be indirectly benefited. In his opinion the North Shore line would ultimately prove to be of immense advantage to Ontario. Every member of the House was aware of the importance of inter-continental communication. The capitalists of England were spending their money lavishly in the attempt to shorten the distance between the two continents. He argued that by the Intercolonial two days could be saved in reaching England; and he believed the day was not far distant when the line would become the great highway between the two continents. This view of the question raised it to one of immense national importance. St. John's, Newfoundland, was only 1640 miles from Queenstown, and by building a railway across Newfoundland 250 miles—a perfectly practicable scheme—the port of Shippegan, in New Brunswick, which possessed a capital harbour for seven months in the year, would be brought into direct communication with England, and the great cities of the West would be brought nearer to Liverpool by 266 miles than by the route by way of Halifax. But without building a mile of railway in Newfoundland, Shippegan was nearer to Liverpool by way of Belle Isle by 127 miles than Halifax. This being the case no part of the Dominion would benefit more from the Northern line than the West. He was satisfied that Halifax, with all its advantages, could not compete with New York, but for seven months in the year Shippegan, being so much nearer to Liverpool, could undoubtedly command a large portion of the inter-continental traffic. He argued also that St. John would benefit greatly by the North Shore line, because it would command the mails and a great part of the passenger traffic from England to New York. The Government of Newfoundland had already made a proposition to give five square miles on each side of the proposed railway through that Province, and from what he had heard from capitalists both in England and the United States, he believed it would soon be undertaken and brought to a completion. The hon. gentleman concluded by drawing from all these facts he had stated the conclusion that in an economical, commercial, and national point of view, the North Shore was by far the superior, and that no part of the Dominion would receive greater benefits from it than the Great West, and resumed his seat amid cheers.

Mr. YOUNG said the gentlemen opposite had said in effect it was now too late; the mischief was done. This was precisely what he expected; but it was an evidence that the House had been cheated out of its rights. At the close of last session the House was told that the route was not settled; now it was told that the route was settled and the money borrowed. He had listened with great pleasure to the speech of the member for Cumberland, but that gentleman had proved entirely too much. He (Mr. Young) would, however, speak to the resolutions submitted by the member for Lambton, the soundness of which was such, as he thought, ought to make them acceptable to the House. After commenting on the first two resolutions he referred to the offers which had been made last year for the construction of the section between Riviere du Loup and Woodstock for $6,000,000, and the Fredericton section for seven millions. There was no necessity for the Government's owning these lines. All that was wanted was to establish railway connection at the least expense. He argued that the additional cost of the North Shore route and the annual charge for keeping it in running order represented a capital sum of $15,000,000 lost to the country by the adoption of this route.

Mr. RYAN (N. B.) said that in 1864 Mr. Fleming had made a survey of the Central route, and then it was reported to be quite practicable, the highest grade being fifty-four feet. He replied to some remarks of the member for Cumberland, and wished he had his eloquence, as he could then show him the fallacy of his position.

Mr. HARRISON had not heard any man say yet that either the North Shore, or the Central, or the Frontier route would be a commercial success. He instanced the Grand Trunk Railway as one which had not yet proved a commercial success; yet it had been of immense benefit to the country, in promoting its settlement and increasing the value of property (hear, hear). He referred to the time of the Crimean war when certain munitions had to be shipped from Canada. The law officers of the Crown had given it as their opinion that this war material could not be carried through the United States without a violation of international law; and navigation being closed, it was necessary to draw this material to Halifax on sleighs. Under these circumstances, he did not wonder that Great Britain demanded some such means of communication as that which the Intercolonial Railway afforded. The member for Lambton had raised the question on the respective merits of the three routes, the Northern, the Central and the Frontier; and on this he (Mr. H.) would take issue. Not a word had been said in favour of the Central route except by the member for King's county, and in reply to him he would quote Major Robinson's report, which unhesitatingly condemned it. There remained, therefore, but the Frontier and the Northern; and the Frontier had been condemned by the Imperial Government. He warned them that with the Grand Trunk experience, Canada could not borrow a dollar for railway purposes without the Imperial guarantee. And what, after all, was the objection to the Northern? Why, that it would not be a commercial success; but who could prove that either a Central or a Frontier would be a commercial success? Were it true that the Frontier would prove commercially successful, its construction would have been secured on commercial grounds. It was only on national and political grounds that the construction of the Intercolonial railway could be defended, and on these grounds he was prepared to defend the selection of the North Shore route. Another reason in favour of this route was that twenty years ago it had been selected by eminent officers of the Imperial Government, who were totally uninfluenced by any local considerations.

Mr. PICKARD said the Central route had been used to influence the election of the Hon. Charles Fisher in York county. He advocated a Central line. Had he been in the House last session he would have voted against placing the decision of the question in the hands of the Government.

Mr. CHIPMAN said even if it was in favour of the Government, he must hold that the North Shore line was the most advantageous to Nova Scotia. On this question he must confess that the hon. member for Cumberland was in the right, though it was the only time he ever knew him to be in the right (laughter). He continued at some length, greatly to the amusement of the House, to criticise the remarks of previous speakers, and took his seat amid cheers and laughter.

Mr. WALSH thought the opponents to the North Shore route ignored too much its advantages in a military point of view. With reference to his remarks at the Norfolk banquet, he explained that when he said the road was a political necessity, he only meant that it was a necessity of Confederation. There was a great difference of opinion respecting the lengths of the different routes; but it was only fair to take the distance submitted in the official reports of the engineers appointed to survey the line. For the Frontier and Central lines he took Mr. Fleming's figures, and for the Northern line, Robinson's figures, and from them showed that the total distance to Halifax by the Frontier route was 585 miles; by the Central, 496 miles; and by the Northern, 525 miles; or deducting for the road already built, by the Frontier, 434 miles; by the Central, 435 miles; and by the North Shore, 464 miles. So that there was only a difference of some thirty miles between the North Shore and the other routes. In the matter of grading these reports showed that the North Shore line was far superior, there being only four miles of sixty feet grade, the remainder being about twenty feet. He also showed that this line would accommodate the greatest number of people, and that all things considered it would not cost more than any other line. With reference to the remarks of the member for South Waterloo, he would say that the Government had certainly consulted the interests of the country in placing Mr. Brydges on the Commission (hear, hear). His great experience, ready business habits, and great railway knowledge, made him a valuable member of the Commission; and he (Mr. Walsh) had not seen the slightest desire on the part of Mr. Brydges to serve the interests of the Grand Trunk in his capacity as Intercolonial Railway Commissioner.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought the question to consider was—was it yet too late to recede from the stupendous folly of building this road at all, consistently with public honour? He believed the general opinion of the country was that the building of the road was a great mistake. As a military road it was not required; the financial condition of the country was such as to render so large an expenditure unwise to the last degree. If public honour required that the work must now proceed, then public honour must be maintained. But he did not think the Imperial authorities wished to force the work upon the country. The present question was not one of respective routes so much as whether the country could get out of the responsibility and save its honour.

Hon. Mr. SMITH said they were bound to protect the honour of the country. The House had last year acted with wise discretion in leaving the selection of the route to the Government. The Government had made that selection; it had been confirmed by the Imperial Government and one half the loan borrowed. He did not see, therefore, how the country could get honourably out of it. As a representative of New Brunswick he would be glad that some arrangement could be made whereby the railway would not be built at all. The money could be far more advantageously used for other purposes.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said, with reference to the question of the hon. member for Chateauguay, if it was too late in the day to raise the question as to whether it would be a breach of faith not to build this road, members from New Brunswick had already told the House that Confederation was carried in that Province on the faith of this road being built, and with regard to Nova Scotia he had no hesitation in saying that should the Government determine to stop the construction of this great public work, it would be the duty of every member from that Province to take his hat and go home. As early as 1841 Nova Scotia offered to pay her share of the expense of constructing this road, because such a road would open up the fine country between Halifax and Quebec—a country far superior to the States of Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire or Massachusetts, and capable of furnishing homes for hundreds of thousands of industrious men. If ever the faith of a Government was pledged, it was pledged to Nova Scotia with reference to the construction of this railway. The hon. member for Charlotte had made several curious statements. He said that had the people of New Brunswick known that the railway was to be built by the Northern route they would never have gone in for Confederation. He (Mr. Howe) wished to heaven they had known it (loud laughter). But from the remarks of the hon. gentleman it would appear that the people of New Brunswick voted not for Confederation, but for a railway to St. John. Hon. gentlemen opposite had appealed to his love of economy; but as far back as 1846 Nova Scotia did not think herself too poor to pay her share of the expense of building the road, and so it was in 1851 and in 1862. The hon. gentleman referred to the benefit this road would be to the Upper Provinces. Gentlemen from the fertile lands of the West did not dream of the immense wealth of the ocean. The wealth of the Gulf fisheries was immense, and every year four or five hundred American vessels were taking this great wealth before our very eyes. Though Confederation had been forced upon Nova Scotia, now that it was accomplished he would do his best to make the whole Dominion one people (cheers), and one of the best means to that great end was the building of this railway, which would greatly increase the commerce between the Upper and Lower Provinces. Therefore he would say in conclusion to gentlemen from old Canada, "If you wish to preserve your honour and credit build this road, and if you know your own true interests you will build by the Gulf Shore (cheers).

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN said the hon. member for Charlotte pretended to speak for New Brunswick, but he only spoke for a small patch, a little bit of the border, and he advocated the Frontier line. Other gentlemen advocated the Central line; but when it was the fact that only about one-third of the representatives of New Brunswick could be got to agree upon any one line, he objected to these gentlemen assuming to speak for the whole Province. They were also very patriotic too in professing that, because they could not get the money expended in their own sections, they would rather that it should not be expended in New Brunswick. He then argued forcibly in favour of the building of the Intercolonial railway by the North Shore route. He said so strong was the anxiety of the Maritime Provinces for this road, and so little faith had they in the people of old Canada, that they had a clause inserted in the Union Act, providing that this road shall be built.

Mr. BOLTON replied to Mr. Anglin's remarks.

Mr. O'CONNOR thought it extraordinary that so much time should be wasted in discussing the question of route which had already been settled. He was surprised, also, to hear the member for Lambton declare that the people of Ontario were a unit on this question—that opinion was united against the North Shore route. From that opinion he took the liberty of dissenting, and he thought the hon. member would find out that he had been quite mistaken.

Mr. BLAKE made a strong speech against the amendment proposed by Mr. Cartwright, and assailed the Ministers of Public Works and Customs for having opposed the North Shore route, and asked an explanation of the cause of their change of views.

Mr. CARMICHAEL said the shortest and cheapest road was the best for Nova Scotia; and he did not think the long North Shore route was for the interest of that Province.

Hon. Mr. LEVISCONTE would not have spoken but for the remarks of the member for Pictou. He merely wished to say that in the opinion of the representatives of Nova Scotia and of the people of that Province, the Government had made a wise selection in adopting the North Shore route.

Mr. MACDONALD (Glengarry) regretted very much that the country had this railway saddled upon it. He looked upon it as a very great misfortune, and one of which the country would be made fully sensible. Still he regarded the honour of Canada as pledged to the Imperial Government, and for this reason only would be vote for the amendment.

Mr. McLELLAN reminded the House that already the Dominion Government owned one hundred miles of railway in New Brunswick, and one hundred and fifty in Nova Scotia, and one-fourth of the cost of the Intercolonial would go to connect these railways, already the property of the Government.

Mr. McKENZIE replied: At the time of his speech, quoted by the member for Lennox, there was no such amount of information available as there was now. Major Robinson's report was the only document in the possession of the House.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL replied to the references made to his own course on the question of route, saying he had been most anxious to secure the adoption of what he conceived to be the cheapest and the best commercial route; and he had spoken freely to gentlemen opposite to elicit their views and enlist their sympathies. Had they brought on this discussion last year, instead of now, when it was too late for anything but political effect, they might have done some good, but though they freely indulged in comments about disagreements in the Cabinet there was no sign of active support to his views. The Government had to satisfy the minority, and to obtain additional facts caused further explorations from Riviere du Loup to St. John; but the information was not such as he had expected. Though a possible route was discovered, it was found to be circuitous and far more expensive than they had anticipated, and with the strong expression of opinion from the Imperial authorities in favour of the North Shore, they had considered it their duty to acquiesce in it.

The members were then called in and the vote taken on Mr. Cartwright's amendment, which was carried. Yeas, 114; nays, 28.

The motion as amended was declared carried on the same division, and the House adjourned at 2 a. m.

PROCLAMATION.

In accordance with a resolution of
THE CITY COUNCIL,
PASSED THIS DAY,
THE CITIZENS OF OTTAWA
are hereby respectfully requested to
CLOSE THEIR PLACES OF BUSINESS
ON
WEDNESDAY, the 19th INSTANT,
between the hours of
TWO AND FIVE O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON,
as a mark of respect to the memory of
HENRY JAMES FRIEL, Esq.,
Late Mayor of the City of Ottawa.

JOHN ROCHESTER,
Chairman.

Ottawa, May 17th, 1869. 1052-2

THE MEMBERS

Of the ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY of Ottawa are respectfully requested to meet at the COURT HOUSE on WEDNESDAY NEXT, at ONE o'clock p.m., for the purpose of attending the FUNERAL of the late HENRY JAMES FRIEL, Esq., late Mayor of this city, which will take place from his late residence, on King-st., at TWO o'clock, p.m.

J. P. ROBERTSON, Secretary. J. FRASER, President.

Ottawa, May 18, 1869. 1052-2

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

The members of the above Corporation are hereby requested to assemble at SALMON'S HOTEL, York-st., on WEDNESDAY (to-morrow) at ONE o'clock p.m., for the purpose of testifying their respect to the memory of H. J. FRIEL, Esq., late Mayor of this city, by joining in the Funeral Procession.

Members to wear their badges draped in crape.

By order.

W. MILLS,
Secretary.

Ottawa, May 18. 1052-2

Dry Goods.

PANIC! PANIC! PANIC!

GREAT CHANCE!

SAFER THAN A LOTTERY!

AS ALL ARE SURE TO GET A PRIZE

$30,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY for............[illegible]

Owing to the late panic in Montreal, and the large number of Bankrupt Stocks that in consequence have been thrown on the market, we were enabled to purchase an assorted stock of

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,

amounting to $30,000, for the small sum of [illegible] the pound, being lower than any stock we have yet purchased.

So now is the time for bargains. But you must hurry up as we intend selling them very low so as to clear them off quick. For instance here is something to please the eye and make the pocket feel good as it draws so little from it.

The stock consists of the following goods, viz:

DRESS GOODS!

One case plain Poplin, choice colours, for ....9d pr yd, worth 1s 3d
One case Silk Striped, do very new........10½d do do 1s 6d
20 pieces Silk Striped, do very new........1s do do 1s 9d
10 pieces Roselind, Shot Striped Lusters........9d do do 1s 6d
15 pieces Yucatan Cloths...1s 3d do do 2s 6d

Also, 1 case assorted yard wide goods, in splendid colours, and of the latest styles, for 1s 10½d. The same goods cannot be bought in any house in the city for less than 3s 6d.

Immense bargains in WHITE COTTONS, a first class White Cotton only 5d per yard.

80 dozen White Hose........5d per pair
20 pieces Ticking........only 9d, worth 1s 3d
50 dozen all Linen Towels, good........for 3d each
60 do do do do 5d, worth 9d each
157 pairs Corsets,........for 2s per pair
100 White quilts........at a great bargain
200 Coloured Quilts........only 4s, worth 8s 6d
100 Silk and Wool Shirts for Boating........1s 6d worth 12s 6d
400 pairs Gloves........for 6d per pair
100 do Fine Silk Gloves...only 1s 3d, worth 2s 6d
Pocket Handkerchiefs........1½d each
do do hemmed........4d each
Also, 2 cases Prints, slightly damaged 3d to 4½d per yard

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

THE GREATEST SACRIFICE OF THE AGE IN CLOTHING.

Splendid all wool Suits warranted........for $9
Good Suits........for $4.50
Vests........from 75c up
Pants........50c, 75c and $1 per pair
And a magnificent Alpacca Coat........only $1.2

AT

THE OCCIDENTAL EMPORIUM,

STEWART'S BLOCK, RIDEAU-ST.,

near Sappers' Bridge.

H. HICK & CO.

LECTURE

BY

REV. W. MORLEY PUNSHON, M.A.,

SUBJECT:

"MACAULAY,"

ON

24th May, 1869, (Queen's Birthday,)

AT THE

SKATING RINK, OTTAWA.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, p.m. Lecture to commence at 8.

Tickets—Single 75 cents; Double $1.25.

To be procured at the following places: Upper Town, Messrs. Skinner's and Jamieson's; Centre Town, Messrs. Hunton's, Pennock's, Dr. Brown's and Orme & Son; Lower Town, Messrs. Howell's and May's; New Edinburgh, Messrs. J. W. Proctor & Co. 105ftd

GRAND SACRED CONCERT

AT THE

SKATING RINK,

ON

WEDNESDAY, 19th MAY, INST.

To commence at 8 p.m.

The Orchestra will consist of over ONE HUNDRED PERFORMERS, including the

FULL BAND of the RIFLE BRIGADE,

The Choir of the Wesleyan Church,

and the most talented and popular of our city amateurs.

CONDUCTOR:

MR. MILLER RIFLE BRIGADE.

ORGANIST:

CHEVALIER GUSTAVE SMITH.

Tickets 50 cents, to be had at Orme's Music Store.

Doors open at 7:30. 1052

THE

RED RIVER COUNTRY,

HUDSON'S BAY & NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES,

considered in relation to Canada.

By A. J. RUSSELL, C. E.,

and Inspector of Crown Timber Agencies, Canada, E. & W.

Followed by the last Report of S. J. DAWSON, C.E., on the Route of Communication to Red River.

Illustrated by a Map.

The above work is now in press, and will be issued towards the end of this week.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS, Publisher.

Ottawa, 17th May, 1869.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

CITY REAL ESTATE.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has received instructions from Mr. E. SPENCER to offer for sale by Public Auction, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 22nd MAY, INSTANT, at 12 o'clock, noon, that very valuable property on the south side of Slater-st., adjoining the workshop of Mr. Gallagher on the east, being Lot No. 54, and the east half of Lot No. 53 in a block, 99 x 152 feet, with lane 12 feet wide running along the west side of the lot the whole length thereof, and upon which is erected a two story Gravel House, plastered, resting on a stone foundation, and between the house and the street there is a stone foundation for a two tenement house, of which the house now erected is intended for kitchens. There are also on the premises a good well of water, woodshed, kitchen and stable, and an excellent garden, in which is a very fine strawberry bed, and the whole premises thoroughly drained, and altogether it is one of the most desirable properties in the market, and well worthy the attention of purchasers.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, May 18, 1869.

TIGHT BINDING

BANKING AND CURRENCY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—The *Globe* of the 15th in its criticism on the Banking and Currency scheme submitted to the House by the Finance Minister, says:

"At this moment there are probably in circulation throughout the Dominion (in round figures) ten millions of dollars of bank notes, and four millions of government legal tenders. The entire credit currency of the country is therefore $14,000,000, or three dollars and a half per head of the population. We wish every reader to understand that the Government scheme *takes every shilling of this out of circulation—and puts not one penny in its place.*"

If it were not well established that when an opponent is to be injured, the *Globe* makes reckless assertions, regardless of truth, or of their consequences, one would be amazed at the effrontery of that journal when in the same page on which it makes an assertion, it also publishes a resolution proving that assertion untrue. The resolution referred to reads as follows:

2. The notes of the bank intended for circulation shall be secured by the deposit with the Receiver-General of gold or *Dominion notes* for which the Government, on being satisfied that the notes are *bona fide* required by the bank for circulation, shall grant securities bearing interest at per cent. per annum, for 10 years from 1st June, 1871, which securities shall belong to the bank, subject to the provisions hereinafter mentioned, *and circulating notes to the amount of the sum so deposited shall be delivered to the bank.*

The portions of the foregoing resolution italicised, distinctly prove that for every Dominion note the banks deposit with the Receiver-General, they *shall* receive a circulating one. As, according to the *Globe's* statement, there are four millions of legal tender notes now in circulation, and as the resolution provides, the moment a legal tender note is withdrawn, for its replacement by a legal tender one, it is clear, that when the legal tender circulation is withdrawn, instead of not one penny being put in its place, as asserted by the *Globe*, it will be replaced by four millions of circulating notes. I apprehend, therefore, as far as the legal tender circulation is concerned, no one will for a moment doubt, that when the *Globe* asserted that the Government scheme takes every shilling of this out of circulation, and puts not one penny in its place," it asserted what is positively untrue, and did it wilfully and deliberately, with a perfect knowledge of the untruth. Is the *Globe's* assertion true that when the Government scheme causes the withdrawal of the currency of the banks, that not one penny will be put in its place? I think not—if it is, the banks must either intend to limit the extent of their business, to the amount they can do with the circulating notes, exchanged for Dominion notes, or they have not a dollar beyond the latter wherewith to redeem their present issue if the banks do business to a greater extent than the currency based upon legal tender notes enables them—they must have currency with which to do it—and as after the Government scheme comes fully into operation banks are not allowed to issue notes of their own, and no other parties or individuals are allowed to issue any bills, bonds, or other instruments to be used as substitutes for money, therefore to do this extra business the banks must perforce use circulating notes, and to this extent it is clear the present credit currency of the banks will be supplanted by circulating notes; and the *Globe's* assertion be untrue. If the only other inference deducible from the *Globe's* assertion in reference to the credit currency of the banks be true, namely that if called upon to replace it with circulating notes for which they have paid gold or its equivalent, they would be unable to replace one penny of it; this, I apprehend, would furnish the very strongest argument for Government intervention. It would prove the absolute necessity for the Government interfering to secure billholders from loss, and, as far as possible, business from the convulsions consequent upon the failures of banks, caused by an undue expansion of credit indulged in by issuing notes upon credit, which they are unable to pay—so that they may declare large dividends to their stockholders. I, however, believe the assertion of the *Globe*, as applied to the credit currency of the banks, to be untrue, and that it is susceptible of proof, not only that it is unnecessary to decrease the bank circulation, but that under such a scheme as the Finance Minister is propounding the circulation may be increased and expanded just as the business requirements of the country demand increase and expansion, and that this can be done with perfect security to the billholder, and, in addition, be a source of revenue to the country, and, with your permission, I will revert more fully to this subject.

W. W.

OTTAWA, May 17, 1869.

OTTAWA AND AYLMER ROAD.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Permit me, through the columns of your widely-circulated journal, to call the attention of the Directors of the Aylmer Road Company to the present condition of that part of it formed by a bridge at the village of Hull, and near the Chelsea or Gatineau road.

Owing to the low level of this portion of the road, it is flooded every spring when the rivers are swollen, and at the present time it is axle deep in some places, and foot passengers have to walk along the parapets of the bridge in order to get over with dry feet. Should the water rise a few inches more, even that narrow and somewhat dangerous foot-path will be under water.

A remedy I believe can be found for this at no great expense, and as I understand that the road is paying some 10 per cent., surely the Directors will not object to lay out a small sum in rendering it passable at all seasons at this point. This could be done by raising the parapets of the bridge, say two feet, and the level of the road up to the height of the present parapets. Besides preventing the possibility of a repetition of the present disagreeable state of things, this would in some measure reduce the heavy grade at the west end of the bridge.

I would invite the attention of the Directors to this matter, and remind them that they would be held liable for any accident that might happen to man or beast, in consequence of their neglect to make this part of their otherwise splendid road safe and passable at all times.

PROGRESS.

OTTAWA, May 17, 1869.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

The following resolutions were adopted at the special meeting of the Trustees of the Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum held last evening:

Resolved—That the Trustees of the Ottawa Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum have heard with deep regret of the sudden death of H. J. Friel, Mayor of this city, and one of the founders of this institution, its first Recording Secretary and several times its President, and desire hereby to record their sense of the loss they have sustained, and their estimation of the untiring zeal he uniformly displayed as a warm and active supporter of its interests since its organisation.

Resolved—That we the Trustees tender our heartfelt sympathy to Mrs. Friel in her bereavement, and commend her and her children to Him who is the husband of the widow and the father of the fatherless.

Resolved—That as a mark of respect to the memory of our deceased ex-President, we the Trustees meet at one o'clock on Wednesday at the committee rooms, and proceed in a body to his residence to attend the funeral.

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognise the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

CITY COUNCIL.

Special Meeting.

A special meeting of the City Council was called yesterday morning at ten o'clock, when all the members were present.

Ald. Heney moved, seconded by Ald. Traversy, that Ald. Rochester take the chair.—Carried.

Ald. Rochester then took the chair, and Ald. Mosgrove moved, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the members of this Corporation desire to express their grief at the heavy loss that has fallen on them, and on the city of Ottawa, through the sudden death of his Worship the Mayor, who presided with much ability and courtesy over the meetings of this Council, and whose recent exertions to promote the welfare of the city, it is feared, tended to cut short his career of usefulness.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the chairman of the Council be empowered to issue a proclamation inviting the citizens to pay the customary marks of respect to the late Mayor, and that he and the City Clerk be requested to prepare an address of condolence to be presented to Mrs. Friel and the family of the deceased, on behalf of this Corporation, as a testimony of sympathy with them in their present distress, and of the irreparable loss sustained by the public.

Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that this Corporation, in order to show their appreciation of the services of the late Mayor, and respect for his memory, do take such measures as may seem requisite to provide a public funeral for his remains, and that Ald. Rochester, Ald. Bangs, Ald. Robinson, Ald. Heney, and the mover, be a committee with full powers to carry out the wishes and intentions of the council in this respect.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Pratt, seconded by Ald. Abbott, and *Resolved*, that the members of this Corporation in respect for the memory of Henry J. Friel, our late Mayor, shall each wear a mourning badge for the next thirty days.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

Evening Session.

The City council held its regular semi-monthly meeting last evening.

Present—Ald. Rochester, Pratt, Cunningham, Robinson, Featherston, Guerard, Traversy, Heney and Martineau.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Heney, that Ald. Rochester take the chair.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that in consequence of the sudden and lamented death of Henry James Friel, Esq., late Mayor of the city of Ottawa, this Council, as a tribute to the memory of the deceased, who so long and so ably presided over its deliberations, hereby stand adjourned until Thursday next, at seven o'clock, p. m.—Carried.

The chairman by request stated that the committee appointed at the morning meeting for that purpose, had made arrangements for a public funeral, to take place on Wednesday at two o'clock, p.m. They had communicated with the presidents of the national societies to invite the attendance of those societies to the funeral. The Fire Inspector had also been seen, who had called the captains together for that evening with the same object in view. The ministers of the several churches in the city had also been invited, and other measures had been taken which they deemed most conducive to the end proposed. Amongst them application had been made for the military band to which they had not yet received an answer. It was then arranged that the council should meet in the City Hall on Wednesday at one o'clock to proceed in a body to the residence of the deceased.

The council then adjourned.

LOCAL NEWS.

PERSONAL.—Dr. Pyne, of Haldimand, arrived in town yesterday, and is stopping at the Russell House.

PRESSED HAY FOR SALE.—Sixty tons of pressed hay will be sold at auction to day at the railway station. See advertisement.

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—We understand that the Natural History Society have resolved on having their annual trip combining science with pleasure on the anniversary of the Queen's birthday.

THE PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH LINE.—Mr. Frank Drummond, manager of this line, arrived in town yesterday on business connected with the company. We understand the company are prosecuting their work vigourously, and expect to have their lines in operation between this city and Montreal by the first of July.

THE OCCIDENTAL EMPORIUM.—The proprietors of the above establishment are determined to keep up their reputation for selling goods at low rates. The recent panic in Montreal has enabled them to purchase goods at 7s. in the pound, and they are willing that the good people of Ottawa should have the advantage of it, as witness the fabulously low prices advertised in another column.

THE LATE MAYOR.—The sudden death of the late lamented Mayor Friel was yesterday the prevailing topic of conversation among all classes of people, and general gloom seems to be cast over the city. Flags were everywhere flying at half-mast, including those on the Parliament Building, and also that over his Excellency the Governor-General's office. It is gratifying to see these marks of respect to the memory of the deceased, as showing the high esteem in which he was universally held.

THE FUNERAL OF THE LATE MAYOR.—As will be seen by our report of the meetings of the City Council, there is very properly to be a public funeral, at which will attend the city volunteers, the fire brigade, the national and other societies, the clergy and citizens. We are not in a position to state the full particulars at present, but the arrangements will probably be completed to-day, and the programme will most likely be published tomorrow morning. It is expected that the funeral will be one of the largest that has ever taken place in this city.

MR. PUNSHON'S LECTURE.—It will be observed, in reference to the advertisement, that the terms of admission to the lecture on Macaulay, by Rev'd. W. M. Punshon, to take place on the 24th inst., have been reduced to a figure which will enable a much larger number of persons to avail themselves of the rare privilege of hearing it. We have read many notices of this lecture, too lengthy and numerous to be quoted here, but all assuring us that it is, probably, the most interesting and instructive of the many wonderful productions of this great man's mind.

HIGH WATER IN THE OTTAWA.—For six years past the water in our great river has not been so high as it is at present. Last year, this time, it was not so high by six feet. The time at which the northwest water usually comes down is the 28th of the present month, some say a week earlier; but it is quite possible that it may come down earlier than it usually does, and if this should happen, whilst the river is at its present height, it would present an appearance seldom witnessed in this river, but whether it would be likely to do material damage we cannot tell. It is the opinion of some that the northwest water has already begun to appear here. The water is still rising, and in a few days may be four feet higher.

POLICE COURT.—David Ryan, the soldier who was turned out of the regiment on Saturday morning, and was locked up in the police station in the afternoon, was brought up on a charge of drunken and disorderly conduct. On promising to leave the city he was discharged.

The Lahaie boys were again called up on a charge of stealing money from a store in Lower Town. They were tried summarily, and sent to jail for one month.

Sarah Farrell was charged with keeping a house of ill-fame, was sent to jail for one week, and ordered to pay a fine of $20 and costs, or be imprisoned for three months longer.

After the conclusion of the city business his Worship heard a county case—that of Mary McLean, charged with obtaining goods under false pretences. The case was gone into at some length, and then adjourned.

GRAND CONCERT OF SACRED MUSIC.—This grand concert is to take place to-morrow evening in the rink, and the more we learn of it, the more we are satisfied that it will be fully worthy its indefatigable originator, Mr. Miller. The programme, which will be published in our advertising columns to-morrow morning, is before us, and we are very glad to see in it the names of nearly all the best amateur vocalists in the city, including that of Mrs. Harrison, (late Miss Sydney McCarthy) who has been kind enough to prolong her visit to the city for the purpose. We are glad also to see the names of Miss Aumond, Mrs. Gelinas and Mrs. O'Connor, besides a number of other talented singers who have had the benefit of Mr. Miller's special training for the occasion. We are also to have the Chevalier Gustave Smith presiding at the organ, and Mr. Stockel with his magnificent flute. Of course, we shall have the full orchestra of the Rifle Brigade band, and Mr. Miller will wield the conductor's *baton* for the evening. Having heard some of the rehearsals for this concert, we can safely predict that this will be one of the grandest of the grand concerts which our citizens have ever listened to. And then the object is good, viz.:—to procure an organ for a church.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 17.

A meeting of the old residents of Toronto was held on Saturday, and a society has been organized under the title of the "York Pioneers," whose object is to preserve all records of the city from oblivion. There were present parties who arrived here in 1819.

The Royal Artillery embarked on the steamer *Grecian* to-day for Montreal. Its ultimate destination is Dublin.

The body of an old man was found on the Island this morning. On the body was found a silver watch and a check for railway baggage. An inquest was held, and a verdict "found drowned" returned. The baggage has been sent for to Hamilton, by which means something may be discovered.

Twenty-four candidates applied for admission to the bar, and the same number as attorneys. The term begins to-day.

The *Globe* and *Leader* are out fiercely against the Banking Act. The *Telegraph* has only a short paragraph on the subject.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

PLYMOUTH, May 16.—The steamship *Germania*, from New York, has arrived.

SOUTHAMPTON, May 16.—The steamship *Donaun*, from New York, has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, May 16.—The Cunard steamship *Liberia*, from New York, has arrived.

LONDONDERRY, May 17.—The steamship *Nestorian*, from Portland, has arrived to-day.

FRANCE.

The Paris Elections.

PARIS, May 16.—Election meetings were held in all quarters of Paris yesterday, up to a late hour, but the excitement moderated as the day advanced. Late at night some crowds which had collected in the streets were dispersed by the police. They made no resistance, and no serious disturbance occurred. The Government has issued a warning, which is placarded throughout the city, declaring that a renewal of the recent disorderly assemblies and demonstrations will not be tolerated. Minister Laroquette has issued instructions to prefects advising them to dissolve any meetings likely to lead to a disturbance of order, and to strictly enforce the law prohibiting the holding of political meetings within five days of the election.

LONDON, May 16—11 p. m.—Telegraphic advices, received to-night from Paris, show that the political agitation there has revived to-day, and the excitement is very great, especially in those sections of the city where the liberal party is strongest. The *Pays* newspaper announces that a grand popular demonstration is to be made on Monday.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 16.—The Cortes, yesterday, after a long debate, rejected the proposition for the establishment of a Triennial Directory. It is now confidently believed that a regency will be created, with Marshal Serrano at its head. Several members of the civil guard in this city have been arrested on charges at present unknown. Trouble has arisen with the volunteers for Cuba, in consequence of non-payment of their bounties.

MADRID, May 17.—The Cortes has agreed to article thirty-two of the Constitution declaring that the sovereignty is essentially in the nature from which all power emanates. Amendments requiring that a King be a native of Spain, and that he be elected by a plebescitum were rejected.

BUENOS AYRES.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Buenos Ayres dates state that Lopez had attacked a party of the allies who were trying to rebuild the burnt railroad bridge and killed from thirty to sixty of them, and captured numerous prisoners.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Fire in Dayton.

DAYTON, O., May 16.—Turner's opera house and adjoining buildings were burned this morning. Loss between $600,000 and $800,000. Herman Sardenier was killed by a falling wall.

PARTIES requiring new carpets, floor oil cloths, or other house furnishings, would do well to inspect Magee & Russell's extensive stock before purchasing, as they have recently received large additions of this season's patterns from the most celebrated makers in Britain. Carpets made and laid by competent upholsterers.

GENTLEMEN can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

FOR Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

MILLINERY.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere 1044a

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

DIED.

At Toronto, on Monday, the 17th inst., after a painful illness, John James, eldest son of James W. Esmonde, Esq., of this city, aged 7 years and 9 months.

In this city, on Sunday morning, the 15th inst., Isabella Kilt, aged twenty-three years.

The funeral will leave her father's residence, Stewart-st., Sandy Hill, to-day, (Tuesday,) at 9 o'clock, a. m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

HATS

THAT R

HATS,

At DEVLIN'S.

Ottawa, May 14. 1049a

WANTED,

A STOUT BOY TO CARRY OUT PARCELS.

Apply to

1052tf T. & W. HUNTON.

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

MARE FOR SALE

BY AUCTION.

The subscriber will sell by Public Auction

OUTSIDE THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

ON THURSDAY, 20TH INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock, a.m.,

A BEAUTIFUL CHESNUT MARE,

white stockings, over 15 hands high, and rising seven years—a splendid pacer in saddle or harness. She is the property of an officer who is going to England. She would not be sold under any other circumstances. Her

BRIDLE AND SADDLE,

English make, will be offered same time and place.

ALSO,

a five groove short Hay converted Snider-Enfield

BREECH LOADING RIFLE,

taking Government ammunition; eight 1,250 yards.

A SKIFF, 21 feet long by 6 in beam, nearly new, will be offered.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer.

A valuable, and splendid

PRAIRIE SETTER,

on hands, to be sold at private sale.

1051tf J. B.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on

Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant,

at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Lille's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

GREAT

AUCTION SALE OF HAY.

The subscriber has received instructions to offer for sale, at the RAILWAY STATION, on TUESDAY NEXT, the 18th INST.,

60 TONS OF PRESSED TIMOTHY HAY.

A portion of this quantity has been injured by exposure to rain, but bundles will be opened on the ground to shew that the damage does not extend beyond the outside. The balance is of excellent quality, quite equal to what is now bringing $30 per ton.

The bales are bound with wire, and no wood is inserted to make up weight.

The whole will be sold by the ton or bundle as purchasers may desire.

TERMS—Cash.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869. 1050-3

By John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers, Montreal.

TRADE SALE OF NEW CROP TEAS.

On THURSDAY, 20th instant, will be offered for account of Messrs. DAVID TORRANCE & Co., at their sample rooms, Exchange Court, by Catalogue about 5,000 packages NEW CROPS CHINA GREEN TEAS ex *Elan Rickmers*, &c., consisting of HYSON, YOUNG HYSON, GUNPOWDER, IMPERIAL and TWANKAY; also 4,511 packages NEW CROP NATURAL LEAF JAPAN TEAS ex *Union*.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
1049td Auctioneers.

By A. N. Sheppey, Auctioneer, Ogdensburg.

AUCTION.

Great Catalogue Sale of

PERSONAL PROPERTY

BELONGING TO

GEORGE PARISH, ESQ.,

Of Ogdensburg, N. Y.

The undersigned will sell by auction, commencing at 9 a. m., WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1869, all the personal property in the Mansion, (corner Sale and Washington-streets), Ogdensburg, N.Y., of GEORGE PARISH, Esq., consisting of

RICH AND ELEGANT FURNITURE,

Carpets, Mirrors,

SILVER, CHINA AND GLASSWARE,

Curtains, Cornices, Statuary, Paintings,

HARNESS, CARRIAGES, &c., &c.

A great portion of this property was made to order in Europe, and in point of quality and elegance is superior to any on this continent.

For particulars see Catalogues.

Sale positive and without reserve.

TERMS CASH.

A. N. SHEPPEY,
Auctioneer.

Ogdensburg, N.Y., May 14, 1869. 1050td

AUCTION.

The great AUCTION SALE of personal property belonging to Geo. Parish Esq., of Ogdensburg, will commence

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19th, at ten o'clock a.m. and embraces all the Furniture, Glass Ware, China, &c., including one set of splendid London, Harness and a magnificent London Carriage.

The house will be open for inspection one day, Tuesday, previous to sale.

Catalogues will be ready May 12th.

As I am instructed by Mr. Parish to sell all the property, this sale will be without reserve.

A. N. SHEPPEY,

1050td Auctioneer, Ogdensburg.

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays fo Sunday's use, for $5.00, if paid in advance, or $5.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,

1043d 124 Rideau-st.

FOR SALE.

A first-rate BLACK CANADIAN PONEY, SET HARNESS and SPRING WAGGON, all in good order. Will be sold cheap for cash.

Apply to

J. CONNOR,

1050a Gloucester-st., near Rideau-st.

DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank-st., third door from Sparks-st., where she will be happy to attend to heir orders. 1011b

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST

STOCK OF CARPETINGS

AND

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS

IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE

STOCK OF MILLINERY

IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE

STOCK OF MANTLES,

AT MODERATE PRICES,

IN EVERY STYLE,

At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Silk Velvets,

Velveteens and

Water-proof Cloakings

IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY

DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Satin and Lace,

Plain and Fancy Silk,

Dress Trimmings,

Buttons, Linings, &c.,

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Ribbons, Lace,

Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,

And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Broadcloths, Tweeds,

Coatings, Vestings, and

Tailors' Trimmings

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Sheetings,

Pillow Cottons,

Linens, Prints,

White and Grey Cottons

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF NEW GOODS

in all the Departments, is to be found at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

CARPETS!

CARPETS!

Per Steamer "Bellona," from London direct.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

WILL SHOW TO-DAY,

NEW BRUSSELS

AND

TAPESTRY CARPETS

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

ALSO,

HEARTH RUGS TO MATCH.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

SIMCOE OLD RYE.

(*Ritchie, Ford & Co.*)

Just received.

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047tf

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season.

Just received.

JAS. BUCHANAN'S,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

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Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously

Without the Use of a Press or Water.

Price from $2.00 to $4.50.

Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.

Call and see for yourselves.

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May 5, 1869.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,

HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.

City papers may be had at 6 a. m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.

A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical Sketches.

Gardening for Profit.
Brook's New Book of Flowers.
Buist's Flower Garden Directory.
The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.

J. DURIE & SON,
Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

Terms of subscription, for 1 year.....$3 00
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The latest novels, British and American Periodicals always on hand. Books bought, sold and exchanged, at

HAUSER'S, Sparks-st.

PUBLIC NOTICE

is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a mortgage made by MICHAEL O'BRIEN, of the township of Fitzroy, in the county of Carleton, yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Esquire, now deceased, to which mortgage JANE O'BRIEN, the wife of the said Michael O'Brien, was made a party, for the purpose of barring dower only, of Lot number Sixteen, in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. SCOTT & ROSS, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of MAY, 1869, at TWELVE o'clock noon.

Margaret Malloch, the devisee named in the last will and testament of the said Edward Malloch, Esquire, deceased, will only covenant that she has done no act to incumber.

The purchaser will accept the title as it stood at the execution of the mortgage.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

1049td W. A. ROSS, Vendor's Solicitor.

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE

"ROCKET,"

WINNER OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE

IN 1863,

Height 15½ hands.

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of

MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON,
Clarence-st., near the Market.

Terms $10 for the season.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

PARISIAN STEAM DYE WORKS,

M. HIRSHFIELD.

OFFICES—Nos. 374 and 258 Notre Dame-street, *MONTREAL.*

OTTAWA AGENCY AT THE

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 Sparks-st.

Dresses of every description, Shawls, Curtains, etc., scoured and cleaned, or dyed in all colors and shades. Gents' Garments renovated. Charges low. 1051d

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address

E. F. McAVAY & CO.,

Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

BOARD AND LODGING.

Three gentlemen can be accommodated with rooms, with or without board, opposite the City Hall Square, 200 yards from Russell House.

Apply at TIMES office.

Or address Mrs. MACLENNAN, Post Office.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047a

WANTED.

A second-hand SKIFF in good order. Apply at the TIMES Office. 1051tf

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to su the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,

THE BEST ASSORTED,

THE BEST ASSORTED,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,

THE BEST VALUE,

THE BEST VALUE,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,

THE NEWEST STYLES,

THE NEWEST STYLES,

At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

DOOR MATS,

DAMASKS, REPPS,

PEKINADES, CHINTZES,

LACES, CORNICES,

COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING

BOOKBINDING.

&c., &c., &c.

To be had at

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

PRINTING,

AND

STATIONERY STORE,

21 *Rideau-st.*,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, lar me
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to mat
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultra rine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and L Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled do
Extra Satin, Water Lind do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—

Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flower, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—

Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES

Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.

Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal ae Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—

Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—

Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—

Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,

Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'

Office Requisites supplied on reasonab terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES

Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Boo Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice an on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

General Geography, with 39 coloured map price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,

Authorized by the Council of Public Instructio for Ontario. The prices are

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 ill

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 18, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50	
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00	
No. 2		none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25	
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½	
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25	
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00	
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00	
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50	
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30	
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10	
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00	
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½	
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 66	
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00	
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50	
Prime Mess per do.		none.		
Prime		none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25	
Hams	0 15	@	0 17	
Beef per 100 lbs		none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8	
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70	
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60	
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00	
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60	
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25	
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22	
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00	
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15	
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50	
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45	
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00	
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 50	@	5 00	
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00	
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00	
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00	
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50	

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*

We would call the especial attention of the

LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for..........$1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to
JOHN COOK,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1045tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX,
Plantagenet Mills,
1043tf Ontario.

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to
ROD. ROSS.
Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,
AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to
R. BLACKBURN.
New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. *There is a handsome* flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to
S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.
April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET--FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to
S. SKINNER,
1028d Senate Buildings.

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.
Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON,
Barrister, Almonte.
Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT,
Pakenham.
JNO. McADAM.
Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TO LUMBERERS.

QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are,
Your obdt. servants,
1000-2m M. STEVENSON & CO.

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

From 15th June, the HOUSE occupied by CAPTAIN SCOTT, on Daly-st., Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, May 14. 1049tf

HOUSE TO LET

On Richmond Road, of six rooms. Apply to J. McGAW, Cave Creek Hotel. 1049a

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying postpaid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.
April 7th, 1869. 1033td

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

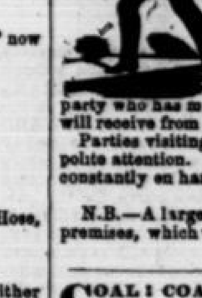
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,

LACKAWANNA (Screened.)

LEHIGH (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S,
$6 per Chaldron

For Sale by
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
912-3m Office—17 Sparks-st.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.

FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.

GRASS and CLOVER SEED.

WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.
April 27, 1869. 1034tf

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

A beautiful and varied assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,

BATHS, of all kinds,

TOILET SETTS,

Plain and Ornamented,

REFRIGERATORS!

REFRIGERATORS

McKelvy's Patent.

We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!

Best patterns in use.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st.,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy, we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' *bills.*

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour. Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general tha they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra		$6.50
"	Extra Superfine	6.00
"	Fancy	
"	Superfine No. 1	5.25
	Superfine o.	4.75
OATMEAL		7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES		2.50
100,000 No. 1	"	2.25
80,000 No. 2	"	1.50
80,000 Fancy	"	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 foot long, delivered		4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.
W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be foun n the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

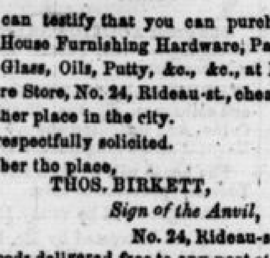
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st. Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Remember the place,

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon an Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank-st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN.
Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL.

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st. corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

JOSEPH HALL

MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,

Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA.—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway)

ON and AFTER TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p. m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p. m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.--TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p m and 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 8.40 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 3:10 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.--TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

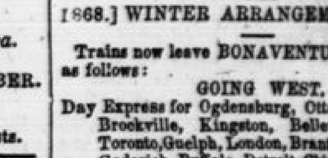
10:05 A.M.--TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

R. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at......

Night do do do do ......

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at......

Trains for Lachine at ......, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at......

Express for Boston at......

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central......

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at......

Express for Island Pond, at......

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at......

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 6 p.m. for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec 1868.

AGENTS WANTED--$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT

REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS

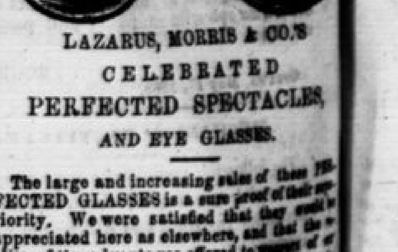
Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the Discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD,
1043.20d 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the wearers of the ality of the advantages offered to wearers of beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

TIN SPICE BOXES, A novelty,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at EDMOND'S.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director ALEX ROBERTSON Editor!

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1053. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,

Rimmel's New Perfumes,

Cambridge Bouquet,

Oxford Bouquet,

English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,

Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,

Improved Perfumed Distributors,

&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,

Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,

Family and Dispensing Chemist.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,

Sparks-street,

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,

Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them; and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope, to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,

Registrar of Council.

Medical Registration Office,

Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,

Very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying

TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Teas.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable men to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade. Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Cattees and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Cattees, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money can be collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. Where there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we will send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs, and sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, will receive one of their own choice in return at our expense.

We subjoin a list of our prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the address,

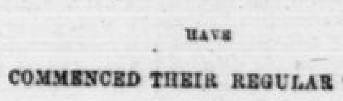
A. O. AUDY & CO.,

Box 201, P. O., Ottawa, or

Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, May 8, 1869.

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA

RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMERS

HAVE

COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS

BETWEEN

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

R. W. SHEPHERD,

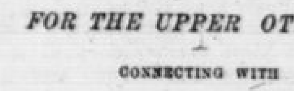
Manager.

May 7, 1869. 1043tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,

Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

LEAVES

AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"

"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"

FOR

DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS,

1042tf President.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

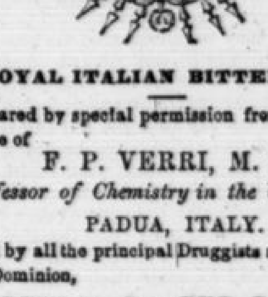
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent,

15 Broadway, New York

or to F BRICK, BRUSH & CO.,

Ottawa



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of

PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE 75 Cts. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT, DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.,

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

QUEBEC REFERENCES.

Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.

James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.

Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.

Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.

Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Tailoring.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian

TWEEDS,

may now be seen at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.

Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.

A. GRAHAM & CO.,

Commercial Warehouse,

No. 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

T. LAWRENCE

Having opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.

From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

GENTLEMEN

Leaving their orders at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

Can get well suited in Garments.

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

N. ROBERTSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation o the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

COATS, PANTS and VESTS

May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

FOR CASH ONLY.

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS, price according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,

PRESERVED OYSTERS do

FRESH HALIBUT do

FRESH SALMON do

FRESH MACKEREL do

FRESH LOBSTERS do

GREEN PEAS do

LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE, Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,

FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,

MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,

MORTON'S Bloater Paste,

TOMATO and other Catsups

ANCHOVY Paste.

STRASBURGH Meats,

POTTED Beef and Tongues

PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,

ORANGE Marmalade,

MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,

PICKLED Mackerel,

PICKLED HERRINGS,

In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,

DRY Codfish,

DRY Haddock,

FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call respectfully solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6. 1015tf

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

34 *SUSSEX-ST.*

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

WANTED.

A second-hand SKIFF in good order. Apply at the TIMES Office. 1051tf

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00. $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2 ....GREY ETOFFE PANTS,

$4.50 ....GOOD PEA JACKETS,

$4 ....OVERCOATS,

$9 ....COMPLETE SUITS.

$1 ....GOOD VESTS,

75 CTS. $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,

75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS

A DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

OPENED OUT

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,

A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,

A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,

A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,

A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS

IN NEW MATERIALS,

A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,

A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,

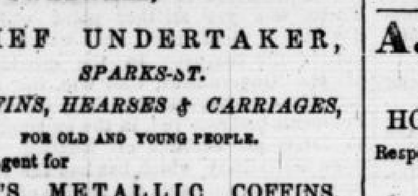
TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.



A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

HOUSEKEEPERS,

BUY YOUR

STOVES AND KITCHEN

FURNISHINGS

AT

ESMONDE'S,

the cheapest place in the city. All sorts of tin-work manufactured to order.

A few second hand COOKING STOVES for sale.

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,

COLOURED AND PLAIN,

COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 827y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

BOARD AND LODGING.

Three gentlemen can be accommodated with rooms, with or without board, opposite the City Hall Square, 200 yards from Russell House.

Apply at TIMES office.

Or address Mrs. MACLENNAN, Post Office.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047a

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MRS S. A. ALLEN

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S

HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

For the effect produced by Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs the inventor is permitted to refer to the Medical Gentlemen in St. John, N. B., whose signatures are attached hereto:

WILLIAM BAYARD, M.D.

EDWIN BAYARD, M.D.

THOMAS WALKER, M.D.

JOHN BERRYMAN, M.D., ED.

DR. JOHNSTON, L.R.C.S., ED.

GEORGE KEATOR, M.D.

W. H. HARDING, M.R.C.S.

JOHN BAXTER, M.D.

J. D. WHITE, M. D.

T. W. CARRITT, M.D.

I, Aaron Alward, Mayor of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, having examined the letters of Drs. Earle, Addy, Clay, Jacobs and Chandler, and also the signatures attached to the foregoing permit of reference, hereby certify that I believe them all genuine.

I can also testify to the high therapeutical value of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs, and consider it deserving of attention by the profession generally.

{ Great Seal. } In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Seal of Mayoralty at the city of St. John, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

AARON ALWARD, M.D.,

1049b21b Mayor of the City of St. John.

AGENTS—FRANCIS CUNDILL & CO., 32 Lemoine-st., Montreal.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

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Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a mortgage made by MICHAEL O'BRIEN, of the township of Fitzroy, in the county of Carleton, yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Esquire, now deceased, to which mortgage JANE O'BRIEN, the wife of the said Michael O'Brien, was made a party, for the purpose of barring dower only, of Lot number Sixteen, in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. SCOTT & ROSS, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of MAY, 1869, at TWELVE o'clock noon.

Margaret Malloch, the devisee named in the last will and testament of the said Edward Malloch, Esquire, deceased, will only covenant that she has done no act to incumber.

The purchaser will accept the title as it stood at the execution of the mortgage.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

1049td W. A. ROSS, Vendor's Solicitor.

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays for Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,

1043d 124 Rideau-st.

DETROIT LUMBER MARKET.

We give the following review of the lumber market from the Detroit *Post* which will prove interesting to those who are connected with this great interest:—

The demand for lumber continues good both for the home trade and for shipment, and the market is in a healthy state. Dealers from Ohio report that the stocks held there are very moderate. While the condition of the trade at the East fully warrants the conclusion that a very large amount of choice lumber will be required for that quarter. In our own State an immense amount of building improvements will be consummated this season.

The streams in the lumber regions have generally run well, but this is not the case regarding some of the more remote ones, which may not run till fall. As a whole, there may be said to have been a good run, but in view of the increased cutting facilities, it is somewhat problematical if the stocks will prove sufficient to answer the requirements of manufacturers until the close of the season, notwithstanding the fact that the mills commenced work at a later period than usual. One of the most experienced men connected with logging operations in the eastern part of the State, is confident that the amount of logs got out has in the aggregate been materially overrated, and that about August a deficiency will be apparent. We give the opinion for what it is worth, with the single remark that the party refered to has no motive whatever for desiring an erroneous impression to be created.

The quality of logs is not equal to that of former years. Until late in the season, the belief was universal that the amount to go out would show a great deficiency, and the lumbermen resorted to nearer "haulings" involving the securing of a relatively large proportion of logs of indifferent quality. Owing to this prominent feature, it is perfectly safe to assume that the upper quality of lumber will fully hold their own the present season, and possibly show an advance. The condition of the Eastern market, already referred to, fully justifies this opinion, that being the market which absorbs most of the choice lumber exported from Michigan. As regards the trade as a whole, the prospect has been materially improved by the completion of the Pacific road, and it is questionable if such a word as "glut" is not henceforward obsolete so far as it concerns its application to the Chicago lumber market, where the great bulk of our common qualities finds an outlet.

The market for pine lumber, in the face of the dullness which is a characteristic feature with respect to other products, maintains a firmness which will appear not at all remarkable if we look but a moment below the surface. The lumber product of Maine will mostly be wanted near home, the surplus being exported at very full rates. The stock of the Upper Mississippi fails on an average about two years out of three either from drought or high water, the former being almost a complete bar to trade, while the latter is positively and often very extensively disastrous. Michigan is the "old stand-by" of the lumber trade, but she will be able to maintain her pre-eminence but a few years longer. At the present ratio of destruction (including disasters by fire), we need not wait fifteen years to witness the virtual extinction of our magnificent pine lumber trade—a single decade will do the job.

The value of pine lands, we need hardly add, has shown a rapid appreciation. Lands on the head waters of the Tittibawssee, which seven years ago were a drug at $3 per acre, cannot now be obtained below $12 to $15.

In the course of a recent discussion before the Detroit Board of Trade, the striking fact was elicited that the lumber camps connected with the logging operations respectively of the Eastern and Western slopes had been brought within twenty miles of each other. We are informed upon good authority that the camps on the head waters of the Chippewa, one of the affluents of the Saginaw, were actually within three and a half miles of those on the Muskegon River, which flows into Lake Michigan. These facts demonstrate, with more conclusiveness than any argument, that the great army of destructives have finally reached the heart of Michigan, and are frittering away her life-blood, as far as it is connected with this great interest.

—Another barbarous murder was committed in Ireland on Wednesday near Athlone, at a place called Croggan. Captain Rowland Tarleton was the victim. The ball entered his head. There was an undischarged revolver in his belt. Captain Tarleton, who farms 90 acres near Athlone, but is not a landlord, was shot in a lane on his own farm. He had just left his workmen in an adjoining field, and was last seen alive by them at half-past one o'clock, but the body was not discovered till five. The murderer appears to have taken aim from behind a wall, and discharged a number of slugs in his face, which was dreadfully mangled. No one has confessed to have heard the shot. Eight persons have been arrested on suspicion, two of whom have since been discharged. The deceased was 25 years old and well liked. He had received some threatening letters, which he could not trace, since he discharged a herdsman, six months ago.

—A correspondent in Ellice, county Perth, warns farmers against an operation he thinks looks something like a swindle. Two Americans are travelling in that quarter with a model of an apparently good cultivator, appointing agents to sell the right in one or more townships, provided the latter give their notes to them for a certain amount for the privilege of the right. They said they were getting the machines made in Strathroy, St. Mary's and two other places, but on inquiry at St. Mary's, Mr. D. Miller informed this correspondent that the parties had been there, but left neither models nor patterns with him, as he could make none until he got them. If farmers turn agents for the sake of a commission, and lose their notes of hand on any such simple affair as this is represented to be, they deserve to pay till they get more sense.

—The eclipse of the sun, in August next, will be viewed by a party of observers from the United States, under the direction of Professor Coffin, at Ochotsk or Pensjinsk, Siberia and Norton Sound, Alaska. Congress appropriated $5,000 for the observation.

ANOTHER EXTRAORDINARY CASE OF TRANCE.

A remarkable case of suspended animation has occurred at Milton, in the neighbourhood of Whitehaven, in West Cumberland, England. It appears that some 18 or 19 weeks ago, a girl about 11 or 12 years of age, residing with her parents at Milton, was ill, and the medical attendant advised a removal for change of air. The patient was taken to Old Hall farm, leased from Mr. A. Brodgen by Mr. W. Troughton. She was attended to with every care; but made no progress towards recovery, and in a short time fell into a lethargic state, resembling that of a person in a trance. In this condition she remained for many weeks, but at length woke up to consciousness, and calling upon her mother, who was in attendance upon her, related how she had been in heaven and seen numerous angels, and her brother, who had died some time ago. On being questioned to that effect, she expressed a desire not to recover from her illness, but to go to the happier land of which she had had glimpses. At that time she is described by her attendant as having a most "heavenly expression of countenance," and although she had been for many weeks without one particle of solid food, her face was plump, her cheeks were suffused with a lovely hue, the lips alone being devoid of the colour natural to her age when in health. The power of speech remained only for a short time, and the girl then relapsed into her former state, or nearly so. She lies in a lethargic condition, but when a question is put to her she manifests her power of understanding it by a slight moving of the head, or some motion to indicate that she is sensible to the human voice. The only sustenance, if it can be called by that name, the girl has received for 15, or 16 weeks has been the occasional moistening of the lips with brandy and water or tea. Within the last few days the girls' limbs have become gradually more rigid, as though fortelling no very distant dissolution.

THE JEALOUSY OF GIRLS.

From Every Saturday.

Girls are awfully jealous of each other. I should call this the girls' distinctive fault. See them when they are introduced, or when they first meet at a ball or croquet party; see how coldly critical they look at each other, how insolently their eyes rove over every portion of their rival's dress; read in their faces the outspoken scorn as the result of their scrutiny. You think you have done it very well, but you have made a fright of yourself, and I am much better than you!" Watch their disdain of the more admired among them; and how excessively naughty for attracting so much attention they think Ada or Amy is, about whom the young men cluster. How bold she is! how affected she is! and, oh! how ugly she is! Sometimes, if they are deep, they will overpraise her enthusiastically; but the ruse is generally too transparent to deceive any one, and simply counts what it is—a clever feint that doesn't answer. It is quite a study to watch the way in which girls shake hands together, or take hands in the dances. The limp, cool, impertinent way in which they just touch palms, then let their arms fall as paralyzed, tells a volume to those able to read the lettering.

—The late Hector Berlioz was in his youth an enthusistic admirer of Gluck and Haydn. He knew their works by heart, and followed with intense interest the representations of them at the opera. One night he suddenly arose, and shaking his fist at the orchestra exclaimed, "Cymbals have no business in that passage!" A few minutes afterward he arose again and cried with all his might, "Cymbals again? He never wrote cymbals there!" He was put out of the house. Old Prince Metternich was as ignorant of music as possible. One day, hearing an orchestra of five hundred pieces conducted by Berlioz, he asked the latter, "Do you often write music for five hundred performers?" No, "replied Berlioz, "not often. Generally I only write for four hundred and fifty."

—An important discussion took place in the French Legislative Chamber on Saturday, with reference to the treaties of commerce with England. MM. Gelot, Buffet, Kold-Breard, and Brame spoke against the treaty, and pointed out what they considered the disastrous effects of the treaty with England; M. Thiers asked that a Parliamentary inquiry into the question should be instituted; and M. Pouyer Quetier demanded that notice should be given of withdrawal from the different treaties, and that the right of fixing the custom tariff should be restored to the country. M. Gressier, Minister of Commerce, replied that a commission had been appointed to investigate the effect of the present system of temporarily admitted goods into France without duty, and if the system were found to cause distress, the Government could put an end to it.

A marine velocipede is the centre of attraction on the wharf at Saginaw, Michigan. It is made of tin, about twenty-five feet long, very sharp and pointed at the ends, not more than fifteen inches wide, and is propelled by a wheel under the middle, similar to a screw propeller of larger crafts. The motion is given to the wheel by cranks attached to the shafting by bevel gear. The steering apparatus is also in the centre of the boat, and worked by the feet. The boat, for the space of ten feet from each end, has air-tight chambers.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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A SUPPLEMENT of 16 columns will be issued with the WEEKLY TIMES of the 21st inst., containing a total of 48 columns of reading matter, embracing

The debate in the Senate on Immigration.

Proceedings in the Commons, including

The debate on the Governor-General's Salary;
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The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1869.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD introduced the new Act relative to the qualification of voters &c., for the election of members of the House of Commons yesterday afternoon. After explaining the existing qualifications in the old Provinces, and pointing out the necessity of an uniform system for the whole Dominion, upon a basis not liable to be affected by the legislation of the Local Legislatures, he stated that it had been determined to abandon municipal assessment as a basis of qualification, not only because it was unequal in itself, but because, being under the control of the Local Legislatures, it would prevent uniformity throughout the Dominion. He then stated the franchises to be adopted, viz.: for counties, not less than $200 real property, or $400 annual income; or $200 rental, on written lease for a period of five years or upwards, of the value of $20 per annum, payable in cash or kind. For cities: real estate of the value of $400; or leasehold (for not less than one year), at an annual rent of not less than thirty dollars. For towns and incorporated villages: real estate, $300, or rental of $20.

The annual income qualification is equally applicable in counties, cities, towns and incorporated villages.

In each case the voter has to be in the enjoyment of the qualification at least one year before registration.

For putting the machinery of the new law into operation, a special court of three, for each constituency will be appointed to prepare the first voters' list; and an appeal will lie against its decision to the County Court Judges in Ontario and Quebec, to the Superior Court Judges of each judicial district in Quebec, (where there are no County Court Judges) and to Revising Barristers, specially appointed for the duty, in Nova Scotia; because in that province there are no County Court Judges, and the Bench there is already overtasked in the discharge of its ordinary duties.

The Special Court for the preparation of the lists; and the Judges or others who will determine appeals, will be remunerated for their services.

The aim of the Bill is to establish an uniform franchise for the whole Dominion on a basis broad, liberal and well defined; and to create an inexpensive working machinery for its maintenance, independently of the action of the Local Legislatures. The franchise of old Canada has been lowered; but that of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick have been correspondingly raised to secure uniformity. The PREMIER, in introducing the measure, expressed the desire of the Government that the assistance of all parties should be given to promote the end in view—the framing of an Election Law that would operate fairly to every class, and give satisfaction to both political parties.

THE London (England) *Standard*, of the 5th instant, has an article on emigration from Great Britain which, though written for another market, is eminently deserving of attention on this side the Atlantic. The *Standard* urges strongly upon the British Government the policy of assisting emigration to Canada, and points out the widespread desire among the English working classes to seek a new home for themselves.

That an unwonted stream of immigration is about setting in, in favour of this country is abundantly evident, and we have already taken occasion to show that the Province of Ontario has made ample preparation, not only for the encouragement of this stream, but for its due distribution within the Province wherever the demand for labour exists. We suppose that the Western Province can readily absorb some forty or fifty thousand able bodied immigrants; but we do not see that in the other Provinces any systematic plan has been adopted to secure a share of the influx of population. The arrangements made by Ontario are expatiated upon by our London contemporary, and quoted as those of only one of the four Provinces. Must not truth compel us to say, that it is also *the* only one which has entered, with spirit, into the promotion of immigration? The subject has been discussed by the Quebec Legislature, and reference was made to it in the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S speech at the opening of the Legislature of New Brunswick. But, we think, in view of the building of the Intercolonial Railway, these two Provinces should unite in a common effort to promote the immediate settlement of their waste lands adjoining that important public work.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

MONDAY, May 17, 1869.

The House met at three o'clock p.m.

Hon. JOHN ROSS was appointed Speaker in the absence of the Hon. Mr. Speaker Cauchon, to replace him whilst absent on the occasion of the death of his child at Quebec.

The commission from his Excellency the Governor-General was read to that effect.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL explained to the Senate the cause and nature of the appointment which would only be a temporary one, until the return of his Hon. the Speaker, Mr. Cauchon.

Several petitions were presented.

Petitions also read.

REPORTS.

The first report of the Contingent Committee was brought in by the Hon. Mr. Seymour, and seconded by the Hon. Mr. Dickson, recommending that John Bourinot, Esq., of Sydney, Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, be appointed to the vacant English Clerkship, at a salary of $900 per annum; and St. Denis Lemoine, Esq., be appointed third French translator and clerk, at a salary of $500 per annum, with the understanding that he shall also carry the mace when required; which report was ordered to be taken into consideration to-morrow.

The 4th report on printing was ordered for consideration to-morrow, on motion of Hon. Mr. Simpson, seconded by the Hon. Mr. McCrea.

Hon. Mr. BILL enquired what is the policy of the Government in respect to the improvement of Harbours and the construction of Wharves and Breakwaters, and how far the Government is prepared to assist in those important works in the several Provinces of the Dominion?

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL thought his hon. friend would see how impolitic it would be for the Government to declare their policy in the abstract. Certain powers have been vested in the General Government, by the British North America Act, respecting this matter, and they would always be prepared to consider the merits of these cases as they arise, and deal with them according to their merits.

On the motion being called, for which the Hon. Mr. SANBORN had given notice, viz., for an Address to his Excellency the Governor-General, praying that he will lay before the Senate all correspondence between the Government of the Dominion of Canada and the Imperial Government, and all correspondence between the United States, or any persons, and the Government of Canada, respecting the extradition of criminals from this Dominion to the United States and *vice versa*, and all despatches with reference to this subject? He said the object of his motion, now before the Senate, was in part to call the attention of the Government to a matter of great importance: that was the necessity of an amendment to the law relating to the extradition of criminals. The Ashburton Treaty, now in force, fails to reach certain cases. There being no means to bring to justice certain parties who have committed flagrant crimes against society, causes much inconvenience on both sides of the line. He was well aware that we could not complete a matter of this kind; but we could, by expressing our views upon it, endeavour to obtain, through the Imperial Government, a treaty between them and the United States, that must be desired by both Governments, and must be obtained, to meet the wants of the country. It would benefit one Government as much as the other. He found, as he expected, that the Government had not been remiss in their correspondence upon this subject, and have not left it altogether uncared for, but he could not say how far this correspondence had produced any results. The hon. member of the Government might be able to state the effect which that correspondence has produced. It had been intimated to him since he had given this notice of motion, that it covered too much ground; that it asked for the correspondence between individuals interested in the matter, as well as between the two Governments, and that it would be of so voluminous a character, that there would be much trouble in bringing it all down without obtaining any good results. Therefore, he would confine his motion to one case which was made quite notorious in this country: that was the attempt made to obtain the extradition of certain parties who took the bonds of the Royal Insurance Company of New York and escaped to Canada, setting the laws of both countries at defiance. The amount of value taken at that time was very great, and the Treaty did not go far enough to meet a case of that kind. The peculiar condition of the countries at the time the Treaty was made, rendered it difficult to comprehend in it larceny or embezzlement. In consequence of slavery existing in the United States, it would be rendered possible for them to claim slaves after they had escaped into Canada, by accusing them of larceny for carrying away their clothes when escaping. That difficulty has been removed by circumstances which have occurred in the past few years. The relations of the two countries now stand upon a different footing, and the progress of society shows the necessity of our obtaining an extension and enlargement of these treaty relations. There should be a statute law between the two countries, to enable each country to obtain the extradition of parties accused of crimes of this nature. Those who live near the frontier see more of the evils of the present system than those living at a more remote distance. Some persons, near the frontier, are constantly committing crimes, and then seeking an asylum either on one side or the other. It is felt to be an evil in the locality where this exists, because it corrupts society, and produces injurious consequences to both nations. He trusted the Government would pursue some course as speedily as possible, to place this matter on a more satisfactory basis, in order that there may be a remedy provided for the evil. He would now move for an Address to his Excellency the Governor-General, praying that he will lay before the Senate all correspondence between the Government of the Dominion of Canada and the Imperial Government, and all correspondence between the United States and the Government of Canada, respecting the extradition of parties charged with taking bonds, or debentures, or their agents in New York, who sought refuge in Canada.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said he was much obliged to the hon. mover of the motion for having acted upon the suggestion to limit his address to papers connected with one case. The papers for which notice had been given were so voluminous that they could not be prepared for the present session. He quite concurred in the view taken by his hon. friend, and thought some change in the law was necessary.

Hon. Mr. McCLELAN moved for an humble address to his Excellency the Governor General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to furnish the Senate copies of all correspondence between the Government of Great Britain, or any foreign Government, or with individuals in Boards of Trade, relating to the shipping of seamen.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said there was no objection to furnishing the correspondence.

DOMINION BANK.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON introduced a Bill to incorporate the Dominion Bank.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said it was the English practice to introduce Bills of this kind in the first instance into the House of Commons. He did not mean to say that it was not proper for this House first to take up Bills of this kind, but it would be attended with some inconvenience, inasmuch as financial matters and questions concerning trade, more particularly belonged to the other branch of the Legislature. If the hon. member who introduced the Bill thought otherwise, he should offer no objection.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT hoped there would be some measure of the Government brought down to do away with monopolies in banking. They should pursue some general policy. They should establish a law, allowing any number of individuals, with sufficient capital, who wished to carry on banking, to do so, making it free.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON hoped the Bill would be allowed to pass one stage to-day. He could see no reason why the Bill could not be introduced in the first instance, into this House, as similar Bills had been presented here, before being introduced into the other House. They had not much to do at present, and it would facilitate public business very much to have some of these Bills taken up here. His only object in presenting the Bill was to prevent its being lost from want of time to consider it. He would therefore move that it be read a first time.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU said the Government had never objected to the first reading of Bills of this kind.

Hon Mr. CHRISTIE said the objections which had been made to the introduction of the Bill would tend to narrow the privileges of this House, which he thought they ought to resist in every case of this kind. This was a Bill which did not in any way affect the public burdens of the country, but was to all intents and purposes, a private Bill, therefore we should resist this first attempt to call in question our right to introduce it. To this right he had never before heard any objections made since he had been a member of the Legislature.

Hon Mr. CAMPBELL said the right to submit the Bill had not been called in question, but he thought the public business would be more facilitated by its being first submitted to the House of Commons.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON said the Bill was a proper one to submit, as the parties were not asking for any vote of money. He had submitted a similar Bill some years ago, and no objection was raised to it. He thought they should have some rule to guide them in these matters. If they opposed the introduction of a Bill of this kind in one case, they should in all cases.

The Bill was then read a first time.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL submitted a Bill respecting the office of Speaker of the Senate of Canada. He said its object was to enact that when the Speaker was prevented by illness or any other necessary cause from taking the chair, they could with the permission of the Governor-General appoint a person to act as Speaker during his absence. Another provision was, when he was obliged to leave the chair, he may name some one else to occupy it.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY asked whether this House had the power to pass this measure, or whether it should be done by the Imperial Parliament.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said he had considered the question and was persuaded that we had this power.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN thought if that power was exercised by us in making any different provisions as to the constitution of Speaker, it would cover the whole ground of giving us the right to say by what means the Speaker shall be appointed.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL did not think so, this Bill was for the appointment of a person to act for the Speaker, and not the appointment of a Speaker. However, this was not the proper time to discuss the question which should be done upon its second reading.

The Bill was then read a first time and the second reading ordered for Thursday next.

PRINTING.

Hon. Mr. RYAN called the attention of the House to the delay in printing the proceedings of the Senate. He would also state that two copies of the report of the Civil Commission enquiry had been distributed to each member of the House of Commons, while no member of this House had received one. He thought they would see the propriety of some steps being taken to have their papers delivered without delay.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON was not aware of any delay. The contractors were doing not only the usual work, but also a large amount of work for the Government. They were working night and day to get the work done as speedily as possible.

INSPECTION OF STEAMBOATS.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL moved the second reading of a Bill intituled "an Act to amend the Act respecting the inspection of steamboats, and for the greater safety of passengers by them." He would state for the information of the House that this Bill was merely an amendment to an Act passed last session. It amended the Act in matters of detail which the experience of the year showed to be necessary. It would be useless for him to speak particularly of the different items of the Bill, as they could be taken up more distinctly when the House was in committee upon the Bill. The first amendment was in reference to granting certificates. The next was that a smaller number of boats were required to be carried by smaller vessels, as it was found to be very inconvenient to have the decks of small vessels filled up too much. The third amendment was, that certain steamboats were to be provided with means for lowering those boats. There were several other amendments which he thought would be in the interest of both the steamboat proprietors and the public. They would ensure greater facility and safety, without impairing the efficiency of the steamboat service.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY did not know how far it would be safe to reduce the number of boats on small steamboats, but large ones should be compelled to carry them. The steamboat in which he came from Nova Scotia had 97 passengers, but had only three boats, which would carry about fifteen.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said in reference to the inspector that he supposed him to be an efficient person, and he much regretted that an oversight had occurred which might have resulted in loss of life and property. This Bill would remedy some of the deficiencies in the Bill passed last year.

The Bill was then read a second time, to be referred to a committee of the whole House to-morrow.

The Joliette and Berthier counties electoral Limits Bill was read a second time, and referred to the committee on private bills.

The Forgery Bill was read a third time and passed.

The House went into committee of the whole (Hon. Mr. WARK in the chair) upon a Bill, intituled "An Act respecting the Department of Finance," which being passed in committee, it was ordered that the said Bill be read a third time to-morrow.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

Pursuant to the Order of the Day, the House went into Committee of the Whole, (Hon. Mr. BLAKE in the chair,) on a Bill intituled "An Act to confirm and give effect to a certain agreement between the Government of Canada and the Great Western Railway Company."

Hon. Mr. TESSIER enquired whether, in the abandonment of a certain portion of the claim against the Great Western Railway Company, the loss was to be borne by the Dominion of Canada, or whether that amount was left to be settled between the old Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada? He saw nothing in the Bill stating which Province was to bear this loss, supposed to be equal to three-quarters of a million, or a million of dollars. (Cries of no, no). This amount must be charged against one Province or the other, as it was due to the Province of Upper and Lower Canada when united. Has the Dominion the right to renounce this claim due to Canada proper without the consent of these two Provinces, or is it to be, as it should be, debited against that share in the debt of old united Canada which has been charged against the Province of Ontario? These are questions of some importance when the Dominion of Canada by an Act of Parliament gives up a claim of three quarters of a million dollars. He believed it was as good an arrangement as the Government could make to secure the balance which was due them. It was for the interest of the public that railways should be encouraged and supported by the Government, but this railway was located in the most fertile part of the Dominion of Canada and was in a prosperous condition, and should not need assistance. But from the remarks which had been made by hon. members, he thought the present arrangement was the best that could be made, and the main question now was, to whom is that amount to be debited?

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said if his hon. friend desired a categorical answer upon that point, he must give notice of the question that it may be answered in a fair and proper manner. He (Mr. Campbell) considered the debt as not belonging to Ontario or Quebec, or both of them, but belonging to the whole Dominion of Canada. It was so represented by the other branch of the Legislature. The arrangement which this Bill enacts for the settlement of the debt by which we lose some of the interest has been made in the interest of the Dominion for the purpose of securing the balance of the interest and principal. As the matter had originated in Ontario and Quebec, he did not think it was possible for the other Provinces of the Dominion to find much fault with the arrangement, because if the interest had been paid, it would have been paid to Ontario and Quebec, and would never have formed an asset for the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY said that in making up the assets with which Canada entered the Dominion, there were handed over to us railway stocks, mortages, &c; this debt having been put in those assets, and set down for the whole amount due: the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec should make up the difference. Having found it necessary to bring this matter to a settlement, we lose a large amount, and the only way to remedy it, was, not by attempting to get any more money from the Company, but by allowing Ontario and Quebec to make up the deficiency and hand it over to the Dominion Government. If the Bill was passed, he hoped the Government would take that suggestion into consideration.

Hon. Mr. McMASTER in reply to what had been said by the hon. member from Quebec (Mr. Tessier), would state that the Union Act had fixed beyond all doubt the Government claim against the Great Western Railway as being a Dominion debt. That being the case neither Ontario nor Quebec could have any special claim to it. His hon. friend from Nova Scotia (Mr. McCully) had said the Maritime Provinces would lose by the arrangement now contemplated, inasmuch as this debt was included in the assets with which Canada entered the Union. This statement was not in accordance with the facts, for while the Great Western debt was treated as a good asset in the original Confederation negotiations at Quebec, he had good reason to know that since no statement of the claim was furnished at the time in detail it was estimated at an amount considerably under what is covered by the settlement which this hon. House is now asked to confirm. It had not been his intention to add a single word to what had been so well said by the Hon. Postmaster-General in support of the Bill at its second reading, but having taken a somewhat active part in endeavouring to bring about a settlement of this long pending Government claim against the Great Western Railway company, he availed himself of this opportunity to state one or two reasons why he had felt justified in urging the Government, and asking the Legislature to make a reasonable concession to the company. These reasons he would state more particularly for the information of the members from the Maritime Provinces, who would not be as familiar with the circumstances connected with the arrangements between this company and the Government of the old Province of Canada, as the members from Ontario When the Great Western Railway was first projected the New York Central Railway company took a large amount of stock in the enterprise, with the understanding that a narrow gauge, corresponding with the gauge of the New York Central, would be laid upon this Railway. Had this been done the Great Western could have been used for carrying freight to and from the West, and this extensive traffic would have made stock in the Great Western an excellent investment. Instead of their being allowed to adopt this narrow gauge, which would have proved of such advantage to them, the Government obliged the Company to adopt a wide gauge, and the result was, the New York Central Company disposed of the stock they had taken in it, and the only traffic received from that company was carried at a great disadvantage until the Great Western Company at a vast expense laid down a third rail. This was one reason why the company should be entitled to the consideration of the Government. There was another, and, perhaps, a stronger reason in the fact, that nearly every dollar of the stock of the company was taken in England on the assurance, based upon an Order in Council, that the Great Western Railway would form the western end of the Grand Trunk Railway, but soon after the Great Western had been completed a rival line was chartered by the Legislature running parallel with the Great Western for nearly its entire length, at a distance of about eighteen miles. The result, as might have been expected, was most disastrous to the Company, as they were thereby deprived of a large portion of their most profitable traffic. In consequence of this they were unable to pay any dividend for some years, and during a period of nine years the shareholders received only about 2 1-10 per cent. per annum on their investments, while the present settlement provides for the Government being paid 3½ per cent. per annum, interest, during that time, that being the only reduction made in favour of the Company. The present settlement secures for the Government the entire principal and interest at six per cent., for the time it has been invested, (with the exception of those nine years, in which a partial reduction has been made,) and also the commission for payments made in London. He thought, by this arrangement, the Government were driving a very hard bargain with the Company, and there should not be a dissenting voice in the House to passing this Bill. (A member—What is the whole amount given up under this arrangement?) The concession is represented as being about £150,000 sterling. In regard to the hard bargain which the Government have driven with the company, he thought if the Finance Minister would look as well after all the other claims of the Government, he would deserve the good opinion of the country. He (Mr. McMaster) felt it to be his duty on behalf of the company to publicly acknowledge the cordiality and courtesy with which the Finance Minister, had treated the representatives of the company during the protracted negotiations which have led to the present settlement. There was yet another point which had not been mentioned, but which should entitle the company to the consideration of the Government, that was, the advantage the country, and especially the Western Peninsula had received, in the expenditure of so large an amount of English capital upon the railway, which has had the effect of making that peninsula the garden of Canada. Taking these matters into consideration, he should have given the measure a much more hearty support if a larger amount had been taken off from the debt. He had not been in the habit of going for any unreasonable expenditure of public money, and he would not go for the present measure if he did not believe it was for the public interest. He only regretted that the Government had not been more liberal in making the arrangement. He concluded by expressing the pleasure he felt in supporting the Government in this measure. The Bill was then reported as agreed to, and the third reading ordered for to-morrow.

The order of the day being called, for putting the House into Committee of the whole, on the Bill intituled "An Act respecting offences relating to coin."

On motion of the Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, seconded by the Hon. Mr. MITCHEL, it was ordered that this order be discharged from the orders of the day, and that the the said Bill be now read a third time. The Bill was then read a third time, and passed, and the clerk was ordered to acquaint the House of Commons that the Senate had passed the said Bill without amendment.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Bill intituled "An Act respecting Perjury," (Hon. Mr. McCULLY in the chair), who reported the Bill with several verbal amendments, and the following clauses were added, viz.:

4. Any affirmation, affidavit or declaration required by any fire, life, or marine insurance company, authorized by law to do business in Canada, in regard to any loss of property or life insured or assured therein, may be taken before any commissioner, authorized by any of her Majesty's Superior Court, to take affidavits, Justice of the Peace, or before any Notary Public for any Province in the Dominion: and any such officer is hereby required to take such affirmation, affidavit or declaration.

10. Any person knowingly, wilfully and corruptly making any affimation, affidavit or declaration, required by any Fire, Life or Marine Insurance Company, authorised by law to do business in Canada, claiming to be entitled to any insurance money, in respect of any loss of property or life insured or assured therein, or on behalf of any person making such claim containing any false statement of fact, matter or thing in regard to such loss of property or life, shall be guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury; and shall be liable to be impriconed in the penitentiary for any term not exceeding fourteen years, and not less than two years, or to be imprisoned in any other jail or place of confinement for any term less than two years, and to pay such fine as the Court may award.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN said he thought there was too much facility allowed by the Act for the parties to a law suit (who may lose) to prosecute witnesses who may appear to give evidence. Then, in his judgment, material facts alone should give ground for an action for perjury. He thought the change a bad one.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said the party will escape punishment, if the matter is not material to which he makes affidavit; but, surely, false swearing should be punished, where there is a manifest design and desire to commit wilful perjury. Certainly the facts sworn to, not being material, should not justify a party who swears falsely, and who can decide in all cases what facts were material in the eyes of the judge or jury?

Hon. Mr. RITCHIE said a party should be subject to an action for perjury who swears to facts that are false. If witnesses can plead that they thought the facts swore to were not material facts, there would be an end to convictions for all perjuries.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, seconded by Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, it was ordered that the amendments be taken into consideration to-morrow.

The House adjourned at 5:10 o'clock p.m.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

TUESDAY, May 18, 1869.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Dr. BOWN presented a petition of certain Canadians, now residents of Assiniboine, Red River, complaining of the undue prosecution, fining and imprisonment of one James Stewart, for the alleged violation of the law imposed by the officials of the Hudson's Bay Company, and praying that the settlers may be protected against the tyranny of the officials of the said Company.

Mr. GIBBS presented a petition praying for some provision for the widows and families of disabled seamen.

Mr. MORRISON (Niagara) presented several petitions from Chicago and Milwauke, praying for a charter for the Erie and Ontario ship canal.

Several other petitions were presented.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN presented return to addresses for papers relating to the Intercolonial Railway.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN presented a message from his Excellency the Governor General communicating to the House the report of the delegates to England, to negotiate for the cession to Canada of Rupert's Land, and the Northwest Territory.

THE LATE MR. FRIEL.

Mr. CURRIER moved, as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Mr. Friel, and in order to enable members of the House to attend his funeral to-morrow at two o'clock, that when the House adjourns to-night it stand adjourned until half-past seven to-morrow evening.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD seconded the motion. He was sure that very many of the members would desire to pay this mark of respect to the late Mayor of the city.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER briefly expressed similar views in French.

The motion was carried.

GOVERNMENT DAYS.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved that until otherwise ordered Government business and orders shall have precedence on Thursdays, and that on Government days after the business and orders are gone through, the other business and orders of the previous day shall be taken up, and that Thursday week being a statutory holiday the following Saturday shall be accounted as Thursday.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—For Government business?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—Of course (hear, hear).

The motion was carried.

PUNISHMENT OF INDIANS.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN moved for a Committee of the Whole for Thursday next to consider the following resolution: Whenever any Indian shall be convicted of any crime punishable by imprisonment in a penitentiary or other place of confinement, the legal costs incurred for procuring such conviction may be defrayed by the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, and paid out of any annuity or interest coming to such Indian, or to the band or tribe, as the case may be.—Carried.

COURT OF APPEAL.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD gave notice that on Thursday next he would move for leave to introduce a Bill to establish a Court of Appeal for the Dominion of Canada, (hear, hear).

THE NEW ELECTION LAW.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved for leave to introduce a Bill "respecting the election of members to the House of Commons." He said that by the Union Act, the election laws in force in each Province at the time of Union applied to elections in each Province, until the Parliament of Canada otherwise provided. It was important that the election laws of all the Provinces should be uniform. In Ontario and Quebec the voters' list was used on the assessment roll; but the question of assessment was one in the hands of the Provincial Governments. It was, therefore, obvious that assessment must cease to be the basis of qualification of voters for members of this House. So long as the assessment roll was under the control of the local authorities, it might be changed at any time, and thus the qualification of elections would be changed, and this House would be deprived of the right of fixing the qualifications of those who shall vote for its members. In fact, the assessment of Ontario had already been changed by the Ontario Parliament since the Union, and he believed the Government of Quebec was pledged to a change in their assessment law. And had there been a contest in Centre Wellington, and had he been asked as Minister of Justice to decide what voters' list should be used, he would, according to his interpretation of the law, have had to decide that the only list that could be used, would be the last assessment roll, existing at the time of the union, although it was quite evident that that list would not fairly represent the real voters, and every year it would be a less correct representation of the voters. From these considerations it would be seen that assessment could not be taken as a basis of the voters' list, and that some other machinery must be devised. First, they must devise some means of valuing property, and then, some means of ascertaining who are entitled to vote. The proposition of the Government was this, in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick the franchise was wider than in the Upper Provinces. He could say without flattery, that the members sent from the Lower Provinces freely justified the wisdom of the wide franchise that prevailed there. So long as they adhered to the principle of having real estate as the basis of qualification, he thought they should widen the franchise as much as possible. The Government had anxiously considered this important question of qualification, and he would now state the conclusion they had arrived at. In counties freeholders having property to the value of $200 or upwards would be entitled to vote. This was higher than the qualification in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, but lower than in the Upper Provinces. This qualification would include nearly every man that held real estate at all, for few owned land of less value that $200. In the earlier history of Canada nearly every occupant of land was a proprietor, but of late years tenants were becoming more numerous, and it was therefore the more important that they should enjoy the franchise. By this Bill, tenants holding a written lease for five years, paying a rental of $20 a year, would be entitled to vote after having held such lease for one year. Tenants renting land on shares were placed on the same footing—the shares must be worth $20 to qualify the tenant. Parties purchasing land from the Crown for $200 would also be qualified. They had adopted the system that obtained in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and had provided that every person having an annual income of $400 from any source whatever should be entitled to vote. This latter provision applied to towns and incorporated villages, and cities, as well as to counties. In cities owners of real estate to the value of $400, and tenants having a yearly lease and paying a yearly rental of $30 on a dwelling house and lot, not on a warehouse or shop, would be entitled to vote. The tenant must pay this yearly rent for one year before he is qualified. In towns, and incorporated villages, owners of real estate to the value of $300, and tenants paying a yearly rental of $20, would be entitled to vote. With respect to the means of ascertaining who were qualified under this law, the proposition of the Government was this: There should be a commission of three men in each constituency appointed by Government, and receiving a salary, whose duty shall be to hold a court in each district where there is a polling place, and who shall find out from every source of information within their reach, who are the legally qualified voters, and shall prepare a list of such under oath. This list shall remain open for say two months to allow of corrections, and to give time to constituents to have their attention called to it. The commission shall then hold a final court and revise the list. This list shall be subject to another and final revision by the county judges in Ontario and New Brunswick, by the Circuit Court Judges in Quebec, and by a board of revising barristers as in England in Nova Scotia. The judges performing this duty to receive a small additional salary. This Board of Judges shall meet annually, and hear all objections and representations made before them. With reference to the qualification of members of Parliament, they proposed to fix it at $2,000; certificate of qualification to be presented on nomination day whether asked for or not. In case of the absence of a candidate, he may leave such certificate to his proposer to be by him handed to the returning officer on nomination day. The Bill also provided for the holding of elections on one day, but not all the elections in the same day. This was not a party question, and he invited a frank and candid expression of opinion from all sides of the House, in order that they might frame the very best system attainable.

Hon. Mr. LEVISCONTE asked what provision had been made for master mariners, who had no property or land.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said they would come under the provision of those who were qualified by their income.

Hon. Mr. CONNELL asked if the voting would be by ballot.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said, No; by open vote.

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT congratulated the Premier on introducing a measure that would do away with inequality and the opportunity for fraud. He thought, however, that in extending the qualification of voters on rental to a lease of five years, an injustice might be done to many parties holding under yearly leases. There were also a large number of persons living in unincorporated villages who would be disfranchised by the new law. He would have been glad, too, had the Minister of Justice seen his way to the abolition of nomination day. It was attended with great expense, and sometimes no little tumult, and he thought it might be abolished.

The Bill was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading on Friday next.

RECIPROCITY—ADJOURNED DEBATE ON MR. DORION'S MOTION.

Mr. McKENZIE resumed the debate on Hon. Mr. Dorion's amendment (relating to reciprocity) to Hon. Mr. Rose's motion for going into Committee of Supply. He deprecated the idea of cringing to the Americans. Our only true policy was to treat them as neighbours; and, while we valued their trade, we might also believe that our trade was more valuable to them. He attributed the repeal of the Reciprocity Treaty to the ascendency of the protectionist party. It was the controlling influence of this party which had led to the restrictive policy of the United States; and not political influence that was responsible for our present trade relations; and he did not think that there was any reasonable prospect of our obtaining reciprocity at the present time. He came to this conclusion with regret, but after a full consideration of the case. He appreciated fully the benefits of reciprocity, but he did not think it became us, under present circumstances, to make any efforts for its renewal; and was, therefore, reluctantly compelled to withhold his support from the amendment of the member for Hochelaga (hear, hear). Referring to the coasting trade, and the stringent regulations of the American Government in relation thereto, he instanced several cases wherein Canadian vessels had been unjustly seized and sold by the Americans without redress to the Canadian owners; and also a case wherein an American vessel had violated our law, and though properly seized by the Canadian officer was released by our Government without any justification. In the matter of ferry boats between the American and Canadian sides, it was a fact that the whole business was done in American bottoms, and for the reason that the American regulations were stringently enforced against them at each trip, whereby it was impossible for them to continue business. If, therefore, better measures were not taken for the protection of Canadian shipping on the upper lakes, they would find in a few years that there would not be a Canadian vessel afloat upon them (hear, hear). He then called attention to the magnificent harbour accommodation on the North Shore of Lake Superior, which offered us the natural facilities for controlling the trade of the west. He had always regretted that the Hon. Francis Hincks had not proceeded with the construction of the canal at Sault Ste. Marie. The Americans had built a canal at an inferior place, but he held that the canal, on the Canadian side, should be one of the first public works undertaken, because it would give us the control of the trade to which he had alluded (hear, hear). He believed that we should pursue our trade policy without reference to reciprocity, and without any retaliation towards the Americans (hear, hear).

Hon. Mr. GRAY called attention to the injurious effects upon New Brunswick of certain provisions of the Ashburton Treaty. Under this treaty certain timber cut in the State of Maine, and floated down the River St. John, was rendered liable to export duty imposed by New Brunswick. By the reciprocity treaty this duty was of course repealed; but on the abrogation of the treaty the power under the Ashburton Treaty was revived. But the Americans shipping by the St. John immediately obtained an Act of Congress whereby their lumber was admitted free, while the New Brunswick manufacturer had to pay the United States import duty of twenty per cent. The practical effect of this was to drive out our own people from doing our own business, and to turn over our saw mills and lumbering establishments to the Americans. Another point to which he wished to call attention was that after the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty the export duty authorised by the Ashburton Treaty was not at first imposed. These duties had been very properly revived, however; and notwithstanding the provisions of the Ashburton Treaty, the Americans had protested to the English Government against the payment of this duty, and he understood the subject was now under the consideration of the New Brunswick Legislature. Though he did not advocate a retaliatory policy, still he thought it was time that the Americans should understand that we cannot always go on in the same way; that our interests must be cared for, and that a policy must be adopted which will remove some of the disadvantages under which certain branches of our industry now laboured.

Mr. JONES, (Leeds,) thought the member for Lambton had been somewhat inconsistent in advocating protection to Canadian vessels, when he went for entire free trade with respect to the great agricultural interests of Canada. By referring to the imports of agricultural products, he found that Canada, by imposing the same duties as the United States, would realise a revenue of about $250,000 annually. He had heard with great pleasure the member for Cumberland advocate the imposition of a duty on flour and coal, (hear, hear). As the representative of an agricultural county, he would go for protection against every country that protected itself against our products. We had given every thing to the Americans, and it was time we should have something in return, (hear, hear).

Mr. CAYLEY (in French) briefly opposed Hon. Mr. Dorion's motion.

Mr. JOLY would be obliged to oppose the motion, not because he disregarded the benefits of reciprocity, but because he thought it contained propositions to which the United States would never accede. The motion proposed reciprocity in manufactured goods, which it would be madness for the Americans to consent to, unless we should accept reciprocity of taxation. The same remark applied to the registration of ships. He would like to let the Americans know that we were in favour of the renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty on fair terms; but that we were not willing to go much more than half way to obtain it (hear, hear).

It being six o'clock the SPEAKER left the chair.

After Recess.

Mr. HARRISON resumed the debate. He said the discussion had shewn the desirability of having either a free trade, or a protective policy, rather than no policy at all. Experience had already shewn the immense advantages of free trade between nations. Not only had this been shewn between France and England, but also between the British Provinces and the United States during the time the Reciprocity Treaty was in force. During these ten years the trade between the two countries amounted to four hundred millions of dollars, and the profits of this enormous trade went to enrich the people of both countries. The true political reason which had led to the abolition of the Reciprocity Treaty, was the expectation that such a step would lead to the annexation of these Provinces. But that policy had signally failed. To the extent that he favoured reciprocity did he support the motion of the member for Hochelaga? But he opposed it on the ground that we should not go to ask any favour from the United States. They had withdrawn the treaty. Let the first proposition for its renewal come from them. Let us adopt a national policy towards the United States, and they would not, if we went to cringe to them for favours. The Americans had not only endeavoured to ruin our trade, but also to hurt our feelings, by advocating the annexation of these Provinces without reference to our views. What was the true policy for us to pursue if the Americans continued to refuse us reciprocity? Having started with free trade views, he would now be inclined to say let us adopt what is called the national policy, and have at least free trade among ourselves. As a representative of Ontario he would say put no tax on coal; as a Nova Scotian put no tax on flour. But had there been a duty on American breadstuffs last year, a million and a half of dollars of revenue would have been derived therefrom. And though it might be said this duty was paid by ourselves still we had to support the Government any way, and the duty would have promoted trade among ourselves. Ontario had paid last year $700,000 for American coal; and a duty on that article would have sent this amount of money to Nova Scotia. He held it, therefore, to be the true policy of Canada to encourage trade between the Provinces; and to meet the Americans, and compete with them in the markets of the world, (hear, hear). These views might not agree with the opinions of his constituent, the member for West Durham, (Blake,) but had he, (Harrison,) been the exponent of that hon. gentleman's opinions, he would not have had a seat in the House (laughter).

Hon. Mr. CONNELL, (who was very imperfectly heard in the gallery,) was understood to urge the importance to the shipping interest of New Brunswick of a renewal of reciprocity. He advocated the curtailment of expenses in all the departments of the Government, and the encouragement of trade among ourselves, without begging from the Americans (hear, hear).

Hon. Mr. GALT said though not a member of the Government, he would wish it to be distinctly understood that he would not allow reflections on the Administration of which he had been a member, to pass unnoticed. However, on this occasion he thought it better to confine the discussion to the question before the House. Their trade relations with the United States were undoubtedly of the greatest importance to this country. He would have very much preferred that this discussion had not taken place (hear, hear), and that the matter should be left in the hands of the Government, without embarassing them in a course, which in a House composed as this was, must necessarily meet with some opposition; but now that the question had been made, and gone so far, it was better to have a fair and full discussion of the question in all its bearings. He would make some reference to the negotiations that had taken place with the United States when he was a member of the Government, and he thought this the more necessary because the hon. member for Lambton had taken occasion to reproach the Government for having attempted to do by legislation what he thought should be done by treaty. Some parts of this question could only be settled by treaty, such as the fisheries and the navigation of the St. Lawrence, but there were other parts that could be settled by legislation. And he thought the question would be more permanently settled by legislation, as far as legislation could settle it, than by treaty. Because if settled by treaty, when that treaty was about to expire, its opponents would make a grand rally, and secure its defeat; whereas if it were settled by legislation they would only seek for amendments, not an entire abrogation. With respect to the negotiations that had taken place between the representatives from all the Provinces and the Committee of Foreign Relations at Washington, he would say that they made the most liberal offers that this country could make, and have agreed to an assimilation of our excise duties with theirs; but what was their response? The only thing they were absolutely willing to allow was the article of grindstones free into their markets (laughter). They proposed a duty on our fish so high that it would virtually exclude our fish from their markets. They also proposed duties on our agricultural products, equal to those since imposed. The result of those negotiations could only convey one impression to his mind, and that was that the abrogation of the treaty was not owing to the desire to protect their own industries, but owing to their desire to adopt such a policy as would embarrass Great Britain in her relations on this continent. That being their view of the case, he thought it was little use in us making proposals in the manner indicated in the resolutions. The United States knew our views, and what we were willing to give, and there was no use in initiating negotiations. He spoke under the strongest possible conviction that the operations of the Reciprocity Treaty were most beneficial to this country, and the whole course of the Government of which he was a member, went to show that they were fully alive to the future embarrassments likely to rise out of the abrogation of the treaty, and it would be useless to disguise the fact that a renewal of the treaty would be most advantageous to this country. But what more could they do than they had done? Let the Government wait till the United States showed they were disposed to reopen negotiations; and if they were reopened, he hoped it would be in good faith, and with the desire really and truly to arrange the commercial relations of the two countries on a fair footing. But he regretted to say that he felt himself bound to state thus publicly, that he did not believe that any practical result would follow such negotiations at present, and he was confirmed in this opinion by the course taken by the United States Senate in rejecting the *Alabama* treaty. He took that as an indication that they did not intend to alter their policy of embarrassing England on this Continent. The question then arose, what course should we pursue? From the remarks of some hon. gentlemen, he inferred that they recommended a policy of retaliation. He emphatically disapproved of such a policy. Far better to wait, and leave the matter to the good sense of the American people, than to adopt the dangerous policy of retaliation. Some gentleman had put a construction on some portions of the budget speech of the Finance Minister, to the effect that he approved of such a policy, but he hoped they did not bear that construction, and he did not think they did. Nor would it be beneficial to this country to force a trade with the East and West, by imposing heavy duties on the articles produced by both. We might have to submit to an unwise policy on the part of the United States, but it was folly to suppose that retaliation could injure the United States. If retaliation was to be adopted, it must be by Great Britain, but it was idle to expect such a policy from Great Britain. There was a time when such a policy would have been adopted by Great Britain under the existing circumstances, but those days had gone. He thought the course taken by the United States was unworthy of them, and the strongest rebuke we could give them would be for us not to follow their example. The policy of the United States was not so much to restrict trade with us, as to remove British power from this continent. It was only an incident of that policy that there was any desire on their part to annex this country. He thought that policy a mistaken one for the United States, because the possessions of Britain on this continent were a standing guarantee of peace. So long as England had four million subjects here she would be reluctant to engage in a war with the United States. The policy of the United States instead of drawing us into annexation as they expected had an exactly opposite effect. He believed the time must come when this country would become separated from Great Britain. But when that time did come, the public should be so educated that we should have the choosing of our own future, and should have the right of at least trying the experiment of sovereign independence. Postpone that time as long as possible, but let the settled opinion of Canada be that, when it does come, we shall become an independent nation. He believed we had a better future before us than annexation, and he was certain the statesmen of England were disposed to assist us in that direction. With reference to the reciprocity negociations, he thought they should be left to the Government, in whom he had full confidence, though he might differ from them on certain minor points.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON contended that as the United States had already made a step towards the renewal of reciprocity, there should be no hesitation in giving unanimous support to the resolutions of the member for Hochelaga. These resolutions affirmed what no hon. gentleman would deny, the desirability of renewing reciprocity. It was proper that we should renew our offer for reciprocal trade; but if reciprocity was not to be renewed, then we should study out a policy for ourselves in the light of our own interests, (hear, hear). For the rest, as to that policy, he agreed in the main with what had fallen from the member for Sherbrooke. There had been a great deal said about loyalty, and he thought there was a good deal of lip loyalty; but the true loyalty was loyalty to the Imperial policy, that policy which had given England a new lease of power, and if followed here would not fail to bring a blessing with it. He agreed that the whole responsibility of the question should be left with the Government; but he saw no objection, but rather an advantage in strengthening their hands by a strong expression in favour of these resolutions.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON said the hon. member for Chateauguay had the faculty of saying the right thing at the wrong time. The motion was one of want of confidence.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the motion had not been so treated, otherwise the ordinary business of the House would not have gone on while it was pending.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON differed with the hon. gentleman on that point. He contended that the true policy for Canada was to maintain a calm and determined attitude, and to avoid boasting. He did not agree with the view that we should seek our independence of England. The question was not one of independence or annexation. Our present position was the one in which we could best serve our own interests as well as those of the Empire. He opposed the resolutions of the member for Hochelaga, not because he disagreed with them, but because the question to which they referred should be left in the hands of the Government.

Mr. GIBBS differed with the member for Sherbrooke as to the meaning attached to the remarks of the Minister of Finance, concerning the adoption of a national policy. It had been remarked that the first thing the Americans would ask us, in negotiating for a new treaty would be "what have you to give us?" But already the Americans enjoyed every advantage we had to give. Except the small tax upon their vessels fishing in our waters, we had nothing now to give them. He regretted the repeal of the tax upon breadstuffs last session, the effect of which had been, as he had predicted, to send Canadian wheat out of the country to be ground by American millers. A noticeable feature in the debate had been that gentlemen though advocating free trade principles were willing to resort to protection for those interests which came under their own particular notice. Even the member for Lambton had made suggestions that could only bear the construction of protection or retaliation in cases where his own constituents were concerned. But he might refer to other members to some who had been free traders all their lives, become protectionists when they saw the saw logs carried off to the United States to be manufactured into lumber, because their own interests happened to be affected. He had been much surprised at the hon. member for Sherbrooke, in enunciating the views he did, for he thought the country was largely indebted to that hon. gentlemen for a great measure of its prosperity, on account of the incidental protection policy introduced by him some ten years ago.

Mr. SCATCHERD shewed that the price of wheat had been higher since the abrogation of the Treaty than it was when the Treaty was in operation. He opposed the resolutions of the member for Hochelaga.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER replied to the remarks of the former speakers and vindicated the policy of the Government in respect to its zeal for the renewal of reciprocity. In 1866 when the member for Sherbrook was Minister of Finance, it was provided in the Tariff Bill that the Governor General might, by proclamation, introduce certain articles free from the United States, provided reciprocity were re-established. The same provision was re-enacted by the Parliament of the Dominion, so that the Government had done everything in its power towards securing the renewal of reciprocity. He commented severely on the member for Hochelaga's want of knowledge of commercial matters. The proposition for reciprocity in manufactures should have been accompanied with some explanation of how the means to carry on the Government could be provided. If there were reciprocity in manufactures, the Minister of Finance would be deprived of his customs revenue. To accomplish this reciprocity, we must have a Zollverein, and either raise our tariff to that of the United States, or get the United States to come to our level, and the bare proposition was absurd. There must then be a resort to direct taxation, as the policy of the member for Hochelaga. Sir George continued to review the whole question of reciprocity, and the measures that had been taken by the Government for its renewal. He said the motion of Mr. Dorion was a most unwise one, because it implied neglect where there was no neglect. He blamed the member for Chateauguay for not having gone to the Detroit Convention in 1865, as representative of the *Montreal Board of Trade*.

Mr. MACDONALD (Lunenburg) strongly deprecated the propriety of giving the sanction of the House to Mr. Dorion's resolutions, though very anxious to obtain reciprocity.

Mr. LEVISCONTE would vote for the motion, feeling the great importance of reciprocity to Nova Scotia. But he would do so without any wish to embarrass the Government, for he did not think that a change of Government would help the cause of Nova Scotia Repeal.

Mr. COLBY could see no possible good in merely affirming a truism. Nothing would be gained to the cause of reciprocity by adopting the amendment of the member for Hochelaga.

Mr. CHIPMAN and Mr. CARMICHAEL supported the resolutions.

Mr. BLAKE made a lengthy speech, in which, while defending the resolutions from some of the arguments advanced against them, declared his intention of voting against them, because this was not the time to discuss the subject. He suggested the propriety of withdrawing the amendment, as the sense of the House had been fully expressed in favour of a renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty (hear, hear).

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN had supposed that negotiations were to be immediately renewed, because of the statements recently made on behalf of the President of the Council. He hoped, therefore, the resolutions would be withdrawn.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—The resolution must be voted on.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN—Then he must record his vote in their favour.

The members were called in at five minutes past one, and the vote taken, when Dorion's amendment was lost. Yeas, 19; Nays, 111.

The yeas were—Anglin, Dorion, Holton, Connell, Leviscont, Forbes, Rymal, Paquet, Geoffrion, Bourassa, Godin, Coffin, Coupal, Killam, Ross (Victoria), Carmichael, Cheval, Bechard, and Chipman.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. ROSE the House

then went into Committ
Street in the chair.
Several items were agr
rose and reported, and the
1:35 a.m.

LOCAL N

SALE OF HAY CONTINU
pressed hay will be contin
at ten o'clock, to-day.

PERSONAL.—Among the
Russell House yesterday
the Bishop of Huron, and M
Dr. and Mrs. Irvine, Mon
Laurie, Staff Officer H. M. A
Mr. Hugh Allan, Montreal.

SACRED CONCERT.—The c
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the family of the late H.
their present sad bereave
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THE INSPECTION.—Last
city volunteer force, consi
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Company, underwent th
inspection before Lieut.-Col.
Major of this District. T
artillery although fair, wa
large as we have seen on p
and neither were the mover
executed with their former p
can easily be accounted for
having had the benefit of
return from Prescott last
Rifle Company mustered
and passed inspection fairly.

THE CONCERT.—The grand
cert, in aid of an organ fund
Methodist Church, Metcalfe
this evening, in the Skati
still retains the principal
chandeliers. Since the pr
the platform has been gre
accommodate the great numb
Mr. Orme has furnished a
and a good pianoforte for
both of which the Chevalier
will preside. The last full r
last evening, and the effect
Those who wish the best
early. See full programme
tising columns.

POLICE COURT.—Sophie
charged with having bee
ill-famed establishment of
company with a soldier. S
labour for the space of four
Mary Welsh, the keeper o
then dealt with. Sentenced to
hard labour.
Margaret Welsh, wife of the
name, but not related to the
also charged with being a
house kept by Mary. Sent
course for two months unde
pline of Mrs. Graham at the
Henry Whitney, the indust
beggar," was once more broug
his vocation on the streets.
two weeks.
Michael Flanigan, a new
jail for one week for being
derly.

THE FUNERAL OF THE LAT
funeral of the late mayor wil
day at two o'clock. It is be
procession will be a very larg
as it will be, of the six
in the city, besides the Boar
the Mechanics' Institute, th
both Houses of Parliament
adjourned to four o'clock th
the purpose; members of th
are also expected; and besi
will be the city Volunteer
Brigade. From the great re
the deceased Mayor was he
doubt but a very large num
not attached to societies, will
riages and on foot. There
pall bearers. The coffin will
catafalque prepared for the
will be drawn by six horses,
lead each. The Rifle Brig
proceed in front, after the
playing the dead march. I
be seven marshals. The co
from the residence, King at
two o'clock, and proceed to
where appropriate services wil
and a sermon preached by th
Dawson. After which the fu
will proceed to the Roman Ca
on Sandy Hill, where the re
deposited in their final resti
understand that several, if
Ministers, have signified th
being present at the funeral.

BOARD OF TRA

The Board of Trade met
passed the following resolutio
Resolved, that the council o
Trade have learned with extr
sudden death of their late c
Friel, Esq., Mayor of this c
tender to Mrs. Friel and fam
felt sympathy in her deep afflic
the public loss sustained by he
and in order to mark their se
of the deceased, and the great
rendered this city, the counc
in a body to his late residence,
for the purpose of attending
The members of the Board
meet at the Mechanics' In
o'clock on Wednesday.

Latest by Tel

Via Montreal Lin

TORONTO

Special to THE TIMES.

Toro
A sentence of court martia
deserters was promulgated to-
sentenced to 365 days, and th
days' imprisonment, with har
Thirty men of the 29th regi
to Montreal with the artille
feared that they contemplated
Jerry Sheehan, who laid op
his confrere, Jack Malone,
since been found wanting, wa
night, notwithstanding his
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escape after being detected.
The ladies belonging to Dr.
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of $200, accompanied by a fla
The laying down of the N
ment in King-st. has begun.
Whiskey Mason was broug
Police Magistrate to-day for
Nichol; case remanded till to
About two-thirds of the
Osgoode Hall to-day were pl

CABLE N

GREAT BRITAI

LONDON, May 18.—Reverdy
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between Great Britain and
States. He had been assured
of other countries would rega
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The *Standard*, in an article o
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Congress, commits the bu
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tribunal the question of wrong
but any attempt to re-open the
preposterous grounds, whateve
sentiments may be, is absu
position England cannot rece
DUBLIN, May 18.—The A
Cashel, Rev. Dr. Patk. Leahy
letter refers to the recent outra
in the South of Ireland. H
lamentable that the acts of a fe

then went into Committee of Supply, Mr. Street in the chair.

Several items were agreed to, committee rose and reported, and the House adjourned at 1:35 a.m.

LOCAL NEWS.

SALE OF HAY CONTINUED.—The sale of pressed hay will be continued at the station, at ten o'clock, to-day.

PERSONAL.—Among the arrivals at the Russell House yesterday were his Lordship the Bishop of Huron, and Mrs. Cronyn; Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Irvine, Montreal; Lieut.-Col. Laurie, Staff Officer H. M. Army, Halifax; and Mr. Hugh Allan, Montreal.

SACRED CONCERT.—The committee of management of this concert have desired us to state that whilst deeply sympathising with the family of the late H. J. Friel, Esq., in their present sad bereavement, they regret that the arrangements for the concert were of such a nature as to utterly preclude the possibility of postponement.

THE INSPECTION.—Last night part of the city volunteer force, consisting of four Batteries of the Garrison Artillery and the Rifle Company, underwent their semi-annual inspection before Lieut.-Col. Jackson, Brigade Major of this District. The muster of the Artillery although fair, was by no means as large as we have seen on previous occasions, and neither were the movements performed executed with their former precision, but this can easily be accounted for by the men not having had the benefit of drill since their return from Prescott last September. The Rifle Company mustered some thirty men, and passed inspection fairly.

THE CONCERT.—The grand sacred music concert, in aid of an organ fund for the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Metcalfe-st., will be held this evening, in the Skating Rink, which still retains the principal decorations and chandeliers. Since the promenade concert the platform has been greatly enlarged to accommodate the great number of performers. Mr. Orme has furnished a beautiful organ and a good pianoforte for the occasion, at both of which the Chevalier Gustave Smith will preside. The last full rehearsal was held last evening, and the effect was very grand. Those who wish the best seats should go early. See full programme in our advertising columns.

POLICE COURT.—Sophie Gauthier was charged with having been found in the ill-famed establishment of Mary Welsh in company with a soldier. Sent to jail at hard labour for the space of four months.

Mary Welsh, the keeper of the house, was then dealt with. Sentenced to three months at hard labour.

Margaret Welsh, wife of the informer of that name, but not related to the last prisoner, was also charged with being an inmate of the house kept by Mary. Sent on a probationary course for two months under the mild discipline of Mrs. Graham at the jail.

Henry Whitney, the industrious and "sturdy beggar," was once more brought up for plying his vocation on the streets. Sent to jail for two weeks.

Michael Flanigan, a new man, was sent to jail for one week for being drunk and disorderly.

THE FUNERAL OF THE LATE MAYOR.—The funeral of the late mayor will take place to-day at two o'clock. It is believed that the procession will be a very large one composed, as it will be, of the six national societies in the city, besides the Board of Trade and the Mechanics' Institute, the members of both Houses of Parliament, which stand adjourned to four o'clock this afternoon for the purpose; members of the Civil Service are also expected; and besides these there will be the city Volunteers and the Fire Brigade. From the great respect in which the deceased Mayor was held, there is no doubt but a very large number of citizens, not attached to societies, will attend in carriages and on foot. There will be twelve pall bearers. The coffin will be placed on a catafalque prepared for the purpose. This will be drawn by six horses, with a man to lead each. The Rifle Brigade Band will proceed in front, after the chief marshal, playing the dead march. In all there will be seven marshals. The cortege will move from the residence, King at Stewart sts., at two o'clock, and proceed to the Cathedral, where appropriate services will be performed, and a sermon preached by the Rev. Father Dawson. After which the funeral procession will proceed to the Roman Catholic cemetery on Sandy Hill, where the remains will be deposited in their final resting place. We understand that several, if not all, of the Ministers, have signified their intention of being present at the funeral.

BOARD OF TRADE.

The Board of Trade met yesterday and passed the following resolution:

Resolved, that the council of the Board of Trade have learned with extreme regret the sudden death of their late colleague, H. J. Friel, Esq., Mayor of this city; that they tender to Mrs. Friel and family their heartfelt sympathy in her deep affliction, and mourn the public loss sustained by her bereavement; and in order to mark their sense of the worth of the deceased, and the great services he has rendered this city, the council will proceed in a body to his late residence, on Wednesday, for the purpose of attending the funeral. The members of the Board of Trade will meet at the Mechanics' Institute at one o'clock on Wednesday.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 18.

A sentence of court martial on two late deserters was promulgated to-day. One was sentenced to 365 days, and the other to 504 days' imprisonment, with hard labour.

Thirty men of the 29th regiment were sent to Montreal with the artillery, as it was feared that they contemplated deserting.

Jerry Sheehan, who laid open the head of his partnere, Jack Malone, lately, and has since been found wanting, was arrested last night, notwithstanding his disguise as a sailor, and his making a hard effort to escape after being detected.

The ladies belonging to Dr. Barne's congregation have presented him with a purse of $200, accompanied by a flattering address.

The laying down of the Nicholson pavement in King-st. has begun.

Whiskey Mason was brought up before the Police Magistrate to-day for the stabbing of Nichol; case remanded till to-morrow.

About two-thirds of the candidates at Osgoode Hall to-day were plucked.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 18.—Reverdy Johnson has written a note to the authorities of Southampton, declining the proposed banquet on his behalf. He took that occasion to express his gratification at the extinction of the late apprehensions of any unfriendly relations between Great Britain and the United States. He had been assured that the people of other countries would regard a war as the direst calamity.

The *Standard*, in an article on the *Alabama* claims treaty, says the idea of awaiting further expressions from Parliament and Congress, commits the business to an indefinite postponement. England's sentiments have been clearly pronounced. She is still prepared to submit to a proper tribunal the question of wrongs and damages, but any attempt to re-open the controversy on preposterous grounds, whatever the American sentiments may be, is absurd. From this position England cannot recede.

DUBLIN, May 18.—The Archbishop of Cashel, Rev. Dr. Patk. Leahy, in a pastoral letter refers to the recent outrages committed in the South of Ireland. He considers it lamentable that the acts of a few desperadoes should tarnish the fame of Tipperary, and emphatically denies the existence of any conspiracy. The outrages, he says, were the result of the unhappy relations existing between the landlord and tenant, and a settlement of the land question in Ireland would be sure to diminish the number of such unfortunate occurrences. The pastoral bids dissatisfied tenants to look for hope to the Imperial Legislature, and points out the danger of estranging and disgusting England by the commission of such outrages as have recently been perpetrated.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

MILLINERY.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere 1041a

HATS

THAT R

HATS,

At DEVLIN'S.

Ottawa, May 14. 1049a

I.P.B.S.

THE IRISH PROTESTANT

BENEVOLENT SOCIETY

will meet at their rooms

To-day, (Wednesday), the 19th instant,

at 1 o'clock, p.m.,

to attend the funeral of the late Mayor, H. J. FRIEL, Esq.

By order,

THOMAS SPROULE,
Rec. Secretary.

1043.1

PROCLAMATION.

In accordance with a resolution of

THE CITY COUNCIL,

PASSED THIS DAY,

THE CITIZENS OF OTTAWA

are hereby respectfully requested to

CLOSE THEIR PLACES OF BUSINESS

ON

WEDNESDAY, the 19th INSTANT,

between the hours of

TWO AND FIVE O'CLOCK IN THE

AFTERNOON,

as a mark of respect to the memory of

HENRY JAMES FRIEL, Esq.,

Late Mayor of the City of Ottawa.

JOHN ROCHESTER,
Chairman.

Ottawa, May 17th, 1869. 1052-2

THE MEMBERS

Of the ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY of Ottawa are respectfully requested to meet at the COURT HOUSE on WEDNESDAY NEXT, at ONE o'clock p.m., for the purpose of attending the FUNERAL of the late HENRY JAMES FRIEL, Esq., late Mayor of this city, which will take place from his late residence, on King-st., at TWO o'clock, p.m.

J. P. ROBERTSON, Secretary. J. FRASER, President.

Ottawa, May 18, 1869. 1052-2

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

The members of the above Corporation are hereby requested to assemble at SALMON'S HOTEL, York-st., on WEDNESDAY (to-morrow) at ONE o'clock p.m., for the purpose of testifying their respect to the memory of H. J. FRIEL, Esq., late Mayor of this city, by joining in the Funeral Procession.

Members to wear their badges draped in crape.

By order.

W. MILLS,
Secretary.

Ottawa, May 18. 1052-2

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

GREAT

AUCTION SALE OF HAY, Continued,

The subscriber has received instructions to offer for sale, at the RAILWAY STATION, to-day, at TEN o'clock, the remaining portion of

60 TONS OF PRESSED TIMOTHY HAY.

A portion of this quantity has been injured by exposure to rain, but bundles will be opened on the ground to shew that the damage does not extend beyond the outside. The balance is of excellent quality, quite equal to what is now bringing $30 per ton.

The bales are bound with wire, and no wood is inserted to make up weight.

The whole will be sold by the ton or bundle as purchasers may desire.

TERMS—Cash.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 19, 1869. 1053-1

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

Terms of subscription for 1 year.....$3 00
6 months.....1 50
3 do 1 00
1 do 0 40

The latest novels, British and American Periodicals always on hand. Books bought, sold and exchanged, at

HAUSER'S, Sparks-st.

GRAND SACRED CONCERT

AT THE

SKATING RINK,

ON

WEDNESDAY, 19th MAY, INST.,

To commence at 8 p.m.

The Orchestra will consist of over ONE HUNDRED PERFORMERS, including the

FULL BAND of the RIFLE BRIGADE,

The Choir of the Wesleyan Church,

and the most talented and popular of our city amateurs.

CONDUCTOR:

MR. MILLER RIFLE BRIGADE.

ORGANIST:

CHEVALIER GUSTAVE SMITH.

PROGRAMME.

PART FIRST.

Organ Voluntary—Chevalier Gustave Smith.....Smith.
Overture—Rifle Brigade Band, full Orchestra.....Adam.
Chorus—"Glory in the highest Glory." 2nd Mass.....Haydn.
Duett and Chorus—Mrs. MacGillivray and Miss Calder—"Hear my Prayer".....Kent.
Air—Mr. Sinclair—"Lord remember David." Oratorio Redemption.....Handel.
Air—Miss Smith—"O rest in the Lord." Oratorio Elijah.....Mendelssohn.
Sacred Song—Miss A. Jenkins—"Ruth and Naomi".....Topliff.
Instrumental Trio—Rifle Brigade Band—"On Thee each living soul awaits." Oratorio Creation.....Haydn.
Air and Chorus—Mrs. MacGillivray—"The Marvlous Work." Oratorio Creation.....Haydn.
Sacred Song—Mr. Orme—"Restore to me the joy of Thy Salvation.....Miller.
Chorus and Quartett—Miss A. Jenkins, Miss Holmes, Mr. Hill and Mr. P. Pennock, Jr.—"Thine O Lord is the Greatness".....Dalglish.

An Interval of Ten Minutes.

PART SECOND.

Overture—Rifle Brigade Band, full Orchestra—"Invocation".....Lamotte.
Organ and Flute—Chevalier Gustave Smith and Mr. Steckell—"Cujus Animam." Oratorio Stabat Mater.....Rossini.
Solo and Chorus—Miss Orme—"O be joyful in the Lord." 12th Mass...Mozart.
Air—Mrs. Gelinas—"With verdure clad." Oratorio Creation.....Haydn.
Duett and Chorus—Miss A. Jenkins and Mr. P. Pennock, Jr.—"By Thee with Bliss." Oratorio Creation.....Haydn.
Sacred Song—Mrs. Harrison—"Angels Serenade".....Braga.
Stradella's Prayer—Miss Aumond—"Pity, O Saviour".....Stradella.
Piano Solo—Chevalier Gustave Smith..Smith.
Trio—Mrs. O'Connor, Miss Aumond, and Mr. T. Aumond—"Ave Maria Stella".....Donizetti.
Chorus and Quartett—Mrs. MacGillivray, Miss Calder, Mr. Hill, and Mr. Boyd—"The earth is the Lord's".....Smith.

Tickets 50 cents, to be had at Orme's Music Store.

Doors open at 7:30. 1053-1

LECTURE

BY

REV. W. MORLEY PUNSHON, M.A.,

SUBJECT:

"MACAULAY,"

ON

24th May, 1869, (Queen's Birthday,)

AT THE

SKATING RINK, OTTAWA.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, p.m. Lecture to commence at 8.

Tickets—Single 75 cents; Double $1.25.

To be procured at the following places: Upper Town, Messrs. Skinner's and Jamieson's; Centre Town, Messrs. Hunton's, Pennock's, Dr. Brown's and Orme & Son; Lower Town, Messrs. Howell's and May's; New Edinburgh, Messrs. J. W. Proctor & Co. 1052td

OTTAWA

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

THE FIRST EXCURSION OF THE SEASON.

An excursion to MOUNT HUMBOLDT and WARWICKER'S LAKE, will take place on

MONDAY, the 24th INSTANT,

starting from the

Russell House at 8 o'clock, precisely.

Members of the Society, who with their friends desire to join the excursion, will have the goodness to send in their names by letter before FRIDAY to the Curator, DOCTOR VAN CORTLANDT, that conveyances may be provided.

By order,

W. WHITE,
Secretary.

Ottawa, May 18, 1869. 1053.2

CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER TUESDAY, MAY 18TH, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.	1.00 a.m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p.m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west, also with the steamers of the Royal Mail Line.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

WANTED,

An APPRENTICE for the Grocery business. Apply at this office.

May 18, 1869. 1053-3

SIMCOE OLD RYE.

(*Ritchie, Ford & Co.*)

Just received.

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047tf

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season.

Just received.

JAS. BUCHANAN'S,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

MARE FOR SALE

BY AUCTION.

The subscriber will sell by Public Auction

OUTSIDE THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

ON THURSDAY, 20TH INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock, a.m.,

A BEAUTIFUL CHESNUT MARE,

white stockings, over 15 hands high, and rising seven years—a splendid pacer in saddle or harness. She is the property of an officer who is going to England. She would not be sold under any other circumstances. Her

BRIDLE AND SADDLE,

English make, will be offered same time and place.

ALSO,

a five groove short Hay converted Snider-Enfield

BREECH LOADING RIFLE,

taking Government ammunition; sight 1,250 yards.

A SKIFF, 21 feet long by 6 in beam, nearly new, will be offered.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer.

A valuable, and splendid

PRAIRIE SETTER,

on hands, to be sold at private sale.

1051td J. B.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF CITY REAL ESTATE.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has received instructions from Mr. E. SPENCER to offer for sale by Public Auction, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 22nd MAY, INSTANT, at 12 o'clock, noon, that very valuable property on the south side of Slater-st., adjoining the workshop of Mr. Gallagher on the east, being Lot No. 54, and the east half of Lot No. 53 in a block, 99 x 152 feet, with lane 12 feet wide running along the west side of the lot the whole length thereof, and upon which is erected a two story Gravel House, plastered, resting on a stone foundation, and between the house and the street there is a stone foundation for a two tenement house, of which the house now erected is intended for kitchens. There are also on the premises a good well of water, woodshed, kitchen and stable, and an excellent garden, in which is a very fine strawberry bed, and the whole premises thoroughly drained, and altogether it is one of the most desirable properties in the market, and well worthy the attention of purchasers.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, May 18, 1869. 1052td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on

Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant,

at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Little's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, shed, cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

By John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers, Montreal.

TRADE SALE OF NEW CROP TEAS.

On THURSDAY, 20th instant, will be offered for account of Messrs. DAVID TORRANCE & Co., at their sample rooms, Exchange Court, by Catalogue about 5,000 packages NEW CROP CHINA GREEN TEAS ex *Elsa Rickmers*, &c., consisting of HYSON, YOUNG HYSON, GUNPOWDER, IMPERIAL and TWANKAY; also 4,511 packages NEW CROP NATURAL LEAF JAPAN TEAS ex *Union*.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
1049td Auctioneers.

By A. N. Sheppey, Auctioneer, Ogdensburg.

AUCTION.

Great Catalogue Sale of

PERSONAL PROPERTY

BELONGING TO

GEORGE PARISH, Esq.,

Of Ogdensburg, N. Y.

The undersigned will sell by auction, commencing at 9 a. m., WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1869, all the personal property in the Mansion, (corner Sate and Washington-streets), Ogdensburg, N.Y., of GEORGE PARISH, Esq., consisting of

RICH AND ELEGANT FURNITURE,

Carpets, Mirrors,

SILVER, CHINA AND GLASSWARE,

Curtains, Cornices, Statuary, Paintings,

HARNESS, CARRIAGES, &c., &c.

A great portion of this property was made to order in Europe, and in point of quality and elegance is superior to any on this continent.

For particulars see Catalogues.

Sale positive and without reserve:

TERMS CASH.

A. N. SHEPPEY,
Auctioneer.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., May 14, 1869. 1050td

AUCTION.

The great AUCTION SALE of personal property belonging to Geo. Parish Esq., of Ogdensburg, will commence

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19th, at ten o'clock a.m. and embraces all the Furniture, Glass Ware, China, &c.; including one set of splendid London, Harness and a magnificent London Carriage.

The house will be open for inspection one day, Tuesday, previous to sale.

Catalogues will be ready May 12th.

As I am instructed by Mr. Parish to sell all the property, this sale will be without reserve.

A. N. SHEPPEY,
Auctioneer, Ogdensburg.

1050td

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address

E. F. McAVAY & CO.,
Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

PARISIAN STEAM DYE WORKS,

M. HIRSHFIELD,

OFFICES—Nos. 374 and 258 Notre Dame-street,

MONTREAL.

OTTAWA AGENCY AT THE

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 Sparks-st.

Dresses of every description, Shawls, Curtains, etc., secured and cleaned, or dyed in all colors and shades. Gents' Garments renovated. Charges low. 1051d

WANTED,

A STOUT BOY TO CARRY OUT PARCELS.

Apply to

1052tf T. & W. HUNTON.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST

STOCK OF CARPETINGS

AND

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS

IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE

STOCK OF MILLINERY

IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE

STOCK OF MANTLES,

AT MODERATE PRICES,

IN EVERY STYLE,

At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Silk Velvets,

Velveteens and

Water-proof Cloakings

IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY

DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Satin and Lace,

Plain and Fancy Silk,

Dress Trimmings,

Buttons, Linings, &c.,

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Ribbons, Lace,

Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,

And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Broadcloths, Tweeds,

Coatings, Vestings, and

Tailors' Trimmings

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Sheetings,

Pillow Cottons,

Linens, Prints,

White and Grey Cottons

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF NEW GOODS

In all the Departments, is to be found at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

CARPETS!

CARPETS!

Per Steamer "Bellona," from London direct.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

WILL SHOW TO-DAY,

NEW BRUSSELS

AND

TAPESTRY CARPETS

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

ALSO,

HEARTH RUGS TO MATCH.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

Dry Goods.

PANIC! PANIC! PANIC

GREAT CHANC

SAFER THAN A LOTTERY

AS ALL ARE SURE TO GET A PRIZE

$30,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY for.....$12,000.

Owing to the late panic in Montreal, and the large number of Bankrupt Stocks that in consequence have been thrown on the market, we were enabled to purchase an assorted stock of

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,

amounting to $30,000, for the small sum of 7s on the pound, being lower than any stock we have yet purchased.

So now is the time for bargains. But you must hurry up as we intend selling them very low so as to clear them off quick. For instance here is something to please the eye and make the pocket feel good as it draws so little from it.

The stock consists of the following goods, viz:

DRESS GOODS!

One case plain Poplin, choice colours, for .....9d pr yd, worth 1s 3d
One case Silk Striped, do very new.....10½d do do 1s 6d
20 pieces Silk Striped, do very new.....1s do do 1s 9d
10 pieces Roselind, Shot Striped Lusters.....9d do do 1s 3d
15 pieces Yucatan Cloths...1s 3d do do 2s 6d

Also, 1 case assorted yard wide goods, in splendid colours, and of the latest styles, for 1s 10½d.

The same goods cannot be bought in any house in the city for less than 3s 6d.

Immense bargains in WHITE COTTONS, a first class White Cotton only 5d per yard.

80 dozen White Hose.....5d per pair
20 pieces Ticking .....only 9d, worth 1s 3d
50 dozen all Linen Towels, good .....for 3d each
60 do do do do 5d, worth 9d each
157 pairs Corsets.....for 2s per pair
100 White quilts.....at a great bargain
200 Coloured Quilts.....only 5s, worth 2s 6d
100 Silk and Wool Shirts for Boating.....7s 6d worth 12s 6d
400 pairs Gloves.....for 4d per pair
100 do Fine Silk Gloves...only 1s 3d, worth 2s 6d
Pocket Handkerchiefs.....1½d each
do do hemmed.....6d each
Also, 2 cases Prints, slightly damaged 3d to 4½d per yard

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

THE GREATEST SACRIFICE OF THE AGE IN CLOTHING.

Splendid all wool Suits warranted.....for $9
Good Suits.....for $4.50
Vests.....from 75c up
Pants.....50c, 75c and $1 per pair
And a magnificent Alpacca Coat.....only $1,25

AT

THE OCCIDENTAL EMPORIUM,

STEWART'S BLOCK, RIDEAU-ST.,

near Sappers' Bridge.

H. HICK & CO.

Publications.

THE

RED RIVER COUNTRY,

HUDSON'S BAY & NORTH-WEST

TERRITORIES,

considered in relation to Canada.

BY A. J. RUSSELL, C. E.,

and Inspector of Crown Timber Agencies, Canada, E. & W.

Followed by the last Report of S. J. DAWSON C.E., on the Route of Communication to Red River.

Illustrated by a Map.

The above work is now in press, and will be issued towards the end of this week.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Publisher.

Ottawa, 17th May, 1869. 1052-5

JONES & HOLLAND

Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously

Without the Use of a Press or Water.

Price from $2.00 to $4.50.

Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.

Call and see for yourselves.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE—Place the writing under the copying sheet, and rub with the fingers. That's all.

May 5, 1869.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,

HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.

City papers may be had at 6 a. m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald and London Illustrated News received.

A second edition of Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for May just received.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical Sketches.

Gardening for Profit.
Breck's New Book of Flowers.
Buist's Flower Garden Directory.
The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.

J. DURIE & SON,
Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned:

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to su the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,

THE BEST ASSORTED,

THE BEST ASSORTED,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,

THE BEST VALUE,

THE BEST VALUE,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,

THE NEWEST STYLES,

THE NEWEST STYLES,

At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

DOOR MATS,

DAMASKS, REPPS,

PEKINADES, CHINTZES,

LACES, CORNICES,

COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING

BOOKBINDING,

&c., &c., &c.

To be had at

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

PRINTING,

AND

STATIONERY STORE,

21 *Rideau-st.*,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, lar me
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to mat
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultra rine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and L Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—

Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—

Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES

Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.

Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal an Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—

Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—

Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—

Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,

Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'

Office Requisites supplied on reasonab terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES

Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Boo Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice an on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

General Geography, with 39 coloured map price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,

Authorized by the Council of Public Instructio for Ontario. The prices are

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongl bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly boun in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES.

The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,

At "The Ottawa Citizen"

Stationery and Printing House,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE

21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 19, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
[Whe]at—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
Pork—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
Hay—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
Hides—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Losenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Losenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*

We would call the especial attention of the

LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for..................$1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO., late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to

JOHN COOK, Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX, Plantagenet Mills, Ontario.

1043tf

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to

ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,
AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to

R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to

S. CHRISTIE, Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO LET—FURNISHED.—A spacious DOUBLE HOUSE in Daly-st., with good stables and yard.

Apply to

S. SKINNER, Senate Buildings.

1028d

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,

1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

That Splendid

STONE BUILDING,

situated in the very centre of the

VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM,

formerly known as the "Commercial Hotel," now as the

"ONTARIO HOUSE,"

combining all the advantages of a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

including Planked Yard, Force Pump and Hose, Kitchen do., Driving Sheds, &c., &c.

Terms easy and liberal, on application to either of the undersigned.

J. JAMIESON, Barrister, Almonte.

Messrs BROWNE & SCOTT, Pakenham.

JNO. McADAM.

Pakenham, February 5, 1869. 966-3m

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TO LUMBERERS.

QUEBEC, 1st March, 1869.

We would inform you that we have resumed possession of the premises occupied by us from 1844 to 1860 and well known as

UNION COVE.

We respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. As the Cove is very extensive, we can assure you that ample accommodation will be given, and advances made on LUMBER on the most reasonable terms.

We are,
Your obdt. servants,

1060-2m M. STEVENSON & CO.

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

From 15th June, the HOUSE occupied by CAPTAIN SCOTT, on Daly-st., Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, May 14. 1049tf

HOUSE TO LET

On Richmond Road, of six rooms. Apply to J. McGAW, Cave Creek Hotel. 1049a

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD, Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

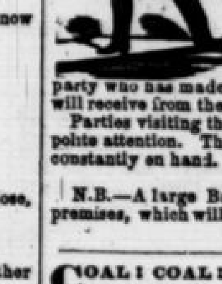
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in [Otta]wa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

COAL! COAL!

NEWCASTLE GRATE,

LACKAWANNA (Screened.)

LEHIGH (Egg and Stove Sizes.)

(Lump and Egg Sizes.)

BLACKSMITH'S, $6 per Chaldron.

For Sale by

D. W. COWARD & CO., Commission Merchants, Office—17 Sparks-st.

912-3m

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.

FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.

GRASS and CLOVER SEED.

WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

A beautiful and varied assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,

BATHS, of all kinds,

TOILET SETTS,

Plain and Ornamented,

REFRIGERATORS!

REFRIGERATORS

McKelvy's Patent.

We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!

Best patterns in use.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st.,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c. &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra		$6.50
" Extra Superfine		6.00
" Fancy		
" Superfine No. 1		5.25
" Superfine o.		4.75
OATMEAL		7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES		2.50
100,000 No. 1	"	2.25
80,000 No. 2	"	1.50
80,000 Fancy	"	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered		4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO., Little Sussex-st., Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,* House, Land and General Agent.

75.y

Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

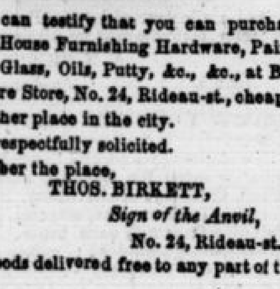
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st. Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Remember the place,

THOS. BIRKETT, *Sign of the Anvil,* No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

IMPERIAL HOUSE.—The subscriber begs to announce to his friends and the public that he will, on MONDAY, 12th April, open a first-class house on Wellington-st., near Bank-st., where he trusts to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, where they will find everything re-painted, papered and furnished anew. The choicest brands of liquors and cigars always on hand.

L. E. GOULIN.

Ottawa, April 9. 1020d

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce, that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

959y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand:

J. COPELAND, Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55.y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

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Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

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Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at R. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,

868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS, GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,

AND

DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
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Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES

are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

TIN SPICE BOXES,

A novelty,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS of all kinds made and repaired at

ESMONDE'S.

Railroads.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4:00 p m and 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 8:45 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 2 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ....

Night do do do do ....

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ....

Trains for Lachine at ....8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ....

Express for Boston at ....

Express for New York and Boston at .... via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ....

Express for Island Pond, at 2:00

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ....

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p.m., for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT

REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS,

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the Discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD,
1043,20d 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the superiority of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

PANCREATINE FOR INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES

is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion."
Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—*Prof.* BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

PLANTS FOR SALE.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public that he has on hand and for sale TOMATOES, EARLY and LATE CABBAGE PLANTS, CAULIFLOWERS, MELONS, CUCUMBERS in variety, and all the different plants suitable for a garden.

J. H. DWYRE,
1050a Corner of Slater and O'Connor-sts.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 35, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director ALEX ROBERTSON, Editor.

Marriage Lice[nses.]

A GAR YEILDING,
Agent for MARRIAGE LICENC[ES] of Ottawa, by commission from H[is Excellency] the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, R[ideau-st.]
Ottawa, April 9, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

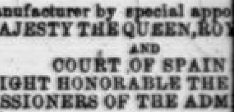
THE MEDICAL [HALL,]

28 Sparks-st., Ottaw[a]

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English La[vender,]
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles
Improved Perfumed D[...]
&c.,

A complete stock just received of T[...] Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemical[s,] Druggists' Sundries of a[ll kinds,]
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispens[ing Chemist.]



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHO[LSTERER]

AND

UNDERTAK[ER.]

FURNITUR[E]

of every description, made to orde[r,] and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing [draw]ings for any kind of wood work [will have them] correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FU[RNITURE.]

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice [in town or] country.

METALLIC AND OTHER [COFFINS]

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGG[ONS]

for the removal of household furnit[ure, and] waggons for lumber and other hea[vy goods.]

N.B.—Residence at the west end [of Sparks-]st., opposite the market.

WATCHE[S.]

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOO[L,]

Manufacturer by special appo[intment to] HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROY[AL FAMILY]

AND

COURT OF SPAIN

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE [LORDS COM]MISSIONERS OF THE ADM[IRALTY]

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTO[RIA'S] NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great Interna[tional Exhibi]tion of London, 1862, and of t[he Uni]versal Exhibition of Paris[.]

WE HEREBY APPOINT
Mr. JOHN LESLIE, [...]
Agent for Ottawa [...]
For the sale of these *celebrated Tim[ekeepers.]*
H. & A. SAUNDER[S.]

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Do[minion for the] sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the [election of Re]presentatives in the Council of [the College of] Physicians and Surgeons of Ontari[o, for the] Territorial Divisions constituted b[y] 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) [will be held on] TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE [...]

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "[...] which will be sent from this office, [to every regis]tered practitioner on the 20th day [...]

These voting papers must be fil[led up according] to instructions which will accompa[ny them, and] transmitted to the Returning Office[r of the Division] in which the voter resides and vot[es.]

The voting papers will be ope[ned by the Re]turning Officers of the several Terr[itorial Divisions,] at two o'clock, p.m., on the day a[...] the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division	[...]
Malahide and Tecumseth	do
Saugeen and Brock	do
Gore and Thames	do
Erie and Niagara	do
Burlington and Home	do
Midland and York	do
King's and Queen's	do
Newcastle and Trent	do
Quinte and Cataraqui	do
Bathurst and Rideau	do
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do

The names of the Returning Offi[cers will be fur]nished on a printed envelope to be[...] registered practitioner.

H. STRA[...]
Regi[strar.]

Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state th[at he has]

OPENED AN OFF[ICE]

OVER A. McCORMICK['S]

SPARKS-STREE[T,]

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZ[ETTE]

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR [...]

may be sent, and will be punctua[lly attended to] as usual, arrangements having be[en made to pre]vent any interruption to the busin[ess.]

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for [the support] tendered him on all sides, and h[...] patrons and friends in his new of[fice.]

GEORGE E. [DESBARATS.]

Ottawa, January 21, 1869.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERC[HANTS,]

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatm[eal,]

OTTAWA,

End of L[...]

Cash advanced on goods cons[igned for imme]diate sale. Prompt returns in al[l cases.]

W. H. EASTON. 2tf

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND [EVENING]

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at [...] HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per [copy.]

Ottawa, April 26.

TIGHT BINDING.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1054. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,

Rimmel's New Perfumes,

Cambridge Bouquet,

Oxford Bouquet,

English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,

Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,

Improved Perfumed Distributors,

&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,

Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,

Family and Dispensing Chemist.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

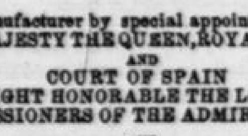
METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.



WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,

Sparks-street,

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,

Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 31, Cap. 45, *(Statutes of Ontario)* will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

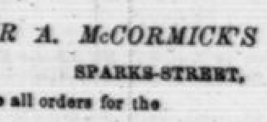
The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,

Registrar of Council.

Medical Registration Office,

Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d



NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.

We would call the especial attention of the

LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for..................$1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO.,

late F G & C A Crosby,

Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES

are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

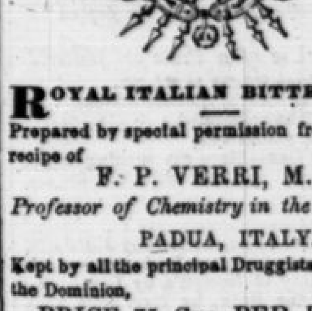
Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON,

105 King-st. West, Toronto, and 37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of

PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

---

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT,...................DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.,

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

QUEBEC REFERENCES.

Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.

James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.

Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.

Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.

Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Tailoring.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian

TWEEDS,

may now be seen at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.

Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.

A. GRAHAM & CO.,

Commercial Warehouse,

No. 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

T. LAWRENCE

Having opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.

From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

---

GENTLEMEN

Leaving their orders at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

Can get well suited in Garments.

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

N. ROBERTSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

COATS, PANTS and VESTS

May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

FOR CASH ONLY.

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUO[illegible] rice according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,

PRESERVED OYSTERS do

FRESH HALIBUT do

FRESH SALMON do

FRESH MACKEREL d[o]

FRESH LOBSTERS

GREEN PEAS do

LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,

Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,

FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,

MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,

MORTON'S Bloater Paste,

TOMATO and other Catsups

ANCHOVY Paste,

STRASBURGH Meats,

POTTED Beef and Tongues

PRESERVES and Jelli[es in] great variety,

ORANGE Marmalade,

MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s

Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,

PICKLED Mackerel,

PICKLED HERRINGS,

In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,

DRY Codfish,

DRY Haddock,

FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention o[f] Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also.

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To gether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.

A call [respectfully] solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.

Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6. 1015tf

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

34 *SUSSEX-ST.*

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

WANTED.

A second-hand SKIFF in good order. Apply at the TIMES Office. 1051tf

---

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,

READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.

O'MEARA & CO.,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844,

Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city

$1.25 BLANKETS $6.00.... $3.00

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.

$2..........................GREY ETOFFE PANTS,

$4.50............GOOD PEA JACKETS.

$4............................OVERCOATS,

$9............................COMPLETE SUITS

$1............................GOOD VESTS,

75 CTS. $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,

75 CTS., $1 and $1.25..........DRAWERS

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

OPENED OUT

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,

A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,

A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,

A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,

A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS

IN NEW MATERIALS,

A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,

A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,

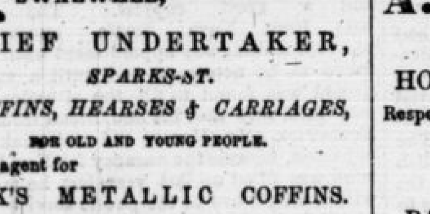
TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 Rideau-st,

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.



A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

HOUSEKEEPERS,

BUY YOUR

STOVES AND KITCHEN

FURNISHINGS

AT

ESMONDE'S,

the cheapest place in the city. All sorts of tinwork manufactured to order.

A few second hand COOKING STOVES for sale.

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address

E. F. McAVAY & CO.,

Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,

Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

PARISIAN STEAM DYE WORKS,

M. HIRSHFIELD.

OFFICES—Nos. 374 and 258 Notre Dame-street,

MONTREAL.

OTTAWA AGENCY AT THE

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 Sparks-st.

Dresses of every description, Shawls, Curtains, etc., scoured and cleaned, or dyed in all colors and shades. Gents' Garments renovated. Charges low. 1051d

---

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,

Very cheap, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,

Nature's Crown.

You Must Cultivate it

GRAY HAIR

Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING

Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

For the effect produced by Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs the inventor is permitted to refer to the Medical Gentlemen in St. John, N. B., whose signatures are attached hereto:

WILLIAM BAYARD, M.D.

EDWIN BAYARD, M.D.

THOMAS WALKER, M.D.

JOHN BERRYMAN, M.D., ED.

DR. JOHNSTON, L.R.C.S., ED.

GEORGE KEATOR, M.D.

W. H. HARDING, M.R.C.S.

JOHN BAXTER, M.D.

J. D. WHITE, M. D.

T. W. CARRITT, M.D.

I, Aaron Alward, Mayor of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, having examined the letters of Drs. Earle, Addy, Clay, Jacobs and Chandler, and also the signatures attached to the foregoing permit of reference, hereby certify that I believe them all genuine.

I can also testify to the high therapeutical value of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs, and consider it deserving of attention by the profession generally.

(Great Seal.) In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Seal of Mayoralty at the city of St. John, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

AARON ALWARD, M.D.,

1049b21b Mayor of the City of St. John.

AGENTS—FRANCIS CUNDILL & CO., 32 Lemoine-st., Montreal.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Losenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Losenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale[rs] every where. 578y

---

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

---

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a

FEW DAYS

OPEN A FIRST-CLASS

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the

FIRST FLOOR

OF THE

MASONIC HALL BLOCK,

ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK

In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a mortgage made by MICHAEL O'BRIEN, of the township of Fitzroy, in the county of Carleton, yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Esquire, now deceased, to which mortgage JANE O'BRIEN, the wife of the said Michael O'Brien, was made a party, for the purpose of barring dower only, of Lot number Sixteen, in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. SCOTT & ROSS, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of MAY, 1869, at TWELVE o'clock noon.

Margaret Mallech, the devisee named in the last will and testament of the said Edward Malloch, Esquire, deceased, will only covenant that she has done no act to incumber.

The purchaser will accept the title as it stood at the execution of the mortgage.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

1049td W. A. ROSS, Vendor's Solicitor.

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays fo Sunday's use, for $6 00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,

1043d 124 Rideau-st.

EMIGRATION.

From the London (Eng.) Standard May, 5th.

The working classes are moving, as well they may, when England has a million paupers, and when London, the great centre of wealth and industry, shows nearly 2000 more paupers than it did twelve months ago. The movement is not that of an insurrection, it is simply a departure. It does not necessarily imply disaffection, nor even so much as discontent. But whatever may be the precise feeling entertained by those who leave us, it is evident that men, women and children, are quitting our shores by hundreds and by thousands. More than 9000 English people emigrated from the port of Liverpool in the month that has just expired. Of these more than 7000 were bound for the United States, and only about 2000 for Canada. Of foreigners, proceeding by way of Liverpool, 9000 were for the United States, and rather less than 3000 for Canada. Of the Irish, the United States took 4500, and Canada only 170. In the case of the Scotch the disproportion was excessive, for the United States had 748, and Canada only one! The 39 ships included in these returns conveyed 21,556 emigrants to the States, and 4985 to the Dominion. It was lately stated on the authority of Mr. Dixon, the agent in this country for the Canadian Government, that Canada was prepared to give employment to more than 40,000 persons in addition to those already constituting her working population. Since that statement was made a gentleman has arrived in this country in the capacity of special Emigration Commissioner from the Provincial Government of Ontario. This Commissioner, Mr. White, asserts not only that Mr. Dixon's calculation is within the mark, but probably the Province of Ontario alone could absorb the whole number, and certainly a very large proportion could be provided for in that part of the Dominion. The Local Legislature has just voted £2000 for emigration purposes. The Hon. John Carling, Minister of Agriculture and Public Works, has issued circulars to all the municipalities in the Province, asking for precise information as to the number and class of persons who could obtain employment in their several jurisdictions. The result of these statistical inquiries will shortly be known, and will serve to throw further light on this important question. The practical value of this information, will partly consist in enabling the authorities at Toronto to draft off the emigrants as they arrive, directing the different work people to the precise places where they are required. The grant from the local exchequer we may presume will materially assist in conveying the people to their ultimate destination. So much for the arrangements in Ontario alone.

Taking the example of one Province out of the four into which Canada is at present divided, we see that the Dominion has room for labourers, and is anxious to get them. This is not merely a demand for men, but also for women, Mr. Dixon's estimate including 8000 female servants of different kinds. As this estimate makes no account of any but the bread-winners, we see how large a population is thereby represented. Thirty-three thousand men must be accompanied by a considerable number of women and children. Hence there is a marvellous outlet for the unemployed of this country; and when we speak of unemployed, we must think of those who are only partially employed, having to live for two or three weeks or more on the wages of one. Beyond all doubt there is a part of the world where work can be had and wages earned, with every prospect of laying up sufficient to meet the exigencies of sickness and old age. The cure and preventive of pauperism is thus before us. But the Government of the day leaves the question to solve itself. Mr. Goschen is impatiently anxious to reduce the mountain of pauperism which rises up continually before him. He is ready to scold the guardians and to reconstruct the poor-law map of the metropolis. But the brobalem resolves itself into a simple matter of so much passage money. For a certain sum per head the people who are rendered paupers against their will may be transformed into prosperous laborers and operatives, earning their bread on the western side of the Atlantic, instead of eating bread without earning it on the eastern side. Paupers, in the degraded sense of the term, the colonies will refuse to receive; but poor people selected by their own agents, they will doubtless be ready to accept. We hope Mr Goschen will ere long turn the opportunity to account.

We must again press upon our statesmen the political significance of the present movement. Unassisted emigration flows towards the United States rather than towards Canada. Erroneous ideas as to the relative value of labour in the two markets may have much to do with this. To the mass of our working population a dollar is a dollar, whether it be in the States or the Dominion. But the "almighty dollar" in the United States is becoming what we might call "mighty small." A Canadian dollar is 4s. 2d. of British currency, but a States dollar—unless "gold" be specified—is only three shillings or less. The expense of living is also excessively high in the States. The cost of wearing apparel in the Union is so much greater than in Canada that a man may enjoy a pleasure trip from the States to the Dominion out of the saving effected by buying his clothes in the latter country. Meat is especially cheap in Canada, and there can be no doubt that, taking all the items of a workingman's outlay, Canada is much the more economical country of the two. Why, then, do the English working classes go to the United States? Or—what is more to the purpose—why do we tacitly encourage them to go? They had better start off to the States than starve here; but it is not necessary that they should denationalise themselves in order to escape penury. Nor is it to the interest of this country that they should do so. We are adding Rupert's Land to the Dominion of Canada. But of what value is this enormous territory—large enough for an empire—so long as it has only 14,000 inhabitants. Here runs the Fertile Belt, and here a scientific traveller saw in one place the *carcases* of 40,000 buffaloes which had been driven over a precipice by the Indians in sport. It needs a population to convert thise wasteful plenty into wealth. But that which has been before intimated in these columns is now coming to pass. Working men are selling their furniture, scraping together their money and paying their passage—not to Canada, but to the States. Our Emigration Commissioners, who ought to be giving information, are giving none. They are very useful in seeing to the provisions of the Passenger Act; but something more than this is required. If things go on in their present course the day may come when British statesmen will deeply lament that want of foresight which allows the bone and muscle of the country to degenerate at home, or else to go away and strenghthen the power of another nation. The movement to which we refer is not likely to be transient. Those who go will draw others after them. Happily there are thousands who would gladly go to Canada; but these are mostly those who cannot go of themselves, or at most cannot bear the entire cost. The *Serapis* has just sailed with 776 souls, discharged Government workmen and their families. In aiding these and the party previously sent by the *Crocodile*, the British and Colonial Emigration Society has exhausted its funds. A little help now will carry out many, and of all forms of charity that of contributing to assist emigration appears the least open to abuse. The selection committee in East London has on its list at the present time 430 individuals desirous of emigrating, and who are prepared to contribute 650*l.* towards the cost. From these a selection has been made of 185 who are ready to contribute 434*l.* The scant number sent out by the *Crocodile* and *Serapis* are no index to the real feeling of the working classes. In Woolwich there are multitudes longing to emigrate, and besieging the committee with there requests. It is, therefore, much to be hoped that the bounty of the public will again fill up the exchequer of the society, which meets under the presidency of the Lord Mayor. The Canadian authorities are now co-operating with us; and, as a matter of policy, we need to pour our English population into British North America as fast as we can. Unless we drift in this direction those that are poor, some that are not so poor will draft themselves off to a quarter where they will cease to be subjects of Queen Victoria. They may still be our friends; but they will no longer be identified with the authority and *prestige* of the British empire. And, strange to say, on the other hand, foreigners are pressing into Canada faster then our own people.

CUBAN REVOLTS.

Some Interesting Reminiscences.

There have been, since 1820, no less than five organized efforts on the part of the Cubans to throw of the power of Spain. The first took place in 1823, and was encouraged by Simon Bolivar, the Liberator. The insurrection was quite short, and quickly suppressed. In 1826, another revolt, also of short duration, was headed by Francisco Agnero and his brother. This time the insurrection broke out at Bayamo, the place where Cespedes, the leader of the present insurrection issued his able proclamation. Again, in 1828, another and more formidable revolt took place, which, though giving considerable trouble, was suppressed. This was the one known by the designation of *El Aquila Negra.* No other insurrection of any importance occtuerd until 1848, at which time one arose and continued some time in the provinces of Trinidad and Cienfuegos. Of the revolt Gen. Narciso Lopez was the leader. After severe fighting, and a good deal of garroting, this was suppressed, Lopez being obliged to fly to the United States. Here he organized the expedition which, in 1820, landed upon the island and captured Cardenas. The garrison surrendered, and the Governor was taken. The natives failing to rise, Lopez was obliged to retreat, and abandon the advantages he had gained. Not discouraged, Lopez planned another expedition, which landed in Cuba, near Las Plates, August 12, 1851. After several successful engagements, he was forced to retreat, on account of the small number of his army, and being separated from the other division of the insurgent army. On the 18th of August, six days after he landed, the brave Lopez surrendered, and on the first September suffered death by the garrotte. Some may suppose that this persistent spirit of insubordination springs from mere lawlessness.

But we shall find, *prima facie*, much to excuse it in the mere statement of the nature of the powers of the Captain-General. The following statement of those powers shows that one provocation of revolt, in the person of an absolute tyrant, has always been before the eyes of the Cubans:—"The power of the Captain-General is absolute; he is, in fact (if I may be allowed to coin the word) a sub-king. He has the power of life and death entirely under his control; he can send into exile, no matter what may be the position of the individual; the laws are only in existence so long as they mee his approval; he has no superiors in Spain but his reigning sovereign; his term of office is uncertain, and his object is to make all the money he can by the legal taxes, and he generally finishes off by some extortion, to which, from the despotic mode of government, the people have to submit. The Cubans being thus governed only to the advantage of the Captain-General, their own interest being entirely neglected, have for many years been dissatisfied, and only held in awe by the superior numbers of troops that are constantly patroling the island.

—Speaking of the late visit of the Prince and Princess of Wales to the Sultan of Turkey, the *Court Journal* says: —The Sultan offered his arm to the Princess—really did offer his arm to the Princess of Wales, on the visit of the Prince and Princess of Wales to his Majesty. This is a tremendous fact, it appears, for a Continental writer makes this much of it:—"Since the foundation of the Ottoman Empire such an enormity has never been perpetrated as that the Commander of the faithful should touch a Christian Prince." And the writer adds—"I certainly can testify that at the ceremony of the distribution of prizes at the Palais d'Industrie, during the Great Exhibition, when the Empress, looking more beautiful than usual, in white satin and diamonds, descended from the dais to walk round the hall, the Sultan, though next to her abstained from offering her his arm, and, to her evident surprise, took the Prince Imperial by the hand. Their Royal Highnesses' visit has been the cause of

another frightful breach of decorum. After the dinner given by the Sultan to the Prince and Princess, the Sultan drank Queen Victoria's health, raising a glass of champagne to his lips. 'Tis true he did not drink the liquor of the infidel; still there is no telling where such scandalous derelictions of duty may lead."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mortgage Sale—Mosgrove & Taillon.
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The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

The proceedings in Parliament yesterday were not of a very important character. The Senate advanced a few Bills a stage in the afternoon.

In the Commons the business in the hands of private members engaged attention, and the vexed question of jurisdiction between the General and the Local Governments was raised upon more than one subject. The House adjourned at half-past ten o'clock.

The Hon. Mr. Carter and the other delegates from Newfoundland are expected here on Friday.

It is expected that the negotiations for the admission of Newfoundland into the Union will be completed in time to permit of the arrangement being submitted to the judgment of Parliament before the end of next week.

Next week the Nova Scotia arrangement, and the settlement with the Hudson's Bay Company, will be brought up for consideration in the House of Commons. Though both important questions, there is so much unanimity of feeling regarding them that a lengthy debate on either is hardly likely to take place. In so far at least as the sanctioning of both is concerned, there can be no hesitation on the part of members.

The funeral of the late Mr. Friel, yesterday, was, perhaps, one of the most imposing and solemn spectacles that ever took place in Ottawa. The citizens shewed every mark of respect to him who had ever been zealous in their interest; and the members of the Legislature paid a kindly regard to the memory of the late Mayor by the exceptional act of adjourning both Houses, and still more by attending the funeral in such large numbers, there having been upwards of a hundred and twenty members of the two Branches of the Legislature in the funeral procession. To the family, and to the immediate personal friends of the late Mr. Friel this must have been as gratifying, as it was honourable, to the citizens, and to the gentlemen who, representing distant constituencies, shewed their respect for the deceased, and their sympathy with the people of Ottawa.

Another thought might have arisen to all who value peace and harmony, and yet remember the experiences of not long by-gone days. Differences in religion and nationality were utterly sunk in the common duty of paying respect to the memory of the deceased; or if not utterly sunk, it seemed as if those who had differed from him in both, during life, were the most ready to do him the homage due to virtue and manhood in the dread hour of death.

We may very appropriately reproduce here the following appreciative notice of Mr. Friel's death, from the Ottawa editorial correspondence of the Montreal *Gazette*, not only as proof that his efforts on behalf of this city have been fully recognised, but also to show that the sentiment of Ottawa has been correctly interpreted by those whose good opinion it has been anxious to deserve:

"Ottawa is in mourning to-day not without a cause. Its chief magistrate is dead; but not only as chief magistrate is he mourned. Mr. Friel was one much beloved and respected for his private worth. As a journalist for many years he had won a position of some importance in local political circles. He has been constantly busied about municipal affairs since the first municipal organization in Ottawa and has thrice been elected to the mayoralty. His last illness was in part, I fear, attributable to over-exertion in the duties of his office. He was striving beyond his strength to overcome the prejudices entertained against Ottawa and to make it a place of pleasant sojourn for members and others compelled to stay for a time at the seat of Government. A deeply attached member of the Roman Catholic Church, he was devoid of the bigotry which repels men of other creeds. With a steadfast love of the land of his forefathers, he coupled a hearty zeal for the peace and support of the institutions of this, wherein he was born. He has died universally regretted, in his forty-sixth year."

We are glad to learn that there is at length a movement on foot to take some practical steps towards promoting the Canada Central Railway enterprise. It is in contemplation to call a public meeting at an early day, for the purpose of discussing its claims to the active support of all who are interested in the prosperity and progress of this portion of the country; and for once, we trust our citizens may imitate the enterprise and public spirit of the Western cities. Our readers may remember the extract we made from one of Mr. Keefer's letters, some time since published in the Montreal *Gazette*, setting forth the value of this railway as a link in the great chain which, if the Dominion is true to itself, must yet be built across the continent; and the time has now come when the people of the Ottawa Valley should undertake the task of setting forth its merits in this national view, as well as the other no less obvious duty of practically showing their appreciation of the advantages it will confer upon them.

Already have the people of Toronto launched a magnificent project for the establishment of communication by railway and water from Fort William to Fort Garry, and the influential citizens of the Western Metropolis will, no doubt, support it with that energy which finally commands success for every well planned and properly directed project. And what is Ottawa doing? No one can doubt the wisdom of the *planning* of the Canada Central. Whether as a merely Provincial enterprise within our old territorial limits, or as a link in the chain of trans-continental communication, it stands unexceptionable and unrivalled; opening up the very heart of our country, and guiding the stream of commerce within purely Canadian channels. As a British American work, calculated to serve the interests of all the Provinces, its position stands unquestioned. We trust, therefore, that the citizens of Ottawa will be prepared without delay to show their appreciation of an enterprise which has an especial claim on their consideration.

Nothing can be clearer than that a complicated form of Government, administered under charter from a superior power, and comprising two distinct legislative bodies, co-ordinate in the source of their authority, but holding superior and inferior jurisdiction, must give rise to conflicts of opinion regarding the point where the one should begin or the other end. It is in the very nature of things that issues should arise under such a system, upon which men, honestly desirous of fulfilling the spirit and intention of the charter, might hold contrary opinions; and hence the wisdom of the Union Act, in providing a curt solution of every knotty point by the exercise of the Royal prerogative, through the advice of the responsible ministers of the General Government. No question of "state rights" can possibly arise under our constitution for the reason that it is expressly provided that the very things which the Local Governments may constitutionally enact, may also be constitutionally disallowed by the Governor-General. This being the case, it is quite clear that any doubtful or undue assertion of authority on the part of the Local Governments can be checkmated in the same way.

But as it is desirable that no feeling of hostility should be provoked between the Government of Canada and the Provincial Legislatures, there is much apparent justice in the request, so often expressed, that there ought to be at once a clearer and sharper definition of their respective rights.

The justice of this request is only apparent, however. It has neither logical nor constitutional foundation. It fails in the former, because no cast-iron rule, however perfect as the product of the best wisdom of to-day, can meet the unforeseen exigencies of a few years, or a few generations, hence. And it fails in the latter, most lamentably, because the very genius of the British Constitution, and the express provisions of our own, constitute the Parliament, or Legislature, for the time being, the living interpreter of its meaning. The advocates of sharp drawn lines would virtually tie us down to a slavish obedience to written parchments; but the system even in its infancy has worked so well that, for our part, we would infinitely prefer the flexibility, and fallibility, of human judgmen—the latter being eminently "parliamentary,"—to any more sternly fixed rules of jurisdiction, which, however wisely framed, could never obviate the risk of difference of opinion. As practice glides into precedent, the little points which sharp lawyers raise, and other sharp lawyers learnedly descant upon, will be gradually rubbed out, and the somewhat complicated Legislative machine, which has worked so well up to this time, will, undoubtedly, be improved by wear. These reflections have been suggested by the very sensible remarks of the Minister of Justice, regarding the question of disputed jurisdiction, to the effect that time and experience must be allowed their full influence in harmonising a new system; and that, should these fail, recourse may be had to the Imperial Parliament for such amendments to that system as a further knowledge of its working may indicate to be necessary. With a little wisdom, and some forbearance, it will be a long time before such an appeal will be necessary.

The great Auction Sale of Hay at the Railway Depot will be continued to-day at 2 o'clock. 1054.1

Mr. J. A. Whipple, of Boston, has the largest establishment, and is one of the most successful photographers in the United States. *Springfield Republican.*

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

We notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

NEWFOUNDLAND.

New Diocese—First Bishop of Newfoundland—Privileges of Parliament—Dr. Kielly Brought before the Bar of the House—He is Lodged in Jail—The Sheriff and the Judge of the Supreme Court Arrested by the Sergeant-at-Arms—Parliament Prorogued to Liberate the Captives—Appeal to England—Privy Council Disapproves of the Course taken by the Legislature—Constitution Suspended—Amalgamation of Legislatures—Grants for Education—Academy at St. John's.

No. XXIV.

Royal instructions were forwarded to Governor Prescott in 1839, informing him that her Majesty had detached the Islands of Newfoundland and Bermudas from the section of Nova Scotia, to form a new diocese to be called the bishopric of Newfoundland. Aubrey George Spencer, D.D., was appointed first Bishop.

In 1841, Sir John Harvey was appointed Governor of Newfoundland. He found much dissatisfaction prevailing in the island on account of the privileges claimed by the Legislature, exemplified in harsh proceedings against Dr. Kielly, who had an altercation in the street with Mr. Kent, one of the members of the House. Mr. Kent declared that the doctor had threatened him with personal chastisement, and had thrust his fist near Mr Kent's nose at the same time. The complainant appealed to the House, who sat for some time with closed doors, and on the public being admitted, Dr. Kielly was ordered to be brought before the bar of the House. A report was read from a committee appointed to consider the matter, which declared "that the conduct of Mr. Kielly is a gross breach of the privileges of the House, and if allowed to pass unnoticed, would be a sufficient cause for deterring members acting in the independent manner so necessary for a free assembly."

Dr. Kielly desired to be allowed to produce witnesses on his own side. This was refused by the Speaker, who declared the only course open to him was to plead ignorance of the privileges of the house; to profess himself sorry for what he had done, and throw himself on the clemency of the Assembly. This he refused to do, and in the course of his examination, becoming excited, he gave utterance to expressions which were undoubtedly an infringement of the privileges of the House. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to detain him in custody. Two days afterwards he sent a written apology to the Speaker for his conduct before the House; but on refusing to sign a document which had been prepared, purporting to be an apology for his conduct towards Mr. Kent in the public street he was committed to the custody of the sheriff and lodged in jail.

The prisoner on the following day was brought before Judge Lilly of the Supreme Court on a writ of *habeas corpus*, which had been granted on his own affidavit. After ruling that the commitment was deficient in those essentials necessary to constitute its legality, the prisoner was discharged.

A few days afterwards a report of the judgment on the principle involved in the question of Dr. Kielly's arrest, was published in the *Newfoundlander*. In that judgment, the judge declared it to be his opinion that the House did not possess the high powers they had arrogated in the late proceeding; that such were not inherent in it, as in the Parliament of England; that they were not necessary for the protection of the members; and that, even if they were thought to be necessary, they ought to be so declared and enacted by the legislature.

The publication of this report aroused the indignation of the Assembly anew. The Speaker was instructed to issue warrants against Dr. Kielly, who had been discharged from custody; against the High Sheriff, who had liberated him in obedience to the mandate of a Judge; and finally against the Judge himself. The Sergeant-at-Arms, with assistants, at once proceeded to the Judge's Chambers, and seizing upon Judge Lilly in not the gentlest manner, dragged him to the Speaker's room. They next proceeded to the office of the Sheriff, whom they also placed under arrest. Shortly afterwards, both prisoners were paraded through the streets in the midst of a great mob of people, and confined in the house of the Sergeant-at-Arms. Dr. Kielly managed to escape by hiding himself in the house of a friend, until the Governor, by proroguing the Legislature put an end to the assumed powers of the Assembly, and set the prisoners at liberty.

At the next term of the Supreme Court, Dr. Kielly's action against the Speaker and others of the House of Assembly was brought up. The Chief Justice withheld his decision, and it was reserved for the opinion of the three judges in the Supreme Court. Their decision sustained the Assembly in their proceedings. Dr. Kielly appealed to the Privy Council in England. The case was argued in 1841, and 1842, and in 1843 the decision of the Newfoundland judges was reversed. Baron Parke's judgement in reference to the House of Assembly was, "They are a Local Legislature, with every power reasonably necessary for the proper exercise of their functions and duties; but they have not, what they erroneously supposed themselves to possess, the same exclusive privileges which the ancient law of England has annexed to the House of Parliament. This decision established a precedent in reference to all questions of like character which might arise in any of the legislatures of the colonies of Great Britain."

Consequent on the confusion which had arisen in the working of legislative institutions in Newfoundland, the constitution was suspended, and an Act passed by the Imperial Parliament in 1842 for amending the constitution of the Government of the colony. The chief provisions of that Act were to abolish the council as a distinct branch of the legislature, and to authorize its members to sit and vote in the House of Assembly, as fully in all respects as the elected members of that House. This was styled the amalgamated legislature, and continued in force until 1849. During Governor Prescott's term of office, an act was passed for the encouragement of education in the colony. Up to 1843 all that had been done in that behalf had proceeded from voluntary efforts of individuals, churches, and charitable societies, with some slight aid from the British Government. By the act above referred to, a sum of $5,100 was annually granted, of which some one-half was appropriated in support of Protestant, and one-half in support of Roman Catholic schools. The island was divided into districts whose boundaries were defined by the Act. A Board of seven persons was appointed by the Governor in each district, of whom the senior clergyman of the district was to be one. In any district where the majority of the population were Protestants, the schools were to be under a Protestant Board, and where the majority were Roman Catholics the schools were to be held by Catholic Boards. Each pupil attending school was required to pay a yearly fee of one dollar, which might be remitted to those whose poverty rendered them unable to pay that amount.

In 1844 an Act was passed to provide for the establishment of an academy in St. John's where the higher branches of education might be taught. For the erection of the building, and for providing a library and apparatus the sum of £3,000 was appropriated. The institution was to be under the management of nine directors appointed by the Governor, who had the appointment of the senior and junior master, "provided that no minister of religion having any fixed pastoral charge should be eligible as a master." The senior master was to receive a salary of £300, and the junior £250 per annum, to be paid out of the general revenues of the colony. The grant for educational purposes in 1867 amounted to $65,462.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

The great Auction Sale of Hay at the Railway Depot will be continued to-day at 2 o'clock. 1054.1

Millinery.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

Tuesday, May 18, 1869.

The House met at three o'clock p.m.

After routine,

A number of petitions were presented and read.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL presented the answer to the Address for Certificates of Inspection of Steamers, &c.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER moved, seconded by the Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, that when the House adjourn to-day, it stand adjourned until to-morrow, at 4 o'clock, p.m., in order to afford the members an opportunity of attending the funeral of the late Mayor Friel, to-morrow, at 2 o'clock, which was carried in the affirmative.

COMMITTEE REPORT.

Pursuant to the Order of the Day, the House took into consideration the first report of the select committee on Contingent Accounts.

Hon. Mr. SEYMOUR, in explaining the provisions of the report, said that they had recommended that J. Bourinot, Esq., of Nova Scotia, be appointed to the vacant English clerkship, and that St. Dennis Lemoine, Esq., be appointed third French translator and clerk, with the understanding that he shall also carry the mace, when required.

Hon. Mr. HAZEN enquired whether there was any necessity for these appointments?

Hon. Mr. SEYMOUR said there was a necessity for the appointment of an assistant French translator; and, in addition to his duties in that capacity, he had to perform all the duties pertaining to the Sergeant-at-Arms. In regard to the English clerk, the House had decided, last session, to appoint this clerk from Nova Scotia.

Hon. Mr. HAZEN understood his hon. friend to say the appointment was not necessary, but was made because Nova Scotia was entitled to appoint so many persons to offices in the House.

Hon. Mr. SEYMOUR could not say that the appointment was not necessary, but the services of this officer were not indispensibly necessary; but, at the same time, they might be required.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU complained of the want of clerks to help in the preparation of reports. He thought it would be a great advantage to have clerks who understood phonography, in order that they might take down any matter, and afterwards copy it out; and he would recommend to the contingent committee that, in future, any clerk added to the employees of the House should have a knowledge of phonography. It would be a very short manner of proceeding with the business, and a great amount of work would be done. He thought that any member who had anything to do with preparing reports or bills would see the necessity of having a clerk to assist them. He would have been very glad to have had, both last year and this year, committees appointed on immigration and on agriculture, but how could he perform those duties without having any person to attend those committees as a clerk? He was also glad that another clerk was now to be appointed, in addition to those we already have as translators.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON said the House was not very well attended by persons in the capacity of clerks. His hon. friend was perfectly correct in saying that no hon. member would think of asking the assistance of any of the clerks, as they were constantly employed. The journals were not laid upon the desks of the members to-day until within a quarter of an hour of the time of meeting. They were not ready, because the clerks were so late the night before in preparing them for the printer. There was an additional reason for this appointment, which he thought was a sufficient one: there was a vacancy left last year for a clerk to be recommended by the members from Nova Scotia. The work has increased since last session, and the members from Nova Scotia have exercised their right in recommending a person to fill this office, and the contingent committee have made the recommendation to the House. In respect to the other officer, there was a necessity for his appointment, as the French members of the House complain that translating is not done as rapidly as it should be, and delay often takes place for want of the speedy translation of papers.

Hon. Mr. RITCHIE assumed, from the report made yesterday, that these appointments were necessary. He would regret very much, indeed, to have an unnecessary appointment made to carry out the wishes of any particular person. He did not think the members of the House were as well qualified to speak upon this subject as the committee who had it under consideration.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY did not desire to re-open a discussion upon these appointments. The Contingent Committee last session had received credit for reducing the number of officers in the employ of the Senate, and they had also received blame on account of it. They submitted to the reproach, but they left one office to be filled by some applicant from Nova Scotia. At that time there was no applicant from that province, and therefore the matter was allowed to stand. The question was settled last year when the report of the Contingent Committee was adopted, and he trusted there would be no desire to re-open that discussion. He thought there was a necessity for the appointment being now made, and spoke in praise of the gentleman recommended, as being a good stenographer, and a good copyist. The members from Nova Scotia endeavoured to avoid making any appointment until it was found to be necessary and until a suitable person was found to fill the situation. He was quite sure that his hon. friend from New Brunswick (Mr. Hazen) did not make this objection, because the vacancy for New Brunswick was filled up last year, but he made it with a single eye to the public service which he thinks is efficiently performed with the present staff of officers.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said the hon. members from Nova Scotia should receive credit from the House for not having filled this office which had been placed at their disposal, until the services of an additional officer were needed. That being the case, there should now be no hesitation in making this appointment.

Hon. Mr. HAZEN was anxious to understand whether this appointment was to be made that Nova Scotia might receive a certain privilege, or whether it was necessary for the efficient performance of the public service. He had objected last year to the principle of having the offices divided off for the different Provinces, and he objected to it still, because it would lead to difficulty. He had understood the chairman of the committee to say the appointment of this clerk was not necessary.

Hon. Mr. SEYMOUR said his hon. friend had made the same objections when an appointment was made for New Brunswick last session. In this case, the House having adopted the report of the Contingent Committee last year, were pledged to the appointment of a clerk when the Nova Scotia members recommended a gentleman to fill that office. He had understood that a clerk was required who could write a fair good hand, and that his services were necessary.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT remarked that towards the close of last session he had some lengthy documents to copy to place in the hands of the Government, but he had found it difficult to get a clerk to copy them, and the clerk who did the work had to sit up all night to do it. During last session a person had sometimes to go outside the House to get documents copied.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said the reduction made last session was based upon what was considered a staff sufficient to do the work of the House, and there was a provision on that staff for the gentleman now appointed. The appointments were not made simply for Nova Scotia or New Brunswick, but as being necessary for the House. The appointments having to be made, in the distribution of the patronage of the House, it was due that one appointment should be placed at the disposal of New Brunswick, and the other for Nova Scotia. The hon. members from Nova Scotia declined to make the appointment then, because they thought they would require time to make such a selection as would be satisfactory to themselves and to the House. He was not acquainted with the gentleman named to fill this office, but he believed he was an efficient man, and he hoped the House would make the appointment. In regard to the other officer to be appointed, it was thought desirable to amalgamate those two offices, but it could not be done. But if it is necessary to have a French translator combining his duties with another office, he would not object to the appointment. He thought the chairman would not have made the recommendation unless it was required.

Hon. Mr. MILLER said he objected to the report in this respect, that there was no Sergeant at Arms, as no commission had ever been issued naming the gentleman who acts as the "Usher of the Black Rod" at present; then how could an assistant be named to that office? He would much prefer to have Mr. Lemoine appointed as Sergeant at Arms at once, and then we would be consistent with ourselves. He thought it objectionable, also, to join several offices together for the same party, such as Assistant French Translator, and at the same time, Sergeant at Arms.

The report was then adopted.

REPORT ON PRINTING.

Hon. Mr. SIMPSON moved the consideration of the fourth report of the Joint Committee on Printing, and said he would take this opportunity of explaining the cause of the delay in furnishing the printed documents of this House. Upon enquiry he ascertained that the printers, or contractors are now printing the reports of different Bureaus on Public Accounts, and they were doing about double the amount of work they formerly did. Every effort had been made by the contractors to do the work as fast as possible. After two or three days when some of these reports were finished, there would be no reason to find fault with them for delay. He would now move that the report be adopted.—Carried.

The House went into Committee of the Whole (Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD in the chair) on a Bill intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting the inspection of steamboats, and for the greater safety of passengers by them."

After debate the Bill was reported as amended.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL moved that the House concur in the report.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL moved that the Bill, as amended, be read a third time to-morrow.—Carried.

On motion of Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, the House took into consideration the amendments reported by the committee of the whole House to the Perjury Bill. The amendments having been concurred in, it was ordered that the Bill be read a third time to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON introduced a Bill, intituled "An Act to further amend the charter of the Gore Bank." Read a first time—second reading to-morrow.

The Senate then adjourned until to-morrow, at 4 o'clock, p.m.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Wednesday, May 19.

The SPEAKER took the chair at half-past seven o'clock.

Several petitions were presented.

Mr. LANGEVIN presented return to address for copy of resolutions passed by the New Brunswick Legislature relative to the Bay Verte Canal; also return to address for all papers relating to the letting of the contracts on the Intercolonial Railway.

In reply to Mr. STIRTON,

Hon. Mr. ROSE stated that he hoped to have the correspondence relating to the arbitration between the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario brought down at an early day.

Hon. Mr. GALT said it was desirable to know when this arbitration would be brought to a close.

Hon. Mr. ROSE was understood to say that there was no great difficulty in the settlement of the main points of account; though two or three matters of minor consequence remained to be settled.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON was glad to hear that there was no great difficulty in the way of settlement, but this made the long delay in calling the board of arbitration together all the more inexcusable.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN did not apprehend any difficulty in coming to a settlement; but the several Provinces had no access to the official records of the transactions, and their attention had been engaged with other matters.

Mr. BLAKE said, on behalf of Ontario, the member for Chateauguay had not over-stated the case. It was of the utmost consequence that the Provinces should know at once with what debt they started; and if the delay was not excusable no excuse had yet been given for it.

Hon. Mr. ROSE thought his own experience might supply him with an answer. There were many outstanding claims against the late Province of Canada not yet settled. There were for instance unadjusted claims for this very building, and when their amounts were ascertained they would form part of the surplus debt of the late Province to be divided between Ontario and Quebec.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said if any censure was due for the delay, it should not fall upon the Province of Ontario. The Ontario Government was ready to-morrow to go into the arbitration. The arbitrators should settle the principle upon which the debts were to be divided. If that principle were settled the debts could be assigned to each Province as they were determined. If they had to wait till all outstanding claims were settled, it might not take place for years.

The SPEAKER presented returns from certain railway companies.

Mr. LAWSON presented a report from the Special Committee on the export duty on saw logs, &c., stating that this duty pressed with undue severity on the proprietors of land in certain portions of the counties of Norfolk, Elgin and Lambton.

Mr. DOBBIE introduced a bill to incorporate the St. Thomas, Ontario, Board of Trade.

Mr. MORRISON introduced a Bill to grant a patent for the manufacture of lubricating oil, by a new and improved process.

On motion of Mr. BEATY, the Bill to amend the Act incorporating the Toronto Board of Trade was read a third time and passed.

Mr. MORRISON (Niagara) moved the House into committee on the Bill to increase the capital stock of the Clifton Suspension Bridge Company—Mr. Harrison in the chair.

The Bill was reported, and read a third time.

The following Bills were read a second time and referred to Committee of the Whole:

Mr. MORRISON, (Niagara,)—to authorise an addition to the capital stock of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, and for other purposes relating to the said bank, (as amended by the Committee on Banking and Commerce).

Mr. GEOFFRION,—to empower the Company for the improvement and deepening of the rivers St. Francis and Yamaska, to levy tolls on vessels navigating the said rivers, (as amended by the Committee on Banking and Commerce).

Mr. BOLTON—To authorize an addition to the capital stock of the Bank of New Brunswick and for other purposes connected with the said bank (as amended by the Committee on Banking and Commerce).

Mr. LANGLOIS—To amend the Act 22 Victoria Chapter 123, respecting Pilots for and below the harbour of Quebec (as amended by the Committee on Banking and Commerce).

Dr. GRANT moved the second reading of the Bill to provide for the general adoption of the practice of vaccination. He adduced statistics, showing the decrease in the rate of mortality in England and Scotland by the adoption of a similar Bill; and said from the assurances he had already received he was sure the measure would meet with the approval of the medical profession, and the community general.

Mr. MILLS contended that this matter was one to be dealt with by the Local Parliaments, unless, indeed, it was held that the non-observance of the practice of vaccination was a criminal matter.

At the suggestion of Sir JOHN the debate on the Bill was adjourned till Wednesday.

On motion of Mr. HARRISON the House went into committee to consider certain resolutions on the subject of bills of lading and warehouse receipts (Mr. CASAULT in the chair). He explained that the Bill he intended to introduce was similar in its provisions to the English law.

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT considered that this subject was one to be dealt with by the Local Parliaments.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER contended that the subject did not come within the jurisdiction of the General Government. It was merely the handing over of property from one to another.

Mr. BLAKE endorsed the views of the hon. Minister of Militia, and argued that the Bill would have to be dismissed from the House.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON holding similar views said the Minister of Justice should give his opinion whether the House should allow the resolutions to go any further.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN suggested that the committee should report progress, and ask leave to sit again, so that members might have time to give more consideration to the question of jurisdiction.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD referred to the Union Act, which assigned to the General Government the "regulations of trade and commerce." Now the question was, what was trade and commerce (hear, hear)? Surely the warehouse receipts affected the regulation of trade in a most important manner, and he regretted that the Dominion Government did not assume the responsibility of legislation upon this matter.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU argued that the words "trade and commerce" did not embrace commercial law. If they did, the enumeration of such matters as Insolvency, included in commercial law, would have been superfluous.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said when the Bill was before the Legislature of Ontario there was serious doubt as to the matter of jurisdiction.

Mr. HARRISON said he had drawn the Bill first under the impression that the jurisdiction lay with the Ontario Legislature; but the Bill was returned to him, and feeling that there should be legislation somewhere, he had introduced it here. In deference, however, to the opinion of his legal friends, he would not press the resolutions. He moved, therefore, that the committee rise.—Carried, and resolutions dropped.

Mr. MAGILL moved the House into Committee of the Whole, on a resolution providing for the inspection of green kip and calf skins.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN wished to know what was the object of the Bill, and whether it would apply to the Lower Provinces.

Mr. MAGILL said the object should arrest the attention of every close observer (laughter). Good leather was necessary to the making of good shoes, and were promotive of the public health (laughter). The inspection of sole leather had already proved of great service to the trade; and his object was to extend the inspection to other qualities.

A discussion then arose as to the propriety of making the law of inspection uniform; and also as to the matter of jurisdiction.

On the latter point, in reply to Mr JOLLY,

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said there had as yet been no disallowance of any Provincial Act. In every case, where an excess of jurisdiction had been accidentally assumed, the matter had been amicably arranged by the correction of the error by the Local Legislatures.

The House went into Committee and adopted the resolution. Report to be received to-morrow.

The House adjourned at 10:30

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—While so many of the cities and town in the Dominion, such as Montreal, Quebec Toronto, Sherbrooke, and others in the Lower Provinces, alive to their future interests, are vigourously advocating railway extension in their vicinities, whether this extension consists of wood or iron, broad guage or narrow guage lines, Ottawa alone seems to lie supine, under far more hopeful and encouraging prospects of immediate benefit from the promotion of enterprises of this kind than any of them.

With every inducement, nay with the absolute necessity that exists on her part to promote, to the utmost, such incentives to her future progress and well being, her citizens, while all the world are up and stirring, alone sleep.

Is it, sir, that the people of the whilome village of Bytown are so entirely satisfied with the glory of having beheld that village become the capital of a vast Dominion, that, like the victor of old, they can see no more worlds to conquer! and unlike him are satisfied with the position?

If so, let them remember that even to retain a glory, requires still the exercise of thought and vigilance.

Ottawa is now, and I believe will remain for many a generation, the Capital of a great country, and so far has reason for self gratulation, but how much still remains to be done to render her really worthy the name!

Not her most ardent admirer can justifiably assert that such is she now! Let her not pause then because she has obtained a triumph she little dreamt of ever calling hers, and whose possession only the more arbitrarily entails upon her the necessity for energetic action in all that tends to open up the country around her; free her from the wilderness by which she is environed, and enable her to increase (as is so much needed) the comfort of her inhabitants, and take from her the reproach she has now to bear, of being almost inaccessible.

The Canada Central Railway, a portion of which has already been begun, will be the stepping stone to the entrance of Ottawa to the world, to her true position as the capital, the centre, the heart of a mighty nation, and whose immediate benefit will be felt by the sudden inpouring of all a city requires, and which she so sadly wants, the treasures of one of the finest farming districts in the Dominion.

It is not my intention to enter into all the sources of traffic and enterprise, the construction of such a line will open up—they must be understood and appreciated by many. Certainly the lumbering interests cannot but see how likely they are to be benefited by still another outlet, and one affording such speed of transportation to the markets of the United States.

Let the eyes of the people of Ottawa then be directed to this link to the westward as the first in a chain of communication that will open up to them a new world, and let all encouragement be given to capitalists, who but want some sincere and earnest expression of its great necessity by those so much interested in it, to push it vigourously forward to completion.

This letter has been called forth by the disappointment of the writer at the apparent "hanging fire" of a work in every way so desirable, he had almost said indispensable, as the Canada Central Railway, and which he has been given to understand is due to a want of expressed appreciation of its value by those it must so greatly tend to benefit.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
THEOPHILUS.

Ottawa, May 15, 1869.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Dear Sir,—A most imposing and impressive ceremony took place in this village, on the 17th, over the remains of a highly respected young man named William Spencer, who immigrated to this part about the year 1861, his native place being Bedworth, Warwickshire, England. He laboured here amongst our farmers, being an honest, sober and industrious young man; a stranger in a strange land, and without relatives in his new Canadian home, but not without friends, as may well be inferred from the large assemblage of persons who formed the funeral procession, which was highly respectable. The deceased was strong and healthy looking, but lately was subject to some kind of fits of weakness, falling down entirely powerless and useless, for a time varying from 5 to 20 minutes, then apparently well again, these occurring very frequently through day and night, and all the medical aid obtainable, seemingly of no avail, when on Sunday morning he breathed his last, while in one of those fits.

The funeral procession started from the residence of Mr. Wm. Elliot, where the deceased was cared for as a relative; yea as a brother; in front proceeded a firing party of the volunteers, followed by the remainder of the company, six of whom acted as pall-bearers; then was to be seen Mr. and Mrs. Elliot, immediately behind the corpse, followed by the members of No. 229 Loyal Orange Lodge, all wearing appropriate mourning badges, followed by a large concourse of people, when all proceeded to the English Church, and there listened attentively to the service, and a most excellent discourse by the Rev. Mr. Merrit, after which the procession reformed and proceeded to the burial ground, where the remainder of the service was performed according to the rites of the Church of England. The brethren of the Orange institution then stepped forward and performed their service, followed by the firing party of the volunteers, who did their duty, the deceased being a member of both bodies, the whole showing and setting forth the love which the inhabitants of this part are willing and ready to bestow on those coming amongst them, when deserving, regardless of nationality, and who now weep for the loss of their beloved friend and brother.—[Com.]

North Gower, 18th May, 1869.

O. P.

Rev. W. Morley Punshon's Lecture.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—I was present, on two occasions, when lectures were given at the St. Patrick's Hall, Montreal. On one occasion I had the pleasure of hearing Mr. Punshon give his famous lecture on Macaulay, and on another I had the misfortune to hear Mr. Horace Greeley, of New York, deliver himself of a string of trash on the subject of self-made men. On both occasions the tickets were half a dollar, and the lectures were equally well attended. Is there any reason why a higher tariff should be charged at Ottawa than at Montreal? It is true that the Ottawa shed may be a safer building than the Montreal hall. Nevertheless, in the matter of cost, furnishing, and comfort, the latter was infinitely superior to the former building. I have spoken to several persons, and I think it will be found that there are many, besides the writer, who look for "old prices," and who will not pay

SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere. 1044a

The great Auction Sale of Hay at the Railway Depot will be continued to-day at 2 o'clock. 1054.1

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

MARRIED.

Yesterday morning, 19th inst., at Christ Church, by the Rev. J. Lauder, Geo. Pringle Drummond, to Libbie, eldest daughter of the Hon. John Simpson, all of this city. No cards.

HATS
THAT B
HATS,
At DEVLIN'S.
Ottawa, May 14. 1049a

ROOMS WANTED.—Wanted by a lady and gentleman, two or three rooms furnished with board. Address, B., Times office. 1054.3

LOST, on Wednesday afternoon, between Wellington and Rideau-sts., a lady's GOLD PIN, set with pearls, and initials on back. Apply to HALL'S CONFECTIONERY, Wellington st.
May 20. 1054.3

Publications.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,
HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc. City papers may be had at 6 a.m.
Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald, and all the late American papers.
Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for June received.

THE AUTUMN WREATH,
A POEM
BY WALTER H. DERMOT.
FOR SALE AT THE BOOKSTORES.
PRICE TEN CENTS.
D. FULTON,
General Agent.
Ottawa, May 20. 1054a

THE
RED RIVER COUNTRY,
HUDSON'S BAY & NORTH-WEST
TERRITORIES,
considered in relation to Canada.
By A. J. RUSSELL, C. E.,
and Inspector of Crown Timber Agencies, Canada, E. & W.
Followed by the last Report of S. J. DAWSON C.E., on the Route of Communication to Red River.
Illustrated by a Map.
The above work is now in press, and will be issued towards the end of this week.
GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Publisher.
Ottawa, 17th May, 1869. 1052-5

JONES & HOLLAND
Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously
Without the Use of a Press or Water.
Price from $2.00 to $4.50.
Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.
Call and see for yourselves.
Directions for Use—Place the writing under the copying sheet, and rub with the fingers. That's all.
May 5, 1869.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received by J. DURIE & SON, Phineas Finn, the Irish member, by Trollope; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; the Day Dawn and the Rain, by Rev. John Ker, (Glasgow); the Realities of Irish Life, by French; the Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare and Howson; Harriet Martineau's Biographical Sketches.
Gardening for Profit.
Breck's New Book of Flowers.
Buist's Flower Garden Directory.
The Practical Poultry Keeper, coloured illustration.
J. DURIE & SON,
Stewart's Block, Rideau-st.

NEWS DEPOT
AND
CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

Terms of subscription for	
1 year	$3 00
6 months	1 50
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The latest novels, British and American Periodicals always on hand. Books bought, sold and exchanged, at
HAUSER'S, Sparks-st.

PLANTS! PLANTS! PLANTS!
FOR SALE by the subscriber GOOD and HARDY PLANTS of all descriptions, viz.: CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWERS, TOMATOES, &c., &c.
J. H. PATTERSON,
Inkerman Cottage,
1054a Canal Bank.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE OF FISH.
The subscriber will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the
RAILWAY DEPOT,
On Friday Next, the 21st Instant,
At TWO o'clock, p.m.,
27 BBLS. HERRINGS,
4 HALF BBLS. HERRINGS,
2 BBLS. WHITE FISH, very fine, and in first-class order.
Terms—Cash in bankable funds.
HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, May 20, 1869. 1054d

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.
There will be no Concert and Readings at the St. Patrick's Hall this evening, owing to the death of one of its members, H. J. Friel, Esq., late Mayor of this city.
1054.1 JOHN KELLY,
Secretary.

PLANTS, PLANTS, PLANTS.
MR. DERENZY, of Gloucester, (Montreal Road), offers for sale the following
STRAWBERRY PLANTS, VEGETABLES AND FRUIT TREES,
at most reasonable prices:
STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

Brussell's Prolific, at	50	cents	per 100
Wilson's Albany	do	do	do
Wilson's Seedling	do	do	do
Black Prince	do	do	do
Agriculturalist	$3		do

VEGETABLE PLANTS.
Egg Plants, of various kinds
Tomatoes
Capsicombs
Celery
and other varieties in season.
A great variety of young Apple and other Fruit trees usually found in first class gardens.
Any of the above may be had at Mosgrove & Bros., Dwyre's old stand, Sparks-st., or by applying to Mr. Derenzy at the gardens.
Gloucester, May 20, 1869. 1054d

PHOTOGRAPHS.
J. A. WHIPPLE,
Proprietor of the oldest and most extensive Photographic Establishment in the United States, pays especial attention to copying, enlarging and coloring photographs, like oil painting, from small daguerreotypes, tintypes and card pictures, true to life; takes Porcelains, Cards de Visite, Imperials, and every variety of photographs, guaranteeing most perfect satisfaction in every respect. Every one is invited to call and see his extensive collection of interesting photographs at 29 Washington st., corner of Temple Place, Boston, Mass. 21d

EDUCATION.
THE RICHMOND CIRCUIT BOARD
OF
PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
County of Carleton.
Notice is hereby given that the Board will meet in the Town Hall, in Richmond, on TUESDAY, the 15th day of JUNE next, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, for the examination of teachers and general business.
C B PETTIT, M.A.,
Chairman.
J. HINTON,
Secretary. 1054.2.21.1

MORTGAGE SALE.
Public notice is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in, and secured by a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, made by JOHN RUTLEDGE, of the Township of Goulbourn, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, yeoman, (to which said Mortgage MARTHA RUTLEDGE, wife of the said JOHN RUTLEDGE, was made a party for the purpose of barring dower merely), in favour of HIRAM SYKES, of the Township, County and Province aforesaid, yeoman, of the east half of lot number six, in the fifth concession, of the Township of Goulbourn, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, butted and bounded as mentioned in the original grant thereof from the Crown, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of a power of sale contained in the said Mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, by AMOS ROWE, Auctioneer, at the Law Office of MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, in the County and Province aforesaid, on TUESDAY, the TWENTY-NINTH day of JUNE, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, at twelve o'clock, noon.
Terms and conditions to be made known at time of sale.
This sale being under a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, the Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.
Title to be accepted by purchaser as it existed at the time of execution of the Mortgage, and as accepted by seller.
All conveyances, searches, abstracts, &c., to be at the purchaser's expense.
Dated at Ottawa, this 18th day of May, A.D. 1869.
MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
1054.1aw21td Solicitors for Vendor.

OTTAWA
NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.
THE FIRST EXCURSION OF THE SEASON.
An excursion to MOUNT HUMBOLDT and WARWICKER'S LAKE, will take place on
MONDAY, the 24th INSTANT,
starting from the
Russell House at 8 o'clock, precisely.
Members of the Society, who with their friends desire to join the excursion, will have the goodness to send in their names by letter before FRIDAY to the Curator, DOCTOR VAN CORTLANDT, that conveyances may be provided.
By order,
W. WHITE,
Secretary.
Ottawa, May 18, 1869. 1053.2

LECTURE
BY
REV. W. MORLEY PUNSHON, M.A.
SUBJECT:
"MACAULAY,"
ON
24th May, 1869, (Queen's Birthday,)
AT THE
SKATING RINK, OTTAWA.
Doors open at 7 o'clock, p.m. Lecture to commence at 8.
Tickets—Single 75 cents; Double $1.25.
To be procured at the following places: Upper Town, Messrs. Skinner's and Jamieson's; Centre Town, Messrs. Hunton's, Pennock's, Dr. Brown's and Orme & Son; Lower Town, Messrs. Howell's and May's; New Edinburgh, Messrs. J. W. Proctor & Co. 1052td

FUNERAL OF THE LATE MAYOR.

The remains of the late Henry J. Friel, Esq. Mayor of the city of Ottawa, whose mortal career was terminated by death on Sunday morning last, were placed in their final resting place yesterday afternoon.

On Monday morning the members of the Council assembled in the city hall for the purpose of considering what measures were most proper to be taken under the circumstances, when, resolutions of condolence with Mrs. Friel, in her sad bereavement, were passed, and a committee appointed to confer with the family as to whether a public funeral would be acceptable, as the Council were desirous of paying this tribute of respect to the memory of the deceased. After some consultation the proposition was accepted, and a funeral committee was immediately appointed to make the necessary arrangements.

The committee at once conferred with the presidents of the several national associations and other public bodies, all of whom promptly accepted the proposal. They sent invitations to the members of the Government, who expressed their intention of being present. They also invited the members of the Senate and of the House of Commons, receiving favourable answers in all cases. And similar results were obtained from a conference with the proper authorities in reference to the volunteers and the fire brigade.

The undertakers department was assigned to Mr. Swalwell, who carried out the intention of the Council in the most satisfactory manner. The funeral was arranged to take place yesterday at two o'clock. For an hour or two before that time the streets were thronged with people, busy in preparations to attend the mournful ceremonies.

A large number of the friends of the deceased visited the house to take a last look at the well known features, and presently the members of the City Council, with the officials, arrived in carriages, and entered the house for the same friendly purpose. We also noticed Sir John A. Macdonald, Sir George E. Cartier, Hon. Mr. Tilley, Hon. Mr. Macdougall, Hon. Mr. Rose, Hon. Mr. Campbell, Hon. Mr. Chapais, and we believe other ministers were present. We observed also, several deputy heads and clerks of departments.

The corpse was placed in a beautiful metallic coffin, having six silver handles, a silver breast plate, inscribed—"Henry James Friel, Esq., Mayor of Ottawa, died 16th May, 1869, aged 45 years." Beneath this was a beautiful cross formed of immortelles, and a bouquet of flowers.

At two o'clock the face cover was placed on the coffin, and shortly after, the coffin was removed to the funeral car waiting to receive it. The signal men of the Ottawa Field Battery communicated the fact, and the first minute gun was fired, which was continued until the coffin was received in the cathedral. The gun was also the signal for the funeral cortege to move. The following is the order of the procession, marshalled by Mr. Thomas Langrell, as chief, assisted by six aids:—

St. George's Society with Union Jack and Cross of St. George.
Pupils of Ottawa College.
St. Jean Baptiste Society with Tricolour.
St. Andrew's Society with St. Andrew's Cross.
Irish Protestant Benevolent Society with Union Jack.
St. Joseph's Society with Tricolour.
Medical attendants and profession.
The Clergy.
Undertaker.
Band of Rifle Brigade.
Funeral car, richly draped, drawn by six horses, led by six advanced pall bearers, furnished from the national societies. Twelve pall bearers, viz.: Joseph Aumond, Esq., Alexander Workman, Esq., Thomas Hanly, Esq., E. McGillivray, Esq., J. M. Currier Esq., M. P., James Goodwin, Esq., Dr. Beauben, Sheriff Powell, R. W. Scott, Esq., M.L.A., Robert Lyon, Esq., M.L.A., H. V. Noel, Esq., and James Rochester, Esq.
Chief mourners in carriages and on foot: Rev. Father O'Connor, Mr. Daniel O'Connor, Mr. R. E. O'Connor, Rev. Father Collins, Mr. G. H. Perry, Mr. James O'Reilly, Q. C., Mr. W. H. Waller, Mr. Roderic Ryan, and ladies of the family.
Police Commissioners.
Members of the Corporation.
Officials.
Corporation of the county of Carleton.
Board of Trade.
Mechanics' Institute.
Press.
Bar.
Ministry.
Members of the Senate.
Members of the House of Commons.
Civil Service.
Volunteers.
Fire Brigade.
Citizens.
Police Force.
Band.
Governor-General's Carriage.
Mourning Carriages.

The cortege moved slowly down Kingst. to Rideau. On reaching the latter street the Rifle Brigade band commenced the solemn strains of the Dead March.

Thousands of people lined King, Rideau, and Sussex-sts, and moved in silence with the procession.

The catafalque was a large and handsomely draped car, ornamented with six British flags and one Tricolour, all draped. The car was also surmounted with the usual sable plumes. But the mournfully grand pageant was less sought after than the coffin which contained the remains of him it was designed to honour.

The procession was fully half a mile in length. The members of all the societies were mourning badges, and the members of the corporation and officials, besides hat bands and scarfs, wore on their breasts a crape rosette, enclosing a miniature portrait of the late Mayor.

SERVICES IN THE CATHEDRAL.

On arriving at the Cathedral a very large number of people assembled outside, so that it was difficult to get near the building. As soon, however as the coffin appeared, the crowd fell back, and an avenue was formed to the doors, which were now opened, inside, his Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa, his Lordship Bishop Laroque, of St. Hyacinthe, and a large number of the clergy and acolites accompanied the coffin to the lofty and beautifully designed catafalque erected in the cathedral for the purpose. The sacred edifice, including the altar, the pulpit, and the gallery, was elegantly draped with black crape, mixed with white.

As soon as the coffin was brought into the Cathedral, the organ pealed forth Beethoven's grand funeral march. *Sub venite* was then chanted, and afterwards *Dies ire* was sung by the choir of St. Joseph's Church, of which the deceased was a parishioner.

THE SERMON.

The Rev. Father Dawson ascended the pulpit, and taking for his text: "It is appointed for all men once to die," delivered a most eloquent discourse on the personal qualities of the deceased. After describing the terrors naturally inspired by death, he spoke of the victory achieved by Christ over death and the grave, of the Christians' faith robbing death of its horrors, and making of it but the passage to eternal life. Applying this to the late Mr. Friel he passed a warm tribute to his Christian virtues, to his self control and moderation of life, his triumph over his own passions, and his cultivation of his great talents, and the application of his abilities to the good of his fellow citizens. In these respects Mr. Friel had deserved the respect and gratitude which had been shown to him on this solemn occasion. The late chief magistrate had been honoured by his fellow citizens with their confidence which, had raised him to a most exalted position in their midst; and he had performed all the duties of that high position in a disinterested and devoted manner, caring only for the public good. After recapitulating Mr. Friel's services in a public capacity, his ability as a writer and an orator were next reviewed. In both capacities the highest praise was bestowed on him as one of the foremost in the country. His career was held up as an example to young men to imitate his industry and perseverance in the cultivation of the talents with which he had been gifted. The rev. gentleman closed his discourse with a touching reference to the Christian example displayed in the last hours of the deceased, who when the dawn of the Sabbath morn was breaking, said to those around him, "it is getting dark," and gently passed from the darkness of this world to the eternal light of the everlasting Sabbath in Heaven.

After the sermon the solo *Pie Jesu*, from Beethoven, was sung, and afterwards the *Inflammatis* chorus and solo. This was followed by the *Libera*, a plain chant, sung by both choirs united. The Bishop assisted by the clergy, Monseigneur Laroque, Bishop of St. Hyacinthe, also being present, performed the services for the dead in the most solemn manner. This concluded, the coffin was removed and borne from the church, the organ playing Smith's funeral march. The Cathedral which had been entirely filled by people of all religious denominations now poured forth its vast multitude to rejoin the procession which, in the same order as before, proceeded with slow and solemn step up Sussex-st. to Rideau, and up Rideau to the Roman Catholic Cemetery on Sandy Hill.

AT THE GRAVE.

The coffin was now brought from the funeral car to the family grave. Previously to being lowered to the last earthly resting place the coffin was placed in another coffin covered with cloth, and that again into a shell. His Lordship the Bishop, assisted by the Rev. Father Dandurand, Vicar-General; Rev. Father Pallier, Parish Priest of St. Joseph's; and the Rev. Father Collins, performed the last ceremonies in a voice tremulous with emotion. The vast crowd stood uncovered in almost breathless silence to catch every word till the last was pronounced. And all that was mortal of him, who but a few days ago was the city's chief magistrate, lay cold and lifeless in the grave. He discharged his duty to the city well when living, and the city has honoured him in his death, and thus honoured itself.

We cannot conclude without expressing our satisfaction at the general compliance, on the part of tradesmen and storekeepers with the request of the council, that they should close their places of business from two to five o'clock. Not only was this cheerfully done, but many persons very fully draped their houses in mourning, and the public generally join us in thanking them for it.

LOCAL NEWS.

CITY COUNCIL.—An adjourned meeting of the City Council will be held this evening.

The great Auction Sale of Hay at the Railway Depot will be continued to-day at 2 o'clock. 1054.1

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.—The time for the running of trains on this railroad has been changed, as will be seen on reference to advertisement.

POLICE COURT.—His Worship the Police Magistrate adjourned his court yesterday morning without doing any business, out of respect to the memory of the late Mayor Friel.

NEWS AGENCY.—Mr. D. Fulton has returned from New York, where he has made arrangements to be supplied with the latest American and foreign periodicals at the earliest possible time. Mr. Fulton has been very successful in the news business, and with the energy and perseverance which he possesses is sure to continue as successful in future.

A MAN DROWNED OFF A CRIB.—On Tuesday a crib which had just run the rapids above the Big Chaudiere, and had reached the bay when a man, whose name we did not learn, accidentally fell off the crib. His brother, who was also on the crib, jumped in after him but could not find him. Every search was made to recover the body, but up to yesterday morning it had not been found.

THE TEA TRADE.—The large business now being done in the tea and coffee trade by Messrs. A. O. Audy & Co. is an illustration of the advantage to be derived by both consumer and merchant from the system of selling moderate quantities at wholesale prices. Of course the return of the customer depends on the quality of the article which he has received, and the Messrs. Audy & Co., being their own importers, take care that this shall be good. A list of qualities, prices, and size of packages will be found in our advertising columns.

MUD AT NEW EDINBURGH.—Our friends at New Edinburgh seem to be emulating our own city at its worst times in the matter of mud. So deep and miry is this commodity, especially between the two bridges, that it is not only very inconvenient, but next to impossible for carriages and vehicles of all kinds to get through, and if it be not soon removed will prevent—if it has not already prevented—many people from paying them friendly visits. This is a poor compliment to his Excellency the Governor-General. Or do they wish to keep him and Lady Young prisoners there?

MAJOR'S HILL.—The band of the Rifle Brigade will play the following programme of music, on the the Major's Hill to-day, between three and five o'clock, p. m.:

1 Pas Redouble...Le Tirailleur...Sellenck
2 Overture...Le Dieu et la Bayadere..Auber
3 Waltz.....Wiener Kinder.....Strauss
4 Operatic selection..Linda di Chamouni.. Donizetti
5 Quadrille.....Hartung
6 Aria e coro...Beatrice di Tenda...Bellini
7 Galop.....Doppler

The Rifle Brigade Marches
National Anthem.

THE SWALLOWS.—Just before dusk every evening there may be seen thousands of the swallows known as chimney swallows, flying about the Parliament Buildings, especially the Eastern Block, to which they seem to be more particulary attached, and where the greater part have taken up their summer quarters. These summer friends are said to perform daily journeys of hundreds of miles, and return regularly at night, flying around the buildings in circles, and then descend into their nests in the chimneys for the night, to refresh themselves for similar journeys on the morrow. There are known to be five varieties of the swallow tribe which are regular visitors, here besides the martin,

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY EXCURSION.—It will be seen by advertisement that the members of the Natural History Society have determined on a visit to Mount Humboldt and Warwicker's Lake, on the 24th inst., as the best way to combine science and pleasure. The view from Mount Humboldt is said to be very fine, and those who have never visited that romantic spot are promised a rare treat. The view of the city and surrounding country from Mount Humboldt can be enjoyed to great advantage by the use of telescopes, and each member of the party, or each club, should provide themselves with one. Good fishing, fine scenery, and a pleasant and instructive day is promised to all who join.

DISCONTENT IN THE MARKET.—It is not an unusual thing to hear expressions of dissatisfaction around farmers' waggons in the market, especially in times of scarcity. Tuesday morning there came near being a breach of the peace between some women who stood around a waggon, where there was print butter for sale, and an Upper-Town storekeeper, who wished to buy up the whole before the time prescribed by law, thereby preventing the women from getting it in such quantities as suited their means. Several of the women had priced it, and were about to purchase, some a pound, and some more, when the selfish fellow told the farmer he would take it all at the same price, and relieve him of the trouble of retailing it. One of the women, who knew her rights, went in quest of the market constable, who, meanwhile, came up, and the mean storekeeper slunk off, perhaps in quest of another bargain. The constable made the proper explanation to the countryman, who sold his butter to the women, and got his money. One of the women proposed to give the fellow a ducking in the By-Wash, and it would have served him right. No honest dealer would be guilty of such meanness, but this fellow is often guilty of such things, and he had better take care.

THE CONCERT.—The great sacred music concert, originated by Mr. Miller, for the purpose of raising a fund to procure an organ for the church, has ended, we should hope, to the entire satisfaction of every one—even to himself. Peculiarly it would appear to have been successful, if we may judge of the audience, for the Rink has seldom been so well filled; and then as to the music, that must surely have been satisfactory, and we are glad the audience said so by their applause. The choruses mostly went off with great smoothness, and when we consider that many of those engaged are unused to that sort of thing, the wonder is that in so short a time Mr. Miller should have had them so well trained. Few men would have had the patience and perseverence necessary for the work. But he has not only taught the choruses to sing in time and tune, but he has developed voices out of hopeless material. In fact some of the present owners of very passable voices, did not a few weeks ago believe it possible for them to sing at all. We could point out some of these, but refrain, and let them go on singing without divulging a secret they may wish to keep. It is not our intention to go through the excellent programme again, because those who were absent could not appreciate it, and those who heard it last night for themselves, do not require it. We may, however, mention two or three of the names of the soloists. Mr. Orme, for example, had not previously allowed us to know what a voice he has, but it is now known, and depend on it he will be asked to sing again. Miss A. Jenkins also is now fairly booked among the amateurs. Mrs. MacGillivray was known as a vocalist before, but never so well and favourably as now. Both of these ladies gave great pleasure in their roles last night, and so did Miss Calder, and Miss Smith. It is praise enough for Mr. Sinclair to be told that he sang as well as ever. Nearly all the gentlemen, perhaps, all who sang in the quartets may justly felicitate themselves in having done well. We have neither space, time, nor inclination to criticise, and the remaining names are above and independent of our criticism. We allude to those "bright pasticular stars" of the concert, and of all concerts, Miss Aumond and Madame Gelinas, both of whom are excellent; but Miss Aumond with her two octave compass of voice, is really astonishing, and if she goes on improving as she has done for the last six months, we shall not be surprised if some Italian *Impressario* should steal her away from us. Madame Gelinas is sublime in her rendition of classical music, and it will be wise for all young ladies who aspire to be good vocalists to hear those ladies as often as possible. We congratulate all parties on the admirable success of last night's concert.

The great Auction Sale of Hay at the Railway Depot will be continued to-day at 2 o'clock. 1054.1

Latest by Telegraph.

VIA Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 19.

About 700 emigrants, by the *Serapis*, arrived to-day. A good many have been already despatched to places where needed through the exertions of Mr. Donaldson, emigration agent. About 800 more, by the *Moravian*, are expected to-night. Another building for new arrivals has been secured by Mr. Donaldson, at a cost of $100 for the season.

Whiskey Mason was to-day committed for trial on the stabbing case.

Judge Wilson has applied for six months' leave of absence on account of ill health. He has so far recovered from his late illness that he is pronounced out of danger, but his physicians insist on rest, and a visit to Southern Europe.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, May 19.

The mails and passengers of the *Grecian*, which struck in the Long Sault rapids yesterday, arrived here this morning. The steamer, it is believed, will be easily got off.

Miss Rye leaves England with 100 girls on 10th prox.

An Englishman named Measby died suddenly at the St. James' Club House last night.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 19.—The anniversary meeting of the Peace Society was held to-day. Resolutions were adopted regretting the rejection by the United States Senate of the *Alabama* claims treaty, hoping if the statesmen of the two countries are unable to grapple with the emergencies that the reason and christianity of the two great Anglo-Saxon nations may interpose to prevent war, and rejoicing in the activity and earnestness of the Peace Society in America.

The London *Times* to-day continues to discuss the relations of Great Britain and the United States. After tracing the feeling of the Americans towards England in the past, and the conduct of England during the late rebellion, it says the Americans know that their conduct was, or was not intended to be void of offence. If private opinions or sympathies are to be made the subject of international litigation, Americans must consider what counter charges they are liable to. In a cause so founded the wiser course would be to put aside such matters, and confine the negotiations to affairs within the cognisance of public law.

The *Daily Telegraph* also publishes the same theme. It says having made our protest, we may be well content to wait. It is undesirable to leave the question open, but in the present condition of American feeling no possibility of a speedy and satisfactory settlement is apparent. Beyond the desire to act justly this country has no interest in concluding a convention, that such agreement might protect our commerce hereafter from such depredations as those committed by the *Alabama*. A convention not cordially accepted by Americans as a full discharge of their supposed grievances would be valueless, and the execution of such a compact, if made at the present time, would be exceedingly doubtful. The honest and faithful exposition of the views of each nation will pave the way to a conciliation and settlement.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 18.—The elections in the vicinity are likely to result favourably to the Opposition, but the general result throughout the country leaves little hope for that party.

The negotiations for the conference between France and Belgium have been commenced. The session of the Commission will open in this city at an early day.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 18.—Senor Figuerata, Minister of Finance, to-day submitted the budget to the Cortes.

SWITZERLAND.

BERNE, May 17.—The Swiss Government has prohibited Mazini from taking up his residence in any of the Cantons bordering on France or Italy.

CUBA.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The *World's* Havana correspondence says General Lesaca has had a fight with the insurgents near Puerto Principe, with a terrible result for them, although the column suffered the loss of a Lieutenant-Colonel, a Captain, six men killed, and thirty wounded. A witness places the insurgent loss at 2,000 men. Better information, however, shows that the result was far more terrible to the Spaniards than to the insurgents, and that the Spaniards suffered the worst defeat they have experienced since the revolution began. Many of the best and bravest of the Spanish officers are reported killed and wounded.

NEW YORK, May 19.—A private letter from General Quesada, dated Loamnia, 3rd, says: Excuse these few hasty lines from the field of battle. I have had a sanguinary fight with our bitter enemies. They were almost three to our one, but thanks to Supreme Providence who has sustained the weak army of liberty against the tyrannical power of Spain we are conquerors. The brave hearts of the Cubans have proved themselves stronger than the disciplined Spanish legions, although the latter were three times more numerous. He adds that Cuba will be free, and calls upon the people of the United States to recognize the belligerent rights of the patriots.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Arrived.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The steamship *Hammonia*, from Hamburg, has arrived.

The great Auction Sale of Hay at the Railway Depot will be continued to-day at 2 o'clock. 1054.1

Use the New Dominion Cement. For sale everywhere 1044a

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs: public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vexata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY. For sale by all druggists.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

MARE FOR SALE

BY AUCTION.

The subscriber will sell by Public Auction OUTSIDE THE RUSSELL HOUSE, ON THURSDAY, 20TH INSTANT, At 11 o'clock, a.m.,

A BEAUTIFUL CHESNUT MARE,

white stockings, over 15 hands high, and rising seven years—a splendid pacer in saddle or harness. She is the property of an officer who is going to England. She would not be sold under any other circumstances. Her

BRIDLE AND SADDLE,

English make, will be offered same time and place.

ALSO,

a five groove short Hay converted Snider-Enfield BREECH LOADING RIFLE,

taking Government ammunition; sight 1,250 yards.

A SKIFF, 21 feet long by 6 in beam, nearly new, will be offered.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer.

A valuable, and splendid

PRAIRIE SETTER,

on hands, to be sold at private sale.
1051td J. B.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF CITY REAL ESTATE.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has received instructions from Mr. E. SPENCER to offer for sale by Public Auction, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 22nd MAY, INSTANT, at 12 o'clock, noon, that very valuable property on the south side of Slater-st., adjoining the workshop of Mr. Gallagher on the east, being Lot No. 54, and the east half of Lot No. 53 in a block, 99 x 152 feet, with lane 12 feet wide running along the west side of the lot the whole length thereof, and upon which is erected a two story Gravel House, plastered, resting on a stone foundation, and between the house and the street there is a stone foundation for a two tenement house, of which the house now erected is intended for kitchens. There are also on the premises a good well of water, woodshed, kitchen and stable, and an excellent garden, in which is a very fine strawberry bed, and the whole premises thoroughly drained, and altogether it is one of the most desirable properties in the market, and well worthy the attention of purchasers.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, May 18, 1869. 1052td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Little's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

By John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers, Montreal.

TRADE SALE OF NEW CROP TEAS.

On THURSDAY, 20th instant, will be offered for account of Messrs. DAVID TORRANCE & Co., at their sample rooms, Exchange Court, by Catalogue about 5,000 packages NEW CROPS CHINA GREEN TEAS ex *Ellen Rickmers*, &c., consisting of HYSON, YOUNG HYSON, GUNPOWDER, IMPERIAL and TWANKAY; also 4,511 packages NEW CROP NATURAL LEAF JAPAN TEAS ex *Union*.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
1049td Auctioneers.

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, in a sealed envelope, marked Tenders for Printing, Paper, or Binding (as the case may be), will be received until THURSDAY, 27th INST., after which day no tender will be received, for the Printing, furnishing the Printing Paper, and the Binding required for the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada.

No tender will be received except on the blank form, which can be had on application to the undersigned, and from whom all information can be obtained.

The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.

By order,
HENRY HARTNEY,
Clerk Joint Committee of both Houses on Printing.
Department of Printing of Parliament,
Ottawa, May, 1869. 1044a

WANTED,

An APPRENTICE for the Grocery business. Apply at this office.
May 18, 1869. 1053.3

WANTED,

A STOUT BOY TO CARRY OUT PARCELS.
Apply to
1052tf T. & W. HUNTON.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST
STOCK OF CARPETINGS
AND
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MILLINERY
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MANTLES,
AT MODERATE PRICES,
IN EVERY STYLE,
At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Silk Velvets,
Velveteens and
Water-proof Cloakings
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY
DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Satin and Lace,
Plain and Fancy Silk,
Dress Trimmings,
Buttons, Linings, &c.,
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Ribbons, Lace,
Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,
And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Broadcloths, Tweeds,
Coatings, Vestings, and
Tailors' Trimmings
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Sheetings,
Pillow Cottons,
Linens, Prints,
White and Grey Cottons
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF NEW GOODS
in all the Departments, is to be found at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.
INSPECTION INVITED.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

CARPETS!
CARPETS!
Per Steamer "Bellona," from London direct.
MAGEE & RUSSELL
WILL SHOW TO-DAY,
NEW BRUSSELS
AND
TAPESTRY CARPETS
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
ALSO,
HEARTH RUGS TO MATCH.
Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

Dry Goods.

PANIC! PANIC! PANIC
GREAT CHANC
SAFER THAN A LOTTERY
AS ALL ARE SURE TO GET A PRIZE
$30,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY for.....$12,000.

Owing to the late panic in Montreal, and the large number of Bankrupt Stocks that in consequence have been thrown on the market, we were enabled to purchase an assorted stock of

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,

amounting to $30,000, for the small sum of 7s on the pound, being lower than any stock we have yet purchased.

So now is the time for bargains. But you must hurry up as we intend selling them very low so as to clear them off quick. For instance here is something to please the eye and make the pocket feel good as it draws so little from it.

The stock consists of the following goods, viz:

DRESS GOODS!

One case plain Poplin, choice colours, for .....9d pr yd, worth 1s 3d
One case Silk Striped, do very new.....10½d do do 1s 6d
20 pieces Silk Striped, do very new.....1s do do 1s 9d
10 pieces Rosslind, Shot Striped Lusters.....9d do do 1s 3d
15 pieces Yucatan Cloths...1s 3d do do 2s 6d

Also, 1 case assorted yard wide goods, in splendid colours, and of the latest styles, for 1s 10½d.

The same goods cannot be bought in any house in the city for less than 3s 6d.

Immense bargains in WHITE COTTONS, a first class White Cotton only 5d per yard.

50 dozen White Hose.....5d per pair
20 pieces Ticking .....only 9d, worth 1s 3d
50 dozen all Linen Towels, good .....for 3d each
60 do do do do 5d, worth 9d each
157 pairs Corsets, ...for 2s per pair
100 White quilts.....at a great bargain
200 Coloured Quilts.....only 5s, worth 2s 6d
100 Silk and Wool Shirts for Boats, ing.....7s 6d worth 12s 6d
400 pairs Gloves.....for 4d per pair
100 do Fine Silk Gloves...only 1s 3d, worth 2s 6d
Pocket Handkerchiefs.....1½d each
do do hemmed.....6d each
Also, 2 cases Prints, slightly damaged 3d to 4½d per yard

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!
CLOTHING!
THE GREATEST SACRIFICE OF THE AGE IN CLOTHING.

Splendid all wool Suits warranted.....for $9
Good Suits.....for $4.50
Vests.....from 75c up
Pants.....50c, 75c and $1 per pair
And a magnificent Alpacca Coat.....only $1.25

AT
THE OCCIDENTAL EMPORIUM,
STEWART'S BLOCK, RIDEAU-ST.,
near Sappers' Bridge.
H. HICK & CO.

SIMCOE OLD RYE.
(*Ritchie, Ford & Co.*)
Just received.
JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, May 12. 1047tf

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.
The first of the season.
Just received.
JAS. BUCHANAN'S,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette*,) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.
300 BBLS. MESS PORK.
200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.
500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin their agents for
COAL OIL,
they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the
BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's
HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for
REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated
HAMS,
BACON, &c.
C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.
STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.
THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING
BOOKBINDING,
&c., &c., &c.
To be had at
"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"
PRINTING,
AND
STATIONERY STORE,
21 *Rideau-st.*,
THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, lar ge
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to mat
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultra rine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and L Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do, double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lin d do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—
Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—
Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES
Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.
Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal and Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—
Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.
N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—
Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—
Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,
Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—
Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'
Office Requisites supplied on reasonable terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES
Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS
Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
INCLUDING
Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Boo Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice an on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,
General Geography, with 39 coloured map price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,
Authorized by the Council of Public Instructio for Ontario. The prices are
FIRST Book, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.
FIRST Book—Part Second, 54 illustratio strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND Book, 56 illustrations,

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 20, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

Teas.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

TRADE O. A. A. & Co. MARK.

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable men to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade. Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Cattees and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Cattees, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money can be collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. Where there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we will send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs, and sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, will receive one of their own choice in return at our expense.

We subjoin a list of our prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do.	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do.	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the address,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Box 201, P. O., Ottawa, or
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, May 8, 1869.

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S
SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,
HULL,
Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

☞Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

☞Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

☞Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method o returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of
ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,
GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for
HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,
AND
DECORATING ROOMS,
Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
1002tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE
"ROCKET,"
WINNER OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE IN 1862,
Height 15½ hands.

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of
MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON,
Clarence-st., near the Market.
☞Terms $10 for the season.
Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

FOR SALE.

A first-rate BLACK CANADIAN PONEY, SET HARNESS and SPRING WAGGON, all in good order. Will be sold cheap for cash.
Apply to
J. CONNOR,
1050a Gloucester-st., near Rideau-st.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.
Apply, on the premises, to
JOHN COOK, Proprietor.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to
SAMUEL LEMIEUX,
Plantagenet Mills, Ontario.
1043tf

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.
Apply to
ROD. ROSS.
Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,
AT NEW EDINBURGH,
A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.
Apply to
R. BLACKBURN.
New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.
Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.
Apply to
S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.
April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.
RODERICK ROSS.
Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND
TO RENT,
For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,
CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

GARDENER'S
BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents.	And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS
Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:
Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.
The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.
Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

THE OTTAWA LIVERY
SALE AND BAIT STABLES,
Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of
A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,
Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.
N. B.—Charges moderate.

PLANTS FOR SALE.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public that he has on hand and for sale TOMATOES, EARLY and LATE CABBAGE PLANTS, CAULIFLOWERS, MELONS, CUCUMBERS in variety, and all the different plants suitable for a garden.
J. H. DWYRE,
1050a Corner of Slater and O'Connor-sts.

TIN SPICE BOXES,
A novelty,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

From 15th June, the HOUSE occupied by CAPTAIN SCOTT, on Daly-st., Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, May 14. 1049tf

HOUSE TO LET

On Richmond Road, of six rooms. Apply to J. McGAW, Cave Creek Hotel. 1049a

CHOICE
FARMING LANDS FOR SALE
IN THE COUNTIES OF
KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to
JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.
April 7th, 1869. 1033td

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his
BOWLING ALLEY.
This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.
B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.
B. B. L.

AGENTS WANTED--$10 A DAY.
TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.
LLOYD'S PATENT
REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS,
Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."
J. T. LLOYD,
1043.20d 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.
S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.
April 27, 1869. 1034tf

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!
BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!
A beautiful and varied assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,
BATHS, of all kinds,
TOILET SETTS,
Plain and Ornamented,
☞REFRIGERATORS!
☞REFRIGERATORS
McKeley's Patent.

We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!
Best patterns in use.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st.,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS
FOR THE
PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist;*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,
BILIOUS FEVER,
PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY
GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.
Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.
LEWIS A. PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.
DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.
PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,
CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,
CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO
30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
" Superfine o.	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.
W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,
AND
COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,
HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,
OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75.y House, Land and General Agent.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE!
AT
THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

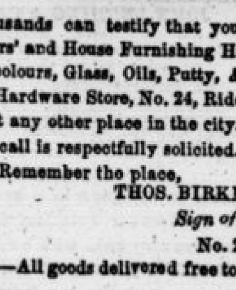
and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, &c., &c.,
AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24, Rideau-st. Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

☞Remember the place,
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.
Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!
STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated
HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon an Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.
Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.
J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.
FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.
STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,
AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.
J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying
TO THE VARIETY HALL.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION--CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

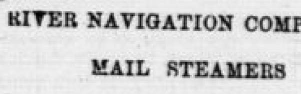
THE SISTERS
OF THE
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

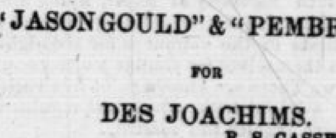
Steamers.



THE OTTAWA
RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S
MAIL STEAMERS
HAVE
COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS
BETWEEN
OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.
R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.
May 7, 1869. 1043tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,
Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"
LEAVES
AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,
FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,
CONNECTING WITH
STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"
"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"
FOR
DES JOACHIMS.
R. S. CASSELS,
1042tf President.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to F. RRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION
BOTH
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
AT
W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 482y

CONCENTRATED LYE.
CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME.
ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER TUESDAY, MAY 18th, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p. m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p. m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west, also with the steamers of the Royal Mail Line.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,
COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
4:00 P. M.--TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p m. 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 8.35 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.
6:00 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 3:15 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.
5:15 P. M.--TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

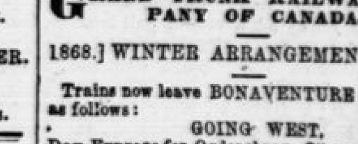
LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.
10:05 A.M.--TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:10 a m
Night do do do do do	8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at	8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 pm, 5:00 pm

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at via Vermont Central.	3:30 p m
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	4:00
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

☞Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

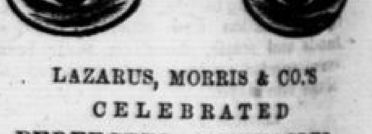
The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 6 p.m., for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec 1868.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
PERFECTED SPECTACLES,
AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses. viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.
YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

PANCREATINE FOR
INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.
Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director. ALEX ROBERTSON Editor.

VOL. IV.

Marriage Li[censes]

AGAR YEILDING, Agent for MARRIAGE LICEN[SES] of Ottawa, by commission from the Governor-General.
OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Ottawa, April 9, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS AT THE MEDICAL [HALL], 28 Sparks-st., Otta[wa]. Toilet Boxes in variety, Rimmel's New Perfumes, Cambridge Bouqu[et], Oxford Bouqu[et], English [...]. Silver Top Smelling Bottles, Scotch Plaid Smelling Bo[ttles], Improved Perfumed [...] &c. A complete stock just received of Patent Medicines, Genuine Drugs and Chemi[cals], Druggists' Sundries of [...] W. M. MASS[EY], Family and Dispe[nsing] [...]

S. ROGERS, CABINET-MAKER, UP[HOLSTERER] AND ☞UNDERTA[KER], FURNITU[RE] of every description, made to or[der] and jobbing attended to. Architects and others furnishi[ng draw]ings for any kind of wood wo[rk] correctly executed. Particular attention paid to GOTHIC & FANCY [...] FUNERAL[S] furnished at the shortest noti[ce] country. METALLIC AND OTH[ER] always on hand. EXPRESS WAG[GONS] for the removal of household fu[rniture], waggons for lumber and other [...] N.B.—Residence at the west [...] st., opposite the market

WATCH[ES]

J. SEWILL, LIVERPO[OL] Manufacturer by special a[ppointment to] HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, AND COURT OF SPA[IN], THE RIGHT HONORABLE T[HE COM]MISSIONERS OF THE A[DMIRALTY] AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VIC[TORIA'S] NAVY; Prize Medalist of the Great Int[ernational Exhibi]tion of London, 1862, and [...] versal Exhibition of P[aris]. WE HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESL[IE] Agent for Otta[wa] For the sale of these *celebrated* [...] H. & A. SAUND[ERS] Sole Wholesale Agents in the [...] sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches. Ottawa May 20.

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given, that [...] presentatives in the Council [...] Physicians and Surgeons of On[tario] Territorial Divisions constitute[d] 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) TUESDAY, the 8th day of JU[NE] There will be no nomination[s] The votes will be cast by [...] which will be sent from this of[fice] tered practitioner on the 20th d[ay] These voting papers must be [...] to instructions which will acc[ompany] transmitted to the Returning O[fficer] in which the voter resides and [...] The voting papers will be [...] turning Officers of the several T[erritories] at two o'clock, p.m., on the d[ay] the following places:— Western and St. Clair Divisi[on] do, Malahide and Tecumseth do, Saugeen and Brock do, Gore and Thames do, Erie and Niagara do, Burlington and Home do, Midland and York do, King's and Queen's do, Newcastle and Trent do, Quinte and Cataraqui do, Bathurst and Rideau do, St. Lawrence and Eastern do. The names of the Returning [...] nished on a printed envelope [...] registered practitioner. H. ST[...] Medical Registration Office, Hamilton, April 15th, 186[9].

NOTICE. The undersigned begs to sta[te] [...] OPENED AN O[FFICE] OVER A. McCORMI[CK'S] SPARKS-STR[EET] Where all orders for the CANADA GA[ZETTE] AND FOR PRINTING, BINDING, [...] may be sent, and will be pun[ctually attended to] as usual, arrangements having [been made to pre]vent any interruption to the b[usiness]. Mr. Desbarats feels gratef[ul for the support] tendered him on all sides, an[d] [...] patrons and friends in his new [...] GEORGE [DESBARATS]. Ottawa, January 21, 1869.

W. H. EASTON & C[O.], COMMISSION ME[RCHANTS] [AND] FORWARDE[RS], DEALERS I[N] Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oa[ts] [...] OTTAWA [...] End [...] Cash advanced on goods [...] diate sale. Prompt returns [...] W. H. EASTON. 2tf

THE LEADER. THE MORNING AN[D EVENING] LEADE[R] Is sold by J. R. BATTLE [...] HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent [...] Ottawa, April 26.

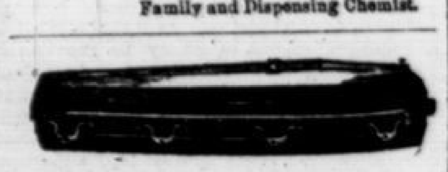
The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1054. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, MAY 21, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,
Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.
OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
78 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.
A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.



S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER.
FURNITURE
of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.
Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.
Particular attention paid to
GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.
FUNERALS
furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.
METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS
always on hand.
EXPRESS WAGGONS
for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.
N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.
There will be no nominations.
The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.
These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.
The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.
H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.
Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

NOTICE.
The undersigned begs to state that he has
OPENED AN OFFICE
OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,
SPARKS-STREET,
Where all orders for the
CANADA GAZETTE,
AND FOR
PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,
may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.
Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS,
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.
W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

THE LEADER.
THE MORNING AND EVENING
LEADER,
Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.
Ottawa, April 26. 1053tf

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP
BOOTS AND SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
YORK STREET.
I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Foot Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the
LATEST AND BEST STYLES
In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.
The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.
A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.
Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.
GEORGE MURPHY.

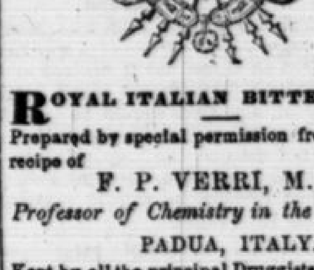
A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,
HAVE
JUST RECEIVED
ALL THE
NEWEST STYLES
IN
BOOTS AND SHOES,
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER,
COMPRISING
a very large and varied assortment of
LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.
We would call the especial attention of the
LADIES,
To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.
ALSO,
To our Prunella Balmoral, for..................$1.25.
BANKRUPT STOCK.
We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.
Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.
A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS
FOR ALL WEATHERS."
SEE
THE NEW STYLES
IN
BOOTS AND SHOES!
FOR
SUMMER,
AT
THE RED BOOT,
28 *Sussex-st.*
W. A. LAMB
would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.
GENTLEMEN'S
PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,
AT
THE RED BOOT.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES
are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.
Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.
THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.
Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.
Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.
N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.
G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.
Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of
F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of
PADUA, ITALY.
Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,
PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.
A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.
N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.
For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.
None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.
1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,
For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.
Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 785y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT,.......................DESBARAT'S BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer,
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No: 10½.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
FORWARDER,
GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,
No. 3, St. Peter-st.,
QUEBEC.
Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.
QUEBEC REFERENCES.
Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.
James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.
Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.
Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.
Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Tailoring.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian
TWEEDS,
may now be seen at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.
Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.
A. GRAHAM & CO.,
Commercial Warehouse,
No. 60 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

T. LAWRENCE
Having opened a first-class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
In Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.
From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.
Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.
Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.
P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

GENTLEMEN
Leaving their orders at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
Can get well suited in Garments.
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

N. ROBERTSON,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
BELL'S BLOCK,
Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,
In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.
MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.
Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1008-3m

COATS, PANTS and VESTS
May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

SELECT TAILORING.
T. RAJOTTE.
NEW IMPORTATIONS.
An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.
From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.
The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,
FOR CASH ONLY.
N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.
Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.
T. RAJOTTE.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
—FROM—
OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC
AND LONDON,
Consisting of
PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.
PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.
—LIKEWISE,—
A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.
TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.
PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.
ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.
50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.
200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Ressor Brothers' celebrated factory.
SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.
PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1·50 to $4.50.
ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS at prices according to age and quality.
100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.
LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.
10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.
TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.
COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.
TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.
A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.
For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,
And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,
FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.
The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his
FINE BOTTLED ALE
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
Together with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A call kindly solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.
MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
Two or three Apprentices wanted.
April 6. 1015tf

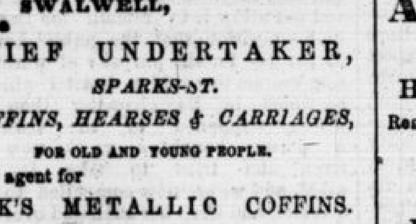
THE VARIETY HALL
HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT
34 *SUSSEX-ST.*
A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

WANTED.
A second-hand SKIFF in good order. Apply at the TIMES Office. 1051tf

Dry Goods.

CLOTHING,
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE,
READY-MADE AND TO ORDER.
O'MEARA & CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN 1844,
Offer for sale an extensive importation of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, comprising Ready-made Clothing, Canadian Tweeds, Etoffes, Satinetts; also a large stock of Blankets, Flannels, Kerseys, Gray Cottons, Prints Winceys, Plaids, &c., &c.; Broadcloths, Beavers, Witneys, Petershams, Devons, &c.; Bedford Cords, Silk Mixtures, West of England Tweeds, Doeskins, &c., wholesale and retail, which will be made up to order on the shortest notice in the latest styles of fashion and at prices that
DEFY COMPETITION.
A general assortment of Dry Goods, the largest stock ever offered for sale in this city
$1.25 BLANKETS.... $6.00. **$3.00**
TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
Particular attention given to the Tailoring Department, which is under the supervision of a first-class cutter.
$2..................GREY ETOFFE PANTS,
$4.50..........GOOD PEA JACKETS,
$4.........................OVERCOATS,
$9..........................COMPLETE SUITS
$1................................GOOD VESTS,
75 CTS. $1 and $1.25......UNDERSHIRTS,
75 CTS., $1 and $1.25 ....DRAWERS
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa, October 27 1868. 882y

OPENED OUT
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,
A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,
A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,
A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,
A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,
A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS
IN NEW MATERIALS,
A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,
A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,
TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
14 Rideau st.
Ottawa, March 28, 1869.



A. SWALWELL,
CHIEF UNDERTAKER,
SPARKS-ST.
COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,
FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.
Sole agent for
FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.
RESIDENCE—York-st, first Brick House below the market.

HOUSEKEEPERS,
BUY YOUR
STOVES AND KITCHEN
FURNISHINGS
AT
ESMONDE'S,
the cheapest place in the city. All sorts of tin-work manufactured to order.
A few second hand COOKING STOVES for sale.

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.
We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.
Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address
E. F. McAVAY & CO.,
Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)
A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

PARISIAN STEAM DYE WORKS,
M. HIRSHFIELD.
OFFICES—Nos. 374 and 258 Notre Dame-street,
MONTREAL.
OTTAWA AGENCY AT THE
CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st.
Dresses of every description, Shawls, Curtains, etc., scoured and cleaned, or dyed in all colors and shades. Gents' Garments renovated. Charges low. 1051d

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,
Very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MRS S. A. ALLEN
BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.
New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.
It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.
March 26. 1008-14y

For the effect produced by Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs the inventor is permitted to refer to the Medical Gentlemen in St. John, N. B., whose signatures are attached hereto:
WILLIAM BAYARD, M.D.
EDWIN BAYARD, M.D.
THOMAS WALKER, M.D.
JOHN BERRYMAN, M.D., ED.
DR. JOHNSTON, L.R.C.S., ED.
GEORGE KEATOR, M.D.
W. H. HARDING, M.R.C.S.
JOHN BAXTER, M.D.
J. D. WHITE, M. D.
T. W. CARRITT, M.D.
I, Aaron Alward, Mayor of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, having examined the letters of Drs. Earle, Addy, Clay, Jacobs and Chandler, and also the signatures attached to the foregoing permit of reference, hereby certify that I believe them all genuine.
I can also testify to the high therapeutical value of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs, and consider it deserving of attention by the profession generally.
{ Great Seal. } In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Seal of Mayoralty at the city of St. John, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.
AARON ALWARD, M.D.,
1049b21b Mayor of the City of St. John.
AGENTS—FRANCIS CUNDILL & CO., 32 Lemoine-st., Montreal.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Losenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.
They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.
Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.
N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Losenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where. 578y

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,
PLAIN AND DECORATIVE
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Respectfully informs the public that he will in a
FEW DAYS
OPEN A FIRST-CLASS
PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Pending which his office will be on the
FIRST FLOOR
OF THE
MASONIC HALL BLOCK,
ELGIN-STREET,
Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and
RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK
In all the various branches of his business.
Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

PUBLIC NOTICE
Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a mortgage made by MICHAEL O'BRIEN, of the township of Fitzroy, in the county of Carleton, yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Esquire, now deceased, to which mortgage JANE O'BRIEN, the wife of the said Michael O'Brien, was made a party, for the purpose of barring dower only, of Lot number Sixteen, in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. SCOTT & ROSS, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of MAY, 1869, at TWELVE o'clock noon.
Margaret Malloch, the devisee named in the last will and testament of the said Edward Malloch, Esquire, deceased, will only covenant that she has done no act to incumber.
The purchaser will accept the title as it stood at the execution of the mortgage.
Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.
1049td W. A. ROSS, Vendor's Solicitor.

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!
The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays for Sunday's use, for $6 00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.
THOMAS STARMER,
1043d 124 Rideau-st.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD—TRAVEL AND FARE ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* gives us the following information concerning the trip across the continent, and the arrangements which have been made for the accommodation of passengers:

The respective officers of the different companies have concluded that, for the present the fare from New York to San Francisco for emigrant and second class passengers should be seventy-five dollars, and to first class passengers one hundred and seventy-five dollars. In regard to the charge for through freight nothing definite has yet been arranged, but a tariff will be determined on in a few days. It is expected that the trip from shore to shore can be made in between six and seven days. For the present the time of running will be rather slower, as the track is new and wants ballasting and "surfacing." After that, when from running trains the proper firmness is gained, the time will be somewhat inside of six days. So that a person leaving New York on Monday morning may spend his next Sunday in sight of the Golden Gate on the Pacific. The Union Company as well as the Central, have each over 2,000 freight cars in readiness to transport whatever of merchandise may offer, and while the first has over 150 locomotives the latter counts 190, all in good working order. They were made in the Eastern States, excepting two, which were constructed in San Francisco. The Central burns wood only in their engines. The Union was fortunate enough to find heavy and extensive coal beds on the government lands, donated along the line, sufficient to yield them fuel for centuries to come, and they had their locomotives constructed to burn coal, and they mine the material themselves. On passenger trains everything will be provided that the wants of man may suggest. Sleeping cars, drawing-room cars for ladies, saloon cars for gentlemen, restaurant cars, with kitchens on wheels; in fact, everything that a first-class hotel in a city can offer will there be found in the comparatively small limit of a railway train. And it has been suggested—and the suggestion is not a bad one—that to each train there should be added a printing car, where, every morning and evening, the news from the East and West may be gathered, put in type and printed in sheets, so that the travelling passengers, during the several days on the route, may have the regular morning and evening papers as well as their meals.

CUNNING OF A FOX.—A hunter who was one morning keeping watch in the forest, saw a fox cautiously making his approach towards the stump of an old tree. When sufficiently near, he took a high and determined jump on to the top of it, and after looking round a while, hopped to the ground again. After Reynard had repeated this knightly exercise several times, he went his way, but presently returned to the same spot, bearing a pretty heavy piece of dry oak in his mouth, and thus burdened, as it would seem for the purpose of testing his vaulting powers, he renewed his leaps on to the stump. After a time, however, and when he found that, weighted as he was, he could make the ascent with facility, he desisted from further efforts, dropped the piece of wood from his mouth, and coiling himself upon the stump, remained motionless as if dead. At the approach of evening an old sow and her progeny, five or six in number, issued from a neighboring thicket, and pursuing their usual track, passed near to the stump. Two of her sucklings followed somewhat behind the rest, and just as they neared his ambush, Michael, with the rapidity of thought, darted down from his perch upon one of them, and in the twinkling of an eye, bore it in triumph on the fastness he had so providentially prepared beforehand. Confounded at the shrieks of her offspring, the old sow returned in fury to the spot, and until late in the night made repeated desperate attempts to storm the murderer's strong hold; but the fox took the matter cooley, and devoured the pig under the very nose of its mother.—*Naturalist in Norway.*

Mr. Kenneth McKenzie, one of the most prominent and well to do farmers of the township of Puslinch, with a party of about forty sturdy young Canadians of that vicinity, passed through London on Monday, over the Great Western Railway, *en route* to Red River, *via* St. Paul's, Minn. They carry with them stock, horses, implements, seeds, &c., and seem to be precisely the right sort of men to encounter the hardships which must be met by the pioneer. The *Advertiser* says Mr. McKenzie visited the Red River country last year on a prospecting tour, and formed a very high opinion of its agricultural capabilities. He secured his title according to squatter laws to 1,400 acres of the choicest land, embracing wood, water and prairie, by ploughing two furrows completely around the block—an occupation which occupied 3 days. He now goes out at the head of this young colony, and a large number are to follow. Success to them.

WEALTH OF SIR EDWARD CUNARD.—Sir Edward Cunard leaves a comfortable estate to his heirs—$3,300,000. By his will $1,500,000 goes to his eldest son, Sir Bache Cunard (now aged sixteen years,) born in New York, as were all his children; $700,000 to his second and third sons; and $100,000 each and the accumulations thereof, to his four daughters, all quite young. The extra portion to the eldest was probably inherited by Sir Edward from his father, the first baronet of the county of Middlesex, (London,) in the Kingdom of Great Britain. The United States income return for 1868, of Sir Edward, made to the assistant assessor for the town of Southfield, in the county of Richmond, Staten Island, New York, amounts to nearly $200,000.

Lord Palmerston was always very particular to write nothing rash. He wrote at a standing desk, and kept his inkstand at the other end of the room, so that he had the time occupied in crossing the room twice to reflect upon what he intended to say. His own excuse for this habit was that he obtained necessary exercise.

A book entitled "The subjection of Women," by John Stuart Mill, is announced in London as being nearly ready.

—In answer to a general inquiry: Who is the new bishop of Montreal and Metropolitan? we have collected the following:—The Reverend Ashton Oxenden, M. A. is Honorary Canon of Canterbury, and Rector of Pluckley, near Ashford, Kent. He belongs to a very old family in Kent. He has written works on the following subjects: "Pathway of safety;" "Our Church and Her Services;" "The Earnest Communicant;" "Home Beyond;" "Sermons to the Poor;" and "The Cottage Library." These works are well known in the Church of England throughout the world, and as one of the Bishops stated on Friday afternoon, "his praise is in all the Churches." It may be added also, that his works have had an immense circulation. 124,000 copies of "The Pathway of Safety" have been sold, 122,000 copies of "The Earnest Communicant" and 14 editions have been issued of "Family prayers," (of which he is the joint author, B. H. Ramsden being *Collaborateur.*) Five editons of his work on "The Lord's Supper" have been called for; four of his "Story of Ruth;" and three of a work on "Baptism." Eight thousand copies have been sold of his "Sermons on the Christian Life." Other works on the "Parables of our Lord," "Decision," "Lectures on the Gospels," and other subjects are highly esteemed, and have had a wide circulation. That his works deserve the great popularity which they have attained may be gathered from the following opinion of Miss Dora Greenwell in her essays on popular religious literature:—"In this department [that of Popular Religious Literature], we know nothing equal in usefulness to the tracts and small religious books of the Reverend Ashton Oxenden. They are clear, simple, evangelical, holding out the great truth of salvation with a firm grasp, drawing the reader's heart near them, as with a loving voice and hand. Mr. Oxenden has also the great merit of writing in short sentences, short like the Lacedemonian, yet reaching the heart." Mr. Oxenden is nearly sixty years of age. He has for many years been a member of the Diocese of Canterbury, of the House of Convocation.

The Paris *Pitit Moniteur* says:—"Pius IXth. received with his own hands the offerings presented to him by the different deputations. Among others the Pope received on the 10th an English nobleman, who presented his Holiness with a skull-cap filled with sovereigns. At the end of the tassel was a diamond of immense value. Having presented his magnificent offering, the Englishman added with the usual phlegm of his nation, that he gave the present on condition of getting the Pope's skull-cap in return. Pius IX. smiled, and ringing the bell he ordered the servant to bring him another *Calotte*. When brought he took off the one he wore and gave it to the Englishman who put it in his pocket and retired, saying that he never was so pleased in his life.

—Michigan papers state that a young man named George Denslow, living at Rome Center, in that State, dreamed on the night of the 13th March that he was a deaf mute, and awakening was horrified to find that he could neither speak nor hear. From that time till the 4th of May, fifty-three days, he remained totally deaf and dumb. On the evening of that day, while returning from the field where he had been at work, an odd feeling came over him and he was obliged to lean against the fence for support. Presently he heard a bird sing, and he found also that his voice had returned to him. During his suspension of voice and hearing he had enjoyed uncommonly good health.

—An old stable-keeper in England says he has never had a bad foot on his horses since he commenced the practice of bedding on a thick layer of sawdust. Pine sawdust he finds the best, oak the worst.

The Earl of Zetland has, at a Grand Lodge of Masons, held in London recently, been elected Grand Master for the 26th time.

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.
The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY
6 Hospital-st., Montreal.
Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Teas will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.
BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.
GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.
MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.
G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.
An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Auction Sale of City Property—H. McLean.
Do. Horses, Carriages, &c.—Do.
Union Forwarding and Railway Company—R. S. Cassels.
Fashionable Hats at Hodge's, Sparks-st.
Late Literature—John Durie & Son.
Instruction in Music—Dr. Schilling.

JOB WORK, including PAMPHLETS, POSTERS DODGERS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS, CARDS, &c., printed at THE TIMES office, at low rates, and with neatness and despatch.

Another Mammoth Weekly.

THE WEEKLY TIMES,
WITH SUPPLEMENT,
READY THIS MORNING,

Contains FORTY-EIGHT COLUMNS of READING MATTER, containing in part—
The debate in the Senate on Immigration.
Proceedings in the Commons, including
The debate on the Governor-General's Salary;
St. John River Navigation;
The Banking and Currency Scheme;
Supply;
Intercolonial Railway; &c., &c.
Editorials;
Local News;
Telegraphic;
General News; &c., &c.

Price Five cents, done up in wrappers. For sale at the office of publication on Thursday morning.

$1.00 a year, payable in advance.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, MAY 21, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

THE Argenteuil Election Committee have thrown out the petition filed by the contestant, Mr. HUTCHINS, against the voters' lists of two of the parishes. This will probably lead to a speedy decision in favour of the sitting member, the Hon. Mr. ABBOTT.

WHEN the Senate adjourns to-day, it stands adjourned till this day week at seven o'clock p.m. The motion to adjourn was carried by a vote of 21 to 20.

As there are two holidays next week—the QUEEN's birthday on Monday, and *Corpus Christi* on Thursday—the Senators only lose two working days, for one of which they will make up by sitting on Saturday.

PART one of the "Miscellaneous Statistics "of Canada, for the year 1867," being the municipal returns for Ontario, has just been distributed. According to the summary the population of the Province, including only the number of persons in the family of each person rated as resident, is 1,308,702; but to this must be added the persons living in the Province who are not of the family of resident ratepayers.

Of live stock we find cattle 944,852; sheep, 1,764,917; hogs, 651,388, and horses, 351,298.

THERE is at the present time great interest manifested, especially in the commercial centres of Ontario and Quebec, for a speedy opening up of communication between Fort William and Fort Garry. Whether this work is to be done by private enterprise or by the Government, it is abundantly evident that it must be done quickly. If not done quickly the interest recently so generally awakened in Britain in the cause of emigration will soon forget our Northwest, for the prairie lands of our neighbours. In the article which we copied from the London *Standard* yesterday, it was shown how largely the emigrants from the British Isles went to the United States, instead of coming to this country; and it also showed that agencies were now at work which would in a great measure counteract this and bring the emigrants to Canada.

So far this is well. But we must, if possible, have something for them to do when they arrive. The seven sections of the Intercolonial Railway now under contract will afford employment for a large number of a certain class, and were a substantial beginning made for constructing a railway to the Northwest, there need be no fear but that settlers would rapidly pour into that region. In Canada the railway has followed settlement, and run parallel with accustomed channels of travel. In the United States the railway has in many instances preceded settlement, and as a consequence progress has gone on with wonderful rapidity. It is time that this experiment were tried in Canada; and it will be tried to some extent on the Intercolonial Railway, but the Northwest country is the field for fully testing its value.

We have received a communication upon this subject which is deserving of attention, and we shall endeavour to lay it before our readers to-morrow. In the discussion of all these public enterprises we think it important to keep in view their influence upon immigration. The country was never more in need of a large increase of population than now. There must of necessity be considerable expense attending the government of such vast regions as are already, and about to come, under our central administration, and unless we can speedily and largely add to our population, it is evident that the mere accession of territory will only be a burthen.

WHILE we regard as utterly contemptible in the Legislature, and very disgraceful to the country, the successive discussions that have taken place on the GOVERNOR-GENERAL's salary; and while believing that the harping upon "grave constitutional points," is, in many cases, worse than a waste of time, we feel bound to acknowledge that the Hon. Mr. HOLTON's course, in the debate yesterday, was one which deserves special commendation. But a short time ago we had occasion to give Mr. HOLTON credit as a parliamentary tactician. To-day he may fairly be credited with something higher. The question at issue—the income of HER MAJESTY's representative in this Dominion—was one which touched the honour, rather than the pockets, of the people, and Mr. HOLTON refused for the sake of prospective party advantage, to jeopardise that honour, or to lend his vote to make Canada small in the eyes of the British public. No doubt this was done with a full conviction that his action would be the most powerful incentive to members friendly to the Government to reverse the decision of last year; but in spite of this, Mr. HOLTON had the patriotism to sever himself from any contemptible higgling with the Mother Country as to the number of dollars that might, or might not, be deemed adequate to sustain the dignity of HER MAJESTY's representative in this country. It would neither be fair to Mr. HOLTON, nor just to the public estimate of the calibre of the men, to say that the same course was expected of Messrs. MCKENZIE and DORION. Still they could have done themselves honour by following his example. Mr. MCKENZIE was as usual snarly and spiteful; and as for Mr. DORION, he seemed to think it his highest duty, as a member of the second greatest Legislative body in the whole British Empire, to show his contempt for the centre of authority by which our liberties are so effectually guaranteed. His course was about as far beneath contempt as was that of Mr. HOLTON above censure; while the ill-conditioned member for Lambton achieved a sort of "middle state," to which all parties might reasonably take exception.

The contemptible character of the crusade against the salary fixed by the Union Act, as being acceptable to the British Government, was fully exhibited in the speech of the MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS, who, in a few sentences, shewed how much England did for us in comparison with the insignificant return of some forty-eight thousand and odd dollars per annum (not *fifty* as was so frequently said yesterday) to the representative of the QUEEN administering the Government of this country. If any of the members are afraid to face their constituents upon this question, it ought surely to be those who voted for dragging the honour of their country in the dirt.

Even the economical PREMIER of Ontario could not bring himself down to the pruning of the GOVERNOR-GENERAL's salary. He properly held that the representative of the QUEEN, being an Imperial officer, should receive the salary which the Imperial Government believed to be due to his position. This is the true Canadian appreciation of the question; this it was that led Mr. HOLTON to accept the expressed wish of the Imperial Government as sufficient justification for the sanction of a salary, which, in his own judgment, he esteemed unnecessarily large; and this it was which made Mr. MACDOUGALL feel ashamed and humiliated as a Canadian, that the question should have been made a subject of discussion at all. The matter is now, however, amicably settled; and there is little danger that it will be lightly disturbed in the future.

WE beg respectfully to call the attention of the Hon. Minister of Marine to the important suggestions contained in the following letter. Not to spoil the force of our correspondent's remarks we print his communication precisely as we received it, a consideration which editors ought to extend to their correspondents more frequently than they do. To "*rais* from the hand to the "master" is a laudable ambition that deserves encouragement, and we hope that in the operation of "classing" the worthies who accomplish this feat they will be duly recognized:

MONTREAL May 19 1869

Mr Edeter Dear sir reding the report of the classing of maskers and mates of sailing vesels i hope that it menes of steme Boats as well, this Class is very much needed for tha ar all cinds of men masters of steme Boats Clarks Black smith Engeners halt salors and all Others we have meny collision this spring on the lakes vesels runing into steme Boats, the stemers must be to blame as thahav to Get Out of the way of saling vesels wher the lives of so meney ar at stake tha ought be a strict law for Captins of stemers and pilots for the uper st Lawarnce Every man that think he can stere a bout for one year will pilot an he will Get a Boat fer he will go for small wages this part of the law aught to be very strict mastey of saling vesels Generley nows their bussiness for the rais from the hand to master in England has a law that to sail a stem Boat you must have said a vesel pleso Insert this a subscriber

AYLMER ROAD.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—In your issue of the 18th inst., I find a party writing under the signature of "Progress," complaining of the Aylmer Road being inundated at Hull village, making it disagreeable passing. The party writing gives advice to the road directors and points out to them how they should remedy the evil complained of by building and filling up. I beg to say the remedy proposed by "Progress" is not the proper one. I maintain that the great evil complained of is caused by the building and filling up of piers and dams at the head of the grand falls of the Chaudiere. Take away those obstructions and you strike at the root of the evil complained of.

A STOCKHOLDER.

["A Stockholder's" plan of removing the water from the Aylmer road is very much like pulling down one's house to search for a missing sixpence. Sweep away the dams and piers, stop the whirring saws, let the hundreds of workmen stand idle; and blast, if need be, the rocky bottom of the Ottawa to deepen its channel, so that the Aylmer road Company may be spared the expense of putting their road in proper repair! This is "saving at the spigot and spilling at the bunghole" with a vengeance.—ED. TIMES.]

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

MILLINERY.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

MR. J. A. WHIPPLE, of Boston, has the largest establishment, and is one of the most successful photographers in the United States. *Springfield Republican.*

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, May 19, 1869.

The SPEAKER took the chair at four o'clock in pursuance of the orders of the House.

After routine,

Several petitions were presented.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL from the Select Committee presented their report that a Bill intituled "An Act for the relief of John Horace Stevenson," be received, read by the clerk with the evidence taken down in writing of the witnesses heard on oath, and the vouchers adduced before your committee, which report evidence, and papers were ordered to be printed and the Bill taken into consideration on Friday next.

ADDRESS.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD said he had, a few days ago, moved for a return showing the expenses connected with the Parliament and departmental buildings, but he had since learned that the return asked for would not give all the information which the public interest required. In order to determine whether the Seat of Government should remain in Ottawa, it is necessary that we should know what further expenditure will be required to complete not only the buildings, but also to embellish the grounds connected with them. A complete return was necessary, in order to take up this question. The Address he was going to move would cover all the ground, and when the return was received we would know the amount required. He alluded to the valuable library, purchased at a large expense, which was being injured for want of proper room to place the books. He would not go into the discussion of the reasons which should induce the Legislature to make a change in the Seat of Government, as that question would come up when these returns are laid before Parliament. He would enquire whether the returns, which had been asked for, would not soon be laid before them. This additional information asked for should not delay the matter.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL—The returns are in course of preparation.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD hoped there would be no long delay before they were laid before Parliament. He would now move "for an humble Address to his Excellency the Governor-General praying that his Excellency will be pleased to lay before this House: 1st. A complete and detailed estimate of the sums required for the completion of the Parliament Buildings, including the Library and the Central Tower, for the execution of the works (if any) required to complete the Departmental Buildings, and for enclosing with walls and railings or otherwise, and embellishing the grounds on which the three buildings stand: 2nd. A detailed estimate of the probable annual cost of maintaining the said buildings and grounds, when so completed and embellished according to the plans and specifications already approved, in good order and repair in every respect.

The motion was carried."

Pursuant to the order of the day the Bill intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting the inspection of Steamboats, and for the greater safety of passengers by them," was read a third time and passed, and ordered to be carried by the Clerk to the House of Commons and request their concurrence thereto.

The Bill intituled "An Act respecting Perjury," was as amended read a third time and passed.

The Bill intituled "An Act respecting Inquiries and Investigations into Shipwrecks and other matters," being moved for second reading, was postponed until Friday next. Also "An Act to unite the Beaver and Toronto Mutual Fire Insurance Companies," was postponed until to-morrow.

On motion of Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON, seconded by Hon. Mr. ALLAN, the Bill intituled "An Act to incorporate the Dominion Bank," was read a second time, which was referred to the Committee on Banking and Commerce.

QUEBEC TRINITY HOUSE AMENDMENT BILL.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL moved the second reading of a Bill intituled "An Act to amend the Act of Canada 21 vict. cap. 114, to consolidate the laws relative to the powers and duties of the Trinity House of Quebec and for other purposes." He said this Bill was intended to meet a difficulty found to exist on the river St. Lawrence. As the law now stood, when a vessel is wrecked in the channel of the river between Quebec and Barnaby Island, and the vessels remains to obstruct the channel, it is a matter of doubt whether there is any remedy against the owner or not. It was uncertain whether those who have charge of protecting the navigation of the River St. Lawrence have the necessary power to cause the obstruction to be removed, and sell the vessel after being raised to indemnify themselves for expenses so incurred. He referred to a wreck now in that channel obstructing the navigation, and which the owners have been very dilatory in getting removed. The Trinity House have been at the expense of keeping a vessel anchored at the place, with a light burning, for six months, to warn mariners of the danger. At this moment there was an expense of about $8 per day incurred, in consequence of that vessel lying there. The Trinity House made an attempt to float the vessel out of her position, but it was found to be impracticable, without destroying the vessel. One person took a contract to remove her, and ruined himself by it. An application was made to the Trinity Board to remove the obstruction, upon certain conditions, but the Trinity House had no power to make such conditions. They feel that the law is defective, inasmuch as the owners have refused to abandon the property, but expect the Trinity House to expend two or three thousand dollars in removing the obstruction, and they will come in and claim the property, subject to salvage rights. The Trinity Board require an amendment to the law, in order that the public treasury may be relieved of this expense. By this Bill we propose that notice shall be given to the Trinity House of any obstruction to the navigation of the river St. Lawrence, by the master of such vessel, or the owner or person in charge, within forty-eight hours of the occurrence of such obstruction, giving a notice in writing describing the nature, time and situation of such obstruction under a penalty of not less than ten dollars nor more than forty dollars. Then the owner has either to abandon that property to the Trinity House or keep a light over the obstruction until it is removed. The sixth section provides that any owner, or other person having power to convey or dispose of any vessel, or wreck, or other thing forming such obstruction, may at any time relieve himself of all further liability in respect to such obstruction by paying or securing to the Trinity House the sum it may have expended under the provisions of the third section of this act, and relinquishing all interest in such vessel, providing the Trinity House be willing to accept the same. Then if he fails to keep a light burning as indicated in this Act, it shall be a tacit acknowledgment of his relinquishing his claim to the wreck. The eighth section provides that the Trinity House having taken possession of a vessel forming an obstruction to the navigation of the River St. Lawrence, and removed the same may dispose of it in the same manner as in the case of things found in the River St. Lawrence within its jurisdiction, and not claimed, and may indemnify itself out of the proceeds of sale for all expenses incurred with respect to such vessel wreck or other thing. These are the principal provisions of the Bill, and they were in the interest of the public service. The hon. members would appreciate the necessity of such a measure to relieve the public treasury of the charges made upon it, as well as to compel owners of property who may desire to make an effort to save that property, to place proper signals and lights over it to protect the public, the absence of such lights after a certain time being considered an abandonment of the wreck.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY said that after hearing his hon. friend this question would naturally arise; why is it that the river St. Lawrence should be especially protected against such accidents, when sunken vessels are as likely to obstruct other ports of the Dominion. He did not mean to say that this Bill was not in the public interest as regards the ship owners and as regards the harbour of Quebec and the river St. Lawrence, but these same difficulties were to be found in a great many other harbours. In Richibucto harbour a vessel has been lying upon the bar all winter, and she was sold the other day for the benefit of the underwriters. They need not be surprised if this Bill was looked upon with a good deal of jealousy, unless there was some precedent to justify them in adopting it. Ship masters may meet with accidents when far away from home. A large and valuable vessel being wrecked, this Bill would require the master to take a responsibility within two or three days that few ship masters would be disposed to take. A short time ago a vessel, which sailed from Halifax to New York with a valuable cargo, came in collision with another vessel, and sunk almost before the crew could leave her. The vessel was shortly afterwards buoyed up, and put on the marine slip and repaired. If the owner was close by he could promptly discharge these duties, but not if he was at a distance. He (Mr. McCully) would not oppose the second reading of the bill, but he would like to have had a copy of it, so that he would not have been merely speaking from the explanations of the Minister of Marine. He would like to have had an opportunity to study the subject because it touches a class of property generally to the damage of the absent proprietor and it throws upon the master a responsibility which it would be difficult for him to discharge with due regard to the interest of his employers. The Maritime law in a certain class of cases provides that if a ship is cast away the agent for the ship owners and underwriters exercises his judgment to the best of his ability and the law recognizes it, but if we introduce the principle of this Bill, it is very questionable how far the underwriters would acknowledge the right of the master, and this would raise a new question in courts of law. However, if there was anything peculiar to the river St. Lawrence and the Trinity House, which required this Bill, he was not disposed to object to it. If the Bill was such as ought to be passed, he would assist in making it as perfect as it could be made. He would not oppose its second reading, but would expect further explanations.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL was very much obliged to his hon. friend for calling his attention to the important character of the Bill. He has made three objections to it, and the last of these was, that he would like to have had time to have read it before taking it into consideration. It was on account of the delay in getting printing done that prevented its being distributed in the House two or three days ago. If the hon. member wished to have time to examine the Bill he would agree to postpone the second reading of it, to give him an opportunity to do so. In his first objection to the Bill he asks why, if it is a necessary bill, it should be confined to the river St. Lawrence, and, in the next place, he says it is introducing a new principle into the legislation of the country, in confiscating the property of individuals in the interest of the public. In reference to the first objection, the reason why the limit of this Bill is confined to the port of Quebec and the river St. Lawrence is the fact that in that port exceptional legislation exists which does not exist in other ports of the Dominion. There is in Quebec an institution called the Trinity House which has the control there of matters relating to navigation. They have placed in their charter powers of keeping that channel clear of obstructions, and generally protecting the navigation of the port of Quebec. It was in consequence of repeated representations made by the Board of Trinity House at Quebec, that the Department felt it necessary, not to introduce a new system, but to amend the system which already exists. From the wording of the statute doubts exist as to the ownership of the property after it is removed and saved therefore it became necessary to remove those doubts by the present bill. In other Ports of the Dominion no such provision exists as at Quebec which situated at the mouth of the Saint Lawrence is the outlet for a very large extent of country. Therefore the Trinity House was established, giving to them special powers in connection with the subject of which this Bill is to be an amendment. In all the other ports of the Dominion there are no Trinity Houses and no special provisions made, such as are contained in the Bills which years ago created the Trinity House. It may be a question of policy whether we should extend Trinity Houses to other ports, and the question involves a great deal of consideration before we decide to extend a system which may require revision at the ports of the Maritime Provinces. Though it may have worked well for years in Quebec, it might be questionable whether in the numbers of small ports of the Maritime Provinces, it would give as much protection to the maritime interests of the country, as the Trinity Board has afforded to the St. Lawrence. Hence it is that the Government thought it more desirable to pursue a policy to amend the Acts already existing, Trinity Houses now have power to sell anchors, chains, and other property found abandoned in the harbour of Quebec, but there was some doubt of their having this power in reference to ships. He was much pleased with his hon. friend's criticism, and he should look upon any suggestions made by him as being in the interest of the public, and any assistance given him in perfecting the Bill he should take as a personal favour. In regard to the illustration his hon. friend had given of a ship being wrecked at a distance from home, there was a protection given to the master, all he is required to do is to keep the public from being put to an expense. If he chooses to put a floating light over the ship as the public now have to do over one or two in the River St. Lawrence, he can preserve that ship for ten years if he likes. The object of the Bill is, if in case it comes under the notice of the Board, that the master of a ship has his ship wrecked in mid-channel, where hundreds of ships carrying passengers are passing night and day, they can have that wreck removed, and not allow it to remain for two years in such a position, that the public have to pay $8 per day for the purpose of warning passing vessels to avoid a disaster which would be worse in its character than the one which happened to the vessel itself. A person bought a wreck now in the river, and tried to take it up, but ailed, and we are now compelled to charter a vessel, and keep her anchored over the obstruction. We cannot have it removed, because we cannot dispose of the property. Under this Bill the owners will have to abandon the property, if they do not comply with the conditions, and then the Trinity House will have power to remove it. The powers given to the Trinity House are conditional powers, and are exercised if the owner voluntarily relinquishes the wreck, or fails to keep a light over it for 15 days. In case he does not abandon it the Trinity House have power to force him to keep a light over it, at his own expense. From the reasons he had given he thought his hon. friend ought to be satisfied with having the operations of the Bill limited to the river St. Lawrence. He would further say that the consideration of the extension, not only of the powers in the Bill, but the powers of the Trinity House to the Maritime Provinces might be taken up next session, if he then presided over the same branch of the public service which he now did.

The motion was then carried.

On motion of Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON, seconded by Hon. Mr. ALLAN, the Bill intituled "An Act to further amend the charter of the Gore Bank," was postponed until to-morrow, and then to stand as first order of the day.

Hon. Mr. ALLAN from the Committee on Standing Orders and Private Bills reported that the Bill intituled "An Act to alter the limits of the counties of Joliette and Berthier for electoral purposes," being of a public nature, did not properly come under the consideration of their committee.

Hon. Mr. ALLAN moved, seconded by the Hon. Mr. SIMPSON, that the said Bill be referred to a Committee of the whole House to-morrow.

The House adjourned at 5:15 o'clock p. m.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

THURSDAY, May 20.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Several petitions were presented praying for amendment of the Patent Law; and that no fundamental change be made relating to the Law of Banking.

Mr. FORTIN presented the second report of the Select Committee on Fisheries and Navigation, recommending the establishment of Boards of Examiners at different ports for the examination of masters and officers, and that schools of navigation be also established at the principal ports.

On motion of Mr. SAVARY, Mr. Killam was added to the committee on Navigation and Fisheries.

Mr. MACDONALD (Lunenburg), seconded by Mr. SAVARY, introduced a Bill to extend the charter of the Bank of Nova Scotia.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved that the House go into committee of the whole on the following resolution: That it be resolved that in the opinion of this House it is expedient, after the strong desire expressed by her Majesty's Government in the despatch of his Grace the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, dated 30th July, 1868, that the present salary of the Governor-General should be maintained, that the salary of the Governor-General be fixed at £10,000 sterling. He said the whole matter had already been discussed, but though ready to go on now, he would defer the question till to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON would raise no objection to proceeding now, but as he intended to support the Government in this matter, he claimed the privilege of a Government supporter to make a suggestion, and that was that it would be very undesirable that a colonial despatch should be recited in the preamble of any Bill as the moving cause for the legislation of this House. He quite agreed that a despatch from the Colonial Office was worthy of respect and consideration, but it might be unpleasant in the future, were we to give it such prominence recognized by the resolution.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that even were the hon. member for Chateauguay to oppose the Government he would receive his suggestion with that respect and consideration which were due to his position in the House. But they had not yet reached the Bill, the resolution merely affirmed the principle as to the salary. He did not see, however, that it would be undignified on the part of this House to recognise the wish of the Imperial Government as the moving cause, or one of the moving causes, for the action of the House. It had been said by the hon. member himself last year, that had he received the assurance that it was the wish of the Imperial Government to maintain the ten thousand pounds, he would support it, though he then voted for $32,000 on his own judgment. Now there were many other members who held that $32,000 was sufficient, yet in deference to the wishes of the Colonial Office were prepared to support the salary fixed in the Union Act. The acknowledgment of this would be no discredit to the House, but a recognition of the respect held for the wishes of the Imperial Government. Even the Imperial Parliament had recited in the preamble to the Union Act, that it was by the desire of the Colonies that the Act was passed. This House might, therefore, gracefully acknowledge its respect for the views of the Home Government, and he asked the adoption of the resolution as it was worded.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he wished it distinctly understood that he would change his vote of last session solely because of the information since received, and he would be prepared to sustain this change of vote before the country. But he protested against the proposed recognition of the despatch, because it would lead to the conviction that this was a despatch governed country.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD did not desire even by implication to give the slightest foundation for such an idea.

Hon. Mr. GALT thought the leader of the Government had taken the correct view of the matter. The additional information received since last session fully warranted the House in reversing its vote; and he hoped it would be reversed by a very large majority, if not unanimously.

Hon. Mr. DORION said if he had voted last session for the higher salary he would this session have reversed that vote and supported the reduction, because of this very despatch. He felt strongly upon this dictation from the Colonial Office, and argued that it was the duty of the members who voted for the reduction last year to vote for it this; and that it was the duty of the Government to have resigned when that despatch was received.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said the member for Hochelaga came to the discussion of questions with very little consideration. Had he understood the acceptation of words he would not have used the word "dictation." There was no dictation in the despatch of the Duke of Buckingham It was merely the expression of the wish of the Imperial Government, without any attempt at dictation. The Imperial Parliament had fixed the salary, and the Duke of Buckingham could not repeal it. The Act of last session never became an Act of the Canadian Parliament, because the Royal sanction was withheld. The member for Hochelaga had said that the Government should have resigned, and here he showed his want of consideration again. Had he held this Government responsible he would have been correct (hear). The Government had taken the responsibility (hear, hear). Yes, the Government had taken the responsibility in this matter, and were prepared to accept the consequences.

Hon. Mr. SMITH said on this question of the Governor-General's salary he had voted alone the other night, and though he had great respect for the opinion of the House he thought its decision in that case was wrong. The Imperial Act had fixed the salary, and so long as that amount was satisfactory to this House there was no necessity to legislate upon it here. It was only in case the amount was to be changed that the Canadian Legislature was called upon to interfere.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—Even if his hon. friend (Mr. Smith) were right according to first principles, still a solemn vote of this House had declared that the salary should be fixed by the Parliament of Canada (hear, hear), and the Government had felt bound in obedience to that vote to come down with a measure upon the subject. As the matter stands now, it is fixed by the Imperial Act; but when this Parliament legislates upon the salary, it would then be taking the matter out of the hands of the Imperial Parliament.

Mr. BODWELL said the Government had placed the House in a most humiliating position. If they assumed the responsibility of the rejection of the Bill of last session, why did they not come forward then and resist the Bill upon that ground? They had not the courage to do so, (hear, hear). Mr. B. then referred to the Government despatches, saying that too many despatches had been received of late years, interfering with the well understood wishes of the people.

Mr. OLIVER moved in amendment to the resolution that while this House is of opinion that the salary of the Governor General should be proportionate to the important position which he occupies, it is nevertheless the opinion of this House that such salary should not exceed £7,500 sterling, and that it is expedient to fix the salary at that sum. He explained that the reason why he had increased the sum from that mentioned in his notice of motion was because he found that many members were prepared to vote for the larger sum but not for the smaller. If, however, the smaller sum should be proposed he would vote for it.

Mr. LANGLOIS referred to the salaries of the Governors of Canada in times past to show that the amount now proposed for the Governor-General was not excessive.

Mr. BLAKE said the House last session had declared that the salary mentioned in the Union Act was too large. At that time the arguments which had been adduced in support of the larger salary were as strong, even stronger than those used in the despatch from the Colonial Office, and yet the House had not considered them sufficiently strong to induce them to adopt the larger sum. Last session they also had the view of the Imperial Government before them, because it was embodied in the Union Act. But notwithstanding all that, the House held that they were free to judge for themselves what salary to fix, and they fixed it at a decrease. The question now came up again, and it was argued that it should not be brought up again. But the Minister of Justice was compelled to assent to a resolution that it was expedient this matter should be settled by this Parliament. It now remained to be seen how far the tactics of the Government had influenced the House to change their votes. He did not think the case the least stronger than it was last session. Who was the Duke of Buckingham? He had been a Colonial Secretary, but was so no longer. And our Government had no right to say that the policy of the present English Government was embodied in the Duke of Buckingham's despatch. But even if it was, this House had the right to fix the salary. He saw no reason for changing his vote of last session.

Mr. MAGILL said in view of the expression of the wishes of the Imperial authorities, he intended to change his vote of last session. So long as we were an integral portion of the British empire—an empire that treated us so kindly, and had shown themselves ready to respect our wishes, we should in this matter yield to the expressed wishes of the Imperial authorities.

Mr. JONES (Leeds and Grenville) said without any wish to embarrass the Government, he could see no reason for changing his vote of last session. He fully knew last session what the wishes of the Imperial Government were, but we were invited to legislate on the matter by the Imperial Government, and they had legislated on it. He had no information now that he had not last session, and no reason to show him that he then voted wrong. The whole amount paid to her Majesty's household, including pensions, was £385,000 sterling. Taking into account the amount paid for Spencer Wood and Rideau Hall, the amount paid to our Governor was one-ninth of the whole sum paid to her Majesty, though our revenue was only one-twelfth of that of Great Britain. He was a Conservative by principle, and if he changed at all, it would be in the direction of economy; so that if he could not get the reduction he proposed—$32,000—he would vote for the original resolution (laughter). He would move that the members of this House have not been furnished with reasons sufficient to justify them in reversing their vote of last session, but they still adhere to the opinion that $32,000 is a sufficient salary for the Governor-General of this Dominion.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—I have not the slightest objection to the hon. gentleman retaining his opinion, if he gives us his vote (laughter).

Mr. HARRISON said the position had been changed since last session, by the request of the parent state, to keep the salary as it was. It was discreditable in the House to be dickering about the Governor-General's salary; it was mean in this House; (order!) it was unworthy to discuss the question. The amount involved was too small to dispute with England about; the country received twenty times the amount from the Mother Country. He should vote against all amendments for reducing the salary below the present rate.

Mr. MILLS argued from constitutional history that we had an inherent right to fix the salary of the Governor-General. He contended that the preamble of the resolution was contrary to the resolution passed by the House a few days ago. He thought the income of the wealthy men of this country was a good standard by which to fix the Governor's salary, and by that rule the $50,000 was excessive.

Mr. LACOSTE and Mr. GAUCHET (in French) both argued that in view of the expressed wish of the Imperial Government in was the duty of the House to reverse its decision of last session.

Mr. JOLY (in French) denounced the system of reducing the salaries of officials that was adopted last session; but as their salaries had been reduced he thought the same system of reduction should be extended to the Governor-General's salary.

Mr. BELLEROSE, (in French,) replied to Mr. Joly. The cases were not parallel. The officials were drawn from among ourselves, and accustomed to our modes of living, while the Governor-General was an Imperial officer, a gentleman of high position.

Mr. MASSON (Soulanges) would vote this year as he voted last year, for the small salary. When the members were put off with six hundred dollars, though it was expected they would receive a thousand dollars; when twelve and a-half per cent. was deducted from the officers of this House, he would not agree to give such a high salary to the Governor-General. He found, by public reports, that the Auditor, Mr. Langton, had been receiving a great deal of money for this, that, or the other service; that his son was an extra clerk, and so on. He then referred to the expenses of keeping up Rideau Hall.

It being six o'clock, the SPEAKER left the chair.

After Recess.

Mr. YOUNG resumed the debate. He had heard no argument that would induce him to change the deliberate vote he gave last session. The despatch of the Duke of Buckingham did not ask the House to reverse its vote, nor was it framed in such a way as to lead to the belief that a similar law if passed would be disallowed this session. He objected to bowing to the wishes expressed in despatches from the Colonial Office. If this were to be the case they should abandon responsible government, and submit to be governed by despatches altogether as they were before.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON thought the House should be glad of the opportunity of revising the decision of last session. The despatch of the Duke of Buckingham expressed the wish of the Imperial Government, that the salary should be at a particular rate, and whether that rate was $32,000, $35,000, or $50,000, this country should cheerfully accept it.

Mr. YOUNG—That was the policy of the former Government; the Government has since been changed.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON—How did the hon. member know that the policy of the Government had changed in this matter? He could know nothing of it, unless he had a private despatch himself, (hear, hear and laughter). They were bound to believe that the despatch contained the expression of the Imperial policy, until they had official notification to the contrary. He then argued that the adoption of the amendment of the member for Lambton had created the necessity for this measure.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Did not the hon. member say on a former occasion, that a measure of this kind was unnecessary?

Hon. J. H. CAMERON said so still. But the Government accepted that amendment on its own responsibility, and had to act accordingly. He did not himself approve of it; and had he been in the House, he would have advised his friends not to accept it.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON did not blame the Government for their course in that matter, because he thought they were exactly right.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON—His hon. friend should know that he (Mr. C.) was not in the habit of casting his votes on both sides of the same question.

Mr. RYMAL—Why do you advise others to do so?

Hon. J. H. CAMERON had already given the explanation, though he could not supply the brains to understand it. The wish of the Imperial Government, so plainly expressed, ought to be sufficient to induce the supporters of the Government to change their votes, if nothing else. This consideration had influenced the hon. member for Chateauguay, and ought to be enough to satisfy other gentlemen similarly placed. He thought also that members should not jeopardise the position of the Government by voting for the amendment. If that amendment were to carry he really thought Ministers would be compelled to vacate their seats.

Mr. RYMAL held that the position was somewhat changed, but why? Because of the neglect of the gentlemen opposite to deal with the question with a fair hand when it was first before the House. Had they, last session, taken a fair stand, and applied the whip to their followers, there would be no trouble this session. The whole matter would then have been finally disposed of. Or if they had not intermeddled, and attempted to thwart the well-understood wishes of the people, expressed by their representatives, the matter would also have been settled. He objected to this House being dictated to by the Colonial Office, and if such were the case he would feel ashamed of his country.

Mr. FERGUSSON said he was unable last session to be in his place when the vote on this question was taken, so that he was free to vote now as he pleased. He spoke highly of the character and ability of the present Governor-General, the more freely as his Excellency had for upwards of a quarter of a century represented his native county—the county of Cavan—and that he had been returned at every election by large majorities (cheers). He thought that for the sake of a few thousand dollars it was a small matter for us to go in direct opposition to the expressed wishes of the Imperial Parliament. Gentlemen of distinction and ability in England could not be expected to accept the Governor-Generalship at the reduced salary proposed. Last year the hon. member for North Oxford had voted for $32,000, now he had changed his views to the extent of agreeing to $37,000. He had made a calculation that if the whole amount proposed to be saved by the reduction was divided among the constituencies, his would have to pay only $50, and he was sure his constituents for the sake of $50 would not wish to oppose the wish of the Imperial Government. He argued that we received far more from England than the paltry sum proposed to be struck off the salary of her Majesty's representative; and he was convinced the country would not object to the larger salary.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said if he had the slightest suspicion that Downing-st. was attempting to dictate to us, he would not submit to it for one hour. Hon. gentlemen knew that when little Nova Scotia was contending herself against Downing-st. he was not afraid of Downing-st. or Downing-st. despatches. But the difficulties of those days had passed away, and we had now the control of our own affairs. He would cite an instance in Nova Scotia history to illustrate this. Some time ago a shoemaker in that Province was convicted of a capital crime and sentenced to be hung. A petition for a reprieve was sent to their Lieut.-Governor, and he submitted the question to Downing-st. But the answer came back, "You have control of your own affairs, and you must hang your own shoemakers" (laughter). Already this House had spent two nights debating this momentous question; and what did it amount to? One-third of a cent for each man in the Dominion. We had the largest amount of liberty of any people in the world. The appointment of the Governor-General was the last remaining link of British connection, and it was scarcely worth while to bicker about the small cost of this appointment. The present resolution was the natural sequence of the motion adopted by the entire House the other night. It was not wise, looking to the consolidation of our institutions, and the permanency of the Dominion, to have this question up here every session. Had he been constructing this Act, he would have made the salary lower, but under the present circumstances he thought it unwise to reduce it. Others had started this Dominion with the full co-operation and confidence of both parties in the British Parliament, and unless they wished to break up the system, it was better to continue that confidence. Suppose they came to the conclusion to set the remonstrance of the Colonial Office aside, he could imagine half a dozen ways the interests of this Dominion might be affected by a change of feeling on the other side of the Atlantic. The hon. member for South Waterloo had spoken of republican simplicity as contrasted with monarchical extravagance. It was hardly worth our while to raise that question. If they ever preferred to discuss the question of repealing the Union, and taking a step forward, either in the direction of independence, or towards larger associations, then it would be time to discuss this question. But they had established the Dominion and they must stick to it. But look at republican simplicity as illustrated in the United States. In the city of New York, men lived more extravagantly and luxuriously than probably in any city in England, and by and by they would probably have all the vices of monarchies While he appreciated the tenacious desire that gentlemen opposite exhibited to maintain the privileges of this House, he must say that to his mind these privileges were not now in danger. With reference to the position taken last year, he would say that the Governor General was bound by his instructions, to reserve for the royal sanction any Bill which materially changed the Dominion Act, and especially a measure changing the salary of the Governor General.

Mr. McKENZIE said the hon. gentleman was mistaken.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said he was under the impression that those were the standing instructions to the Governor-General.

Mr. McKENZIE remarked that the Minister of Justice had said the ground of action taken by the Governor-General was the instructions given to Lord Elgin some twelve years ago.

Mr. HOLTON said new instructions were sent out to Lord Monck.

Mr. CHIPMAN, after reviewing the provisions of the Union Act, and the previous action of the House in relation to the Governor General's salary, said he would vote for the reduction, acting independently, and only for the interests of his constituents. He respected the gentlemen on the treasury benches, they were carrying out their principles; but, on his side, he must say there was great want of organization, (laughter). He stood there and voted, bound to no part, but acting as an independent Nova Scotian.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT argued that the reduction of the salary would be no saving of money, as the sum would be made up by charges in other ways.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL said that as a Canadian he had never listened with so much pain and humiliation as he had listened to this discussion. The amount of money involved was a mere bagatelle, but the feeling evinced was, in his opinion, calculated to do this country a very great injury. During the last election he had addressed the people in some fifteen constituencies, and this question was generally discussed, and he believed the people correctly understood the provisions in the Union Act, and were prepared to grant the full salary. He thought it was a wise provision to reserve the right of fixing the salary to this Parliament, and this House had already affirmed that right. When he was in England, at the suggestion of his hon. colleague and himself, six men-of-war were sent out to the Gulf to protect our fisheries, and a considerable force was kept in this country for our benefit. In view of these facts, it was scarcely creditable for us to go to cutting down the salary of her Majesty's representative. Taking into account the salaries of the different Lieutenant-Governors, we paid no more now under Confederation than we did then. He concluded by expressing his belief that if this question were fairly put before the people of Ontario, the course of the Government would meet with their approval.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD said as the Bill was founded on a motion of the member for Lambton, it was not a Government but an Opposition question, and he was going to support the Opposition by voting for the Bill (laughter). It had been said that last session, if the will of the Imperial Government had been made known, there would have been a unanimous vote for ten thousand pounds. Now they had the despatch not mandatory but merely suggestive that this sum was that which the British Government desired us to pay. The British Government was a better judge of the salary that should be paid to the representative of the Queen. He at least would not assume the responsibility of going against their opinion. Had he been in the House last Session he should certainly have voted for the $50,000.

Mr. McKENZIE reviewed some portions of the debate, agreeing with the Minister of Public Works that the position of this House was humiliating, but holding the Government responsible. At his (Mr. McK.'s) suggestion the mover of the amendment had consented to name the sum of £7,500 sterling as a compromise; but he regretted that a supporter of the Government had further confused the question by moving the resolution of last year. He should vote on the question without any disrespect to the Colonial Office, but for the purpose of asserting the rights of this House.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU (in French) briefly supported the resolution.

Mr. BOLTON would support the resolution believing it was their duty to defer in this matter to the wishes of the Imperial Government.

Mr. ROSS, (Champlain,) (in French,) gave expression to similar views.

Mr. GODIN (in French,) supported the reduction of the salary.

Mr. PAQUET argued that to reverse the decision of last session would be to humiliate the House.

Hon. Mr. BLANCHET said the hon. member for Chateauguay had taken the correct view of the subject. He showed from statistics of the cost of the Presidential establishment, and the enormous indemnity paid to members of Congress, that the Washington Government was far more extravagant than ours.

Mr. O'CONNOR was not present in the House last session when the question was up, but he need scarcely say he would vote for the Government measure. He had heard the member for Lambton, with some surprise, declare that this was not a question of pounds, shillings and pence. If it was not, then he, (Mr. O'Connor,) did not understand what it was, for the principle had already been settled by the vote of the other evening. He could not see any inconsistency in the conduct of those members who, under one aspect of the question, voted one way, and who would now change their votes, under entirely different circumstances.

Mr. JACKSON said the discussion had already been too long, and he would not continue it except to make a single remark. If the amendments were carried it would lead to the resignation of the Government; and suppose gentlemen opposite were called in, could they do otherwise than pay the Governor-General a salary of ten thousand pounds? His Excellency had been appointed at that fixed salary on the distinct condition expressed or implied that it would continue during the full term of his office, and hon. gentlemen opposite could not pay him less (hear, hear).

Mr. STEPHENSON was one of those who voted in the majority last year, and he would vote in the majority again (hear, hear). Had the question come now under the same aspect as it did during the last session, he would have voted now for the reduction, as he did before. But after the strong desire expressed by the English Government upon this matter he would not hesitate to vote for the resolution, and he believed the country would sustain him in this course.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD referred to the negotiations that took place prior to the final passage of Confederation. During the discussions that took place at the conference with the Imperial Government, it was well understood that Lord Palmerston's Government in the first instance fixed this amount as the proper amount of salary to the Governor-General, the subsequent negotiations fully showed that the present Government held a similar opinion. He denied that this salary was forced upon us by the Imperial Government. Not one of its provisions were suggested first by the Imperial authorities. They were submitted by the delegates after mutual conferences, and if any additional burden was placed on the people by that act, the delegates, and they alone, were to blame. There was no reason why the salary should not have been fixed in the Union Act, and the delegates had the salary inserted in that Act, because they believed that the people of Canada would support the action of their representatives. It had been said the Government ought to have advised the Governor to sanction the measure of last session, and to have resigned if he declined to accept their advice. There was no doubt that in England the Government of the day should feel themselves called upon to resign if their Bills were disallowed by the Crown. But in this country the Government was in a different position, because we were a dependency, and the Imperial Government had the right of disallowance. He explained that Lord Monck had expressed a desire to have it known when he reserved the sanction of the Bill of last session he did so because he felt bound by the instructions to a former Governor, and not from any sordid desire to keep up the salary of the Governor-General. With respect to the amount of the salary, it was not worth a contest of this House. He explained that when the motion of the member for North Oxford, affirming the principle of reduction, was voted down by the House, the Government accepted that vote, and brought down this resolution to fix the salary, and it was unfair for the same man, who in voting against the motion of the member for North Oxford, voted against the principle of reduction, now to turn round and vote against the proposition of the Government, which was simply the natural sequence of the vote of the House. In conclusion he would say that he was not unwilling to modify the preamble of the resolution to meet the views of the hon. member for Chateauguay.

Mr. McKENZIE defended himself from the charge of bad faith in the course he had pursued. He had all through endeavoured to get the Government to assume its proper share of responsibility, and to assert the right of the House to deal with the question.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON blamed ministers for having advised his Excellency to reserve the Bill. They should have boldly advised him to reject it instead of imposing upon the Colonial Office the duty of disallowing it. He expressed his very great regret at finding himself in opposition to his friends, but in the last resort a man's own conviction was what should guide his action. He felt that the battle was won—the constitutional point gained—by the motion of the member for Lambton; and considering the amount of the salary as but a small affair, he believed it his duty, and had made up his mind that he would record his vote in favour of the amount which they had the assurance would be satisfactory to the Imperial Government. It was unworthy the House to waste discussion on a petty affair of a few thousand dollars on the salary of the Queen's representative (hear).

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD spoke in reply to the constitutional points raised by Mr. Holton.

Hon. Mr. HOWE made a few remarks appealing to members opposite to regard the salary as a matter of agreement between the Provinces and the Imperial Government; and to ratify it accordingly.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER addressed the House on the constitutional point, relating to the Royal assent.

At twenty minutes past twelve the members were called in, and the question put on Mr. Jones's amendment, which was lost; yeas, 59, nays 90.

The question was then put on Mr. Oliver's amendment, which was lost; yeas 59, nays 91.

YEAS.—Messrs. Ault, Bechard, Benoit, Bourassa, Bowell, Brown, Burpee, Cameron (Inverness) Carmichael, Cayley, Cheval, Chipman, Colby, Connell, Costigan, Coupal, Daoust, Dorion, Dufresne, Fortier, Gaudet, Geoffrion, Godin, Hutchison, Joly, Jones, (Leeds and Grenville) Litle, Levisconte, MacFarlane, McKenzie, Masson, (Soulanges) McCallum, McCarthy, McConkey, McMonies, Mills, Morison (Victoria, O.), Munroe, Oliver, Paquet, Pelletier, Picard, Pinsonneault, Pozer, Redford, Renaud, Ross (Dundas), Ross (Prince Edward), Ross, (Wellington, C. R.) Rymal, Scatcherd, Smith, Snider, Stirton, Thompson, (Ontario) Tremblay, Wells, Whitehead, Young.—59.

NAYS.—Messrs Abbot, Anglin, Archambeault, Bellerose, Bertrand, Blanchet, Bolton, Bown, Burton, Caldwell, Cameron, (Peel,) Caron, Cartier, Sir George E., Cartwright, Casault, Chamberlin, Chauveau, Cimon, Coffin, Crawford, (Brockville,) Currier, Dobbie, Drew, Dunkin, Ferguson, Forbes, Fortin, Galt, Gaucher, Gendron, Gibbs, Grant, Gray, Grover, Hagar, Harrison, Heath, Holmes, Holton, Huot, Hurdon, Howe, Irvine, Jackson, Keeler, Killam, Lacerte, Langevin, Langlois, Lapum, Lawson, Macdonald, (Cornwall) Macdonald Sir J. A., (Kingston), McDonald (Lunenburg), McDonald (Middlesex), Magill, Masson (Terrebonne), McDougall (Lanark), McDougall (Three Rivers), McGreevy, McKeagney, McLelan, McMillan, Merritt, Morris, Morrison (Niagara), O'Connor, Perry, Pope, Pouliot, Rankin, Ray, Read, Rose, Ross (Champlain), Ross (Victoria N. S.), Ryan (Montreal West), Savary, Simard, Simpson, Sproat, Stephenson, Street, Tilley, Tupper, Wallace, Walsh, Webb, Wood, Workman, Wright (Ottawa county,)—91.

The question was then put on the main motion, which was carried; yeas 89, nays 60.

Dr. ROBITAILLE paired with Mr. BODWELL.

The House went into Committee, (Mr. HARRISON in the chair). Resolution reported.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD then introduced a Bill, entitled "An Act respecting the salary of the Governor-General. Ordered to a second reading on Friday.

The House adjourned at five minutes past one.

DIED.

On the 20th instant, aged 74 years, Mrs. Urquhart, mother of Mrs. A. Scott and Mr. Thomas McKay.

The funeral will take place from the residence of Mrs. A. Scott, Sparks-st., on Saturday next, at 4 o'clock, p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

CITY COUNCIL.

An adjourned meeting of the City Council was held last night at the City Hall.

Present—Ald. Rochester, Pratt, Bangs, Bate, Robinson, Featherstone, Mosgrove, Goulden, Traversy, Heney and Martineau.

Ald. Robinson moved, seconded by Ald. Traversy, that Ald. Cunningham take the chair, which was carried.

Ald. Cunningham then took the chair.

The subject of electing a new Mayor was taken up in an informal manner, when

Ald. Rochester said he was aware that his name had been used pretty freely about the city in reference to the Mayor's chair, but he would be perfectly ready to vote in favour of postponing the election to a future meeting when By Ward should be represented. If he should be appointed to preside over the deliberations of the council for the remainder of the year he would do so to the best of his ability, but he would never descend to any improper act in order to obtain that honourable position.

Several other members expressed their views on the subject.

Ald. Goulden asked if the writ for the election of an Alderman for By Ward had been issued, and being informed that it was, proposed that the election of Mayor should be deferred to the next meeting.

Ald. Robinson, Mosgrove and others expressed themselves favourably to the postponement of the election of a Mayor until after the election for By Ward.

The subject was then dropped, and the usual business entered upon.

Mr. Keefer's report on the water works was then taken up.

A motion was made by Ald. Featherstone, seconded by Ald. Mosgrove, that the report be received and ordered to be printed.

Ald. Rochester thought on looking over the report that it would be better to refer it to the Water Works Committee, who should meet and confer with Mr. Keefer, as if the water sites, mentioned in the report, could not be got, then others might cost more, and if the report was published giving the estimate of $250,000, and afterwards it should be found to cost more, the people would be dissatisfied. He would prefer that the report when it was laid before the people should be perfect, and define the cost, which should not be exceeded.

Ald. Mosgrove said as the seconder of that resolution, he would prefer to see the report printed now.

The resolution was then put and carried to print the report.

A communication from Mr. Wills, the emigrant agent, was received, asking that a shed be erected for the accommodation of emigrants.

Ald. Heney said in every other place there was some provision made for immigrants, but none in Ottawa.

It was then moved that a shed should be built, the cost of which should not exceed $100.

Ald. Featherstone explained that last year there was a similar motion passed, and a committee appointed, and he was on that committee, but there was so much prejudice against it by the people in the several localities where they had proposed to erect it, that they had to desist. He looked on this motion as not being an earnest one, but merely a farce, for even a cow shed could not be built for a $100.

The chairman explained that Mr. Wills had stated that the Government was willing to add $100 to the sum asked from the Council.

On motion of Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Heney, the application was referred to the Board of Works.

The Board of Works presented their report No. 9. The first clause, in reference to fencing and planting the City Hall square, was objected to, and the report, as amended, was received and adopted.

A tenth report was presented, recommending the adoption of the proposal of T. Reynolds, Esq., on behalf of the Ottawa and St. Lawrence Railroad Company, in reference to the Railway Station and their occupation of that portion of McTaggart street, between Dalhousie and Metcalfe streets.

On motion of Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Martineau, the tenth report was ordered to lie on the table till the next meeting, and that it be printed for the use of the members.

Moved by Ald. Featherstone, seconded by Ald. Heney, that in consequence of the recent death of the late Henry J. Friel, Mayor of this City, it is not desirable for this Corporation to make any public demonstration on the Queen's birthday, beyond the annual inspection of the Fire Brigade, and the issuing the usual proclamation inviting the citizens to honour the national holiday.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Featherstone, that the grant of one dollar per man, usually made to the Firemen on the Queen's birthday, be paid as in former years.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE.

St. George's Society.

At a special general meeting of the above society, held at Salmon's Hotel on Wednesday, the following resolution was adopted:—

Moved by Colonel Coffin, and seconded by Dr. Sweetland,—"That the members of this Corporation desire to express their grief at the serious loss which they and their fellow citizens have experienced in the death of Henry J. Friel, Esq., late Mayor of the City of Ottawa.

"The many good deeds and general temperament of the deceased gentleman won for him during his life time, the respect and admiration of every person with whom he came in contact.

"To his readiness to assist in the promotion of charitable objects, the members of this society gratefully subscribe their testimony, and whilst mourning over the loss of such an excellent and useful man, they are most anxious to convey to his afflicted widow, the assurance of their earnest sympathy with her, in this, the time of her bereavement."

St. John the Baptist Society.

At a meeting of the members of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, held at the hall of the *Institut Canadien*, on the 19th inst., at 1 p.m., George E. Desbarats, Esq., being in the chair, it was moved by Dr. St. Jean, seconded by J. W. Peachy, Esq., and

Resolved, that the members of the St. Jean Baptiste Society avail themselves of this opportunity to give expression to the grief which they feel at the heavy loss which they have experienced by the sudden death of his Worship the Mayor, Henry J. Friel, Esq., whose civic and private virtues were well known to every member of this society.

Moved by R. Laplerre, Esq., seconded by J. B. Cantin, Esq., and

Resolved, that a copy of the foregoing resolution be transmitted to Mrs. Friel, and to the family of the late H. J. Friel, Esq., with the condolence of the members of this society.

J. E. DORION,
Sec., J. C. F. O.

Ottawa, 19th May, 1869.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Chelsea Bridge.—The bridge on the new Chelsea road, near the old brewery, has been partly carried away by the flood, which is still rising. Yesterday a cow was carried over, and travel by that road is impeded.

The Bridges.—The bridge on the Aylmer road is completely flooded, and the water is running over the parapets. Teams can cross, but with great difficulty, the current being so strong as to almost take the horses off their feet. A saw log was carried over the bridge yesterday.

Law Examination.—We are happy to learn that our young friend, Robert Hick, jr., of this city, passed a highly creditable examination at the present law term in Toronto, and was called to the Ontario Bar. From the manner in which he passed this his final, along with his previous, examination, we augur for Mr. Hick a bright professional career.

The Rise in the Ottawa River.—The water here is still rising, and as the North water is now known to be coming down and will probably continue to come down for three or four days longer we may expect the rise to continue increasing for that time. The water in the lakes above has greatly increased, that in the Upper Allumette having risen six inches within twenty-four hours. All this extra water has got to come down to us, and will very likely do a great deal of damage.

A Human Hand Found.—On Tuesday night the attention of some of the police was called by two or three children on George-st., near William-st., to the fact that a dog had been seen gnawing at a man's hand. They made enquiries, but could get no light on the subject as to how it came there, and so it was taken to the police station and buried in the back yard. The conclusion arrived at, from the appearance of the hand, is that it belonged to some medical student.

The Sacred Music Concert.—We were sorry to find yesterday morning, that by an unintentional oversight we had left out of our notice of the concert the name of Mrs. Harrison, who so essentially contributed to its success. The splendid musical talent of this lady is so well known, however, as to be independent of all praise from us. Those who heard her "Angels' Serenade" on Wednesday night last will fully agree with this. Her chaste and elegant execution on that occasion, will long be remembered. We are glad to learn that the net proceeds of the concert will amount to about $200.

Punshon's Lecture.—The Committee of Management of this lecture having ascertained that the seating of the Skating Rink can be so arranged as to accommodate an audience of two thousand persons, have decided to reduce the price of tickets to 50 cents, so as to place this grand literary treat within the reach of a larger number of our citizens. We commend the action of the committee in this respect, and have no doubt but that the result will be satisfactory to all concerned. It will certainly not be creditable to the intelligence of our people if such a world-renowned lecturer as Mr. Punshon cannot command an audience that will fill the rink to overflowing.

A Little Boy Saved from Drowning.—On Tuesday last as Mr. Wetherall Wright was standing near the slides, and near his own mill in Hull, he saw what appeared to be a small boy being carried by the current down the slide. He instantly leaped down on the side of the slide, and ran along it to overtake the child if possible, but it was not till he had reached the "apron" that he was able to get near it. At that place, where the water meets an obstruction, it is thrown back foaming and surging fearfully, and here he saw the child, whether dead or alive he could not tell. He at once plunged in, however, and dragged the poor little fellow out, whose face was already blackened, and the body apparently lifeless. In the hope of resuscitating him, however, he took him to the side of the slide, on which he rolled him to discharge the water he had swallowed. He succeeded in this, and then ran home with him, where the work of restoration was continued, and happily completed. The patient was then put to bed, where the recuperative energies of childhood, co-operating with the efforts of his friends, enabled the little fellow to be out at play with his companions yesterday, as if nothing had happened. Mr. Wright had the satisfaction of adding one more to the list of human lives already saved by his dauntless bravery and humanity. In so dangerous a locality it is good to have a spirit like his. He must surely derive a great happiness from the consciousness of doing so much good. He is just such a man as the Royal Humane Society might well be proud of.

Police Court.—Michael Fogarty, for being drunk and disorderly, was fined $2 and costs.

William Heney was charged with vagrancy, but was discharged.

Isabella Hodgins was charged with breaking down a fence belonging to Robert McCann. The case was adjourned.

Thomas Carl was fined $1 and $1 costs for an alleged assault on a boy named Joseph Archambault. The defendant stated that the boy threw a stone at him, which struck a lady, and he ran after him and merely shook him.

Ann Barrett was charged with having committed an aggravated assault on her husband. The defendant was for some time in a lunatic asylum, and it is doubtful if she ought not to be there still. She is often afflicted with mental aberrations, and it appears that in one of these she went up stairs where her husband was in bed, and flung a potato at his face which struck him with so much violence in one of his eyes as to destroy the sight. Sent to the Quarter Sessions.

Charles Lalonde was charged with larceny. The case, however, was adjourned. This old fellow on being ordered away to the Police Station previous to being sent to jail, became quite belligerent, and put himself into an attitude to strike the chief of police. He was easily disposed of, however, and will appear this morning to answer.

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, May 20.

The body of Mr. McMurin, drowned in the Bay last week, was recovered to-day. An inquest will be held on it.

Rev. Mr. Cade, pastor of one of the Primitive Methodist churches in this city, has adopted the Baptist tenets. He has been immersed, and received into that church. He expects shortly to enter its ministry.

A heavy failure occurred to-day at Brampton. Mr. Hughes, engaged in the produce and country store business, has cleared out to Detroit. An informal meeting of his creditors was held this afternoon, at which a paper from him was read, in which he stated his liabilities at $69,000, and assets at $73,000, and offered to pay ten shillings in the pound in eight instalments.

The Horticultural show was opened today. The plants and flowers shown were almost all exotics, grown under glass. Of these there was a very fine display. Hon. D. L. Macpherson exhibited specimens of Japan quince.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

Montreal, May 20.

The river has risen so high—and is still rising—that ships can with difficulty load and unload. The wharves are covered with water to the depth of three feet.

Mayor Workman, in a letter to the *Gazette*, strongly opposes Hon. Mr. Rose's Banking scheme.

It is believed that the *Grecian* will be a total wreck. The passengers have lost nearly all their luggage.

CABLE NEWS

GREAT BRITAIN.

Specie—The Oxford Boat's Crew.

London, May 21.—Specie in the Bank of England has increased £246,000.

The Oxford crew have commenced to practice for their contest with Harvard. The four men selected are Benson (bow), Yarbrough, Tinne and Derbyshire (stroke). Nelson will probably be the coxswain. The London rowing club has challenged the Harvard club to a match.

The elections in France continue to be attended with more or less disorder since the 12th instant.

Dublin, May 12.—The Grand Lodge of Orangemen of Ireland has petitioned the Queen against the disestablishment of the Irish Church.

FRANCE.

Paris, May 20.—Forty-nine persons have been arrested in Paris for creating political disturbances. Of these only seventeen have been discharged. A popular demonstration is reported at Nismes, where the people sang the *Marseillaise*. At Bourges the prison was forced by a crowd of political agitators, and one of the leaders, who had been arrested, was released. In the department of Au rioting at the electioneering tour of M. Perirre took place, in which blood was shed.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Prof. Goldwin Smith Answers Senator Sumner.

Ithaca, N. Y., May 19.—Prof. Goldwin Smith to whom Senator Sumner alluded in his recent speech on the Reverdy Johnson treaty, delivered a reply to that speech this evening, before the members of Cornell University, and a crowded assembly of citizens among whom were several distinguished men from different parts of the country. Mr. Smith premised that he spoke both as an Englishman, still loyal to his country, and also as one hoping to make his home for many years in America. He first briefly reviewed the relations between the United States and England during the late war, and then analyzed Senator Sumner's speech, argument by argument. He denied that England in any way had acted in bad faith, and asserted that the Palmerston Government, like the Gladstone Government, was only anxious to do justice to this country. England was willing to let Canada go when it pleased. Everybody in Great Britain would consider the loss of the West India Islands a gain; and he, if it could be proved that Ireland would be happier disunited from England, would vote for her independence, but no Englishman would ever consent to relinquish any of those countries as an equivalent for such claims as those set up by Mr. Sumner. Senator Sumner had not treated England justly, he omitted to state that England rejected the offer of France to join in a political recognition of the Confederacy. This was secretly done to effect the escape of the *Alabama*. Senator Sumner throughout was influenced by his hatred of slavery, and lugged his rancor against that dead institution into every political sphere. His taunts against England have struck a strong blow at the very men like John Bright and others, who have always opposed slavery, and been the warmest friends of the Union. They would feel the effect while the Tory party, the enemies of America, would be encouraged by the speech. He closed with a warm appeal for justice and peace.

IF YOU WANT

A FASHIONABLE HAT,

CALL AT H. HODGE'S

NEW DOMINION

HAT AND FUR STORE,

64 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel,

AND SAVE

TEN PER CENT.

Ottawa, May 21. 1055a

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

CITY PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has been instructed by MISS ROSS to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, without reserve, at his Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.,

ON MONDAY NEXT, 24TH INSTANT,

At TWELVE o'clock, Noon,

Lot No. 15, on the South side of Stuart-st., near the residence of the late Henry J. Friel, Esq., one of the most pleasant parts of the city.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, May 21, 1869. 1055td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

HORSES, CARRIAGES & BUGGIES

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

The subscriber will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOTEL, on TUESDAY NEXT, the 25th MAY, instant, at 11 o'clock, a.m., three COVERED FAMILY CARRIAGES, nearly new, one very superior COVERED BUGGY, new, several second-hand BUGGIES, and several HORSES.

Sale positive. Terms—Cash in bankable funds.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 21. 1055td

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC,

BY DR. G. SCHILLING.

I purpose to RESIDE IN OTTAWA during the next two summer months, July and August, and intend to devote part of my time there to my profession, the instruction in music (singing, Piano, Organ, Theorie, etc.) Whoever wishes to profit by this is requested to make their applications VERY SOON, as I shall accept only a VERY LIMITED number of pupils during that time. Particulars about terms, etc., will be given in answer to a written application.

DR. G. SCHILLING,
1055b Montreal.

LATE LITERATURE.

J. DURIE & SON have received The Man who Laughs, by Victor Hugo; Breaking a Butterfly, by the author of Guy Livingstone; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; The Girls of Feversham, by Florence Maryatt; Realities of Irish Life, by French, cheap edition; Word Gossip, by Blackley; Horse and Man, by G C S Phillipps; Men, Women and Ghosts, by S E Phelps; Murray's Adventures in the Adirondacks; Seats and Saddle, Bits and Bitting, by Major Dwyer; Liddon's University Sermons; Aunt Judy's May Day Volume; The Trappers' Guide, by Newhouse; Other People's Windows, by the author of the Gentle Life; Carlisiana: History of the Four Georges; The Red River Country, Hudsons Bay, and Northwest Territories, by A J Russell, C E.

The best books on Flower and Kitchen Gardening. For sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

1869. 1869.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE.

Consisting of the following steamers:

Ann Sisson.....Captain Findlay
Alliance.....Captain Murphy
Emerald.....Captain Couvrette
Oregon.....Captain Cowley
Jason Gould.....Captain Bolton
Pontiac.....Captain Blondin
Pembroke.....Captain Duggan
Snow Bird.....Captain Beattie

Until further notice the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa, at 9:30 a.m., touching at March and Quio, and connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railway at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf and Portage du Fort.

Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the steamer *Alliance*, for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke daily at 7 o'clock, a.m., for Des Joachims and intermediate ports, returning same day.

The *Jason Gould* leaves Pembroke landing daily at 5 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arrive at Aylmer at 4 o'clock, p.m.

The *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere Point, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

Freight of any description forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of timber and sawlogs.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, at Ottawa or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, May 21, 1869.

ROOMS WANTED.—Wanted by a lady and gentleman, two or three rooms furnished with board. Address, B., Times office. 1054.3

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF FISH.

The subscriber will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the

RAILWAY DEPOT,

On Friday Next, the 21st Instant,

At TWO o'clock, p.m.,

27 BBLS. HERRINGS,

4 HALF BBLS. HERRINGS,

2 BBLS. WHITE FISH, very fine, and in first-class order.

Terms—Cash in bankable funds.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 20, 1869. 1054td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

CITY REAL ESTATE.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has received instructions from Mr. E. SPENCER to offer for sale by Public Auction, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 22nd MAY, INSTANT, at 12 o'clock, noon, that very valuable property on the south side of Sister-st., adjoining the workshop of Mr. Gallagher on the east, being Lot No. 54, and the east half of Lot No. 55 in a block, 99 x 152 feet, with lane 12 feet wide running along the west side of the lot the whole length thereof, and upon which is erected a two story Gravel House, plastered, resting on a stone foundation, and between the house and the street there is a stone foundation for a two tenement house, of which the house now erected is intended for kitchens. There are also on the premises a good well of water, woodshed, kitchen and stable, and an excellent garden, in which is a very fine strawberry bed, and the whole premises thoroughly drained, and altogether it is one of the most desirable properties in the market, and well worthy the attention of purchasers.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, May 18, 1869. 1052td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on

Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant,

at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Little's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

Publications.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,

HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.

City papers may be had at 6 a. m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald, and all the late American papers.

Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for June received.

THE AUTUMN WREATH,

A POEM

BY WALTER H. DERMOT.

FOR SALE AT THE BOOKSTORES.

PRICE TEN CENTS.

D. FULTON,
General Agent.

Ottawa, May 20. 1054a

THE

RED RIVER COUNTRY,

HUDSON'S BAY & NORTH-WEST

TERRITORIES,

considered in relation to Canada.

By A. J. RUSSELL, C. E.,

and Inspector of Crown Timber Agencies, Canada, E. & W.

Followed by the last Report of S. J. DAWSON C.E., on the Route of Communication to Red River.

Illustrated by a Map.

The above work is now ready and for sale at the bookstores. Price 75 cents.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Publisher.

Ottawa, 17th May, 1869. 1052-17

JONES & HOLLAND

Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously

Without the Use of a Press or Water.

Price from $2.00 to $4.50.

Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.

Call and see for yourselves.

Directions for Use—Place the writing under the copying sheet, and rub with the fingers. That's all.

May 5, 1869.

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

Terms of subscription for 1 year.....$3 00
6 months.....1 50
3 do 1 00
1 do 0 40

The latest novels, British and American Periodicals always on hand. Books bought, sold and exchanged, at

HAUSER'S, Sparks-st.

PLANTS! PLANTS! PLANTS!

FOR SALE by the subscriber GOOD and HARDY PLANTS of all descriptions, viz.:

CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWERS, TOMATOES, &c., &c.

J. H. PATTERSON,
Inkerman Cottage,
1054a Canal Bank.

EDUCATION.

THE RICHMOND CIRCUIT BOARD

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,

County of Carleton.

Notice is hereby given that the Board will meet in the Town Hall, in Richmond, on TUESDAY, the 15th day of JUNE next, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, for the examination of teachers and general business.

C B PETTIT, M A,
Chairman.

J HINTON,
Secretary. 1054.2.21.1

WANTED,

An APPRENTICE for the Grocery business. Apply at this office.

May 18, 1869. 1053-3

LOST, on Wednesday afternoon, between Wellington and Rideau-sts., a lady's GOLD PIN, set with pearls, and initials on back. Apply to HALL'S CONFECTIONERY, Wellington-st.

May 20. 1054-3

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST

STOCK OF CARPETINGS

AND

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS

IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE

STOCK OF MILLINERY

IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE

STOCK OF MANTLES,

AT MODERATE PRICES,

IN EVERY STYLE,

At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Silk Velvets,

Velveteens and

Water-proof Cloakings

IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY

DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Satin and Lace,

Plain and Fancy Silk,

Dress Trimmings,

Buttons, Linings, &c.,

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Ribbons, Lace,

Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,

And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Broadcloths, Tweeds,

Coatings, Vestings, and

Tailors' Trimmings

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Sheetings,

Pillow Cottons,

Linens, Prints,

White and Grey Cottons

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF NEW GOODS

in all the Departments, is to be found at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

CARPETS!

CARPETS!

Per Steamer "Bellona," from London direct.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

WILL SHOW TO-DAY,

NEW BRUSSELS

AND

TAPESTRY CARPETS

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

ALSO,

HEARTH RUGS TO MATCH.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

Dry Goods.

PANIC! PANIC! PANIC

GREAT CHANC

SAFER THAN A LOTTERY

AS ALL ARE SURE TO GET A PRIZE

$30,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY for.....$12,000.

Owing to the late panic in Montreal, and the large number of Bankrupt Stocks that in consequence have been thrown on the market, we were enabled to purchase an assorted stock of

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,

amounting to $30,000, for the small sum of 7s on the pound, being lower than any stock we have yet purchased.

So now is the time for bargains. But you must hurry up as we intend selling them very low so as to clear them off quick. For instance here is something to please the eye and make the pocket feel good as it draws so little from it.

The stock consists of the following goods, viz:

DRESS GOODS!

One case plain Poplin, choice colours, for.....9d pr yd, worth 1s 3d
One case Silk Striped, do very new.....10½d do do 1s 6d
20 pieces Silk Striped, do very new.....1s do do 1s 9d
10 pieces Rosslind, Shot Striped Lusters.....9d do do 1s 3d
15 pieces Yucatan Cloths...1s 3d do do 2s 6d

Also, 1 case assorted yard wide goods, in splendid colours, and of the latest styles, for 1s 10½d.

The same goods cannot be bought in any house in the city for less than 3s 6d.

Immense bargains in WHITE COTTONS, a first class White Cotton only 5d per yard.

50 dozen White Hose.....5d per pair
20 pieces Ticking.....only 9d, worth 1s 3d
50 dozen all Linen Towels, good .....for 3d each
60 do do do do do 5d, worth 9d each
157 pairs Corsets, ...for 2s per pair
100 White quilts.....at a great bargain
200 Coloured Quilts.....only 5s, worth 2s 6d
100 Silk and Wool Shirts for Boating,.....7s 6d worth 12s 6d
400 pairs Gloves.....for 4d per pair
100 do Fine Silk Gloves...only 1s 3d, worth 2s 6d
Pocket Handkerchiefs.....1½d each
do do hemmed.....6d each
Also, 2 cases Prints, slightly damaged 3d to 4½d per yard

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

THE GREATEST SACRIFICE OF THE AGE IN CLOTHING.

Splendid all wool Suits warranted.....for $9
Good Suits.....for $4.50
Vests.....from 75c up
Pants.....50c, 75c and $1 per pair
And a magnificent Alpacca Coat.....only $1.25

AT

THE OCCIDENTAL EMPORIUM,

STEWART'S BLOCK, RIDEAU-ST.,

near Sappers' Bridge.

H. HICK & CO.

SIMCOE OLD RYE.

(Ritchie, Ford & Co.)

Just received.

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047tf

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season.

Just received.

JAS. BUCHANAN'S,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

LECTURE

BY

REV. W. MORLEY PUNSHON, M.A.,

SUBJECT:

"MACAULAY,"

ON

24th May, 1869, (Queen's Birthday,)

AT THE

SKATING RINK, OTTAWA.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, p.m. Lecture to commence at 8.

Tickets—Single 50 cents; Double $75.

To be procured at the following places: Upper Town, Messrs. Skinner's and Jamieson's; Centre Town, Messrs. Hunton's, Pennock's, Dr. Brown's and Orme & Son; Lower Town, Messrs. Howell's and May's; New Edinburgh, Messrs. J. W. Proctor & Co. 1052td

PLANTS, PLANTS, PLANTS.

MR. DERENZY, of Gloucester, (Montreal Road), offers for sale the following

STRAWBERRY PLANTS, VEGETABLES, AND FRUIT TREES,

at most reasonable prices:

STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

Brussell's Prolific, at 50 cents per 100
Wilson's Albany do do do
Wilson's Seedling do do do
Black Prince do do do
Agriculturalist $3 do

VEGETABLE PLANTS.

Egg Plants, of various kinds
Tomatoes
Capsicombs
Celery

and other varieties in season.

A great variety of young Apple and other Fruit trees usually found in first class gardens.

Any of the above may be had at Mosgrove & Bros., Dwyre's old stand, Sparks-st., or by applying to Mr. Derenzy at the gardens.

Gloucester, May 20, 1869. 1054.2

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned:

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,

THE BEST ASSORTED,

THE BEST ASSORTED,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,

THE BEST VALUE,

THE BEST VALUE,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,

THE NEWEST STYLES,

THE NEWEST STYLES,

At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

DOOR MATS,

DAMASKS, REPPS,

PEKINADES, CHINTZES,

LACES, CORNICES,

COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING

BOOKBINDING,

&c., &c., &c.

To be had at

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

PRINTING,

AND

STATIONERY STORE,

21 *Rideau-st.*,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, lar ge
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to mat
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultra rine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and L Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—

Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—

Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES

Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.

Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal an Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—

Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—

Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—

Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,

Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'

Office Requisites supplied on reasonab terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES

Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Boo Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice an on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

General Geography, with 39 coloured map price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,

Authorized by the Council of Public Instructio for Ontario. The prices are

First Book, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

First Book—Part Second, 54 illustration strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

Second Book, 56 illustrations, strongl bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

Third Book, 41 illustrations, strongly boun in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

Fourth Book, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

Fifth Book, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES.

The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,

At "The Ottawa Citizen"

Stationery and Printing House,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE

21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 21, 1869.

The market yesterday was very small, and the prices remained about the same as before.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Teas.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable men to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substances, so often used in the tea trade. Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to everyone are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Cattees and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Cattees, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money can be collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. Where there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we will send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs, and sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, will receive one of their own choice in return at our expense.

We subjoin a list of our prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do.	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do.	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the address,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Box 201, P. O., Ottawa, or
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, May 8, 1869.

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

☞Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

☞Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

☞Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method o returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,

GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,

AND

DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
1002tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE

"ROCKET,"

WINNER OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE

IN 1862,

Height 15½ hands.

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of

MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON,
Clarence-st., near the Market.

☞Terms $10 for the season.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

FOR SALE.

A first-rate BLACK CANADIAN PONEY, SET HARNESS and SPRING WAGGON, all in good order. Will be sold cheap for cash.

Apply to
J. CONNOR,
1050a Gloucester-st., near Rideau-st.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to
JOHN COOK,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX,
Plantagenet Mills,
1043tf Ontario.

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to
ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,
AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to
R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to
S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

PLANTS FOR SALE.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public that he has on hand and for sale TOMATOES, EARLY and LATE CABBAGE PLANTS, CAULIFLOWERS, MELONS, CUCUMBERS in variety, and all the different plants suitable for a garden.

J. H. DWYRE,
1050a Corner of Slater and O'Connor-sts.

TIN SPICE BOXES,
A novelty,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET,

From 15th June, the HOUSE occupied by CAPTAIN SCOTT, on Daly-st., Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, May 14. 1049tf

HOUSE TO LET

On Richmond Road, of six rooms. Apply to J. McGAW, Cave Creek Hotel. 1049a

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

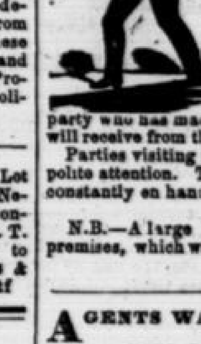
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT

REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS.

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD,
1043.20d 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.

FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.

GRASS and CLOVER SEED.

WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

A beautiful and varied assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,

BATHS, of all kinds,

TOILET SETTS,

Plain and Ornamented,

☞REFRIGERATORS!

☞REFRIGERATORS

McKelvy's Patent.

We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!

Best patterns in use.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st.,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine o.	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

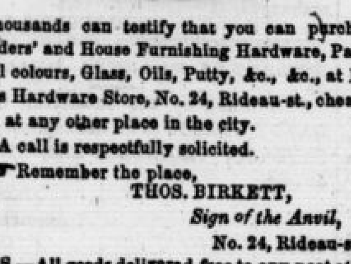
STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, &c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st. Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

☞Remember the place,

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City.

Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55-y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Shew Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will n a purchaser by applying

TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

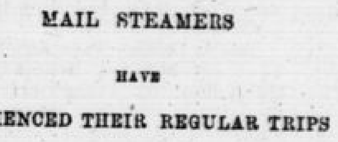
respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA

RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMERS

HAVE

COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS

BETWEEN

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

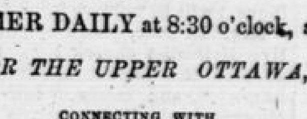
R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.

May 7, 1869. 1043tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,

Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

LEAVES

AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"

"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"

FOR

DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS,
1042tf President.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to F. BRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

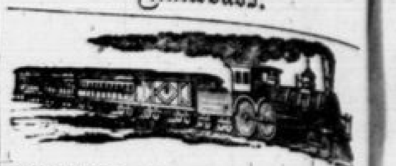
Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 483y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBL.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway)

ON and AFTER TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p.m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west, also with the steamers of the Royal Mail Line.

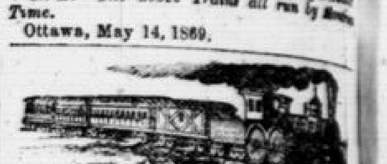
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.



BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p.m. and 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 9.40 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 2.15 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at 9:10 a m

Night do do do do do 8:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 7:00 a m

Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 6:00 a m

Express for Island Pond, at 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10 p m

☞Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p.m., for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES

is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S Cantor Lectures.

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, Paris.

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

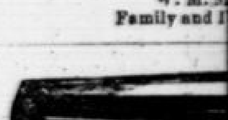
THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

VOL. IV

Marriage L

A GAR YEILDING,
Agent for MARRIAGE LI
of Ottawa, by commission f
the Governor-General.
OFFICE—St. Lawrence H
Ottawa, April 9, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESEN
AT
THE MEDICA
28 Sparks-st.,
Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfum
Cambridge Bo
Oxford B
Egg
Silver Top Smelling Bottle
Scotch Plaid Smelling
Improved Perfu
A complete stock just receive
Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Ch
Druggists' Sundrie
W. M.
Family and I



S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER,
AND
UNDERT
FURNIT
of every description, made
and jobbing attended to.
Architects and others furni
ings for any kind of wood
correctly executed.
Particular attention paid t
GOTHIC & FANCY
FUNER
furnished at the shortest
country.
METALLIC AND O
always on hand.
EXPRESS W
for the removal of household
waggons for lumber and oth
N.B.—Residence at the
st., opposite the market

WATCH
J. SEWILL, LIVER
Manufacturer by speci
HER MAJESTY THE QUE
AND
COURT OF S
THE RIGHT HONORABL
MISSIONERS OF TH
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN V
NAVY
Prize Medalist of the Great
tion of London, 1862,
versal Exhibition of
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN L
Agent for O
For the sale of these celebrat
H. & A. SAU
Sole Wholesale Agents in
sale of J. Sewill's Watches.
Ottawa May 20.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given, t
presentatives in the Coun
Physicians and Surgeons of
Territorial Divisions consti
32, Cap. 45, (Statutes of Ont
TUESDAY, the 8th day of
There will be no nominat
The votes will be cast
which will be sent from th
tered practitioner on the 20
These voting papers mu
to instructions which will
transmitted to the Returnin
in which the voter resides
The voting papers will
turning Officers of the sever
at two o'clock, p.m., on the
the following places:—
Western and St. Clair Di
Malahide and Tecumseth
Saugeen and Brock
Gore and Thames
Erie and Niagara
Burlington and Home
Midland and York
King's and Queen's
Newcastle and Trent
Quinte and Cataraqui
Bathurst and Rideau
St. Lawrence and Eastern
The names of the Return
nished on a printed envelop
registered practitioner.
H
Medical Registration Offic
Hamilton, April 15th,

NOTICE.
The undersigned begs to
OPENED A
OVER A. McCOR
SPARKS-
Where all orders for the
CANADA
AND
PRINTING, BINDING,
may be sent, and will be
as usual, arrangements ha
vent any interruption to th
Mr. Desbarats feels gra
tendered him on all sides,
patrons and friends in his
GEOR
Ottawa, January 21, 1869

W. H. EASTON
COMMISSION
FORWA
DEAL
Wheat, Corn, Flour,
OTTA
Cash advanced on go
diate sale. Prompt retu
W. H. EASTON.

THE LEADER.
THE MORNING
LEA
Is sold by J. R. BAT
HOUSE, daily, at ONE
Ottawa, April 25.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1056. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

18 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,

Sparks-street,

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,

Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

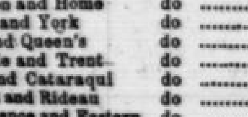
The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.

Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d



NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 25. 1033tf

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*

We would call the especial attention of the

LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for..................$1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

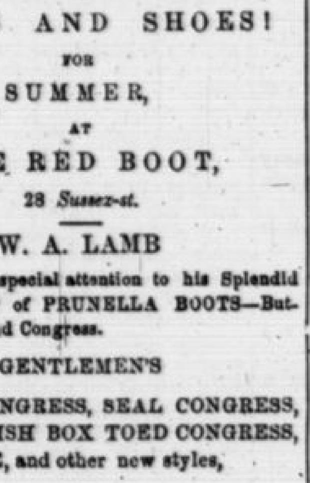
PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON



SEWING MACHINES

are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE, Price, $3.00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

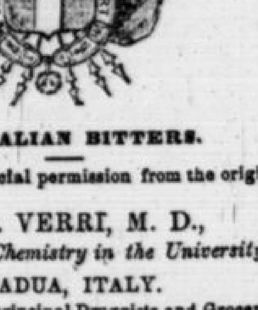
Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of

PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. The preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT,..................DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.,

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

QUEBEC REFERENCES.

Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.

James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.

Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.

Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.

Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Tailoring.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian

TWEEDS,

may now be seen at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.

Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.

A. GRAHAM & CO.,
Commercial Warehouse,
No. 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

T. LAWRENCE

Having opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.

From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

GENTLEMEN

Leaving their orders at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

Can get well suited in Garments.

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

N. ROBERTSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

COATS, PANTS and VESTS

May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

FOR CASH ONLY.

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUO rice according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups.
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies, in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts. Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6. 1015tf

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays for Sunday's use, for $6 00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
124 Rideau-st.

1043d

Dry Goods.

OPENED OUT

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,

A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,

A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,

A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,

A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS

IN NEW MATERIALS,

A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,

A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,

TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

PANIC! PANIC! PANIC

GREAT CHANC

SAFER THAN A LOTTERY

AS ALL ARE SURE TO GET A PRIZE

$30,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY for.............$12,000.

Owing to the late panic in Montreal, and the large number of Bankrupt Stocks that in consequence have been thrown on the market, we were enabled to purchase an assorted stock of

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,

amounting to $30,000, for the small sum of 7s on the pound, being lower than any stock we have yet purchased.

So now is the time for bargains. But you must hurry up as we intend selling them very low so as to clear them off quick. For instance here is something to please the eye and make the pocket feel good as it draws so little from it.

The stock consists of the following goods, viz:

DRESS GOODS!

One case plain Poplin, choice colours, for......................9d pr yd, worth 1s 3d
One case Silk Striped, do very new.....................10½d do do 1s 6d
20 pieces Silk Striped, do very new.....................1s do do 1s 9d
10 pieces Roselind, Shot Striped Lusters......................9d do do 1s 3d
15 pieces Yucatan Cloths...1s 3d do do 2s 6d

Also, 1 case assorted yard wide goods, in splendid colours, and of the latest styles, for 1s 10½d.

The same goods cannot be bought in any house in the city for less than 3s 6d.

Immense bargains in WHITE COTTONS, a first class White Cotton only 5d per yard.

80 dozen White Hose.........................5d per pair
20 pieces Ticking.......................only 9d, worth 1s 3d
50 dozen all Linen Towels, good.........for 3d each
60 do do do do 5d, worth 9d each
157 pairs Corsets..........................for 2s per pair
100 White quilts.......................at a great bargain
200 Coloured Quilts....................only 5s, worth 2s 6d
100 Silk and Wool Shirts for Boating,.........................7s 6d worth 12s 6d
400 pairs Gloves.........................for 4d per pair
100 do Fine Silk Gloves...only 1s 3d, worth 2s 6d
Pocket Handkerchiefs..............................1½d each
do do hemmed..........................6d each
Also, 2 cases Prints, slightly damaged
3d to 4½d per yard

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

THE GREATEST SACRIFICE OF THE AGE IN CLOTHING.

Splendid all wool Suits warranted..............for $9
Good Suits..for $4.50
Vests..from 75c up
Pants...............................50c, 75c and $1 per pair
And a magnificent Alpacca Coat..........only $1.25

AT

THE OCCIDENTAL EMPORIUM,

STEWART'S BLOCK, RIDEAU-ST.,

near Sappers' Bridge.

H. HICK & CO.

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a

FEW DAYS

OPEN A FIRST-CLASS

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the

FIRST FLOOR

OF THE

MASONIC HALL BLOCK,

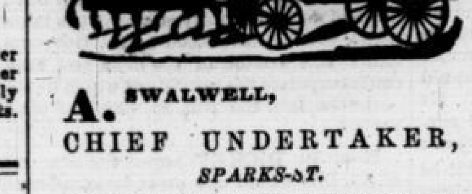
ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK

In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y



A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

WANTED.

A second-hand SKIFF in good order. Apply at the TIMES Office. 1051tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication
of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duser & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

For the effect produced by Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs the inventor is permitted to refer to the Medical Gentlemen in St. John, N. B., whose signatures are attached hereto:

WILLIAM BAYARD, M.D.
EDWIN BAYARD, M.D.
THOMAS WALKER, M.D.
JOHN BERRYMAN, M.D., ED.
DR. JOHNSTON, L.R.C.S., ED.
GEORGE KEATOR, M.D.
W. H. HARDING, M.R.C.S.
JOHN BAXTER, M.D.
J. D. WHITE, M. D.
T. W. CARRITT, M.D.

I, Aaron Alward, Mayor of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, having examined the letters of Drs. Earle, Addy, Clay, Jacobs and Chandler, and also the signatures attached to the foregoing permit of reference, hereby certify that I believe them all genuine.

I can also testify to the high therapeutical value of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs, and consider it deserving of attention by the profession generally.

{ Great Seal. } In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Seal of Mayoralty at the city of St. John, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

AARON ALWARD, M.D.,
1049b21b Mayor of the City of St. John.

AGENTS—FRANCIS CUNDILL & CO., 32 Lemoine-st., Montreal.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Losenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Losenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where. 578y

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

PARISIAN STEAM DYE WORKS,

M. HIRSHFIELD.

OFFICES—Nos. 374 and 258 Notre Dame-street,

MONTREAL.

OTTAWA AGENCY AT THE

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 Sparks-st.

Dresses of every description, Shawls, Curtains, etc., scoured and cleaned, or dyed in all colors and shades. Gents' Garments renovated. Charges low. 1051d

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address

E. F. McAVAY & CO.,

Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

LECTURE

BY

REV. W. MORLEY PUNSHON, M.A.,

SUBJECT:

"MACAULAY,"

ON

24th May, 1869, (Queen's Birthday,)

AT THE

SKATING RINK, OTTAWA.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, p.m. Lecture to commence at 8.

Tickets—Single 50 cents; Double $75.

To be procured at the following places: Upper Town, Messrs. Skinner's and Jamieson's; Centre Town, Messrs. Hunton's, Pennock's, Dr. Brown's and Orme & Son; Lower Town, Messrs. Howell's and May's; New Edinburgh, Messrs. J.W. Proctor & Co. 1052td

LOST, on Wednesday afternoon, between Wellington and Rideau-sts., a lady's GOLD PIN, set with pearls, and initials on back. Apply to HALL'S CONFECTIONERY, Wellington st.

May 20. 1054.3

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,

Very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

GREAT BRITAIN.

What is thought About Chandler's Proposition.

The English papers have been discussing Senator Chandler's proposition to take Canada in payment of the Alabama claims, and among the opinions expressed, we find the following from the *Standard*:—

The best chance of averting war, which remains to us now, is to be secured by letting the Americans know clearly where our concessions will stop, and at what point exactly our peaceable endurance of their animosity will cease. So many complicated questions are mixed up with the triple relations of England, Canada, and the United States, that we, of course, would shrink at this stage of the proceedings, and while we are in the dark concerning the manner in which the American Government might advance to an attempted annexation of Canada, from laying down in advance a definite scheme of policy in reference to the negotiations with which we are now menaced, but certain principles stand out clearly enough from all the complexities in which those negotiations can possibly become involved. The theory on which we hold colonial possessions in the present day is very unlike that on which they were first acquired. We do not expect any pecuniary advantage from them now. We have been for a long course of years accustomed to find that the British taxpayer in account with the colonial possessions of the crown, is distinctly the loser financially; but, at the same time, Goldwin Smith's view of the subject—that England would be better off if she were deprived of all her possessions abroad and confined within the limits of those islands—had only to be enunciated to disgust all classes who were animated by a spark of chivalrous or patriotic feeling. Any one colony taken separately may, perhaps, be an expense to the mother country; but the greatness of the British empire springs directly from the world-wide extent of its territory, and would be utterly annihilated if England were reduced to the rank of a plethoric insular Belgium. It would be vain to imagine, therefore, that England could part with any of her important colonies, and not part at the same time with some of her rank, power and prestige. We cling to our colonies for our own sake but in spite of this we cling to them on one condition. We are only prepared to insist on the maintenance of the bond between us as long as each colony for her own sake, desires its maintenance too. This conditional character of the bond may make it appear slight in the eyes of some other Powers; but the nation which imagines that it can be broken by any force short of the spontaneous desire of the colonists makes a gigantic mistake. This is the principle which above all others it is important to establish just now. There might have been circumstances under which the Canadians would have found it an easy matter to throw off such control as the British Government at present exercises over them; but that control shall never be resigned at the dictate of a foreign power. Never mind what the consequences of a refusal to submit to such dictation may be, the national pride of England is not yet dead, the national honor is not yet sullied, and it will be utterly vain for the Americans to imagine that while the inhabitants of the British Provinces across the Atlantic remain true and attached to their allegiance, the frontier of Canada can ever be outraged by troops of the United States at a less cost than that of a war with the whole power of Great Britain.

The London *Star* (Bright's organ) concludes an article on the subject in this manner:—

Mr. Chandler, from his place in the Senate, calles upon us to cede Canada as a compensation for the injustice with which we have treated his country. But this gentleman must be aware that Canada is not ours to give. The day has gone by for the bartering away of great and free communities. The people of Canada are masters of their own destinies; and their fate can never be decided by any bargain struck in London or in Washington. We are glad that a New York paper has taken Mr. Chandler to task for a speech which suggests that one wrong should be patched up by creating another, and that, too, a wrong inflicted upon a people who, at all events, are not responsible for the depredations of the *Alabama* or the shortcomings of the mother country.

—HYDROPHOBIA REMEDY.—The rural practitioner who cured the lad Johnson at Dundas after symptoms of hydrophobia had appeared a few days since, has furnished the Hamilton *Times* with the following receipt of his remedy:

The mixture has some similarity to the decoction stewed up by the witches who engaged to do a little doctoring for a Scottish gentleman, named Macbeth:—"The false tongue of a colt, pulverized; the under jaw of a dog; burnt teeth then removed, reduced to powder; the filings of six pure coppers; ten roots of blood root, dried and powdered; sassafras-root bark, a quantity equal to the blood-root, also pulverized;—all to be well mixed." The dose for an adult is half a teaspoonful in molasses or honey after a fast of eight hours. Immediately after the first dose, take the filings of half a pure copper by itself. The patient is to refrain from fruits, oily meats, butter, milk, spirituous liquors, for at least twelve days, drinking nothing but toast tea.

—One hundred years ago, 1st day of May, 1769, was born at Dangan Castle, Ireland, Arthur Wellesley, the future Duke of Wellington, the conqueror of Napoleon and hero of a hundredth fights. As a contemporary remarks:—"To Religion we have done homage through Wesley, to Poetry through Burns, to Music through Handle, to the Drama through Shakespeare, and we already talk of honor to Fiction through the hundredth anniversary of Scott, but Defence, in the centenary of her greatest champion, we have allowed to go past us unnoticed—although to Defence we owe the full opportunity to realize the pleasure which religion, poetry, the drama and fiction have so liberally showered upon us."

—Ward Bozrath, of Charleton, Mo., was bitten by a cat supposed to be mad. On the application of a "mad stone" to the wounded place it adhered very firmly, and drew to the surface a slimy liquid. Mr. B. is recovering.

A FINANCIAL CRASH IMPENDING.

A recent New York despatch says:—the gold operators have been fairly pushed into a corner of their own making.

Large amounts of bonds sent to Europe have been returned. Many of the shrewd financiers attribute the difficulty to the fact that Secretary Boutwell has endeavoured to do too much. Another reason is assigned, and perhaps the nearest to the truth, to wit: the Sumner speech on the *Alabama* claims. A very large portion of foreign funds are controlled by foreign residents here, and the belief that a European war, in some shape, is approaching, gains strength every day. This feeling affects not only the financial circles but extends to every branch of commerce. Since 1857 there has not been so much doubt as to the financial future as to-day.

I have heard several prominent parties declare that the only solution would be a financial crash. This, they declare, would set every man on a correct footing. The great difficulty at present is, so many supposed well established houses sailing under false colors. Very many failures for large amounts have taken place, but the policy of the solvent firms is to withhold publicity as it would tend to shake the general credit.

AMERICAN GOOD FAITH.

The *Post* of Berlin, calls attention to the by no means creditable bargain concluded by the United States with Denmark for the sale of the West India Island of St. Thomas. Denmark at first did not wish to sell, but afterwards she was persuaded to the bargain. The United States Senate has for three years neglected to ratify it and sanction the money. When the negotiations first commenced, says the *Post*, Denmark flatly refused. She had just lost Schleswig and Holstein, and any further cessions of territory were not to be thought of. "The American *charge d'affaires*, Yeamen, seems, however, without pledging himself to anything, to have given the Danish politicians dark hints of diplomatic support in their attempts to recover North Schleswig, and that was, of course, the bait which they could not refuse. The bargain was struck, but the Americans are now said to be desirous to draw out of it, simply because they feel certain that Cuba will fall into their hands. They object, it is stated, to pay $10,000,000 or $12,000,000 for a small island when they can get a large one for nothing.

MILITARY.

The following promotions appear in the London *Gazette* of May 4th, of regiments serving in Canada:—

13th Hussars.—Lieut Charles Clarke Higgins to be Captain, by purchase, vice Joseph Bonham Clay, who retires; Cornet Thomas Edward Rivers to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Higgins.

29th Foot.—Capt Edward George St. John, from the 2nd Foot, to be Capt, vice W. J. Holt, who exchanges.

69th Foot.—Capt. Henry Scott Turner, to be Major, by purchase, vice Francis Gamble Blood, who retires; Lieut Frederick Hotham Dykes to be Capt, by purchase, vice Turner; Ensign Albert Philip Woodehouse, to be Lieut, by purchase, vice Dyke.

INDUSTRIAL PROGRESS.—The Black Country at work presents an industrial hive which the queen of all the bees might envy. The extent and variety of its produce in a single week are something prodigious. They include the raising of 80,000 tons of coal, 20,000 tons of ironstone, 5000 tons of limestone, 2000 tons of fire-clay, and 1500 tons of basaltic stone, or Rowley Rag; also the smelting of 10,000 tons of pig-iron, the rolling of 15,000 tons of finished iron, and the fabrication of 2000 tons of cast-iron ware, 200 tons of brass and copper ware, 380,000 locks and keys, 20,000 bolts, 1000 tons of chains and cables, 50 tons anvils and vices, 200 tons agricultural implements, 6000 tea-trays, 50,000 waiters, 3000 pairs of spectacles, 500 tons of glass, 250 tons of hollow ware, 200 tons anchors, 200 tons boilers and gasholders, 1000 saddles, 500 sets of harness, 500 tons of nails, 2000 tons of railway and engineering iron-work, 5000 traps, 500 tons of edge tools and steel toys, scores of miles of tubing, and an innumerable array of miscellaneous small wares, ranging from a rivet to a candlestick.—*Birmingham Daily Post.*

THE ROYAL GEOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY AND MRS. SOMERVILLE.—One of the highest honors which it is in the power of the Royal Geographical Society to bestow is about to fall to the share of a lady. Mrs. Somerville, whose work on physical geography is still by far the best work we have on the subject, will have awarded to her at the anniversary meeting of the society on the 24th of next month the Victoria gold medal. Two medals are yearly given by the Crown, and are adjudged by the Royal Geographical Society to two persons who have been distinguished by their promotion of the interests of geographical science. Of these the Founder's medal ranks first, and the Victoria medal next. This year the Founder's will be given to M. Nordenskiold for his explorations in Arctic regions, particularly in Spitzbergen; and the Victoria medal to be given to Mrs. Somerville specially for her physical geography. Lady Franklin some years ago received one of the medals of the Geographical Society on account of her husband's travels, but Mrs. Somerville is the first lady to whom the medal has been accorded for work done by herself.—*London Queen.*

PRINCE ALFRED'S SECOND VISIT TO AUSTRALIA.—The Duke of Edinburgh arrived at Melbourne on Monday, the 22nd February, in the *Galatea*. As an authoritative announcement had preceded his coming, to the effect that it was not her Majesty's wish that his Royal Highness's present visit should be attended by the sort of demonstrations with which he was welcomed last year, there was no organized public ceremonial on his landing. Nevertheless multitudes assembled at Sandridge to receive him, and he was loudly cheered as he stepped from his barge on to the jetty. Everywhere the Prince has been received with a welcome quite as warm, although not so ostentatious, as that of last year.

—In London alone the Mormons have eight branches, and there are 104 elders, 38 priests, 23 teachers, and 30 deacons.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Metropolitan Rifle Association—W. H. Falls.

Refrigerators, &c.—Esmonde Bros.

Notice—E. B. Wood.

Dry Goods, Clothing, &c.—O'Meara & Co.

Auction Sale of Household Furniture—A. Rowe.

Dress and Cloak Making—Miss Elliott.

Hot Farmers—Royce Brothers.

House and Lot for Sale at Quio.

Candidate for By Ward—Charles Rowan.

JOB WORK, including PAMPHLETS, POSTERS DODGERS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS, CARDS, &c., printed at THE TIMES office, at low rates, and with neatness and despatch.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

THE delegates from Newfoundland did not arrive yesterday as expected. They will no, doubt, be here to-day.

THE Senate yesterday adjourned till Friday evening next.

In the Commons, an important measure of reform in the administration of justice was introduced by the Hon. J. S. MACDONALD, providing for the summary trial of persons committed for felony, &c., by the County Judges. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD introduced a number of criminal laws, and also an Act to establish a Supreme Court for the Dominion. Mr. DORION's amendment, to prevent the introduction of whipping as a punishment for certain offences, was voted down. Several bills were advanced a stage, and nearly all the estimates were agreed to in Committee of Supply, with the understanding that discussion should take place on the motion for concurrence. The House adjourned at 1:05.

WITHOUT surprise, but with much regret, we learn that the Royal Canadian Bank has suspended payment. It would appear that the "private and confidential" correspondence of those concerned in its management has produced legitimate fruit. When the members of a Board of direction cease to have confidence in each other, and proclaim the circumstance to the public, it is not at all surprising that the public should withdraw its confidence from them.

The influence of the squabble among the Directors may be judged of by the fact that the circulation which, at the end of March, was upwards of twelve hundred thousand dollars, had been reduced to about six. The notes of the bank are now at a discount of about forty per cent., though they ought to be worth a great deal more. Part of this excessive decline is attributable to the necessities of the holders, and part to the fears of all classes as to their ultimate redemption. But however the shareholders may fare, it can hardly be otherwise than that the notes of the bank will be redeemed in full.

We have now witnessed the effects of our banking system upon two classes of banks, the old and the young; and since disaster and consequent depreciation in the currency are liable to overtake both, it is little to be wondered at that the public should heartily welcome any feasible proposition for the introduction of a sounder circulating medium.

It is the duty of the shareholders of the Royal Canadian to institute a thorough investigation into the management of their property, that they may discover by what means the bank has been brought to its present straits. If the misunderstanding between the Directors can be turned to account in the prosecution of such investigation, it will so far compensate for the injury it has already done.

IT was refreshing to witness the healthy tone which pervaded the House of Commons yesterday, on the "whipping" provisions of the Act respecting offences against the person. The whipping or flogging is permissive, or discretionary with the court; and is besides confined to a few crimes of violence, such as garroting, &c., for the purpose of committing another crime. It has also, and as we think, unfortunately, been limited to adult males, for to no class would it be more wholesome than to masculine juveniles from the age at which they are capable of committing an indictable offence up to manhood.

The sentimental twaddle of Mr. DORION, and others who supported his views, is unworthy of consideration. The principle that justifies capital punishment for murder ought to justify corporal punishment for offences against the person—with such exceptions as go to prove the rule. Just as one man may, under certain circumstances, slay another without being liable to the penalty due to murder, so one may inflict personal injury on another without meriting corporal punishment. But the deliberately planned personal attack, whether by garroting, or slung-shot, or skull-cracker, or overpowering by chloroform, or other agency, for the purpose of facilitating the commission of another crime, should surely not go "*unwhipt* of justice."

The ruffians who perpetrate such crimes have no tender spot beyond their own bodies; and through them they should be made to feel the enormity of their crimes against society. It is ridiculous in a man of Mr. DORION's abilities and learning to talk of the aim of punishment being the reformation of the criminal. The enduring of a punishment is merely the paying of the price of the crime committed; the reformation of the criminal, though a laudable object in itself, is an entirely distinct affair. But our modern humanitarians seem to expend all their sympathy on the scoundrels who outrage society, without having a thought for their unfortunate victims. A little less consideration for rogues and scoundrels, and a little more for honest, law-abiding men, would do no harm to society.

THERE is nothing so wholesome for an advanced English Radical as personal contact with American institutions. From the days of COBBETT down to those of GOLDWIN SMITH the result has apparently been the same. We are almost sorry that JOHN BRIGHT did not serve an apprenticeship in Uncle SAMUEL's workshop before becoming a master mechanic in that of Miss BRITANNIA. Perhaps, however, he did not need the experience. Some men seem capacitated to adapt their shoulders to their burthens, while others are fain to beware lest they strive beyond their strength. Mr. BRIGHT is apparently of the former class, for even before his constituents had ratified his acceptance of office, he warned them that the things which he would, perhaps he could not do, and that to the things which he would not, he might be compelled to submit. So that in his case, perhaps, American experience was not needed. Professor GOLDWIN SMITH is a man of a different stamp, however, as the following letter to the London *Beehive* will show:

"SIR,—The information respecting the prospects of English emigration, which I was requested to procure, had been collected to the best of my ability, and I was about to send it for publication in your columns; but the speech of Mr. Sumner has had so great an effect in reviving American hostility to England, and the continuance of friendly relations between the two countries appears at this moment to be in such peril, that I fear the promoters and organisers of English emigration cannot for the present prudently turn their thoughts in this direction.

"Judging from what I know of the general temper of the American people, and from the language respecting Mr. Sumner's speech which I hear held in conversation, I should say there would be no rupture; but, at the same time I hold myself prepared for a turn of affairs which would oblige English residents to leave this country.

Yours, &c.,
"GOLDWIN SMITH.

"BOSTON, April 18."

We have no quarrel with the Professor's opinion as expressed above; but it seems strange that he should have had to cross the Atlantic to discover that England's interest did not lie in the expatriation of her people to the United States. Mr. SUMNER's speech was nothing very new, neither marking a new phase in the temper of the American people, nor a new policy on the part of their Government. It was a mere bubble on the surface of the turbulent sea of American political thought; a spurt over the edge of the boiling cauldron, that cooled ere it reached the ground, leaving "nobody hurt." Yet this trifle persuaded Mr. GOLDWIN SMITH that emigration from England to the United States should cease. Possibly Mr. SMITH may be sincere in attributing his change of opinion to Mr. SUMNER's speech, and American opinion thereon; but the fact is that the speech is but a specimen of incident after incident which will crowd upon him, during his American experience, until Radicalism is banished from his mind, when probably he will again cross the Atlantic to curse the idol which he formerly adored.

LOCAL NEWS.

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH—SERVICES TO-MORROW.—Morning prayer, sermon and holy communion—11 a.m. Litany (choral) and catechising—3 p.m. Evening service—7 p.m.

REV. MR. PURSHON.—This eloquent clergyman will preach in the Wesleyan Methodist Church in this city to-morrow morning,—service to commence at half-past ten. We are informed that the doors will be opened at ten and that all seats will be free. We advise our readers to go early.

43RD BATTALION OF CARLETON.—We shall not have the pleasure of seeing the brave 43rd Carleton Volunteers unite with our city volunteers on the approaching Queen's Birthday as it is ordered, and very properly, that each company should remain to assist at the celebration, each company in its own locality. Ammunition is being sent to them and they will parade and fire a *feu de joie* at home.

THE NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY'S EXCURSION.—The intended annual excursion of the Natural History Society, which was fixed for the Queen's birthday, has been postponed *sine die*. This postponement is one of the untoward results of the unusual height of the water in the river, which has carried away several bridges, and placed other insurmountable obstacles in the way to Mount Humboldt, which was assigned as the interesting scene of their pleasure and exploration.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.—We are requested to call attention to an order in our advertising columns to the Ottawa Rifles, to meet at the Drill Shed, at 9:30 o'clock, sharp, on Monday morning, 24th inst., for the purpose of assisting at the celebration of the Queen's Birthday. On this fiftieth birthday of her Majesty it is particularly desirous to have a full attendance, and we are informed that the provisions of the Militia Act of 1868 will be rigourously enforced in all cases of non-attendance.

POLICE COURT.—Charles Lalonde was charged with stealing a pair of gaiters and some spools of machine sewing silk, from the boot and shoe store of Thomas Nelson. The case was proved against him, and he was sent to jail at hard labour for the space of six months. Serves him right, only it is a pity he could not have been sent to the Penitentiary, as in that case the city and country would have got rid of a chronic nuisance of twenty-five years standing.

The woman charged with breaking down a fence was discharged.

METROPOLITAN RIFLE ASSOCIATION.—We learn that the Metropolitan Rifle Association intend to hold their annual prize meeting about the beginning of August. So successful was the association in their last tournament, that its members feel as all should feel after success—a determination to do even better next time. Under the influence of this determination they have taken the field early this season. Their subscription list is already prepared, and canvassers will go to work forthwith. Remember the victory of last fall; our men of wealth will, no doubt, be ready to furnish the sinews of war for another, for be it remembered even a tournament cannot be without them.

RIFLE RANGE.—We understand that the Rifle Range will be open for practice for this season on Monday next, 24th inst. The days for practice for each corps are as follows, viz: Mondays—Metropolitan Rifle Association. Tuesdays and Fridays,—Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery. Wednesdays—Field Battery Artillery. Thursdays—Rifle Company. Saturdays—Civil Service Drill Association. Firing squads of Volunteers must be under the charge of an officer or non-commissioned officer, and all appear in uniform, in conformity to the general order to that effect. Squads from Rifle Associations must be in charge of some person selected from among themselves for that purpose, and be subject to his orders. Squads must in all cases be accompanied by a bugler. The care taker will be the marker at all firing, and the register will be in his charge for further reference. The register will contain the state of the weather, direction and force of the wind, &c., and such observation of the person in charge of firing parties as may be thought most useful for further reference.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

THURSDAY, May 20, 1869.

The SPEAKER took the chair at four o'clock in pursuance of the orders of the House.

After routine,

Several petitions were presented, and others read.

Hon. Mr. CAMPELL presented a despatch from his Excellency the Governor-General, transmitting the report of the delegates appointed to negotiate for the acquisition of Rupert's Land and the Northwest Territory

ADDRESS.

Upon the notice of motion being called of which notice had been given by the Hon. Mr. RITCHIE, viz.: For an humble address to his Excellency the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to communicate to this House the terms of the contract between the Government and the proprietors of the Inman line of steamers, for the conveyance of the mails between Halifax and England. He said that in giving notice of this motion, he was not aware that the contracts which had been entered into by the Government and the proprietors of the Inman line of steamers, for the conveyance of mails between Halifax and England were in course of preparation for the use of members of the House. As those papers would furnish the desired information, he would withdraw his motion. He would mention that there was a general dissatisfaction expressed with the mode in which that service had been performed. The class of vessels used were of an inferior order, and the passages made by them were as long as the passages made when steam navigation was in its infancy. In answer to these complaints the agents of the Inman line say that the vessels are quite as good, or better, than they were required to furnish according to the terms of their contract.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL understood that his hon. friend had withdrawn his notice. He (Mr. Campbell) thought it would be desirable that he should ask for a return of the voyage made showing the exact length of each voyage, and how they would compare with voyages made before July 1867. If they had a copy of the contract and a return of the voyages performed by the ships they would be able to form an opinion of the merits or demerits of the Line.

Hon. Mr. STEEVES said since the proprietors of this Line have had the contract for carrying the Mails they have put on the most inferior description of vessels in their possession. Those boats were of such a character that it was not desirable to have them upon the Route between Halifax and Liverpool. The facts were that the Subsidy received was not sufficient to warrant them in putting on a better style of boats.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL in reply to his hon. friend said he was informed by the Company that they had put on inferior vessels upon two occasions, but it was in consequence of accidents which had happened to two of their boats, which were then laid up in dock for repairs.

Hon. Mr. STEEVES said it was very well known that the City of Cork, City of Washington and another of the Companies boats on the route were old boats. The City of Cork previous to being put upon this route had been used to carry passengers from some part of Germany to New York. Any person not fail to see that there was an inferior class of boats on that Line.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY said a member of the Cunard Company had frankly stated to him that so far as he was concerned he would not permit their House to enter a contract where the terms were of that kind that an inferior class of boats would have to be put upon the route. If they took a contract at all they intended to keep up the reputation of their line before the world, and rather than be connected with a tender which would not be satisfactory they would not tender at all. The Halifax Merchants were very much dissatisfied with the present passages as it was of importance to them to have their mails delivered within twelve or fourteen days.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said the average length of the passages was less than twelve days.

OFFICE OF SPEAKER.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved that the order of the day be discharged in reference to the Bill intituled "An Act respecting the Office of Speaker of the Senate of Canada," and the Bill be read a second time on Monday next.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY said we should consider whether we have power to deal with this matter under the provisions of the British North American Act, and if it is ascertained that we have the power, we should consider the effect of the Bill upon the House. If we deal with the subject at all, we should deal with it in such a way as to get control over the election of the Speaker of the House. Assuming that we have jurisdiction in this matter, it is a question for the House to consider whether under the ancient rights of the two branches of the Legislature, we have not power to appoint a Speaker to act during the temporary absence of the Speaker. It was just as well for their attention to be drawn to that subject before the question came up. They did not know how soon the power sought to be put in the hand of the Crown might be exercised. He apprehended the feeling of the House would be not to give this power to the Government, but for us to exercise the same right that is exercised in the House of Lords in electing their own Speaker to preside, during the absence of the Lord Chancellor. Having called the attention of the House to the subject, he would not at present say anything further upon it.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said it was from a desire to consider these points that he did not bring the Bill up to-day.

PROMISSORY NOTES COLLECTION FACILITY BILL.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU (in French) said the subject of facilitating the collection and protests of promissory notes and bills of exchange was a matter of vital importance to the commerce and business generally of this country. Whilst the protesting of notes in Ontario, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick was optional, in the Province of Quebec it was compulsory, if the holder wishes to retain his claim on the endorsers. The promissory note being a promise in writing which can be transferred from one to another by simple endorsement, it was in the interests of commerce to make the mode of protesting throughout the Dominion uniform. In England the laws did not require the protest of a promissory note or bill of exchange for any amount under £500 sterling, whilst in the Province of Quebec if the amount were only $200 or $300, a Notary Public would have to protest it, and thereby incur costs more than the original debt, merely to establish the fact of the endorsers being liable to the holder from the failure of the maker to pay the note at its maturity. In the other Provinces of the Dominion a simple demand of payment only was necessary to hold all parties on the note or bill. The project of law contained in this Bill would be generally acceptable to the people, except, perhaps, to the Notaries Public of his Province. The costs of protest in Ontario was 50 cents, and 25 cents for each notice mailed or made, whilst in Quebec the charges were just double. The laws in France were not favourable to the system which prevails in the Province of Quebec. This Act would not change the mode of protesting notes in Ontario, or Nova Scotia, or New Brunswick. Not only will it be the interest of the banks, but of the public, to pass such a law as the proposed Bill, and so assimilate the laws of the different Provinces of the Dominion. He thought there could be no doubt of the power of this Legislature to legislate on this subject under the British America Act. He would cite some authorities in support of his propositions, for the elucidation of the several propositions bearing on this subject:

The Bill to Order approaches the Bill of Exchange by the simplicity of the forms employed in its contents, by its departure from the civil laws, which dispenses the holder from the formality of notice of the transfer and permits its transfer equally rapid as advantageous.

In France the Bill to Order, is only reputed a Commercial Act when it is signed, either by a merchant or by a party holding public monies or what regards the public monies, or when the cause of debt was an operation of commerce, exchange, bank, &c.

The Ordinance of 1673 in France (which was also the custom before that date) made the following distinction between the holder of a letter of exchange and bill to order, which we call promissory notes: 1st. The holder of a bill of exchange should, in default of payment at maturity, protest it. And the protest cannot be supplied by any other Act. The holder of a promissory note was obliged, in the same case, to use diligence against the debtor; and he would be reputed to have used diligence against him when he would have summoned or sued him in any way.

The protest of a Bill of Exchange entitled the holder to have interest in full as a matter of right, whilst to recover interest on a promissory note, it was necessary to make a demand *en justice*.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO—COMMERCIAL LAW.

An Act respecting Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes, cap. 42, consolidated statutes of U.C.

Sec. 6—Not otherwise or elsewhere.

Sec. 13—Inland Bills and Notes to bear interest, if protested, but as to the responsibility of the endorsers falls under the common law of England.

Sec. 16—Notice posted the same day.

Harris *et. al vs.* Perry—Promissory note.

Presentment—Notice—Page 407.

U. C. Common Pleas reports—Vol. 8, page 407.

NOVA SCOTIA.

In Nova Scotia bills of exchange and promissory notes appear to be governed by the English laws; there is, however, an Act in the revised statutes of Nova Scotia cap. 82 (edition of 1864) making certain changes in the common law, which do not relate to interest or damages resulting from the protest of a bill of exchange.

Damages 5, 6 and 10 per centum, besides the interest of 6 per 100.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

The common English law prevail's in this colony, the only exceptional Act passed in 1840 is "An Act to amend the law relating to Guarantees, Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes. Page 48—containing 3 sections.

UNITED STATES.

1789 to 1868—Internal Revenue—5 cts. per 100.

Brightley's Digest—Page 269—Protest 25 cts.

Brightley's Federal Digest—Promissory Notes—Pages 705, 709—No. 108, 9, 10.

109—If the bank be the holder, it is necessary to examine their books to ascertain whether the maker had any funds in their hands—Page 707—No. 121; do. 122; irregularities do. 140.

Page 709—No. 121—By the general mercantile law, it is not required that a promissory note should be protested for non-payment.

No. 122—Neither is it necessary that notice of non-payment should be given by a notary.

No. 135—If due diligence be used in sending notice of non-payment to the endorser, it is immaterial whether he received it or not.

No. 140—A mistake as to the date or amount of the note will not vitiate the notice, if it convey to the party a sufficient knowledge of the particular note which has been dishonoted.

Commercial law—George Sharswood—Page 114.

"Demand and notice may be made in general by the holder in person or by agent, and the notice may be verbal as well as in writing; and of course care must be taken to have competent and disinterested evidence of these facts. An actual protest by a notary is only necessary in a case of a foreign bill of exchange, which, however, a bill drawn in one State upon a person in another is settled to be."

"Chitty on bills of exchange, page 317: At common law, no inland bill could be protested for non-payment. But the statute 9 et 10, Will., 3 C. 17, it was enacted with regard to all bills of exchange drawn in, or dated at any place in England or Wales, or Berwick-upon-Tweed, for the sum of five pounds or upwards, upon any person in London, or elsewhere in England, (expressed to be value received) and drawn, payable at a certain number of days, weeks or months, after the date thereof, that after presentation and written acceptance of the same, and after the expiration of the days of grace, the holder or his agent, may cause the said bills to be protested by a Notary Public, in the default of such Notary, by any other substantial person in the place, in the presence of two witnesses; refusal or neglect being first made and written under the copy of a bill of exchange in the words or form following:

"Know all men, that I, A. B., on the day of at the usual place of abode of the said have demanded payment of the bill, of which the above is a copy, which the said did not pay, wherefore I, the said A. B., do hereby protest the said bill. Dated this day of ..... for which protest shall be paid a sum not exceed ng the sum of six pence; .....

..... and that the expenses of noting are not recoverable against the acceptor, unless laid in the declaration as special damages. And as the Act only gives an additional remedy, and does not take away the remedy at common law, a protest is unnecessary; it being sufficient in the case of inland bills, to give notice of non-payment; and the holder is entitled to claim interest from the drawer, although there is no protest. In practice a protest of an inland bill for non-payment is seldom made; it is only noted, and that noting is of no utility, except it be where any of the parties to the bill are sued abroad, etc., etc. ..... In such cases a protest will be necessary, and must be sent out."

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL thought his hon. friend (Mr. B.) was undoubtedly right in saying this subject deserved a great deal of consideration. It was quite evident from the speech which he had just made that he had given it a great deal of attention. He (Mr. Campbell) thought it would not be desirable for his hon. friend to press for a second reading of the Bill at present, because (as he would state for the information of the House) the subject has engaged the attention of the Minister of Justice, who has a measure prepared with a view of making the law uniform throughout the Dominion. In the preparation of this measure great care is necessary, in order that the different interests may not be sacrificed, but protected. This measure the Minister of Justice would be prepared to submit to the Legislature the present session, were it not that he desires to proceed with cautious steps, and to get the opinions of legal men from the various Provinces, in order that proper safeguards may be secured, before dealing with the subject. He (Mr. Campbell) was quite sure that his hon. friend (Mr. Bureau) had stated correctly the law as it was in the several Provinces of the Dominion upon this subject, except, perhaps, the law in Ontario. In that Province the law was not compulsory, and it did not require the protesting of inland bills of exchange. In Quebec the rule was different, and it was a question whether the rule there was a better one or not. He then explained the different provisions of the present laws upon this subject in the different Provinces, and referred to what he considered an objectionable feature in the Bill, in having one law affecting notes payable at the bank, and another affecting notes not payable at the bank. He thought there was no reason why they should not all be under the same law, as confusion might arise by having one law for one class of notes, and another law for another class. He thought his hon. friend would see that a measure affecting interests so large and diversified, should be introduced into Parliament upon the responsibility of the Government of the day. He would ask his hon. friend to withdraw this Bill until he has had an opportunity of seeing the measure which will be introduced by the Government either this session or the next, and then he can incorporate the provisions which he thinks desirable into the Bill in order to make it perfect.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY hoped the hon. mover of the Bill would not press it at present, in order that time may be given to consider another question which had not yet been raised, that was, whether the legislation proposed in this bill was not a matter peculiarly within the jurisdiction of the Local Legislatures. The Union Act gave power to the Local Legislatures to legislate upon promissory notes and bills of exchange, while at the same time, the regulation of trade and commerce are clearly within the jurisdiction of the Dominion Parliament. He thought there would be confusion between the Dominion Parliament and the Local Legislatures in dealing with the subject. The 8th clause of this bill provided that "notice of the noting for non-payment of a promissory note under this Act shall be served upon, or sent, or given to, every endorser the of by the officer of the same bank, or branch, or agency of a bank in the manner and within the time prescribed or allowed for such purposes respectively *by the law of the Province in which the note was made payable.*" This objection occurred to him, and he gave it with much diffidence, but he thought it was worth their consideration. The true remedy for the evil complained of was to amend the law in the Quebec Legislature, as the remedy required was not necessary in any of the other Provinces. He then referred to a decision given in the other branch of the Legislature, that bills of lading could not be legislated upon in this Parliament, although they could legislate upon trade and commerce.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT thought that illustrated the remark made the other day, that legal opinions were entirely in opposition to each other. If bills of lading were not connected with trade and commerce then law entirely over-rides common sense.

Hon. Mr. TESSIER (in French) said he saw several provisions in the Bill which seemed to him objectionable, but if the measure is to be proceeded with he had no doubt the hon. member (Mr. Bureau) would accept of amendments which might tend to improve his Bill. He could not agree with the argument of the hon. member that our system of protesting notes by notaries public was more expensive in the end. The system in the Province of Quebec did away with the necessity of swearing unnecessarily which had to be resorted to in the other case to make proof of the demand of payment at the proper time and place. If the costs of protest as charged by our notaries public were too high let them be reduced, and he could have no objection to that course, but this House should remember that the profession of notary public in the Province of Quebec required a long course of study as much as an advocate, barrister or doctor whilst under the other system any party can protest or act on the part of a notary public in so far as the matter under consideration was concerned. We know that in our courts the protest of the notary public was complete in itself. This Bill would be more properly considered as a Bill to reduce the charges made by notaries public in their professional functions in protesting notes. In France, from which our civil laws in Lower Canada are derived, the notaries have to go through a long and tedious collegiate course of studies, and so with us. He also felt satisfied that the Local Government alone had the jurisdiction to legislate on this subject under the British North America Act. He also thought that the present system worked well for ages in the Province of Quebec, and he was opposed to changes which were no improvements as he thought our French civil law all we could desire in this respect, and he thought a member of the notarial profession should be one of the last to take the iniative in diminishing their own fees, which were not extravagant considering their responsibilities and the study required in their practice. He always thought the profession of a notary public one of the most useful and most honourable professions in Lower Canada, under our system of laws in the Quebec Province. He also objected to the distinction of notes payable at the banks and those held elsewhere, as likely to inconvenience the public generally very much. The maker of the note has the privilege of paying the note without the costs of protest, then why complain, if his own neglect entails costs, any more than the party who allows himself to be sued in the courts can do so, if put to some costs. He did hope, that his hon friend would therefore accept the suggestion of the Postmaster-General, to allow the Bill to drop for the present, and wait the Government measure on this subject.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY did not think it would be wise for them to take up this question at present. He doubted very much whether we would improve the present system by legislating upon it. In Nova Scotia they had no legislation upon the subject, and he thought it would be beneficial to the trade and commerce of Canada, if they repealed the laws they now had upon bills of exchange and promissory notes. If this special legislation in Lower Canada was repealed the English principle would come in full force, and as this was widely known and Americanised for they scarcely found a shade of difference between the decisions on account of this law in the United States and the English decisions. He did not wish to go into the subject of the extent of our jurisdiction, but wherever the Federal Parliament has jurisdiction we should have a uniform system applicable to all the Provinces, especially upon matters touching trade and commerce. It was exceedingly desirable that the same law applying to bills of exchange in Nova Scotia should apply to Quebec and Ontario. He thought they had better let this Bill stand over until they heard further from the Government.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU had no objection to allowing the Bill to stand over. At present in the Province of Quebec the law was one just towards the debtors. Parties there were often put in a position of having to protest a note of only three dollars, and the expense would be as much as the sum to be collected. It would be much better if they were limited to five pounds sterling as they were in England. He hoped a measure would be introduced to assimilate the laws on this subject.

Hon. Mr. LETTELLIER DE ST. JUSTE, (in French,) said he was sorry to hear the terms used by a distinguished member of that noble profession of Notaries Public towards that profession, which is a very essential part of a system which has given great satisfaction in the Province of Quebec since he could remember. He agreed with his hon. friend, the member for the Gulf Division, (Mr. Tessier,) in saying that for the small sum of one dollar, or one dollar and a-half, you had a complete proof, without the expenses of subpœnas, summons, bailiff, or any oaths, (which should be avoided as much as possible,) to prove that the holder of any note is entitled to recover. If the fees be too high they can be reduced, and that will meet the evils complained of. This change in the law is not asked for that he ever heard of. There were no petitions before the House. Then he opposed any change in our system which has given, and still gives, so much contentment and satisfaction to those who live under it.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT said the hon. mover was going to withdraw his Bill, because the Government have promised to bring forward a measure to make a uniform law upon the subject, but so far as his experience went those general laws had not been a benefit to New Brunswick. While they managed to reduce the expenditure in some other part of the Dominion, they generally managed to put more on New Brunswick. We have stamp duties upon us, we have taxes put upon our newspapers, excise duties, and an increased duty upon almost everything we consume, which is paid in the shape of custom duties. All these duties are beyond what we had before, and now we have an enormous criminal law put upon us, of such an immense extent that he did not know what the magistrates would do. He hoped that in making the laws uniform they would not extend it to silver, making that of uniform value throughout the Dominion.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU then withdrew the Bill.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, May 21.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

The Argenteuil Election Committee made their final report declaring the sitting member—Hon. J. J. ABBOTT—duly elected (sheep), and the petition of Mr. Hutchins was not frivolous nor vexatious.

Mr. McFARLANE presented the eighth report of the Committee on Standing Orders, approving for some private bills, and recommending the extending the time for receiving petitions to the 31st inst., and receiving reports thereon till the 14th of June next.

Hon. Mr. ABBOTT presented the report of the Special Committee on the Insolvency Act recommending the Bill with amendments.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER presented a report from the Railway Committee recommending the International Bridge Company's Act without amendment.

Hon. Mr. DORION introduced the Act to continue in force the provisions of divers Acts relating to "La Banque du Peuple."

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD in introducing a Bill entitled "An Act for the summary trial of certain felonies and misdemeanors by the Judges of the County Courts out of sessions in the Province of Ontario," said that efforts had been made in Ontario with the view to cheapen the administration of justice. It was one of the most difficult matters to discover how to lessen the cost without impairing the efficiency. But at present prisoners had to be kept at great expense to the several counties, and in many cases with great injustice to the prisoners themselves; and he proposed to obviate this. He had had a statement prepared for the last five years for the Province of Ontario, showing the total number of commitments, and it appeared that forty-five per cent. of these were acquitted either at the Recorder's Court, the Quarter Sessions, or the Assizes. There was, unfortunately, too much magisterial zeal in some parts of the country, by which innocent persons, or persons against whom there was no evidence, were sent to jail for trial. He instanced many counties in which the proportion of acquittals were enormous. To remedy this state of things he proposed that within twenty-four hours after the committal of a prisoner, the Sheriff shall notify the County Judge, who shall then come to visit the prisoner, tell him the crime charged against him, and ask him whether he will be tried at once by the Judge, and without the intervention, or whether he prefers waiting till the next Assizes. If the prisoner prefers summary trial before the Judge, the case may at once be proceeded with. If the prisoner is found guilty, then his sentence commences at that time; if innocent, he is at once discharged. The innocent would be thereby freed from unjust imprisonment, and the public saved the cost of keeping him in jail. The business of the ordinary courts would also be greatly lessened.

Hon. Mr. SMITH regarded the scheme with favour, but was under the impression that the subject belonged to the Local Legislatures, as interfering with the constitution of the courts.

Hon. Mr. WOOD—It does not interfere with the constitution of the courts, but only aids the existing courts.

Hon. Mr. SMITH said he approved of the principle of the Bill, and would be glad were it possible to extend its provisions to New Brunswick.

Mr. HARRISON had been present at the circuits, and could bear testimony to the necessity for such a measure in the Province of Ontario.

Hon. Mr. IRVINE said if he understood the object of the Bill it would be well to extend it to all the Provinces. If the Bill received the favourable consideration of the House he would prefer to see it go a little further and abolish trial by jury for minor offences altogether. There were some instances in the Province of Quebec where the whole paraphernalia of the court had to be put in motion for the trial of a single unimportant case.

The Bill was read a first time.

Mr. LEVISCONTE was added to the committee on navigation and fisheries.

Mr. MORRIS introduced a Bill, entitled an Act respecting seduction.

Mr. RYAN introduced an Act to enable Edward Walter to obtain a patent for a new invention, to be used in the manufacture of nails.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD introduced the following bills:

A Bill respecting the duties of Justices of the Peace, out of sessions, in relation to persons charged with indictable offences.

A Bill respecting the duties of Justices of the Peace out of sessions, in relation to summary convictions and orders.

A Bill respecting the prompt and summary administration of criminal justice in certain cases.

A Bill respecting the trial and punishment of juvenile offenders.

A Bill respecting the criminal law, and to repeal certain enactments therein mentioned.

A Bill respecting certain offences against public justice.

A Bill respecting the illegal solemnization of marriage.

A Bill respecting proceedings to outlawry in criminal cases.

SUPREME COURT.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD introduced a Bill to establish a Supreme Court for the Dominion of Canada. He explained that it did not attempt to do away with the right of appeal to England. That was a right that every British subject had in every part of the Empire, and he had no desire to deprive him of it. The Bill, however, might do away with the necessity of some of the Courts of Appeal in Ontario. He invited the careful consideration of the House to this measure, irrespective of party. The amount of work this court would have to do, was a question for this House to determine, and on the determination arrived at would depend the number of judges required. He proposed to state the maximum number at one Chief-Justice and six Judges. This court would have jurisdiction over the other courts, and it would be necessary to reserve the Bill for the Royal sanction.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON spoke of the urgent necessity of such a Bill.

Mr. JONES considered we had courts enough. An additional one would entail unnecessary expense.

The Bill was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading on Tuesday.

Mr. McKENZIE moved the adoption of the fourth report of the Printing Committee.

Some discussion took place as to the exercise of the committee's discretion in the selection of documents to be printed.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD could bring a motion before the House for the printing of any report, &c. He also suggested that an extra number of the Bill constituting the Supreme Court be printed for distribution.

The report was adopted.

Sir GEORGE E CARTIER gave notice that on Friday next he would move the House into Committee to consider a series of resolutions respecting the acquisition of the proprietary rights of the Hon. Bay Company in Rupert's Land and the North-West Territory. He said that though he named Tuesday the resolutions would not be preceeded with until the resolutions were printed and members had time to consider them.

Mr. JONES gave notice that on Monday next he would move that the House go into Committee of the Whole to consider certain resolutions to impose a duty of twenty per cent. *adralorem* on wheat, barley, and other grains imported from the United States to be used in the manufacture of distilled or fermented liquors.

OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved the third reading of the Act respecting Offences against the Person.

Hon. Mr. DORION—In rising to move the amendment of which he had given notice for striking out the provision for permissive flogging as a punishment for any offence, said that since he had given notice of the amendment he found that the punishment had been abandoned in some cases, and the number of offences to which it could be applied reduced to very few crimes. But so strong was his conviction upon this matter that he would press his motion for the entire relinquishment in every case. Flogging had been abolished in Prussia, in Austria, and in almost every civilised country; and he held that it was a badge of slavery and entirely inconsistent with the spirit of the age. He traced the history of flogging as a punishment, and argued that its influence was degrading. The object of punishment was to secure the reform of the criminal, and it was the certainty of the punishment, rather than the amount of it, which operated as a preventive. A case had recently occurred where a prisoner had been set free, not from any doubt of his guilt, but because of the excess of punishment for the crime which, in the opinion of the jury, a verdict of guilty would have entailed. The man who had been flogged was completely cut off from society, and branded as an outcast just as much as if he had been branded with a hot iron. It was impossible to reform a man by such punishment; it would only impel him towards crime.

Mr. MILLS supported the amendment, arguing that it was better even to have a less inefficient mode of punishment than one which would have so pernicious an effect upon the public mind, as that of flogging. The more humane society was, the more such mode of punishment was revolting. He opposed flogging as a means of punishment in any case.

Hon. Col. GRAY said the fact that this punishment was to be limited to a very few cases, materially altered the question before the House. He spoke of the inadequacy of the punishment frequently meted out for gross and brutal assaults upon the person, and contended that the sympathy extended to the perpetrators of these deeds more properly belonged to their victims. It would scarcely be possible to lower the self respect of the class of criminals to which this punishment was limited by the Act, for they had already lost all self respect before committing such crimes.

It being six o'clock the SPEAKER left the chair.

After Recess.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD introduced the Bill to amend the Act respecting the inspection of steamboats (from the Senate)—second reading fixed for Tuesday.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN presented return to address for correspondence respecting claims of W. Brewster.

On motion of Mr. HARRISON Mr. Carling's Bill to enable the holders of preference shares in the Great Western Railway Co., to change them into ordinary shares at their option, was read a second time and considered in committee. Mr. FERGUSSON in the chair. Committee rose and reported. Bill read third time and passed.

The debate was then resumed on Mr. DORION'S amendment to Act respecting offences against the person.

Mr. MASSON (Terrebonne) said he thought the most objectionable feature of the Bill was that relating to the whipping of children which had been expunged; but they had not abandoned the punishment of flogging for adults. He had not changed his opinion on the subject, but still believed it to be an antiquated system. It was demoralizing and degrading, and it would be difficult to find juries to convict of crimes which would bring this punishment. He quoted the experience of France and concluded by hoping that this system would not be introduced.

Mr. HARRISON said the argument against flogging was an argument against every punishment, because every form of punishment was degrading (hear, hear). There was a class of people in the country who would not labour, who grew up in idleness and crime, and they were sent to jail time after time until the jail became their home. For such people and for the crimes for which it was provided, he thought it right the discretionary power of flogging should be retained.

Hon. Mr. GALT was glad that this portion of the English law was to be introduced. There was a class of crimes for which flogging was an appropriate punishment. He thought corporal punishment had a wholesome effect, and perhaps some hon. members might have benefited from it in their youth (hear, hear, and laughter), and with respect to garroters and similar offenders, the best punishment was that which would wound them most; and flogging would have a tendency to prevent the repetition of the offence.

Mr. FERGUSSON said sympathy was running in the wrong direction; it was manifested altogether for the criminal. But if it were true that this punishment of flogging had such a great effect on the mind, it was just the kind of punishment that would prevent a repetition of the crime. He had no sympathy with criminals; his sympathy was with the innocent man, who suffered at their hands.

Mr. MACDONALD (Lunenburg) briefly opposed the amendment.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the primary object in introducing these criminal laws was the assimilation of the whole criminal law of the Dominion. Every other consideration was subsidiary to this. Still he held strong views of the propriety of corporal punishment as a protection to society against the perpetration of certain crimes. The

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

CARPETS, CROCKERY,

STOVES, &c.

The subscriber has been instructed by a gentleman giving up housekeeping to sell at his Sale Room, No. 1, Rideau st, east end Sappers' Bridge, on TUESDAY, MAY 25th, 1869, the following goods: 1 Parlor Set, in green repp, consisting of 1 N Y Tete-a-tete; Sofa, 1 Easy Chair, 1 Ladies' Reception Chair and four Parlor Chairs, 1 Couch, and 1 large Arm Chair to match; very superior Tapestry Carpet, nearly new; Sideboard and Extension Dining Table, Dining Chairs, Cane; Couch, Carpet, Pictures, &c; 2 Iron Bedsteads, Bureau, Washstands, Chess Tables and Bed-room Carpets, Crockery, Stove, with furniture,; Box Stove and Stovepipes, Kitchen Table, Chairs, Washing Tubs, Water Barrels, &c.

Also, 1 double set Buggy Harness, 1 single set do, 1 Buffalo Robe, 1 Rug and 1 Riding Saddle. A large quantity of heavy Rope.

A very superior Sewing Machine, and other articles, such as Table Knives, Plated Forks, Plated Spoons, &c.

Terms of sale cash in bankable funds.

Sale to commence at ½ past 10 o'clock, a.m.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 21st, 1869. 1056td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

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CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on

Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant,

at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Litle's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

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Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,

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O'MEARA & CO.,

50 Sparks-st.,

a call, and see if they cannot offer you greater inducements than you can get elsewhere in the city.

If you want a good Wool Tweed for 50 cents,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

If you want a good suit of Clothes, ready-made, for $6,
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If you want a Suit, made to order, for $7,
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If you want any White Dress Shirts, Under Shirts, Drawers, Hosiery, &c.,
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Having one of the largest stocks in the city, we beg to call the attention of those wishing to avail themselves of the above low prices to call and examine our stock.

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Clearing sale to make room

FOR SPRING STOCK,

STOVES, LAMPS, &c.

☞ REFRIGERATORS. ☜

We beg to announce that we shall again, this season, have the pleasure of offering for sale the POLAR REFRIGERATOR, and we trust orders will be left early for them. This is the only style of Refrigerator that is gotten up to be an ornament to any room, and not a *big cupboard*. It is really elegant in design, and as for efficiency our Ottawa testimonials are enough to satisfy any one. The *Scientific American* says: This refrigerator has not only the advantage of being novel, but of *fulfilling perfectly the purposes for which it was intended.*

ESMONDE BROS.

HO! FARMERS.

Having added to our establishment new and first-class machinery, comprising Looms, Spining Jack Carding Machines, &c., we are now ready to attend to the manufacture of WOOL into heavy and light cloths, Satinetts, all wool Flannels; Flannels, half Cotton; Blankets, full width, &c., in style and patterns to suit customers. Carding and Spinning done with promptitude and despatch. Carding Rolls, Fulling, Dyeing and Dressing done in a superior manner, therefore parties desirous of having their wool manufactured into rolls, into yarn, or into cloths, flannels or blankets, of various styles, will find it to their advantage to give us a call. All work guaranteed well done.

☞ Terms Cash.

ROYCE BROTHERS.

Pakenham, May, 1869. 1056.1.22Jy1

TO BE SOLD,

In the best business situation of the Quio Village, Onslow, a double lot of ground, well fenced in, with comfortable frame house, large productive garden, good work shop, three stall stable, wood shed, and other outer buildings. A pump of excellent water in the yard. Enquire at the Post Office, Quio, Onslow, Pontiac. 1056.1.22.6

DRESS & CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank st, third door from Sparks st, where she will be happy to attend to their orders.

Machine Stitching and Quilting done in the latest styles.

Apprentices wanted. 1056.3

JUST RECEIVED,

Bow Bell's, London Journal, World of Wonders, Family Herald, Cassel's Magazine, Godey's and Frank Leslie's Lady's Magazine for June, at

HAUSER'S NEWS DEPOT,
Sparks st

THE NORTH WEST.

How to Utilize It—A Railway to Fort Garry for Four Hundred Thousand Dollars Per Annum, or for the Same Amount as will be Required for Colonization Roads.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Now that we have acquired this extensive territory the question is, "How to turn it to profitable account?" We want a return for the million and a-half—the purchase money—and for the amount to be expended in opening up the country. It is proved, beyond doubt, that there are millions of rich prairie lands ready for the plough, not to mention the vast mineral region lying between the head of Lake Superior and the Fertile Belt, and the advantage to be gained by easy access to the Fur Country. There appears to be a general feeling on the part of the Canadian people that the country, west of Canada proper, should be opened up as soon as possible, and that now that our several Governments are stirring in the matter of emigration the tide should be directed to our own country, and not go to swell the population of the United States, which will be the case, unless we adopt some speedy mode of landing the immigrants in the heart of the prairie country. If we do not, after profiting by the information given at our expense, and obtaining assistance to reach Quebec, after travelling over a few miles of our railways and lakes, they will make their way to the nearest port in the United States.

In deference to the prevailing feeling, and to make the most of the country, the acquisition of which was so ably managed by our delegates, it is generally supposed that the Government propose to spend from three to five hundred thousand dollars per annum, for a number of years, to open up this splendid region, which, when once opened up, will return to the Government in a short space of time ten fold the expenditure, besides furnishing homes for millions, adding strength and wealth to our young nation. It is the intention we suppose to spend this sum annually in colonization roads, and first a road from the head of Lake Superior to Fort Garry, which will reach the prairie land, we think, about sixty miles beyond the Lake of the Woods. It has also been suggested that water communication could be secured to the Red River country at comparatively slight expense. As to the common roads system that would be entirely too slow a process—it is not the mode of travel suited to the present age—the hardships to be endured by families travelling 500 miles by waggon is no *inducement* to emigration—the parties would prefer stopping short of the promised land, or seek homes in the States accessible by boat and rail. As for water communication that will follow other improvements, and as an auxiliary is all very well for transporting grain in bulk *when we have it*, but the *first* thing to send into the country is *man* the *producer* before seeking means to get out the produce. This must be done, not by teaming in a few families every year and *dumping* them along the road, but by rushing them in by thousands, and by showing emigrants before they leave the old countries, that after landing at Quebec they can reach the heart of the prairie country by steamer and rail in less than ten days. Admitting then that the Government are not prepared at present to spend more than four or five hundred thousand dollars per annum towards this great object, can a railway be secured? I maintain it can. By steamer and rail we have communication to the head of Lake Superior. From thence to Fort Garry the distance is 450 miles. A railway could be built and equipped for thirty thousand dollars per mile, say thirteen millions and a half—this road to from part of a direct line from Montreal *via* Ottawa, and the Ottawa country to the Pacific Ocean. Give to a company (to whom a charter for the whole road from Montreal to the Pacific, say 2,800 miles, should be granted, the Canada Central forming part). Four hundred and five thousand dollars per annum for twenty-five years, and twelve (12) thousand acres of land per mile for the 450 miles to Fort Garry, say five millions four hundred thousand acres of land—and they will build the road—this would be three per cent. upon the first outlay for twenty-five years, and with the amount to be realized from the land, the company could afford to run the risk with a view of the road paying as soon as it is completed to the Pacific. Pursue the old colonization system, and after dragging its slow length along for years to come what have we at last to represent our annual expenditure, except a common road, even the superintendence of the construction of which we will have to pay for. Adopt the proposed plan of railway, and by a yearly expenditure of four hundred and five thousand dollars we secure an immediate expenditure of foreign capital, and a permanent addition to the wealth of the country of thirteen millions five hundred thousand dollars—for that 450 miles of railway. The Government have millions of land to spare, and the company interested in selling their lands would become emigrant agents for us, and materially assist in settling the country. Old Canada thought it advantageous to advance fifteen millions under the first guarantee of three thousand pounds per mile for the Grand Trunk "to facilitate matters" at a time when we had good water communication all the way. Surely the Dominion can stretch a point to secure the settlement of this vast territory. This 450 miles is required immediately, but I believe by this scheme the whole road, say 2,800 miles, could be constructed in a few years. Apply the same principle. The payment of two millions two hundred thousand dollars, annually, for twenty-five years, and the granting of twelve thousand acres of land per mile, say thirty-three millions six hundred thousand acres of land, would secure the construction of the whole road, from Montreal to the Pacific, (including the 450 miles to Fort Garry from Lake Superior,) and the expenditure of seventy-four millions of dollars. It will thoroughly open up the Ottawa region, and give us a road through our two hundred millions of acres of land. We can then go from Halifax to the Pacific Ocean by railway, and who can calculate the benefits to be derived by such a communication; or who will say the Dominion cannot afford to expend two millions and a quarter, annually, for twenty-five years, to secure such a boon, and the expenditure within a few years of so large a sum of money? We must build this road to the Pacific immediately, if we expect to maintain our position on this continent. There will be no lack of assistance. England requires the road to compete with the Americans, for the trade to China and Japan, and we have powerful friends (by self-interest) in the Hudson Bay Company—the giving them one-twentieth of the land, (their proportion of which, no doubt, they would give to the road,) constitutes them emigrant agents, and their aid will be valuable in the money market. Already the people of England have their attention drawn to the opening up of the Northwest Territory, and all that is required to secure that object, the construction of the railway, the immediate expenditure in our midst of millions of money, and the rapid settlement of the country, is a little energy on our part. Show them in England we are in earnest—desirous of moving in the matter at once, and willing to contribute our mite towards this great undertaking which is forcing itself upon us. Look at the *bonus* given to the Pacific railway by our neighbours—thirty-two and forty-eight thousand dollars (greenbacks) per mile—a miserable road at that, not to be compared to the one that could be constructed for the figure I lay down. Already a road has been commenced by the Americans, from St. Paul's to the Red River country. They will soon be swarming in there—we must be up and moving. At present we are like a small dog, carrying a large bone. Unless we "chew" it up at once, the big dog will come along, make us drop it, and "lick" us for having it.

PROGRESS.

OTTAWA, May 18, 1869.

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1026d

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Suspension of the Royal Canadian Bank.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, April 21.

The Royal Canadian Bank has suspended. Nothing definite is known yet, save that the note circulation was only about $600,000. The notes are selling at 60 to 75 cts.

SECOND DESPATCH.

Particulars of the Suspension of the Royal Canadian Bank.

The suspension of the Royal Canadian Bank has caused considerable excitement. A large crowd stood in front of the office all day. The doors were guarded by the police. Notes have been selling at about 75 cts., and stock is worth but 20 per cent., but no sale. A formal statement of the assets and liabilities of the bank is to be published to-morrow. The following circular has been published by the Directors: "The Directors of the Royal Canadian Bank regret that the action of the Hon. Mr. Donald Macdonald, in issuing a circular to the shareholders, has had the effect of shaking public confidence in its stability, and causing a large withdrawal of deposits. The assistance of a few of the other banks having been sought but declined, no other alternative was left to the board than to suspend specie payment for the present. The Directors would urge upon bill holders and depositors not to be alarmed, as there is not the slightest danger of loss to them, and many hopes are entertained that within a short time the business of the bank will be resumed. They may further state that having had the assets carefully estimated, and all known losses deducted; there is still a surplus over the paid up capital interest. A statement of the affairs of the bank will be prepared and published as soon as possible."

At a meeting of the Board of Trade held yesterday a report of the deputation to Ottawa was presented and adopted. It contains nothing of much account, beyond a narrative of interviews with various parties at Ottawa. A resolution was passed in favour of establishing an Ontario Chamber of Commerce, to be composed of representatives from the various Boards of Trade in the Province.

About 90 Norwegian emigrants, bound for the West, passed through to-day. All the dockyard immigrants have been despatched to the country.

PRESCOTT.

Lacrosse Match—Prescott Victorious.

Special to THE TIMES.

PRESCOTT, May 21.

A very spirited and exciting game of lacrosse came off here this evening between ten Indians of St. Regis and ten men of the Prescott Club. The Prescott men won in three straight games. Time—eight, twenty, and fifteen minutes.

CABLE NEWS

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 21.—The Rev. Alexander Dyce, B. A., the eminent Shakesperian commentator and author, died yesterday, aged 71 years.

Reverdy Johnson has gone to Southampton. He sails from that port to-morrow in the Steamship *Ohio* for Baltimore.

CORK, May 21.—Mr. Hagarty was to-day elected mayor of this city, in the place of O'Sullivan, resigned.

The ex-Mayor was assailed by the mob, and threatened with personal violence for supporting the election of Mr. Hagarty.

LONDON, May 21.—Sir Francis Head, formerly Governor-General of Canada, has sent a letter to the *Times*, enclosing his correspondence with Secretary Marcy, arising out of the Canadian rebellion in 1836. Sir Francis in his letter argues that if the United States was in the wrong at that time, then England has dormant claims for an apology and compensation, though they have been long overlooked and forgotten. If the United States was right, then he submits to the good sense and good feeling of the Americans the logical moral, and political impossibility of now refusing a reply for the Queen's neutrality proclamation, similar to that which they gave themselves in 1837. He calls attention to the fact that England was the only country in Europe which pledged herself by proclamation to remain neutral in the late war, and concludes with a promise to reply in a second letter to Sumner's complaints of the assistance rendered by England to the Confederacy.

Mr. Forster, vice-President of the Council in an address to his Constituents opposed the views put forward by Mr. Sumner in his speech on the *Alabama* claims. He said the Government could not be held responsible for the offensive acts of individuals. England was prepared to pay for the mistake in the case of the *Alabama* on due arbitration. He considered concession beyond a certain point would be a crime, but ended by declaring that he felt assured that war would never occur between England and America.

LONDON, May 21.—The new duplicate telegraph line to connect London and Valentia was completed this day. It is to be used solely for the transmission of cable business. The two Atlantic cables are in perfect working order. Hereafter one cable will be used exclusively for sending despatches from Valentia, and the other for receiving. There is no longer any reason why messages should not be transmitted almost instantaneously between London and New York.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 21.—There has been a heavy flow of specie to the Bank of France this week. The amount on hand to-day is over 18,000,000 francs more than on last Friday.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 20.—Despatches have been received here announcing that about 2,000 of the adherents of Queen Isabella, under Gasset and Peulo, have assembled at Perfita city, in France, on the Spanish frontier. At last accounts they were nearly ready to cross the border. The Government has taken the necessary steps to prevent such invasion if possible.

MADRID, May 21.—In his reply to Senor Costello's speech Admiral Topete declared that he was opposed to the restorations of Queen Isabella. He thought the elevation of the Duke de Montpensier to the throne was desirable, but said as a member of the Cabinet he should strictly adhere to the policy of the Prime Minister, and Minister of War, who with himself, and all the other Ministers, awaited the decision of the Cortes for their guidance.

BAVARIA.

MUNICH, May 20.—The elections recently held here have resulted generally in favour of a union of North and South Germany.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, May 20.—The Emperor Francis Joseph has given his sanction to the Public Schools Bill passed by the Reichsrath.

CUBA.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Letters from Nuevitas state that the Republican Government has been fully organised by the insurgents in Cuba. Cespedes was elected President, Aguilera vice-President, and Quesada Commander-in-Chief of all the forces. President Cespedes had issued an inaugural address full of hope on the ultimate success of the new Republic.

AMERICAN NEWS.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Death of Commodore McConley.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—Commodore McConley died in this city to-day. He had been in the naval service sixty years.

Brilliant Meteor.

NEW YORK, May 21.—About 11 o'clock last night a meteor of remarkable brilliancy shot across the horizon. Although the night was comparatively clear and bright the meteor appeared not only unusually brilliant, but also of an extraordinary size. It bore a long train of fire, and to the naked eye appeared as large as a full moon, and when it exploded the effect was very grand. The meteor was also visible in Hartford, Conn., and other points.

BOSTON, May 21.—The meteor was seen here last evening, and it was of a bright scarlet colour, and appeared to be as large as a twelve pound cannon ball.

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev C F STREET, M A, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7. Free Seats.

St. Alban's Church—Daly Street.
Rev T BEDFORD JONES.
Services to-morrow.—Morning Prayer, Sermon Holy Communion, 11 a m. Litany (choral) and Catechising, 3 p m. Evening Prayer, 7 p m.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev C F STREET M A, Curates.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.
Military Service—Chaplain, Rev. T. D. Phillips, M.A.—in the Sussex-street Chapel at 9 a.m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.—St. Bartholomew.
REV. GEORGE NOEL HIGGINSON, M.A.
Matins at 11; Evensong at 3:30. All Festivals observed. All seats free.

St James [Epis]copal Church—Hull.
REV JOHN JOHNSTON.
Divine Service at 11 a m and 7 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev T W PICKETT.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev. EDWARD EBBS, Minister.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D MCPHAIL, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly St...
Rev. T. WARDROPE.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.
Rev Mr MOORE.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. DANIEL M. GORDON.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev MR. HARPER.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts
Rev. S. G STONE
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. DANDURAND, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

CITY REAL ESTATE.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has received instructions from Mr. E. SPENCER to offer for sale by Public Auction, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 22nd MAY, INSTANT, at 12 o'clock, noon, that very valuable property on the south side of Slater-st., adjoining the workshop of Mr. Gallagher on the east, being Lot No. 54, and the east half of Lot No. 53 in a block, 99 x 152 feet, with lane 12 feet wide running along the west side of the lot the whole length thereof, and upon which is erected a two story Gravel House, plastered, resting on a stone foundation, and between the house and the street there is a stone foundation for a two tenement house, of which the house now erected is intended for kitchens. There are also on the premises a good well of water, woodshed, kitchen and stable, and an excellent garden, in which is a very fine strawberry bed, and the whole premises thoroughly drained, and altogether it is one of the most desirable properties in the market, and well worthy the attention of purchasers.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, May 18, 1869. 1052td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

CITY PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has been instructed by MISS ROSS to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, without reserve, at his Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.,

ON MONDAY NEXT, 24TH INSTANT,

At TWELVE o'clock, Noon,

Lot No. 15, on the South side of Stuart-st., near the residence of the late Henry J. Friel, Esq., one of the most pleasant parts of the city.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, May 21, 1869. 1055td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

HORSES, CARRIAGES & BUGGIES

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

The subscriber will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOTEL, on TUESDAY NEXT, the 25th MAY, instant, at 11 o'clock, a.m., three COVERED FAMILY CARRIAGES, nearly new, one very superior COVERED BUGGY, new, several second-hand BUGGIES, and several HORSES.

Sale positive. Terms—Cash in bankable funds.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 21. 1055td

1869. 1869.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE.

Consisting of the following steamers:

Ann Sisson....................Captain Findlay
Alliance......................Captain Murphy
Emerald.......................Captain Couvrette
Oregon........................Captain Cowley
Jason Gould...................Captain Bolton
Pontiac.......................Captain Blondin
Pembroke......................Captain Duggan
Snow Bird.....................Captain Beattie

Until further notice the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., touching at March and Quio, and connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railway at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf and Portage du Fort.

Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the steamer *Alliance*, for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke daily at 7 o'clock, a.m., for Des Joachims and intermediate ports, returning same day.

The *Jason Gould* leaves Pembroke landing daily at 5 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arrive at Aylmer at 4 o'clock, p.m.

The *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere Point, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

Freight of any description forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of timber and sawlogs.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, at Ottawa or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, May 21, 1869.

IF YOU WANT

A FASHIONABLE HAT,

CALL AT H. HODGE'S

NEW DOMINION

HAT AND FUR STORE,

64 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel,

AND SAVE

TEN PER CENT.

Ottawa, May 21. 1055a

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST

STOCK OF CARPETINGS

AND

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS

IN OTTAWA,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE

STOCK OF MILLINERY

IN OTTAWA,

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LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE

STOCK OF MANTLES,

AT MODERATE PRICES,

IN EVERY STYLE,

At

GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Silk Velvets,

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Water-proof Cloakings

IN OTTAWA,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY

DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,

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GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Satin and Lace,

Plain and Fancy Silk,

Dress Trimmings,

Buttons, Linings, &c.,

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Ribbons, Lace,

Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,

And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,

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GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Broadcloths, Tweeds,

Coatings, Vestings, and

Tailors' Trimmings

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Sheetings,

Pillow Cottons,

Linens, Prints,

White and Grey Cottons

In Ottawa,

At

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF NEW GOODS

In all the Departments, is to be found at

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20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

CARPETS!

CARPETS!

Per Steamer "Bellona," from London direct.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

WILL SHOW TO-DAY,

NEW BRUSSELS

AND

TAPESTRY CARPETS

☞ OF SUPERIOR QUALITY. ☜

ALSO,

HEARTH RUGS TO MATCH.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

Publications.

LATE LITERATURE.

J. DURIE & SON have received The Man who Laughs, by Victor Hugo; Breaking a Butterfly, by the author of Guy Livingstone; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; The Girls of Feversham, by Florence Maryatt; Realities of Irish Life, by French, cheap edition; Word Gossip, by Blackley; Horse and Man, by G C S Phillipps; Men, Women and Ghosts, by S E Phelps; Murray's Adventures in the Adirondacks; Seats and Saddle, Bits and Bitting, by Major Dwyer; Liddon's University Sermons; Aunt Judy's May Day Volume; The Trappers' Guide, by Newhouse; Other People's Windows, by the author of the Gentle Life; Carricature History of the Four Georges; The Red River Country, Hudson Bay, and Northwest Territories, by A J Russell, C E.

The best books on Flower and Kitchen Gardening. For sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,

HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.

City papers may be had at 6 a. m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald, and all the late American papers.

Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demerest's Magazines for June received.

THE AUTUMN WREATH,

A POEM

BY WALTER H. DERMOT.

FOR SALE AT THE BOOKSTORES.

PRICE TEN CENTS.

D. FULTON,
General Agent.

Ottawa, May 20. 1054a

THE

RED RIVER COUNTRY,

HUDSON'S BAY & NORTH-WEST

TERRITORIES,

considered in relation to Canada.

BY A. J. RUSSELL, C. E.,

and Inspector of Crown Timber Agencies, Canada, E. & W.

Followed by the last Report of S. J. DAWSON C.E., on the Route of Communication to Red River.

Illustrated by a Map.

The above work is now ready and for sale at the bookstores. Price 75 cents.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Publisher.

Ottawa, 17th May, 1869. 1052-17

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May 5, 1869.

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PLANTS! PLANTS! PLANTS!

FOR SALE by the subscriber GOOD and HARDY PLANTS of all descriptions, viz.: CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWERS, TOMATOES, &c., &c.

J. H. PATTERSON,
Inkerman Cottage,
Canal Bank.

1054a

SIMCOE OLD RYE.

(Ritchie, Ford & Co.)

Just received.

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047tf

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season.

Just received.

JAS. BUCHANAN'S,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC,

BY DR. G. SCHILLING.

I purpose to RESIDE IN OTTAWA during the next two summer months, July and August, and intend to devote part of my time there to my profession, the instruction in music (singing, Piano, Organ, Theorie, etc.) Whoever wishes to profit by this is requested to make their applications VERY SOON, as I shall accept only a VERY LIMITED number of pupils during that time. Particulars about terms, etc., will be given in answer to a written application.

DR. G. SCHILLING,
Montreal.

1055b

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned.

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin[ed] their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,

THE BEST ASSORTED,

THE BEST ASSORTED,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,

THE BEST VALUE,

THE BEST VALUE,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,

THE NEWEST STYLES,

THE NEWEST STYLES,

At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

DOOR MATS,

DAMASKS, REPPS,

PEKINADES, CHINTZES,

LACES, CORNICES,

COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING!

BOOKBINDING,

&c., &c., &c.

To be had at

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN"

PRINTING,

AND

STATIONERY STORE,

21 *Rideau-st.*,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, lar[ge] ma[...]
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to mat[ch]
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultra[ma]rine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and L[etter] Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—

Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flowers, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—

Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES

Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.

Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal and Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—

Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—

Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—

Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER,

Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—

Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS'

Office Requisites supplied on reasonab[le] terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES

Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS

Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

INCLUDING

Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Boo[k] Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice an[d] on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

General Geography, with 39 coloured map price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS,

Authorised by the Council of Public Instructio[n] for Ontario. The prices are

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustration strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongl[y] bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly boun[d] in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES

The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,
At "The Ottawa Citizen"

Stationery and Printing House,

AT

"THE OTTAWA CITIZEN

STATIONERY

AND

PRINTING HOUSE

21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 21, 1869.

The market yesterday was very small, and the prices remained about the same as before.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 66
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

EVERYBODY SAYS So.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Teas.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

TRADE — A. O. A. & Co. — MARK.

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable men to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade. Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Cattees and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Cattees, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money can be collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. Where there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we will send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs, and sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, will receive one of their own choice in return at our expense.

We subjoin a list of our prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do.	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do.	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the address,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Box 201, P. O., Ottawa, or
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, May 8, 1869.

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

☞Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

☞Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

☞Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method o returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,
GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,

AND

DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
1007tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE

"ROCKET,"

WINNER OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE

IN 1863,

Height 15½ hands.

[Sired by "Bob Logic," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of

MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON,
Clarence-st., near the Market.

☞Terms $10 for the season.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

34 *SUSSEX-ST.*

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to

JOHN COOK,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX,
Plantagenet Mills,
1043tf Ontario.

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,
AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying postpaid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a mortgage made by MICHAEL O'BRIEN, of the township of Fitzroy, in the county of Carleton, yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Esquire, now deceased, to which mortgage JANE O'BRIEN, the wife of the said Michael O'Brien, was made a party, for the purpose of barring dower only, of Lot number Sixteen, in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. SCOTT & ROSS, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of MAY, 1869, at TWELVE o'clock noon.

Margaret Malloch, the devisee named in the last will and testament of the said Edward Malloch, Esquire, deceased, will only covenant that she has done no act to incumber.

The purchaser will accept the title as it stood at the execution of the mortgage.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

1049td W. A. ROSS, Vendor's Solicitor.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

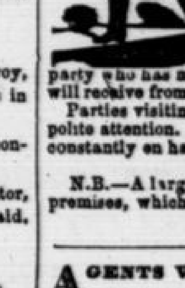
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT

REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS,

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD,
1043.20d 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!
BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

A beautiful and varied assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,

BATHS, of all kinds,

TOILET SETTS,

Plain and Ornamented,

☞REFRIGERATORS!

☞REFRIGERATORS

McKelvy's Patent.

We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!

Best patterns in use.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st.,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TIN SPICE BOXES,

A novelty,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
" Superfine No. 2	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand:

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75.y House, Land and General Agent.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

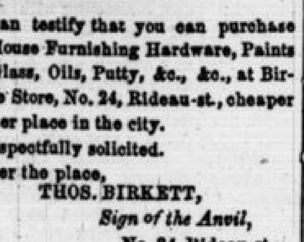
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st. Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

☞Remember the place,

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate returns will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying

TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Low Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

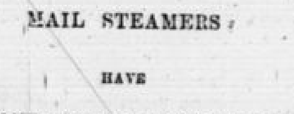
respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA

RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMERS

HAVE

COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS

BETWEEN

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

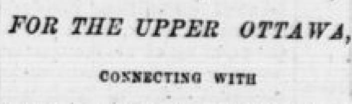
R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager,

May 7, 1869. 1043tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,

Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

LEAVES

AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"

"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"

FOR

DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS,
1042tf President.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER!

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to F. RRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 882y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway)

ON and AFTER TUESDAY, MAY [...] 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p.m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west, also with the steamers of the Royal Mail Line.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p m and 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at [...] and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and [...] p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and [...] a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and [...] a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS

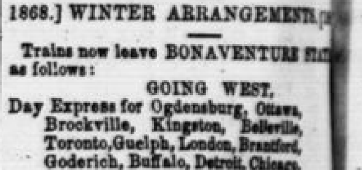
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at [...] and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:[...] and [...] p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R [...] trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENT. [...]

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... [...]
Night do do do do ..... [...]
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 7:00
Trains for Lachine at ..... 8:00 a m, 9:30 [...] 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at 7:00
Express for Boston at ..... [...]
Express for New York and Boston at ..... [...] via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ..... [...]
Express for Island Pond, at 2:00
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:30

☞Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p.m., for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec. 1868.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the [...]ality of the advantages offered to wearers of [...] beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, [...] assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

PANCREATINE FOR INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion."—Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—*Prof.* BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

VOL. IV

Marriage L[...]

AGAR YEILDING,
Agent for MARRIAGE LIC[ENSES] of Ottawa, by commission fro[m] the Governor-General.
OFFICE—St. Lawrence Ho[tel] Ottawa, April 9, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENT[S]
AT
THE MEDICA[L]
28 Sparks-st., O[...]
Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfume[s]
Cambridge Bouq[uet]
Oxford Bo[...]
Engli[sh]
Silver Top Smelling Bottle[s]
Scotch Plaid Smelling [...]
Improved Perfum[...]
A complete stock just received [...] Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Che[micals] Druggists' Sundries
W. M. MA[...]
Family and D[...]

S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, U[...]
AND
☞UNDERTA[KER]
FURNIT[URE]
of every description, made [...] and jobbing attended to.
Architects and others furni[shing] ings for any kind of wood [...] correctly executed.
Particular attention paid t[o]
GOTHIC & FANCY [...]
FUNERA[LS]
furnished at the shortest [...] country.
METALLIC AND O[...]
always on hand.
EXPRESS WA[...]
for the removal of household [...] waggons for lumber and othe[r...]
N.B.—Residence at the w[...] st., opposite the market.

WATC[HES]
J. SEWILL, LIVER[POOL]
Manufacturer by speci[al...] HER MAJESTY THE QUEE[N]
AND
COURT OF S[...]
THE RIGHT HONORABL[E] MISSIONERS OF TH[E...]
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN V[...] NAVY
Prize Medalist of the Great [...] tion of London, 1862, [...] versal Exhibition o[f...]
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN L[...]
Agent for O[...]
For the sale of these celebrat[ed...]
H. & A. SAU[...]
Sole Wholesale Agents in [...] sale of J. Sewill's Watches.
Ottawa May 20.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given, th[at...] presentatives in the Coun[cil...] Physicians and Surgeons of [...] Territorial Divisions consti[tuted...] 32, Cap. 45, (Statutes of On[tario]) TUESDAY, the 8th day of [...]
There will be no nominat[ion...]
The votes will be cast [...] which will be sent from th[e...] tered practitioner on the 2[...]
These voting papers mu[st...] to instructions which will [...] transmitted to the Returni[ng...] in which the voter resides
The voting papers will [...] turning Officers of the sever[al...] at two o'clock, p.m., on the [...] the following places:—
Western and St. Clair Di[v...]
Malahide and Tecumseth
Saugeen and Brock
Gore and Thames
Erie and Niagara
Burlington and Home
Midland and York
King's and Queen's
Newcastle and Trent
Quinte and Cataraqui
Bathurst and Rideau
St. Lawrence and Eastern
The names of the Retur[ning...] nished on a printed envelo[pe...] registered practitioner,
Medical Registration Offi[ce] Hamilton, April 15th,

NOTICE.
The undersigned begs t[o...]
OPENED A[...]
OVER A. McCOR[...]
SPARKS-[ST.]
Where all orders for the [...]
CANADA
AND
PRINTING, BINDING [...]
may be sent, and will be [...] as usual, arrangements ha[ving...] vent any interruption to t[he...]
Mr. Desbarats feels gr[ateful...] tendered him on all sides [...] patrons and friends in hi[s...]
GEO[...]
Ottawa, January 21, 186[9]

W. H. EASTON [...]
COMMISSION [...]
FORWA[RDING]
DEAL[ERS]
Wheat, Corn, Flour [...]
OTT[AWA]
Cash advanced on g[oods...] diate sale. Prompt ret[urns]
W. H. EASTON.

THE LEADER.
THE MORNING [...]
LE[ADER]
Is sold by J. R. BA[...] HOUSE, daily, at ONE [...]
Ottawa, April 26.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1057. OTTAWA, MONDAY, MAY 24, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,
Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.
OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.
A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
"Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER.
FURNITURE
of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.
Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.
Particular attention paid to
GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.
FUNERALS
furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.
METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS
always on hand.
EXPRESS WAGGONS
for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.
N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.
J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.
There will be no nominations.
The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.
These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.
The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa.
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.
H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.
Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

NOTICE.
The undersigned begs to state that he has
OPENED AN OFFICE
OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,
SPARKS-STREET,
Where all orders for the
CANADA GAZETTE,
AND FOR
PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,
may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.
Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS,
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.
W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

THE LEADER.
THE MORNING AND EVENING
LEADER,
Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.
Ottawa, April 25. 1035tf

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP
BOOTS AND SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
YORK STREET.
I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the
LATEST AND BEST STYLES
In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.
The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.
A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.
Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.
GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,
HAVE
JUST RECEIVED
ALL THE
NEWEST STYLES
IN
BOOTS AND SHOES,
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER,
COMPRISING
a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*
We would call the especial attention of the
LADIES,
To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.
ALSO,
To our Prunella Balmoral, for.....$1.25.
BANKRUPT STOCK.
We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.
Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.
A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS
FOR ALL WEATHERS."
SEE
THE NEW STYLES
IN
BOOTS AND SHOES!
FOR
SUMMER,
AT
THE RED BOOT,
28 *Sussex-st.*
W. A. LAMB
would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.
GENTLEMEN'S
PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,
AT
THE RED BOOT.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES
are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.
Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.
THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.
Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.
Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.
N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.
G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and 37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.
Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of
F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of
PADUA, ITALY.
Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,
PRICE 75 Cts. PER BOTTLE.
A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.
N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.
For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.
None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.
1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,
For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.
Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 785y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT,.....DESBARAT'S BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer,
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 10½.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
FORWARDER,
GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,
No. 3, St. Peter-st.,
QUEBEC.
Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.
QUEBEC REFERENCES.
Messrs Totu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.
James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.
Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.
Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.
Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Tailoring.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian TWEEDS,
may now be seen at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.
Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.
A. GRAHAM & CO.,
Commercial Warehouse,
No. 60 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

T. LAWRENCE
Having opened a first-class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grovenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.
From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.
Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.
Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.
P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

GENTLEMEN
Leaving their orders at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
Can get well suited in Garments.
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

N. ROBERTSON,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
BELL'S BLOCK,
Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,
In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.
MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation o the patronage bestowed on him in the past.
Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

COATS, PANTS and VESTS
May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

SELECT TAILORING.
T. RAJOTTE.
NEW IMPORTATIONS.
An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.
From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.
The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,
FOR CASH ONLY.
N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.
Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.
T. RAJOTTE.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
—FROM—
OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC
AND LONDON,
Consisting of
PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.
PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES
&c., &c., &c.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.
—LIKEWISE,—
A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.
TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.
PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.
ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.
50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.
200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.
SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.
PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.
ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS according to age and quality.
100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.
LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.
10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.
TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.
COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.
TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.
A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.
For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,
And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,
FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups.
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.
The subscriber would called the attention o Families and others to his
FINE BOTTLED ALE
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
To other with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.
A call dly solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.
MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
Two or three Apprentices wanted.
April 6. 1015tf

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!
The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays for Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.
THOMAS STARMER,
1043d 124 Rideau-st.

Dry Goods.

OPENED OUT
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,
A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,
A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,
A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,
A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,
A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS IN NEW MATERIALS,
A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,
A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,
TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAYS,
14 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

PANIC! PANIC! PANIC
GREAT CHANCE
SAFER THAN A LOTTERY
AS ALL ARE SURE TO GET A PRIZE
$30,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY for.....$12,000.
Owing to the late panic in Montreal, and the large number of Bankrupt Stocks that in consequence have been thrown on the market, we were enabled to purchase an assorted stock of
DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,
amounting to $30,000, for the small sum of 7s on the pound, being lower than any stock we have yet purchased.
So now is the time for bargains. But you must hurry up as we intend selling them very low so as to clear them off quick. For instance here is something to please the eye and make the pocket feel good as it draws so little from it.
The stock consists of the following goods, viz:
DRESS GOODS!

One case plain Poplin, choice colours, for	9d pr yd, worth 1s 3d
One case Silk Striped, do very new.....	10½d do do 1s 6d
20 pieces Silk Striped, do very new.....	1s do do 1s 9d
10 pieces Roselind, Shot Striped Lusters.....	9d do do 1s 3d
15 pieces Yucatan Cloths...	1s 3d do do 2s 6d

Also, 1 case assorted yard wide goods, in splendid colours, and of the latest styles, for 1s 10½d.
The same goods cannot be bought in any house in the city for less than 3s 6d.
Immense bargains in WHITE COTTONS, a first class White Cotton only 5d per yard.

50 dozen White Hose.....	5d per pair
20 pieces Ticking	only 9d, worth 1s 3d
50 dozen all Linen Towels, good	for 3d each
60 do do do do	5d, worth 9d each
157 pairs Corsets, ...	for 2s per pair
100 White quilts.....	at a great bargain
200 Coloured Quilts.....	only 5s, worth 2s 6d
100 Silk and Wool Shirts for Boating.....	7s 6d worth 12s 6d
400 pairs Gloves.....	for 4d per pair
100 do Fine Silk Gloves...	only 1s 3d, worth 2s 6d
Pocket Handkerchiefs.....	1½d each
do do hemmed.....	5d each
Also, 2 cases Prints, slightly damaged	3d to 4½d per yard

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!
CLOTHING!
THE GREATEST SACRIFICE OF THE AGE IN CLOTHING.

Splendid all wool Suits warranted.....	for $9
Good Suits.....	for $4.50
Vests.....	from 75c up
Pants.....	50c, 75c and $1 per pair
And a magnificent Alpacca Coat.....	only $1.25

AT
THE OCCIDENTAL EMPORIUM,
STEWART'S BLOCK, RIDEAU-ST.,
near Sappers' Bridge.
H. HICK & CO.

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,
PLAIN AND DECORATIVE
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Respectfully informs the public that he will in a FEW DAYS
OPEN A FIRST-CLASS
PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Pending which his office will be on the
FIRST FLOOR
OF THE
MASONIC HALL BLOCK,
ELGIN-STREET,
Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and
RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK
In all the various branches of his business.
Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

A. SWALWELL,
CHIEF UNDERTAKER,
SPARKS-ST.
COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,
FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.
Sole agent for
FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.
RESIDENCE—York-st, first Brick House below the market.

WANTED.
A second-hand SKIFF in good order. Apply at the TIMES Office. 1051tt

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.
The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY
6 *Hospital-st., Montreal.*
Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profit, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.
BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souns Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.
GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.
MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.
G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.
An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattle sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block

MORTGAGE SALE.
Public notice is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in, and secured by a certan Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, made by JOHN RUTLEDGE, of the Township of Goulbourn, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, yeoman, (to which said Mortgage MARTHA RUTLEDGE, wife of the said JOHN RUTLEDGE, was made a party for the purpose of barring dower merely), in favour of HIRAM SYKES, of the Township, County and Province aforesaid, yeoman, of the east half of lot number six, in the fifth concession, of the Township of Goulbourn, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, butted and bounded as mentioned in the original grant thereof from the Crown, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of a power of sale contained in the said Mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, by AMOS ROWE, Auctioneer, at the Law Office of MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, in the County and Province aforesaid, on TUESDAY, the TWENTY-NINTH day of JUNE, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, at twelve o'clock, noon.
Terms and conditions to be made known at time of sale.
This sale being under a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, the Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.
Title to be accepted by purchaser as it exists at the time of execution of the Mortgage, and accepted by seller.
All conveyances, searches, abstracts, &c., to be at the purchaser's expense.
Dated at Ottawa, this 18th day of May, A.D. 1869.
MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
1054.1aw2ltd Solicitors for Vendor.

TENDERS
Addressed to the undersigned, in a sealed envelope, marked Tenders for Printing, Paper, or Binding (as the case may be), will be received until THURSDAY, 27th INST., after which day no tender will be received, for the Printing, furnishing the Printing Paper, and the Binding required for the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada.
No tender will be received except on the blank form, which can be had on application to the undersigned, and from whom all information can be obtained.
The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.
By order,
HENRY HARTNEY,
Clerk Joint Committee of both Houses on Printing.
Department of
Printing of Parliament,
Ottawa, May, 1869. 1044a

PRIVATE BILLS.
Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette,*) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.
All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.
CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO

SAVAGE'S URSINA.
PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR,
has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.
It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.
Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.
EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1028eod.3m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mrs S.A. ALLEN
BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.
New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.
It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.
March 26. 1008-14y

For the effect produced by Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs the inventor is permitted to refer to the Medical Gentlemen in St. John, N. B., whose signatures are attached hereto:
WILLIAM BAYARD, M.D.
EDWIN BAYARD, M.D.
THOMAS WALKER, M.D.
JOHN BERRYMAN, M.D., ED.
DR. JOHNSTON, L.R.C.S., ED.
GEORGE KEATOR, M.D.
W. H. HARDING, M.R.C.S.
JOHN BAXTER, M.D.
J. D. WHITE, M. D.
T. W. CARRITT, M.D.
I, Aaron Alward, Mayor of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, having examined the letters of Drs. Earle, Addy, Clay, Jacobs and Chandler, and also the signatures attached to the foregoing permit of reference, hereby certify that I believe them all genuine.
I can also testify to the high therapeutical value of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs, and consider it deserving of attention by the profession generally.
In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Seal of Mayoralty at the city of St. John, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight
Great Seal
AARON ALWARD, M.D.,
Mayor of the City of St. John.
1049b21b
AGENTS—FRANCIS CUNDILL & CO., 32 Lemoine-st., Montreal.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.
They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.
Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.
N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578y

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

PARISIAN STEAM DYE WORKS,
M. HIRSHFIELD.
OFFICES—Nos. 374 and 258 Notre Dame-street,
MONTREAL.
OTTAWA AGENCY AT THE
CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st.
Dresses of every description, Shawls, Curtains, etc., scoured and cleaned, or dyed in all colors and shades. Gents' Garments renovated. Charges low. 1051d

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.
We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.
Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address
E. F. MCAVAY & CO.,
Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 155 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)
A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

Prize Medal, 1862. Silver Medal, 1867.

FOR CONSUMPTION
treated with SAVORY & MOORE'S
PANCREATIC EMULSION.
See *The Lancet, British Medical Journal, Medical Press, &c.*
CASE 154.—Says emulsion agrees exceedingly well; makes him feel quite different. At fourth week, extraordinary improvement in appearance; says he has lost cough, eats well, and is jolly.—*The Lancet Report.*
Caution.—The genuine PANCREATIC EMULSION sold only in bottles, 2s 6d, 4s 6d and 8s, with Savory & Moore's labels and trade mark.

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS, resembling Mother's Milk as closely as possible.—Dr. H. Barker *on right foods for children.*
"THE INFANT PRINCE thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*
"A REAL IMPROVEMENT (*Lancet*) on the ordinary kinds of LIEBIG'S FOOD," and the only one that keeps good in all climates.
No boiling or straining. Tins, 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
Agents—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,
Very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

AMERICA AND ENGLAND.

Lord Clarendon Urged to Use Firm Language to Mr. Motley.

[*From the Pall Mall Gazette, May 8.*]

If our estimate of

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Court of Revision—W. P. Lett.
Proclamation— Do.
Annual Spring Sale of Teas—John Leeming & Co., Montreal.
Government Notice—W. H. Lee.
Authorized Discount—R. S. M. Bouchette.
House to Let—Lewis & Pinhey.
Grand Festival Concert—Skating Rink—F. J. Prume.
Excursion to Grenville on the 24th—W. S. Boyd.

JOB PRINTING,

Neat, Quick and Cheap,

New Improvements.

Large additions have been made to this branch of the establishment of

STEAM PRESSES,

BOOK & FANCY JOB TYPE,

A POWERFUL STEAM ENGINE,

PAPER CUTTER,

AND CARD CUTTER,

Enabling us to turn out every description of JOB PRINTING in a superior manner and at Low Rates.

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

POSTERS, HANDBILLS,

CIRCULARS, CARDS,

BILL HEADS,

BINDING AND RULING

done at prices to defy competition.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, MAY 24, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

TO-DAY being the anniversary of HER MAJESTY'S birthday, no paper will be issued from this office to-morrow.

MANY Senators and Members of Parliament left for their homes on Friday night and Saturday morning to enjoy the brief "vacation."

C. J. BRYDGES, Esq., who had been in the city for a few days, left on Saturday evening for Montreal.

THE City Council, out of respect to the memory of the late Mayor, have undertaken no formal celebration of the day, so that our citizens will be mainly left to their own devices for the amusements customary on this occasion. The people will, however, no less rejoice that HER MAJESTY has been spared to her devoted subjects for another year; and no less anxiously wish that she may long continue to reign in peace over the Empire, which has prospered under her benificent rule as it never prospered before.

PROCLAMATION has been issued for an election for By Ward to supply the vacancy in the representation of that Ward in the City Council created by the death of the late Mr. FRIEL, and the election is fixed for Thursday next at nine o'clock, a.m.

It may possibly have been an oversight that a statutory holiday was chosen for the election, but in case of a contest we shall be mistaken if the proceedings are not held to be illegal. It is true that the sittings of the courts and the ordinary transactions of business are not invalidated by the fact of their taking place on such days, though the ordinary practice of the courts is to observe them; but we are by no means sure that the law would recognise the validity of Municipal or Parliamentary elections so held.

OUR readers will perceive from our Toronto despatch, that the Royal Canadian Bank Directors have published a statement of affairs up to the 15th instant. In the gross, this statement shows:

Assets	$3,380,000
And liabilities	1,928,000
Leaving	$1,452,000

in favour of the bank, to be placed against a paid up capital of $1,163,000, so that, if this statement is to be credited, the bank can pay all its debts, refund the shareholders the whole of the paid up capital, and divide besides nearly twenty-five per cent. of the paid up capital as profit!

Such a result is absurd on the face of it, or why should the bank have suspended? If good for its debts, and good for its capital, and good, too, for nearly twenty-five per cent. of profit on its capital, why on earth should the bank have put up its shutters?

There can be but one of two answers: either the statement is wrong, or the bank's own currency swamped it. If the former, we have nothing to say; but, for the credit of the Directors, we shall assume that it was the latter, and shall now proceed to consider the statement on this assumption.

The bank had notes in circulation	$887,000
Balances due to other banks	38,000
Deposits not bearing interest	370,000
Making	1,295,000
Payable on demand, against which may be placed coin bullion and Provincial notes	185,000
Government securities (always convertible)	128,000
Bills of other banks	68,000
Balances due by other banks	273,000
Making a total of	$654,000

Or, the whole of its liabilities due on demand less about seventy-five per cent. of its circulation. The $633,000 of deposits bearing interest may be dismissed from the calculation, because surely the bills discounted, $2,643,000, would be ample to meet them.

What, then, was the proximate cause of the bank's failure? Undoubtedly the loss of public confidence in its currency. Nothing can be clearer than this. It had all its capital to the good, and nearly twenty-five per cent. more; it had enough to meet every demand at call, except its notes, and it had twenty-five per cent. of their total amount immediately available, after paying every other demand at call. The exhibit of the Directors is so financially sound that nothing less than the loss of public confidence in the bank's currency could have caused its failure. Would it not be wise to have a currency for the whole country, the confidence in which could not be shaken by the "private and confidential" letter of this, that, or the other bank Director, paraded in the newspapers?

THE organ of a certain gentleman who quarrelled with the Government of the day, because it would not pay his election expenses for a contest in which he had been defeated, endeavours to make merry at the expense of the Ottawa papers, because they advocate the breaking up of a too long tolerated monopoly in the public printing. That the same gentleman, the illustrious G. B., to wit, had previously waxed fat on a Penitentiary Commissionership seemed no good reason to him why he should not have had his election expenses paid by the Government, no more than the fact that a two days Premiership should not have entitled him to a generous margin in another quarter, which was afterwards "sponged out" on very easy terms—thanks to the vicissitudes of trade!

This is the virtuous censor before whom the "Ottawa organs" should bend the knee and acknowledge their unworthiness. Of course they will do it! Without a thought for the fraternal regard which planned the successorship to a very high office in one of the most important departments, in anticipation of the then incumbent's being called upon to pay the debt of nature, while yet a certain gentleman had patronage in his hands; and without a thought of the misery which nature's tardiness had caused by defeating the purpose of this fraternal regard, the "Ottawa organs" bow down their heads and confess themselves snubbed. Poor organs!

What have they done after all? They have raised their voice against an indefensible monopoly, at a time when, above all others, existing interests could be the least affected by its being broken up. They have asserted that the popular fiction, that the papers who generally support the policy of the Government are "subsidised" organs, should be exploded; and that the printing patronage, like the patronage to office, should be distributed on fair terms to political supporters, or like other public services, be put up to public competition. This is the ground the TIMES has taken, and this ground it is prepared to maintain despite the sneers of the organ of the ex-Penitentiary Commissioner, or of any of his lackeys, who by accident may have acquired the opportunity of repeating these sneers in a privileged place.

The organ to which we have alluded is surprised that the Ottawa papers have not discovered that "they might find it pay to "puff Ministers less, and the deputy-heads "more." We do not wonder that the ex-P.C. thinks this exceedingly "strange." Had he been on the ground, we hazard the assertion that he would long ago have courted the deputy-heads, if by so doing, he believed he could make a little more money by it. But the "Ottawa organs" are of a different mind. They think that to be loyal to the "King" does not involve the necessity of swearing allegiance to "his ox and his "ass, his man servant, and his maid ser- "vant, and everything that is his." They are not begging for favours. They are but pointing out a desirable reform, at a time when it can be most easily effected; at a time when the action of the Legislature, at the instigation of the Government, in respect to the stationery supply of the Departments, pointed to this reform as a logical sequence; and so far, at least, as the TIMES is concerned, without the slightest feeling of personal hostility to anybody in the Government, or out of it. We cannot, like our censor, hang up this question, to be aired only at election times; and to be reserved, as it has been reserved, by all political parties in succession.

Nor can we shut our eyes to the fact that "puffing the deputy heads more," as recommended by the *Globe*, would be an unpatriotic course, tending to the substitution of Bureaucratic, for Representative, Government. The Deputy Heads have power enough already. The abortive Departmental Commission of 1862 showed conclusively how helpless was the Reform Government of that day to mitigate alleged abuses. The great G. B. went in, and went out, without leaving a solitary trace of his reforming hand behind; and now when this Government, which has struggled so ably and so patriotically to carry out to a legitimate conclusion the political consolidation of British North America, prematurely forced upon the consideration of the country by G. B.'s sudden yielding to the blandishments of the member for South Lanark—when, in the midst of this great undertaking, it finds time to address itself to the rearrangement of the internal machinery of government, to the correction of abuses, to the simplification of the administration and economy of the public funds, the *Globe* is driven into sentences of four words—that is, it has nearly lost its breath—because two papers at Ottawa, which usually support the Government, have dared to express an opinion regarding the distribution of the public printing!

Another journal comments on its Ottawa contemporaries, in relation to this question, and kindly advises them that "their object "would be far more speedily obtained if "they occasionally indulged in a little "healthy opposition, just to show their in- "dependence, and what it might possibly "lead to." Coming, as this does, from the Montreal *Telegraph*, it is well entitled to consideration. There have been times when "fits of independence" on the part of certain journals have been found to work most efficaciously. But if the matter is to be viewed in a purely commercial sense, there is a right and a wrong time to "kill "the cat"; and this matter has not been taken up by the Ottawa papers in the sense indicated, but, in so far as they were concerned, to clear themselves of the imputation so universally cast upon them of living upon the Government spoil; and in the general interest of every Government and its supporters, to place the printing patronage of the Government on a proper footing, what confessedly it has not heretofore been, otherwise the Government would have been under no necessity to promise a measure concerning it. The *Telegraph* says some very hard things of some who owe so much, and acknowledge so little, to the press, which for the present we pass by; but the following remarks concerning the "party writer" will be at once recognised by all who are conversant with Canadian journalism as a sketch from an experienced hand:

"He is called a mere hack and tool by his adversaries, a pampered dependent on the public chest by the public, and a lucky fellow, in the same sense, by his own personal and party friends, who wonder at his good fortune and the rapid way in which he is accumulating a competency. The party writer, however, knows better. As a mere commercial speculation, he knows that it pays to remain in the cold but profitable shades of opposition, and that *as a mere venture he could earn more by running down than writing up all or any of the institutions of the country.* This is a well known fact, a state of things patent to every journalist in Canada. It may look anomalous, but on the contrary it is only natural, for it springs from the feeling so deeply ingrained in the Canadian breast that no public man can do an honest thing, unless by accident, and that nine hundred and ninety-nine tenths of the population are no better than they should be, and that in the words of some of the *saint petits beignets* who have managed to instil the feeling alluded to is something really awful."

ON Saturday our cable despatches announced the demise, in his seventy-first year, of the Rev. ALEXANDER DYCE, B. A., author, editor, and commentator of *Early English Literature and Poetical Critic.* He was the son of a General Officer in the East India Company's service, and was born in Edinburgh in 1798. His education was commenced at the High School of that city, and was completed at Exeter College, Oxford, where he graduated in due course. Having entered the Church, he served as curate of Lanteglose, in Cornwall, and afterwards of Nayland, in Suffolk; and in 1827 took up his permanent residence in London. His earliest publications were "Select "Translations from Quintus Symrnæus," an edition of the poet Collins, and "Specimens of British Poetesses." He subsequently edited, with notes and biographies, the dramatic and poetical works of Peele, 3 vols.; of Greene, 3 vols.; of Webster, 4 vols.; of Middleton, 5 vols.; of Beaumont and Fletcher, 11 vols.; of Marlowe, 3 vols.; and he completed in 6 vols. the edition of Shirley, which Gifford had left unfinished. He also published the critical and theological works of Bentley, 3 vols.; the poetical works of Skelton, with biography and copious annotations, 2 vols.; "Specimens of British Sonnets;" "Remarks on Collier's and Knight's editions of Shakespeare;" "A Few Notes on Shakespeare," and "Strictures on Collier's new edition of Shakespeare." To Pickering's "Aldine Poets" he contributed the lives of Shakespeare, Pope, Akenside, and Beattie; and for the Shakespeare, Percy and Camden societies he edited a variety of pieces. In 1857 he issued in 6 vols. an edition of Shakespeare in which the text is carefully collated with the old copies, the punctuation amended, and a few critical notes on readings added.

Most of the standard editions of our early English dramatists were published under his superintendence, and in the difficult task of collecting materials for the biographies of our early writers industry and judgment have earned for him a high reputation. There is, indeed, no living critic whose authority is so universally recognized as that of Mr. Dyce; nor did he limit his labours to our earlier poets. He edited several volumes of Pickering's "Aldine Poets," including Pope, Collins, Akenside, Beattie and others; and the care, research, and critical acumen which distinguished his editorial lucubrations, given them a general preference over all predecessors in the same walk of literature. For the Camden Society he undertook the publication of Kemp's "Nine Days' Wonder," and for the Shakespeare Society the old tragedies of Timon and Sir Thomas More. He was also one of the founders of the Percy Society, many volumes of whose series were edited and most judiciously annotated by him. In his remarks on the editions of Shakespeare of Mr. John Payne Collier and Mr. Charles Knight, Mr. Dyce exploded critical fallacies which had long held possession of the public mind, and has, perhaps, done more than any other Editor to restore and purify doubtful passages of the texts of our early standard writers and of Shakespeare especially. One of his works is a volume of notes upon the emendations adopted by Mr. Collier, from the manuscript corrections discovered by that gentleman in the second folio edition of the immortal dramatist, in which he proved that many of these "commendations" are grevious corruptions of the poet's text. Among Mr. Dyce's late publications is "Recollections of the Table Talk of Samuel Rogers" which has passed through three editions in England and has been more than once re-printed in the United States. The editions of Peele, Greene, Webster and Marlowe have been re-printed with great improvements, in three volumes, and a new edition of Shakespeare, extending to eight volumes, was some time ago in course of publication, which Mr. Dyce endeavoured to render more critical and complete than the edition of 1857.

APPOINTMENT.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA,
OTTAWA, May 17, 1869.

His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz.:

The Honourable John Ross, one of the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, to be Speaker of the Senate of Canada, in the place of the Honourable Joseph Edouard Cauchon, removed in consequence of his necessary temporary absence.

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

PARTIES requiring new carpets, floor oil cloths, or other house furnishings, would do well to inspect Magee & Russell's extensive stock before purchasing, as they have recently received large additions of this season's patterns from the most celebrated makers in Britain. Carpets made and laid by competent upholsterers.

GENTLEMEN can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

FOR Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

MILLINERY.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

THURSDAY, May 20, 1869.
(Continued:)

On motion of Hon. Mr. BLAKE, the Beaver and Toronto Mutual Fire Insurance Companies Bill was read a second time.

The Joliette and Berthier counties electoral limits Bill was passed in Committee of the Whole, without amendment. Read a third time and passed.

ADJOURNMENT.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUSTE wished to call the attention of the Government and the House to the Notice of Motion given by an hon. member opposite, (Mr. Armand,) for to-morrow, which he wished, with the consent of the House, to have moved and decided now; and, if the adjournment do take place, as proposed by that Notice of Motion, the House could meet at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, instead of the usual hour, and so enable members to leave by the mid-day train.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL replied that the Government were always ready to meet the wishes of the House. The proposition of the hon. member was a reasonable one, that we should meet to-morrow, at ten o'clock, to decide whether the adjournment would take place, in order that members might leave by the afternoon train, if it was so decided.

Hon. Mr. STEEVES thought, as notice had been given to bring the question of adjournment up to-morrow, they could not discuss it now.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL was anxious that there should not be an adjournment, but they ought not to resist the motion to meet at 10 o'clock, to give hon. members time to discuss the question.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY thought that if there was so much business to do that they must meet at 10 o'clock they should not adjourn for a week. When the question came up he would like to see the Government have a policy upon it. They had some little experience upon this question already. He had heard it said on a former occasion that it was the policy of the Government to go on with the business of the country and five minutes afterwards there was an adjournment. He thought this motion should not be entertained for a moment.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT objected to any adjournment at all, and he was quite willing to meet at 10 o'clock to get through with the business before them. The members from the Lower Provinces had come a long distance to attend Parliament at a very inconvenient season of the year, when any man who had business to attend to ought to be at home. Therefore, they wanted no long adjournments until they got through with the work of the Session.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL thought as the question of adjournment had to come up, they had better have the question decided to-day.

Hon. Mr. ARMAND then moved that when this House adjourns on Friday next it do stand adjourned to the following Friday at half-past seven o'clock in the evening.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY saw no necessity for this adjournment. Those who remained were willing to stay and do the business of the country for their absent friends and give them all the credit for it. They should consider the amount of business they had before them. They had an important measure on insolvency in progress, it being somewhere between the Governor-General's speech and the *Royal Gazette*. Then they had a great question which interested all the people of the Dominion, and would occupy a great deal of time—that was the question of the election law. Then came the question of the Nova Scotia subsidy, (hear, hear,) and they, also, had the great Northwest Territory to dispose of. After that came the question of admitting Newfoundland into the Confederation. The whole criminal law was yet to be disposed of, besides a number of other measures which he would not take time to mention. Instead of adjourning, members of the House should be engaged in forwarding this mass of business. He thought, if they took the past as a fair criterion of the future, they would have to remain here in July, and he did not know but it would be August before the business was done. If they gave the subjects to come before them that consideration which their importance deserved, the House would not rise for six months to come, otherwise they would have a mass of public business thrust upon the Senate, when there was no opportunity to deliberate about it at all. If we can adjourn, from week to week, people will ask of what use is the Senate, and why they cannot do without an Upper House, as they do in Ontario? This was not a matter to be discussed lightly. The members from the Maritime Provinces had yielded in giving one week already, and he now thought their friends from Ontario and Quebec should yield to them, as they were exceedingly anxious to get the business of the country advanced.

Hon. Mr. WARK said he did not oppose the adjournment made some weeks ago although he did not think it was right to adjourn, for so long a period; but he would oppose the present motion. When we were adjourning for a week at a time the public would soon begin to discuss whether we were carrying on the business of the country as it should be carried on, and we were not above public opinion. There was business accumulating for us to do. Three important Bills would be brought up here to-morrow from the other House, and three other Bills which had been committed there to-day would be brought up here in a day or two after. Because there were two holidays in next week the House of Commons was going meet on Saturday, but on the same account we were going to adjourn a week. He protested against it and would divide the House upon the question.

Hon. Mr. LOCKE had heard no good reason why this House should adjourn as the Government were prepared to go on with the business. The mover of the motion should give a reason why the adjournment should be made.

Hon. Mr. STEEVES said that according to the notice given this subject was to be decided on Friday. Some of the members from New Brunswick were absent, not knowing this discussion was coming on to-day, therefore as a matter of fairness it should be decided to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said that after this discussion had gone on by consent of the House, the vote should be taken to-day. His hon. friend (Mr. Dickey) had said the Government should have a policy upon this question, he would state that the Government were always ready to meet the wishes of the House, and whatever may be the feeling of the House upon the subject the Government will submit to their decision. Individually, he would oppose the adjournment, but he did not know that he should regret it very much.

Hon. Mr. RYAN thought as they were assembled to do the business of the country, they should not adjourn from week to week. He was anxious to go to his home, but did not think that was a sufficient reason to wish to adjourn the House. He intended to go whether they adjourned or not. He did not think that because a man wished to spend a few days with his family that he had a right to stop all the machinery of the House and retard the public business. He wished to record his vote with those who think those frequent adjournments should not be made by the House.

The motion was then carried on the following division, viz.:

CONTENTS:—Hon. Messrs. Aikins, Armand, Benson, Blake, Bureau, Chaffers, Cormier, Duchesnay, A. I., Dumouchel, Ferrier, Guevremont, Hazen, Leonard, Letellier de St. Just, Malhiot, Miller, Odell, Olivier, Seymour, Simpson, Wilson—21.

NON-CONTENTS:—Hon. Messrs. Anderson, Bill, Botsford, Burnham, Campbell, Chapais, Dever, Dickey, Duchesnay, E. H. J., Hamilton (Kingston), Leslie, Locke, McCully, Mitchell, Ritchie, Ryan, Shaw, Steeves, Tessier, Wark—20.

So it was resolved in the affirmative.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUSTE moved, seconded by Hon. Mr. WILSON, that when this House adjourn to-day it stands adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow in the forenoon, which was resolved in the affirmative.

The Bills intituled "An Act to amend the Act of Incorporation of the Board of Trade of the city of Toronto," was read a first time, and ordered for second reading to-morrow. Also "An Act to increase the Capital Stock of the Clifton Suspension Bridge Company," was read first time, and ordered for second reading to-morrow.

The period for receiving petitions for Private Bills, and also for presenting Private Bills was extended to the 12th day of June next.

The House, on motion of Hon. Mr. HAMILTON, seconded by Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

FRIDAY, May 21.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 10 o'clock in the forenoon in pursuance of the orders of the House.

After routine,

Hon. Mr. AIKINS, from the Committee on Standing Orders and Private Bills, presented their 9th report. Your committee have examined the petition of the Great Western Railway Company, praying that the holders of preference shares, which the company has been empowered to issue, may be allowed the option of converting the same into ordinary shares, and find that it is not of a nature to require the publication of notice, as the preference shares are not to be issued until the sanction of the stockholders shall have been obtained at a general meeting. He also reported the Bill intituled, "An Act to naturalise Eli Clinton Clerk," from the committee without amendment.

ADDRESS—BAY VERTE CANAL.

Hon. Mr. DICKEY moved for an humble Address to his Excellency the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased, in conformity with the report of John Page, Esq., Chief Engineer of Public Works, to cause a survey and examination to be made of the Isthmus between the head of the Bay of Fundy and the Gulf of the St. Lawrence, in order to obtain a plan and estimates of the best practicable route for a ship canal to unite the two waters. He said he had no ground of complaint against the Government for their action in this matter. On the contrary, he gave them credit for promptly responding to the Addresses of Parliament last session. They had not only taken pains to search out the papers, but had referred them to Mr. Page, Chief Engineer of Public Works, who had made a most sensible report, now before Parliament, upon this important question. The Province from which he (Mr. Dickey) came was an irregular peninsula, the continental portion of which is separated from Cape Breton by the long and narrow Gut of Canso, through which all shipping to or from the Gulf of the St. Lawrence must pass, and is connected with New Brunswick by an isthmus only fifteen miles across, of which it has been facetiously remarked that nature must have left it to enable the Intercolonial railway to pass to Halifax. Eminent geologists are of opinion that the whole of this isthmus was at one time submerged, but whether owing to the subsidence of the sea, or the elevation of the land, it is now, in its highest part, about 30 feet above the level of the Bay composed of drift, and three-fourths of the distance is perfectly flat at sea level. A glance at the map would show that this isthmus lies in the direct trade of vessels passing from the Gulf down the American coast, and to the West Indies. The distance around the Province, as estimated by Hall, is 700 miles, so that a vessel from the St. Lawrence to St. John would save 500 miles each way in distance, besides the greater saving in time from working through a narrow strait like Canso. Thus a vessel from any part of the St. Lawrence might land a cargo of breadstuffs or manufactures at St. John and take a return cargo of coal from Cumberland, and he was glad to find this intercolonial trade was already rapidly increasing. One fact he would mention as decisive of the advantages of this canal to shipping, that the freight of a ton of coal was one dollar per ton less from the head of the Bay of Fundy to Boston or New York, than from Pictou or Cape Breton, and he had the authority of one the leading shippers of coal from Pictou for the statement that their coal would be shipped through this canal instead of Canso, although it would have to be brought some 70 miles up the Gulf. It would substitute direct canal navigation for round about and dangerous ocean navigation between Nova Scotia and Sable Island, and must tend to facilitate trade and navigation. The American fishermen by hundreds would pay toll to make a third voyage in the year. It would manifestly be not only a paying work, but eminently conducive to the advantage of the whole Dominion (hear, hear). Indeed so obvious were its advantages that public opinion had long ago fixed upon the necessity of its construction. In 1823 Mr. Merritt was employed by the New Brunswick Government to make a survey of the different routes for a canal. His plans were referred to Francis Hall who reported in 1825. His report again was referred to the eminent engineer Telford, who made a section of the line from Anloc to Fidinolo. Subsequently at the instance of the St. John Chamber of Commerce, Captain Crowley examined the district, but being a stranger it was not surprising that he fell into some mistakes. Thus far, there being no special interest felt in Halifax, the action was entirely by New Brunswick. But in 1850 the Canadian Government applied to Hall for another report, in which he says "no difficulty can arise from the nature of the ground for a canal of any dimensions." The construction of this great work is now removed from the category of Provincial questions, and has become a Dominion necessity. Surely this should be classed as a great public work (hear, hear). Its length would not much exceed fifteen miles, while it would be barely nineteen from anchorage to anchorage.

Hon. Mr. RYAN—What depth?

Hon. Mr. DICKEY—Fourteen feet had been suggested as sufficient for the requirements of commerce.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—What is the estimated cost?

Hon. Mr. DICKEY—Hall gives it as £67,000 for an eight feet canal, and Telford £155,000 for one of fourteen feet. Hall afterwards estimated it at £169,000 for one of sixteen feet. But the condition of things had vastly changed since. These estimates were for cut stone locks, &c., like the Shubenacadie canal, where so much money was wasted, and before our days of steam dredges and diggers, and in many places what was then a bog is now sound marsh, an alluvial deposit of tenacious clay, favourable for a canal bank. The difference of height of water in the two bays had been spoken of as a difficulty, but it was only twenty feet at tip spring tide, and could easily be overcome by locks, of which there need only be five, a much smaller proportion than in the Welland canal. Some people have suggested dangers in the fogs and rocks of the Bay of Fundy, the truth being that it was as safe navigation as any in the world. This was proved by the paucity of shipwrecks, as well as by the rate of freight already mentioned, and the rapid tide was really an aid to navigation. Another bugbear was that noticed by Capt. Crawley, of the danger of the Fundy tide tearing up the marsh. But Mr. Page quietly disposes of this by suggesting a lock at the western mouth of the canal, and everybody in this House who has seen this fine country—and he hoped those who had not would soon pay it a visit—knew that a slight dyke of a few feet stopped the most furious tides of the Bay of Fundy for miles. The other objection started by Crawley, as to the want of feeders, is also met by Mr. Page. Crawley's report was based upon a canal starting at the top level of spring tides, where possibly there might be difficulty on the rise of water, but Mr. Page proposes that the level of the canal should be high water tides, which would facilitate its working and afford abundance of water. His report concludes as follows: "I advise that authority be granted to make such surveys and examinations of the isthmus, harbours, &c., as will enable the whole subject to be laid fully and clearly before the Government." This is all that is now asked of the Government. They are not urged to undertake it as a Dominion work until all the facts as to cost and best practicable route are before them, but it is strongly urged that a survey should be had at once to verify these facts. The result of that examination he (Mr. Dickey) was content to await, and if no insuperable obstacles were presented in the nature of the ground, or the state of the finances, he trusted that this great Dominion work would be inaugurated at an early day. Public opinion was now thoroughly aroused on this question. It deeply concerned the entire St. Lawrence Valley to the lakes, aye and the wheat producing country on their borders to the Far West, as well as the Maritime Provinces; and the Bay Verte Canal would, he believed, vastly tend to promote intercolonial trade and consolidate intercolonial union (hear, hear). To descant further on the obvious advantages of this great undertaking would be a needless waste of time, and thanking the House for their attention he would now confidently leave the matter in the hands of Government and Parliament (hear, hear).

Hon. Mr. TESSIER rose to the question of order. A motion of this kind could not be put in this branch of the Legislature. The motion was nothing less than asking for a vote of money. It was asking that an expenditure for this survey may be made by the Government. Could such an address be originated in this House? He thought not. During the number of years which he sat in the Legislative Council of Canada no motion of this kind had ever been entertained, and he believed it was the first introduced here since the establishment of the Senate. They should not be asked to pass an address to his Excellency asking for an exploration to be made for a route for a ship canal, which survey might cost thousands of dollars. If this was in the province of the House, he might present a similar address, asking for a certain road along the St. Lawrence where there was no public road before. Would he be in order to move that the Government cause an exploration to be made of a certain locality in the District of Gaspe, for a distance of about sixty miles, in order to see whether a practicable route could be opened to that part of the country? If his hon. friend was in order with his motion he (Mr. Tessier) would be in order in moving for that survey, and every other member of the House would bring up some such motion to be adopted by the House. He thought it would be well to consider this question in order that they might not fall into a practice which he believed was not in conformity with the powers conferred upon this branch of the Legislature.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said that without deciding the question of order he thought his hon. friend had attained the end he had in view in bringing the matter before the House, that was to call the attention of the Government to it. He has not exaggerated the importance of the work. We all agree with him, that it is of a Dominion character, but he thought, to pass the address, asking for this exploration to be made would be attended with inconvenience, even if it was in order, which he thought was questionable. It was impossible for the House to be informed of the facts of every case which is brought up in this sort of way, therefore, they would be acting in the dark. It would be very inconvenient for the Senate of Canada to adopt a solemn address to his Excellency the Governor-General, which perhaps after all may not be replied to. The responsibility of the expenditure of money must be answered for to the other branch of the Legislature, therefore the Government might not be in a position to comply with the address. It would be extremely inconvenient for this House to commit itself to this address, because they would have to commit themselves to others of the same kind. The subject having now been brought under the notice of the House, it will receive every possible attention by the Government.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT wished to make two or three remarks upon the subject before the question was decided. This question was brought before the delegation in London, and the necessity of having this canal built was there urged. There has always been a great interest taken in this subject in New Brunswick. When Sir Howard Douglas, who was one of the first engineer authorities of his day was Governor, he took a great interest in this work. It would be a great convenience to the large number of fishing vessels which go to the Labrador coast, and also to the Gulf trade going to the West Indies. The time was not far distant when the Government would have an exclusive right in that, unless some policy be adopted to get a reciprocity treaty with the United States upon fair terms. Another strong reason why this work should be completed as soon as possible was the fact that all the Southern part of New Brunswick would seek their supplies of bread stuff from Ontario to come by this route on account of the low cost of freight. Every man must see the desirability of this work, and the whole of Canada was interested in it. It was almost understood by the delegates in London that this should be one of the first public works constructed. The cost would not be over £100,000, and it would save a great length of dangerous navigation on the coast of Nova Scotia which was subject to fogs as well as the Bay of Fundy. Very thorough soundings had been made in the Bay of Fundy, and where the tide was running rapidly vessels know when they are approaching danger by the soundings and tide. The navigation was not unsafe as was generally supposd but was remarkably safe. He concluded by referring to the importance it was to Montreal and Quebec that this public work should be completed as soon as possible.

Hon. Mr. BOTSFORD would regret to see the House hastily decide that no such address as this could be presented by this branch of the Legislature. This was a subject well worthy of consideration. If the principle be adopted as suggested by his hon. friend (Mr. Tessier) they could hardly present an address at all, as there were very few moved but to a certain extent involved the expenditure of money. This address was but an expression of opinion that the subject be brought under the consideration of the Government, and the responsibility then devolves upon the Government to say what course they will pursue. He thought the House had a right to pass an address to the Crown which may involve the expenditure of money as well as the House of Commons, as it was a principle that no money could be expended except with the concurrence of both branches of the Legislature. We have certain privileges given us in the constitution, and we should not by any action of our own curtail them. In this question he had considerable interest, as he lived in the vicinity of this work, and he could say that any hon. member who looked into the matter would find that this was no local work but one of vast importance to the trade of the Dominion. He would call the attention of the hon. members from the West to the fact that this in connection with their building a ship canal would be continuing the ship navigation from the Great West down to the sea ports of the Dominion and the United States, saving five hundred miles of navigation each way by the canal. The products of the Great West could then be sent to the United States without having to be transhipped. All they ask for was a survey to be made to determine if there were any difficulties in the way. He mentioned a striking peculiarity that in a distance of 15 miles the highest tide in the Bay of Fundy was 22 feet higher than in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, but he thought that difficulty could be obviated by locks. He said it was for the interest of the Dominion that this survey should be made, and a report of that survey made to Parliament.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU (in French) said he thought the objection would be met by altering the words of the address so as to express the desire or advantage of such a survey. He thought we should not restrict the powers of this House, and he wished therefore to see some such address framed as would not be objectionable in form, though he thought in its present shape it might be allowed to pass.

Hon. Mr. McCLELAN said that on the question of order, raised by the hon. member from Quebec, though immaterial at this time, the Senate should be careful not to stultify its powers or limit its rightful prerogative of bringing all such questions under the notice of the Government, by address. This resolution only imposes increased duty on the employees of the Government, and is similar in this respect to numbers of resolutions which pass this branch of the Parliament. As mentioned by the hon. the Postmaster-General, the question of order is, however, not important, provided the same object can be obtained in the other branch, and especially if a chance be now afforded to discuss this very important project. He was glad that the hon. mover had consented to amend the resolution, and without restricting the survey to Bay Verte alone, permit the engineer to examine other routes, and report on the one most feasible and most useful in accordance with the wishes of numerous petitions already presented. The hon. mover was quite correct in saying the former surveys, both as to extent and cost, are inapplicable to the present period, and he (Mr. McClelan) was very sanguine that the cost of a canal to meet the growing requirements of the trade, at the present time will be found inconsiderable compared with the incalculable benefits to result therefrom to all parts of this Dominion. Not only in fostering and protecting the Canadian fishing interest, and promoting a reciprocal interchange of the natural products of the different Provinces will this work be found of great advantage, but also as increasing our means of defense, it will be found of greater military importance than other projects professedly inaugurated with this object, the cost of which will be immensely more. He was much interested to hear from the hon. member for St. John (Mr. Wilmot) that this canal project had been discussed by the delegates in England while arranging the terms of Union, and that its importance so commended itself to their attention that it was then understood that its prosecution would not be deferred. The public mind throughout the Dominion is being rapidly directed towards it, and in New Brunswick especially so, by the exceedingly well prepared reports of the Board of Trade of Montreal, particularly that of 1866 in which the secretary of the Board, not only furnishes a synopsis of former surveys and reports, but adduces powerful arguments for proceeding with the work, and although it has been left to the member representing more particularly the maritime interests to bring this subject forward, it is none the less important to Ontario and Quebec, and he (Mr. McClelan) was gratified to find the representative men of these Provinces were becoming fully alive to its importance. He trusted the Government would not permit this among other undertakings to be delayed, thus preventing the only realization of the hopes of the people when accepting Confederation.

Hon. Mr. McCULLY thought they should not be in a hurry to decide this question of order. He was not prepared to pass by this question, as suggested by the hon. member for Quebec, although he might be quite right in the view he took of the matter. The Senate should not, by any act of its own, seek to curtail its privileges. He would suggest that the Speaker should not be called upon to decide the question, until we well understood what our privileges were. The other day he had asked a question upon the question of subsidy to be given to steamers between Halifax and Yarmouth, and having received an answer from the Postmaster-General, he was about to make some further remarks, when he was called to order. He was told that it was quite out of order then to discuss the question. He was taken by surprise, and as usual he preferred to submit for the moment, until he had an opportunity to look into the subject. Since then he had taken the pains to ascertain the true position of a member, when his question is answered, and he wishes to speak upon it. He then referred to their practice being analogious to that of the House of Lords, and read from a work by the Librarian, Mr. Todd, which work, he said, gave evidence of being written by a liberal man, well educated in parliamentary life. The extract he read went to show that it was customary in the House of Lords to permit debates to take place upon putting, and answering a question without any formal motion being before the House. In regard to this question of order, now raised, he thought it would not be desirable to take any decision upon it, until they had more time to look into it.

To be continued.

PROCLAMATION.

In accordance with a resolution of the City Council, passed on Thursday, the twentieth instant, the citizens of Ottawa are hereby requested to observe

MONDAY, 24th MAY, 1869,

The Birthday of Her Majesty the Queen,

AS A

PUBLIC HOLIDAY,

by the closing of all places of business, the display of flags, and such other demonstrations as may be deemed necessary for the due and proper observance of the day.

A General Inspection of the Fire Brigade

will take place at the City Hall Square, at eleven o'clock, a m.

By order of the City Council,

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
May 21st, 1869. 1057td

God Save the Queen.

THE COURT OF REVISION

FOR THE

CITY OF OTTAWA,

Will hold its first meeting in the

CITY HALL,

in the said city, on

Tuesday, the 1st day of June, 1869,

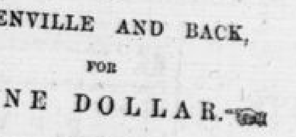
At ONE o'clock in the afternoon,

Of which all persons interested are required to take notice.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 22, 1869. 1057td

EXCURSION,



TWENTY-FOURTH MAY,

TO

GRENVILLE AND BACK,

FOR

ONE DOLLAR.

THE STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPTAIN BOWIE,

Will leave the Queen's Wharf on

MONDAY, at 6:30 a.m., Returning at 6:30 p.m.

RETURN TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.

To be had at the General Ticket Office, Russell House Block.

W. S. BOYD,
Agent.

Ottawa, May 22. 1057.1

TO LET, a very desirable residence on Maria street, isolated, opposite the New School House, being a Brick Building, containing drawing room, parlor and eight bed-rooms, with basement breakfast room, pantry and kitchen, with pump. There is a good yard with stable and wood sheds.

Rent (£60) sixty pounds, with taxes. Possession immediately. Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Elgin street.

May 24th, 1869. 1057a

BRICKS! BRICKS!

Just received 50,000 RED BRICKS and a LOT OF SHINGLES.

For sale cheap.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Canal Basin and
Little Sussex-st.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869. 1049a

Dry Goods.

B 4 U

Purchase your Dry Goods,

Ready-made Clothing,

Cloths, Tweeds,

JUST GIVE

O'MEARA & CO.

a call, and see if they cannot offer you inducements than you can get elsewhere in the city.

If you want a good Wool Tweed for $6

call at O'MEARA & CO.

If you want a good suit of Clothes, made for $6,

call at O'MEARA & CO.

If you want a Suit, made to order, for $

call at O'MEARA & CO.

If you want any Linen or Lustre Coats upwards,

call at O'MEARA & CO.

If you want any White Dress Shirts, Drawers, Hosiery, &c.,

call at O'MEARA & CO.

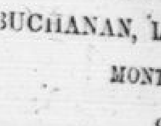
Having one of the largest stocks in the beg to call the attention of those wishing themselves of the above low prices to examine our stock.

OUR MOTTO IS

QUICK SALES & LIGHT PROFITS.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

By John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers, Montreal.



ANNUAL SPRING SALE

at the Warehouse of

BUCHANAN, LECKIE & CO.,

MONTREAL,

OF

FRESH TEAS,

WINES, BRANDY, GIN, &c.

General Groceries,

&c., &c., &c.,

now receiving and daily expected, ex vessels from

Britain, Charente, Oporto, &c.

ON

WEDNESDAY, the 9th JUNE.

Sale at half-past nine o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO,
1057td Auctioneers, Montreal.

LECTURE

BY

REV. W. MORLEY PUNSHON, M.A.

SUBJECT:

"MACAULAY,"

ON

24th May, 1869, (Queen's Birthday)

AT THE

SKATING RINK, OTTAWA.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, p.m. Lecture to commence at 8.

Tickets—50 cents.

To be procured at the following places: Upper Town, Messrs. Skinner's and Jamieson's; Centre Town, Messrs. Hunton's, Pennock's, Dr. Beaubien and Orme & Son; Lower Town, Messrs. and May's; New Edinburgh, Messrs. J. W. & Co.

SKATING RINK.

THURSDAY, 27TH MAY.

GRAND FESTIVAL CONCERT

BY

F. J. PRUME,

(Violin Soloist to H.M. the King of Belgium)

ASSISTED BY

DISTINGUISHED AMATEURS.

☞ Tickets 50 cents.

Tickets for sale at Orme & Son's music store, Sparks street, Bartlett's confectionary, Sussex street, and at the Russell House.

Doors open at half-past seven, concert to commence at eight o'clock.

For particulars see the programme.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 18th day of May, 1869.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th section of the Act 31 Vic, Cap 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that "Byng Inlet," situate at the mouth of the River Maganetawan, on the Georgian Bay, in the Province of Ontario, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be an Out Port of Entry under the Survey of the Port of Toronto.

WM H LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

1057.3

METROPOLITAN

RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

Members of the above association are hereby notified that the Rideau Rifle Range will be open to them for practice on every Monday during the season, commencing on MONDAY, the 24th INSTANT.

By order,

W H FALLS, Lieut.
Asst Secretary.

Ottawa, May 21, 1869.

TIGHT BINDING

JOB WORK, including PAMPHLETS, POSTERS DODGERS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS, CARDS, &c., printed at THE TIMES office, at low rates, and with neatness and despatch.

LOCAL NEWS.

AUCTION SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Mr. H. McLean will sell at his rooms, at 12 o'clock, to-day, (24th), a valuable city property.

THE POLICE FORCE.—In consequence of the resignation of Mr. Holland, late of the Ottawa police force, a new man, named Switzer, has been sworn in, and will be on duty to-day.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS.—Mr. A. Rowe will sell to-morrow, (Tuesday), at half-past 10 o'clock, at his auction rooms, Rideau-st., near Sappers' bridge, the household furniture and effects of a gentleman leaving the city.—See advertisement.

DOMINION RIFLE ASSOCIATION.—The rules, regulations, &c., of the prize meeting of the Dominion Rifle Association, to be held on the 17th of August next, together with the prize list, have been completed, and are now in the hands of the printer. The prizes to be competed for amount in value to the sum of $4,500.

EXCURSION TO GRENVILLE.—The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf at 6:30 this morning, on an excursion trip to Grenville. This will be a fine opportunity to see the old Ottawa in all its rampant glory, and Captain Bowie, her commander, will preserve a consistency of character by making the excursionists feel at home on the turbulent waters.

THE ROAD TO NEW EDINBURGH.—This road is still in a deplorable condition. We understand that Lady Young has, for the present, suspended her Thursday evening receptions, in consequence of the difficulty experienced by our citizens in reaching the Vice-Regal residence. Cabmen do not care to take fares to New Edinburgh for the same reason. His Excellency comes to the city on horseback, instead of using his carriage, and our friends in the village have buried their good reputation in mud.

NEW BILLIARD SALOON.—Bourget's new billiard saloon, Bell's new block, will be opened to-day in due form. The celebrated champion billiardist, Mr. Joseph Dion, of Montreal, and Mr. Matt. Hewins, of Hartford, Connecticut, the champion of his State, will be present, and play on the occasion. The amateur players of the city have been for some time past looking forward to the opening as a great event. We understand that five new tables of the best make, and with all the most recent improvements, have been put up and are quite ready for operations.

POLICE COURT.—George Wallingford was charged with breaking a stall lately occupied by him in the market. Adjourned till Tuesday.

James Rourke, for entering the storehouse of Mr. Dennis Whelan, with intent to commit larceny. This case was also adjourned till Tuesday.

L. L. Emond was brought up for having foul premises. Adjourned till Tuesday, to give him time to clean it. The filth complained of was in the place before he took possession of the premises, but he agreed to remove it.

PUNSHON'S LECTURE ON MACAULAY.—The Rev. Morley Punshon will deliver his great and eloquent lecture on Macaulay this evening, at the Skating Rink. The European and American reputation of this eloquent man is sufficiently known to ensure a full house. Wherever he lectures his eloquence is regarded as of the very highest order, and his elocution is of a character to impress his audiences with the full force of his ideas, and to render his meaning in every case perfectly clear. We hope, therefore, that all who can possibly attend will avail themselves of this opportunity to hear one of the greatest orators, on one of the world's greatest authors.

U. P. B. S. SOIREE.—The United Protestant Benefit Society intend celebrating their first anniversary in Gowan's hall, by a soiree, on Tuesday evening, the first of June next. At the last session of the Local Parliament this society procured a charter, and are thus duly incorporated, with bright prospects of becoming a very important association. Although it is only one year since its first organization, so marked has been its progress, that a very large number of propositions for new memberships were received at the last meeting. Professional men, merchants, mechanics, &c., are amongst its leading men, now numbering one hundred and twenty members in good standing. The objects of the society are mutual benefit to its members and their widows. Addresses from several prominent gentlemen are expected on the occasion.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.—The resolution passed in the City Council on Thursday night last, in reference to the Queen's Birthday celebration, will deprive it of a portion of the sports formerly patronised by the council, such as running, leaping, boating, &c., for prizes, given by the corporation, but there will, no doubt, be sports sufficient for the day, notwithstanding the withdrawal of such patronage. On the Major's Hill there will be a lacrosse match, and we understand that there will be several other matches of lacrosse, cricket, &c., in other parts of the city. All the volunteers, including the field battery, will assemble in the morning for drill, and march to the Government Hill, where they will join the Rifle Brigade, to fire the customary *feu de joie*; the Field Battery firing the salute on the Major's Hill. After firing the salute, the latter will proceed to the Government Hill, to join the march-past before his Excellency the Governor-General. The whole of the city Fire Brigade, with their apparatus, will be inspected in the City Hall Square, at eleven o'clock, a.m. Two of the companies will appear with new engines, and all the apparatus has been repainted and cleaned for the occasion. The city proclamation calls on all persons to close their places of business, to display their flags, &c., and to join in the due celebration of the national holiday. There is, therefore, good reason to expect that the day will be appropriately honoured by all classes of her Majesty's subjects.

LOST CHILDREN.—Within the last two or three days there have been several children who have strayed away from their homes and been found by the police in distant parts of the city. In all these cases considerable trouble has been experienced by the police in discovering the houses and parents of the children. Such was the case in two instances on Thursday, and Friday about two o'clock in the afternoon a little girl about four years old was found in Upper Town by Constable Pinard who walked about with her till six o'clock in the vain endeavour to find out where her home was. When asked her name the child could say something like McMahon, and then some one would know a family of that name in Lower Town, but when taken there, it was found to be the wrong McMahon, and the constable was directed to another family of the same name in a distant street. In this way the child was led about till six o'clock, and then taken to the police station, where it ought to have been taken when first found. In a short time afterwards the mother came to the station and took the child away to her home at the Chaudiere. We have time and again recommended that in all cases where stray children are found, they should be taken at once to the police station, fed and taken proper care of and kept there till called for. Let this regulation be generally known throughout the city, and then as soon as a child was missed, the friends would go direct, giving information to such policemen as they might meet on the way. If on arriving at the station no tidings of the child should have been received, information would be conveyed to the sergeant on duty, who would instruct all his men to look for it, and the recovery would be almost certain. We have reason to hope that in future this rule will be carried out.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Statement of the Condition of the Affairs of the Royal Canadian Bank.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 22.

The directors of the Royal Canadian Bank have published a statement of the affairs of the bank up to the 15th instant, in round numbers, as follows:

Capital authorized	$2,000,000
Capital paid up	1,163,000
LIABILITIES.	
Promissory notes in circulation, not bearing interest	$ 887,000
Balances due other Banks	38,000
Deposits not bearing interest	370,000
Deposits bearing interest	633,000
ASSETS.	
Coin, bullion, and provincial notes	$ 185,000
Government securities	128,000
Promissory notes or bills of other banks	68,000
Balances from other banks	273,000
Notes and bills discounted	2,643,000
Other debts due bank	83,000

SECOND DESPATCH.

TORONTO, May 22.

There seems to be considerable distrust in the statement of the debts of the Royal Canadian Bank. People ask why, if the bank were so well off, could not help have been procured? Notes sold to-day at 80 cents, some stores taking them at par.

The first block of the Nicholson pavement was laid on King-st. to-day by the mayor, who made a short speech on the occasion.

The Finance Committee has reported $600 available for Lamoureaux's pavement on the sidewalks, the laying of which is expected soon.

The *Globe* attacks Hon. J. S. Macdonald and Hon. E. B. Wood for being at Ottawa instead of minding their business here, and draws conclusions adverse to dual representation.

Subscriptions to the Toronto, Grey and Bruce stock have reached $140,000. The Commissioners are pushing their work actively. More than half of the stock of the Nipissing has been subscribed.

Considerable preparations are being made for enjoying the holiday on Monday. A great many excursions, &c., are announced.

The York pioneers met to-day and adopted constitution and by-laws whereby any resident prior to the incorporation is eligible for membership on payment of an initiation fee of $1. The officers of the society are to be elected on the 31st prox.

CABLE NEWS

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 22.—The *Times* of this morning has another editorial on the *Alabama* question, suggested by the recent speech of Mr. Foster. The *Times* says that England has equal cause of complaint against America. Great Britain resisted the temptation to recognize the South—thereby inflicting sufferings on her own people—this disobliging an ally; and in fact declared in favour of the North, and is now misunderstood and accused of hostility and selfishness.

Sir Francis Head has communicated several additional official documents to prove the assistance extended by America. In his letter, accompanying the documents, he says Sumner's language applies to that case, as well as to the case of the *Alabama*, but that the English Government has never received or claimed indemnity.

The *Pall Mall Gazette*, an independent newspaper, also publishes an article on the question. The writer says: "whatever England did in respect to the Americans, France did ten times more for nothing, but our refusal of her invitation to recognize the Southern Confederacy saved the North from a more trying and doubtful contest."

The *Weekly Spectator*, (Whig), published today, also discusses the question.

One of the greatest meetings ever assembled was held in Belfast, Ireland, to-day, to protest against the disestablishment of the Irish Church. It is estimated that nearly 200,000 people were present.

The rejection of the treaty for the sale of St. Thomas by the United States Senate causes much irritation at Copenhagen.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, May 22.—Baron Von Gerolt, the Prussian Minister at Washington, has arrived in this city.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 22.—In the Cortes yesterday the article 34 of the national constitution was adopted.

STATEMENT of the Dominion notes in circulation Wednesday, the 5th day of May, 1869, and of the Specie held against them at Montreal, Toronto and Halifax, according to the Returns of the Commissioners under the Dominion Note Act:

Dominion Notes in circulation—		
Payable at Montreal	$2,732,812 00	
Payable at Toronto*	1,015,188 00	
Payable at Halifax†	347,000 00	
		$4,095,000 00
Specie held—		
At Montreal	$450,000 00	
At Toronto	400,000 00	
At Halifax	69,400 00	
		$919,400 00

Debentures held by the Receiver General under the Dominion Note Act $3,000,000 00

* Including $184,000, marked St. John.

† The Nova Scotia dollar not being equal in value to that of the other Provinces, the notes issued at Halifax are worth their face value in Nova Scotia only. They are stamped 'Payable at Halifax,' and are numbered in black ink. None but $5 notes are yet in circulation.

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

Audit Office, Ottawa, May 17, 1869.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

The question of grants to superior education has not yet been properly settled by the Legislature of Ontario. Until the public is satisfied with the utility of Upper Canada College in our educational system, the former question will remain open. The Honourable John Sandfield McDonald has not been so successful with educational questions, as the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY has been in eradicating the numerous chronic complaints of the Lungs, Liver and circulatory organs. For sale by all druggists.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vexata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY. For sale by all druggists.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of the Peruvian Syrup (a protected solution of the protoxide of Iron) are cautioned against being deceived by any of the preparations of Peruvian Bark, or Bark and Iron which may be offered them. Every bottle of genuine has Peruvian Syrup (not Peruvian Bark) blown in the glass. Examine the bottle before purchasing.

OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of *Grace's Celebrated Salve*, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing office. Only 25 cents a box.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, CROCKERY, STOVES, &c.

The subscriber has been instructed by a gentleman giving up housekeeping to sell at his Sale Room, No. 1, Rideau st, east end Sappers' Bridge, on TUESDAY, MAY 25th, 1869, the following goods: 1 Parlor Set, in green repp, consisting of 1 N Y Tete-a-tete; Sofa, 1 Easy Chair, 1 Ladies' Reception Chair and four Parlor Chairs, 1 Couch, and 1 large Arm Chair to match; very superior Tapestry Carpet, nearly new; Sideboard and Extension Dining Table, Dining Chairs, Cane; Couch, Carpet, Pictures, &c; 2 Iron Bedsteads, Bureau, Washstands, Chess Tables and Bed-room Carpets, Crockery, Stove, with furniture,; Box Stove and Stovepipes, Kitchen Table, Chairs, Washing Tubs, Water Barrels, &c.

Also, 1 double set Buggy Harness, 1 single set do, 1 Buffalo Robe, 1 Rug and 1 Riding Saddle. A large quantity of heavy Rope.

A very superior Sewing Machine, and other articles, such as Table Knives, Plated Forks, Plated Spoons, &c.

Terms of sale cash in bankable funds.

Sale to commence at ½ past 10 o'clock, a.m.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 21st, 1869. 1056td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on

Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant,

at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Little's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

NOTICE.

All payments to be made on account Province of Ontario must, in the meantime, paid into the Bank of Montreal or its agencies.

E B WOOD, Treasurer.

1056tf

LOST, on Wednesday afternoon, between Wellington and Rideau-sts., a lady's GOLD PIN, set with pearls, and initials on back. Apply to HALL'S CONFECTIONERY, Wellington st.

May 20. 1054.3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, May 21, 1869.

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice: 30 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

JOSEPH HALL MACHINE WORKS, ESTABLISHED 1851, JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO. PROPRIETORS OSHAWA, ONTARIO,

Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

☞ We also manufacture all kinds of Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c. Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President, OSHAWA, ONT.

959-2aw4m

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF CITY PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has been instructed by MISS ROSS to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, without reserve, at his Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.,

ON MONDAY NEXT, 24TH INSTANT,

At TWELVE o'clock, Noon,

Lot No. 15, on the South side of Stuart-st., near the residence of the late Henry J. Friel, Esq., one of the most pleasant parts of the city.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

Ottawa, May 21, 1869. 1055td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

HORSES, CARRIAGES & BUGGIES FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

The subscriber will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOTEL, on TUESDAY NEXT, the 25th MAY, instant, at 11 o'clock, a.m., three COVERED FAMILY CARRIAGES, nearly new, one very superior COVERED BUGGY, new, several second-hand BUGGIES, and several HORSES.

Sale positive. Terms—Cash in bankable funds.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 21. 1055td

1869. 1869.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE.

Consisting of the following steamers:

Ann Sisson	Captain Findlay
Alliance	Captain Murphy
Emerald	Captain Couvrette
Oregon	Captain Cowley
Jason Gould	Captain Bolton
Pontiac	Captain Blondin
Pembroke	Captain Duggan
Snow Bird	Captain Beattie

Until further notice the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., touching at March and Quio, and connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railway at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf and Portage du Fort.

Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the steamer *Alliance*, for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke daily at 7 o'clock, a.m., for Des Joachims and intermediate ports, returning same day.

The *Jason Gould* leaves Pembroke landing daily at 5 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arrive at Aylmer at 4 o'clock, p.m.

The *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere Point, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

Freight of any description forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of timber and sawlogs.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, at Ottawa or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, May 21, 1869.

IF YOU WANT A FASHIONABLE HAT, CALL AT H. HODGE'S NEW DOMINION HAT AND FUR STORE, 64 SPARKS-ST., Opposite the British Lion Hotel, AND SAVE TEN PER CENT.

Ottawa, May 21. 1055a

NOW'S YOUR TIME TO BUY CHEAP.

Clearing sale to make room FOR SPRING STOCK, STOVES, LAMPS, &c.

☞ REFRIGERATORS. ☜

We beg to announce that we shall again, this season, have the pleasure of offering for sale the POLAR REFRIGERATOR, and we trust orders will be left early for them. This is the only style of Refrigerator that is gotten up to be an ornament to any room, and not a *big cupboard*. It is really elegant in design, and as for efficiency our Ottawa testimonials are enough to satisfy any one. The *Scientific American* says: This refrigerator has not only the advantage of being novel, but of *fulfilling perfectly the purposes for which it was intended.*

ESMONDE BROS.

HO! FARMERS.

Having added to our establishment new and first-class machinery, comprising Looms, Spining Jack Carding Machines, &c., we are now ready to attend to the manufacture of WOOL into heavy and light cloths, Satinetts, all wool Flannels; Flannels, half Cotton; Blankets, full width, &c., in style and patterns to suit customers. Carding and Spinning done with promptitude and despatch. Carding Rolls, Fulling, Dyeing and Dressing done in a superior manner, therefore parties desirous of having their wool manufactured into rolls, into yarn, or into cloths, flannels or blankets, of various styles, will find it to their advantage to give us a call. All work guaranteed well done.

☞ Terms Cash.

ROYCE BROTHERS.

Pakenham, May, 1869. 1056.1.22tJyl

TO BE SOLD,

In the best business situation of the Quio Village, Onslow, a double lot of ground, well fenced in, with comfortable frame house, large productive garden, good work shop, three stall stable, wood shed, and other outer buildings. A pump of excellent water in the yard. Enquire at the Post Office, Quio, Onslow, Pontiac. 1056.1:22,6

DRESS & CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank st, third door from Sparks st, where she will be happy to attend to their orders.

Machine Stitching and Quilting done in the latest styles.

Apprentices wanted. 1056.3

To the Electors of By Ward:

GENTLEMEN,

A number of influential electors of By Ward having requested that I should come forward and present myself as a candidate for the office of Alderman, rendered vacant by the death of Henry J. Friel, Esq., late Mayor of the city, I beg to announce my intention of becoming a candidate. My long residence in the city and By Ward, and the interest which I have in it, will, I trust, be deemed a sufficient reason why I have acceded to the desire of my friends. And my experience in the council, both before and since the incorporation of the city, will, I hope, be received as a proof that I will devote my best energies to the advancement of the interests of the Ward and the city at large.

I have the honour to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
CHARLES ROWAN.

Ottawa, May 21. 1056td

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF CARPETINGS AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK OF MILLINERY IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE STOCK OF MANTLES, AT MODERATE PRICES, IN EVERY STYLE, At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Silk Velvets, Velveteens and Water-proof Cloakings IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Satin and Lace, Plain and Fancy Silk, Dress Trimmings, Buttons, Linings, &c., In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Ribbons, Lace, Embroidered Collars and Cuffs, And Lace Ties, in Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Broadcloths, Tweeds, Coatings, Vestings, and Tailors' Trimmings In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Linens, Prints, White and Grey Cottons In Ottawa, At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST STOCK OF NEW GOODS In all the Departments, is to be found at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED. ☜

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

CARPETS! CARPETS!

Per Steamer "Bellona," from London direct.

MAGEE & RUSSELL WILL SHOW TO-DAY, NEW BRUSSELS AND TAPESTRY CARPETS ☞ OF SUPERIOR QUALITY ☜ ALSO, HEARTH RUGS TO MATCH.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

Publications.

JUST RECEIVED,

Bow Bell's, London Journal, World of Wonders, Family Herald, Cassel's Magazine, Godey's and Frank Leslie's Lady's Magazine for June, at

HAUSER'S NEWS DEPOT, Sparks-st.

LATE LITERATURE.

J. DURIE & SON have received The Man who Laughs, by Victor Hugo; Breaking a Butterfly, by the author of Guy Livingstone; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; The Girls of Feversham, by Florence Maryatt; Realities of Irish Life, by French, cheap edition; Word Gossip, by Blackley; Horse and Man, by G C S Phillipps; Men, Women and Ghosts, by S E Phelps; Murray's Adventures in the Adirondacks; Seats and Saddle, Bits and Bitting, by Major Dwyer; Liddon's University Sermons; Aunt Judy's May Day Volume; The Trappers' Guide, by Newhouse; Other People's Windows, by the author of the Gentle Life; Carriacture History of the Four Georges; The Red River Country, Hudson Bay, and Northwest Territories, by A J Russell, C E. The best books on Flower and Kitchen Gardening. For sale by

J. DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT, HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc. City papers may be had at 6 a. m.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald, and all the late American papers.

Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for June received.

THE AUTUMN WREATH, *A POEM* BY WALTER H. DERMOT.

FOR SALE AT THE BOOKSTORES. PRICE TEN CENTS.

D. FULTON, General Agent.

Ottawa, May 20. 1054a

THE RED RIVER COUNTRY, HUDSON'S BAY & NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES, considered in relation to Canada.

BY A. J. RUSSELL, C. E.; and Inspector of Crown Timber Agencies, Canada, E. & W.

Followed by the last Report of S. J. DAWSON C.E., on the Route of Communication to Red River.

Illustrated by a Map.

The above work is now ready and for sale at the bookstores. Price 75 cents.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS, Publisher.

Ottawa, 17th May, 1869. 1052-17

JONES & HOLLAND

Are the Ottawa Agents for the BOWMAN'S CANADIAN COPYING INK and BOOK, by the use of which letters, &c., may be copied instantaneously

Without the Use of a Press or Water.

Price from $2.00 to $4.50.

Fully secured by Royal Letters Patent. All infringements will be prosecuted.

Call and see for yourselves.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE—Place the writing under the copying sheet, and rub with the fingers. That's all.

May 5, 1869.

PLANTS! PLANTS! PLANTS!

FOR SALE by the subscriber GOOD and HARDY PLANTS of all descriptions, viz.: CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWERS, TOMATOES, &c., &c.

J. H. PATTERSON, Inkerman Cottage, Canal Bank.

1054a

SIMCOE OLD RYE.

(Ritchie, Ford & Co.)

Just received.

JAMES BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047tf

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season.

Just received.

JAS. BUCHANAN'S, Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC, BY DR. G. SCHILLING.

I purpose to RESIDE IN OTTAWA during the next two summer months, July and August, and intend to devote part of my time there to my profession, the instruction in music (singing, Piano, Organ, Theorie, etc.) Whoever wishes to profit by this is requested to make their applications VERY SOON, as I shall accept only a VERY LIMITED number of pupils during that time. Particulars about terms, etc., will be given in answer to a written application.

DR. G. SCHILLING, Montreal.

1055b

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned:

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin[...] their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD, AT THE LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's HIGHWINES RYE, PROOF, and MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated HAMS, BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO., Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS, THE CHEAPEST GOODS, THE CHEAPEST GOODS, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK, THE LARGEST STOCK, THE LARGEST STOCK, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED, THE BEST ASSORTED, THE BEST ASSORTED, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY, THE GREATEST VARIETY, THE GREATEST VARIETY, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE, THE BEST VALUE, THE BEST VALUE, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES, THE NEWEST STYLES, THE NEWEST STYLES, At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS, At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS, FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, DOOR MATS, DAMASKS, REPPS, PEKINADES, CHINTZES, LACES, CORNICES, COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON, 47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Stationery.

STATIONERY, PRINTING BOOKBINDING, &c., &c., &c.

To be had at "THE OTTAWA CITIZEN" PRINTING, AND STATIONERY STORE, 21 *Rideau-st.*,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES

CHOICE STATIONERY.

Antique Parchment Note Paper, lar[...]
do do Envelopes to match
Papier de Luxe with Envelopes to mat[...]
Goffered Note Paper and Envelopes, [Ultra[...]rine and Carmine Edges]
Extra Superfine Cream Laid Note and L[...] Papers, "Cowan's" and other makers
Imperial Cream Laid Envelopes, extra thick
Superfine do do double thick
Extra Satin do do do
Enamelled do do do
Royal do do French Shape
Opaque [tinted enamelled] do
Extra Satin, Water Lined do

ALSO,

A good assortment of Amber, Buff, Canary Salmon Colored Envelopes, all sizes and at price, from $1 per M.

PLAYING CARDS—Good ones of Oriental, Egyptian, Wild Flower, Sporting, Shakspeare and other patterns.

TINTED NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES—Mauve, Amber, Rose, Lilac and Straw Color.

MOURNING PAPER & ENVELOPES Narrow, Middle and Broad Border.

DRAWING PAPERS, &c.
Double Elephant, Super Royal, Royal an Medium.
Cold Pressed Drawing Paper [for water colours]
Tinted Crayon Paper
Bristol Boards.

VISITING CARDS—Extra Superfine Ivory Cards, Plain and Mourning for Ladies and Gentlemen.

N.B.—All orders for Engraving and Copper Plate Printing will have prompt attention.

MUSIC PAPER—Best quality Royal, 4to, 12 and 14 staves.

TISSUE PAPER—Assorted Colours.

ACCOUNT and BILL-HEAD PAPER, Foolscap, long and broad folio, ruled, single and double, $ and cent columns, Bill-head Paper, 1-6, ¼ and ½ sheet, Foolscap.

BLANK BOOKS—Made in any style of ruling and binding.

BANKERS and MERCHANTS' Office Requisites supplied on reasonable terms.

PRINTERS' REQUISITES
Printing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3
Double Demy, assorted colours
Heavy Book Paper
Extra Thick Coloured Demy
Tinted Large Folio Post, assorted
Cream Laid do do
Yellow Wove do
Yellow Wove Medium
Cream Wove do
Flat Foolscaps, blue and cream laid
Enamelled Paper, assorted colours
Card Boards, plain and coloured
Printers' Cards, do do
Fine and Superfine Commercial Cards, small, large and double small
Programme Cards, Embossed Border.

BLANK FORMS Of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., &c. Also, Brief-Lined Foolscap and Letter Paper.

PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, INCLUDING Handbills, Posters, Circulars, Cards, Boo[k] Pamphlets, &c., &c., on the shortest notice an[d] on the most reasonable terms.

LOVELL'S SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,
General Geography, with 39 coloured map price $1
Easy Lessons in Geography, 45 cents
History of Canada, by Hodgins 50
Sangster's National Arithmetic 60
do Elementary do 25
Lennie's English Grammar 15

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, Authorized by the Council of Public Instructio[n] for Ontario. The prices are

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.
FIRST BOOK—Part Second, 54 illustration strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongl[y] bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly boun[d] in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 55 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

COPY BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES.
The Progressive, with head lines
Payson, Dunton and Scribner's do
Miller's Superior Copy do
Exercise Books
Slate and Slate Pencils
Dwarf Ink Bottles
White Chalk Crayons
Pens, Lead Pencils, Rubber Pencil Heads, &c., &c.,
At "The Ottawa Citizen" Stationery and Printing House,

AT "THE OTTAWA CITIZEN STATIONERY AND PRINTING HOUSE" 21 *Rideau-st.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 23, 1869.

The market on Saturday was pretty full, but when the waggons were examined it was found that they were nearly all loaded with potatoes, for which 45 cents per bushel was the price generally demanded, but several asked 47 cents. Butter was in rather better supply than usual, which sold generally for 25 to 27 cents, and further for 22 cents. The prevailing price of eggs, of which there was not a great quantity, was 15 cents a dozen. There were a few loads of oats which were held at 65 cents. One or two extra samples brought 70 cents. Of hay there was none, and wood none.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2		none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.		none.	
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs.		none.	
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 00	@	0 15
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 00	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

Teas.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

TRADE O. A. A. & Co. MARK.

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable men to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade. Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Cattees and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Cattees, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money can be collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. Where there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we will send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs, and sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, will receive one of their own choice in return at our expense.

We subjoin a list of our prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do.	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do.	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do.	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the address,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Box 201, P. O., Ottawa, or
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, May 8, 1869.

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

☞ Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

☞ Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

☞ Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method o returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,

GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,

AND

DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
1002tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE

"ROCKET,"

WINNER OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE IN 1863,

Height 15½ hands.

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of

MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON,
Clarence-st., near the Market.

☞ Terms $10 for the season.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

34 *SUSSEX-ST.*

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to

JOHN COOK,
Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX,
Plantagenet Mills,
1043tf Ontario.

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to

ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,

AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to

R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to

S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a mortgage made by MICHAEL O'BRIEN, of the township of Fitzroy, in the county of Carleton, yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Esquire, now deceased, to which mortgage JANE O'BRIEN, the wife of the said Michael O'Brien, was made a party, for the purpose of barring dower only, of Lot number Sixteen, in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. SCOTT & ROSS, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of MAY, 1869, at TWELVE o'clock noon.

Margaret Malloch, the devisee named in the last will and testament of the said Edward Malloch, Esquire, deceased, will only covenant that she has done no act to incumber.

The purchaser will accept the title as it stood at the execution of the mortgage.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

1049td W. A. ROSS, Vendor's Solicitor.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT

REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS.

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD,
1043.20d 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.

FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.

GRASS and CLOVER SEED.

WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

A beautiful and varied assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,

BATHS, of all kinds,

TOILET SETTS,

Plain and Ornamented,

☞ REFRIGERATORS!

☞ REFRIGERATORS

McKelvy's Patent.

We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!

Best patterns in use.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st.,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TIN SPICE BOXES,

A novelty,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine o.	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P,
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

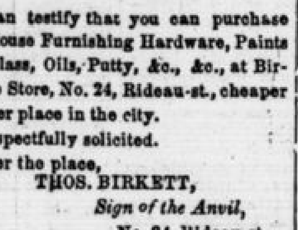
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st. Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

☞ Remember the place,

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist, Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞ PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL ☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying

TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

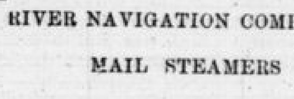
respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA

RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMERS

HAVE

COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS

BETWEEN

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

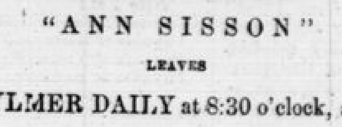
R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.

May 7, 1869. 1043tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,

Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

LEAVES

AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"

"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"

FOR

DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS,
1042tf President.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to F. BRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery.

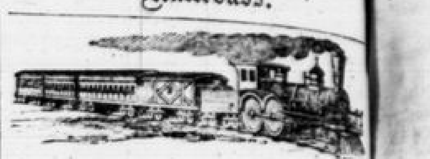
Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 482y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER TUESDAY, MAY 18th, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	**ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.**
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west, also with the steamers of the Royal Mail Line.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4:00 p m and 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 9:45 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 1:30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

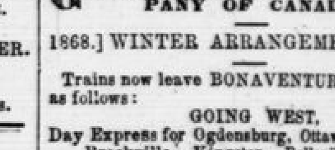
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at 9:10 a m

Night do do do do 8:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 7:00 a m

Trains for Lachine at 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:00

Express for Island Pond, at 2:00

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10 pm

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

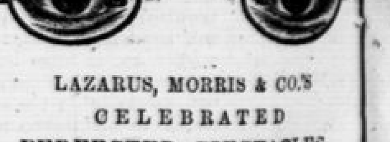
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



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CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s.6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

VOL. IV. N

Marriage Licen

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCE of Ottawa, by commission from His the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rid

Ottawa, April 9, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lav

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Dis
&c.,

A complete stock just received of Toi Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemical Druggists' Sundries of all
W. M. MASSEY
Family and Dispensi

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHO

AND

☞ UNDERTAK

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing th ings for any kind of wood work w correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FUR

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in country.

METALLIC AND OTHER

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGO

for the removal of household furnitu waggons for lumber and other heav

N.B.—Residence at the west end st., opposite the market

WATCHE

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL

Manufacturer by special appo HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROY

AND

COURT OF SPAIN
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE
MISSIONERS OF THE ADM

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTO NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great Intern tion of London, 1862, and of t versal Exhibition of Paris,

WE HEREBY APPOINT
Mr. JOHN LESLIE, Sp

Agent for Ottawa
For the sale of these *celebrated Tim*
H. & A. SAUNDER

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Do sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the presentatives in the Council of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontari Territorial Divisions constituted b 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by which will be sent from this office, tered practitioner on the 20th day o

These voting papers must be fill to instructions which will accompa transmitted to the Returning Officer in which the voter resides and vot

The voting papers will be ope turning Officers of the several Terri at two o'clock, p.m., on the day a the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division...
Malahide and Tecumseth do
Saugeen and Brock do
Gore and Thames do
Erie and Niagara do
Burlington and Home do
Midland and York do
King's and Queen's do
Newcastle and Trent do
Quinte and Cataraqui do
Bathurst and Rideau do
St. Lawrence and Eastern do

The names of the Returning Offi nished on a printed envelope to b registered practitioner.

H. STRA
Regi

Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state t

OPENED AN OFF

OVER A. McCORMICK

SPARKS-STREET

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZ

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR

may be sent, and will be punctu as usual, arrangements having be vent any interruption to the busin

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful fo tendered him on all sides, and patrons and friends in his new of

GEORGE E.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

COMMISSION MER
FORWARDER

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatm

OTTAWA,

End of

Cash advanced on goods con diate sale. Prompt returns in

W. H. EASTON. 2tf

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent pe

Ottawa, April 26.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1058. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,
Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.
OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.
A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER.
FURNITURE
of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.
Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.
Particular attention paid to
GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.
FUNERALS
furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.
METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS
always on hand.
EXPRESS WAGGONS
for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.
N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

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J. EWILL, LIVERPOOL.
Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Ewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, *(Statutes of Ontario)* will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.
There will be no nominations.
The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.
These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.
The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division	.....	Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.
H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.
Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

NOTICE.
The undersigned begs to state that he has
OPENED AN OFFICE
OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,
SPARKS-STREET,
Where all orders for the
CANADA GAZETTE,
AND FOR
PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,
may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.
Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS,
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.
W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

THE LEADER.
THE MORNING AND EVENING
LEADER,
Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.
Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP
BOOTS AND SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
YORK STREET.
I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the
LATEST AND BEST STYLES
In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.
The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.
A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.
Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.
GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,
HAVE
JUST RECEIVED
ALL THE
NEWEST STYLES
IN
BOOTS AND SHOES,
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER,
COMPRISING
a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.
We would call the especial attention of the
LADIES,
To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.
ALSO,
To our Prunella Balmoral, for.....$1.25.
BANKRUPT STOCK.
We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.
Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.
A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS
FOR ALL WEATHERS."
SEE
THE NEW STYLES
IN
BOOTS AND SHOES!
FOR
SUMMER,
AT
THE RED BOOT,
28 *Sussex-st.*
W. A. LAMB
would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.
GENTLEMEN'S
PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,
AT
THE RED BOOT.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES
are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.
Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.
THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.
Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.
Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.
N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.
G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and 37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.
Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of
F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of
PADUA, ITALY.
Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,
PRICE 75 CTS. PER BOTTLE.
A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.
N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.
For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.
None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor,
10221tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,
For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.
Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 785y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT,..... DESBARAT'S BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer,
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 10½.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
FORWARDER,
GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,
No. 3, St. Peter-st.,
QUEBEC.
Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.
QUEBEC REFERENCES.
Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.
James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.
Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.
Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.
Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Tailoring.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian
TWEEDS,
may now be seen at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.
Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.
A. GRAHAM & CO.,
Commercial Warehouse,
No. 60 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

T. LAWRENCE
Having opened a first-class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.
From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.
Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.
Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.
P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

GENTLEMEN
Leaving their orders at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
Can get well suited in Garments.
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

N. ROBERTSON,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
BELL'S BLOCK,
Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,
In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a wantlong felt in Ottawa.
Mr. Robertson assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation o the patronage bestowed on him in the past.
Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1008-3m

COATS, PANTS and VESTS
May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

SELECT TAILORING.
T. RAJOTTE.
NEW IMPORTATIONS.
An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.
From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.
The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Genis' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $15,
FOR CASH ONLY.
N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.
Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.
T. RAJOTTE.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
—FROM—
OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC
AND LONDON,
Consisting of
PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.
PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.
—LIKEWISE,—
A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.
TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.
PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.
ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.
50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.
200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.
SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.
PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1·50 to $4.50.
ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS at prices according to age and quality.
100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.
LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.
10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.
TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.
COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.
TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.
A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.
For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,
And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,
FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d
FRESH LOBSTERS
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
COTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups.
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.
The subscriber would called the attention o Families and others to his
FINE BOTTLED ALE
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
To other with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERICS.
A call dly solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.
MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
Two or three Apprentices wanted.
April 6. 1015tf

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!
The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays fo Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.
THOMAS STARMER,
1043d 124 Rideau-st.

Dry Goods.

OPENED OUT
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,
A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,
A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,
A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,
A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,
A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS
IN NEW MATERIALS,
A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,
A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,
TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
14 Rideau st.
Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

PANIC! PANIC! PANIC
GREAT CHANCE
SAFER THAN A LOTTERY
AS ALL ARE SURE TO GET A PRIZE
$30,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY for.....$12,000.
Owing to the late panic in Montreal, and the large number of Bankrupt Stocks that in consequence have been thrown on the market, we were enabled to purchase an assorted stock of
DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,
amounting to $30,000, for the small sum of 7s on the pound, being lower than any stock we have yet purchased.
So now is the time for bargains. But you must hurry up as we intend selling them very low so as to clear them off quick. For instance here is something to please the eye and make the pocket feel good as it draws so little from it.
The stock consists of the following goods, viz:
DRESS GOODS!
One case plain Poplin, choice colours, for .....9d pr yd, worth 1s 3d
One case Silk Striped, do very new.....10½d do do 1s 6d
20 pieces Silk Striped, do very new.....1s do do 1s 9d
10 pieces Roselind, Shot Striped Lusters.....9d do do 1s 3d
15 pieces Yucatan Cloths...1s 3d do do 2s 6d
Also, 1 case assorted yard wide goods, in splendid colours, and of the latest styles, for 1s 10½d.
The same goods cannot be bought in any house in the city for less than 3s 6d.
Immense bargains in WHITE COTTONS, a first class White Cotton only 5d per yard.
80 dozen White Hose.....5d per pair
20 pieces Ticking .....only 9d, worth 1s 3d
50 dozen all Linen Towels, good .....for 3d each
60 do do do do 5d, worth 9d each
157 pairs Corsets, ...for 2s per pair
100 White quilts.....at a great bargain
200 Coloured Quilts.....only 5s, worth 2s 6d
100 Silk and Wool Shirts for Boating.....7s 6d worth 12s 6d
400 pairs Gloves.....for 4d per pair
100 do Fine Silk Gloves...only 1s 3d, worth 2s 6d
Pocket Handkerchiefs.....1½d each
do do hemmed.....6d each
Also, 2 cases Prints, slightly damaged 3d to 4½d per yard
CLOTHING! CLOTHING!
CLOTHING!
THE GREATEST SACRIFICE OF THE AGE IN CLOTHING.
Splendid all wool Suits warranted.....for $9
Good Suits.....for $4.50
Vests.....from 75c up
Pants.....50c, 75c and $1 per pair
And a magnificent Alpaca Coat.....only $1.25
AT
THE OCCIDENTAL EMPORIUM,
STEWART'S BLOCK, RIDEAU-ST.,
near Sappers' Bridge.
H. HICK & CO.

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,
PLAIN AND DECORATIVE
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Respectfully informs the public that he will in a
FEW DAYS
OPEN A FIRST-CLASS
PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Pending which his office will be on the
FIRST FLOOR
OF THE
MASONIC HALL BLOCK,
ELGIN-STREET,
Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and
RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK
In all the various branches of his business.
Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

A. SWALWELL,
CHIEF UNDERTAKER,
SPARKS-ST.
COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,
FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.
Sole agent for
FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.
RESIDENCE—York-st, first Brick House below the market.

WANTED.
A second-hand SKIFF in good order. Apply at the TIMES Office. 1051tt

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.
The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY
6 *Hospital-st., Montreal.*
Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.
BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.
GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.
MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.
G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.
An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattle sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company
Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa,
JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

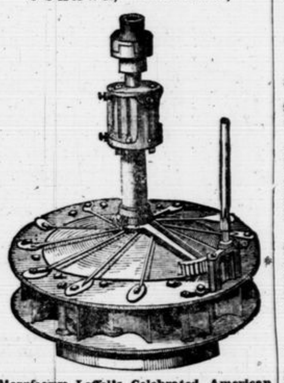
MORTGAGE SALE.
Public notice is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in, and secured by a certan Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, made by JOHN RUTLEDGE, of the Township of Goulbourn, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, yeoman, (to which said Mortgage MARTHA RUTLEDGE, wife of the said JOHN RUTLEDGE, was made a party for the purpose of barring dower merely), in favour of HIRAM SYKES, of the Township, County and Province aforesaid, yeoman, of the east half of lot number six, in the fifth concession, of the Township of Goulbourn, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, butted and bounded as mentioned in the original grant thereof from the Crown, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of a power of sale contained in the said Mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, by AMOS ROWE, Auctioneer, at the Law Office of MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, in the County and Province aforesaid, on TUESDAY, the TWENTY-NINTH day of JUNE, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, at twelve o'clock, noon.
Terms and conditions to be made known at time of sale.
This sale being under a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, the Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.
Title to be accepted by purchaser as it existe at the time of execution of the Mortgage, and a ccepted by seller.
All conveyances, searches, abstracts, &c., to b t the purchaser's expense.
Dated at Ottawa, this 18th day of May, A.D. 1869.
MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
1054.1aw21td Solicitors for Vendor.

TENDERS
Addressed to the undersigned, in a sealed envelope, marked Tenders for Printing, Paper, or Binding (as the case may be), will be received until THURSDAY, 27th INST., after which day no tender will be received, for the Printing, furnishing the Printing Paper, and the Binding required for the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada.
No tender will be received except on the blank form, which can be had on application to the undersigned, and from whom all information can be obtained.
The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.
By order,
HENRY HARTNEY,
Clerk Joint Committee of both Houses on Printing.
Department of
Printing of Parliament,
Ottawa, May, 1869. 1044a

PRIVATE BILLS.
Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette,*) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette,* and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.
All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.
CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO

SAVAGE'S URSINA.
PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR, has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.
It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.
Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.
EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1028eod.3m

JOSEPH HALL
MACHINE WORKS,
ESTABLISHED 1851,
JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.
PROPRIETORS
OSHAWA, ONTARIO,



Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*
We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:
SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.
We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.
Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.
WARRANTY.
Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.
We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.
We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.
Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—
F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2awtm OSHAWA, ONT.

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

THE COURT OF REVISION
FOR THE
CITY OF OTTAWA,
Will hold its first meeting in the
CITY HALL,
in the said city, on
Tuesday, the 1st day of June, 1869,
At ONE o'clock in the afternoon,
Of which all persons interested are required to take notice.
WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk:
City Hall, Ottawa, May 22, 1869. 1057td

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA,
Tuesday, 18th day of May, 1869.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th section of the Act 31 Vic, Cap 6, intituled; "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that "Byng Inlet," situate at the mouth of the River Maganetawan, on the Georgian Bay, in the Province of Ontario, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be an Out Port of Entry under the Survey of the Port of Toronto.
WM H LEE,
1057.3 Clerk Privy Council.

NOTICE.
All payments to be made on account Province of Ontario must, in the meantime, paid into the Bank of Montreal or its agencies:
E B WOOD,
1056tf Treasurer.

Special Notices.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.
New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.
It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.
Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Proprietors, S. S. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.
March 26. 1008-14y

For the effect produced by Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs the inventor is permitted to refer to the Medical Gentlemen in St. John, N. B., whose signatures are attached hereto:
WILLIAM BAYARD, M.D.
EDWIN BAYARD, M.D.
THOMAS WALKER, M.D.
JOHN BERRYMAN, M.D., ED.
DR. JOHNSTON, L.R.C.S., ED.
GEORGE KEATOR, M.D.
W. H. HARDING, M.R.C.S.
JOHN BAXTER, M.D.
J. D. WHITE, M. D.
T. W. CARRITT, M.D.
I, Aaron Alward, Mayor of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, having examined the letters of Drs. Earle, Addy, Clay, Jacobs and Chandler, and also the signatures attached to the foregoing permis of reference, hereby certify that I believe them all genuine.
I can also testify to the high therapeutical value of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs, and consider it deserving of attention by the profession generally.
In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Seal of Mayoralty at the city of St. John, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.
AARON ALWARD, M.D.,
1049b21b Mayor of the City of St. John.
AGENTS—FRANCIS CUNDILL & CO., 32 Lemoine-st., Montreal.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 26, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 00	@	0 15
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 00	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Hardwood (cubic measure)	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Teas.

TEA! TEA! TEA!
COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

TRADE — O. A. & Co. — MARK.

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable men to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade. Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Catties and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Catties, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money can be collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. Where there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we will send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs, and sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, will receive one of their own choice in return at our expense.

We subjoin a list of our prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do.	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do.	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the address,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Box 201, P. O., Ottawa, or
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, May 8, 1869.

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S
SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,
HULL,
Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,

GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,
AND
DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
1007tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE
"ROCKET,"
WINNER OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE
IN 1863,
Height 15¾ hands.

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of

MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON,
Clarence-st., near the Market.

Terms $10 for the season.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

THE VARIETY HALL
HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT
34 *SUSSEX-ST.*

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to
JOHN COOK,
Proprietor.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX,
Plantagenet Mills,
1043tf Ontario.

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to
ROD. ROSS.
Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,
AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to
R. BLACKBURN.
New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to
S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.
April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.
Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND
TO RENT,
For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

CHOICE
FARMING LANDS FOR SALE
IN THE COUNTIES OF
KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.
April 7th, 1869. 1033td

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a mortgage made by MICHAEL O'BRIEN, of the township of Fitzroy, in the county of Carleton, yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Esquire, now deceased, to which mortgage JANE O'BRIEN, the wife of the said Michael O'Brien, was made a party, for the purpose of barring dower only, of Lot number Sixteen, in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. SCOTT & ROSS, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of MAY, 1869, at TWELVE o'clock noon.

Margaret Malloch, the devisee named in the last will and testament of the said Edward Malloch, Esquire, deceased, will only covenant that she has done no act to incumber.

The purchaser will accept the title as it stood at the execution of the mortgage.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

1049td W. A. ROSS, Vendor's Solicitor.

GARDENER'S
BAKING POWDER.
In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT
REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS,

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD.
1043.204 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.
April 27, 1869. 1034tf

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!
BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

A beautiful and varied assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,
BATHS, of all kinds,
TOILET SETTS,
Plain and Ornamented,

REFRIGERATORS!
REFRIGERATORS
McKelvy's Patent.

We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!
Best patterns in use.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st.,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

THE OTTAWA LIVERY
SALE AND BAIT STABLES,
Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TIN SPICE BOXES,
A novelty,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS
FOR THE
PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,
BILIOUS FEVER,
PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands.

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY
GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.
Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—Gents: I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour. Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK — REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer, The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,
CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,
CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO
30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine No. 2	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.
W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,
AND
COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,
HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,
OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75.y House, Land and General Agent.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE!
AT
THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

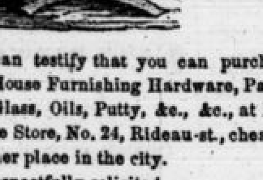
and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,
&c., &c.,
AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24, Rideau-st. Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Remember the place,
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c,

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, it required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,
AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning, more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying
TO THE VARIETY HALL

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS
OF THE
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,

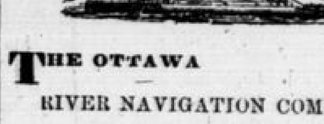
respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Steamers.

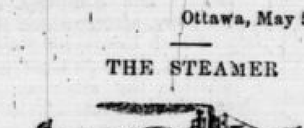


THE OTTAWA
RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S
MAIL STEAMERS
HAVE
COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS
BETWEEN
OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.
May 7, 1869. 1043tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,
Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"
LEAVES
AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,
FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,
CONNECTING WITH
STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"
"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"
FOR
DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS,
1042tf President.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$160 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to F. BRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION
BOTH
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
AT
W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery.
Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 482y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER TUESDAY, MAY ... 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a.m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p.m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.	1.00 a.m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a.m.
Express, 1.35 p.m.	4.15 p.m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.	9.00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west, also with the steamers of the Royal Mail Line.

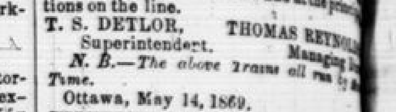
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.



BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,
COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4:00 p.m. 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at ... and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.
6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and ... p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.
5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and ... p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ...
Night do do do do ...
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ...
Trains for Lachine at ...8:00 a m, ... 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ...
Express for Boston at ...
Express for New York and Boston at ... via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ...
Express for Island Pond, at ...
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ...

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of the train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p.m. for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec 1868.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
PERFECTED SPECTACLES,
AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the superiority of the advantages offered to wearers of these beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise. It has, in the almost general adoption of the celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of this assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

PANCREATINE FOR INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—*Prof. BERNARD, Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—Palatable, highly nutritious, easily digested, and valuable dietetic preparation, specially adapted for the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.
Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office, 33, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX ROBERTSON, Editor.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1059. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, MAY 27, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING, Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS AT THE MEDICAL HALL, 28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines, Genuine Drugs and Chemicals, Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY, Family and Dispensing Chemist.

S. ROGERS, CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

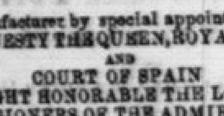
Particular attention paid to GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.



WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL, Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY; Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity For the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal. Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of J. Sewill's Watches.

Ottawa May 20. 748j

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (Statutes of Ontario) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

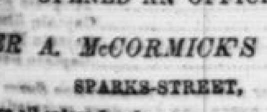
The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D., Registrar of Council.

Medical Registration Office, Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d



NOTICE. The undersigned begs to state that he has OPENED AN OFFICE *OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,* SPARKS-STREET, Where all orders for the CANADA GAZETTE, AND FOR PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY, may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

W. H. EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS, DEALERS IN Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA, End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

THE LEADER. THE MORNING AND EVENING *LEADER,* Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 23. 1033tf

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES AT THE CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the LATEST AND BEST STYLES In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y, HAVE JUST RECEIVED ALL THE NEWEST STYLES IN BOOTS AND SHOES, FOR SPRING AND SUMMER, COMPRISING a very large and varied assortment of LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S *DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.*

We would call the especial attention of the LADIES, To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO, To our Prunella Balmoral, for..........$1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK. We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO., late F G & C A Crosby, Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS FOR ALL WEATHERS." SEE THE NEW STYLES IN BOOTS AND SHOES! FOR SUMMER, AT THE RED BOOT, 28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles, AT *THE RED BOOT.*

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

NOISELESS

FEEDER

SEWING MACHINES are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON, 105 King-st. West, Toronto, and 37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS. Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of F. P. VERRI, M. D., *Professor of Chemistry in the University of* PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE. For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 785y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE. MALCOLM CAMERON, AGENT,..................DESBARAT'S BLOCK Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10½. The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY, COMMISSION MERCHANT, *FORWARDER,* GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c., No. 3, St. Peter-st., QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

QUEBEC REFERENCES.

Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.

James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.

Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.

Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.

Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Tailoring.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS FOR SUMMER WEAR, In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian TWEEDS, may now be seen at the *COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,* No. 60 Sparks-st.

Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.

A. GRAHAM & CO., Commercial Warehouse, No. 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

T. LAWRENCE Having opened a first-class TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT, in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.

From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

P.S.—Some of Wessey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

GENTLEMEN Leaving their orders at the COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE, No. 60 Sparks-st., Can get well suited in Garments.

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

N. ROBERTSON, MERCHANT TAILOR, BELL'S BLOCK, *Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,*

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1066-3m

COATS, PANTS and VESTS May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE, No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

SELECT TAILORING. T. RAJOTTE. NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

FOR CASH ONLY.

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE, No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

GEO. MAYES, COPPER PLATE PRINTER, *Bank Street, Centre Town,* Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS —FROM— OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC AND LONDON,

Consisting of PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c. PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES &c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUO[RS at p]rice according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at THOS. PATTERSON'S, No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED, AT THE INDIA WAREHOUSE, No. 16, RIDEAU-ST., And for sale cheap, by D. T. BROWNE & CO., Wholesale and Retail *Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,*

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL d[o]
FRESH LOBSTERS
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE, Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jelli[es in] great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS, In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE, BOTTLED ALE, BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his FINE BOTTLED ALE Which is in splendid condition. Also, SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE, And other Malt Whiskies, PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c., To other with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [respectfu]lly solicited.

D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY. MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts. Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6. 1015tf

ICE ICE!! ICE!!! The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays for Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, 124 Rideau-st.

1043d

Dry Goods.

OPENED OUT AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S, No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,

A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,

A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,

A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,

A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS IN NEW MATERIALS,

A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,

A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,

TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S, 14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

PANIC! PANIC! PANIC

GREAT CHANCE!

SAFER THAN A LOTTERY

AS ALL ARE SURE TO GET A PRIZE

$30,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY for..............$12,000.

Owing to the late panic in Montreal, and the large number of Bankrupt Stocks that in consequence have been thrown on the market, we were enabled to purchase an assorted stock of DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING, amounting to $30,000, for the small sum of 7s on the pound, being lower than any stock we have yet purchased.

So now is the time for bargains. But you must hurry up as we intend selling them very low so as to clear them off quick. For instance here is something to please the eye and make the pocket feel good as it draws so little from it.

The stock consists of the following goods, viz:

DRESS GOODS!

One case plain Poplin, choice colours, for..........9d pr yd, worth 1s 3d
One case Silk Striped, do very new..........10½d do do 1s 6d
20 pieces Silk Striped, do very new..........1s do do 1s 9d
10 pieces Roselind, Shot Striped Lusters..........9d do do 1s 3d
15 pieces Yucatan Cloths...1s 3d do do 2s 6d

Also, 1 case assorted yard wide goods, in splendid colours, and of the latest styles, for 1s 10½d. The same goods cannot be bought in any house in the city for less than 3s 6d.

Immense bargains in WHITE COTTONS, a first class White Cotton only 5d per yard.

50 dozen White Hose..........5d per pair
20 pieces Ticking..........only 9d, worth 1s 3d
50 dozen all Linen Towels, good..........for 3d each
60 do do do do 5d, worth 9d each
157 pairs Corsets..........for 2s per pair
100 White quilts..........at a great bargain
200 Coloured Quilts..........only 5s, worth 2s 6d
100 Silk and Wool Shirts for Boating..........7s 6d worth 12s 6d
400 pairs Gloves..........for 4d per pair
100 do Fine Silk Gloves...only 1s 3d, worth 2s 6d
Pocket Handkerchiefs..........1½d each
do do hemmed..........6d each
Also, 2 cases Prints, slightly damaged 3d to 4½d per yard

CLOTHING! CLOTHING! *CLOTHING!* THE GREATEST SACRIFICE OF THE AGE IN CLOTHING.

Splendid all wool Suits warranted..........for $9
Good Suits..........for $4.50
Vests..........from 75c up
Pants..........50c, 75c and $1 per pair
And a magnificent Alpacca Coat..........only $1.25

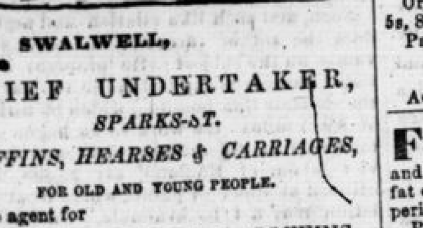
AT THE OCCIDENTAL EMPORIUM, STEWART'S BLOCK, RIDEAU-ST., near Sappers' Bridge.

H. HICK & CO.

Decorative Painting.

A.W. LANG, PLAIN AND DECORATIVE HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER, Respectfully informs the public that he will in a FEW DAYS OPEN A FIRST-CLASS PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT, Pending which his office will be on the FIRST FLOOR OF THE MASONIC HALL BLOCK, ELGIN-STREET, Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y



A. SWALWELL, CHIEF UNDERTAKER, *SPARKS-ST.* *COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,* FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

WANTED. A second-hand SKIFF in good order. Apply at the TIMES Office. 1051tt

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MRS S. A. ALLEN

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

For the effect produced by Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs the inventor is permitted to refer to the Medical Gentlemen in St. John, N. B., whose signatures are attached hereto:

WILLIAM BAYARD, M.D.
EDWIN BAYARD, M.D.
THOMAS WALKER, M.D.
JOHN BERRYMAN, M.D., Ed.
DR. JOHNSTON, L.R.C.S., Ed.
GEORGE KEATOR, M.D.
W. H. HARDING, M.R.C.S.
JOHN BAXTER, M.D.
J. D. WHITE, M. D.
T. W. CARRITT, M.D.

I, Aaron Alward, Mayor of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, having examined the letters of Drs. Earle, Addy, Clay, Jacobs and Chandler, and also the signatures attached to the foregoing permit of reference, hereby certify that I believe them all genuine.

I can also testify to the high therapeutical value of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs, and consider it deserving of attention by the profession generally.

{ Great Seal. } In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Seal of Mayoralty at the city of St. John, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

AARON ALWARD, M.D., Mayor of the City of St. John.

1049b21b AGENTS—FRANCIS CUNDILL & CO., 32 Lemoine-st., Montreal.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where. 578y

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

PARISIAN STEAM DYE WORKS, M. HIRSHFIELD. OFFICES—Nos. 374 and 258 Notre Dame-street, *MONTREAL.*

OTTAWA AGENCY AT THE CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY, 43 Sparks-st.

Dresses of every description, Shawls, Curtains, etc., scoured and cleaned, or dyed in all colors and shades. Gents' Garments renovated. Charges low. 1051d

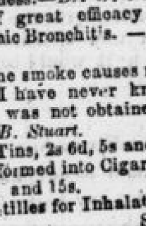
NEW DOMINION CEMENT. We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address E. F. McAVAY & CO., Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents, Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

April 28, 1869. 1035-3m



FOR ASTHMA, and Chronic Bronchitis DATURA TATULA, *Affords Immediate Relief.*

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES, Very cheap, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ENGLAND AND AMERICA.

A Call for English "Public Opinion" Against America's Demands—Is Grant Determined to "Pick a Quarrel" with England?

From the London Times, May 7.

In republics as much as in monarchies the responsibility of national relations—of peace and war—must of necessity rest in a great degree with the rulers. It is not merely that demagogues like Mr. Sumner exert a dangerous power of misguidance; but it is possible for governments to assume positions from which national pride may render it difficult to retreat. The only means of averting such a peril is to render it plain from the first what the consequence of such conduct would be; and for this reason it may be of great consquence at this juncture that the public opinion of England should be firmly declared on the points raised by Mr. Sumner's speech. The Americans may be assured that Englishmen would be unanimous in refusing so much as to entertain such demands. We can well understand that they are purposely put in there most extravagant form, on the plan of asking more than you expect to obtain. But it is the principle of the demands to which we must refuse to listen. They involve nothing less than a claim that the Americans shall be the judges in their own cause—that they shall be the arbiters of international right and wrong when ever it affects themselves. We never pretended to please the Americans in this matter. We endeavoured to do whatever was just between them, our own people, and the other nations of the world. We refuse to compromise our honour by admitting that we were actuated by any other motive. Whether or not we were culpably negligent in performing what we believe to have been our duty is a point we have offered to submit to arbitration. But further we cannot go and we could not but regard any attempts to force us beyond this point as a cloak for ulterior designs. After all, however, we return to our conviction that, unless there be a settled design to pick a quarrel with us—which there certainly is not on the part of the American people—Mr. Sumner's policy is too preposterous to be entertained. The attempt to reawaken buried animosities is, indeed, little short of criminal; but the extravagant misrepresentations found necessary for the purpose afford us no slight assurance of the destined failure of the attempt.

English Patience has Limits.

From the Saturday Review.

The people of the United States should understand that English patience, unexhausted by any amount of vituperation, has its limits where language passes into action. If the impending danger is to be noticed at all, there would be little advantage in substituting fanciful risks for the practical object which must be contemplated by those who wish to force a quarrel. Mr. Sumner, who is not the less a man of great ability because he shows himself the implacable enemy of England, cannot be suspected of having really hoped to extort a confession of error, and a payment of half the cost of the civil war. His speech, if it is translated into diplomatic documents, will be altered into the dmand of territorial cession, which has already been started by Mr. Chandler.

DIAMONDS AT THE CAPE.

Advices received in London from the Cape announce the finding of another diamond much larger than any yet met with in the colony. The following particulars are from a letter received by Messrs. Goodliffe & Smart from their correspondents at Cape Town, dated 31st of March:—"The news will reach you by this opportunity of the finding of the large diamond—our Cape 'Koh-i-noor'—valued at £32,000. There is no delusion in this, as in the gold fields, so you may believe it implicitly. This diamond was found near the orange River, in the diamond territory, was bought of a native doctor for 500 sheep and a few cattle, by Mr. Neikerk, a Dutchman, who again resold it to Messrs. Lillenfield, of Hope Town, for £11,200, and it is now on its way to Algoa Bay. We need hardly say that this news, confirmed by the Civil Commissioner to our Colonial Secretary, has caused great excitement here, as there can be know doubt of the immense wealth of this diamond country. What would a systematic search effect, when over forty diamonds have now been found, chiefly by natives?"

Letters from Fort Hayes, in Kansas, give an account of the killing of some Indians who were in confinement in that place. The chiefs were ordered to remove, in charge of a guard, from the corral to the guard-room, when they gathered in their tents, began the death-whoop, and taking out their knives, immediately attacked the soldiers. "Cardigon attacked the sergeant of the guard, and was knocked senseless by a blow with the butt of a musket. "Sallie," a ferocious squaw, wielding a knife tried to sheath it in the body of an officer, when one of the guard shot her dead. "Big-Head" looked with scorn on the circle of bayonets surrounding him, and stabbed Sergeant Hazen, dangerously wounding him in the back. One of the guard shot him dead. "Dull-knife" tried to stab everybody near him, and he was pricked severely by bayonets. He and the senseless Cardigon were then disarmed and placed in the guard-room.

SCIENCE RUN MAD.—The *Lancet* quotes from certain medical journals published in Berlin an account of certain ugly experiments recently made in that city by Dr. Von Trautvetter. After operating upon a number of dead bodies, the learned doctor selected for further experiment a woman of twenty-eight, almost in *articulo mortis* from "cavities in the lungs," and proceeded to subject her to an experiment far too horrible to detail. The patient died an hour afterward," whether from the progress of the disease or the effects of the experiment is not clear." How would Dr. Von Trautvetter have liked it if, after he got through with this experiment, he himself had been operated upon—by Jack Ketch?

CAUTION.—Purchasers of the Peruvian Syrup (a protected solution of the protoxide of Iron) are cautioned against being deceived by any of the preparations of Peruvian Bark, or Bark and Iron which may be offered them. Every bottle of genuine has Peruvian Syrup (not Peruvian Bark) blown in the glass. Examine the bottle before purchasing.

MILITARY COLONIZATION FOR NEW ZEALAND.

A project for the establishment of military industrial settlement in New Zealand is, the Pall Mall *Gazette* understands, now under the consideration of the Government, which, our contemporary says, seems peculiarly adapted to the present exigencies both of the mother country and the colony. The project before the Government is, in a few words, substantially as follows:—It is proposed to establish a small colony, or rather several small colonies, on the frontiers of such portions of the north island as are most in danger of inroads from hostile natives, these colonies to be at once industrial and military, "containing within themselves all the necessary force requisite alike for their own defence, and therefore also for that of existing British settlements in their rear; the force to be under the orders of the local Government, and capable of co-operating with other forces in the event of any serious outbreak in their neighbourhood." The proposed colony would be composed half of soldiers who have seen five years' service in the army, and half of young men from the artizan and agricultural classes, the whole body being enlisted for five years, and commanded by officers selected from the army and militia. Each colonist would have a grant of land according to his rank. For the first year pay and rations would be allowed. For the second year rations only, except for such periods as the men would be under arms, when they would be entitled to pay as before. After the second year there would be no pay or rations at all, except during active military service. Moderate advances would be made on the security of the land, and repayable by easy instalments over a number of years, for the purpose of enabling the settlers to cultivate their holdings effectually. At the expiration of the five years' enlistment each man would be a freeholder of the land alloted to him, provided he had brought a certain portion into cultivation. In the case of protracted military service, unfavourable seasons, &c., the period allowed for the fulfilment of this condition might be extended. Mr. W. Fitzherbert, Colonial Treasurer of New Zealand, when recently in this country, expressed his cordial approval of the scheme as well devised and adapted for New Zealand.

London letters mention a new telegraph scheme from Havana to Porto Rico, and thence through a chain of the West India Islands to South America. The company has the exclusive privilege for landing cables in Cuba and Porto Rico for forty years and subsides for ten years, amounting to over $70,000 annually.

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of *Grace's Celebrated Salve,* as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing office. Only 25 cents a box.

OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vexata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY. For sale by all druggists.

The question of grants to superior education has not yet been properly settled by the Legislature of Ontario. Until the public is satisfied with the utility of Upper Canada College in our educational system, the former question will remain open. The Honourable John Sandfield McDonald has not been so successful with educational questions, as the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY has been in eradicating the numerous chronic complaints of the Lungs, Liver and circulatory organs. For sale by all druggists.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS, AND MELODEONS, In their new Show Room, comprising PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.* WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS, ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

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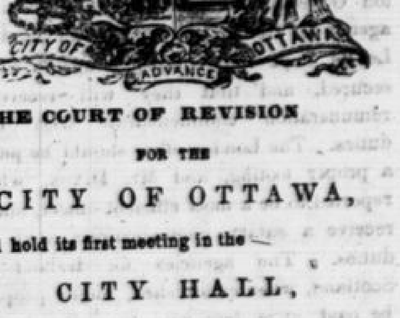
PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.



THE COURT OF REVISION FOR THE CITY OF OTTAWA, Will hold its first meeting in the CITY HALL, in the said city, on Tuesday, the 1st day of June, 1869, At ONE o'clock in the afternoon, Of which all persons interested are required to take notice.

WM. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 22, 1869. 1057d

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Circular, Customs Department—R. S. M. Bouchette.
"Young Glenelg"—Michael Leamey.
Change of Residence—Mr. Charles Mohr.
New Publications Just Received—Hauser's News Depot.
Skating Rink—London Comedy and Burlesque Company.
Postponement of Sale—A. Rowe.

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The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, MAY 27, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

ON looking over our brief report of the Parliamentary debate on Tuesday last, it appears that we failed to give the prominence which they deserved to Mr. CHAMBERLIN'S remarks. It was made evident that Mr. CHAMBERLIN thought the salary allowed to the London Agent of the Dominion was "beggarly" in the extreme; but it did not appear, as it should have appeared, that the services of that gentleman were worthy of a much higher recompense. The fact is that the Government policy in the matter of emigration has been shabby, penny wise and pound foolish, and economical to a most reprehensible degree. It is very true that the insignificant appropriation of last year was objected to, for the reason that no practical benefits had apparently resulted to the country from the machinery then in operation for the promotion of immigration to Canada. It is true, also, as expressed by the member for Grey, on Tuesday evening, that emigrant agents are, ordinarily, of little benefit to the country.

But why? Just because of the miserable cheese-paring system that has heretofore prevailed. Too much was spent in Canada at the point of debarkation, and too little in the old country, where the emigrants always make up their minds as to their destination, before they leave the land of their fathers. What is really wanted in the Old World is an agency that will fully persuade the emigrating classes that when they leave home the country of their choice ought to be Canada in preference to the United States.

Will anybody pretend to say that a central emigration office, with an agent at two hundred pounds a year—the same amount as is paid to the gentleman who constructively lives at Halifax, and admittedly does nothing—is an adequate provision for the service expected? The idea is absurd. Mr. DIXON, who at present fills the office of emigration agent in London, ought to have his salary doubled, to enable him to perform towards Canada all the duties which, it may be readily understood, rightfully pertain to his office. If the finances of the country—and we are not by any means an advocate of high taxation—will not permit of a larger appropriation for the emigration service, let the expenses on this side the Atlantic be cut down, and the money thus saved applied to increase the efficiency of the Home agency.

No one who pretends to know anything on the subject of emigration will deny for a moment that the emigrant fixes his destination before he "pulls up his stakes." This is true, at least, in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, and, therefore, we agree heartily with Mr. CHAMBERLIN in objecting to the shabby allowance made to the London agent, an allowance which is rendered invidious when placed in contrast with the sums paid to the (comparatively) do nothing gentlemen on this side the Atlantic.

We heard with pleasure the announcement of the MINISTER OF JUSTICE, that the Dominion Government intended to establish an agency for Ireland and another for Scotland. Let us hope that competent agents will be secured, and that they will receive a remuneration commensurate with their duties. The London office should be put on a proper footing, and Mr. DIXON, who is reported to be a most efficient officer, should receive a salary commensurate with his duties. The agencies for Ireland and Scotland, when established, might properly be paid at a less rate than the London agency, though we think the present rate of remuneration of the latter would be too small for either of them.

Canadians should always remember that they are utterly destitute of the benefits, as they are totally relieved from the cost, of a service similar to that of the United States consulate. Yet the consular agents of the United States pay back their cost ten-fold to their country by the assistance they give to the promotion of immigration. This work must be done by Canada in another way, and despite the opinion of the member for Grey, for which, on all, or nearly all, questions of public policy, we have a high respect, we must say we know of no other means than those of well sustained emigration agencies in the very centres of the overstocked labour markets of Europe. Mr. CHAUVEAU stated the whole case when he said that the United States advertised and we did not. The duty of Canada is, therefore, very plain. Let it advertise; scatter its agents throughout the labour markets of Europe; and take reasonable precautions for the care of the immigrants when they arrive, and assuredly we will have such a tide of immigration as never before set towards our shores. We may remark, in conclusion, that we entirely agree with those who hold that the duty of promoting immigration belongs, primarily and of right, to the Dominion Government. Let the Provinces do what they can for the comfort and well-being of those who come within their borders, and they will have done all that the Dominion can reasonably ask of them.

THOUGH the following article from the London *Standard* of the 11th inst. is rather long for our columns, it puts the case between England and America in so fair a light, that we do not think we can make better use of our space than to reproduce it. The *Standard* has, no doubt, expressed the sentiments of the great body of Englishmen, though there may be many in the Mother Land, who will dispute the accuracy of its conclusions. But in this country there will not be found one to doubt the correctness of its definition of the issue between the two countries:

It would, we think, be most unwise to blink or deny the fact that our relations with the United States are at this moment of a most critical character, and not the less critical because the entire nation looks upon a war with America with peculiar aversion and horror, and because the Government is in the hands of a party whose sympathy with American ideas and institutions has of late been ostentatiously and even offensively paraded. It may be quite true that national susceptibilities are apt to be needlessly wounded, and international jealousies unwarily exacerbated by premature anticipations of an avoidable collision; but it is equally true that a danger can never be averted, and may often be aggravated and precipitated, by an obstinate attempt to ignore it—and the latter truth is the one more in point in the present conjuncture. No sane man can fairly accuse this country of deficient forbearance and courtesy towards America. We have endured from our Transatlantic kinsmen more than we should have borne from any European Power; and if, in former days, individual writers did give utterances to criticisms the more stinging because they were not wholly unmerited, and if some authors here and there were guilty of something like a violation of the rites of hospitality in their censures on those by whom they had been kindly received, it must be allowed that these are affronts which only Americans would dream of resenting as political or public wrongs, and that in these respects Americans are the worst and most frequent offenders. The press, the public speakers of England, have generally treated America with remarkable consideration; we leave it to our kinsmen to say how England has been treated by Congress, by stump orators, by the journalists of the Union. During the civil war it is true that English sympathies were on the side of the weaker party. So they have been in European quarrels; so invariably, unless the case of Poland be an exception, are those of America. But since the war ended in the restoration of the Union, the friends of the South have been most careful to avoid the needless manifestation of feelings which could serve no purpose but to provoke resentment and ill-will. We have ourselves most studiously avoided irritating language and angry censures, often under considerable temptation to employ them. And we have erred, if at all, on the side of over-conciliation. There has been somewhat too much of apology in our tone; somewhat too much of unworthy and abject adulation from those who, having no sins of their own to atone for, have volunteered unauthorised confessions of repentance on the part of their countrymen; too much, it may be, of silence on our side when those confessions were uttered. These uncalled for and undignified expressions of penitence have produced just the effect that might have been anticipated. Americans are very like Englishmen in some of our most characteristic peculiarities, and in none more than in contempt for cowardice and servility. They have failed to distinguish between the penitents and the offenders—to discern that, with a few exceptions—with one eminent and shameful exception in particular—the apologies came from those who had, from their standpoint, nothing to apologise for. The *Times* might change, as it has ever done, with changing fortune; Mr. Gladstone might kiss the feet of those whom Mr. Bright accepts as brothers; but Americans did not observe that the great body of the nation, which had sympathised with the South, was simply silent, and that no word of apology came from that portion of the press which, through good and evil fortune, had supported the cause of the Confederacy. They had understood the sympathy of the majority as conveying the support of the nation, they understood the profuse apologies and extravagant adulation of the minority as expressing the tardy repentance of the nation, and without mitigating the resentment provoked by the former, they vented on the nation the contempt invited by the latter. The mischief is now so palpable and so serious that few reasoning men will be disposed to differ with us when we say that a firm and peremptory disavowal of our apologists is the first duty of the day; and that the next is to make the Americans clearly understand that, while we deprecate war with them, we do not fear it; that while we would yield to them more than to any or all other Powers in things indifferent, we will not abate those rights which honour compels us to maintain at their demand any more than at that of Spain, or Italy; that we are as ready to fight for Canada as for Kent; and that precisely in proportion as we recognise them as equals and formidable antagonists we shall refuse to make to kindred concessions which would be ascribed to fear.

In the distinct, general, and public adoption of such a tone lies, we believe, our best chance of avoiding the evils of an almost civil war. If the Americans as a nation wish to fight, we cannot help it; war must come do what we can. If they would rather fight than remain at peace on the terms already offered, we can offer no more, and fight we must. In either case we should appeal with profound confidence to the justice of our cause, and the judgment of the God of Battles. If such be the present state of American feeling, or even if such be the purpose of the American Government, nothing we can say will affect the issue. But there is another and much more probable state of things, in which all may depend on the attitude of the English Government and English nation. It is quite possible that America does not mean to fight, but does mean to exact all that can be exacted by threatening to fight. If such be the popular notion, such the official policy, on the other side, there is a great danger that we may drift into a war which neither party desires. We did so drift in 1853. The Emperor Nicholas never dreamt of war with England. He was, above all things anxious to avoid it. If he had known, at the outset of his diplomatic aggression on Turkey, that England would fight for Turkey, he would have kept within the bounds of plausibility, if not of justice, and would have kept the peace. It was because he fancied that the popularity of Messrs. Cobden and Bright represented a popular determination in favour of their views of foreign policy; it was because England had a Premier who expressed, in season and out of season, views somewhat similar to theirs, it was because that fact influenced and enfeebled the tone of the Foreign Office, that he was betrayed into the belief that England might be defied with impunity, and allowed himself to go so far that he could not draw back when his mistake became apparent. Have we learnt nothing by that lesson? Mr. Bright is now in the Cabinet; Mr. Gladstone is almost as imprudently pacific as Lord Aberdeen; Lord Clarendon is again Foreign Secretary under a peace Administration. The known American bias of a section of the Liberals supplies a reason for disbelieving in war, which was wanting in the case of Russia. It seems perfectly clear that American statesmen, and still more Americans who are not statesmen, have conceived the notion that England may safely be bullied and insulted; that she will submit to almost anything rather than go to war; and that violent menace judiciously employed may extort from Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Bright infinitely more than Mr. Reverdy Johnson, by an exactly opposite method, contrived to obtain from Lord Stanley. Mr. Sumner, the Chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Senate, who wields the power at once of a parliamentary leader and of an official in this country—who, in the existing state of American politics, is quite as influential as the Secretary of State—has laid down a policy of extreme violence, and put forward demands so preposterous that no sane man could intend them seriously unless he either intended war or believed that the threat of war would bring his antagonists to their knees. It is confidently believed, in very well-informed quarters, that the President, though an able general, is so little of a statesman as to fancy it possible to signalize his administration by extensive annexations both in the North and the South, and is not averse to a war which would begin with the invasion of Canada. It is notorious that there are politicians who for various motives would be glad to cover domestic corruption or excuse financial dishonesty by war. Such men may be able to urge one to irrevocable measures, even a peace-loving Government, if that Government do not clearly understand the temper of the Power with which it has to deal. There are, we suppose, American public men who wish for war with England. There are others who either do not know their own minds on the subject, or do not care to run counter to the popular clamour. There are few, if any, Americans who would not try to extort all they possibly could by any amount of threats, pressure, and bullying short of war. And it is, therefore, eminently likely that any want of decision or distinctness in our present attitude might encourage the United States to put forward demands which they could not withdraw, and, in short, to place themselves in such a position that when they unexpectedly met with a peremptory refusal of further concessions, they would find it impossible to recede or to acquiesce, and would be driven to war as the only escape from intolerable humiliation.

That we can concede no more is, we should hope, plain to every Englishman. It may be a question whether we ought to have consented, however indirectly, to allow any discussion or arbitration to touch upon the recognition of Southern belligerency. It is beyond all question that we must assert most firmly the rightfulness of that step, and refuse to admit any title on the part of America to dispute the legality of such an act of national sovereignty or to make it the basis of a claim for redress. Yet this is the point on which Mr. Sumner chiefly insists, and on which the Americans are most excited and most likely to commit themselves beyond recall. The case of the *Alabama* is different. Though there is no law of nations which can fairly be said to forbid the sale of unarmed ships to belligerents, or to render a country responsible for their arming beyond her jurisdiction, there is little doubt that the spirit and reason of the law condemns such exploits, and that the cruiser ought not to have escaped. But no more can fairly be asked of us than that we should submit to arbitration the question and the extent of our liability on this account. The demand of the Americans seems to be that we should acknowledge the wrong, and submit to reference simply the amount of damages; and further, that we should not set up any counter claim against them before the same tribunal. Now, neither of these demands is admissible. We hold that the escape of the *Alabama* was not illegal, though it ought to have been. If this be so, the remedy is not the grant of damages for the past, but of security for the future. If, however, the infraction of right, if not of law, in this case, were singular, we might be willing to assent to some compromise on this point. But we cannot honestly own ourselves wrong and culpable towards America for doing that which America has constantly done and asserted her right to do; that which she did a dozen times against Spain and Portugal; less than she did in the Crimean war against ourselves. Nor can we allow that this claim is entitled to any precedence over or distinction from our own. We cannot allow that the escape of a ship in an unarmed state from our ports is a crime too heinous to bear comparison with a murder committed on board a British ship by an American officer, or with scores of lawless outrages on British vessels in British waters, or plying between one port and another. Above all, we must maintain, both for our own honour and for the future security of our colonies, that the case of the *Alabama* is in every feature incomparably less serious than the case of the Fenian invasion of Canada. The *Alabama* left England unarmed; the Fenians marched from the territory of the United States as an armed and organised force. The *Alabama* enlisted no crew in England; the Fenians openly mustered and drilled, and prepared for the invasion of Canada on American soil, and in the face of American authorities. They were officered by United States officers, and armed with weapons that had belonged to the Federal Government. They had no foothold but in America, no quarters, no asylum, no place of arms, no "seat of Government," that was not within the jurisdiction of the United States. It is impossible to read the masterly speech of Mr. Galt without seeing that no nation, with the slightest self-respect, can consent to do more than set this invasion side by side with the offence of the *Alabama*. If, after Richmond had fallen and Lee had surrendered, after the Confederacy had no longer an inch of territory of its own, we had allowed Mr. Davis to set up a mock Government at Toronto or Montreal, to muster, equip, and drill an army, and to invade the United States, after months of open and defiant preparation, we should have done less wrong to America than she has done to us. Does any one pretend that this would not have been an infinitely greater outrage than the evasion of twenty *Alabamas*? For the secret and sudden attempt of twenty Confederate exiles on an American village Canada gave full and willing reparation. For the march of an army of American citizens into Canada, in the face of day, and after ample and ostentatious notice, America offers no apology and no amends. She did, indeed, prevent some half-hearted attempts to repeat the offence; we stopped ships much more formidable and effective than the *Alabama*. In every particular, then, we stand on an unassailable vantage ground as compared with America. If we have offended, her guilt is heinous; if her fault be pardonable ours is trivial indeed. We have, therefore, done more than could fairly be asked of us in consenting to place our mutual grievances and respective claims on the same footing, and to refer them for equal and simultaneous consideration; to yield more than this would be an act of palpable cowardice, and would irreparably degrade us in our own eyes and in those of Europe and America—not least, perhaps, in the eyes of the very nation which now demands a humiliation from us which it would be the last in the world to concede.

A CORRESPONDENT vigourously argues that "those dead carcises" should be swept away "before the weather becomes any hotter." By all means. But isn't there a Corporation and a Board of Health to see after things? And a complaint book at the City Hall, or Police Court, where an entry of such nuisances may be made?

THE Montreal Telegraph Company have opened offices at Campbellford, Hastings, Warkworth and Norwood. Tariff from Ottawa, 25 cents.

GENTLEMEN can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

BRITISH RAILWAY TO THE PACIFIC—AN IMPERIAL NECESSITY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—"I hope to see, or, at least, that my children will see," said Chief Justice Draper before the Commons Committee of 1857, on the question of the "Hudson's Bay Territories," a railway, wholly on British territory, from Atlantic to Pacific." The answer was in bold and noble defiance to truculent interrogation on the part of the Hon. Edward Ellice and other Hudson's Bay magnates on that great committee of twenty and two. Chief Justice Draper, as our delegate, was then fighting the battle of Canada, in the enemy's stronghold—an enemy that, most prudently, declined the gage, then and there (*or* rather, nearly a month before) formally given by him of a judicial test of their charter; the same body, or influence, tried with unseemly under play, to baulk our high mandatory; but in vain. The report of that committee is one worthy of a British Parliament. Our year of to-day, is its echo—the episode is in blue book. Therein the curious may see thereof, for themselves.

Ten years before that, another, of some authority, spoke, and earnestly wrote on the same theme, viz.: British railway from Atlantic to Pacific. In 1849, Major (*i. e., then* Major, but subsequently higher) *Robert Carmichael Smyth* wrote a book—a *brochure* of 68 pages, in which he thus discourses: "A momentous subject is now brought to the notice of the people of Great Britain—it ought not to be neglected, until perhaps a voice from her colonial children may go forth proclaiming 'it is too late'—for then the opportunity of uniting in firm and friendly bonds of union 'this wondrous empire on which the solar orb never sets' will have passed away for ever."

Such was the heart-cry of a true British officer, of the Royal Engineers, twenty years ago, when he had seen, part at least, of our grand land, and had returned to the "Mother Isle." The book is full, not of argument only, but of indisputable fact and proposition, always true, and given, as might be expected from such a mind, and one so trained, with almost the force of mathematical demonstration. No doubt some allowance is to be made for the inspiration (ever strong) of his "*compagnons de voyage*" (Haliburton and Howe) he so gratefully speaks of; but still they could only have lent a word, *con amore*, on the subject, and given their own thoughts and aspirations, approvingly, on it, in chime with the old "Clockmaker" of 1833. As to the feasibility of such a railway, at a time when such works were of the level plain, and the iron horse had not yet dared the mountain leap, none but a strong and daring mind, and one master of its mystery—none, it may be said, but a British (or *Americo*-British) civil engineer—one of that body of intellectual men who span the deep, and make straight the crooked, and smooth the rugged places of the earth, would have so spoken; and, moreover, written a book on the, to the world then, so wild a theme. Hear him! He speaks from purest philanthropy—not only for the conservation of British right, and power, and glory, but for the amelioration of her over-crowded poor, and the happiness of her varied millions of our common humanity:

"Between the north-eastern and north-western shores of America, and through our loyal, long-tried and devoted North American colonies, there might," says he, "be undertaken a great, a noble and a most important work, that would give remunerative employment to the population, to the wealth, and to the inventive genius of England." "Did his Grace"—he is speaking of the Duke of Wellington as Premier in 1830, and when, with great foresight, he held to Oregon against American pretension, and thereby secured to us, notwithstanding the lamentable treaty subsequently of 1846,) sufficient of the Pacific coast for a harbour—"Did his Grace," says he, "in short look forward to a *grand national railway* from the Atlantic to the Pacific? If not, let his Grace" (N.B. This was in 1848-49) "do so now!" "Let the people of Great Britain do so! Let her Colonial Minister, startling as it may at first appear. A little reflection will show that England and her children have the power to make it: that it must be done; and will become valuable property—for it would increase our commerce and trade to an extent not easy to calculate." And here he cites from *J. S. Mill, on political economy*: "Considering" says Mill: "all the natural and acquired advantages that we possess, for this purpose, it should rather create surprise and regret that our commerce is so small, than engender pride because it is so large.

"We may conclude then that improvements in production and emigration of capital to the more fertile soils and unworked mines of the uninhabited or thinly peopled parts of the globe, do not, as it appears to a superficial view, diminish the gross produce and the demand for labour at home, but, on the contrary, are what we have chiefly to depend on for the increasing of both, and are even the necessary conditions of any great or prolonged augmentations of either; nor is it any exaggeration to say, that, within limits, the more capital a country like England expends in these two ways, *the more she will have left*." Then proceeds Major Smith, "but such a noble work must not be looked upon merely as a money question, although if only considered in that light, England must reflect, that if she wishes and intends to retain her high pre-eminence amongst the nations of the earth, she must, most assuredly, pay for it. No country can have all the blessings and advantages of England, and have them for nothing, nor can she retain them without great exertion. Her accumulated wealth can not be allowed to remain idle, nor will it. No one will deny for a moment that every economy that will make the poor man richer and happier ought to be practised; but let us take care that we do not, from too strong a desire to retain that wealth which Providence has thrown into the lap of England, even in the midst of war, deprive her labouring children of legitimate employment and just remuneration (all that the industrious classes of our fellow-countrymen require). But the undertaking proposed has even a higher claim to our attention. *It is the great link required to unite in one powerful chain the whole English race.*"

And so on, in intelligent, and high patriotic appeal he puts the case in all its phases, physical, political and social. And, further citing *Cobden*, he says:—'The exportation of labourers and capital from the old to the new countries, from a place where their productive power is less to a place where it is greater, increases, by so much, the aggregate produce of the labour and capital of the world.' And then, citing *Mill* again, he says:—'The question of Government intervention in the world of colonization involves the future and permanent interests of colonization itself, and far outstretches the comparatively narrow limits of purely economical considerations alone. The removal of population from the overcrowded to the unoccupied parts of the earth's surface is one of those works of eminent social usefulness which most require, and which, at the same time, will best repay the intervention of Government. No individual or body of individuals *could* reimburse themselves for these expenses.' "Government," continues Major Smith, "on the contrary, *could* take from the increasing wealth *caused by the construction of this Railway and consequent great emigration, the fraction which would suffice to repay with interest the money advanced*."

Such, and such like citation and argument does the author earnestly and strongly advance on the subject. He proposes a "National Railway" from Halifax to the Pacific by the shortest line possible, which he estimates at 3,025 miles—the work to be begun simultaneously in different sections; and the convict labour of England, say 20,000, to be utilized at different points where local population may not be available. On this head, and as to feasibility, cost, and immediate *Imperial* necessity, as well as Dominion, more anon—in my next.

Yours,

BRITANNICUS.

OTTAWA, 25th May, 1869.

FOR Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

WEDNESDAY, May 26.

After routine proceedings,

Mr. CARTWRIGHT introduced a Bill for the relief of John H. Stevenson (Divorce Bill), and moved that it be referred to a special committee.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN opposed the principle of divorce, and suggested that a division be taken on the Bill at this stage.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN said several members were opposed to divorce on religious principle, and he thought it would be better to take the vote without debate.

This suggestion was agreed to, and the vote was taken with the following result: Yeas, 63; Nays, 53.

The Bill was accordingly referred to a Select Committee, to whom also all papers connected therewith were also referred.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN introduced a Bill respecting Emigration and Emigrants.

Mr. BELLEROSE asked when the return for a statement of the number of government employees, and their respective salaries, would be brought down.

Mr. McKENZIE said the Government had brought down the second report of the Civil Service Commission as an answer to the address.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER from the Committee on Telegraph Lines reported the Bill to incorporate the Canadian and British Telegraph Company.

Hon. Mr. LEVISCONTE asked whether the Minister of Public Works had any information as to the state of the St. Peter's Canal, and the alleged defect in the locks and breaking down of the walls thereof; if so, what remedy had been suggested?

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL said he had received information to the effect that there was some defect in the canal which would be repaired by the last of May if the weather be favourable.

Mr. FORBES asked what is the intention of the Government in regard to the finishing of Public Piers and wharfs in the Dominion, particularly should such property have been left unfinished by the Local Governments at the time of the Union Act coming into operation; also, whether such property is considered as belonging to the Dominion Government or to the Local?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said piers and wharves were the property of the Dominion, and the Government were bound to take charge of them.

Mr. FORBES asked whether it is the intention of the Government to fill up during the present session the vacancy in the Senate for the Province of Nova Scotia, and if so, whether the Government in making the appointment will recognize the just claims of the eight counties lying west of Halifax, now represented by but two of the twelve members from Nova Scotia in the Senate, while the remaining eleven counties have nine members in that House?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said it was the intention of the Government to fill up the vacancy this session, and they would take good care to make a proper appointment (laughter).

Mr. SPROAT asked whether it is the intention of the Government to select a site for a harbour of refuge on Lake Huron, and proceed with the construction of such work during the current year?

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL said it was the intention of the Government to select a site for such a harbour on Lake Huron; several surveys had been made that were under consideration, and it was impossible to say now which site would be selected.

SALARIES AND ALLOWANCES TO JUDGES.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD gave notice that he would on Friday next, move that the House do, on a future day, go into Committee of the Whole, to consider the following resolutions:—

1. That it is expedient that the allowances for travelling expenses to the Judges of the Superior Courts in the Dominion, should be fixed by statute, instead of being fixed by Order of Council, as provided in the Act of the now last session, 31 Vict., c. 33.

2. That it is expedient that the following scale of circuit allowances be adopted:

In the Province of Ontario,—

To each of the Judges of any of the Superior Courts of Law or Equity, one hundred dollars for each time he holds any courts for the trial of causes, in any county except the county of York and the city of Toronto.

In the Province of Quebec,—

To each of the Judges of the Court of Queen's Bench, for each term [appeal side and criminal side], attended by him elsewhere than at his place of residence, one hundred dollars.

To each of the Judges of the said Court of Queen's Bench, for attending any other court, for each day he is absent from his place of residence, six dollars.

To each of the Judges of the Superior Court, attending any court, for each day he is absent from his place of residence, six dollars:

And that in the two last mentioned cases three days absence at least shall always be allowed for.

In the Province of Nova Scotia,—

2. To each of the judges of the Supreme Court of that Province, and to the Judge in Equity, one hundred dollars for each time he holds any court for the trial of causes [not being an adjourned court,] in any county except the county of Halifax.

In the Province of New Brunswick:

3. To each of the Judges of the Supreme Court of that Province, one hundred dollars for each time he holds any court for the trial of causes [not being an adjourned court,] in any county except the county of York.

That the application for payment of such allowance shall be accompanied by a certificate of the judge applying for it, of the number of days for which he is entitled to claim it.

4. That the foregoing scale of allowances shall take effect from the 22nd day of May, 1868, the day of the passing of the said Act, 31st Vict., c. 33.

5. That it is expedient to provide that any retired judge of any of the Superior Courts of the Province of Ontario, appointed or to be hereafter appointed presiding judge of the Court of Error and Appeal for that Province, and entitled, under the said Act 31 Vict., c. 33, to a retiring allowance of two-thirds of the salary annexed to the office he held at the time of his resignation, shall, while he continues to hold the office of presiding judge, be entitled to receive a further allowance equal to one-third of his said salary.

6. That it is expedient that the salaries and retiring allowances or annuities of the judges should be declared to be free and clear of all taxes and deductions whatsoever imposed under any Act of the Parliament of Canada.

7. That it is expedient to fix definitely the salaries of the County Judges in the Provinces of Ontario and New Brunswick, to be hereafter appointed, instead of leaving the same to be assigned within certain limits by the Governor in Council, as provided by the said Act, 31 Vict., cap. 33.

8. That it is expedient that except in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, and the County of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, the salary of each County Judge to be hereafter appointed shall be two thousand dollars per annum, with two hundred dollars for travelling expenses; and that in each of the said Counties of York and St. John, the salary of the County Judge shall be two thousand four hundred dollars, with two hundred dollars for travelling expenses.

9. That it is expedient to authorise the appointment of an additional Judge of the Superior Court for Lower Canada, and to provide for the payment of the salary of such judge at the rate of four thousand dollars per annum.

10. That it is expedient to provide for the payment of an allowance of six hundred dollars per annum, to the Judge of the Court of Vice-Admiralty for the Province of Nova Scotia, and of a like allowance to the judge of that like court for the Province of New Brunswick.

11. That it is expedient that all the sums mentioned in the foregoing resolutions be granted to her Majesty, for the purposes therein mentioned, and payable out of any moneys forming part of the consolidated revenue fund of Canada.

12. That it is expedient that so much of the said Act, 31 Vict., cap. 33, as may be inconsistent with these resolutions be repealed.

In answer to Mr. WALLACE,

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL said it was the intention of the Government to lay before Parliament at an early date the report of a Commission appointed to examine Herring Cove, in the Bay of Fundy, as a suitable site for a Backwater or Harbour of Refuge.

Mr. WRIGHT moved that the Journals of the House of 13th and 18th of May last, relating to the Administration of Justice in the District of Ottawa, be read.—Carried.

The Journals were accordingly read.

Mr. WRIGHT then moved that the papers relating to the case be referred to a Select Committee. He said he had a most unpleasant duty to perform, and nothing but the stern demands of duty would have induced him to take action in the matter. He explained that the petitions were presented last session too late to receive consideration then, and the matter was postponed. Consequently he now brought it up. He referred to the serious charges made in the petitions, and said they demanded the most serious consideration of the House, and deserved most careful investigation. If the allegations were true Judge Lafontaine should certainly be dismissed from his office; if not let the responsibility rest upon the petitioners.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said a case had been made out last session to justify the appointment of a select committee to examine into the matter. Therefore, there could be no objection to again referring the case to a committee, and he was glad to see that his hon. friend had moved the appointment of the same committee. He regretted the chairman of that committee had not moved the concurrence of their report last session.

The motion was then carried.

Mr. STEPHENSON moved for a return of amounts of revenue received by the Government of the Dominion from the Provinces.—Carried.

Mr. OLIVER moved for the appointment of a Select Committee to consider the purchase and exportation of American silver coin. He thought it was time the Government took some steps to relieve the country of the silver nuisance. There was scarcely a merchant in the country of any standing that had not lost from $1,000 to $3,000 and upwards each year on the discount on American silver.

Mr. MACDONALD (Lunenburg) did not object to the appointment of a Committee to consider the question. In Nova Scotia an Act had been passed fixing the value of an American quarter dollar at twenty cents, and the result was that there was scarcely any American silver in the Province. A like beneficial result would doubtless follow the passage of a similar Act for the Dominion.

Sir G. E. CARTIER fully agreed with the mover, that the great quantity of American silver in the country was a nuisance, and he hoped that something would soon be done to abate it.

The motion was then carried.

Mr. STEPHENSON moved for correspondence respecting duties and imports on American vessels trading at Canadian ports.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that on Monday next he would move his resolutions on the subject of the disestablishment and disendowment of the Irish Church.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD gave notice that he would move to make Wednesdays a Government day for the remainder of the session.

Hon. Mr. WOOD moved for a statement of the different items in "Statement of Affairs" in the Public Accounts, &c.—Carried.

Mr. BURPEE moved to refer surveys, plans, reports, and other papers relating to Bay Verte Canal, to the Committee on Fisheries and navigation.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD considered these papers should be referred to the Committee on Banking and Commerce.

After a brief debate the motion was withdrawn.

Mr. DUFRESNE moved that on Monday next the House go into Committee of the Whole to consider a resolution respecting the purchase and exportation by the Government of the depreciated silver coins now in circulation.

Mr. CAYLEY spoke in support of the motion.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said the Government had not been idle in this matter; they had last session imposed a heavy duty on the importation of American silver, and they had already exported a million dollars of silver, in connection with the sale of silver. The quantity of silver afloat in the country was variously estimated at from three to fifteen millions.

The SPEAKER (interrupting) said his attention had been called to a point of order involved in this motion, which should be decided before the discussion went any further. The motion involved a charge upon the public revenue, and should originate by message from his Excellency.

The motion was accordingly withdrawn.

Hon. Mr. WOOD moved for a statement respecting the redemption of Seigniorial Tenure, &c.—Allowed to stand till Monday.

It being six o'clock the SPEAKER left the chair.

After Recess.

The House went into committee on the Bill to authorise an addition to the capital stock of the Canadian Bank of Commerce. Bill reported and ordered to a third reading on Monday next.

A similar Bill relating to the Bank of New Brunswick was passed through committee, and ordered to a third reading on Monday.

The House then went into committee on the Bill respecting pilots for and below Quebec. Reported and ordered to a third reading on Friday.

On motion of Mr. WALSH the Bill respecting the International Bridge Company was read a second time.

Mr. JACKSON moved for copies of reports by the Intercolonial Railway Commissioners, relative to the settlement of lands on the route, &c.—Carried.

Mr. CARMICHAEL moved for a statement of payments made on account of the public debt of Nova Scotia since the 1st of July, 1867.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said to prepare the statement asked for would involve an increased amount of labour, and hon. gentlemen would find all the information in the public accounts of Nova Scotia.

The motion was allowed to stand.

The House then adjourned at 8:50 till Friday at 3 p. m.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 25th inst., the wife of E. D. Smith, Esq., Crown Timber Office, of a son.

LADY YOUNG

WILL

HOLD A RECEPTION

AT

RIDEAU HALL,

ON

SATURDAY, the 29th INSTANT,

AT

HALF-PAST FOUR O'CLOCK.

J G IRVINE,
Lt-Col,
A D C.

Ottawa, 25th May, 1869. 1058td

YOUNG GLENELG.

YOUNG GLENELG was sired by that well known horse, Old Glenelg, owned by John Clark, Esq. His Dam is a pure French Canadian mare, he is 4 years old, stands 17 hands high, with black mane, tail and legs, well built in proportion for draft or for general purposes, and is considered to be as promising a young horse as there is in the county for his age.

MONDAY noon at Michael O'Grady's, Manotick.
Do night at David Kelly's, Osgoode.
TUESDAY noon at Stanley's Hotel, Prescott Road, and call at McMahon's Hotel at 2 of the clock.
Do night at Daze Hotel, Gloucester.
WEDNESDAY noon at John Nelson's, Nepean.
Do night at Robert Nesbitt, do.
THURSDAY noon at William Tooher's, Richmond Road, Nepean.
Do night at
FRIDAY noon at John Stewart's, Richmond.
Do night at the Subscriber's Stables, where he will remain until Monday morning.
SATURDAY noon at
Do night at the Subscriber's Stables, where he will remain until Monday morning

Terms: For Single Leap $3.00, to be paid at the time of service. For the Season $5.00. Notes taken payable 1st January, 1870. All mares at the risk of the owner.

MICHAEL LEAMEY,
Proprietor.

Nepean, 5th May, 1869. 1059.1.22.1

NOTICE.

MR. CHARLES MOHR

begs to notify all interested that he has changed his residence from

FITZROY, CARLETON Co., TO ONSLOW,

Co. Pontiac.

May 26. 1059.1.22d

JUST RECEIVED,

N Y Ledger and Chimney Corner, Harper's Magazine for June, Thomas Moore's Utopia, Christie's Faith, Carry's Confession, Mattie: A Stray; All in the Dark, Appleton's Edition of Dickens, at

HAUSER'S NEWS DEPOT,
and Circulating Library, Sparks st.

Amusements.

AT THE SKATING RINK.

Manager.................. *Mr. Marshall.*

THE LONDON

COMEDY AND BURLESQUE

COMPANY,

Will open

SATURDAY, MAY 29TH.

Ottawa, May 26, 1869. 1059td

THE GREAT

SCOTTISH VIOLINIST,

ROBINSON LYON,

has consented to give a CONCERT in GOWAN'S HALL, Ottawa, on
SATURDAY EVENING, 29TH INSTANT.
He will be assisted by his DAUGHTER on the PIANO.
READINGS by PROF. HENRY LLOYD in the course of the entertainment.
Mr. LYON will play a large number of his favourite Scottish and other airs, together with the pieces played by him before the Caledonia Society in Montreal, and for which he gained the first prize, as the best Scottish Violinist in Canada.
Doors open at 8 p.m. Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN. 1058-3

SKATING RINK.

THURSDAY, 27TH MAY.

GRAND FESTIVAL CONCERT

BY

F. J. PRUME,

(Violin Soloist to H.M. the King of Belgium)

ASSISTED BY

DISTINGUISHED AMATEURS.

☞ Tickets 50 cents.
Tickets for sale at Orme & Son's music store, Sparks street, Bartlett's confectionary, Sussex street, and at the Russell House.
Doors open at half-past seven, concert to commence at eight o'clock.
For particulars see the programme. 1057-3

(Circular No. 51.)

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 16th May, 1869.

SIR,—

It having been represented to this Department that in violation of the law large quantities of American silver coins are brought into Canada without entry and payment of duty, I have to call your attention to the subject and to enjoin upon you increased vigilance in the discharge of your duty and that of your officers along the frontier in the prevention of smuggling, and you are specially to enquire of travellers and others whether they have in their possession either on their persons or in their baggage, any American silver, and you or your officers are to seize and report any such silver which may be attempted to smuggle, taking particular care that, in the discharge of this duty, you discriminate between a clear design to defraud the revenue and an unintentional breach of the law, in which latter case no seizure should be made, but the officer should see that the silver is duly entered and duty paid.

It need scarcely be added that in the performance of this delicate duty the greatest circumspection and courtesy should be observed by the officers towards all persons with whom they may be brought in official contact.

I am,
Sir,
Your obdt servt,
R S M BOUCHETTE.

P S—American silver coins, as loose change, not exceeding $5, may be brought in by any traveller without being subject to report and entry. 1059.3

NEW STORE OPENED

BY PATK. BASKERVILLE,

No. 36, Rideau st.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

A well assorted stock of GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, PROVISIONS, constantly on hand, consisting of a large assortment of

Teas, Sugars, Spices, Sauces, &c., Wines, Brandies, Gin, Irish and Scotch Whiskeys, Best Highwines and Old Rye,

Hams, Pork, Flour, Cheese, Butter, and Eggs, &c.

P BASKERVILLE,
No. 36, Rideau st, 2 doors east of Workman & Griffin's.

COW STRAYED.—On the 17th inst., from Le Breton's Flats, a RED and WHITE MILCH COW, long horns and tail. Any person who can furnish information for the recovery of the same will be suitably rewarded. Apply at
FRANCIS DUHAMEL, Butcher,
1058.3 Le Breton's Flats, Chaudiere.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

To let, for the summer months, a house in the vicinity of Daly st, containing nine rooms and a kitchen. Completely furnished, with use of Piano. Small garden attached. Rent moderate. Possession given the first week in June. Apply at this office.

May 26. 1058tf

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on

Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant,

at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Little's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into fee, hold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

The above sale is POSTPONED until the SECOND day of JUNE, 1869, at the same hour and place.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

1059td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

For and on Account of Whom it May Concern.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell by Auction at his sale rooms, Rideau-st., East end Sappers' Bridge, on FRIDAY, MAY 28th, 1869, a large number of CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES. There are some fifteen different styles in the consignment. They are got up in the latest style, and made of the best material, and will be sold without reserve.
Terms of sale cash in bankable funds.
Sale to commence at 4 o'clock, p.m., sharp.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 25, 1869. 1058td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

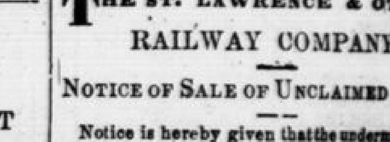
Crockery, China and Glassware.

The subscriber will commence the sale of the balance of the CROCKERY, CHINA and GLASSWARE, saved from the late fire, on FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 28th, 1869. The stock consists of tea sets of china, bed-room sets of stoneware, &c., ware platters, bakers' dishes, &c., &c., soup tureens, vegetable dishes, fruit bowls, &c. decanters, both cut and pressed glass, goblets, wines, tumblers, celery glasses, butter coolers, &c. These goods must positively be closed out in order to make room for other consignments.
Terms of sale cash.
Sale to commence at 7 p.m.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 25. 1058td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.



THE ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA

RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE OF SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned articles, being Freight and Baggage, which have remained unclaimed on the premises of the Company for a period of upwards of six months, and the freight charges and warehouse rent on which remain unpaid, will be sold at the Company's Station, in the City of Ottawa, by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th JUNE next, at TEN o'clock in the morning, viz:

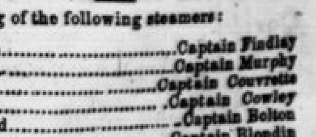
1865—January, T B & Co, Tongue, Browse & Co, 1 box axes; October, C Rogers, 1 box books; October, McLaren, 1 box bibles; October, J Fraser, 21 plough points; Nov, R McGregor, 1 horse power. 1866—March, W Hearn, 1 package; April, A Lacour, 6 cast iron plates; April, M S Stevenson, 2 cases liquor; May, C Munro, 1 pinion wheel; August, J T Allen, 7 boxes seeds; August, Shaker & Risley, 7 boxes seeds; Aug, Shaker & Risley, 1 bundle (5 boxes) seeds; Aug, John Crichton, 1 keg, empty; September, J F, 1 brl, empty; Sept, E B Gallup, 1 lot window blinds; November, T Isaac, 3 cast iron pots; December, E B Gallup, 1 large window frame. 1867—January, J & B Grier, 1 box e plate; June, J Clothier, 1 chain & anchor; August, O Laframboise, 1 boat, 3 oars; July, R Hay, 1 empty keg; July, G Peters, 1 canoe; August, J C K, 1 keg sundries; November, E Tobin, 1 boat. 1868—January, R J Rodden, 1 stove front and doors; January, G Co, Ottawa Gas Co, 1 stove b'tm; January, W Robinson, 3 barrels oil; January, J Lyons, 1 barrel; May, J Heney, 1 light waggon; June, E O Perkins, 1 barrel oil; June, Brouson, Weston & Co, 1 barrel oil; Oct, Hon J Skead, 1 chop mill; October, John McHale, 1 bedstead; June, G Newill, 1 can oil; June, J McD, J McDonald, 8 Iron Axles.

The following articles are without mark or address, or have been refused: 3 pieces baggage, 2 cases woodware, 1 safety valve, 2 bundles paper, 7 kegs seeds, 4 iron axes, 2 trunks, 1 carpet bag, 1 ditto, 1 chest tea, 11 brooms, 24 empty barrels, 10 empty kegs, 3 valises, 2 carpet bags, 2 oil cloth travelling bags, 1 band-box, 1 hat box, 1 coat, 1 jar, 1 canvas bag of clothing, 1 chest.

The whole will be sold by Mr. H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, without reserve, at the time and place above stated.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, 21st May, 1869. 1058td



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE.

Consisting of the following steamers:

Ann Sisson	Captain Findlay
Alliance	Captain Murphy
Emerald	Captain Couvrette
Oregon	Captain Cowley
Jason Gould	Captain Bolton
Pontiac	Captain Blondin
Pembroke	Captain Duggan
Snow Bird	Captain Beattie

Until further notice the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., touching at March and Quio, and connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railway at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf and Portage du Fort.

Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the steamer *Alliance*, for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke daily at 7 o'clock, a.m., for Des Joachims and intermediate ports, returning same day.

The *Jason Gould* leaves Pembroke landing daily at 5 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arrive at Aylmer at 4 o'clock, p.m.

The *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere Point, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

Freight of any description forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of timber and sawlogs.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, at Ottawa or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, May 21, 1869.

LOST, on Wednesday afternoon, between Wellington and Rideau-sts., a lady's GOLD PIN, set with pearls, and initials on back. Apply to HALL'S CONFECTIONERY, Wellington st.

May 20. 1054.3

TO LET, a very desirable residence on Maria street, isolated, opposite the New School House, being a Brick Building, containing drawing room, parlor and eight bed-rooms, with basement breakfast room, pantry and kitchen, with pump. There is a good yard with stable and wood sheds.

Rent (£60) sixty pounds, with taxes. Possession immediately. Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Elgin street.
1057a

May 24th, 1869.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE SOCI[ETY]

At a meeting of the members o[f the St.] Jean Baptiste Society, held in the h[all of the] *Institut Canadien*, on the 23rd May [...] Dorion having been called to the [chair, the] Treasurer, J. W. Peachy, Esq., read [his report] for the current year, after which th[e election] of the officers of the society was p[roceeded] with.

Moved by J. W. Peachy, Esq., se[conded by] Dr. St. Jean, that Joseph Aumond [be] elected President of the St. Jean [Baptiste] Society, of the city of Ottawa, for th[e current] year.—Carried.

Moved by Louis Cadieux, Esq., [seconded] by B. Lapierre, Esq., that Dr. Be[...] elected 1st vice-President.—Carried.

Moved by Dr. A. Grison, Esq., sec[onded by] O. Durocher, Esq., that L. N. Duver[nay] be elected 2nd vice-President.—Carr[ied.]

Moved by O. Barrette, Esq., secon[ded by] Laverdure, Esq., that H. Lapierre, [be] elected Recording Secretary.—Carri[ed.]

Moved by Dr. Beaubien, seconde[d by] Groulx, Esq., that Dr. J. E. Dorion [be] Corresponding Secretary.—Carried.

Moved by Eugene Martineau, Esq[., seconded] by Isidore Champagne, Esq., that J. W[...] Esq., be elected Treasurer.—Carried.

Moved by Napoleon Casault, Esq[., seconded] by Benjamin Blais, Esq., that the [following] gentlemen be elected directors of ce[...] Dr. St. Jean, M. Tetu, Ulric Peltie[r ...] main.—Carried.

Moved by Ulric Peltier, Esq., se[conded by] Pierre Charbonneau, Esq., that the [following] gentlemen do constitute the com[mittee of] management:

E. Martineau, J. Traversy, E. [...] S. M. Bouchette, E. P. Dorion, G. E. [...] T. Trudeau, E. Gélinas, S. Drapea[u, ...] main, B. Lapierre, Dr. Robillard, D[...] Louis Cadieux, E. Blain de St. [...] Marier, I. Champagne, J. A. Pin[ard ...] Grison, J. P. Leprohon, Paul F[...] Dufour, L. David, A. Rathier, C. La[...] J. B. Cantin, P. Chenet, J. B. Gué[...] Rocque, J. B. Parent, X. Groulx, [...] F. Pellant, P. Poulin, H. Parent, [...] Papillon, Ant. Champagne, J. Gro[...] rocher, H. Pinard, J. Pinard, P. [...] Charbonneau, E. Laverdure, B. [...] Barrette, L. Pinard, E. Bonneau, Ed[...] B. B. Larivière, F. X. Landriau, [...] A. Chevrier, E. Proulx, E. Phili[...] Ebéaume, N. Boulé, C. Bordeleau, [...] rier, P. Chabot, A. Roy, P. L[...] Chevrier, G. Gauthier, A. Renaud, [...] beau, A. Foisy, Léon Roy, Jacob [...] Roy, J. B. Archambault.—Carried.

Moved by Dr. Beaubien, seconde[d by] Grison, Esq., that the thanks of t[his society] be tendered to G. E. Desbarats, E[sq., for the] able manner in which he has disc[harged the] duties of President of the Society.

Moved by Dr. St. Jean, secon[ded by] Martineau, Esq., that the thanks of [this meet]ing be tendered to Dr. Dorion for p[residing at] the meeting of the society this day.

The meeting then adjourned u[ntil ...] next at 8 p.m.

J. E. DORION,
Corresponding Se[cretary.]

Ottawa, 23rd May, 1869.

BOARD OF ROMAN CATHOL[IC SEPA]RATE SCHOOLS.

Special Meeting.

OTTAWA, 21st M[ay.]

Present—Chas. McCarron, Esq., [...] Messrs. J. Ahearn, J. Larose, Wm. [...] Dufour, S. Champagne, and J. W. [...]

The minutes of the last meeting [were read] and adopted.

Several petitions and accounts we[re] laid on the table, also report No. [3 of the] Finance and Assessment Committ[ee.]

On motion of Joseph Larose, s[econded by] S. Champagne, the report No. 3 of [the Com]mittee on Finance and Assessment [...] was received and adopted.

REPORT NO. 3.

BOARD OF R. C. SEPARATE SCHOOLS F[INANCE] AND ASSESSMENT COM[MITTEE.]

OTTAWA, 21st May[...]

Your committee having had und[er consider]ation the several petitions and a[ccounts re]ferred to them, would beg leave to [recommend] the payment of the following acc[ounts,] having been found correct, viz.:

N. Germain for stoves and stovepip[es ...]
John Heney for fire wood..........
Duvernay Freres for printing [...] stationery..........
F. Nolan for special services..........
Christian Bros. for several articles [for the] use of schools..........

They would also recommend a [remission of] taxes to the following persons, [viz.:] Tobin—rate bill for 1868, Mrs. Wi[...] Mrs. Joseph Landry, and Mrs. W[...] Kinsella, their respective taxes fo[r ...]

They cannot recommend any r[emission of] taxes to the following persons, vi[z.:] Francis Friel, Jas. Goodie, Esm[...] and Mrs. Widow J. Meyers.

Humbly submitted,
(Signed,) WM. FINLEY, C[hairman.]
SERAPHIN CHAM[PAGNE.]
JOSEPH LAROS[E.]

On motion of J. Ahearn, seco[nded by ...] Dufour, the petitions of Paul Faver[...] tin Hauser, Bridget Corcoran, P. [...] J. L. P. O'Hanly, and the account[s of ...] and Annable, Louis Tasse, and Jo[...] were referred to the Committee [on Finance] and Assessment.

On motion of Wm. Finley, seco[nded by ...] Ahearn, the Chairman was authori[zed to sign] cheques in favour of the sever[al teachers] under the Board for their salary for [the month] ended on the 30th ult., and for on[e month's] rent of the several school houses f[or the same] period.

On motion of J. W. Peachy, se[conded by] Wm. Finley, the Chairman was au[thorized to] sign a cheque in favour of the Chr[istian Brothers] for the sum of $70, being for a[...] lieu of garden and well for the pa[...]

The Board then adjourned.

J. W. P[EACHY,]
Sec.-T[reas.]

WE notice at the establishm[ent of ...] Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Ru[ssell House,] large arrivals of room papers upo[n ...] they present styles truly credit[able to the] proprietor in selection. We und[erstand his] connections with large manuf[acturers in] Manchester afford advantages wh[ich enable] him to sell his paper at 20 per [cent reduc]tion from former prices. We [...] recognise the principle in the es[...] of small profits and quick returns [...]

PARTIES requiring new carpet[s, oil] cloths, or other house furnishing[s would do] well to inspect Magee & Russell['s] stock before purchasing, as [they have] recently received large additions [of this sea]son's patterns from the most [celebrated] makers in Britain. Carpets made [by] competent upholsterers.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—[...] Mutchmor & Co. make this de[partment a] speciality; they have just receiv[ed a large] and complete stock of carpets, floo[r cloths,] curtain materials, &c., to which [they invite] the attention of parties furnishing.

MILLINERY.—T. & W. Hunton [have se]cured the services of a first-class [milliner;] orders with which they may be [favoured will] be executed with superior taste.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is, [those who have] either used the article themselves or [seen its] effects when used by others; all su[ch ...] are only fit to judge, are unanimous [in saying] that "Darley's Condition Powders [and] Heave Remedy" is superior to an[ything of the] kind heretofore or at present in us[e for] colds, thick wind, and all diseases [...] the wind of horses. As a conditio[n powder it] has no equal; there is nothing in [it to] injure a horse whether sick or well—[...] horse be kept from working while [...] just the article which all who own h[orses ...] and which they should have constant[ly ...] Remember the name, and see that th[e name of] Hurd & Co. is on each package. N[orthrop & Ly]man Newcastle, Ont., proprietors fo[r ...]

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We r[...] been a race between the New York [...] obtain possession of one George Wa[...] who is said to be several inches [...] General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. [Barnum] succeeded in getting him for three y[ears ...] 000, board and expenses. Is it not [...] to be a small man! and is it not equa[lly ...] have a medicine that can be depe[nded on for] curing colds, rheumatism, burns, br[uises,] complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get a[bottle] of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," [...] medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE SOCIETY.

At a meeting of the members of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, held in the hall of the *Institut Canadien*, on the 23rd May inst., Dr. Dorion having been called to the chair, the Treasurer, J. W. Peachy, Esq., read his report for the current year, after which the election of the officers of the society was proceeded with.

Moved by J. W. Peachy, Esq., seconded by Dr. St. Jean, that Joseph Aumond, Esq., be elected President of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, of the city of Ottawa, for the current year.—Carried.

Moved by Louis Cadieux, Esq., seconded by R. Lapierre, Esq., that Dr. Beaubien be elected 1st vice-President.—Carried.

Moved by L. A. Grison, Esq., seconded by O. Durocher, Esq., that L. N. Duvernay, Esq., be elected 2nd vice-President.—Carried.

Moved by O. Barrette, Esq., seconded by E. Laverdure, Esq., that H. Lapierre, Esq., be elected Recording Secretary.—Carried.

Moved by Dr. Beaubien, seconded by F. X. Groulx, Esq., that Dr. J. E. Dorion be elected Corresponding Secretary.—Carried.

Moved by Eugene Martineau, Esq., seconded by Isidore Champagne, Esq., that J. W. Peachy, Esq., be elected Treasurer.—Carried.

Moved by Napoleon Casault, Esq., seconded by Benjamin Blais, Esq., that the following gentlemen be elected directors of ceremonies: Dr. St. Jean, M. Tetu, Ulric Peltier, E. Germain.—Carried.

Moved by Ulric Peltier, Esq., seconded by Pierre Charbonneau, Esq., that the following gentlemen do constitute the committee of management:

E. Martineau, J. Traversy, E. Parent, R. S. M. Bouchette, E. P. Dorion, G. E. Desbarats, T. Trudeau, E. Gélinas, S. Drapeau, N. Germain, R. Lapierre, Dr. Robillard, Dr. Valade, Louis Cadieux, E. Blain de St. Aubin, P. Marier, I. Champagne, J. A. Pinard, L. A. Grison, J. P. Leprohon, Paul Favreau, P. Dufour, L. David, A. Rathier, C. Laframboise, J. B. Cantin, P. Chenet, J. B. Guérard, L. A. Rocque, J. B. Parent, X. Groulx, D. Roy, J. F. Pellant, P. Poulin, H. Parent, N. Tétu, S. Papillon, Ant. Champagne, J. Groulx, O. Durocher, H. Pinard, J. Pinard, P. Rocque, P. Charbonneau, E. Laverdure, B. Blais, O. Barrette, L. Picard, E. Bonneau, Ed. A. Carter, B. B. Larivière, F. X. Landriau, O. Roberge, A. Chevrier, E. Proulx, E. Philion, L. A. Rheaume, N. Boulé, C. Bordeleau, N. Chevrier, P. Chabot, A. Roy, P. Leblanc, L. Chevrier, G. Gauthier, A. Renaud, Paul Tousseau, A. Foisy, Léon Roy, Jacob Fink, Aug. Roy, J. B. Archambault.—Carried.

Moved by Dr. Beaubien, seconded by L. A. Grison, Esq., that the thanks of the meeting be tendered to G. E. Desbarats, Esq., for the able manner in which he has discharged the duties of President of the Society.

Moved by Dr. St. Jean, seconded by E. Martineau, Esq., that the thanks of the meeting be tendered to Dr. Dorion for presiding at the meeting of the society this day.

The meeting then adjourned until Friday next at 8 p.m.

J. E. DORION,
Corresponding Secretary,
St. J.B.S.O.

Ottawa, 23rd May, 1869.

BOARD OF ROMAN CATHOLIC SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

Special Meeting.

OTTAWA, 21st May, 1869.

Present—Chas. McCarron, Esq., chairman; Messrs. J. Ahearn, J. Larose, Wm. Finley, P. Dufour, S. Champagne, and J. W. Peachy.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

Several petitions and accounts were read and laid on the table, also report No. 3 of the Finance and Assessment Committee.

On motion of Joseph Larose, seconded by S. Champagne, the report No. 3 of the Committee on Finance and Assessment, just read, was received and adopted.

REPORT NO. 3.

BOARD OF R. C. SEPARATE SCHOOLS FINANCE AND ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE, OTTAWA, 21st May, 1869.

Your committee having had under consideration the several petitions and accounts referred to them, would beg leave to recommend the payment of the following accounts, they having been found correct, viz.:

N. Germain for stoves and stovepipes.	$ 19 84
John Heney for fire wood	134.00
Duvernay Freres for printing and stationery	54 45
F. Nolan for special services	25.00
Christian Bros. for several articles for use of schools	42 89

They would also recommend a remission of taxes to the following persons, viz.: Mrs. Tobin—rate bill for 1868, Mrs. Widow Keely, Mrs. Joseph Landry, and Mrs. Widow Mary Kinsella, their respective taxes for 1868.

They cannot recommend any remission of taxes to the following persons, viz.: Messrs. Francis Friel, Jas. Goodie, Esmonde Bros., and Mrs. Widow J. Meyers.

Humbly submitted,
(Signed,) WM. FINLEY, Chairman.
SERAPHIN CHAMPAGNE,
JOSEPH LAROSE.

On motion of J. Ahearn, seconded by P. Dufour, the petitions of Paul Favreau, Augustin Hauser, Bridget Corcoran, P. Poulin, jr., J. L. P. O'Hanly, and the accounts of Oliver and Annable, Louis Tasse, and John Finley, were referred to the Committee on Finance and Assessment.

On motion of Wm. Finley, seconded by J. Ahearn, the Chairman was authorized to sign cheques in favour of the several teachers under the Board for their salary for the quarter ended on the 30th ult., and for one quarter's rent of the several school houses for the same period.

On motion of J. W. Peachy, seconded by Wm. Finley, the Chairman was authorised to sign a cheque in favour of the Christian Bros. for the sum of $70, being for allowance in lieu of garden and well for the past year.

The Board then adjourned.

J. W. PEACHY,
Sec.-Treasurer.

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognise the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

PARTIES requiring new carpets, floor oil cloths, or other house furnishings, would do well to inspect Magee & Russell's extensive stock before purchasing, as they have recently received large additions of this season's patterns from the most celebrated makers in Britain. Carpets made and laid by competent upholsterers.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

MILLINERY.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who ave either used the articles themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showman to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

JOB WORK, including PAMPHLETS, POSTERS DODGERS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS, CARDS, &c., printed at THE TIMES office, at low rates, and with neatness and despatch.

LOCAL NEWS.

CORPUS CHRISTI.—This being the festival of Corpus Christi, is a statutory holiday, and the Banks and public offices will be closed. The usual procession of the Host will be held on Sunday, proceeding from the Cathedral through the adjacent streets.

THE GREAT SCOTTISH VIOLINIST.—Mr. Robinson Lyon we notice is to give a concert in Gowan's Hall, on Saturday evening next, 29th inst. He will be assisted by his daughter on the piano. The entertainment will be varied by readings, to be given by Prof. Henry Lloyd.

COMEDY AND BURLESQUE.—We are about to have for a short time a theatrical company here. "The London Comedy and Burlesque Company" have taken the Rink, and will open on Saturday evening. It is said to be a strong company, and to have a number of good actors and actresses.

PRUME'S CONCERT.—Prume, the great violinist, will give his festival concert at the Skating Rink, this evening. Mr. Mayerhoffer, a gentleman who has acquired an extensive reputation for his performances on the piano, will assist, as well as several distinguished amateurs. We presume there will be a good attendance.

VICTORIA COLLEGE.—The meeting held in the Wesleyan Methodist Chapel, on Tuesday evening, for the purpose of making an appeal for Victoria College, resulted in subscriptions, we believe, amounting to some seven or eight hundred dollars. This was not as much as might have been expected, still there is no fear but the wealthy members of that flourishing denomination will come forward with all the aid required.

POOR CATTLE.—We saw a group of ten or a dozen poor cattle on the Haymarket Square for sale yesterday, and such objects we hope were never seen before. Good and well bred milch cows, heifers and steers had been reduced by starvation almost to skin and bone, in consequence of the late scarcity of hay. We have seen hay at $40 a ton this winter, but never before so fully comprehended the hay famine as by the illustration afforded by those poor starved cattle.

THE MAGAZINES.—We have received from Messrs. Durie & Son *The Edinburgh Review* for April, and *Blackwood's Magazine* for May. New York—The Leonard Scott Publishing Company. Ottawa—Durie & Son. *Ed. Review* contents: Confucius; Edible Fungi; The Competitive Industry of Nations; Memoir of Madame de Lafayette; The Settlement of Ulster; Dilke's Greater Britain; Mathew Arnold's Critical Works; American Finance, 1865-1869; Life and Times of Edward III.; Campbell's Lives of Lyndhurst and Brougham. *Blackwood*—contents: How Lisa loved the King; A Year and a Day Part I.; Cornelius O'Dowd; A Page of Autobiography; Jail deliveries; Breach of Promise to Mary; Inscrutable People; The two Dromios, Eloquence for every one; Sir John Lawrence Part II.; Convent Life; Self Government in Ireland; The Progress of the Revolution.

FAREWELL SUPPER TO MAJOR SEALE.—It having become known that Major Seale's business relations required his future residence in Montreal, a number of his friends, including Lt.-Col. Powell and several other volunteer officers, determined that he should not leave the city unnoticed; and, therefore, improvised a supper to be given in his honour. Accordingly a number of highly respectable gentlemen sat down last evening, at Mr. Patrick O'Meara's, to as choice and elegant a little supper as the most fastidious epicure could reasonably desire. Lieutenant-Colonel Powell presided, having on his right the guest of the evening, and on his left Mr. Prince, M. P. The vice-chair was occupied by Mr. Alderman Mosgrove. After the cloth was removed, all the usual loyal toasts were drank, the chairman then in a speech, overflowing with the most laudatory and friendly sentiments, proposed the health and God speed to Major Seale, which was received with raptures of applause, and drank with appropriate honours, when the Major returned thanks in a most feeling manner. It was a very pleasant meeting, and worthy the occasion.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CONFERENCE.—The Bay Quinte Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in Canada, commenced its annual session yesterday, in the York st. Church, in this city. The Conference was opened by Bishop Richardson, D.D., of Toronto, by reading the 17th chapter of St. John's Gospel, and singing the 146th Hymn, "I Love Thy Kingdom, Lord." Prayer was offered by several of the ministers. The Rev. S. G. Stone, of this city, was re-elected Secretary. The hours of meeting are: Morning Session, 10 to 12; evening, 2 to 5. Doors open to the public. The rest of the morning session was occupied in the appointment of Committees. Afternoon session, Bishop Smith, D.D., in the chair. The appointment of the different committees was then finished—among them was one on temperance, one on Sabbath schools, and one to draft an address to the Governor-General. The usual disciplinary question was then taken up. In the evening the Rev. Wm. Graham preached. There will be preaching every evening during the session of conference by some of its ministers.

POLICE COURT.—L. D. Emond, charged with having foul premises, came up, and the cause of complaint, which it is but just to say, the defendant found there when he came into possession, having been removed, and he was ordered to pay costs only.

Robert Burns, for being drunk and disorderly, was ordered to pay a fine of $2 and costs.

Richard McMillan, charged with interfering with policeman Jordan.—Case adjourned.

James Parsons was charged with the same offence; but, on promising to bring a dozen witnesses to disprove the charge, his case was also adjourned.

Charles Keough was charged with assaulting Daniel Cassidy, and fined $2 and costs.

Ellen Johnston was charged with stealing one pair of boots, the property of Tousaint Groulx, and another pair from Olivier Durocher, was sent to jail for three months at hard labour.

The adjourned case of James Rourke, in which he was charged with entering the storehouse of Mr. Denis Whelan, was called up. It occupied a long time, but was eventually so far proven that the prisoner was sent for trial to the next Quarter Sessions.

A PITIABLE CASE.—On Monday last, when the streets were full of holiday people, celebrating the anniversary of our beloved Queen's Birthday, there was seen a poor young girl, of about eighteen, for whom it had been better if she had never had a birthday of her own, trudging along the middle of the streets, quite regardless of the passing vehicles, by which she was in constant danger of being run over. She carried a bundle in her hand and trod along with infirm and hesitating steps, taking no notice whatever of the gay people on the sidewalks, and by some of them she was unnoticed—but not by all. Many of those who saw her may have thought her appearance and her action strange, and passed on their way. Whither she went no one knew. Yesterday she was seen again on the streets, wandering and forlorn, still carrying her bundle. The attention of the police was attracted to her, and it required little sagacity to perceive that she was labouring under the malady of "a mind diseased." She was persuaded to go to the station, but was not forced. There she told that she had been in the Nunnery Hospital for a pain in her side; how long she was there she could not tell. She was lately sent away. One night—she takes no note of time—she went to a house to ask for lodgings, and was told to go to the stable, or barn, and she did so. Tuesday night she slept in a bed, but does not know where. The most that she knows, is that her name is Mary Fitzgerald, that she was brought up at Snake River, that her father is dead, and her mother is in a lunatic asylum. This is all the verbal story she tells, but the fixed stare of her eyes and her general deportment tell, in unmistakable language, that she inherits her mother's madness. The police in this, as in many other cases, never known to the public, have behaved with the greatest consideration and humanity towards the poor creature. Out of their own scant means they have ordered from a neighbouring boarding house whatever she may require until other provision can be made in her favour.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 26.

A sad accident occurred on Monday, which passed almost unnoticed amongst the day's amusements. Three lads were out boating when the boat capsized; all were thrown into the lake, and two drowned. The third was saved by clinging to the boat. The bodies have not yet been recovered.

The *Algoma* left Collingwood to-day on her second trip to Lake Superior. She has on board a large number of explorers for Fort William, accompanied by Professor Bell, of Montreal, Geological Surveyor, and a party of ten.

Colonel Martindale, the Deputy Comptroller of the Military Department in Canada, is staying at the Rossin House. He is commissioned to put the new control system into operation here.

The bodies of the boys drowned on Monday were recovered this morning by means of dragging. An inquest will be held in the afternoon.

The non-commissioned officers of the 13th Hussars, last night presented Mr. Carr, city clerk, with a handsome silver goblet, as a mark of their esteem on leaving Canada.

The newsboys' lodging house was opened last night. About 80 city arabs were present, and the proceedings were shaped so as to attract them. One piece in the scene, was the distribution of a plum cake, but the boys made such a rush at it that it had to be taken off. Several promised to lodge at the Home, where they will get board and lodging for 12 cents per day. The enterprize is most creditable to the promoters.

The Revision Court to-day made reductions in the assessment of St. James' Ward to the amount of $70,000.

All the old stables and outbuildings on the Government grounds, King-st., were sold to-day, the debris requiring to be removed to make room for new buildings. The amount realized was small.

The excitement about the Royal Canadian Bank has almost disappeared. Notes continue to bring ninty cents and over.

CABLE NEWS

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 21.—The *Times* to-day continues the discussion of the American claims. It argues that the depredations committed by the *Alabama* are identical with cases of wrongful capture, and cannot be removed from that category, on the ground that a friendly spirit was shown in this country previous to the occurrences. Whatever direction our sympathy may have taken it cannot be taken into account before any international tribunal. Let the question of misdirection of sympathy be settled by reflection and cool communings with conscience on both sides, and let the alleged injuries be measured and appraised before the proper tribunal.

LONDON, May 25.—It is definitely ascertained that the rumoured alliance of France, England and Spain against the United States is without any foundation.

CORK, May 24.—The police here are taking unusual precautions to prevent an outbreak. Several houses have been searched for concealed arms.

LONDON, May 26.—The Epsom races commenced yesterday. There was a large attendance. Mr. Merry's bay filly *Sunshine*, by *Normandy* out of *Sunbeam*, won the Woodcote Stakes. Mr. Watts' bay filly *Mysotis*, by *Newminster* out of *Souvenier*, won the Paris Stakes.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 26.—An accurate classification of the members of the new Corps Legislatif cannot yet be made, as all the elections have not been ended, and the returns in some cases are still incomplete. In fifty-nine districts the result is so close that a ballot is necessary. Of the candidates whose election is sure forty-one were not members of the last Chamber. The Opposition give six new members, but lose three old ones. M. M. Dreole and Ectrange are elected.

PARIS, May 25—midnight.—All the returns received up to this hour show that 196 official and 26 opposition members have been elected. The elections in 48 districts still remain unheard from.

The *Moniteur* has announced that France and Italy have completed an arrangement for the evacuation of Rome by the French troops in September.

NEW YORK, May 26.—The *Herald's* Paris special says:—The Orleanist Legitimist and moderate Republican candidates have been beaten everywhere in the elections. The Radicals are victorious in Paris and Lyons. M. M. Thiers and Jules Favre are defeated. The new Corps Legislatif will be composed almost wholly of Government and Radical members. It meets June 15th.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 26.—The Cortes is now debating the clauses in the Constitution, which refer to the colonies.

Senor Costello, alluding to Cuba, said if Spain had followed the example of England in her treatment of Canada, by granting the liberties which the colonies now claim for themselves, the outbreak in Cuba would have been prevented.

Marshal Serrano replied that Captain-General Dulce granted the required liberties when he entered upon the government of Cuba, but party spirit blinded some of the inhabitants to the intentions of the Home Government. By the demonstration of physical force, the rebellion had been suppressed, but the moral disorder was disappearing very slowly. When the normal state of the island was restored, the Home Government, acting in connection with the deputies of Cuba, will suppress slavery, and punish all persons engaged in the slave trade.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, May 25.—The Austrian consul at Leghorn, while walking with Colonel Grenville, was killed by an assassin, and Colonel Grenville was wounded. The crime is said to have been prompted by motives of private revenge, and Colonel Grenville was the intended victim.

FLORENCE, May 26.—Fourteen arrests have been made at Leghorn in connection with the attempted assassination of Colonel Grenville. It has been ascertained that political animosity, growing out of the conduct of Colonel Grenville at the seige of Rome in 1849, was the cause of the assault.

CUBA.

NEW YORK, May 26.—It is reported in this city, by well informed persons, that the Spanish Government will soon issue a decree requesting that all citizens of the realm, or its colonies, now residing in foreign countries, and who may own property in Cuba, shall within a stated period register their names with the nearest Consul, and take the oath of allegiance to the mother country. A failure to comply with the order will render all such property liable to seizure.

HAVANA, May 26.—General Letona has been relieved of the Governorship of Puerto Principe, and General Lesca appointed in his place.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

A "Run" on the Atlantic National Bank.

NEW YORK, May 26.—It was stated yesterday that the accounts of W. C. Bushmore, President of the Atlantic National Bank, of Brooklyn, who was killed by the recent Long Island Railroad accident, showed a deficit of nearly $250,000. A slight run was made on the bank, but the directors pledged themselves to carry on the business of the bank.

A Cuban Ambassador to Washington.

The *Rising Star*, from Aspinwall, yesterday brought as passenger, Senor Bethemcourt, Commissioner from the *de facto* Cuban Government, accredited to Washington.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Fire and Loss of Life.

MOBILE, May 26.—A fire occurred on Commerce-st., between St. Michael and St. Louis-sts., last night. Loss between $40,000 and $50,000. Col. L. Woodruff, a prominent business man, and President of the Board of Trade, lost his life; two other men were seriously injured by the falling of the walls.

Injury to Steamers.

ST. LOUIS, May 26.—The steamer *Stonewall*, in a gale last night, was damaged to the amount of several thousand dollars. No lives lost.

CINCINNATI, May 26.—The steamer *Cora* was sunk at Fletcher's landing, 50 miles above the mouth of the Arkansas river, yesterday. Loss very heavy.

Astonishing Walking.

BOSTON, May 26.—Mr. McEttrick last night accomplished the feat of walking in the Boston Skating Rink 100 miles within 24 hours, winning a purse of $2,000. His time, including rests, was 23 hours, 42 minutes and 45 seconds.

From Washington.

NEW YORK, May 26.—The *Post's* Washington special says President Grant has taken into his head the arrangement of our relations with England. It is ascertained from most trustworthy sources that the President considers that England established a precedent during the late war, which cannot be regarded otherwise than exceedingly favourable to the United States. It is, therefore, easily to ask England to retrace her steps so long as she considers herself in the right, and with nothing to fear from the United States in case she should go to war with any other power, the President believes that these are matters which concern England rather than the United States; but that on the other hand, if England sees that she was wrong, and that the same neutrality principles she applied to the United States would prove very disastrous if applied to herself in some future emergency, that it is for her to open again the so-called *Alabama* matter, and make propositions for new negotiations.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

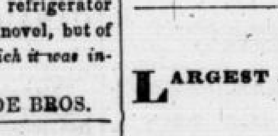
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,	
BRUSSELLS	do.
TAPESTRY	do.
IMPERIAL	do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL	do.
Do. UNION	do.
DUTCH	do.
VENETIAN	do.
MANILLA	do.
HEMP	do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette*,) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO

SAVAGE'S URSINA.

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR,

has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.

It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.

Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.

EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1028eod.3m

Auction Sales.

By John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers, Montreal.

ANNUAL SPRING SALE
at the Warehouse of
BUCHANAN, LECKIE & CO.,
MONTREAL,
OF
FRESH TEAS,
WINES, BRANDY, GIN, RUM,
General Groceries,
&c., &c., &c.,

now receiving and daily expected, ex sundry vessels from

Britain, Charente, Oporto, Antwerp,
ON
WEDNESDAY, the 9th JUNE.

Sale at half-past nine o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
1057td Auctioneers, Montreal.

Dry Goods.

B 4 U

Purchase your Dry Goods,
Ready-made Clothing,
Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,
JUST GIVE
O'MEARA & CO.,
50 Sparks-st.,

a call, and see if they cannot offer you greater inducements than you can get e'sewhere in the city.

If you want a good Wool Tweed for 50 cents,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

If you want a good suit of Clothes, ready-made, for $6,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

If you want a Suit, made to order, for $7,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

If you want any Linen or Lustre Coats from $1 upwards,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

If you want any White Dress Shirts, Under Shirts, Drawers, Hosiery, &c.,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

Having one of the largest stocks in the city, we beg to call the attention of those wishing to avail themselves of the above low prices to call and examine our stock.

OUR MOTTO IS
QUICK SALES & LIGHT PROFITS.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

IF YOU WANT
A FASHIONABLE HAT,
CALL AT H. HODGE'S
NEW DOMINION
HAT AND FUR STORE,
64 SPARKS-ST.,
Opposite the British Lion Hotel,
AND SAVE
TEN PER CENT.

Ottawa, May 21. 1055a

NOW'S
YOUR TIME TO BUY CHEAP.
Clearing sale to make room
FOR SPRING STOCK,
STOVES, LAMPS, &c.

☞ REFRIGERATORS. ☜

We beg to announce that we shall again, this season, have the pleasure of offering for sale the POLAR REFRIGERATOR, and we trust orders will be left early for them. This is the only style of Refrigerator that is gotten up to be an ornament to any room, and not a *big cupboard*. It is really elegant in design, and as for efficiency our Ottawa testimonials are enough to satisfy any one. The *Scientific American* says: This refrigerator has not only the advantage of being novel, but of *fulfilling perfectly the purposes for which it was intended.*

ESMONDE BROS.

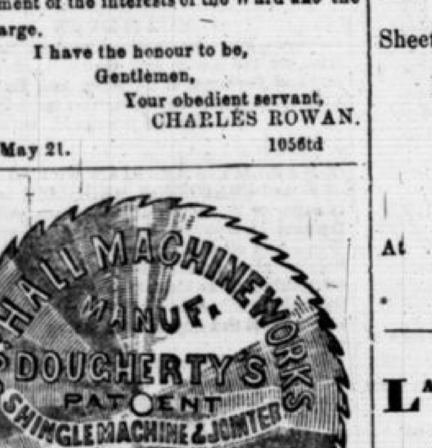
To the Electors of By Ward:

GENTLEMEN,

A number of influential electors of By Ward having requested that I should come forward and present myself as a candidate for the office of Alderman, rendered vacant by the death of Henry J. Friel, Esq., late Mayor of the city, I beg to announce my intention of becoming a candidate. My long residence in the city and By Ward, and the interest which I have in it, will, I trust, be deemed a sufficient reason why I have acceded to the desire of my friends. And my experience in the council, both before and since the incorporation of the city, will, I hope, be received as a proof that I will devote my best energies to the advancement of the interests of the Ward and the city at large.

I have the honour to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
CHARLES ROWAN.

Ottawa, May 21. 1056td



January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

ANY PERSON HAVING FOR SALE a good second-hand SINGLE WAGGON will find a purchaser by applying
TO THE VARIETY HALL

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST
STOCK OF CARPETINGS
AND
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MILLINERY
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MANTLES,
AT MODERATE PRICES,
IN EVERY STYLE,
At
GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Silk Velvets,
Velveteens and
Water-proof Cloakings
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY
DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Satin and Lace,
Plain and Fancy Silk,
Dress Trimmings,
Buttons, Linings, &c.,
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Ribbons, Lace,
Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,
And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Broadcloths, Tweeds,
Coatings, Vestings, and
Tailors' Trimmings
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Sheetings,
Pillow Cottons,
Linens, Prints,
White and Grey Cottons
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF NEW GOODS
In all the Departments, is to be found at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED. ☜

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

CARPETS!
CARPETS!

Per Steamer "Bellona," from London direct.

MAGEE & RUSSELL
WILL SHOW TO-DAY,
NEW BRUSSELS
AND
TAPESTRY CARPETS
☞ OF SUPERIOR QUALITY. ☜
ALSO,
HEARTH RUGS TO MATCH.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

Publications.

JONES & HOLLAND,
News Dealers, Elgin st,
have complete sets of the
YEAR BOOK.

Members of Parliament will do well to supply themselves at once.

The *Gazette*, *Globe* and *Telegraph* supplied at 10 cents per week each.
The N Y Dailies at 30 cents per week.
Diogenes, May 21st, to hand.
Half-Dime Music, &c, &c.

LATE LITERATURE.

J. DURIE & SON have received The Man who Laughs, by Victor Hugo; Breaking a Butterfly, by the author of Guy Livingstone; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; The Girls of Feversham, by Florence Maryatt; Realities of Irish Life, by French, cheap edition; Word Gossip, by Blackley; Horse and Man, by G C S Phillipps; Men, Women and Ghosts, by S E Phelps; Murray's Adventures in the Adirondacks; Seats and Saddle, Bits and Bitting, by Major Dwyer; Liddon's University Sermons; Aunt Judy's May Day Volume; The Trappers' Guide, by Newhouse; Other People's Windows, by the author of the Gentle Life; Carricature History of the Four Georges; The Red River Country, Hudson Bay, and Northwest Territories, by A J Russell, C E. The best books on Flower and Kitchen Gardening. For sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,
HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.
City papers may be had at 6 a. m.
Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald, and all the late American papers.
Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for June received.

THE AUTUMN WREATH,
A POEM
BY WALTER H. DERMOT.

FOR SALE AT THE BOOKSTORES.
PRICE TEN CENTS.

D. FULTON,
General Agent.

Ottawa, May 20. 1054a

THE
RED RIVER COUNTRY,
HUDSON'S BAY & NORTH-WEST
TERRITORIES,
considered in relation to Canada.

BY A. J. RUSSELL, C. E.,
and Inspector of Crown Timber Agencies, Canada, E. & W.

Followed by the last Report of S. J. DAWSON C.E., on the Route of Communication to Red River.

Illustrated by a Map.

The above work is now ready and for sale at the bookstores. Price 75 cents.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Publisher.

Ottawa, 17th May, 1869. 1052-17

PLANTS! PLANTS! PLANTS!

FOR SALE by the subscriber GOOD and HARDY PLANTS of all descriptions, viz.: CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWERS, TOMATOES, &c, &c.

J. H. PATTERSON,
Inkerman Cottage,
Canal Bank.

1054a

SIMCOE OLD RYE.
(Ritchie, Ford & Co.)
Just received.
JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047tf

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.
The first of the season.
Just received.
JAS. BUCHANAN'S,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC,
BY DR. G. SCHILLING.

I purpose to RESIDE IN OTTAWA during the next two summer months, July and August, and intend to devote part of my time there to my profession, the instruction in music (singing, Piano, Organ, Theorie, etc.) Whoever wishes to profit by this is requested to make their applications VERY SOON, as I shall accept only a VERY LIMITED number of pupils during that time. Particulars about terms, etc., will be given in answer to a written application.

DR. G. SCHILLING,
1055b Montreal.

DRESS & CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank st, third door from Sparks st, where she will be happy to attend to heir orders.

Machine Stitching and Quilting done in the latest styles.

Apprentices wanted. 1056.3

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned:

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to su the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES
RYE,
PROOF, and
MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for
REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated
HAMS,
BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

JOSEPH HALL
MACHINE WORKS,
ESTABLISHED 1851,
JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.
PROPRIETORS
OSHAWA, ONTARIO,

Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

☞ We also manufacture all kinds of Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c. Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

METROPOLITAN
RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

Members of the above association are hereby notified that the Rideau Rifle Range will be open to them for practice on every Monday during the season, commencing on MONDAY, the 24th INSTANT.

By order,
W H FALLS, Lieut.
Asst Secretary.

Ottawa, May 21, 1869. 1056.1

THE OTTAWA TIMES, MAY 27.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, May 27, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@ 6 50
No. 1	4 75	@ 5 00
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@ 3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@ 2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@ 7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@ 3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 1 30
Spring " "	1 00	@ 1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@ 2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@ 28 00
Prime Mess per do.	none.	
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@ 11 25
Hams	0 15	@ 0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.	
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@ 0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@ 0 70
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@ 2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@ 0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@ 0 22
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 00	@ 0 15
Apples—per brl	0 00	@ 4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 00	@ 0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@ 28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 50	@ 5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@ 4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@ 3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@ 0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@ 5 50

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Teas.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

TRADE O. A. A. & Co. MARK.

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable men to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade. Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Cattees and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Cattees, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money can be collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. Where there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we will send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs, and sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, will receive one of their own choice in return at our expense.

We subjoin a list of our prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Pound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the address,

A. O. AUDY & CO., Box 201, P. O., Ottawa, or Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, May 8, 1869.

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,

Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,

GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,

AND

DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,

1002tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE

"ROCKET,"

WINNER OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE

IN 1863,

Height 15½ hands.

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of

MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON, Clarence-st., near the Market.

Terms $10 for the season.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

34 SUSSEX-ST.

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to

JOHN COOK, Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX, Plantagenet Mills, Ontario.

1043tf

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to

ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET, AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to

R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to

S. CHRISTIE, Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,

1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. I. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD, Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a mortgage made by MICHAEL O'BRIEN, of the township of Fitzroy, in the county of Carleton, yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Esquire, now deceased, to which mortgage JANE O'BRIEN, the wife of the said Michael O'Brien, was made a party, for the purpose of barring dower only, of Lot number Sixteen, in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. SCOTT & ROSS, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of MAY, 1869, at TWELVE o'clock noon.

Margaret Malloch, the devisee named in the last will and testament of the said Edward Malloch, Esquire, deceased, will only covenant that she has done no act to incumber.

The purchaser will accept the title as it stood at the execution of the mortgage.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

1049td W. A. ROSS, Vendor's Solicitor.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.35.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,

J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

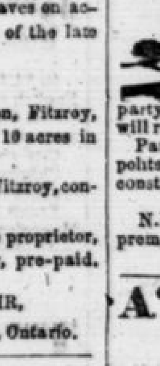
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his

BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT

REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS.

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD, 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

1043.20d

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.

FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.

GRASS and CLOVER SEED.

WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

A beautiful and varied assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,

BATHS, of all kinds,

TOILET SETTS,

Plain and Ornamented,

REFRIGERATORS!

REFRIGERATORS

McKelvy's Patent:

We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!

Best patterns in use.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st.,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TIN SPICE BOXES, A novelty,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P. Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' *bills.*

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour.

Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine o.	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO., Little Sussex-st., Canal Basin.

W. H. EASTON. 982tf E. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,*

75.y House, Land and General Agent.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

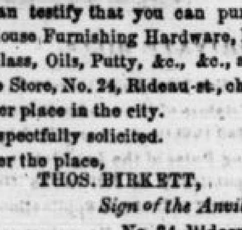
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st. Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Remember the place,

THOS. BIRKETT, *Sign of the Anvil,* No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M. R. C. S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

959y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,

Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Boughton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND, Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa,

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

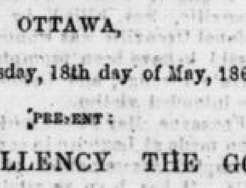
JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.

506y

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st.



GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 18th day of May, 1869.

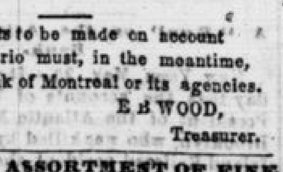
PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th section of the Act 31 Vic, Cap 6, intituled, "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that "Byng Inlet," situate at the mouth of the River Maganetawan, on the Georgian Bay, in the Province of Ontario, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be an Out Port of Entry under the Survey of the Port of Toronto.

WM H LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

1057.3



NOTICE.

All payments to be made on account Province of Ontario must, in the meantime, paid into the Bank of Montreal or its agencies.

E B WOOD, Treasurer.

1055tf

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Legal Cards.

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

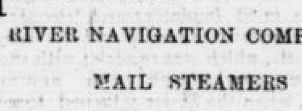
Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,

863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA

RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMERS

HAVE

COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS

BETWEEN

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

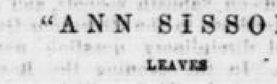
R. W. SHEPHERD, Manager.

May 7, 1869. 1043tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,

Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

LEAVES

AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMERS: "ALLIANCE,"

"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"

FOR

DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

1042tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York or to F. BRICK, BRUSH & CO., Ottawa

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery

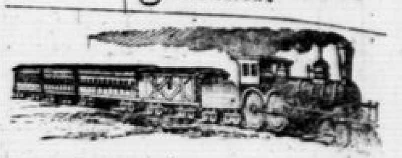
Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 882y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Railroads.



CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER TUESDAY, MAY 18TH, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.	1.00 a.m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p.m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west, also with the steamers of the Royal Mail Line.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p m at 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 7.45 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 2:15 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

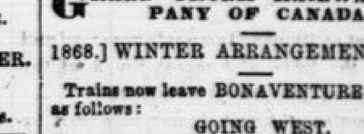
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 9:10 a m

Night do do do do ... 8:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:00 a m

Trains for Lachine at ... 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... [illegible] a m

Express for Boston at ... [illegible] a m

Express for New York and Boston at ... 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at [illegible]

Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

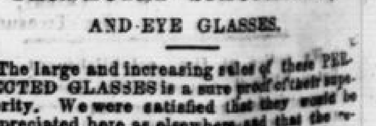
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of their PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD, 30 Sparks-st., Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion."—Prof. LETHEBY'S Cantor Lectures.

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, Paris.

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director. ALEX ROBERTSON, Editor.

VOL. IV. N

Marriage Licen

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCE of Ottawa, by commission from His the Governor-General:

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rid

Ottawa, April 9, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL

28 Sparks-st., Ottaw

Toilet Boxes in variety,

Rimmel's New Perfumes,

Cambridge Bouquet,

Oxford Bouquet,

English Lav

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,

Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,

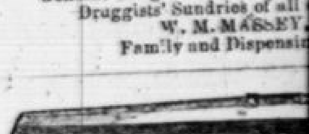
Improved Perfumed Dis

&c.,

A complete stock just received of Toil Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals Druggists' Sundries of all

W. M. MASSEY, Family and Dispensin



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOL

AND

UNDERTAKE

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing the ings for any kind of wood work wil correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FUR

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in country.

METALLIC AND OTHER C

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGON

for the removal of household furniture waggons for lumber and other heavy

N.B.—Residence at the west end of st., opposite the market

WATCHES

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appoint HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYA

AND

COURT OF SPAIN

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LO MISSIONERS OF THE ADMIR

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great Internat tion of London, 1862, and of the versal Exhibition of Paris, 1

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,

Spark

Agent for Ottawa an

For the sale of these *celebrated Timek*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Domi sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the ele presentatives in the Council of the Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, f Territorial Divisions constituted by 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE nex

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voti which will be sent from this office, to tered practitioner on the 20th day of M

These voting papers must be filled to instructions which will accompany transmitted to the Returning Officer of in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened turning Officers of the several Territori at two o'clock, p.m., on the day abov the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division
Malahide and Tecumseth do
Saugeen and Brock do
Gore and Thames do
Erie and Niagara do
Burlington and Home do
Midland and York do
King's and Queen's do
Newcastle and Trent do
Quinte and Cataraqui do
Bathurst and Rideau do
St. Lawrence and Eastern do

The names of the Returning Officers nished on a printed envelope to be enc registered practitioner.

H. STRANG Registra

Medical Registration Office, Hamilton, April 15th, 1869.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that h

OPENED AN OFFIC

OVER A. McCORMICK'S

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZET

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STA

may be sent, and will be punctually as usual, arrangements having been m vent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the tendered him on all sides, and hope patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DES

Ottawa, January 21, 1869.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHA FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal,

OTTAWA,

End of Little

Cash advanced on goods consigne diate sale. Prompt returns in all ca

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R.

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EV

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per cop

Ottawa, April 26.

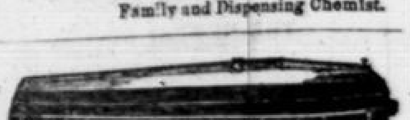
The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1060. OTTAWA, FRIDAY. MAY 28, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,
Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.
OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.
A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.



S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
UNDERTAKER.
FURNITURE
of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.
Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.
Particular attention paid to
GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.
FUNERALS
furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.
METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS
always on hand,
EXPRESS WAGGONS
for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.
N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20. 748j

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, *(Statutes of Ontario)* will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.
There will be no nominations.
The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.
These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.
The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division	....	Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.
H. STRANGE, M.D.,
Registrar of Council.
Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

NOTICE.
The undersigned begs to state that he has
OPENED AN OFFICE
OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,
SPARKS-STREET,
Where all orders for the
CANADA GAZETTE,
AND FOR
PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,
may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.
Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS,
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.
W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

THE LEADER.
THE MORNING AND EVENING
LEADER,
Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.
Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP
BOOTS AND SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
YORK STREET.
I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the
LATEST AND BEST STYLES
In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.
The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.
A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.
Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.
GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,
HAVE
JUST RECEIVED
ALL THE
NEWEST STYLES
IN
BOOTS AND SHOES,
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER,
COMPRISING
a very large and varied assortment of
LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.
We would call the especial attention of the
LADIES,
To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.
ALSO,
To our Prunella Balmoral, for....................$1.25.
BANKRUPT STOCK.
We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.
Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.
A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS
FOR ALL WEATHERS."
SEE
THE NEW STYLES
IN
BOOTS AND SHOES!
FOR
SUMMER,
AT
THE RED BOOT,
28 *Sussex-st.*
W. A. LAMB
would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.
GENTLEMEN'S
PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,
AT
THE RED BOOT.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES
are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.
Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.
THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.
Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.
Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.
N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.
G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.
Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of
F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of
PADUA, ITALY.
Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,
PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.
A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.
N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.
For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.
None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.
1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,
For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.
Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT,.................... DESBARAT'S BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer,
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 10½.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
FORWARDER,
GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,
No. 3, St. Peter-st.,
QUEBEC.
Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.
QUEBEC REFERENCES.
Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.
James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.
Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.
Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.
Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Tailoring.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian
TWEEDS,
may now be seen at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.
Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.
A. GRAHAM & CO.,
Commercial Warehouse,
No. 60 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

T. LAWRENCE
Having opened a first-class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.
From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.
Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.
Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.
P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

GENTLEMEN
Leaving their orders at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
Can get well suited in Garments.
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

N. ROBERTSON,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
BELL'S BLOCK,
Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,
In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.
MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation o the patronage bestowed on him in the past.
Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

COATS, PANTS and VESTS
May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

SELECT TAILORING.
T. RAJOTTE.
NEW IMPORTATIONS.
An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.
From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.
The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,
FOR CASH ONLY.
N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.
Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.
T. RAJOTTE.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
—FROM—
OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC
AND LONDON,
Consisting of
PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN
AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.
PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES
&c., &c., &c.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.
—LIKEWISE.—
A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.
TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.
PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.
ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.
50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.
200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.
SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.
PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.
ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS, price according to age and quality.
100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.
LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.
10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.
TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.
COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.
TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.
A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.
For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,
And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,
FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups.
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jellies, in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.
The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his
FINE BOTTLED ALE
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
To ether with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A call [illegible] dly solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.
MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
Two or three Apprentices wanted.
April 6. 1015tf

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!
The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays fo Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.
THOMAS STARMER,
1043d 124 Rideau-st.

Dry Goods.

OPENED OUT
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,
A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,
A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,
A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,
A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,
A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS
IN NEW MATERIALS,
A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,
A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,
TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
14 Rideau st.
Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

PANIC! PANIC! PANIC
GREAT CHANCE
SAFER THAN A LOTTERY
AS ALL ARE SURE TO GET A PRIZE

$30,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY for..............$12,000.
Owing to the late panic in Montreal, and the large number of Bankrupt Stocks that in consequence have been thrown on the market, we were enabled to purchase an assorted stock of
DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,
amounting to $30,000, for the small sum of 7s on the pound, being lower than any stock we have yet purchased.
So now is the time for bargains. But you must hurry up as we intend selling them very low so as to clear them off quick. For instance here is something to please the eye and make the pocket feel good as it draws so little from it.
The stock consists of the following goods, viz:
DRESS GOODS!
One case plain Poplin, choice colours, for ....9d pr yd, worth 1s 3d
One case Silk Striped, do very new....................10½d do do 1s 6d
20 pieces Silk Striped, do very new....................1s do do 1s 9d
10 pieces Roselind, Shot Striped Lusters....................9d do do 1s 3d
15 pieces Yucatan Cloths...1s 3d do do 2s 6d
Also, 1 case assorted yard wide goods, in splendid colours, and of the latest styles, for 1s 10½d.
The same goods cannot be bought in any house in the city for less than 3s 6d.
Immense bargains in WHITE COTTONS, a first class White Cotton only 5d per yard.
50 dozen White Hose....................5d per pair
20 pieces Ticking ....only 9d, worth 1s 3d
50 dozen all Linen Towels, good ......for 3d each
60 do do do do 5d, worth 9d each
157 pairs Corsets,............................for 2s per pair
100 White quilts..........................at a great bargain
200 Coloured Quilts..............only 5s, worth 2s 6d
100 Silk and Wool Shirts for Boating,.......................7s 6d worth 12s 6d
400 pairs Gloves.........................for 4d per pair
100 do Fine Silk Gloves...only 1s 3d, worth 2s 6d
Pocket Handkerchiefs...........................1½d each
do do hemmed...........................6d each
Also, 2 cases Prints, slightly damaged
3d to 4½d per yard
CLOTHING! CLOTHING!
CLOTHING!
THE GREATEST SACRIFICE OF THE AGE IN CLOTHING.
Splendid all wool Suits warranted............for $9
Good Suits..................................for $4.50
Vests....................................from 75c up
Pants.......................50c, 75c and $1 per pair
And a magnificent Alpacca Coat.........only $1.25
AT
THE OCCIDENTAL EMPORIUM,
STEWART'S BLOCK, RIDEAU-ST.,
near Sappers' Bridge.
H. HICK & CO.

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,
PLAIN AND DECORATIVE
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Respectfully informs the public that he will in a
FEW DAYS
OPEN A FIRST-CLASS
PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Pending which his office will be on the
FIRST FLOOR
OF THE
MASONIC HALL BLOCK,
ELGIN-STREET,
Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and
RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK
In all the various branches of his business.
Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

A. SWALWELL,
CHIEF UNDERTAKER,
SPARKS-ST.
COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,
FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.
Sole agent for
FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.
RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

WANTED.
A second-hand SKIFF in good order. Apply at the TIMES Office, 1051tt

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.
New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.
It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.
March 26. 1008-14y

For the effect produced by Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs the inventor is permitted to refer to the Medical Gentlemen in St. John, N. B., whose signatures are attached hereto:
WILLIAM BAYARD, M.D.
EDWIN BAYARD, M.D.
THOMAS WALKER, M.D.
JOHN BERRYMAN, M.D., ED.
DR. JOHNSTON, L.R.C.S., ED.
GEORGE KEATOR, M.D.
W. H. HARDING, M.R.C.S.
JOHN BAXTER, M.D.
J. D. WHITE, M. D.
T. W. CARRITT, M.D.
I, Aaron Alward, Mayor of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, having examined the letters of Drs. Earle, Addy, Clay, Jacobs and Chandler, and also the signatures attached to the foregoing permic of reference, hereby certify that I believe them all genuine.
I can also testify to the high therapeutical value of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs, and consider it deserving of attention by the profession generally.
{ Great Seal. } In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Seal of Mayoralty at the city of St. John, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.
AARON ALWARD, M.D.,
1049b21b Mayor of the City of St. John.
AGENTS—FRANCIS CUNDILL & CO., 32 Lemoine-st., Montreal.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Losenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.
They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.
Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.
N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Losenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where. 578v

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

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43 Sparks-st.
Dresses of every description, Shawls, Curtains, etc., scoured and cleaned, or dyed in all colors and shades. Gents' Garments renovated. Charges low. 1051d

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.
We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.
Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address
E. F. McAVAY & CO.,
Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)
A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

FOR ASTHMA,
and Chronic Bronchitis
DATURA TATULA,
Affords Immediate Relief.
"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*
"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*
"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*
In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
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FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.
Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.
N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,
Very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

ENGLAND AND AMERICA.

Important Lawsuit before the English Courts.

From the London Times, May 11.

At a moment when the relations between Great Britain and America are assuming a troublesome complexion, the accidental course of a common lawsuit has placed one of the two governments in a position so strange as to be hardly imaginable. The United States accuse us of having grievously wronged them by assuming a state of war where none existed, and so raising a body of ordinary insurgents to the level of an actual government with belligerent rights. At this very moment, however, an action is pending in the Court of Queen's Bench in which the United States claim to recover certain property as successors to the Confederate States, and in which, therefore, they are compelled not only to admit, but to establish, the pretensions of that very government whose authority they would otherwise repudiate and decry. During the war Sir Peter Tait, an army clothier in this country, received a large quantity of cloth from the Confederate Government, to be made up into uniforms. Before the contract, however, could be completed, or the goods delivered, the contest came to an end, and now the American Government, as heir of the contracting government, is suing the contractor for the value of the material supplied to him. For the mere plea itself there appear to be precedents: but the difficulty is this—that the United States can only sue as representatives of the Confederate States, and that in maintaining their suit they are necessarily driven not only to admit, but to assert and contend for, many of the positions which, when advanced by our own government they have fiercely impugned. Of course the defendant is fully aware of this weakness in the case of his adversaries, and presses his advantage to the utmost—indeed, beyond the limits considered allowable by the Court.

The argument took the form of a discussion on certain "interrogatories"—twenty in number—which the defendant claimed to administer to the plaintiffs. He desires to ask his opponents who they are, and in what capacity they are suing him; what was the original Constitution of the Federal Union before the war, and what the rights retained under that instrument by the several States of the federation; whether certain States did not assert their right to leave the Union and establish an independent confederacy; whether this right was not actually exercised, and whether a *de facto* government of the Confederate States of America did not consequently arise. After these questions have been answered, the defendant desires to know whether the old Union did not make war upon the new Confederacy, and prosecute this war for a certain period; and, finally, claims to be told how long this state of war continued, and when it came to an end—in other words, at what period the two belligerent governments were superseded by a single conquering government inheriting all the rights of the vanquished power. We need not say how extremely embarrassing such queries would be likely to prove. The United States government would, in fact, be subjected to a critical cross-examination under the most perplexing circumstances, for while, as plaintiffs in the action, it would be their interest to make out the best case possible for the Confederate authorities, every argument and every piece of evidence produced for that purpose would tell directly against their own allegations in the more important matter of the *Alabama* claims.

No evidence of the dilemma thus created would be more extraordinary than the first step in the proceedings as yesterday reported. The United States sue Sir Peter Tait as representatives of the Confederate States, and in order to secure themselves a standing-ground, they are compelled to assert that the Confederate States were a *de facto* government. This assertion the defendant calls upon them to prove, and then the plaintiffs, for the purposes of proof, actually put in the very proclamation of neutrality which in other negotiations they have so strongly denounced. When this proclamation was issued there was, as they have repeatedly contended, no war, and yet they now appeal to it as evidence of the war. Mr. Mellish made the best he could of the inconsistency. "Though the United States," he said, "objected to the proclamation of neutrality contained in Earl Russell's letter of January, 1862, yet they not only admitted, but contended, that in that Court such document must be taken as conclusive." On this argument the Lord Chief Justice promptly observed that the court would recognize the Queen's Proclamation, and would take the fact as there stated. "Ay," retorted the defendant's counsel, "but the United States will not; and ought we to be bound by it while they are not so?" This much-debated proclamation, therefore, is relied upon by the American government in a civil suit as evidence of the existence of a war and a state of belligerency, while in other negotiations it is condemned as having been without warrant in fact for that state of war and belligerency which it professed to recognize. Precisely the the same difficulty ran through the whole of the case; for, while the United States refused to acknowledge the authority of the Confederate States' agents, they were preferring a claim which, except on the supposition that these agents had good authority, could not be sustained.

Mr. Mellish, on behalf of the American government, objected with some reason to the length to which the interrogatories had been carried. It was naturally the defendants object to embarrass the plaintiffs as far as possible, and to bar them from insisting on certain facts by showing how inconvenient such assertions might prove in another and more important suit. But the advantage was certainly pushed too far. It could not have been relevant or necessary to examine the United States on the right of secession under the old Federal Constitution, nor as to the principles on which the Northern and Southern States relied in the civil war. Accordingly, the court, while admiting the liability of the United States as plaintiffs to this kind of interrogation, limited its scope to three points—the duration of the *de facto* government, its termination, and the authority of its agents; but it will probably occur to the reader that, even as thus circumscribed, the cross-examination may be rendered extremely perplexing to the respondents. We are at a loss, indeed, to conceive how the American government can at one and the same time succeed in its suit against Sir Peter Tait, and in its controversy with the British nation. If the Confederate government was of such character as to invest the Federal government, its successor, with the rights now claimed, and if that is established by the contention of the United States themselves, Lord Clarendon will assuredly find a goodly array of arguments ready to his hand. The United States are undertaking to prove to the satisfaction of the Court of Queen's Bench that the Government over which Mr. Jefferson Davis presided was really and truly a *de facto* Government, competent to make contracts and acquire rights by its duly authorized agents. They must then prove that between themselves and this Government a state of war occurred; that they subdued the said Government, and succeeded by right of conquest to whatever property was held by that Government, or by other parties on its behalf. All this they may perhaps, be able to establish, but they can hardly do so, as we should imagine, without foregoing many of the pretensions which they have recently advanced, and abandoning most of the charges which have been levelled against ourselves.

CONDITION OF THE CROPS IN THE SOUTH.

The Savannah *Republican* says: "A few weeks ago everything looked fair for the planters. The crops of all kinds were a little late, but had come up finely and were growing off to the satisfaction of there husbandmen. But the prospect is now less cheering. Unusual visitations of rains, with consequent floods in many portions of the South, and the extraordinary cold spells, which were universal and continue up to the present time, have materially changed the aspect of affairs. The late frosts did no material damage except to the early corn, which soon recovered from the blow, and to the very small amount of cotton that had then made its way above the surface, an amount hardly worthy to be taken into reckoning. The corn and wheat are still prospering being hardy plants, but cotton is suffering universally. The high winds have blown it about and bruised it, and the cold has withered it, in many places reducing it far below a reasonable stand, so that it has become necessary to replant either in cotton or corn, the latter being generally perferred. As an evidence of the extreme cold for this late season, we may mention that we have before us a paper from as far south as Palatka, Florida, which says the mercury stood indoors a week ago to-day at fifty-five degrees. This fact, taken in connection with the coldness of the earth, so inimical to the growth of cotton, gives warrant for the opinion, that the prospect for a full crop of the present year is anything but flattering.

"The grain crops everywhere, especially the wheat crops in Northern Georgia, are doing well. The Dalton *Citizen* of the 13th inst. says: 'The prospect of an abundant wheat harvest in all this section was never more promising at this season of the year. The number of acres sown in this and adjoining counties is represented as much greater than for several years past, and should there be no backset, this necessary article will be so cheapened as to very materially lessen the expense of living. We hear of rust in some few wheat fields.'"

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of *Grace's Celebrated Salve*, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing office. Only 25 cents a box.

OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vexata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY. For sale by all druggists.

The question of grants to superior education has not yet been properly settled by the Legislature of Ontario. Until the public is satisfied with the utility of Upper Canada College in our educational system, the former question will remain open. The Honourable John Sandfield McDonald has not been so successful with educational questions, as the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY has been in eradicating the numerous chronic complaints of the Lungs, Liver and circulatory organs. For sale by all druggists.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of the Peruvian Syrup (a protected solution of the protoxide of Iron) are cautioned against being deceived by any of the preparations of Peruvian Bark, or Bark and Iron which may be offered them. Every bottle of genuine has Peruvian Syrup (not Peruvian Bark) blown in the glass. Examine the bottle before purchasing.

THE COURT OF REVISION
FOR THE
CITY OF OTTAWA,
Will hold its first meeting in the
CITY HALL,
in the said city, on
Tuesday, the 1st day of June, 1869,
At ONE o'clock in the afternoon,
Of which all persons interested are required to take notice.
WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, May 22, 1869. 1057td

SAVAGE'S URSINA.
PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR,
has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.
It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.
Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.
EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1028eod.3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Auction Sale of Farm Property—A. Rowe.
Skating Rink—London Comedy and Burlesque Company.
Painting Establishment—A. W. Lang.
The Stephenson House and Baths—Beverley Tucker.
Dominion News Depot—D. Fulton.

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New Improvements.

Large additions have been made to this branch of the establishment of

STEAM PRESSES,

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A POWERFUL STEAM ENGINE,

PAPER CUTTER,

AND CARD CUTTER,

Enabling us to turn out every description of JOB PRINTING in a superior manner and at Low Rates.

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

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CIRCULARS, CARDS,

BILL HEADS,

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done at prices to defy competition.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, MAY 28, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

It seems out of place for our local contemporary to assail Mr. HOLTON, because at half-past eight o'clock on Wednesday evening, in a thin House, he did not go on with his motion regarding the disestablishment of the Irish Church. If we are not mistaken, the *Citizen* has expressed substantially the views, shared by the TIMES on this matter, that the subject ought not to be discussed in the Parliament of Canada at all. But though Mr. HOLTON is not in the habit of taking our advice, he may choose his own time for debating his motion. His reason for not proceeding on Wednesday afternoon was a sound one—that there should be no adjournment of the debate. Had he gone on with it then the discussion must have ceased at six, within an hour of its commencement; and the question could not have come up again for that day, unless the House had gone back over the notice paper. Under these circumstances it was very properly arranged between Mr. HOLTON and the PREMIER, that the question should come up on Monday, when the discussion could be continued without interruption. The business in the hands of private members is neither very much nor very important. It barely suffices to occupy the time allotted to it by the rules of the House; and no interest can suffer by Mr. HOLTON's preferring to take up his question on Monday, when it can be disposed of in a single day. We have already expressed the belief that the discussion of such a question will be productive of no practical good either here or elsewhere; that the Parliament of Canada should not express an opinion, one way or the other, on the domestic legislation of the Imperial Parliament; and that this particular question was calculated to provoke a conflict of opinion in Canada, which it is utterly useless to excite. Nevertheless since the question is to be brought up, we are decidedly of the opinion that it should be disposed of in one day, and that it is not one which could well be settled at the fag end of an unimportant sitting.

THE Bill to establish a Supreme Court for the Dominion of Canada provides that the same shall be a Court of Record; that it shall be presided over by a Chief Justice and six Judges, the former to be either taken from the bench of some one of the Provinces, or a barrister of at least fifteen years standing, and the latter to have been either judges or barristers of ten years standing. The tenure of office is the same as that of the judges of existing courts, during good behaviour. Provision is made for pensioning the judges, after fifteen years service, in the same manner as now prevails in Ontario. No judge of this court can hold any other office either under the General or Provincial Governments.

The Court is to have an appellate civil and criminal jurisdiction within and throughout the Dominion of Canada, and appeal shall lie to the said Court from all judgments of the chief courts of all the Provinces.

The Supreme Court will hold two terms a year at the city of Ottawa, the first commencing on the third Monday of January and the second on the first Monday of June, each term to last twenty days. These terms may be adjourned from time to time. The Governor in Council may submit a special case on constitutional matters, and this may be argued before the court by counsel on behalf of the Province interested and of the Dominion. It is also provided that the court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction in the following matters:

1. In all cases in which the constitutionality of any Act of the Legislature of any Province of the Dominion shall come in question.

2. In all cases in which it shall be sought to enforce any law of the Dominion of Canada relating to the revenue, or in which any such law shall come in question, including actions, suits, and proceedings, by way of information, to enforce penalties and proceedings by way of information *in rem*.

3. In all cases in which the Crown, as representing the Government of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Government of any British colony, or the Government of any Province of the Dominion, shall be a party, plaintiff or defendant.

4. This shall not be deemed to take away summary jurisdiction in revenue matters in any case in which the same may now be exercised by Justices of the Peace.

5. In all cases in which any foreign State or Government shall be a party plaintiff.

6. In all cases in which any Consul of a foreign State shall be a party.

7. In all cases in which any law of the Dominion of Canada passed to carry out a treaty with a foreign Government shall come in question.

8. In all cases in which any question shall arise under any Statute or Act of the Parliament of Canada hereafter to be passed, and by which exclusive original jurisdiction shall be conferred on the said Supreme Court.

It is also provided that the court shall possess exclusive jurisdiction in cases of extradition, and in admiralty; and for the exercise of this original jurisdiction a special term shall be held on the first Monday of April and October in each year, at the cities of Toronto, Quebec and Halifax, and on the third Monday of April and October in each year at Fredericton. At these special terms two judges shall form a quorum. There is also to be a sitting of a single judge on the first Monday of March and September, at the respective Provincial capitals, when certain cases may be disposed of, and a single judge may sit in Court out of term, for the decision of admiralty causes and equity suits. Issues of fact are to be tried by a jury; and the attorneys and barristers, &c., of the several Provinces, may be enrolled as attorneys and barristers in the said court.

THE resolutions on the acquisition of the Northwest and Hudson's Bay territories, to be moved to-day, by Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER, seconded by the Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL, embrace a recital of the negociations from the passage of the address of the Parliament of Canada at its first session to the close of the transaction by our delegates in England. The terms as stated in the letter from Sir FREDERIC ROGERS, of the 9th of March last, are set forth in full, and there is besides a further agreement concerning the details of the arrangement, entered into between the delegates and Sir STAFFORD NORTHCOTE. This agreement stipulates that the company shall retain the posts they actually occupy in the North-west Territory; that they shall within twelve months designate the number of acres required adjoining each post; that the size of the blocks retained round upper Fort Garry shall not exceed ten acres, and round lower Fort Garry three hundred acres; that the Company may defer their claim to a proportion of any township for not more than ten years after it is set out, and that their claim must be limited to the unsold portions of the townships at the time they make it; that the proportion of the cost of survey payable by the Company on the lands they select shall not exceed eight cents per acre; and that any claims of Indians to compensation for lands required for purposes of settlement shall be disposed of by the Canadian Government in communication with the Imperial Government, and that the Company shall be relieved of all responsibility in respect of them.

A further memorandum of agreement entered into between Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER and Sir STAFFORD NORTHCOTE provides that the Company may select one-twentieth of the land in the townships laid out on the north bank of the Saskatchewan, within five miles from the shore (outside the fertile belt) on condition of surrendering an equal quantity on the south bank, or within the fertile belt; and also that the Canadian Government may appropriate for public purposes, and without compensation to the Company, any of unimproved lands of the Company, provided the same is not actually necessary for giving the Company's servants access to any river or lake, &c., in which case the Company shall receive fair compensation.

The following are the concluding resolutions of the series:

Resolved,—That this House learns with satisfaction by letter from the Under Secretary of State for the Colonies, of 9th March last, that in fulfilment of the expectations held out in Mr. Cardwell's despatch of 17th June, 1865, her Majesty's Government will be prepared to propose to Parliament that the Imperial guarantee be given to a loan of £300,000, the amount which is proposed to be paid over by Canada on the transfer of the Company's rights.

Resolved,—That it is expedient to address her Majesty that she will be graciously pleased, by and with the advice of her most honourable Privy Council, under the 146th clause of "The British North America Act, 1867," and the provisions of the Imperial Act 31 and 32 Vic., cap. 105, to unite Rupert's Land on the terms and conditions expressed in the foregoing resolutions—and also to unite the Northwestern Territory with the Dominion of Canada, as prayed for by, and on terms and conditions contained in the joint address of the Senate and Commons of Canada, adopted during the first session of the first Parliament of Canada and hereinbefore referred to.

Resolved,—That upon the transference of the territories in question to the Canadian Government, it will be the duty of the Government to make adequate provision for the protection of the Indian tribes whose interests and well being are involved in the transfer.

Resolved,—That the Governor in Council be authorised and empowered to arrange any details that may be necessary to carry out the terms and conditions of the above agreement.

MR. SUMNER's speech, Senator CHANDLER's resolution and Professor SMITH's letter have excited great interest in England. Yesterday we published from the *Standard* an able article setting forth what may be regarded as the Conservative view of the relations between England and America. But apparently all opinion in England is agreed that the pretensious demands put forth on behalf of the United States must be resisted at whatever cost. The *Standard*, writing in the light of the debate in the Canadian Parliament on Mr. GALT's resolution touching the Fenian and other matters, gave a turn to the question in a direction too often lost sight of in England. They seem to forget there that there is a *contra* account; that the Americans towards Canada have been much more guilty than England towards the North—even admitting their *Alabama* claims to be well founded; and hence the debate in our House of Commons occurred just at the time when it was desirable to set English opinion right in the matter. We cannot ourselves regard Mr. SUMNER's speech in the serious light of the London press. But it is none the less important that a right understanding should exist between the two nations. The following from the London *Spectator* shows the utmost length which even the English minority would go in the direction of submission to American exactions; and that, it will be seen is very far from a compliance with the conditions laid down by Mr. SUMNER—conditions which, we are sure, will never be insisted on by the American Government:

"We, for our parts—and there is, we imagine, a considerable number of Englishmen who would go with us in this, though we can hardly venture to assert that Parliament would give a majority to such a proposal even if made by the Government—should not feel the slighest hesitation in expressing the most emphatic and frank regret for that miscarriage of our own law which led to the escape of the *Alabama*, and for any langour or failure of illegal judgment which may have been shown (if any such langour or failure of legal judgment can be established), in not afterwards stopping her on the coast of Wales, or arresting her in our colonial ports. That *was* a miscarriage of law, and it was a miscarriage doubtless more or less due to an unfortunate bias of feeling, an unfortunate partiality, on the part of the ruling classes of England, and it is on quite other grounds, grounds of general international *policy* (we say nothing about law, which is very doubtful), a precedent of evil omen, the repetition of which we ought heartily to deprecate and prevent. And having admitted thus much, we should feel, of course, that we were bound to accept the logic of the situation, and pay for such part of the losses caused by this act of negligence (that is, as regards the individual depredations of the *Alabama* herself) as could not be fairly ascribed to the negligence of the American navy in watching for the *Alabama*—or even, to stretch a point, for *all* the losses caused by that ship, but not for those of any of her consorts. With regard to the *Alabama* herself, the circumstances are notorious; that there is a strong case towards establishing negligence on our part, is patent to the whole country. That is not so with regard to any of her consorts, but we should be quite willing to refer to equitable arbitration, whether in any or all of those cases the executive government had been guilty of clear negligence, and to pay for the losses caused by them if that should be decided against us. We by no means say that the English Parliament would go so far as this. We are far from asserting as much as that. But we do say that there would be a very strong English party to oppose war if peace or war depended only on our conceding as much as we have now spoken of, and that we should feel bound to protest against that terrible and immeasurable calamity with all our strength, if we could satisfy America by what seems to us, though a generous, still not an unreasonable concession.

But this we will say, that there is not a party or the materials for a party,—barely, we should think, even a group of individuals, prepared to go beyond this. There is not a party or the ghost of a party that would as much as *consider* the question of apologizing for our recognition of the belligerent rights of the South. There is not in all probability in any society of Englishmen, however Northern in feeling, even a man here and there who would hear of such a proposition as our paying as *general* damages any proportion, however small, of the cost of the American War, on the ground that by recognising the South we gave substance and hope to the rebellion, or on any other ground which ingenious Senators may hereafter devise, without indignation; or who would not at once advise war, with all its horrors, rather than submit to dictation so preposterous. We do not doubt—we speak, as we need hardly say, without any private communication with Mr. Bright—that Mr. Bright himself would resist such terms as Mr. Sumner proposes, and General Grant is said to approve, with positive scorn,—that even he, a Quaker statesman, would rather keep silent than propose to avert war by any compromise so disgraceful. We believe that the people of the United States ought to know our true minds on this matter. We are sure that they can trust us at least for honesty, moderation, and a hearty sympathy with their great cause in the late civil war. And we tell them emphatically that no war ever entered upon by England would be more popular, more heartily waged, more tenaciously prolonged, than a war to resist what we should regard as a piece of pure dictatorial arrogance on the part of the Union, adapted and intended either to humiliate England, or to acquire Canada, or for both purposes in one. If the United States wish for such a war,—which we sincerely and heartily disbelieve,—they have only to demand reparation on the general principles of Mr. Sumner's speech, and they would meet with a black refusal, which they could not with dignity accept; and the end could hardly be anything but war, and a war, moreover, in which England would be united as one man,—in which there would not be a dissentient party, hardly a dissentient voice. The United States ought at least to know this."

THE following is from the London *Standard* of the 14th inst. It is indicative of a persistent effort to promote emigration from England to this country:—

"Another party of emigrants, in all about 300, left the Thames yesterday, at noon, in the steamship *Cleopatra*, for Canada. Of the above number 130 were sent out by the committee of the British and Colonial (late East-end) Emigration Fund. In the present exhausted condition of that fund so many could not have been sent out but for the fact that these individuals themselves contributed extensively towards defraying the expense. It is understood that large numbers of the East-end population are anxious to be sent out in a similar way, bearing as much of the cost as their scanty means will allow, the money being generally obtained by the sale of what little furniture they may possess. On the occasion now referred to there were also from 30 to 40 emigrants from Portsmouth, who had not been deemed eligible for passage by the government vessels *Crocodile* and *Serapis*. An interesting scene presented itself as the emigrants went on board in the Victoria Docks. As usual, several gentlemen connected with the movement were on board during the process of embarkation, among whom were the Hon. Reginald Capel, Mr. Henry Buxton, the Rev. John F. Kitto, Mr. Dixon, the emigration agent of the Canadian Government, and Mr. White, the special commissioner recently arrived from the Province of Ontario. The Portsmouth emigrants also came accompanied by their vicar. The most unfortunate fact connected with this enterprise is that the British and Colonial Emigration Fund is now completely expended, although the Committee have hundreds of applicants on their books. This fund has assisted the emigration of nearly 1,500 persons since the commencement of the present year, making a total of about 2,500 from the period when the undertaking was first set on foot. The same fund has also assisted 1,500 unemployed workmen to migrate to parts of the kingdom where work could be obtained for them. The *Crocodile* is expected to return shortly, and it is understood that the Government will again place that vessel at the disposal of emigrants selected from the discharged workmen of the dockyards and arsenals. It will be necessary, as on the former occasion, that this offer should be met by a considerable contribution to defray the cost of outfit, rations, &c. In regard to emigrants from Woolwich, it might be supposed that Government would provide the means of transit to Portsmouth. But this is not the case, and the subscriptions of the public are necessary to pay the railway fare, without which the offer of a ship at Portsmouth would be practically useless to the impoverished workpeople at Woolwich. Altogether, the expense which had to be met from philanthropic sources in the case of the two ships, the *Crocodile* and the *Serapis*, was not less than £2,000. The committee are also anxious to send out another party by the *Dacia*, when that vessel returns from Canada, her safe arrival on the other side having just been notified. This vessel, it may be remembered, left the Thames on the 22nd ultimo, with 260 emigrants, for the Dominion. She is expected to be back so as to sail again from the Thames early next month.

WE understand that Mr. RENE EDWARD KIMBER has been this term admitted barrister and attorney for the Province of Ontario. Mr. KIMBER is also a member of the bar of the Province of Quebec. We are glad to learn that he intends following his profession in this city, where he has already made himself so generally known and esteemed for the assistance he has always promptly rendered in making effective the many public entertainments given here in the cause of charity. We wish him every success.

LORD MONCK, Mr. Justice LAWSON, and Mr. G. A. HAMILTON have been appointed Commissioners, with a salary of two thousand pounds *per annum*, for the purpose of administering the Act for the disestablishment of the Irish Church. These appointments are received with satisfaction by the Opposition.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

No. XXV.

Visit of Prince Henry—Another Conflagration—Loss Over One Million Sterling—Contributions in Behalf of the Sufferers—Precaution Against Subsequent Fires—Great Storm—First Mail Steamer at St. John's—Responsible Government.

Newfoundland was visited in 1845 by his Royal Highness Prince Henry, of the Netherlands, who was received in an enthusiastic manner by the people. His visit extended over a fortnight, during which time he was feasted and feted in princely style.

In June, 1846, St. John's was the scene of an awful conflagration, which destroyed over 2,000 houses, and rendered about 12,000 persons homeless. The whole of the mercantile establishments in the city, numbering about sixty, were consumed, together with the Court House, Sheriff's House and Offices, St. John's Parish Church, the new Convent of the Nuns of the Presentation Order, the Convent School House, the Exchange Buildings, including Commercial Room, Insurance Office, Office of the Board of Control, the Savings' Bank, Bank of British North America, Custom House, the various Hotels, and all the Newspaper Offices of the city. By this calamity fully three-fourths of the city in extent was destroyed, and about half its value—more than a million sterling.

No sooner had the news of this great conflagration reached the neighbouring colonies than the greatest sympathy was displayed accompanied by bounteous liberality. In Halifax a subscription was commenced the day after the news arrived, which, in a very short time, reached £1,500. This sum was expended in purchasing provisions, which, with £1,000 in specie from the Government of Nova Scotia, were forwarded at the earliest moment. Prince Edward's Island, Fredericton, and St. John, N. B., forwarded large sums. Quebec, which had only the year previous suffered by fire to even a greater extent than St. John's, contributed largely. The Government of Canada sent £2,000, and the British Government, through Mr. Gladstone, then holding the office of Colonial Secretary, until the appointment of his successor, sent £500, and afterwards, with the sanction of Parliament, added to that sum £25,000.

To prevent the recurrence of such a catastrophe, a law was enacted requiring that all buildings in the business part of the city should be built of brick or stone, that the width of the streets should be increased, and that the oil vats should for the future be built only on the south side of the harbour. These precautions in connection with the abundant supply of water at command, since then brought from a lake about four miles distance, render the city now safe against any extensive conflagration.

In September of the same year the island suffered from a dreadful gale, accompanied with rain, which caused great destruction of property and the loss of several lives.

"Many vessels were totally wrecked or dismasted. Great numbers of boats were swamped or driven from their moorings, and dashed to pieces against the rocks. Quantities of fishing stages and flakes in the various harbours along the coast were entirely swept away; and with them in many instances, the fruit of the owner's toil during the fishing season was engulphed. Houses were blown from their foundations and torn in fragments. Trees almost in every direction, were uprooted from their beds, or broken in pieces by the fury of the gale. Many bridges, fences, and other erections were also carried away, or much injured by the rapid and considerable rise of the rivers, which, in some instances, reached fully ten feet above their ordinary level, deluging the low lands near their courses, and strewing their margins with immense quantities of wrecked materials." A large unfinished building, called the "Natives' Hall," which had been used since the fire as a place of shelter for several families, was thrown down, killing a brother and sister, and injuring their mother severely.

During Governor Harvey's term of office postal steam communication was extended to Newfoundland—the first steam packet bearing a mail arrived at St. John's, April 22, 1844. In 1846 he was transferred to Nova Scotia, as Lieutenant-Governor of that Province, and was succeeded temporarily by Lieutenant-Colonel Law, senior officer of her Majesty's Land forces, who conducted the Government until the spring of 1847, when he was superseded by Sir Gaspard le Marchant, who continued as Governor of the island until 1852, and was succeeded by Governor Ker B. Hamilton.

During this period the question of responsible Government was agitated. The object was to put an end to the system of imperial appointments in the principal offices in the colony, and to procure such appointments to be at the disposal of those who acquired a majority to support them in the Local Legislature. In 1849 the Assembly adopted a resolution, declaring it as the opinion of the House, that all future appointments to offices within the colony, analogous to offices held by political tenure when responsible Government prevailed, should be notified by the executive at the time of his appointment; that these offices are to be held on a like tenure in the event of responsible Government being acceded to this colony.

Notwithstanding this direct proposition, the British Government did not grant the desired boon until 1854, when Governor Hamilton was informed that "Her Majesty's Government had come to the conclusion that they ought not to withhold from Newfoundland those institutions and that civil administration which, under the popular name of Responsible Government, had been adopted in all her Majesty's neighbouring possessions in North America; and that they were prepared to accede to the immediate application of the system as soon as certain necessary preliminary conditions had been acceded to on the part of the Legislature." One of those conditions was "the indemnification of present office holders, which, by the change in question, will be rendered liable to be vacated at the will of the majority of the Legislature."

The system was not inaugurated until 1855, under the administration of Governor Darling, who succeeded Governor Hamilton. Pensions, to be paid out of the local revenues, were allowed to officers holding the principal offices in the colony, their places being filled by the party in power.

BROUGHAM AND WELLINGTON.—One day when his lordship had driven down to the House in the vehicle of his own invention, which Robinson, the coachmaker, had christened after him, he was met in the robing-room by the Duke of Wellington, who, after a low bow, accosted him: "I have hitherto lived under the impression that your lordship would go down to posterity as the great apostle of education, the emancipator of the negro, the restorer of abused charities, the reformer of the law. But no—you will be known only as the inventor of a carriage." "And I, my lord Duke, have always been under the delusion that your Grace would be remembered as the hero of a hundred battles, the liberator of Europe, the conqueror of Napoleon—but no, your Grace will be known as the inventor of a pair of boots." "D—n the boots, I had forgotten them; you have the best of it."—*Edinburgh Review.*

A WORD TO THE LONGWINDED.

Cook your thoughts, and give not only the Sense, but the Essence of the Sense.

The author of the following lines very probably hesitated to point them with a dedication. We have not sought his permission to repair the oversight any more than we have sought the approbation of the classes for whose benefit these lines were written, viz.: of the preachers and speakers whose highest achievement is to dilute thought with words, and preach and talk as printers work by the thousand ems.

The following lines may appropriately, though without permission, be dedicated to those honourable Senators and distinguished members of the House of Commons, who are accustomed to be longwinded and disagreeable, and who, without the wisdom of Mercury, possess the habits of Mercurius, and talk, talk, talk, with a diligence only equalled by Hood's poor needlewoman as she "stitched, stitched, stitched."—[COM.:

BOIL IT DOWN.

Whatever you have to say, my friend,
Whether witty, grave, or gay,
Condense as much as ever you can,
And say in the readiest way;
And whether you write of rural affairs,
Or particular things in town,
Just take a word of friendly advice—
And be sure that you boil it down.

For if you go spluttering over a page
When a couple of lines would do,
Your butter is spread so much, you see,
That the bread looks plainly through,
So when you have a story to tell,
And would like a little renown,
To make quite sure of your wish, my friend,
Just see that you boil it down.

When writing an article for the press
Whether prose or verse, just try
To utter your thoughts in the fewest words,
And let them be crisp and dry.
And when it is finished, and you suppose
It is done exactly brown,
Just look over it again, and see
How much you can boil it down.

For editors do not like to print
An article lazily long,
And the general reader does not care
For a couple of yards of song.
So gather your wits in the smallest space
If you'd win the author's crown,
And every time you write, my friend,
Do your best to boil it down.

THE KING OF METALS.

(Builder.)

Nature in her beautiful and wonderful divisions completes the arrangement by marking out a ruler or head of the various divisions. To some "one" is given greater, grander attributes; it is marked out as being the chief of the order or species. Not only in things animate does this occur, but in things inanimate also. The stately and noble oak, the king of the forest, fosters the growth of tender parasites under its sturdy arms, yet braves the storm that brings destruction to its meeker neighbours. The greatness of these "lords of creation" does not always arise from great power. They usually have their equal in sustaining or resisting power: has not the king of the beasts, the majestic lion? Yet there is none to equal him in the "grandness" of his nature.

Our subject is not only kingly in its qualities when brought into manufacture, but is so in its bearing naturally. The records are closely kept of where it is found, and in what condition, and the result shows that it is discovered in the purest condition of any metal. Most ores yield only a small percentage of even ounces to the ton, but gold is got without smelting, and wherever it exists it is visible to the eye without any artificial process. It is rare that any other metal is found so; but with "our" metal it is the rule—from 60 to 99 per cent. of pure metal; and be it marked there is little else but its "consort," silver, taken in its embrace. Californian gold averages of pure metal 875 to 885 per 1,000; Australian ditto 960 to 966. Appended is a list of various proportions, from which it will be seen how little else but silver is there:

	Gold.	Silver.
Imarowski	60.08	39.38
Titiribi, Columbia	74.00	26.00
Trinidad	82.40	17.60
Ogas, Ancas	84.50	15.50
Senegal, Africa	84.50	15.30
Petropawlowski	86.81	13.19
Chaudiere, Canada	86.73	13.27
Riv. Lucio, W. Mouquita	87.94	12.6
Baia, near Pampelona	88.15	11.85
Llana	88.54	11.42
California	89.61	10.05
Beresof	91.88	8.02
Katherenenburg	94.09	5.55
Brazil	94.00	5.85
Australia	95.48	3.59
Katherenenburg	95.81	3.58
California	96.42	3.58
Katherenenburg	98.96	0.16

Although gold has from time immemorial held the sway, it is somewhat singular that there are no records of great finds in early times. Russia, until within a few years since, has been most productive, but nothing approaching recent discoveries is recorded, with the exception mentioned below. In North Carolina, a nugget weighing 37lb Troy was found; the largest mass as yet from California is 20lb. In Paraguay a large mass of rock fell down and brought to light pieces from 1lb to 50lb in weight. In 1842, at Taganka, Russia, a mass was found of 100lb Troy, now in the Museum of Engineers, St. Petersburg. Australia eclipses all these by a trifle weighing 137lb, sold for £5,532; another from Forrest Creek weighing 27lb 6 oz. 13 dwts.*

Wherever gold is found it is visible to the eye without tests, we have said,—*i. e.*, found in quantities worth searching for; perhaps its most natural condition is in quartz: here it is observable in small plates bright and pure; the beds of streams and ravines near will abound with it in grains and nuggets—the small plates rounded by friction with rock and stone. The rock, worn away by diluvian or ante-diluvian torrents, detaches the particles of gold, and they are deposited in little hollows of the soil, and, their pureness making them very ductile, they get compressed into nuggets. This is the greatest source of supply of gold, and is the system nature has adopted all over the globe, and one we claim as distinctive of gold; where large nuggets are found apart from these water-courses undoubtedly volcanic heat has been at work. The primeval condition of metals is a wondrous matter to think over. The round of nature in all things that generate can be in some degree marked out, but with inanimate metals it is different; the air is charged with metallic particles, sea water holds metal in solution, the fissures of the earth contain fluids impregnated with oxides of metals, yet among all these gold is not found. Certainly none of the popular metals can claim the same exemption. Scientific manufacturers have brought down its proud spirit, and if nature does not dissolve it, art has done so; and it does not seem one of the few things that are *new* under the sun, that the decomposition should be a great necessity in trade. A large quantity of gold is consumed in photographing and in other ways, never to be recovered in our vision, but to be gathered together again—when? The gases that foster vegetation are set free by the destruction of coal; and vegetation produces coal, re-created, but there is no re-creation in one subject (now a king and a subject too!), but simply a reproduction by being brought together; it passes through no different state of being. When Ophir was the source whence the Romans obtained their gold (believed to be on the coast of Madagascar), California and Australia were overlaid with gold; it was not being formed like other products of nature, but lay there grand in its distinctiveness, chaste in its associations, and glorious in its colour. What a wondrous power has the king of metals! There is a great nation now—great in the number of its people, great in its attributes, in their productions, in the space they occupy; but they lack gold, and their credit suffers. It is sensitive, and has been freighted from their shores, for it taketh to itself wings and flieth away at the prospect of disruption.

MILLINERY.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

A FEMALE HERMIT.

The New York *Evangelist* prints a letter from a woman in New England who lives among the mountains, in a little cottage, with no living companion save a cat. And yet, says the *Evangelist*, she is not a hater of her kind—either of mankind or of womankind—nor a rude, uncultivated person, but a lady of education, who is attracted to this lonely life, by the double motive of an intense love of nature and a desire for perfect independence. She has an acre of ground, which she cultivates with her own hand, planting peas and potatoes as well as flowers, and in a word making her living out of mother earth, whereby she secures to herself health, comfort, and above all, what is dearest in her heart, independence. She is enamored of this unconstrained mode of life, and writes very persuasively to the pent up dwellers in cities to follow her example. She says that during the past year she has proved to her full satisfaction, that every well woman may make a good living by tilling the earth. One acre well cared for will, except in cases of rare calamity, produce more than enough to feed a family for a year; but an additional quantity will be needed to raise things to exchange for fuel, clothing and other necessities. She remarks:

"Were I two poor women, instead of 'working out' for any human employer, I would hire four or five acres of good land, and work out under the sun, and should certainly be more independent, prosperous, and happy. As I'm but one woman, lame and very busy, all I can hope to do is to raise my own vegetables and strawberries, and I must content myself with trying to coax others to 'come out' to country work and life and home comfort.'

DIED.

On the 27th instant, Henry, infant son of Mr H. F. MacCarthy, chemist, Wellington-st., aged 3 months, 24 days.

The funeral will take place this Friday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

Amusements.

AT THE SKATING RINK.

Manager..................Mr. Marshall.

Mr. Marshall has the honour to announce that he will open the above building for a

SHORT DRAMATIC SEASON,

ON

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 29TH.

Grand OPENING NIGHT of the

LONDON

COMEDY AND BURLESQUE

COMPANY,

from the principal Metropolitan Theatres of England, consisting of the following artists,

Miss Patti Mackworth,	Miss Catherine Lucette,
Miss Bella Sydney,	Miss Florence Webster,
Mr Morton Price,	Mr Middleton,
Mr Adams,	Mr Cooke,
Mr Lindley,	Mr Ferris.

SATURDAY EVENING, 29th MAY, the performance will commence with the National Anthem,

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN,

By the Entire Company.

After which will be produced the beautiful play, in three acts, entitled

MIRIAM'S CRIME!

and conclude with the beautiful operatic farce of

A LOAN OF A LOVER!

Doors open at half-past seven. Commence at 8 o'clock.

Admission 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents. Box plan now open, and reserved seats can be secured at Messrs. Orme & Son's Music Store.

Ottawa, May 28, 1869. 1060td

THE GREAT

SCOTTISH VIOLINIST,

ROBINSON LYON,

has consented to give a CONCERT in GOWAN'S HALL, Ottawa, on

SATURDAY EVENING, 29TH INSTANT.

He will be assisted by his DAUGHTER on the PIANO.

READINGS by PROF. HENRY LLOYD in the course of the entertainment.

Mr. LYON will play a large number of his favourite Scottish and other airs, together with the pieces played by him before the Caledonia Society in Montreal, and for which he gained the first prize, as the best Scottish Violinist in Canada.

Doors open at 8 p.m. Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN. 1058-3

THE LANG

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

62 SPARKS STREET.

Plain and Decorative House and Sign Painting,

WHITE WASHING,

in Kalsomine, French Zinc and Paris White,

PAPER-HANGING

in the Latest Styles of Ceiling and Wall Panelling,

SIGN PAINTING:

Office Signs,
Mammoth Store Signs,
Block Letter Gold Signs,
Plain, Picturesque, and Grotesque
Signs in every style.

GRAINING

in all the woods, with new and elegant improvements.

A. W. LANG,
Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 27, 1869.

ST. CATHARINES, ONTARIO, CANADA.

THE STEPHENSON HOUSE AND BATHS,

in connection with the original celebrated artesian well of saline mineral water, so justly renowned throughout the Western Hemisphere, will be open for the reception of visitors on Thursday, the 20th of May, 1869.

The numerous patrons of this commodious first-class hotel will find that the house has been thoroughly repaired, and partly refurnished; the grounds have been tastefully and elegantly laid out and planted, admirably adapted for croquet and other games; a new bowling alley and billiard room have been erected, and every care has been taken to secure comfort and amusement for the invalid or tourist. Parties desirous of engaging apartments, or transacting any other business with the establishment, will please address the proprietor,

BEVERLEY TUCKER,
St. Catharines, Ontario, Canada.

1060d

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,

HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald, Irish American, Irish Citizen, and Irish People received.

N. Y. Weekly Clipper, Frank Leslie's Illustrated Scientific American, received.

Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for June received.

DRESS & CLOAK MAKING.

MISS ELLIOTT begs to inform her friends and the public in general that she has opened her place of business on Bank st, third door from Sparks st, where she will be happy to attend to heir orders.

Machine Stitching and Quilting done in the latest styles.

Apprentices wanted. 1056.3

LOST, on Wednesday afternoon, between Wellington and Rideau-sts., a lady's GOLD PIN, set with pearls, and initials on back. Apply to HALL'S CONFECTIONERY, Wellington st.

May 20. 1054.3

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

For and on Account of Whom it May Concern.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell by Auction at his sale rooms, Rideau-st., East end Sappers' Bridge, on FRIDAY, MAY 28th, 1869, a large number of CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES. There are some fifteen different styles in the consignment. They are got up in the latest style, and made of the best material, and will be sold without reserve.

Terms of sale cash in bankable funds.

Sale to commence at 4 o'clock, p.m., sharp.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 25, 1869. 1058td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

FARM PROPERTY.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the city of Ottawa, on the 29th DAY OF JUNE, 1869, if not previously disposed of, the west half of the west half of lot No. 8, in the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, being fifty acres more or less. The lot is cleared, fenced, and under cultivation. There is a very good log barn on the premises. The title is undisputable, and payments will be made easy. For terms and other particulars apply to the proprietor, Mr. Arthur McGuigan, or the auctioneer.

Sale will take place at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 27, 1869. 1060-td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on

Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant,

at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Little's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

The above sale is POSTPONED until the SECOND day of JUNE, 1869,

at the same hour and place.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

1059td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Crockery, China and Glassware.

The subscriber will commence the sale of the balance of the CROCKERY, CHINA and GLASSWARE, saved from the late fire, on FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 28th, 1869. The stock consists of tea sets of china, bed-room sets of stoneware, &c., ware platters, bakers' dishes, &c.,&c., soup tureens, vegetable dishes, fruit bowls, &c. decanters, both cut and pressed glass, goblets, wines, tumblers, celery glasses, butter coolers, &c. These goods must positively be closed out in order to make room for other consignments.

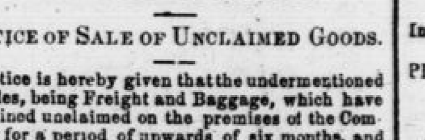
Terms of sale cash.

Sale to commence at 7 p.m.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 25. 1058td

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.



THE ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA

RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE OF SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned articles, being Freight and Baggage, which have remained unclaimed on the premises of the Company for a period of upwards of six months, and the freight charges and warehouse rent on which remain unpaid, will be sold at the Company's Station, in the City of Ottawa, by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th JUNE next, at TEN o'clock in the morning, viz:

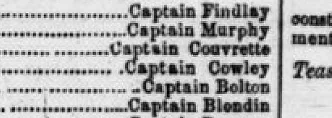
1865—January, T B & Co, Tongue, Browne & Co, 1 box axes; October, C Rogers, 1 box books; October, McLaren, 1 box bibles; October, J Fraser, 21 plough points; Nov, R McGregor, 1 horse power. 1866—March, W Learn, 1 package; April, A Lacour, 6 cast iron plates; April, M S Stevenson, 2 cases liquor; May, C Munro, 1 pinion wheel; August, J T Allen, 7 boxes seeds; August, Shaker & Risley, 7 boxes seeds; Aug. Shaker & Risley, 1 bundle (5 boxes) seeds; Aug. John Crichton, 1 keg, empty; September, J F, 1 brl, empty; Sept, E B Gallup, 1 lot window blinds; November, T Isaac, 3 cast iron pots; December, E B Gallup, 1 large window frame. 1867—January, J & B Grier, 1 box c plate; June, J Clothier, 1 chain & anchor; August, C Laframboise, 1 boat, 3 oars; July, R Hay, 1 empty keg; July, G Peters, 1 canoe; August, J C K, 1 keg sundries; November, E Tobin, 1 boat. 1868—January, R J Rodden, 1 stove front and doors; January, G Co. Ottawa Gas Co, 1 stove b'tm; January, W Robinson, 3 barrels oil; January, J Lyons, 1 barrel; May, J Heney, 1 light waggon; June, E O Perkins, 1 barrel oil; June, Brouson, Weston & Co, 1 barrel oil; Oct, Hon J Skead, 1 chop mill; October, John McHale, 1 bedstead; June, G Newill, 1 can oil; June, J McD, J McDonald, 8 Iron Axles.

The following articles are without mark or address, or have been refused: 3 pieces baggage, 2 cases woodware, 1 safety valve, 2 bundles paper, 7 kegs seeds, 4 iron axes, 2 trunks, 1 carpet bag, 1 ditto, 1 chest tea, 11 brooms, 24 empty barrels, 10 empty kegs, 3 valises, 2 carpet bags, 2 oil cloth travelling bags, 1 band-box, 1 hat box, 1 coat, 1 jar, 1 canvas bag of clothing, 1 chest.

The whole will be sold by Mr. H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, without reserve, at the time and place above stated.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, 21st May, 1869. 1058td

1869.  1869.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE.

Consisting of the following steamers:

Ann Sisson	Captain Findlay
Alliance	Captain Murphy
Emerald	Captain Couvrette
Oregon	Captain Cowley
Jason Gould	Captain Bolton
Pontiac	Captain Blondin
Pembroke	Captain Duggan
Snow Bird	Captain Beattie

Until further notice the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., touching at March and Quio, and connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railway at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf and Portage du Fort.

Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the steamer *Alliance*, for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke daily at 7 o'clock, a.m., for Des Joachims and intermediate ports, returning same day.

The *Jason Gould* leaves Pembroke landing daily at 5 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arrive at Aylmer at 4 o'clock, p.m.

The *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere Point, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

Freight of any description forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of timber and sawlogs.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, at Ottawa or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, May 21, 1869.

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
THE CHEAPEST GOODS,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
THE LARGEST STOCK,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
THE BEST ASSORTED,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
THE GREATEST VARIETY,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
THE BEST VALUE,
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
THE NEWEST STYLES,
At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS
At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,
BRUSSELLS do.
TAPESTRY do.
IMPERIAL do.
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL do.
Do. UNION do.
DUTCH do.
VENETIAN do.
MANILLA do.
HEMP do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
DOOR MATS,
DAMASKS, REPPS,
PEKINADES, CHINTZES,
LACES, CORNICES,
COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,
47 and 49 Sparks-st.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞ PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL ☜

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC,

BY DR. G. SCHILLING.

I purpose to RESIDE IN OTTAWA during the next two summer months, July and August, and intend to devote part of my time there to my profession, the instruction in music (singing, Piano, Organ, Theorie, etc.) Whoever wishes to profit by this is requested to make their applications VERY SOON, as I shall accept only a VERY LIMITED number of pupils during that time. Particulars about *terms, etc., will be given* in answer to a written application.

DR. G. SCHILLING,
1055b Montreal.

NEW STORE OPENED

BY PATK. BASKERVILLE,

No. 36, Rideau st.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

A well assorted stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, PROVISIONS,

constantly on hand, consisting of a large assortment of

Teas, Sugars, Spices, Sauces, &c., Wines, Brandies, Gin, Irish and Scotch Whiskeys, Best Highwines and Old Rye,

Hams, Pork, Flour, Cheese, Butter, and Eggs, &c.

P BASKERVILLE,
No. 36, Rideau st, 2 doors east of Workman & Griffin's.

PLANTS! PLANTS! PLANTS!

FOR SALE by the subscriber GOOD and HARDY PLANTS of all descriptions, viz.:

CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWERS, TOMATOES, &c., &c.

J. H. PATTERSON,
Inkerman Cottage,
Canal Bank.

1054a

TO LET, a very desirable residence on Maria street, isolated, opposite the New School House, being a Brick Building, containing drawing room, parlor and eight bed-rooms, with basement breakfast room, pantry and kitchen, with pump. There is a good yard with stable and wood sheds.

Rent (£40) sixty pounds, with taxes. Possession immediately. Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Elgin street.

May 24th, 1869. 1057a

PRESENTATION.

On Friday evening last a deputation waited on the Rev. Wm. Patteyson, Wesleyan minister of Metcalfe, Osgoode, at his residence. Ira Morgan, Esq., Warden of the county, was called to the chair. An address was presented by Mr. Hanna, together with a purse, which, including the one presented by the ladies on the former evening, amounted to nearly $70:

To the Rev. William M. Patteyson, Wesleyan Methodist Minister, Metcalfe Village, Osgoode.

Rev. and Dear Sir,—The time having arrived when in the order of Divine Providence you will be called upon to leave this section of the country, that your energies may be employed in some other field of usefulness, we feel that we cannot, in justice to ourselves, permit the opportunity to pass without giving expression to our feelings of admiration for the active interest you have always evinced in everything that tended to the prosperity and well-being of this neighbourhood during your residence among us.

And we are constrained to this the more readily, from the fact that in all your teachings—religious, educational and moral—it has been your aim to elevate the public mind to that standard which it should occupy, as a religious community.

Our great regret on the present occasion is in the fact that we are not in a position to make our acknowledgments in a more substantial form; but we trust, rev. and dear sir, that you believe that yourself, Mrs. Patteyson, and your interesting family, will always have our warmest sympathy for your welfare both in this life, and that which is to come.

Ira Morgan, John Kennedy, O. A. McDougall, M. D., J. R. Hana, John S. Kennedy, John Carson, A. J. Baker, W. W. Morgan, Hugh Allen, John McDonald, McKenzie Morgan, W. R. Doctor, Henry Hanna, William Allen.

REPLY.

Mr. Warden of the County of Carleton and Gentlemen:

This is one of the honoured and happy moments of my life. You, sir, to preside on such an occasion, and these gentlemen in concert with you, to wait on me as a deputation of all creeds and nationalities and classes, to present me with an address and purse—most invaluable, as it is the deposit of general kindness—never to be lost, an impression of feeling never to be erased, the meeting of one common neighbourhood, that I trust will meet in the neighbourhood of God, to dwell in His presence for ever.

Twelve years from your midst, with forty years' experience, and two years of close intercourse with you (now closing) brings up my wife's first presentation by the *elite* of society—the ladies—last evening, and this evening you follow in their wake. Demonstrations with the thought and ingenuity of the former, and the oneness and frankness and urbanity of the latter commingling and concentrated upon our matrimonial circle, gladdens my heart and creates a speciality of emotion that has no regret. We are alive and know and enjoy each other, not even marred with "woe unto you when all men speak well of you." Providence, in my residence amongst you, favoured me with Grammar School advantages for my children, who have reaped as I anticipated. As this is the most lasting earthly boon we can give our offspring, I feel called, as a parent, to seek for a collegiate region that would facilitate this. Thanking you most heartily for your farewell sympathy, and praying all the happiness of God here, and the fulness of heaven hereafter,

I am, sincerely yours,
WM. M. PATTEYSON.

LOCAL NEWS.

DECORATIVE PAINTING.—Mr. A. W. Lang has removed his painting establishment to 62 Sparks-st., where he is confident he can suit every taste, no matter how difficult to please. Try him.

MARY FITZGERALD.—The poor insane girl, whose sad story we told yesterday, remained at the police station all night, and in the morning was sent for by the nuns, in whose care she now remains.

GENERAL SESSIONS OF THE PEACE.—The first Court which takes the place of the Recorder's Court (abolished), will be held in the Court House on the eighth day of June. We should have said "the General Sessions of the Peace and County Court of Correction."

AUCTION SALE OF CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.—It will be seen by advertisement in another column that Mr. Rowe will sell by auction, at his rooms, this afternoon, at four o'clock, a number of children's carriages. The high price at which these vehicles are usually sold, and the prospect of a sale at moderate rates, will doubtless attract many of those who have use for them.

A LUNATIC TO BE REMOVED.—We understand that Mary McKibbon, the insane woman, who has been for some time past confined in jail, awaiting a vacancy in the asylum, will be removed this morning to the Rockwood asylum. There is yet another lunatic awaiting a vacancy, the man who some weeks ago was sent to jail as a religious maniac, and who is getting no better.

INJURY BY MACHINERY.—The injury to the man at Pattee & Perley's mill was caused by his being struck with a piece of edging thrown from the edging saw, with such force as to break the top of the hip bone into fragments, and drove them several inches into his abdomen. Dr. Wood, who was called in immediately, has hopes (as the man is of sound constitution and good habits) of his ultimate recovery.

ALDERMAN FOR BY WARD.—Yesterday being the day appointed for the nomination of a candidate to serve out the unexpired term of the late Mayor as Alderman for By Ward, Dr. Beaubien nominated F. McDougal, Esq., as a fit and proper person to be Alderman for By Ward; Mr. P. E. Ryan seconded the nomination. There being no other candidate nominated Mr. McDougal was declared elected by acclamation.

A RUNAWAY.—The horses attached to Mr. Rochester's dray ran away yesterday from York-st., proceeding down Dalhousie-st. at a brisk, but not at a very furious pace, appearing as if they had made up their minds to go some where, and did not stop till they arrived at McLaren's Mills, New Edinburgh, where they had an opportunity of viewing the extensive works carried on there; and there they were invited to remain until called for, which was not very long.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—Our attention was called yesterday to two calves tied up in the most careless, not to say inhuman manner, in a farmer's waggon on the market. The poor creatures must have suffered greatly on the way, as well as in the market. Constable Litle very properly interfered, as it is to be hoped he will do in all cases. And it is also to be hoped that the Police Magistrate will sustain him in his endeavours to put down such abominable acts of cruelty.

A CHILD RUN OVER.—Yesterday, about noon, a baker's cart passing along St. Patrick-st. ran over a small child about three years of age, whose leg was badly hurt, but not broken. The child was instantly taken into the house, and the driver, when brought back by policeman Graham, seemed to be ignorant of the occurrence, but was ready at once, if it were shown that it was his cart that ran over the child, to pay the doctor's bill. It could not be considered more than an act of common carelessness.

THE SCOTTISH VIOLINIST.—We are assured by those who have heard Robinson Lyon that he has no peer on that instrument in the rendition of Scottish music. Besides being a master in his line of music, he has the advantage, we learn, of possessing a splendid instrument. The sons and daughters of Auld Scotia should turn out in their strength and fill up Gowan's Hall, to-morrow evening. And if they knew, as we could tell them, how necessary it is for them to do so, they would.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CONFERENCE.—The conference met in the church, York and Dalhousie-sts., at the usual hour—Bishop Richardson presiding. The services were opened by the Rev. W. H. Howard, in the usual way, by singing and prayer. The disciplinary question, left over from the previous session, was taken up. There were four applications for the ministry, three of them being received. The Rev. G. Ebbs, of Hamilton, Editor of *The Christian Advocate*, the organ of the M. E. body, and member of the Niagara conference, Ont., was introduced and took his seat. The passing on character was then taken up, which occupied the rest of the day. Bishop Smith, D. D., presided at the afternoon session. Rev. Mr. Moore, of the Bank-st. church, in this city, was introduced to the conference, and was invited to take a seat within the bar. In the evening a sermon was preached by the Rev. S. Young. It is expected that the Rev. A. Dawson, of Kingston, late of the Irish conference, will preach this evening.

THEATRICAL.—After a long absence of theatrical representations we are at length to have the very popular "London Comedy and Burlesque Company." They come here with voluminous testimonials from London, Edinburgh and the United States, and from all we hear of them they need not fear but they will prove highly acceptable to the people of Ottawa. Several members of the company were here some years ago, and had abundant success. Captain Price, a low comedian of high reputation, may be remembered as having provoked infinite merriment on his last visit. Miss Catherine Lucette, a burlesque actress and comic vocalist, Miss Mackworth, from the Royal Alexandra Theatre, Liverpool, Miss Bell Sydny, from the Royal Theatre, Edinburgh, Mr. Lindley, from the English theatres, and Miss Florence Webster, from St. James' Theatre, London, are among the performers, all of whom are represented as being excellent in their line. They open at the Skating Rink to-morrow, Saturday evening. See bills and advertisement.

POLICE COURT.—For two or three days past the Police Court has attracted large, if not good, audiences. Yesterday there were no less than five liquor cases up for adjudication, and in the case of one of them, Mrs. Hanlon's, the defendant was fined $20 and costs.

James Parsons, charged with interfering with Policeman Jordan, adjourned from Wednesday, appeared with a *posse* of witnesses, whose examination occupied a long time. Eventually the case was dismissed.

The charge against Richard McMillan for the same offence, was withdrawn.

A man named Damase was charged with assaulting one Decourt, and knocking out several of his teeth. It appeared, however, that there was considerable aggravation on the part of complainant. The defendant was bound over to keep the peace, and then he brought a counter action against Decourt for cutting loose a boom. The case was adjourned till this morning, and Decourt was sent to jail till that time.

THE GREAT VIOLINIST.—We enjoyed last evening the rich treat of hearing one of the greatest masters of the violin of the present age. In all our notices heralding the advent of Prume in this city, we have spoken of him as a great master, and now that we have heard him we are not ashamed of the high terms of praise formerly used. The citizens of Ottawa have probably never had but one opportunity of hearing anything that could be compared with what they heard last night, and that was the performance of Ole Bull. They are both masters of the instrument, but the styles of the two are as differ at as can well be imagined. That of Prume is full of brilliance, displaying to great advantage the wonderful powers of the violin. His execution seems faultless, and in many passages replete with eloquent feeling, holding his audience spell bound. That of Ole Bull is intensely spiritual, appealing to the highest feelings of man's nature, by giving them expression in language all understand. Ole Bull is all original, whilst Prume gives the highest expression, according to his conceptions, of the ideas of others, as they appear in written music. And so admirably does he succeed in this that we last night heard several excellent judges of music who, it is understood, generally give free expression to opinions, placing Prume as a violinist above Ole Bull; and while we cannot entertain those views, we are ready to accord the highest praise to the man, the exercise of whose great talent has afforded us one of the greatest musical treats we ever enjoyed. The singing of Mr. Gauthier, the splendid execution of Mr. Mayerhoffer on the piano, and that of Dr. Valade, were great attractions, and altogether the "Festival Concert" well merited its title.

THROWING THE WEDDING SHOE.

The brother of a childless man was bound to marry his widow; or, at least, he had the refusal of her, and she could not marry again until her late husband's brother had formally rejected her. The ceremony by which this rejection was performed took place in public, and is mentioned in Deuteronomy xxv. 5-10. If the brother refused her, she was obliged to 'loose his shoe from off his foot, and spit in his face,' or, as some Hebraists translate it, 'spit before his face.' His giving up the shoe was a symbol that he abandoned all dominion over her; and her spitting before him was a defiance and an assertion of independence. This practice is still further illustrated by the story of Ruth, whose nearest kinsman refused to marry her and to redeem her inheritance. He was, therefore, publicly called upon to do so by Boaz, and he publicly refused. The Bible adds, 'as it was the custom in Israel concerning changing, that a man plucked off his shoe and delivered it to his neighbour,' the kinsman plucked off his shoe and delivered it to Boaz as a renunciation of Ruth, and of his right of marriage to her. These ceremonies were evidently not unknown to the early Christians, for when the Emperor Waldimir made proposals of marriage to the daughter of Raguald, she refused him, saying that she would not take off her shoes to the son of a slave. Gregory of Tours, writing of espousals, says: 'The bridegroom having given a ring to the *fiance*, presents her with a shoe.' Michelet, in his 'Life of Luther,' says that the reformer was at the wedding of Jean Luffte; and after supper he conducted the bride to bed. He then told the bridegroom that, according to common custom, he ought to be master in his own house when his wife was not there; and for a symbol he took off the husband's shoe and put it upon the head of the bed, 'afin qu'il prit ainsi la domination et gouvernement.' In some parts of the East it was an early custom to carry a slipper before a newly-married couple as a token of the bride's subjection to her husband. At a Jewish wedding at Rabat the bridegroom struck the bride with his shoe as a sign of his authority an supremacy. It has long been a custom in England, Scotland, and elsewhere, to throw and old shoe over or at a bride and bridegroom upon their leaving the church or parental home after their wedding. Sometimes it is thrown when they start for the church, and occasionally the shoe is taken from the left foot. The usual saying is that it is thrown for luck; but possibly it originally was meant to be a sign of the renunciation of dominion and authority over the bride by her father or guardian. One author, however, suggests that the hurling of a shoe was first intended to be a sham assault on the person carrying off the woman, and is a relic of the old custom of opposition to the capture of a bride.—The Wedding Day in all Ages and Countries. By Edward J. Wood.

A NEW VERSION OF THE MARRIAGE SERVICE.—A somewhat obtuse Sheffielder has the honour of having struck out a new reading of the marriage service. He was being married at the Parish Church, and managed with a little occasional prompting, to follow the officiating clergyman, until he came to the words, "and thereto I plight thee my froth," when he seemed puzzled, and turning on the fair one a look in which spooniness and bewilderment were beautifully conjoined, he said, "And I'll buy thee some cloth."

FOR Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

GENTLEMEN can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1023d

JOB WORK, including PAMPHLETS, POSTERS DODGERS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS, CARDS, &c., printed at THE TIMES office, at low rates, and with neatness and despatch.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 27.

The Nipissing Railroad Company advertises for engineers, requiring application before the 15th prox. They are wanted to survey the line.

At the Newsboys' Lodging House last night more arabs sought lodging than could be accommodated.

The Revision Court to-day made reductions of assessment to the amount of $41,000.

It is reported here that the United States Sealing System has been virtually abolished by a new regulation and Consular certificates on goods passing through the States, *en route* for Europe or Maritime provinces.

MONTREAL.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, May 27.

It is said news has been received from Canon Oxenden, stating he will accept the position of Metropolitan of Canada.

Sergeant Ball, of the 13th Hussars, has been presented with a gold watch and chain by No. troop, Montreal cavalry.

This being *Corpus Christi* the stores and public offices are closed. Great preparations are in progress for the procession next Sunday.

The result of the Derby was awaited with great interest here last night, considerable sums of money having been staked on *Pretender* winning.

Dr. Kitwin took the first prize, $5,000 in sweepstakes, at the Queen's Chop House. The other prizes, amounting to $1,500, were divided among other horses as placed.

The body of an infant was found in Dorchester street this morning. An examination revealed the fact that the child had been murdered soon after birth. The Coroner's jury rendered a verdict of infanticide against some person or persons unknown.

Flour dull.

CABLE NEWS

GREAT BRITAIN.

LIVERPOOL, May 26—Midnight.—The Chamber of Commerce held a meeting to-night and voted an address of welcome to Mr. Motley, the new American Minister. Mr. Patterson, in a speech in support of the vote, regretted the failure of the law officers to prevent the escape of the *Alabama*. The precedent was a bad one, and the maritime interests of England were sure to suffer from it. If a moderate compromise could cancel this precedent, he would rejoice if it were granted by England. He was assured that the present ministry would meet the claim of the United States without compromising the national honour.

LONDON, May 27.—The *Alabama* claims still forms the great theme of conversation and newspaper comment.

Geo. Peabody sails for New York on Saturday next.

The *Times* to-day has an article on the communication of Sir Francis Head, which have recently been published here respecting the case of the ship *Caroline*, and the course of the United States towards Canada during the patriot war. The *Times* says that Senator Sumner's assertions of England's hostility to America is met by the testimony of the American officials. Abuses much more flagrant have occurred within the frontier of the United States, for the popular feeling of the State of New York was admitted to have countenanced the Fenian expeditions to Canada. The American press exposes Mr. Sumner's inconsistency by historical tests, and points out his perversion of facts:

The Messrs. Laird, of Birkenhead, who built the *Alabama*, have recently published a letter giving legal opinions and extracts from documents and speeches, to prove that the building of the *Alabama* was not illegal. This letter has been extensively copied, and is thus commented on by the papers to-day:

The *Star* (Radical organ) says that the Messrs. Laird may be guiltless, but that England cannot escape the penalty is the verdict of the best authorities, and is a foregone conclusion.

The *Post* (Conservative) says the vindication of the Messrs. Laird is complete. The law was inadequate to prevent the transaction. The remedy lay with the Legislature, and the Executive.

The *Standard* (Conservative) says that the Messrs. Laird's vindication condemns the Government. England's obligations were broken for the North as well as the South. The Americans were equally guilty of a breach of international obligations in the case of the *Caroline*, and in the Fenian drillings, and organisation. The final reckoning will give a heavy balance to the debit of the United States.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 27.—The returns thus far show that 28 opposition candidates have been elected to the new Legislatif.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, May 27.—Further changes have been made in the Cabinet. Filippo has resigned the position of Minister of Justice, and has been succeeded by Peronti.

CUBA.

HAVANA, May 27.—The Spanish iron-clad *Victoria* arrived here to-day.

A detachment of volunteers for service in the island of Cuba is expected here by the 4th of June.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

A U. S. Senator writing to the "Times."

NEW YORK, May 27.—The letter in the London *Times* of the 12th instant, under the signature of an "American Citizen," respecting the *Alabama* claims treaty, and which has exercised a soothing influence in England, was communicated by U. S. Senator Grimes, of Iowa.

The Case of the "Quaker City."

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Minister Thornton informed Secretary Fish yesterday that the steamer *Quaker City* was the property of a British subject; was destined for Jamaica, and not Cuba, and there was no reason why her clearance should not be granted. The Secretary conferred with Secretary Boutwell, and the two agreed it would be best to let her sail; but in the meantime information was received that she had been libelled by the Spanish Consul and seized. It was then decided to let the matter be judicially settled by the courts.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The navy Department to-day is in receipt of despatches from Admiral Hoff to the 19th inst. They give no intelligence whatever concerning the progress of the insurrection. They merely relate to matters of ordinary official routine.

PARTIES requiring new carpets, floor oil cloths, or other house furnishings, would do well to inspect Magee & Russell's extensive stock before purchasing, as they have recently received large additions of this season's patterns from the most celebrated makers in Britain. Carpets made and laid by competent upholsterers.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

Teas.

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c, Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent out through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

JOSEPH MOONEY,
Russell House Block.

TEA! TEA! TEA!
COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

TRADE — A. O. A. & Co. — MARK.

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable men to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade. Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Catties and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Catties, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money can be collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. Where there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we will send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs, and sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, will receive one of their own choice in return at our expense.

We subjoin a list of our prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the address,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Box 201, P. O., Ottawa, or
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, May 8, 1869.

SIMCOE OLD RYE.

(*Ritchie, Ford & Co.*)

Just received.

JAMES BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047tf

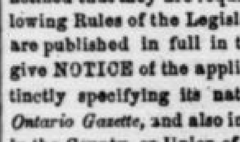
PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season.

Just received.

JAS. BUCHANAN'S,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf



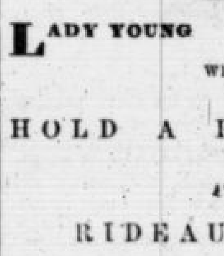
PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly (which are published in full in the *Ontario Gazette*,) to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the *Ontario Gazette*, and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the *first three weeks* of the Session.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, 25th Feby., 1869. 988-1awtLO



LADY YOUNG

WILL

HOLD A RECEPTION

AT

RIDEAU HALL,

ON

SATURDAY, the 29th INSTANT,

AT

HALF-PAST FOUR O'CLOCK.

J G IRVINE,
Lt-Col.
ADC.

Ottawa, 25th May, 1869. 1058td

Auction Sales.

By John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers, Montreal.

ANNUAL SPRING SALE

at the Warehouse of

BUCHANAN, LECKIE & CO.,

MONTREAL,

OF

FRESH TEAS,

WINES, BRANDY, GIN, RUM,

General Groceries,

&c., &c., &c.,

now receiving and daily expected, ex sundry vessels from

Britain, Charente, Oporto, Antwerp,

ON

WEDNESDAY, the 9th JUNE.

Sale at half past nine o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
1057td Auctioneers, Montreal.

Dry Goods.

B 4 U

Purchase your Dry Goods,

Ready-made Clothing,

Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,

JUST GIVE

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 Sparks-st.,

a call, and see if they cannot offer you greater inducements than you can get elsewhere in the city.

If you want a good Wool Tweed for 50 cents,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

If you want a good suit of Clothes, ready-made, for $6,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

If you want a Suit, made to order, for $7,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

If you want any Linen or Lustre Coats from $1 upwards,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

If you want any White Dress Shirts, Under Shirts, Drawers, Hosiery, &c.,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

Having one of the largest stocks in the city, we beg to call the attention of those wishing to avail themselves of the above low prices to call and examine our stock.

OUR MOTTO IS

QUICK SALES & LIGHT PROFITS.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

IF YOU WANT

A FASHIONABLE HAT,

CALL AT H. HODGE'S

NEW DOMINION

HAT AND FUR STORE,

64 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel,

AND SAVE

TEN PER CENT.

Ottawa, May 21. 1055a

NOW'S

YOUR TIME TO BUY CHEAP.

Clearing sale to make room

FOR SPRING STOCK,

STOVES, LAMPS, &c.

REFRIGERATORS.

We beg to announce that we shall again, this season, have the pleasure of offering for sale the POLAR REFRIGERATOR, and we trust orders will be left early for them. This is the only style of Refrigerator that is gotten up to be an ornament to any room, and not a *big cupboard*. It is really elegant in design, and as for efficiency our Ottawa testimonials are enough to satisfy any one. The *Scientific American* says: This refrigerator has not only the advantage of being novel, but of *fulfilling perfectly the purposes for which it was intended.*

ESMONDE BROS.

To the Electors of By Ward:

GENTLEMEN,

A number of influential electors of By Ward having requested that I should come forward and present myself as a candidate for the office of Alderman, rendered vacant by the death of Henry J. Friel, Esq., late Mayor of the city, I beg to announce my intention of becoming a candidate. My long residence in the city and By Ward, and the interest which I have in it, will, I trust, be deemed a sufficient reason why I have acceded to the desire of my friends. And my experience in the council, both before and since the incorporation of the city, will, I hope, be received as a proof that I will devote my best energies to the advancement of the interests of the Ward and the city at large.

I have the honour to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
CHARLES ROWAN.

Ottawa, May 21. 1056td

January 28, 1869. 959-2awk2m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST
STOCK OF CARPETINGS
AND
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MILLINERY
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MANTLES,
AT MODERATE PRICES,
IN EVERY STYLE,
At
GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Silk Velvets,
Velveteens and
Water-proof Cloakings
IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY
DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Satin and Lace,
Plain and Fancy Silk,
Dress Trimmings,
Buttons, Linings, &c.,
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Ribbons, Lace,
Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,
And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Broadcloths, Tweeds,
Coatings, Vestings, and
Tailors' Trimmings
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Sheetings,
Pillow Cottons,
Linens, Prints,
White and Grey Cottons
In Ottawa,
At
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF NEW GOODS
In all the Departments, is to be found at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET.

Magee & Russell.

CARPETS!
CARPETS!

Per Steamer "Bellona," from London direct.

MAGEE & RUSSELL
WILL SHOW TO-DAY,
NEW BRUSSELS
AND
TAPESTRY CARPETS
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
ALSO,
HEARTH RUGS TO MATCH.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

Publications.

JUST RECEIVED,

N Y Ledger and Chimney Corner, Harper's Magazine for June, Thomas Moore's Utopia, Christie's Faith, Carry's Confession, Mattie: A Stray; All in the Dark, Appleton's Edition of Dickens, at

HAUSER'S NEWS DEPOT,
and Circulating Library, Sparks st.

JONES & HOLLAND,

News Dealers, Elgin st,

have complete sets of the

YEAR BOOK.

Members of Parliament will do well to supply themselves at once.

The *Gazette*, *Globe* and *Telegraph* supplied at 10 cents per week each.

The N Y Dailies at 30 cents per week.

Diogenes, May 21st, to hand.

Half-Dime Music, &c, &c.

LATE LITERATURE.

J. DURIE & SON have received The Man who Laughs, by Victor Hugo; Breaking a Butterfly, by the author of Guy Livingstone; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; The Girls of Feversham, by Florence Maryatt; Realities of Irish Life, by French, cheap edition; Word Gossip, by Blackley; Horse and Man, by G C S Phillipps; Men, Women and Ghosts, by S E Phelps; Murray's Adventures in the Adirondacks; Seats and Saddle, Bits and Bitting, by Major Dwyer; Liddon's University Sermons; Aunt Judy's May Day Volume; The Trappers' Guide, by Newhouse; Other People's Windows, by the author of the Gentle Life; Carricature History of the Four Georges; The Red River Country, Hudson Bay, and Northwest Territories, by A J Russell, C E. The best books on Flower and Kitchen Gardening. For sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

THE AUTUMN WREATH,

A POEM

BY WALTER H. DERMOT.

FOR SALE AT THE BOOKSTORES.

PRICE TEN CENTS.

D. FULTON,
General Agent.

Ottawa, May 20. 1054a

THE
RED RIVER COUNTRY,
HUDSON'S BAY & NORTH-WEST
TERRITORIES,

considered in relation to Canada.

BY A. J. RUSSELL, C. E.,

and Inspector of Crown Timber Agencies, Canada, E. & W.

Followed by the last Report of S. J. DAWSON C.E., on the Route of Communication to Red River.

Illustrated by a Map.

The above work is now ready and for sale at the bookstores. Price 75 cents.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Publisher.

Ottawa, 17th May, 1869. 1052-17

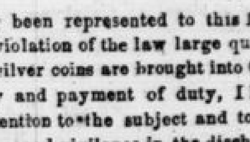
COW STRAYED.—On the 17th inst., from Le Breton's Flats, a RED and WHITE MILCH COW, long horns and tail. Any person who can furnish information for the recovery of the same will be suitably rewarded. Apply at

FRANCIS DUHAMEL, Butcher,
1058.3 Le Breton's Flats, Chaudiere.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

To let, for the summer months, a house in the vicinity of Daly st, containing nine rooms and a kitchen. Completely furnished, with use of Piano. Small garden attached. Rent moderate. Possession given the first week in June. Apply at this office.

May 26. 1058tf



(Circular No. 51.)

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 16th May, 1869.

SIR,—

It having been represented to this Department that in violation of the law large quantities of American silver coins are brought into Canada without entry and payment of duty, I have to call your attention to the subject and to enjoin upon you increased vigilance in the discharge of your duty and that of your officers along the frontier in the prevention of smuggling, and you are specially to enquire of travellers and others whether they have in their possession either on their persons or in their baggage, any American silver, and you or your officers are to seize and report any such silver which may be attempted to smuggle, taking particular care that, in the discharge of this duty, you discriminate between a clear design to defraud the revenue and an unintentional breach of the law, in which latter case no seizure should be made, but the officer should see that the silver is duly entered and duty paid.

It need scarcely be added that in the performance of this delicate duty the greatest circumspection and courtesy should be observed by the officers towards all persons with whom they may be brought in official contact.

I am,
Sir,
Your obdt servt,
R S M BOUCHETTE.

P S—American silver coins, as loose change, not exceeding $5, may be brought in by any traveller without being subject to report and entry. 1059.3

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combis their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to su the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,
Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

JOSEPH HALL

MACHINE WORKS,

ESTABLISHED 1851,

JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING CO.

PROPRIETORS

OSHAWA, ONTARIO,

Manufacture Leffel's Celebrated American Double Turbine Water Wheels, *the most perfect and economical water wheel in use.*

We are the only manufacturers who can furnish the genuine "Leffel Wheel" in Canada, as will be seen by the following certificate:

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, Dec. 25th, 1868.

We take pleasure in informing the public of Canada that we have sold and furnished Mr. F. W. GLEN, of Oshawa, Ontario, Patterns, Formers, Drawings, Gauges, and all other necessary information, to build our celebrated Double Turbine Water Wheel, invented by James Leffel, and known as the "Leffel Wheel." We have also obligated ourselves to furnish the same facilities for manufacturing to no other parties in Canada. Without the information we have given Mr. Glen, no one can successfully build our Wheels, and we advise parties in Canada to purchase our Wheels of no other manufacturer. Mr. Glen's facilities are unsurpassed, and we feel sure that he will build a Wheel that will give perfect satisfaction. We therefore commend him to the public of Canada with entire confidence, feeling sure he will manufacture a Wheel in all respects equal to our own.

Signed, JAMES LEFFEL & CO.

WARRANTY.

Our Wheels are warranted to work to entire satisfaction, if properly put up, run, and taken care of,—and then if they do not perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser, after running them 60 days, they may return the wheels to us, and we will pay freight, both ways, and refund all payments made to us thereon. This guarantee will be strictly adhered to.

We call especial attention to our superior Gearing of all kinds for attaching our Wheels, made light, and adapted to the high speed at which the Wheels run. We caution purchasers against using heavy shafting and gearing.

We also manufacture all kinds of **Saw and Flour Mill Machinery, including Steam Engines and Boilers, English and American Gangs, Hand-setting and Self-setting Circular Saw-rigs, Upright and Oscillating Mulay Saw-rigs, Gearing, Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, &c., &c.** Also Shingle Machines and Jointers, Leather-Splitting Machines, Knife-Grinders, Woollen Machinery, Washington Hand Printing Presses, Gordon's Power Press, Taylor's Cylinder Press, and Blake's Patent Steam Pump.

Catalogues containing full information furnished free to all applicants. Address—

F. W. GLEN, President,
959-2aw4m OSHAWA, ONT.

METROPOLITAN

RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

Members of the above association are hereby notified that the Rideau Rifle Range will be open to them for practice on every Monday during the season, commencing on MONDAY, the 24th INSTANT.

By order,
W H FALLS, Lieut,
Asst Secretary.

Ottawa, May 21, 1869. 1056.1

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 28, 1869.

Potatoes continue to be the chief commodity, and, as we predicted, the prices have come down. Good potatoes remained on hands yesterday morning at 40 cents. Better ones brought 45 cents, and one small lot of choice "cups" brought 50 cents. Butter, though not in good supply, is tending downwards, 25 cents being the prevailing price for best print, and 20 cents for firkin. Of poultry there was too small a supply to quote. Hay seems to be kept entirely out of the market, for there has been none to speak of this week. We have to repeat there was no wood.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@ 6 50
No. 1	4 75	@ 5 00
No. 2	none.	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@ 3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@ 2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@ 7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@ 3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 1 30
Spring "	1 00	@ 1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@ 2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@ 28 50
Prime Mess per do	none.	
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@ 11 25
Hams	0 15	@ 0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.	
Mutton—per lb	0 0	@ 0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@ 0 70
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@ 2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@ 0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@ 0 20
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 00	@ 0 15
Apples—per brl	0 00	@ 4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@ 0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@ 28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 50	@ 5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@ 4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@ 3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@ 0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@ 5 50

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy, he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can all be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S

SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

HULL,

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS, GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER, AND DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
1002tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE

"ROCKET,"

WINNER OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE IN 1863,

Height 15½ hands.

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of

MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON, Clarence-st., near the Market.

Terms $10 for the season.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT

34 *SUSSEX-ST.*

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment AT THE VARIETY HALL.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to
JOHN COOK, Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to

SAMUEL LEMIEUX, Plantagenet Mills, Ontario.

1043tf

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to
ROD. ROSS.

Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,
AT NEW EDINBURGH.

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to
R. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, April 20. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to
S. CHRISTIE, Com. Merchant.

April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.

Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CHOICE

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE COUNTIES OF

KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying postpaid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD, Agent, Montreal.

April 7th, 1869. 1033td

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a mortgage made by MICHAEL O'BRIEN, of the township of Fitzroy, in the county of Carleton, yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Esquire, now deceased, to which mortgage JANE O'BRIEN, the wife of the said Michael O'Brien, was made a party, for the purpose of barring dower only, of Lot number Sixteen, in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. SCOTT & ROSS, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of MAY, 1869, at TWELVE o'clock noon.

Margaret Malloch, the devisee named in the last will and testament of the said Edward Malloch, Esquire, deceased, will only covenant that she has done no act to incumber.

The purchaser will accept the title as it stood at the execution of the mortgage.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

1049td W. A. ROSS, Vendor's Solicitor.

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

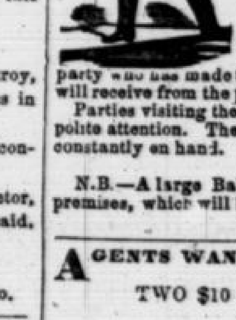
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY.

This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.

B. B. L.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT

REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS.

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD.
1043.20d 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant.

April 27, 1869. 1034tf

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

A beautiful and varied assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,

BATHS, of all kinds,

TOILET SETTS,

Plain and Ornamented,

REFRIGERATORS!

REFRIGERATORS

McKeley's Patent.

We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES!

Best patterns in use.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TIN SPICE BOXES,

A novelty,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour. Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,

The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.

Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra		$6.50
" Extra Superfine		6.00
" Fancy		
" Superfine No. 1		5.25
Superfine o.		4.75
OATMEAL		7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES		2.50
100,000 No. 1	"	2.25
80,000 No. 2	"	1.50
80,000 Fancy	"	1.25

300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered..... 4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin,

W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75.y House, Land and General Agent.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

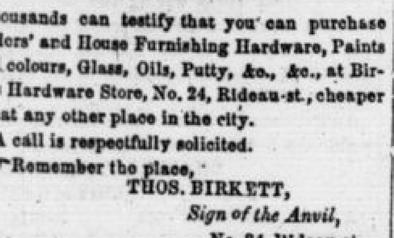
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st. Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Remember the place,

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Venting, Wood and Coal Stoves, Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK-HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND, Proprietor.

Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 18th day of May, 1869.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th section of the Act 31 Vic, Cap 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that "Byng Inlet," situate at the mouth of the River Maganetawan, on the Georgian Bay, in the Province of Ontario, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be an Out Port of Entry under the Survey of the Port of Toronto.

WM H LEE,
1057.3 Clerk Privy Council.

NOTICE.

All payments to be made on account Province of Ontario must, in the meantime, paid into the Bank of Montreal or its agencies.

E B WOOD,
1056tf Treasurer.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.

Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

FROM MONTREAL,

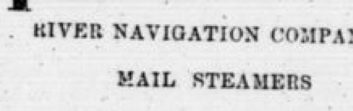
respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA

RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMERS

HAVE

COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS

BETWEEN

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

R. W. SHEPHERD, Manager.

May 7, 1869. 1043tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,

Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

LEAVES

AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"

"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"

FOR

DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS,
1042tf President.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York

or to F. ERRICK, BRUSH & CO., Ottawa

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

To TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery.

Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 482y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER TUESDAY, MAY 18th, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.	1.00 a.m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p.m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west, also with the steamers of the Royal Mail Line.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4:00 p m and 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 9:45 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 2:15 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:19 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

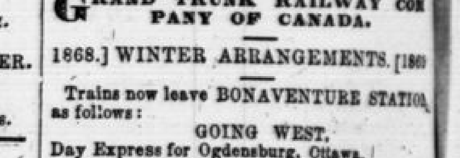
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:10 a m
Night do do do do do	8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at via Vermont Central.	3:30 p m
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	3:0
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

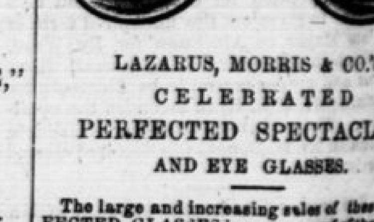
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, Dec 1868.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lecture.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS, AT THE VARIETY HALL.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director ALEX ROBERTSON Editor.

VOL. IV. NO

Marriage Licence

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for ... of Ottawa, by commission from His E... the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau ...

Ottawa, April 9, 1869.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL H...

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavend...

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distrib...
&c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet ... Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all de...
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing ...

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLST...

AND

UNDERTAKE...

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or ... and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their ... ings for any kind of wood work will ... correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURN...

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in t... country.

METALLIC AND OTHER C...

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, ... waggons for lumber and other heavy go...

N.B.—Residence at the west end of W... st., opposite the market.

WATCHES

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointm... HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL ...

AND

COURT OF SPAIN

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LO... MISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRA...

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'... NAVY;

Prize Medalist of the Great Internation... tion of London, 1862, and of the ... versal Exhibition of Paris, 18...

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-...

Agent for Ottawa and ...

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeep...*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Mo...

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Domi... sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa May 20.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the elec... presentatives in the Council of the ... Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, fo... Territorial Divisions constituted by th... 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will ... TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "votin... which will be sent from this office, to ... tered practitioner on the 20th day of M...

These voting papers must be filled up ... to instructions which will accompany ... transmitted to the Returning Officer of t... in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened ... turning Officers of the several Territoria... at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above ... the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		...
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	...
Saugeen and Brock	do	...
Gore and Thames	do	...
Erie and Niagara	do	...
Burlington and Home	do	...
Midland and York	do	...
King's and Queen's	do	...
Newcastle and Trent	do	...
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	...
Bathurst and Rideau	do	...
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	...

The names of the Returning Officers ... nished on a printed envelope to be encl... registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE...
Registrar

Medical Registration Office,
Hamilton, April 15th, 1869.

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that h...

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZET...

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STA...

may be sent, and will be punctually ... as usual, arrangements having been m... vent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the ... tendered aim on all sides, and hopes ... patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DES...

Ottawa, January 21, 1869.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHA...
FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, ...

OTTAWA,

End of Little ...

Cash advanced on goods consigne... diate sale. Prompt returns in all ca...

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. ...

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EV...

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the ... HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per cop...

Ottawa, April 26.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1061. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,

Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.

OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,

Rimmel's New Perfumes,

Cambridge Bouquet,

Oxford Bouquet,

English Lavender Water,

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,

Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,

Improved Perfumed Distributors,

&c., &c., &c.

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,

Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.

W. M. MASSEY,

Family and Dispensing Chemist.

S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,

AND

UNDERTAKER.

FURNITURE

of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS

always on hand.

EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY AND COURT OF SPAIN

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

Mr. JOHN LESLIE,

Sparks-street,

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

For the sale of these celebrated Timekeepers

H. & A. SAUNDERS,

Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of J. Sewill's Watches.

Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the election of representatives in the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, for the twelve Territorial Divisions constituted by the Act Vic. 32, Cap. 45, (*Statutes of Ontario*) will be held on TUESDAY, the 8th day of JUNE next.

There will be no nominations.

The votes will be cast by "voting papers," which will be sent from this office, to each registered practitioner on the 20th day of MAY next.

These voting papers must be filled up according to instructions which will accompany them, and transmitted to the Returning Officer of the Division in which the voter resides and votes.

The voting papers will be opened by the Returning Officers of the several Territorial Divisions at two o'clock, p.m., on the day above named, at the following places:—

Western and St. Clair Division		Chatham
Malahide and Tecumseth	do	London
Saugeen and Brock	do	Guelph
Gore and Thames	do	Woodstock
Erie and Niagara	do	Brantford
Burlington and Home	do	Hamilton
Midland and York	do	Toronto
King's and Queen's	do	Whitby
Newcastle and Trent	do	Cobourg
Quinte and Cataraqui	do	Kingston
Bathurst and Rideau	do	Ottawa
St. Lawrence and Eastern	do	Brockville

The names of the Returning Officers will be furnished on a printed envelope to be enclosed to each registered practitioner.

H. STRANGE, M.D.,

Registrar of Council.

Medical Registration Office,

Hamilton, April 15th, 1869. 1035d

NOTICE.

The undersigned begs to state that he has

OPENED AN OFFICE

OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,

SPARKS-STREET,

Where all orders for the

CANADA GAZETTE,

AND FOR

PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,

may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.

Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS.

Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

THE LEADER.

THE MORNING AND EVENING

LEADER,

Is sold by J. R. BATTLE, at the RUSSELL HOUSE, daily, at ONE cent per copy.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES

In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.

The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.

Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.

GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,

HAVE

JUST RECEIVED

ALL THE

NEWEST STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

COMPRISING

a very large and varied assortment of

LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.

We would call the especial attention of the

LADIES,

To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.

ALSO,

To our Prunella Balmoral, for..................$1.25.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.

Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.

A J STEPHENS & CO.,

late F G & C A Crosby,

Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS

FOR ALL WEATHERS."

SEE

THE NEW STYLES

IN

BOOTS AND SHOES!

FOR

SUMMER,

AT

THE RED BOOT,

28 *Sussex-st.*

W. A. LAMB

would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.

GENTLEMEN'S

PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,

AT

THE RED BOOT.

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES

are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.

Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.

Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.

Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.

N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.

G. A. WALTON,

105 King-st. West, Toronto, and 37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of

PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.

MALCOLM CAMERON,

AGENT,..................DESBARAT'S BLOCK

Office of Queen's Printer,

An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.,

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

QUEBEC REFERENCES.

Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.

James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.

Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.

Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.

Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Tailoring.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian

TWEEDS,

may now be seen at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.

Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.

A. GRAHAM & CO.,

Commercial Warehouse,

No. 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

T. LAWRENCE

Having opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.

From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.

Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.

Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.

P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

GENTLEMEN

Leaving their orders at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

Can get well suited in Garments.

1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

N. ROBERTSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

BELL'S BLOCK,

Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,

In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.

MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.

Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

COATS, PANTS and VESTS

May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

SELECT TAILORING.

T. RAJOTTE.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.

From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.

The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,

FOR CASH ONLY.

N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.

Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.

T. RAJOTTE.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 60 Sparks-st.,

1043 3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

—FROM—

OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC

AND LONDON,

Consisting of

PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN

AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES

&c., &c., &c.,

FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

—LIKEWISE,—

A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.

TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.

PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.

ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.

50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.

200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.

SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.

PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.

ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUORS, prices according to age and quality.

100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.

LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.

10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.

TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.

COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.

TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.

A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.

For sale at

THOS. PATTERSON'S,

No. 26, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THE

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,

And for sale cheap, by

D. T. BROWNE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,

FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,

PRESERVED OYSTERS do

FRESH HALIBUT do

FRESH SALMON do

FRESH MACKEREL do

FRESH LOBSTERS

GREEN PEAS do

LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,

Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR,

FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,

MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,

MORTON'S Bloater Paste,

TOMATO and other Catsups.

ANCHOVY Paste,

STRASBURGH Meats,

POTTED Beef and Tongues

PRESERVES and Jellies, in great variety,

ORANGE Marmalade,

MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s

Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.

PICKLED Salmon,

PICKLED Mackerel,

PICKLED HERRINGS,

In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,

DRY Codfish,

DRY Haddock,

FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,

And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE,

BOTTLED ALE.

The subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

FINE BOTTLED ALE.

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,

And other Malt Whiskies,

PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A call [illegible]dly solicited.

D. WHELAN,

44, Rideau-street,

Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts. Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6. 1015tf

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays for Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,

1043d 124 Rideau-st.

Dry Goods.

OPENED OUT

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,

A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,

A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,

A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,

A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,

A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS

IN NEW MATERIALS,

A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,

A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,

TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES

AT

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 Rideau st.

Ottawa, March 23, 1869.

PANIC! PANIC! PANIC

GREAT CHANCE

SAFER THAN A LOTTERY

AS ALL ARE SURE TO GET A PRIZE

$30,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY for....................$12,000.

Owing to the late panic in Montreal, and the large number of Bankrupt Stocks that in consequence have been thrown on the market, we were enabled to purchase an assorted stock of

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,

amounting to $30,000, for the small sum of 7s on the pound, being lower than any stock we have yet purchased.

So now is the time for bargains. But you must hurry up as we intend selling them very low so as to clear them off quick. For instance here is something to please the eye and make the pocket feel good as it draws so little from it.

The stock consists of the following goods, viz:

DRESS GOODS!

One case plain Poplin, choice colours, for ....9d pr yd, worth 1s 3d

One case Silk Striped, do very new.....................10½d do do 1s 6d

20 pieces Silk Striped, do very new......................1s do do 1s 9d

10 pieces Roselind, Shot Striped Lusters..................9d do do 1s 3d

15 pieces Yucatan Cloths...1s 3d do do 2s 6d

Also, 1 case assorted yard wide goods, in splendid colours, and of the latest styles, for 1s 10½d.

The same goods cannot be bought in any house in the city for less than 3s 6d.

Immense bargains in WHITE COTTONS, a first class White Cotton only 5d per yard.

50 dozen White Hose.......................5d per pair

20 pieces Ticking ....only 9d, worth 1s 3d

50 dozen all Linen Towels, good ....for 3d each

60 do do do do 5d, worth 9d each

157 pairs Corsets, ...for 2s per pair

100 White quilts...........................at a great bargain

200 Coloured Quilts..................only 5s, worth 2s 6d

100 Silk and Wool Shirts for Boating...........................7s 6d worth 12s 6d

400 pairs Gloves..............................for 4d per pair

100 do Fine Silk Gloves...only 1s 3d, worth 2s 6d

Pocket Handkerchiefs..............................1½d each

do do hemmed......................6d each

Also, 2 cases Prints, slightly damaged 3d to 4½d per yard

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

THE GREATEST SACRIFICE OF THE AGE IN CLOTHING.

Splendid all wool Suits warranted............for $9

Good Suits......................................for $4.50

Vests...from 75c up

Pants..............................50c, 75c and $1 per pair

And a magnificent Alpacca Coat.........only $1.25

AT

THE OCCIDENTAL EMPORIUM,

STEWART'S BLOCK, RIDEAU-ST.,

near Sappers' Bridge.

H. HICK & CO.

Decorative Painting.

A. W. LANG,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Respectfully informs the public that he will in a

FEW DAYS

OPEN A FIRST-CLASS

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Pending which his office will be on the

FIRST FLOOR

OF THE

MASONIC HALL BLOCK,

ELGIN-STREET,

Where he will be happy to meet old and new friends, and

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR WORK

In all the various branches of his business.

Ottawa, March 31, 1869. 1011y

A. SWALWELL,

CHIEF UNDERTAKER,

SPARKS-ST.

COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.

Sole agent for

FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.

RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.

WANTED.

A second-hand SKIFF in good order. Apply at the TIMES Office. 1051tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,

Nature's Crown.

You Must Cultivate it

GRAY HAIR

Is a certain indication

of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING

Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S

HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 26. 1008-14y

For the effect produced by Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs the inventor is permitted to refer to the Medical Gentlemen in St. John, N. B., whose signatures are attached hereto:

WILLIAM BAYARD, M.D.

EDWIN BAYARD, M.D.

THOMAS WALKER, M.D.

JOHN BERRYMAN, M.D., ED.

DR. JOHNSTON, L.R.C.S., ED.

GEORGE KEATOR, M.D.

W. H. HARDING, M.R.C.S.

JOHN BAXTER, M.D.

J. D. WHITE, M. D.

T. W. CARRITT, M.D.

I, Aaron Alward, Mayor of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, having examined the letters of Drs. Earle, Addy, Clay, Jacobs and Chandler, and also the signatures attached to the foregoing permit of reference, hereby certify that I believe them all genuine.

I can also testify to the high therapeutical value of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs, and consider it deserving of attention by the profession generally.

Great Seal. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Seal of Mayoralty at the city of St. John, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

AARON ALWARD, M.D.,

1049b21b Mayor of the City of St. John.

AGENTS—FRANCIS CUNDILL & CO., 32 Lemoine-st., Montreal.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 578v

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

PARISIAN STEAM DYE WORKS,

M. HIRSHFIELD.

OFFICES—Nos. 374 and 258 Notre Dame-street,

MONTREAL.

OTTAWA AGENCY AT THE

CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,

43 Sparks-st.

Dresses of every description, Shawls, Curtains, etc., scoured and cleaned, or dyed in all colors and shades. Gents' Garments renovated. Charges low. 1051d

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address

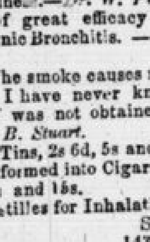
E. F. McAVAY & CO.,

Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)

A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents,

Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

April 28, 1869. 1035-3m



FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,

143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,

Very cheap,

AT THE VARIETY HALL.

RED RIVER SETTLEMENT.

Resources of The Territory.

The *Nor'Wester*, of April 24th. is to hand, from which we quote as follows:—

"1st. ABOUT MOSQUITOES. — Of mosquitoes we have an adequate supply in the proper season. Although a deficiency sometimes felt in many things, especially in money, still we have never heard any complaints regarding the mosquito supply. The fact is, that one is as good as a hundred, and most people are contented if the supply is in a descending ratio, and the rule holds good the world over. We don't know our correspondent's reason for asking the question, but, if he hesitates to emigrate to a country which has *no mosquitoes*, we assure him that he will find all he wants here, if he will only settle down in the right locality. Those midnight serenaders are abundant in the neighbourhood of low and swampy grounds during the spring and summer, and, in those localities, we believe our mosquito crop will compare very favorably with the returns in many portions of Canada; still, should you excell us, we don't care; so long as the supply keeps up with the demand we shall rest satisfied.

"2. ABOUT BLACK FLIES—We have plenty of the common house-fly—and we have horse flies, and blue flies and brown-flies, but we have never seen any black-flies. We have the "bull-dog," however, and it is a nipper and no mistake. He bites deep, and should he alight upon your nose or the back of your hand, you will be aware of it very quickly. But there is nothing mean about his character. He sings no songs to enlist your friendship like the mosquito, neither does he leave an irritating poison in the puncture to excite your spleen after his departure. The only known remedy for the "bull-dog" is death, and if you catch him in the act, and strike, as you will be very apt to do, while the iron is hot, you can easily kill him, and he will die happy. The bull-dog fly is tolerably well known amongst us—but, at the same time, it is not very plentiful, and it is not regarded as an inconvenience —except when it bites.

"3. About sand flies—We have never heard of sand-flies being an annoyance in the settlement. Have never seen any. The soil is too loamy to produce them in any great quantity.

"4. The wheat midge.—this troublesome insect has never made its appearance in this country that we have ever heard of. Our people do not know it, and we hope it will always be unknown among us.

"5. Do grasshoppers destroy our crops every year? They donot. The grasshoppers have visited this Settlement but twice. They made their first appearance in the year 1818, just before harvest. The Settlement was at that time young and struggling for its existence; and although the grain was too far advanced for the insect pest to deprive the farmer of some return for his labor, still at the time it was severely felt. But in the year 1819 the eggs, which had been deposited the former year, began to assume life, and the young grasshoppers 'were produced in masses two, three, and four inches in depth.' Everything that could be eaten by them disappeared before them, and the desolation of the little colony was extreme. At that time the nearest settlement was nearly two thousand miles distant from Red River, and appeal for help would have been of little avail. The buffalo, however, were numerous and comparatively close at hand. As far as grasshoppers were concerned this colony had a season of quiet from the year 1819 to 1864. That year a few swarms settled down among us, coming from the south-west but as the crops were far advanced, they did comparatively little harm. The settlement was annoyed in one part or another the two following years; each year they deposited their eggs, choosing the road sides, and such parts where the ground was the hardest for that purpose. In 1867 immense swarms arrived from the south-west, which being added to those already hatched among us, formed a terrible army of destruction. But as they commenced operations when the grain was well in the ear, there was plenty raised for that year, and enough to sow in the spring of 1868. Although it was well known that every available spot within the settlement was filled with their eggs, still most of the farmers put down their seed as usual. It came up beautifully and the fields of the settlement were soon green with the growing crops; meantime the grasshopper eggs began to hatch and the ground was alive with the tiny young destroyers. In a few days they had gathered sufficient strength to travel, and they started on their journey to the south, an overwhelming army of destruction. The front rank pressed forward, urged on by millions at the rear; and thus the march was kept up until every green thing was destroyed. Their line of march was always in one direction, and nothing but a house, a wall, or a river impeded their progress. At the base of a wall, it was astonishing to see the accumulations of insect life during the march of this devouring scourge. They were heaped up in such immense numbers that although but half grown, they were piled upon one another, sometimes to the depth of a foot. In the middle of June they began to assume their wings, and day by day the air would be filled with immense swarms flying toward the south-west, the home of their progenitors. By the middle of July they had all taken their departure, and had not left an egg behind them. We are free from the grasshoppers, and if another term of fifty years passes before they return, we trust that the province of Assiniboin will then be in such a position among the countries of the world that, if a portion equal to a Canadian county be devastated we will hardly regard it as an evil of momentous importance. As it was, it has served, like other dispensations of providence, a good purpose: and, although want is a severe schoolmaster, we believe that the scourge of 1868 has taught this people a lesson not to be forgotten by many of them. Firstly, the land wanted rest. A greater portion of the older settled parts had been cropped year in and year out for the last half century,—in most cases without the addition of a particle of manure—and, if the farmer would not grant a jubilee of rest for their exhausted fields, it was exacted from them by Him who reigns over the earth and all that is therein. The land had a jubilee if the people had not, and it came after an exact interval of fifty years. 2ndly. Many noxious weeds were almost entirely destroyed by the grasshoppers, which is a great benefit to the colony.

3rdly. The farmer will see the necessity of sowing a greater breadth of ground in the future, that he may be enabled to have a supply on hand for an emergency.

4thly. Many who have hitherto depended on the buffalo hunt for their subsistence will see that the cultivation of the ground is far likelier to supply their wants than the uncertain chase.

5thly. This people have learned that although hitherto isolated from other lands, still their brethren abroad have a regard for their welfare; and the enviable feeling of gratitude will be called forth, and cultivated, we trust, in such a manner, that should the necessity occur, they can pay their indebtedness by giving to others in need as freely as they have themselves received.

"The Spring of 1869 opens upon us with every prospect of our fields smiling with a bounteous harvest, and to our Canadian friends we would say—that there is no cause for you to be afraid of the grasshopper destroying the crops for perhaps a generation or two to come. Our grasshoppers, at the worst, are not worse than the midge, blight, mildew and army worm, which often devastate your own crops. As a general thing, there is no country in the world less annoyed with insect pests than this territory.

"And in closing this article we wish to add what will surprise many who will read it:—The domestic rat, nor the rattlesnake, are not known in this settlement."

DISASTROUS FIRE AT BOTHWELL.

From the London Prototype.

Between the hours of two and three o'clock on Monday afternoon (24), a disastrous conflagration befell the town of Bothwell, in which the American House, Leva's livery stable, Brady's dwelling house, Pepper Well office, the great Western station and sheds, and two small frame buildings, in close proximity to the station, were totally destroyed by fire. The origin of the fire is at present unknown; but it is presumed that, the American House being unoccupied, the fire breaking out from that building, and as prostitutes and Indians were in the habit of obtaining access to the place, those are the persons who applied the match, either wilfully or through carelessness. Fortunately for the Great Western Railway authorities, there was no freight in the sheds, the only thing consumed in this shape being about seventy bushels of potatoes and some oil boring tools, and the latter articles were merely left there for safe-keeping. The loss of the Great Western will be about $10,000, which is covered with the insurance. Captain Walker, who owned the American House and other buildings, will be a heavy loser.

FOR Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

GENTLEMEN can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices.

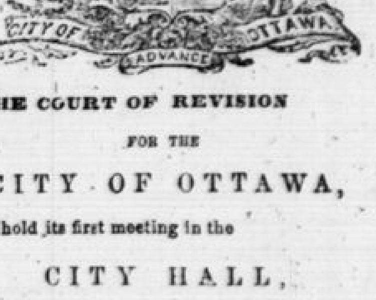
CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vexata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY. For sale by all druggists.

The question of grants to superior education has not yet been properly settled by the Legislature of Ontario. Until the public is satisfied with the utility of Upper Canada College in our educational system, the former question will remain open. The Honourable John Sandfield McDonald has not been so successful with educational questions, as the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY has been in eradicating the numerous chronic complaints of the Lungs, Liver and circulatory organs. For sale by all druggists.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of the Peruvian Syrup (a protected solution of the protoxide of Iron) are cautioned against being deceived by any of the preparations of Peruvian Bark, or Bark and Iron which may be offered them. Every bottle of genuine has Peruvian Syrup (not Peruvian Bark) blown in the glass. Examine the bottle before purchasing.

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d



THE COURT OF REVISION

FOR THE

CITY OF OTTAWA,

Will hold its first meeting in the

CITY HALL,

in the said city, on

Tuesday, the 1st day of June, 1869,

At ONE o'clock in the afternoon,

Of which all persons interested are required to take notice.

WM. P. LETT,

City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 22, 1869. 1057td

SAVAGE'S URSINA.

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADA BEAR,

has been long known as a most valuable toilet article, and a constantly increasing demand is a guarantee of its high reputation.

It is delightfully perfumed, and is eminent for promoting a luxuriant growth of the hair, and permanently maintaining its beauty.

Its nourishing properties effectually prevent the hair from falling off or turning gray.

EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, proprietors; and sold by all druggists and perfumers. 1028eod.3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

White Goods for Summer Wear—Magee & Russell.
Trade Sale of Teas, etc., etc.,—John Leeming & Co., Montreal.
Lecture—Young Men's Christian Association.
Boy Wanted—Apply at this Office.
Trade Sale of Teas—John Leeming & Co., Montreal.
Anniversary Soiree—W. Scofield.

JOB PRINTING,
Neat, Quick and Cheap,
New Improvements.
Large additions have been made to this branch of the establishment of
STEAM PRESSES,
BOOK & FANCY JOB TYPE,
A POWERFUL STEAM ENGINE,
PAPER CUTTER,
AND CARD CUTTER,
Enabling us to turn out every description of JOB PRINTING in a superior manner and at Low Rates.
BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,
POSTERS, HANDBILLS,
CIRCULARS, CARDS,
BILL HEADS,
BINDING AND RULING
done at prices to defy competition.

The Ottawa Times
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

YESTERDAY the resolutions on the Hudson's Bay and Northwest Territories were discussed in Parliament. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER and the Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL made exhaustive speeches in vindication of the policy of Canada, and the terms on which the territorial rights of the Company were to be secured. Other speakers followed, and many points, such as the Canadian Pacific Railway scheme, the opening up of communication, encouragement of immigration, &c., came in for a share of notice. Mr. LEVISCONTE moved an amendment, affirming that it was undesirable to acquire the Northwest, which was voted down. Yeas, 15; nays, 121. The resolutions were passed through Committee, and the House adjourned at midnight.

IN several of the reports of Mr. E. M. MACDONALD's remarks in Parliament the other day, concerning the subject of American silver, it was erroneously stated that he said an Act had been passed in Nova Scotia fixing its value at eighty cents on the dollar. Such was not the case. Mr. MACDONALD said that in the Maritime Provinces the people had come to a mutual understanding that American silver currency should only be received at that rate, and as a consequence that there was but very little, if any, American silver in circulation there. He suggested, however, that an Act might be passed by Parliament making American silver legal tender up to a certain amount at the rate of eighty cents to the dollar, to go into effect six months after its passage, by which time the plethora of the metal would be removed.

YESTERDAY afternoon Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD announced in reply to Mr. HOLTON, that the Government intended to proceed with the resolutions on Banking and Currency on Tuesday. The discussion will take place on the motion for going into committee on the resolutions and Mr. HOLTON's amendment thereto. The amendment is "in short, a plea for delay," but pleas for delay do not touch the merits of an issue, though they may sometimes be urged with propriety, especially when it can be shewn, that immediate action would be "exceedingly inopportune." It cannot be denied that there is a present necessity at least for action on the bank charters; and since the renewal of these is intimately connected with the proposed alteration in the currency it will be somewhat difficult to justify delay, and consequent hasty action another year touching interests of great importance. Would it not have been more statesmanlike on the part of the Opposition to have met the question fairly on its merits, without resorting to such a side-wind as "a plea, in short, for delay?"

THE member for Lambton unexpectedly sprung upon the House yesterday a demand for ministerial explanations relative to Mr. HOWE's acceptance of office. For this step he pleaded in justification Mr. HOWE's speech on the Northwest, in the early part of last session. Though this personal question has not the general importance of the great subject upon which it arose, yet we have deemed it right to give prominence to Mr. MCKENZIE's attack, and the Hon. Mr. HOWE's vindication. The latter, we trust, was sufficiently complete to render a repetition of it unnecessary, even though the question on which it might very properly have been offered has not yet come up for discussion. If Mr. MCKENZIE holds that Mr. HOWE has taken a wrong step in joining the Cabinet; if he holds that no measures should have been taken for the settlement of the discontent in Nova Scotia, he may be justified in bringing up this, and kindred personal questions, when the rules of the House, or the indulgence of the members, may give him the opportunity. But if, as he professes, he is a sincere Unionist, anxious for the firm establishment of the Confederation he assisted in bringing about, it seems out of place that he should quarrel with those, who, without the same enthusiasm at the beginning of the work, have accepted it now as a necessity, and manifest as much earnestness in endeavouring to make this new system advantageous to the country, as do those those who were responsible for its inception.

A REPORT has been sedulously circulated in certain quarters to the effect that the Ottawa papers have been abusing Mr. LANGTON, because, honest man, he had circumvented the proprietors of these papers in their attempts to overcharge the Government! This is not only not true, as a matter of fact; but it is inconsistent with the routine of the Audit Department, and if Mr. LANGTON, or anybody else, who may be presumed to know something of the working of that department, can be quoted as authority for the assertion mentioned, we are prepared to give it a flat contradiction. The main ground of objection to Mr. LANGTON's newly budding honours arose from a supposed weakness on his part, when checking little items of expenditure flowing in the direction of his own private treasury; and from the conviction, whether well or ill-founded, that it is not good policy nor in the interests of the public service that one man should be unduly exalted or excessively rewarded, when so many others, probably equally able, though less officious, are allowed to quietly draw their official income and perform their round of official duties without new offices or new salaries being thrust upon them.

If on the other hand the duties of Secretary of the Treasury properly pertain to the office of Auditor, let him perform them. But instead of making that a reason for a new salary, it more naturally suggests that Mr. LANGTON may have been getting too much before. Our object now, however, is not to discuss Mr. LANGTON's claims to the Secretaryship of the Treasury Board with an additional thousand a year, and *carte blanche* in the way of extra clerkships for the olive branches of the household, in vacation times; but simply to point out that it is utterly untrue that Mr. LANGTON's checking of the accounts of the Ottawa papers ever saved the country a dollar. At another time we may discuss the point, whether there was not room for the exercise of his economical notions in a direction more personal to himself.

THE Halifax *Express* concludes an article on "the position of Nova Scotia," with the following definition of the policy which should be pursued by that Province:

"The policy of Nova Scotia now is to make the most of the Union into which we have entered with our Sister Provinces; to build up, rather than tear down, to abandon a hopeless agitation for Repeal, and unite and work together to do what in us lies to vindicate our rights and privileges against all who would invade them, to hurry on our great public works to a speedy completion, to open up the country, develop its resources, and extend its commerce. This is henceforth to be the great principle of action. The hope of the Annexationist has died within him, and the public men and the people of the United States will understand now, what they should have been made to understand long ago, that between them and us there can be no political connection, that we are ready and most willing to enter into reciprocal trade relations with them, to help and be helped by them into a career of commercial prosperity, to give and take freely, and in the most friendly spirit, to throw open our fishing grounds, to buy their produce and manufactures, provided they will throw open their markets to our industry also. And we entertain strong hopes that such will be the case, and at no distant day. The benefit would be great, immediate and mutual, and that our neighbours understand as well as we do. In the New England States, trade is far more depressed and the stream of emigration much larger than with ourselves. Our neighbours know their wants and, recognising our altered position, will not be slow to make advances in the direction of a policy, whose tendency will be to bring back prosperity to both parties. To realise this, however, our statesmen must be in earnest, and if we are not greatly mistaken what the people want now is to place their best and ablest men at the head of affairs, convinced that sound sense, experience and political honesty, outweigh immeasurably the farrago of folly and political fanaticism which for a season usurped the place of statesmanship, and instead of bread gave the people a stone.

THE following is the attractive heading of the leading news columns of one of our New York exchanges:—
"A day of horrors."
"Sinking of two steamboats and explosion of another in New York harbour."
"Terrible fire at Hunter's Point."
"Ten thousand barrels of petroleum consumed."
"A millionaire cuts his throat."
"Reported defalcation in the produce exchange and in a Brooklyn bank."
"Determined suicide at Tarrytown."
"Another mystery discovered on the East River."
Horrors enough, surely, for a single day.

LONDON, May 28.—The *Times* this morning, in reviewing the Messrs. Laird's letter of defence, denies any negligence on the part of the Government in permitting the *Alabama* to sail. The writer deplores the insufficiency of the law, and considers the precedent most mischievous. The question of liability between the States for the incompleteness of the law is a doubtful one.

The Tories throughout the country are organising meetings to protest against the disestablishment of the Irish Church.

In the House of Commons this evening, the Irish Church Bill being up, Mr. Gladstone said that there was no intention of abolishing the system of national education in Ireland, but that amendments might be introduced.

The Right Hon. Mr. Monsell, in reply to Mr. Charley, said he thought the appropriation of a loan for the Intercolonial Railway to pay the debts of Canada, would not be illegal, considering the precautions taken to render the sum available when needed.

The Cork City Council has adopted a petition for the pardon of the Fenian prisoners.

PERSECUTION OF CHRISTIANS IN CHINA.—According to the last reports received from the Roman Catholic missionaries in China, the Province of Su-tchuen has been visited by a fearful plague of cholera, and more than 1,000 Christians have died. Two-thirds of the shops in the principal city were closed, and the pagans charge the Christians with being the occasion of the plague by their refusal to join the national worship. This has given rise to considerable persecution; the people forming leagues in which they bind themselves not to have any commercial dealings with Christians. Nevertheless 430 baptisms are reported for the year. In Corea the persecution which began in March, 1866, with the martyrdom of nine missionaries continues with redoubled violence. Whole masses are proscribed, and the object is to annihilate every vestige of Christianity. It is estimated that 500 have been put to death in Seoul, the principal city, and 2,000 in the whole Province. The Christian congregations are all dispersed, and the regent has expressed his determination utterly to uproot the proscribed religion.

MILLINERY.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

FRIDAY, May 28, 1869.

The House met at 7:30 o'clock p.m. in pursuance of the orders of the House.

When the Commission re-appointing the Honourable JOSEPH EDOUARD CAUCHON Speaker of the House was read, whereupon he took the Chair.

Several petitions were presented.

The time for receiving reports on Private Bills was extended to the 10th of June next.

Hon. Mr. ODELL presented the fifth Report from the Printing Committee, which was ordered to be taken into consideration on Monday next.

The following Bills from the House of Commons were introduced and read a first time, and ordered for a second reading to-morrow:—

Great Western Railway Bill.
Salary of the Governor-General Bill.
Malicious Injuries Bill.
New Brunswick Bank Stock Bill.
Canadian Bank of Commerce Bill.
Canadian Vessels on an equal footing Bill.
Personal Offenses Bill.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved, seconded by Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, that when the House adjourns, it stands adjourned till three o'clock to-morrow in the afternoon, which was resolved in the affirmative.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL gave notice that he would move resolutions relative to the Hudson's Bay Territory to-morrow.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, May 28, 1869.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Several petitions were presented.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN presented a return of the sums paid for special services to the officers of the civil service, &c., during the past years.

Hon. Mr. IRVINE presented the report of the Hochelaga Election Committee, asking leave to adjourn for the purpose of having a new commission issued for the taking of evidense.

Mr. McKENZIE presented the fifth report of the Printing Committee, recommending the printing of certain returns.

Mr. MORRISON introduced a Bill to naturalize Eli C. Clark, of Toronto (from Senate).

Hon. Mr. IRVINE introduced two private Bills, relating to the issue of patents.

Mr. SIMARD introduced an Act to amend the St. Lawrence Tow Boat Company's charter.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY moved that on Saturday (to-day) the House go into Committee on the following resolution:

That it is expedient that provision shall be made as hereinafter mentioned for improving the harbours and channels and facilitating the navigation, at the several ports between Campbelltown in New Brunswick, and Pictou in Nova Scotia, both ports inclusive,—and for the purpose of making good to the Consolidated Revenue Fund any sums which may hereinafter be voted by Parliament for that purpose, to authorize the Governor in Council to impose by proclamation from time to time, a tonnage duty not exceeding ten cents per ton on vessels entering any of the ports aforesaid mentioned in such proclamation, such duty to be payable not more than once in each year on any vessel not exceeding one hundred tons, and not more than twice in each year on any vessel exceeding one hundred tons measurement by register.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN moved that on Saturday the House go into Committee of the Whole on a series of resolutions, on which would be founded an Act respecting immigrants and immigration.

On motion of Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER, the Committee on travelling expenses to Judges of the Superior Courts, &c., was fixed for Saturday.

On motion of Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER, it was resolved that during the remainder of the Session, Wednesdays be considered as Government days.

GOVERNMENT POLICY.

In reply to the Hon. Mr. HOLTON,

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said it was the intention of the House to go on to-day with the resolutions on the Hudson Bay Territory. It was not their intention to ask the House to consider the resolutions on Banking and Currency, until Tuesday next. They had intended to go on with that question sooner; but as several members had left under the impression that the discussion would not come on till Tuesday the Government had deferred it till then, having other measures of importance to engage the attention of the House in the meantime.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Do the Government propose to go on with that measure this session?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—We do propose to go on with it certainly, and to submit it to the consideration of the House on Tuesday. There were other measures to engage attention to-morrow, and the Minister of Finance was ready to go on with the resolutions on interest when the House was ready to consider them.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON wished to deal frankly with the Government, and as they had announced their intention of going on with their banking policy this session, he would give notice of the following motion in amendment to going into committee (seconded by Mr. McKENZIE):

That such radical changes in a long established banking system, as proposed in the resolutions before the House, should not be made without mature deliberation in Parliament, and an opportunity afforded for its full consideration by the country; and inasmuch as it is not contemplated that the proposed changes shall take effect until July, 1871, therefore it is expedient to postpone the further consideration of the question until next session.

THIRD READINGS.

The following Bills were read a third time and passed:

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—The Canada Joint Stock Companies Clause Act (from the Senate).

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—An Act respecting Vagrants (from Senate).

THE NORTHWEST TERRITORY.

On the motion of Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER, seconded by Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL, that the House go into Committee to consider the resolutions respecting the acquisition of the Territorial and other rights of the Hudson's Bay Company in Rupert's Land, &c., &c., and respecting the Northwest Territory.

Mr. McKENZIE rose to seek for explanations why the hon. President of the Council (Mr. Howe) had joined the Government after the strong views he had expressed last year in opposition to the acquisition by Canada of the Northwest. The hon. member had then considered himself a Canadian, and gave his reasons for opposing the proposed purchase. These reasons, in his (Mr. McK's.) opinion, had been quite sufficient to have precluded the hon. President of the Council from having become connected with a Government which proposed to deal with a matter on which he had expressed himself with such force. But there was also another matter on which explanations were due to the House and country. He well recollected the time when the Hon. President of the Council came before the Parliament declaring his country had been degraded by the Act of Union—that her liberties had been taken away, and her interests sacrificed to the extent of at least half a million of dollars. Now, if Nova Scotia had been robbed of her revenues, or deprived of her liberties, it was only due to the House and the Dominion at large that they should know how it was that the hon. gentleman had associated himself with a Government which had been mainly instrumental in inflicting that injustice upon the people whose interests he professed to have so directly at heart. He (Mr. McK.) was not able to see where the robbery had taken place, or where the liberties were lost; but he had, nevertheless, been deeply moved by the pathos of the hon. gentleman when he dilated upon the injuries sustained by his country. It was Mrs. Hemans who spoke of the extreme grief that sometimes afflicts humanity; when he saw the tears of the veteran statesman starting from his eyes, and found that Nova Scotia was to suffer so grievous an injustice, he felt such an amount of sympathy for the hon. member that he was induced to vote for a committee to enquire into the nature of the wrong, and the best mode of remedying or removing it. It was now a very natural conclusion that these liberties had been restored, since the hon. gentleman had become associated with the Government. It was hardly possible that a gentleman of his high position in the country, of his sincere patriotism, would enter any administration that would be instrumental in depriving his Province of her dearest and best rights. If it should, however, be the case that the hon. member had merely joined the Government as others had joined it in the past—in violation of their professed views, then another step had been taken in that path of political degradation on which the Government of his country had been moving so long. When men of all shades of opinion were found in the same Government, it was but natural that the public should assume that they attached more value to the possession of office than to the patriotic professions that had previously been made. So far from the course pursued by the hon. gentleman having conciliated Nova Scotia, it had only the effect of changing the direction of the public mind. The people of Nova Scotia, for two years, had laboured to obtain repeal by the instrumentality of the British Government; but now we found that annexation doctrines were being boldly proclaimed in the Legislature of Nova Scotia. Such was one of the results of the hon. member's inconsistent conduct, and if he had gained his election in the county of Hants, it was mainly through the efforts of the hon. member for Cumberland, who had previously been his strongest opponent. Under all the circumstances he felt that the position of the hon. gentleman was such as to require immediate and explicit explanations.

Hon. Mr. HOWE replied that he thought it but due to the House and country that he should offer the most candid explanations in reference to the position he now occupied. He would say, in all frankness, that if he was not now found on the same side with the hon member for Lambton and his friends, it must be attributed, in a great measure, to their own course in the past. Had he found among the old Reformers and Liberals that sympathy and support which he thought he was entitled to, perhaps he might have remained on their side. It he was to understand the hon. gentleman he was to put himself in a position to evade the constitutional law of this country for all time. He was to occupy an isolated position—without sympathizers or allies on either side of the House—an object for the ridicule and amusement of Canadians of all parties. Now if he had devoted his public life to such exhibitions he would certainly have been a political martyr in the highest sense of the term—one possessed of a chivalrous sentiment that does not obtain in the Dominion of Canada nor anywhere else. In fact he was, according to the hon. member, to assume an attitude which would mar the usefulness of any public man, and tend to retard the progress of measures of public utility. He might make it as an excuse for the position that he now occupied, that he was only following the custom of the country. If he was to believe—and he must say he did not—all that he heard said by public men on the floor of the House during the forty days he was there, he should certainly not consider that the tone of political morality was so high in Canada as to prove that he had himself been degraded by the course he had pursued. He had come to the House as a stranger, and he would cheerfully acknowledge that he was treated with all the courtesy that he could have expected. Perhaps his complaints of the Dominion Act were sometimes querulous and declamatory, but he was treated with respect and consideration on both sides; therefore he could not find fault as an individual with any party, or set of men. But then he certainly did expect that some gentlemen on the opposite side would have got up and said—"Nova Scotia has been hardly used; Howe has a great deal to complain of, and should receive our aid." Nova Scotia was a free province; she had won her responsible government side by side with Upper Canada and Lower Canada Reformers. She was entitled to keep her constitution until she gave it up voluntarily. Certainly he had a right to expect that some thirty or forty men would have been found to declare that Nova Scotia had received hard usage, and would have extended to her their sympathies. He was not present at the second part of the session, but during the forty days he had attended previously, when the question was debated at length, the hon. member for Lambton gave him so little sympathy—his country received such meagre encouragement—that he felt he was at liberty to sit on which side of the House he might choose. Coming now to what took place subsequently, he would state that he had spent some months in England trying to persuade the British Government to release Nova Scotia. He took with him petitions from 30,000 Nova Scotians, but in the face of all the remonstrances he and his friends had made, they were powerless. He had returned to the province, and rode from county to county, exerting himself to the utmost, until the general elections came off, then the people gave an overwhelming verdict in favour of himself and friends. He thought that the British Parliament and Government might see at last that Nova Scotia had been badly treated, and would consent to repeal the law. He and others again went to England, but the result was that only two men could be found in the House of Lords, out of four hundred, to support them, whereas in the Commons only eighty-seven members voted—not for repeal, but simply for a Committee of Enquiry. Under these circumstances, he had warned the British Ministry and people that annexation feelings would be created by the attitude assumed by England towards Nova Scotia. The hon. member for Lambton had thought proper to make him responsible for this annexation sentiment, but it was to be actually attributed to the feeling of soreness which existed in parts of the country on account of the treatment which the people had received from the British Government. What was his duty under these circumstances? Was he to sit down and do nothing? The hon. member for Lambton seemed to think that he should evade the responsibilities of his position. He had been elected to represent the county of Hants, and his constituents and the people of Nova Scotia looked to him for counsel and advice at the important crisis that had arisen. Was he to agitate for what was impracticable? Was he to advise his friends to resist the law, and the power and authority of the Imperial Government? He would not say what he would have done if he had had the power; but as it was he was unable to resist, and, therefore, he had no other course open to him except to accept the situation, and obtain the best modifications of the Act he could. Gentlemen came down to Nova Scotia from Canada, and said: "You cannot repeal this Act; we have no power or authority to do so, but we are quite ready to revise it so far as the financial part of the scheme is concerned, and if it can be shown that any injustice has been done to Nova Scotia, we shall endeavour to remedy it." His first duty was to test the sincerity of these professions. Many persons in Nova Scotia believed that the Canadians would not carry out what they promised to do. Negociations were carried on, and it was soon apparent to the Finance Minister of Canada that gross injustice had been done to Nova Scotia. He would have preferred to shut out for the moment all reference to the better terms obtained by Nova Scotia, until the papers connected with the subject were laid before the House. Mr. McLelan and himself were soon satisfied, when all the facts and figures were examined, that the Canadians were disposed to act "on the square" as regards the financial part of the scheme. Their course, in fact, had been such as to obtain his respect and confidence, to reconcile the people of Nova Scotia to a large extent to the present state of things. The Minister of Justice then did him the honour of renewing an offer which he had made him months before—to take a seat in the Cabinet. He had replied that they had now a claim upon him that they had not had in August, for they had shown a disposition to treat Nova Scotia fairly in many matters; and if it would assist the Government in perfecting the arrangements, he was quite ready to become associated with them. He had, however, made one reservation: the moment the British Government declared their opinions on the question of repeal, he would be in a position to come to a definite conclusion with respect to the offer of the Government. (Hear, hear from the Opposition). The moment that answer came he had no hesitation in taking office in the Government. But now the hon. member for Lambton expressed his surprise that he should have entered the Cabinet after he had opposed the purchase of the Hudson's Bay Territory. Now he must say that he had taken that position in all sincerity. He believed that the Hudson's Bay monopoly should be broken up, but at the same time he felt that it should be destroyed by the British Government itself—that the country should be opened up to intercourse and civilization. It was a policy of Upper Canada—the hon. member for Lambton himself was in favour of it, and had no sympathy certainly with the sentiments he (Mr. Howe) had expressed; but the position he had taken was that the British Government should assume the entire responsibility in the matter. The resolutions, however, passed in spite of all his opposition. The delegates subsequently went to England, and the arrangements for the purchase were perfected before he entered the Cabinet. Now what would the hon. member have him do under these circumstances? Was his independent action on this question to be a stumbling block in his way? Surely that was a most extraordinary doctrine. Now he would say at once that he would hold himself responsible for the acts of the Government from the day he had become connected with it, but of what had been done previously he had nothing whatever to say.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—What as respects the resolutions to-day?

Hon. Mr. HOWE—The House was asked to carry out a policy from which they would not recede, without breaking their pledges. In conclusion he said he had entered the Cabinet, forced to a large extent by the revolutionary arrangements which he had resisted. If the rule was to be made that nobody who had opposed Confederation should enter the Cabinet, then they would exclude a large majority of the most active minded men in Nova Scotia. As long as he found the gentlemen with whom he was now acting, sincerely desirous of carrying out what he believed would conduce to the interests of this Dominion he was quite willing to sustain them; but the moment he could not do so honourably, he would tender his resignation.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER said that the subject which had been brought forward was well worthy of the earnest attention of the House. On a former occasion he had followed the hon. member for Hants in debate, and stated that he deeply deplored that that hon. gentleman occupied a position which prevented him giving the country the benefit of his services in the administration. With equal sincerity, and an equal sense of public duty, he now felt it right to express his gratification that the hon. gentleman had at last been enabled to take a more prominent and responsible position in the conduct of public affairs. He had never believed that repeal would be successful, but what he had felt was that the vital interests of the Dominion required that the difficulty as respects Nova Scotia should be removed, and the Union enabled to present an unbroken front to the world. He had no hesitation, however, in saying that the difficulty in that Province was very much exaggerated from the outset. He had never looked upon the issue of the elections of 1867 as evincing the desire of the people for Repeal. He had believed and had stated in the House the circumstances which warranted him in coming to the conclusion that by a moderate and judicious course of action all the difficulty might be removed. He had, indeed, always pressed upon the administration the necessity of making such arrangements. He felt that the sooner the representatives of Nova Scotia were able to work out the constitution, the better for the interests of the whole Dominion. Some time ago the Government had done him the honour of offering him a high and responsible position in the administration, but having given that subject the fullest consideration, he felt it his duty to decline. And he had done so on the ground that he should consider how far the acceptance of office would leave him free to advance the interests of his country. He had considered that the acceptance of such a position would mar his usefulness in connection with measures that might reconcile the people to the Union. He did not hesitate to advise the Government—to say to them that he believed it was a solemn duty which they owed to the whole people of the Dominion to exhaust every means consistent with the honour and rights of the country, to bring representatives of the people of Nova Scotia into harmony—not with the Government of the country so much as with the institutions of the Dominion. The House would remember that in the most impassioned appeal he had made on the question, he had implored the anti-Union representatives, instead of standing outside of the constitution, to come forward and assist in perfecting these institutions. The Government had done him the honour to delegate him to England, for the purpose of giving the British Government all the information he possessed on the question.

(Here some discussion took place as to the propriety of going into such a subject at that time, and it was finally decided that the House should confine itself to the question actually before it.)

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that it was needless for him to say that the subject matter of these resolutions—which he would mention were introduced with the full consent of his Excellency—was of a very important character. The question had been considered of paramount interest for very many years. It had been considered in the old Parliament of Canada, and was taken up in the first session of the Parliament of the Dominion. He did not intend to introduce the subject with a preface, but to go into it at once, and present it so that the House might clearly understand it. The Government had laid on the table all the papers and correspondence on the question, and he was sure the House had learned the fact with the deepest gratification that the Dominion of Canada was to become possessed of so immense a territory. In this connection it was interesting to go into the history of the acquisition or extension of the territory of the United States. Every one knew that the territory of the old thirteen Colonies was limited in extent, when they became independent of England; but it was not long before they felt the necessity of extending their sovereignty. They began first with the acquisition of Louisiana, and then subsequently opened up the Great West, till finally their Empire extended from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Now it was needless to observe what an important influence had been exercised by this acquisition of territory, during the short period of fifty years, upon the prosperity and progress of the American Republic. Under the arrangements entered into between the Governments of Great Britain and Canada, the Dominion would have acquired a territory larger in extent, and in some respects more important than the territory obtained by the United States during the period mentioned. British Columbia was ready to embrace us—to form part of this great Confederation. Newfoundland appeared on the eve of uniting her fortunes with us. So it would be seen that already was the area of the Dominion being rapidly extended. Yet it had been said that nothing had been done since this Confederation came into operation Canada, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia first became united, and now the area of the Dominion was soon to be enlarged, so that it would embrace the whole of the northern regions of this continent, from the Atlantic to the Pacific waters. He contended that they were completing the political system contemplated by the British North America Act. He would not enter into details of the negotiations in England. The facts were already generally known. They had to negotiate with the Duke of Buckingham on the part of the Imperial Government, and when the change of Government took place with the Earl of Granville. That change of Government in England had been the principal cause of the delay in completing the negotiation. There was another cause of delay, which he might mention, and that was that his colleague, the Hon. Mr. McDougall, had unfortunately been struck down with a very severe sickness, which placed his life in great danger. And then, too, on this side of the Atlantic his wife lay on her death bed, so that he sacrificed much for his country, and his country would be grateful to him for his services in the acquisition of the North West (hear, hear). The country owed him much sympathy for the services he had rendered (hear, hear). There were two principal considerations which the company received: the first the payment of three hundred thousand pounds once for all; and the second the reservation of the one-twentieth of the land. Some members might think that the Hudson's Bay Company had made a very good bargain, but he was prepared to show that the terms were better than those sanctioned by the Parliament of Canada at its first session. In the address then passed to the Queen they did not promise any money, but they prayed for the transfer of the sovereignty of that territory, leaving the Company with all its rights unimpaired. We shall now have to deal with the Company on very different terms. It was much better for this reason that the Imperial Government did not grant us the territory on the conditions of that address, for now they had made a much better bargain, avoiding all future trouble by the payment of £300,000, which sum would be guaranteed by the Imperial guarantee by the Imperial Government; and would only be equal to a payment of thirteen or fourteen thousand a year for forty or forty-five years. And in return for this they had to place against it the Customs' duty which the Company would now have to pay on its imports, and these Customs dues would nearly equal the annual payment mentioned. It could be shown that the present population of the Territory would be worth to the Dominion a sum equal to the cost of the Territory. Referring to the question in England, he said whether the Liberal or the Conservative party were in power, they had found them most anxious to settle this question, from the time when in 1858, Hon. Mr. Galt, Hon. John Ross, and himself had crossed the Atlantic up to the settlement the other day. This territory had made us already a great power, with a territory as large as the United States. He had heard sometimes of the word independence, but he had no sympathy with it (hear, hear). Perhaps it was used by people who sometimes did not weigh well the meaning of their words. They wanted no more independence than they now enjoyed (hear, hear), and for his part he wished to adhere to the connection with England (hear, hear). Having seen that the price to be paid to the Company was not very heavy, he would now proceed to consider the reserve of lands. The Company had the right to reserve one-twentieth part of the "fertile belt." Now supposing there were forty millions of acres, the Company will be only entitled to two millions; selected in blocks throughout the whole, and liable to municipal taxation. The company was bound to make its selection within ten years after the township is surveyed; and then only from unsold portions of it. Now this land interest of the Company would be of very great benefit to the country. It had been computed there were between 180,000 and 200,000 Indians scattered throughout the territory, and the Hudson's Bay Company had heretofore managed them with great consideration and great success. The Dominion of Canada would still have the assistance of the Company in the management of these Indians. Comparing the position of Canada with its near neighbour, its population was nearly equal to that of New England, New York, and Pennsylvania. In New England population was not increasing very fast. In New York the increase was nearly all confined to the large cities, and Pennsylvania was almost stationary. In Ontario and Quebec, in New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland which we would have in a few days, the population was increasing much faster, and with the Northwest territory we would be put in possession of prairie lands which would attract immigration to such an extent that in ten years the census would prove that Canada was increasing at a greater ratio than the United States altogether.

It being six o'clock the SPEAKER left the chair.

After Recess.

On motion of Mr. LANGLOIS the Act to amend the Act 23 Victoria, Chapter 123, respecting Pilots for and below the harbour of Quebec, was read a third time and passed.

On the motion of Hon. Mr. HOLTON the Act to revive and amend the Act incorporating the Canadian and British Telegraph Company, and to change the name of the company, was read a second time; passed through committee, read a third time and passed.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER resumed on the subject of the Northwest Territory, saying that the Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, possessed a soil sufficient to sustain a population equal to that of the States on their borders, and as the increase in the population of the United States chiefly took place on the prairie lands of the West; and we, by the acquisition of the Northwest Territory, obtain a territory greater than all the prairie lands of the Western States. Already we had almost completed our territorial aggrandisement, for British Columbia will soon come in. He proceeded to argue that in ten years the population of the Dominion would be more than doubled, and that its commercial interests will have been developed in a much greater degree. In the maritime element we shall have not only the increase in the Atlantic Provinces; but also the increase of the maritime strength of British Columbia. Referring to the prospect of a railway to the Pacific through Canadian territory, he showed that there was a difference of about twelve hundred miles in its favour compared with the Pacific Railway of the United States. He stated that so soon as the resolutions were agreed to, and the address passed, it would be the duty of the Government to bring down a measure to obtain authority to organise a Provisional Government for that territory. It was important that not a day should be lost (hear, hear), in the settlement of that country. Townships must be surveyed and ready for immigrants, and so soon as the Royal proclamation issued, the Government of Canada should be ready to organise an administration for it. The British North America Act would soon be carried out by the establishment of a succession of Provinces from the Atlantic to the Pacific. He hoped they would hear nothing more of annexation, (hear, hear), but he might say that if this country were annexed to the United States the money now paid into the Dominion, and by it distributed as a subsidy to the Provinces would be sent to Washington to be jobbed away there, (laughter). It had been asserted on previous occasions that he and his friends in Lower Canada were opposed to the acquisition of the Northwest Territory. But he was never opposed to the acquisition of the territory *per se*, but only to its being acquired by Ontario, adding to the undue influence of Ontario. That was the only objection he had to it, and he hoped his friends in Lower Canada would show by their vote to-night that he was speaking for them, and he also hoped the members from Upper Canada would show that they were unanimous on this matter. He concluded by thanking the House for the attention with which they had listened to him, and resumed his seat amid cheers.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL rose to second the resolution. He said it was unnecessary to discuss the desirability of obtaining this territory, because it had been discussed and settled last session. It only remained for the House now to consider whether the terms and conditions of the transfer of this country to Canada, as proposed, are such as this House ought to accede to. His hon. friend from Chateauguay had announced some days ago that the delegates had been outgeneralled by the clever men with whom they had to deal in England. He would call the attention of the House to the terms. In the first place £300,000 sterling was to be paid to the Company, and the money was to be raised on the Imperial guarantee. He knew it would be said that he and others had formerly held that the Hudson Bay Company had no such rights to the territory of the country as would justify them in not paying them any money consideration for it. That was the position that was held for many years by various Governments in Canada with respect to this question. But that position was open to debate, and they could not deny that the claims of the company were of very old standing. For his own part the more he examined the question the more he was convinced that the position which this country had all along held was the correct one, and that with respect to the "Fertile Belt" the Company had no legal claim, (hear, hear). But to that portion of the country called Rupert's Land, it must be admitted that the Company had a good title. And the £300,000 might be taken as a compensation for the extinction of that title. In addition to this, the Company gave up all its rights as a governing body; they would exist simply as a private company, subject to taxation and all the duties of private individuals. He thought they had made a good bargain in extinguishing the company's claim to Rupert's Land alone for the £300,000. He admitted that the country was not fit for agricultural purposes, but its acquisition was necessary to the complete development of the whole country. He believed on national grounds alone, whether our future was to be one of independence, or whatever our political condition may be in the future, it was desirable that there should be no other Government north of us, but that our country should extend from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and from the United States frontier to the Arctic Ocean, and to secure this result he thought the expenditure of £300,000 was not an excessive sum.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Why did you not put that in your resolutions?

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL said the whole question had been settled in one transaction, and it was hardly necessary to discriminate precisely as to the particular part of the territory the purchase money was to be applied to. But taking the statement of the Company as to the amount of their imports it was found that under our present tariff, the Company would be obliged to pay annually the sum of £20,000 sterling in the shape of custom duties.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the Minister of Militia had calculated the sum at £10,000, which statement was correct.

Sir G. E. CARTIER explained that he had said that the Company, through the Deputy Governor had expressed themselves willing to buy up the Customs dues at £10,000.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL proceeded to say that the interest in the amount to be paid for the territory, leaving out the question of a sinking fund, would amount to only £12,000 a year, whereas the amount of revenue to be derived from the Company would be £20,000 per annum. And Sir Curtis Lanson had a very difficult task in explaining to the shareholders of the Company how they were going to make anything out of the bargain, when they were to pay £20,000 a year and receive in return only £12,000.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—How did he explain it? I confess I cannot understand it.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL said if the hon. gentleman would read the debates, he would find out.

Hon. Mr. GALT—Perhaps Earl Granville had something to do in convincing them.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL thought it probable that Earl Granville's persuasive eloquence had something to do with it. Turning from the money branch of the subject, he would refer to some objections that had been raised to the other part of the subject, the reserve of land to the Company. He had no hesitation in saying that in his opinion it was of great advantage to this country to have a wealthy and influential Company like the Hudson's Bay Company—for he found in England in every society, at almost every dinner table, there was some person who had some interest in the Company—to have such a Company having a direct interest in the development of the country. The amount of land to be reserved to the Company—one-twentieth—was not large, and besides it was to be subject to taxation. It should be remembered that the Company would now occupy a very different position towards Canada than heretofore. In the past they had a very strong motive to induce them to prevent the settlement of the country, and keep it as much a hunting ground as possible. Now it would be as much their interest to promote the settlement of the territory, as it was that of Canada, and they would be co-workers with us in opening up the country. He thought it was of great advantage to this country to have the support and influence of so wealthy a Company, and one that had agents all over the territory who were well acquainted with it. In the settlement of this vast country, and in the management of some 200,000 Indians, scattered over the territory, difficulties might arise, and it would be of great advantage to have the assistance of the Company's agents. It had been calculated that the American Government had paid for the last twenty years about $50 a head for every Indian they killed, and they were not all killed yet. And, although our policy in managing the Indians was different from theirs, still difficulties might arise, and the amount that might have to be expended in one Indian war, that might spring out of a drunken brawl among the settlers, would probably be more than the whole purchase money of the territory. The next question they had to deal with was the development and settlement of the country (hear, hear). He referred to the report of Mr. Dawson, just laid on the table, and he was happy to bear testimony to the zeal and energy with which that gentleman had prosecuted his work. He was satisfied that the first and most practicable thing to be done, in opening up communication, was to make use of that splendid line of water communication which extended almost the entire distance from Lake Superior to Fort Garry—extending, in fact, from within 40 miles of Lake Superior almost to the very foot of the Rocky Mountains. He would not detain the House by going into details, as the whole question was freely set forth in the report of Mr. Dawson. A railway had been talked of, but he thought upon a close examination of the features of the country it would be found exceedingly difficult and costly to build a railway. The country was filled with lakes which would cause a railway to be built in a very winding direction, and besides a portion of the country was rocky and full of ridges. There was reason to believe that future explorations would disclose a land route further north, but in the meantime, in his opinion it would be unwise to delay the opening up of communication which has been shown to be practicable and suitable for the development of the country. And, therefore, the Government were disposed to complete the road already begun. On the Lake Superior section, some seven miles had been built, and in the Fort Garry section, of the 90 miles, from Fort Garry to Lake of the Woods, 60 miles of good waggon road were already finished; and the remainder was being prosecuted. By constructing a couple of locks the remaining part of the route could be made navigable, and in two seasons he expected to see a practicable road for emigrants completed from Lake Superior to Fort Garry. It was unnecessary to dwell upon the importance to Canada of the acquisition of this territory. The country was of enormous extent, and in this connection he would call attention to the very valuable work of just published by Mr. Russell. From that work would be found a full account of the immense extent and resources of this country. It was quite evident that so soon as the transfer is made there will be a very increased flow of emigration to it from the mother country. He felt that we were on the eve of securing the grand object for which our Government was formed in 1864. In a very short time we may look forward to having established our Confederacy from ocean to ocean, as contemplated in the Quebec resolutions. He could not help, before closing, referring to the charges that had been made against him at the Toronto convention. A great deal of obloquy had been cast upon him because he had resolved to remain in the Government till the whole Confederation scheme was completed. At that time the object of the Coalition of 1864 was only half completed. He remembered the sneer that was raised against him when he referred to the Hudson Bay Company's territory, and the prospect of its speedy acquisition by Canada. One gentleman said it would take twenty years, and it was generally charged against him that he was merely setting this up as an excuse for remaining in the Government. Now he was proud to believe that we were about to accomplish the object of the Coalition of 1864, and before that fact the sneers and attacks that had been made upon him fell powerless (loud cheers).

Mr. McKENZIE said it was not his intention to address the House at any length on this subject. He had never doubted the territorial rights of the Hudson Bay Company to certain portions of the territory; but he always held they had no right to the most valuable portion of the territory. He did not agree with the hon. Minister of Public Works that the £300,000 was little enough for the undisputed portion of the Hudson Bay Territory. He objected to the Company being allowed a reserve of one-twentieth of the land to which they had no territorial claim. He thought the best portions of the land was on the north bank of the north branch of the Saskatchewan, and he objected to the concessions the delegates had made to the Company in respect to allowing them a share of this portion of the territory. Another condition agreed to was that no taxes should be imposed on the Company for ten years, because that length of time was given to the Company in which to select their lands.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL called attention to the point in the argument, that if the Company did not select their land for ten years they must select their land from that unsold, and therefore would have to take inferior land.

Mr. McKENZIE said the point had not escaped his notice, and it would do a great deal of harm in places where the land was good. He merely referred to their defects as he understood them, and he did not object to the argument as a whole. In regard to the question of settlement, he would not oppose the proposition of the Government in opening up communication to this territory. If we were to populate this country we must open up a road there. If this was done, he believed we could fill up the territory as rapidly as any portion of the United States had been filled up. He referred to the exodus of young men from the country, and said the population of our country was not decreasing. He believed that enterprising young men would emigrate to this new territory, and would speedily make it valuable. He regarded the acquisition of the Northwest as of the utmost importance to the future of this Dominion, and regretted that there should be any whispers of discontent in the country, or any suggestions pointing to a new state of political existence. He gave credit to the delegates for their efforts in London, and to the Hon George Brown as the early pioneer in the cause of Northwest annexation. He regretted that the Government had not brought down the measure which they intended to introduce for the future government of the territory. He would, however, while condemning some of the details of the arrangement, give his hearty support to the resolutions as a whole (hear, hear).

Hon. Mr. GALT said that when he considered the nature of the territory, and the population which it would eventually absorb, he could not doubt that a great service had been performed in obtaining the possession of so valuable a domain. He need not refer to its dimensions or resources; it was quite sufficient to say that the whole of the habitable portion of Canada, multiplied ten times, would represent the area of this territory. The amount required was not large—it only represented £12 or £14,000 a year, and would be in part met by the duties that would be paid on the goods imported by the Hudson's Bay Company into the country. The other conditions that were attached could not be considered very onerous. He would have preferred that there should have been no reservation of lands, but it was clear that it was a part of the price for which the Company were willing to surrender their territorial rights. It was certain that there were great doubts whether Canada had any rights beyond the Lake of the Woods. Therefore the question was one with which we had no concern. The Hudson's Bay Company on the other hand had certain posts and rights in the country, and they had to be considered. Whilst the bargain was one to which the Canadians would not object, he did not think that the conduct of the British Government had been characterized by liberality. He was of opinion that they should themselves have extinguished the rights of the Company, and that much of the preliminary expense connected with the development of the country should be borne by the Imperial Government; but they had not thought proper to do so, and therefore no other course was open to the Canadian Government than to make the best terms they could. It should be remembered that the British Government had given to the Dominion certain rights which had never before been conceded to any dependent country. The Dominion was allowed to exercise sovereign rights over the whole of this noble country. He hoped that the Government and Parliament would fully recognise the importance of the responsibilities which this additional territory entailed upon them. He was certain that when the communications with the territory were rendered satisfactory, a large population would pour into it with great rapidity. He felt that it would be more in the interests of the country if the Government should come down to the House with a larger scheme for opening up this valuable territory, and should propose to meet the expense by a loan, rather than by taxation. It was a fair burthen upon posterity to open up a territory which would be so valuable in the future.

Dr. GRANT spoke at some length in warm advocacy of the resolutions, and went into various facts and figures to show the valuable resources of the territory in question. He pointed out the magnificent career there was open to that fertile country when it was once filled up by a busy and energetic population. He dwelt on the important nature of the duties which the Administration had to discharge in opening up the Northwest. He felt above all that the rights of the Indians should be protected; they should be dealt with in a way that would civilize them; they should have all the privileges accorded to whites or blacks in this land of free institutions. He concluded by saying that he thought the thanks of the House and country were due to the delegates for the energetic part they had taken in securing so valuable a territory on such satisfactory terms.

Mr. CONNELL followed in support of the resolutions, and showed how the acquisition of the territory would conduce to the interests of the Dominion. He read from some former speeches of his own to show that he was perfectly consistent in pursuing his present course.

Mr. A. P. MACDONALD considered the amount to be paid for the territory was small when its value was considered. He dwelt strongly on the necessity of perfecting the communication with the new country. He was of opinion that a railway should be built into the territory in order to make it available. Otherwise the lands would be valueless, and a mill-stone hung around the necks of our people for a long time to come.

Mr. CHIPMAN made a few remarks to show that the Government should proceed cautiously in so important a matter.

Mr. LEVISCONTE said that he had been always opposed to the acquisition of the territory, and moved a resolution to the effect that it was inexpedient to purchase the country, inasmuch as it did not bring with it sufficient advantages to the Dominion.

Mr. KILLAM followed to the same effect.

Mr. ANGLIN was of the opinion that the bargain made by the delegates was as just as could have been expected under the circumstances. In order to carry out his pledge of giving the measure a full trial, he was bound to vote for the resolutions.

A division then took place on Mr. LEVISCONTE'S amendment, which read as follows:

"That the Speaker do not now leave the chair, as in the opinion of this House it is inexpedient to acquire a territory likely to involve this Dominion in a heavy expense, without any prospect of adequate remuneration."

The amendment was lost by 15 yeas, to 121 nays.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON showed that the policy of the country had long been to acquire the Hudson's Bay Territory.

After a few remarks from Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER, in answer to a statement made by the former speaker, the resolutions passed in committee; report to be received to-morrow.

The House then adjourned at midnight till three o'clock the next day.

LONDON, May 27.—In the House of Commons this evening, Mr. Otway, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, in reply to a question, stated that the papers in the case of the *Alabama* would shortly be laid upon the table.

DIED.

On Tuesday, the 25th instant, at his residence Nepean, on the Rideau, John Dawson, at the advanced age of 91 years.

The funeral rites were performed by the Rev J. J. Collins, assisted by the Rev. Æ. McD Dawson—a Mass of Requiem having been previously celebrated at the Church of St. Margaret, (Rev. Mr. Dawson's) at Long Island—and the remains conveyed to their last resting place, at the cemetery of Nepean.

LOCAL NE

THE SALE OF CROCKERY.—The
of crockery, china and glassware
on at Mr. Rowe's auction rooms
tinued this evening, commenc
o'clock.

A PIC-NIC.—We understand
intention of the managers of the
Orphans' Home to give a grand p
of the funds of that institution o
June, at the Bellevue Gardens.
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POLICE COURT.—Jean Baptis
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A case of assault was brought
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THE GREAT SCOTTISH VIOLINIST.
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accompany her father on the
Professor Lloyd will read a nu
pieces.

OUR NEW CROSSINGS.—In the
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Engineer have earned the best t
public. The crossings are a deci
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here, both for cheapness, durabil
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pedestrians.

STEPHENSON HOUSE, ST. CATH
St. Catharines artesian wells o
line water have attracted crowd
and invalids every summer, for
to enjoy the benefits of the medic
ties of the water. To meet the w
who may visit the wells this
Stephenson House has been th
furnished by the proprietor, M
Tucker. A new bowling alley
saloon have been erected, and
belonging to the hotel tastefully a
laid out, to secure every comfort
ment to the visitor.

THE GREAT VIOLINIST AGAIN
that at the request of the lady
the St. Joseph's Orphan Asy
Prume has consented to remain i
give a concert to-morrow (Sunda
the Canadian Institute, for the b
orphans. Many who did not h
Thursday night at the Rink, will,
happy to avail themselves of the
tunity thus offered, and many wh
before will be glad to hear him a
tickets, 50 cents; double tickets,
be had of Dr. Dorion, Madame
the managers.

A BOY IN GIRL'S ATTIRE.—A y
thinking to have some fun the
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went down to the railway statio
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recognized, he put up so as
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Morrison was on him, and he w
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amuse themselves in this way, a
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A MURDEROUS ASSAULT.—Yest
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Parkes, who was working for
Morris, a builder at the Flat
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The injured man bled very copio
was feared that the consequences
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brought to the lock-up, to rem
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was given we have not heard.
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NUISANCE IN THE MARKET P
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METHODIST EPISCOPAL CONFER
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morning in the usual form by
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were occupied in passing on ch
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by Rev. A. Dawson. To-morro
morning, at eleven o'clock, a ser
preached by Bishop Smith, D.D.
the ordination of Deacons will ta
half-past two p.m., Bishop Rich
preach, when the ordination of E
held. The Rev. Professor Wilde
in the evening. We understa
pulpits of several churches will
Sunday by ministers of the Conf

FIRST CELEBRATION.—By refer
advertising columns will be see
of a public soiree, to be given by
Unity Protestant Benefit Society,
evening next, in Gowan's Hall.
of note, that this society has bee
only one year, and now has a ver
number of members, compose
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taking, and we predict a bumper
anniversary. Tickets have been
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opportunity to attend.

MUSICAL.—The Philharmonic
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choruses—"The Pilgrim's Cho
Anvil Chorus," and "Joyou

LOCAL NEWS.

THE SALE OF CROCKERY.—The auction sale of crockery, china and glassware, now going on at Mr. Rowe's auction rooms, will be continued this evening, commencing at seven o'clock.

A PIC-NIC.—We understand that it is the intention of the managers of the St. Patrick's Orphans' Home to give a grand pic-nic, in aid of the funds of that institution on the 8th of June, at the Bellevue Gardens. The affairs of the institution imperatively demand that an extra effort of some kind should be made, and this is the mode deemed most likely to accomplish the end desired.

POLICE COURT.—Jean Baptiste Decourt, charged with cutting loose a boom, adjourned from Thursday, was brought up, and remanded till this morning.

A case of assault was brought up and dismissed.

There was no other business before the court.

INFRINGEMENT OF THE LIQUOR LAW.—We understand that several more liquor cases will be up before the Police Court this morning. It appears that some of the unlicensed vendors have been quarrelling among themselves, and have set a watch on each other's house to get evidence. The *espionage* has been mutual, whilst it appears that each was ignorant of what the other was doing. This saves the inspector trouble.

THE GREAT SCOTTISH VIOLINIST.—This evening we shall have an opportunity of judging of the performance of another violinist. We are told that Robinson Lyon renders the sweet and plaintive music of Scotland with great beauty and pathos, and all who cherish tender memories of the land of heather will go to hear him for auld lang syne. The capacity of Gowan's fine music hall will be taxed to-night no doubt. Miss Lyon will accompany her father on the piano, and Professor Lloyd will read a number of good pieces.

OUR NEW CROSSINGS.—In the many street crossings which have been recently laid down, the Municipal Board of Works and the City Engineer have earned the best thanks of the public. The crossings are a decided improvement on anything of the kind we have seen here, both for cheapness, durability, and convenience. To make them perfect, however, a good covering of gravel is required. This would bind the broken stones and prevent them from being kicked all over the streets, besides making the crossings more easy for pedestrians.

STEPHENSON HOUSE, ST. CATHARINES.—The St. Catharines artesian wells of mineral saline water have attracted crowds of tourists and invalids every summer, for pleasure and to enjoy the benefits of the medicinal properties of the water. To meet the wants of those who may visit the wells this season, the Stephenson House has been thoroughly refurnished by the proprietor, Mr. Beverley Tucker. A new bowling alley and billiard saloon have been erected, and the grounds belonging to the hotel tastefully and elegantly laid out, to secure every comfort and amusement to the visitor.

THE GREAT VIOLINIST AGAIN.—We learn that at the request of the lady managers of the St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Mons. Prume has consented to remain in the city to give a concert to-morrow (Sunday) evening at the Canadian Institute, for the benefit of the orphans. Many who did not hear him on Thursday night at the Rink, will, doubtless, be happy to avail themselves of the rare opportunity thus offered, and many who heard him before will be glad to hear him again. Single tickets, 50 cents; double tickets, 75 cents; to be had of Dr. Dorion, Madame Boucher, and the managers.

A BOY IN GIRL'S ATTIRE.—A young fellow, thinking to have some fun the other evening, dressed himself up in female attire, and went down to the railway station, just as the cars were coming in, and went freely among them. He carried an umbrella, which, on meeting a person by whom he feared to be recognized, he put up so as to hide his features. The searching eye of constable Morrison was on him, and he was soon in custody, marching towards the Police Station, with the umbrella down, but he cried so piteously that he was allowed to go and change his dress. Boys and girls sometimes amuse themselves in this way, as if they were not aware that it is against the law.

A MURDEROUS ASSAULT.—Yesterday morning, about nine o'clock, a man named George Parkes, who was working for Mr. William Morris, a builder at the Flats, struck his employer on the head with a hammer a blow of such violence as to inflict a severe wound. The injured man bled very copiously, and it was feared that the consequences would be of a serious character. Dr. Malloch was immediately sent for, and Parkes was arrested and brought to the lock-up, to remain till this morning and answer the charge at the Police Court. It appears that the men had disagreed upon some matter while putting up a scaffolding; angry words arose, but what provocation was given we have not heard. Nothing, however, save to defend one's life, could justify a blow with such a weapon.

NUISANCE IN THE MARKET PLACE.—While the police are summoning private persons to the Police Court for having foul premises, for which they are very properly fined, it would be but just to put the City Corporation through the mill for keeping a heap of market scrapings, piled up against the side of Mr. McCaffrey's premises in the hay market square. Several complaints of this were made last summer, and the summer before. Now if a private person has no right to engender disease within his own premises, and he has not, what right has the Corporation to surround the house of a citizen with a pestelential atmosphere. Do they say it is inconvenient to remove the manure? What would such a plea be by a private person at the Police Court?

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CONFERENCE.—THIRD DAY.—The Conference was opened yesterday morning in the usual form by Rev. J. A. Rodgers, Bishops Smith and Richardson presiding alternately. The sessions of the day were occupied in passing on character—that is, as we understand, investigating the characters and qualifications of itinerant preachers. In the evening a sermon was peached by Rev. A. Dawson. To-morrow (Sunday) morning, at eleven o'clock, a sermon will be preached by Bishop Smith, D.D., after which the ordination of Deacons will take place. At half-past two p.m., Bishop Richardson will preach, when the ordination of Elders will be held. The Rev. Professor Wilde will preach in the evening. We understand that the pulpits of several churches will be filled on Sunday by ministers of the Conference.

FIRST CELEBRATION.—By reference to our advertising columns will be seen the notice of a public soiree, to be given by the Ottawa Unity Protestant Benefit Society, on Tuesday evening next, in Gowan's Hall. It is worthy of note, that this society has been organized only one year, and now has a very respectable number of members, composed chiefly of workingmen, although merchants and professional men are amongst its number, as honourary members and otherwise; these desire to give their fellow-workers an entertainment in the shape of a social gathering. It will be observed that the Hon. Joseph Howe, with other prominent gentlemen, have consented to address the assembly; this fact alone should give a stimulous to the undertaking, and we predict a bumper house at the anniversary. Tickets have been placed at a low figure, in order to give all parties an opportunity to attend.

MUSICAL.—The Philharmonic Society meet for practice this evening. Next week, and after, their practice nights will be Monday and Thursday for the concert to be given on the 12th of June. Those members of the Society who have an interest in its reputation will take care to be regular in their attendance at the prescribed hour of eight o'clock. We understand that the concert for which the Society is now practising is for the benefit of its professional members. The following choruses from the Messiah, viz.: "Lift up your heads O ye Gates," "Worthy is the Lamb," and "All we like sheep have gone astray," were sung at the last practice with excellent effect, as were also the operatic choruses—"The Pilgrim's Chorus," "The Anvil Chorus," and "Joyous over the Waters." The above will be included in the programme of the concert, and with them will be given "Hail Lovely Venice," and a chorus from "Judas Maccabius."

COMEDY AND BURLESQUE.—The London Comedy and Burlesque Company are now here, and will open at the Rink this evening in the beautiful three act play, entitled *Miriam's Crime*, with a powerful cast, and will conclude with the greatly admired operatic farce of *A Loan of Lover*, in which Miss Mackworth appears as "Gertrude," and Miss Bella Sydny as "Ernestine." Since writing our last notice we have learned from a gentleman, formerly in the profession, that he has seen most of the actors and actresses in this company, and that in London and the provincial theatres of Great Britain, as well as in the United States, they deservedly occupy a high rank. As to Mr. Morton Price and Miss Catherine Lucette, their reputation has been long made, and they have been for years regarded as most desirable acquisitions to the best theatres of London and New York. By the way, speaking of Mr. Morton Price in our last notice, we called him by mistake a *low* comedian, it should have been a *light* comedian. The numerous eulogiums of critics in both hemispheres, on the dramatic powers and versatility of this company, justify the prediction that they will be much more successful here than any of their predecessors have been.

GRAND CONCERT.—We have good news for the *dilettanti*. The ladies of the St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum have conceived the happy idea of availing themselves of Mr. Jehin Prume's visit to Ottawa, to give a concert, under the leadership of Mr. Gustave Smith, for the benefit of their excellent undertaking. No sooner had the idea developed than they at once hastened to carry it into execution; and at once, thanks to the ready assistance of the amateurs of the city, they succeeded in drawing up for to-morrow, a most attractive musical bill of fare. Upon the programme appear the names of Mesdames O'Connor and Gelinas, Miss Aumond, and Mr. Kimber. Mr. Gustave Smith, at the request of the ladies of the Orphan Asylum, has invited the choir of the Cathedral to take part in this concert, and will accompany the amateurs we have mentioned, whom the public never fail to greet with enthusiastic applause. The great Belgian violinist will give three or four of the finest pieces in his *repertoire*, and Thursday night showed how rich and extensive that was. Such a programme cannot, we are satisfied, fail to fill the hall to everflowing. To hear music of the finest and most classical description, and at the same time to contribute to the support of a charitable institution so praiseworthy as the Orphan Asylum, are considerations which must attract an enormous audience. The place selected for the occasion is the hall of the *Institut Canadien Francais*. The hour is 8 p.m., and the price of admission has been fixed at 50 cents for a single, and 75 cents for a double ticket. We venture to hope that the members of both Houses of Parliament, who always respond readily to the calls of the amiable patronesses of the Orphan Asylum, will not fail on this occasion to extend their most liberal patronage. As to the residents of the capital, there cannot exist a doubt of their ample contenance and support. Let all then meet to-morrow night at the coming entertainment, and let every one go early that good seats may fail to their lot.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 28.

An advertisement from the Royal Canadian Bank will appear to-morrow, calling on all shareholders in arrears to pay up within 30 days, or proceedings will be taken. The advertisement concludes: It is hoped all will pay up promptly, in order that the bank may resume at an early date. There was a slight run on the Ontario Bank to-day, but nothing of consequence, or that causes any alarm.

The first detachment of K Battery, Royal Artillery, arrived from, and three detachments of H Battery left for, Montreal to-day.

The members of King Solomon's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, last night presented Daniel Spry, W. M. of the lodge, who is about to leave for Ottawa, with a complimentary address and valuable gold watch and chain, in recognition of his services to the craft.

The barque *Etowah* arrived in port yesterday, from Liverpool direct, discharged her cargo, and sailed to-day for Cleveland, where she will be loaded with oil.

The Ontario Government has signed contracts for the following constructions: Lunatic Asylum, London, $119,565; Deaf and Dumb Institution, Belleville, $47,588; west wing of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum, Toronto, $35,911; locks and channel near Peterboro', $25,050; lock between lakes Muskoka and Rondeau, $19,500, with other smaller works.

The *Leader* notices my statement made some time since that hostility to the banking scheme was diminishing, and suggests that that "despatch was manufactured for the market." The writer's shrewdness is at fault, as this is not the case. I am aware that such a prevailing feeling is against the Bill, but confidently assert that opposition to the change was expressed much more strongly before the measure was proposed than it is to-day.

Amusements.

AT THE SKATING RINK.

Manager..................*Mr. Marshall.*

Mr. Marshall has the honour to announce that he will open the above building for a

SHORT DRAMATIC SEASON,

ON

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 29TH.

Grand OPENING NIGHT of the

LONDON

COMEDY AND BURLESQUE

COMPANY,

from the principal Metropolitan Theatres of England, consisting of the following artists,

Miss Patti Mackworth,	Miss Catherine Lucette,
Miss Bella Sydney,	Miss Florence Webster,
Mr Morton Price,	Mr Middleton,
Mr Adams,	Mr Cooke,
Mr Lindley,	Mr Ferris.

SATURDAY EVENING, 29th MAY, the performance will commence with the National Anthem,

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN,

By the Entire Company.

After which will be produced the beautiful play, in three acts, entitled

MIRIAM'S CRIME!

and conclude with the beautiful operatic farce of

A LOAN OF A LOVER!

Doors open at half-past seven. Commence at 8 o'clock.

Admission 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents. Box plan now open, and reserved seats can be secured at Messrs. Orme & Son's Music Store.

Ottawa, May 28, 1869. 1060td

THE GREAT

SCOTTISH VIOLINIST,

ROBINSON LYON,

has consented to give a CONCERT in GOWAN'S HALL, Ottawa, on

SATURDAY EVENING, 29TH INSTANT.

He will be assisted by his DAUGHTER on the PIANO.

READINGS by PROF. HENRY LLOYD in the course of the entertainment.

Mr. LYON will play a large number of his favourite Scottish and other airs, together with the pieces played by him before the Caledonia Society in Montreal, and for which he gained the first prize, as the best Scottish Violinist in Canada.

Doors open at 8 p.m. Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN. 1058-3

WANTED, [illegible]oy to carry newspapers. Must be abl[illegible] read and write. Apply at 1061*

Magee & Russell.

WHITE GOODS

FOR

SUMMER WEAR.

WHITE ALPACCAS,

WHITE BAREGES,

WHITE LLAMAS,

WHITE GRENADINES,

WHITE SERGES,

WHITE BASKET CLOTH FOR COSTUMES,

WHITE MARSEILLES from 17 cents to 75 cents per yard,

WHITE BRILLIANTE for 15 cents per yard,

WHITE ROYAL RIB JEAN,

WHITE SATIN STRIPE & SPOT MUSLINS,

WHITE SWISS BOOK MUSLINS, very cheap,

WHITE LISLE GLOVES,

WHITE CAMBRIC AND ALPACCA SUN SHADES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,

29 Sparks st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1869.

Y. M. C. A. LECTURE.

MR WILLIAM LAMBERT, of Montreal, has kindly consented to deliver before the Association two lectures on the "Inspiration of Scripture as proved from prophecy." The first lecture was delivered in the rooms of the Association, on Friday evening, and the second will be delivered on TUESDAY evening next, 1st JUNE. These lectures will be free to all, and will commence at 8 o'clock. 1061td

SOIREE.

THE OTTAWA UNITY

PROTESTANT BENEFIT SOCIETY,

will hold their first anniversary in

GOWAN'S HALL,

ON

TUESDAY EVENING, FIRST JUNE.

Refreshments by Edward Hall, at 7:30 o'clock. Double ticket 75 cents. Single 40 cents. See posters.

Addresses kindly promised by Hon JOSEPH HOWE, Dr J A GRANT, M P; Rev'd JOHN JOHNSTON, Chaplain Senate; Rev'd SAM'L STONE, Pastor M E Church; JAS JOHNSTON, Dep'y Com'nr Customs; Hon M CAMERON, and others.

This association has been organised for the benefit of working men in cases of illness or death, and by them liberally supported, a number of influential gentlemen having kindly united as honourary members.

Gowan's Band will enliven the entertainment with appropriate music.

W SCOFIELD,

Chairman of Committee.

Ottawa, June 29, 1869. 1062.3

Dry Goods.

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

THE CHEAPEST GOODS,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST ASSORTED,

THE BEST ASSORTED,

THE BEST ASSORTED,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

THE GREATEST VARIETY,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE BEST VALUE,

THE BEST VALUE,

THE BEST VALUE,

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

THE NEWEST STYLES,

THE NEWEST STYLES,

THE NEWEST STYLES,

At THOS & W. HUNTON'S.

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

DRY GOODS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS

At THOS. & W. HUNTON'S.

WE would call special attention to our immense stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS to which we are receiving additions by almost every steamer, consisting of

VELVET PILE CARPETS,	
BRUSSELLS	do.
TAPESTRY	do.
IMPERIAL	do
KIDDERMINSTER WOOL	do.
Do. UNION	do.
DUTCH	do.
VENETIAN	do.
MANILLA	do.
HEMP	do.

STAIR CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS,

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

DOOR MATS,

DAMASKS, REPPS,

PEKINADES, CHINTZES,

LACES, CORNICES,

COCOA MATTING, &c., &c.

THOS. & W. HUNTON,

47 and 49 Sparks-st.

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season.

Just received.

JAS. BUCHANAN'S,

Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on

Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant,

at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Little's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.

Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.

For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

The above sale is POSTPONED until the

SECOND day of JUNE, 1869,

at the same hour and place.

A. ROWE,

1059td Auctioneer.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Crockery, China and Glassware.

The subscriber will commence the sale of the balance of the CROCKERY, CHINA and GLASSWARE, saved from the late fire, on FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 28th, 1869. The stock consists of tea sets of china, bed-room sets of stoneware, &c., ware platters, bakers' dishes, &c., &c., soup tureens, vegetable dishes, fruit bowls, &c. decanters, both cut and pressed glass, goblets, wines, tumblers, celery glasses, butter coolers, &c. These goods must positively be closed out in order to make room for other consignments.

Terms of sale cash.

Sale to commence at 7 p.m.

A. ROWE,

Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 25. 1058td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

FARM PROPERTY.

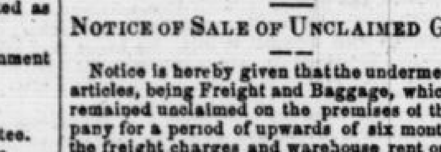
The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the city of Ottawa, on the 29th DAY OF JUNE, 1869, if not previously disposed of, the north half of the west half of lot No. 8, in the SECOND CONCESSION of the TOWNSHIP of GLOUCESTER, Rideau Front, being fifty acres more or less. The lot is cleared, fenced, and under cultivation. There is a very good log barn on the premises. The title is undisputable, and payments will be made easy. For terms and other particulars apply to the proprietor, Mr. Arthur McGuigan, or the auctioneer. Sale will take place at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,

Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 27, 1869. 1060-tJ

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.



THE ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA

RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE OF SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned articles, being Freight and Baggage, which have remained unclaimed on the premises of the Company for a period of upwards of six months, and the freight charges and warehouse rent on which remain unpaid, will be sold at the Company's Station, in the City of Ottawa, by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th JUNE next, at TEN o'clock in the morning, viz:

1865—January, T B & Co, Tongue, Browne & Co, 1 box axes; October, C Rogers, 1 box books; October, McLaren, 1 box bibles; October, J Fraser, 21 plough points; Nov, R McGregor, 1 horse power. 1866—March, W Hearn, 1 package; April, A Lacour, 6 cast iron plates; April, M S Stevenson, 2 cases liquor; May, C Munro, 1 pinion wheel; August, J T Allen, 7 boxes seeds; August, Shaker & Risley, 7 boxes seeds; Aug, Shaker & Risley, 1 bundle (5 boxes) seeds; Aug, John Crichton, 1 keg, empty; September, J F, 1 brl, empty; Sept, E B Gallup, 1 lot window blinds; November, T Isaac, 3 cast iron pots; December, E B Gallup, 1 large window frame. 1867—January, J & B Grier, 1 box o plate; June, J Clothier, 1 chain & anchor; August, C Laframboise, 1 boat, 3 oars; July, R Hay, 1 empty keg; July, G Peters, 1 canoe; August, J C K, 1 keg sundries; November, E Tobin, 1 boat. 1868—January, R J Rodden, 1 stove front and doors; January, G Co, Ottawa Gas Co, 1 stove b'tm; January, W Robinson, 3 barrels oil; January, J Lyons, 1 barrel; May, J Heney, 1 light waggon; June, E O Perkins, 1 barrel oil; June, Brouson, Weston & Co, 1 barrel oil; Oct, Hon J Skead, 1 chop mill; October, John McHale, 1 bedstead; June, G Newill, 1 can oil; June, J McD, J McDonald, 8 Iron Axles.

The following articles are without mark or address, or have been refused: 3 pieces baggage, 2 cases woodware, 1 safety valve, 2 bundles paper, 7 kegs seeds, 4 iron axes, 2 trunks, 1 carpet bag, 1 ditto, 1 chest tea, 11 brooms, 24 empty barrels, 10 empty kegs, 3 valises, 2 carpet bags, 2 oil cloth travelling bags, 1 band-box, 1 hat box, 1 coat, 1 jar, 1 canvas bag of clothing, 1 chest.

The whole will be sold by Mr. H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, without reserve, at the time and place above stated.

THOS REYNOLDS,

Managing Director.

Ottawa, 21st May, 1869. 1058td

TRADE SALE OF TEAS, Etc., Etc.

The subscribers will offer for account of MESSRS. RUNNIER, GUNN & DOUGLAS,

ON THURSDAY, 10TH JUNE,

at their Stores, St Peter st, Teas, Tobaccos Wines, Brandies, Groceries, &c, &c.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO,

Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 28. 1061td

TRADE SALE OF TEAS.

The subscribers will offer for account of MESSRS. DAVID TORRANCE & CO, at their Sample Rooms, Exchange Court,

ON FRIDAY, 11TH JUNE,

about 7,500 pkgs Teas.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO,

Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 28. 1061td

THE LANG

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

62 SPARKS STREET.

Plain and Decorative House and Sign Painting,

WHITE WASHING,

in Kalsomine, French Zinc and Paris White,

PAPER-HANGING

in the Latest Styles of Ceiling and Wall Panelling,

SIGN PAINTING:

Office Signs,

Mammoth Store Signs,

Block Letter Gold Signs,

Plain, Picturesque, and Grotesque

Signs in every style.

GRAINING

in all the woods, with new and elegant improvements.

A. W. LANG,

Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 27, 1869.

SIMCOE OLD RYE.

(Ritchie, Ford & Co.)

Just received.

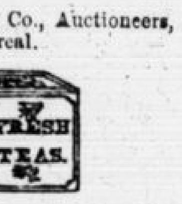
JAMES BUCHANAN,

Sussex and Wellington-sts.

Ottawa, May 12. 1047tf

Auction Sales.

By John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers, Montreal.



ANNUAL SPRING SALE

at the Warehouse of

BUCHANAN, LECKIE & CO.,

MONTREAL,

OF

FRESH TEAS,

WINES, BRANDY, GIN, RUM,

General Groceries,

&c., &c., &c.,

now receiving and daily expected, ex sundry vessels from

Britain, Charente, Oporto, Antwerp,

ON

WEDNESDAY, the 9th JUNE.

Sale at half past nine o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,

1057td Auctioneers, Montreal.

Dry Goods.

B 4 U

Purchase your Dry Goods,

Ready-made Clothing,

Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,

JUST GIVE

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 Sparks-st.,

a call, and see it they cannot offer you greater inducements than you can get elsewhere in the city.

If you want a good Wool Tweed for 50 cents,

call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

If you want a good suit of Clothes, ready-made, for $6,

call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

If you want a Suit, made to order, for $7,

call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

If you want any Linen or Lustre Coats from $1 upwards,

call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

If you want any White Dress Shirts, Under Shirts, Drawers, Hosiery, &c.,

call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.

Having one of the largest stocks in the city, we beg to call the attention of those wishing to avail themselves of the above low prices to call and examine our stock.

OUR MOTTO IS

QUICK SALES & LIGHT PROFITS.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

In their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,

Sign of the Golden Lyre,

944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT.

IF YOU WANT

A FASHIONABLE HAT,

CALL AT H. HODGE'S

NEW DOMINION

HAT AND FUR STORE,

64 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel,

AND SAVE

TEN PER CENT.

Ottawa, May 21. 1055a

NEW STORE OPENED

BY PATK. BASKERVILLE,

No. 36, Rideau st.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

A well assorted stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, PROVISIONS, constantly on hand, consisting of a large assortment of

Teas, Sugars, Spices, Sauces, &c., Wines, Brandies, Gin, Irish and Scotch Whiskeys, Best Highwines and Old Rye,

Hams, Pork, Flour, Cheese, Butter, and Eggs, &c.

P BASKERVILLE,

No. 36, Rideau st, 2 doors east of Workman & Griffin's.

TO LET, a very desirable residence on Maria street, isolated, opposite the New School House, being a Brick Building, containing drawing room, parlor and eight bed-rooms, with basement breakfast room, pantry and kitchen, with pump. There is a good yard with stable and wood sheds.

Rent (£40) sixty pounds, with taxes. Possession immediately. Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY,

Elgin street

May 24th, 1869. 1057a

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST

STOCK OF CARPETINGS

AND

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS

IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE

STOCK OF MILLINERY

IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE

STOCK OF MANTLES,

AT MODERATE PRICES,

IN EVERY STYLE,

At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Silk Velvets,

Velveteens and

Water-proof Cloakings

IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY

DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Satin and Lace,

Plain and Fancy Silk,

Dress Trimmings,

Buttons, Linings, &c.,

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Parasols, Sun Shades and Umbrellas

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Ribbons, Lace,

Embroidered Collars and Cuffs,

And Lace Ties, in Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND TIES

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Broadcloths, Tweeds,

Coatings, Vestings, and

Tailors' Trimmings

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF

Sheetings,

Pillow Cottons,

Linens, Prints,

White and Grey Cottons

In Ottawa,

At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST

STOCK OF NEW GOODS

In all the Departments, is to be found at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

20 SPARKS STREET.

Publications.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,

HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.

D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.

Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald, Irish American, Irish Citizen, and Irish People received.

N. Y. Weekly Clipper, Frank Leslie's Illustrated Scientific American, received.

Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for June received.

JUST RECEIVED,

N Y Ledger and Chimney Corner, Harper's Magazine for June, Thomas Moore's Utopia, Christie's Faith, Carry's Confession, Mattie: A Stray; All in the Dark, Appleton's Edition of Dickens, at

HAUSER'S NEWS DEPOT,

and Circulating Library, Sparks st.

JONES & HOLLAND,

News Dealers, Elgin st,

have complete sets of the

YEAR BOOK.

Members of Parliament will do well to supply themselves at once.

The *Gazette, Globe* and *Telegraph* supplied at 10 cents per week each.

The N Y Dailies at 30 cents per week.

Diogenes, May 21st, to hand.

Half-Dime Music, &c, &c.

LATE LITERATURE.

J. DURIE & SON have received The Man who Laughs, by Victor Hugo; Breaking a Butterfly, by the author of Guy Livingstone; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; The Girls of Feversham, by Florence Maryatt; Realities of Irish Life, by French, cheap edition; Word Gossip, by Blackley; Horse and Man, by G C S Phillipps; Men, Women and Ghosts, by S E Phelps; Murray's Adventures in the Adirondacks; Seats and Saddle, Bits and Bitting, by Major Dwyer; Liddon's University Sermons; Aunt Judy's May Day Volume; The Trappers' Guide, by Newhouse; Other People's Windows, by the author of the Gentle Life; Carricature History of the Four Georges; The Red River Country, Hudson Bay, and Northwest Territories, by A J Russell, C E.

The best books on Flower and Kitchen Gardening. For sale by

J. DURIE & SON,

10 Sparks-st.

THE

RED RIVER COUNTRY,

HUDSON'S BAY & NORTH-WEST

TERRITORIES,

considered in relation to Canada.

BY A. J. RUSSELL, C. E.,

and Inspector of Crown Timber Agencies, Canada, E. & W.

Followed by the last Report of S. J. DAWSON C.E., on the Route of Communication to Red River.

Illustrated by a Map.

The above work is now ready and for sale at the bookstores. Price 75 cents.

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,

Publisher.

Ottawa, 17th May, 1869. 1052-17

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

To let, for the summer months, a house in the vicinity of Daly st, containing nine rooms and a kitchen. Completely furnished, with use of Piano. Small garden attached. Rent moderate. Possession given the first week in June. Apply at this office.

May 26. 1058tf

METROPOLITAN

RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

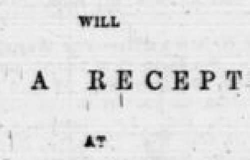
Members of the above association are hereby notified that the Rideau Rifle Range will be open to them for practice on every Monday during the season, commencing on MONDAY, the 24th INSTANT.

By order,

W H FALLS, Lieut,

Asst Secretary.

Ottawa, May 21, 1869. 1056.1



LADY YOUNG

WILL

HOLD A RECEPTION

AT

RIDEAU HALL,

ON

SATURDAY, the 29th INSTANT,

AT

HALF-PAST FOUR O'CLOCK.

J G IRVINE,

Lt-Col,

A D C.

Ottawa, 25th May, 1869. 1058td

NOW'S

YOUR TIME TO BUY CHEAP.

Clearing sale to make room

FOR SPRING STOCK,

STOVES, LAMPS, &c.

REFRIGERATORS.

We beg to announce that we shall again, this season, have the pleasure of offering for sale the POLAR REFRIGERATOR, and we trust orders will be left early for them. This is the only style of Refrigerator that is gotten up to be an ornament to any room, and not a *big cupboard*. It is really elegant in design, and as for efficiency our Ottawa testimonials are enough to satisfy any one. The *Scientific American* says: This refrigerator has not only the advantage of being novel, but of *fulfilling perfectly the purposes for which it was intended.*

ESMONDE BROS.

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC,

BY DR. G. SCHILLING.

I purpose to RESIDE IN OTTAWA during the next two summer months, July and August, and intend to devote part of my time there to my profession, the instruction in music (singing, Piano, Organ, Theorie, etc.) Whoever wishes to profit by this is requested to make their applications VERY SOON, as I shall accept only a VERY LIMITED number of pupils during that time. Particulars about terms, etc., will be given in answer to a written application.

DR. G. SCHILLING,

1055b Montreal.

ST. CATHARINES, ONTARIO,

CANADA.

THE STEPHENSON HOUSE AND BATHS,

in connection with the original celebrated artesian well of saline mineral water, so justly renowned throughout the Western Hemisphere, will be open for the reception of visitors on Thursday, the 20th of May, 1869.

The numerous patrons of this commodious first-class hotel will find that the house has been thoroughly repaired, and partly refurnished; the grounds have been tastefully and elegantly laid out and planted, admirably adapted for croquet and other games; a new bowling alley and billiard room have been erected, and every care has been taken to secure comfort and amusement for the invalid or tourist. Parties desirous of engaging apartments, or transacting any other business with the establishment, will please address the proprietor,

BEVERLEY TUCKER,

1060d St. Catharines, Ontario, Canada.

Groceries.

For sale by the undersigned

300 BBLS. MESS PORK.

200 BBLS. THIN MESS PORK.

500 BBLS. STRONG SUPER FLOUR.

COAL OIL.

Having been appointed by the combin[ed] their agents for

COAL OIL,

they are now prepared to sell in quantities to suit the trade, by the

BARREL OR CAR LOAD,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

Agents for Hiram & Walker's

HIGHWINES

RYE,

PROOF, and

MONONGAHELA WHISKEYS.

Agent for

REESOR BROS. CHEESE.

Agents for John Campbell's celebrated

HAMS,

BACON, &c.

C. T. BATE & CO.,

Canal Basin.

Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1868.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable men to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade, Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Cattees and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Cattees, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money can be collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. Where there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we will send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs, and sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, will receive one of their own choice in return at our expense.

We subjoin a list of our prices:

BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

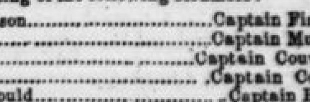
Remember the address,

A. O. AUDY & CO.,

Box 201, P. O., Ottawa, or

Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, May 8, 1869.

1869.  1869.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE.

Consisting of the following steamers:

Ann Sisson	Captain Findlay
Alliance	Captain Murphy
Emerald	Captain Couvrette
Oregon	Captain Cowley
Jason Gould	Captain Bolton
Pontiac	Captain Blondin
Pembroke	Captain Duggan
Snow Bird	Captain Beattie

Until further notice the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., touching at March and Quio, and connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railway at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf and Portage du Fort.

Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the steamer *Alliance*, for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke daily at 7 o'clock, a.m., for Des Joachims and intermediate ports, returning same day.

The *Jason Gould* leaves Pembroke landing daily at 5 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arrive at Aylmer at 4 o'clock, p.m.

The *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere Point, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

Freight of any description forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of timber and sawlogs.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, at Ottawa or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, May 21, 1869.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 29, 1869.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 20
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 00	@	0 15
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of *Grace's Celebrated Salve*, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing office. Only 25 cents a box.

OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy, he feels "out of sorts" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can all be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 37 years standing have been cured by it.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement 887.6m

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S
SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,
HULL,
Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

☞Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

☞Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

☞Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method of returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of
ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,
GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,
Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for
HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER, AND DECORATING ROOMS,
Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
1002tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE
"ROCKET,"
WINNER OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE]
IN 1863,
Height 15½ hands.

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season at the stables of
MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON,
Clarence-st., near the Market.
☞Terms $10 for the season.
Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

THE VARIETY HALL
HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT
34 *SUSSEX-ST.*

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to
JOHN COOK,
Proprietor.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to
SAMUEL LEMIEUX,
Plantagenet Mills,
1043tf Ontario.

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to ROD. ROSS.
Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,
AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to
R. BLACKBURN.
New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to
S. CHRISTIE,
Com. Merchant.
April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.

RODERICK ROSS.
Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND
TO RENT,
For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,

CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CHOICE
FARMING LANDS FOR SALE
IN THE COUNTIES OF
KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying postpaid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Agent, Montreal.
April 7th, 1869. 1033td

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a mortgage made by MICHAEL O'BRIEN, of the township of Fitzroy, in the county of Carleton, yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Esquire, now deceased, to which mortgage JANE O'BRIEN, the wife of the said Michael O'Brien, was made a party, for the purpose of barring dower only, of Lot number Sixteen, in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. SCOTT & ROSS, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of MAY, 1869, at TWELVE o'clock noon.

Margaret Malloch, the devisee named in the last will and testament of the said Edward Malloch, Esquire, deceased, will only covenant that she has done no act to incumber.

The purchaser will accept the title as it stood at the execution of the mortgage.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

1049td W. A. ROSS, Vendor's Solicitor.

GARDENER'S
BAKING POWDER.
In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.
2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.
3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.
4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.
5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.
6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.
7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.
8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.
9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.
10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.
Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co.,
The Tea Pot.
The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.
Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

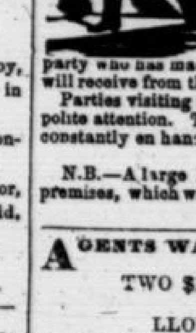
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.



The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his
BOWLING ALLEY.
This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.
B. B. L.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.
TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.
LLOYD'S PATENT
REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS.
Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD,
1043.20d 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.
S. CHRISTIE,
Commission Merchant.
April 27, 1869. 1034tf

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!
BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!
A beautiful and varied assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,
BATHS, of all kinds,
TOILET SETTS,
Plain and Ornamented,

☞REFRIGERATORS!
☞REFRIGERATORS
McKelvy's Patent.

We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES
Best patterns in use.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st.
H. MEADOWS & CO.

THE OTTAWA LIVERY
SALE AND BAIT STABLES,
Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.
FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TIN SPICE BOXES,
A novelty,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS
FOR THE
PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,
BILIOUS FEVER,
PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskilful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY
GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.
Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—*Gents:* I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour. Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
FOR
CHOLERA,
DIARRHŒA, and
BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND
FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,
The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada.
Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,
CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,
CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO
30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra		$6.50
Extra Superfine		6.00
Fancy		
Superfine No. 1		5.25
Superfine o.		4.75
OATMEAL		7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES		2.50
100,000 No. 1	"	2.25
80,000 No. 2	"	1.50
80,000 Fancy	"	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered		4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st.,
Canal Basin.
W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,
AND
COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,
HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,
OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.
His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75-y House, Land and General Agent.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE!
AT
THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN
PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
IRON, COAL,
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE
NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

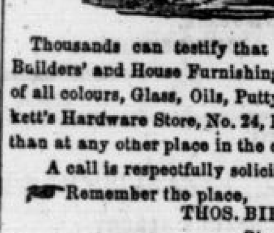
and a general assortment of House-furnishings, Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,
&c., &c.,
AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24, Rideau-st. Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

☞Remember the place,
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.
Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!
STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.
Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers.
859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND,
Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st, Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.
FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.
STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

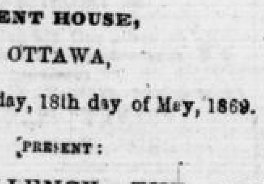
R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

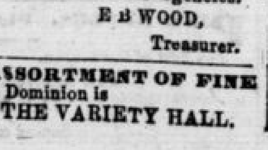
PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.



GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA,
Tuesday, 18th day of May, 1869.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th section of the Act 31 Vic, Cap 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that "Byng Inlet," situate at the mouth of the River Maganetawan, on the Georgian Bay, in the Province of Ontario, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be an Out Port of Entry under the Survey of the Port of Toronto.

WM H LEE,
1057.3 Clerk Privy Council.



NOTICE.

All payments to be made on account Province of Ontario must, in the meantime, paid into the Bank of Montreal or its agencies.

E B WOOD,
1056tf Treasurer.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J. P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st. corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, with the especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.
Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

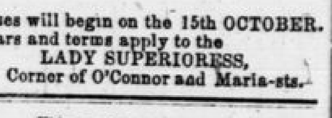
THE SISTERS
OF THE
CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIORESS,
863tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Steamers.

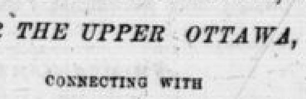


THE OTTAWA
RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S
MAIL STEAMERS
HAVE
COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS
BETWEEN
OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

R. W. SHEPHERD,
Manager.
May 7, 1869. 1043tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,
Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"
LEAVES
AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,
FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,
CONNECTING WITH
STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"
"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"
FOR
DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS,
1042tf President.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$150 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to F. BRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Ottawa

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION
BOTH
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
AT
W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery
Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 482y

CONCENTRATED LYE.
CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 788y

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME.
ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER TUESDAY, MAY 18th, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p.m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.25 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p.m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p.m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west, also with the steamers of the Royal Mail Line.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director.
N. B.—The above Trains all run by Montreal Time.
Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,
COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p m and 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 8:45 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.
6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 2:15 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.
5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

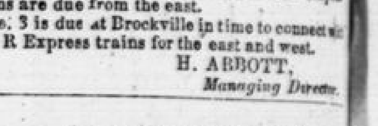
LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at 9:10 a m
Night do do do do do 8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at 3:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at 3:30
Express for Island Pond, at 2:00
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10 p m

☞Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec 1868.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
PERFECTED SPECTACLES,
AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses, viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

PANCREATINE FOR
INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES
is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion."
Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints
Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.
Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director ALEX ROBERTSON Editor.

VOL. IV. NO.

Marriage Licences

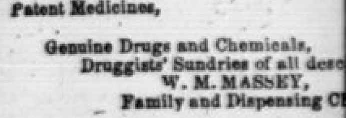
A GAR YEILDING,
Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the City of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.
OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 10

Music.

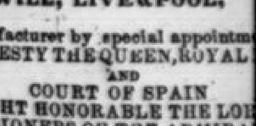
MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON
Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of
PIANO-FORTES, ORG
AND MELODEONS,
In their new Show Room, comprising
PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading*
WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,
ORGANS and MELODEONS from the factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.
Now is the time for intending purchasers
☞PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBER
Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., is, as usual, very large.
New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.
J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden L
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Duri

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, to attend to their orders for tuning more than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENE

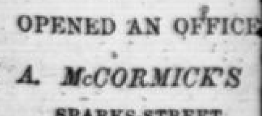
HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HA
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distribu
&c., &c.
A complete stock just received of Toilet A
Patent Medicines,
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all desc
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Ch



S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLST
AND
☞UNDERTAKER
FURNITURE
of every description, made to order or and jobbing attended to.
Architects and others furnishing their ings for any kind of wood work will h correctly executed.
Particular attention paid to
GOTHIC & FANCY FURNI
FUNERALS
furnished at the shortest notice in th country.
METALLIC AND OTHER CO
always on hand.
EXPRESS WAGGONS
for the removal of household furniture, & waggons for lumber and other heavy goo
N.B.—Residence at the west end of W st., opposite the market



WATCHES.
J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointm
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL
AND
COURT OF SPAIN
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LO
MISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRA
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'
NAVY:
Prize Medallist of the Great Internation tion of London, 1862, and of the U versal Exhibition of Paris, 186
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-
Agent for Ottawa and V
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeep*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Mon
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Domini sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20.



NOTICE.
The undersigned begs to state that h
OPENED AN OFFICE
OVER A. McCORMICK'S
SPARKS-STREET,
Where all orders for the
CANADA GAZET
AND FOR
PRINTING, BINDING, OR STA
may be sent, and will be punctually as usual, arrangements having been m vent any interruption to the business.
Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for th tendered him on all sides, and hope patrons and friends in his new office.
GEORGE E. DES
Ottawa, January 21, 1869.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCH
FORWARDERS,
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal,
OTTAWA,
End of Little
Cash advanced on goods consigne diate sale. Prompt returns in all ca
W. H. EASTON. 2tf R.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1062. OTTAWA, MONDAY, MAY 31, 1869. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Marriage Licences.

AGAR YEILDING,
Agent for MARRIAGE LICENCES for the city of Ottawa, by commission from His Excellency the Governor-General.
OFFICE—St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, April 9, 1869. 1019-3m

Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON
Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of
PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,
AND MELODEONS,
In their new Show Room, comprising
PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers.*
WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,
ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.
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J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
946f No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son's

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GEO. N. BENEDICT.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT
THE MEDICAL HALL,
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Water,
Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c., &c.
A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines.
Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist.

S. ROGERS,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER,
AND
☞ UNDERTAKER. ☜
FURNITURE
of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.
Architects and others furnishing their own drawings for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.
Particular attention paid to
GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITURE.
FUNERALS
furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.
METALLIC AND OTHER COFFINS
always on hand.
EXPRESS WAGGONS
for the removal of household furniture, &c. Also waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.
N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington-st., opposite the market.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY
AND
COURT OF SPAIN
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY;
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa May 20. 748y

NOTICE.
The undersigned begs to state that he has
OPENED AN OFFICE
OVER A. McCORMICK'S STORE,
SPARKS-STREET,
Where all orders for the
CANADA GAZETTE,
AND FOR
PRINTING, BINDING, OR STATIONERY,
may be sent, and will be punctually attended to as usual, arrangements having been made to prevent any interruption to the business.
Mr. Desbarats feels grateful for the sympathy tendered him on all sides, and hopes to see his patrons and friends in his new office.
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, January 21, 1869. 954tf

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS,
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.
W. H. EASTON. 2tf R. M. EASTON.

Boots & Shoes.

CHEAP
BOOTS AND SHOES
AT THE
CAPITAL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
YORK STREET.
I would inform my customers and the public in general that I am now receiving my Spring and Summer Stock of Feet Wear, which will be found complete in every department, representing the
LATEST AND BEST STYLES
In Ladies', Misses, Children's, Men's and Boy's Wear.
The stock as usual is chosen with great care, and is warranted to give satisfaction, and at PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.
A large supply of Lumbermen's Wear always on hand.
Orders taken for all sorts of work. Only the best workmen employed.
GEORGE MURPHY.

A. J. STEPHENS & CO'Y,
HAVE
JUST RECEIVED
ALL THE
NEWEST STYLES
IN
BOOTS AND SHOES,
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER,
COMPRISING
a very large and varied assortment of
LADIES', GENT'S, MISSES' & CHILDREN'S
DRESS & WALKING BOOTS.
We would call the especial attention of the
☞ LADIES, ☜
To our Prunella Congress, a first-rate article for $1.
ALSO,
To our Prunella Balmoral, for....................$1.25.
☞ BANKRUPT STOCK. ☜
We have still on hand a portion of Messrs. F G & C A CROSBY'S stock which is in perfect condition and suitable for the season, which we will actually sell for less than cost for cash.
Inspection of our stock and prices is respectfully invited.
A J STEPHENS & CO.,
late F G & C A Crosby,
Sign of the Mammoth Boot, 51 Sparks-st., Centre Town.

"DRESS BOOTS
FOR ALL WEATHERS."
SEE
THE NEW STYLES
IN
BOOTS AND SHOES!
FOR
SUMMER,
AT
THE RED BOOT,
28 *Sussex-st.*
W. A. LAMB
would call your special attention to his Splendid ASSORTMENT of PRUNELLA BOOTS—Buttoned, Laced and Congress.
GENTLEMEN'S
PATENT CONGRESS, SEAL CONGRESS, FINE ENGLISH BOX TOED CONGRESS, HAND-MADE, and other new styles,
AT
THE RED BOOT.

Dry Goods.

B 4 U
Purchase your Dry Goods,
Ready-made Clothing,
Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,
JUST GIVE
O'MEARA & CO.,
50 Sparks-st.,
a call, and see if they cannot offer you greater inducements than you can get elsewhere in the city.
If you want a good Wool Tweed for 50 cents,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.
If you want a good suit of Clothes, ready-made, for $6,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.
If you want a Suit, made to order, for $7,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.
If you want any Linen or Lustre Coats from $1 upwards,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.
If you want any White Dress Shirts, Under Shirts, Drawers, Hosiery, &c.,
call at O'MEARA & Co.'s.
Having one of the largest stocks in the city, we beg to call the attention of those wishing to avail themselves of the above low prices to call and examine our stock.
OUR MOTTO IS
QUICK SALES & LIGHT PROFITS.
ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC,
BY DR. G. SCHILLING.
I purpose to RESIDE IN OTTAWA during the next two summer months, July and August, and intend to devote part of my time there to my profession, the instruction in music (singing, Piano, Organ, Theorie, etc.) Whoever wishes to profit by this is requested to make their applications VERY SOON, as I shall accept only a VERY LIMITED number of pupils during that time. Particulars about terms, etc., will be given in answer to a written application.
DR. G. SCHILLING,
1055b Montreal.

METROPOLITAN
RIFLE ASSOCIATION.
Members of the above association are hereby notified that the Rideau Rifle Range will be open to them for practice on every Monday during the season, commencing on MONDAY, the 24th INSTANT.
By order,
W H FALLS, Lieut,
Asst Secretary.
Ottawa, May 21, 1869. 1056.1

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS OF WINDOW SHADES,
Very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Agencies.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE.
MALCOLM CAMERON,
AGENT,..................DESBARAT'S BLOCK
Office of Queen's Printer,
An entirely Canadian institution—perfect security to insurers, and immediate payment of claims.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1868. 918tf

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No: 104.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FELIX CARBRAY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
FORWARDER,
GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,
No. 3, St. Peter-st.,
QUEBEC.
Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.
QUEBEC REFERENCES.
Messrs Tetu & Garneau, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants.
James G Ross, Esq, General Merchant, Vice-President Quebec Bank.
Hon David E Price, M L C, Merchant.
Eugene Chinic, Esq, Merchant, President La Banque National.
Hon Thos McGreevy, M L C, Vice-President Union Bank. 1044d

Tailoring.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF CLOTHS
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
In Silk Mixtures, Scotch and Canadian
TWEEDS,
may now be seen at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.
Gentlemen leaving their orders for Garments, can have them made under the superintendence of first-class workmen.
A. GRAHAM & CO.,
Commercial Warehouse,
No. 60 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043.3m

T. LAWRENCE
Having opened a first-class
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
in Ashfield's Brick Building, Duke-st., is now prepared to show a select stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, and Outfitting Goods in general. A select lot of Grosvenor, Canterbury and Gladstone Scarfs Cheap.
From Mr. Lawrence's experience both in the United States and the Dominion, in the Cutting Department, he can assure all who may favour him with a call of getting the most stylish garment in the city. A trial is most respectfully solicited.
Members of Parliament at Ottawa visiting the Chaudiere, and wanting anything in his line, would find it to their advantage to give him a call, both for cheapness and style.
Some good PANTALOON MAKERS WANTED, as well as good COAT HANDS, to whom the highest wages will be paid. None but first-class workmen need apply.
P.S.—Some of Weasey's Celebrated American Cloths now open for inspection. 1040a

GENTLEMEN
Leaving their orders at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
Can get well suited in Garments.
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

N. ROBERTSON,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
BELL'S BLOCK,
Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa,
In returning thanks to his friends for past favors, begs to inform them and the public generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at the above stand with an extensive stock of FIRST-CLASS MATERIAL & FASHIONABLE DESIGNS, suited to the present season, and having secured the services of a first-class cutter, who has had over ten years experience in leading houses in Oxford-st., London, is enabled to supply a want long felt in Ottawa.
MR. ROBERTSON assures his friends that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuation of the patronage bestowed on him in the past.
Ottawa, March 23, 1869. 1006-3m

COATS, PANTS and VESTS
May be obtained CHEAP by calling at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

SELECT TAILORING.
T. RAJOTTE.
NEW IMPORTATIONS.
An extensive stock of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, West of England Broad Cloths, Meltons, Cassimeres, Gents' Haberdashery, Ready-made Suits and General Outfitting Goods, which will be found very select.
From the experience ANGUS SUTHERLAND has had (having been Manager in the Gentleman's Trade for many years), he hopes to give perfect satisfaction.
The success attending his fits in pants and coats is owing to the correct *military cutting system* and careful rule of measurement he has adopted. Numerous city and provincial references; also from New York and other districts of the Union. His general scale of prices is very moderate. Gents' excellent Tweed Suits, $10, $12, $18,
☞ FOR CASH ONLY. ☜
N.B.—Alterations and repairs promptly attended to. All garments well lined and trimmed. Buttons securely sewed on. Youths' suits tastefully got up.
Orders will be executed strictly to the time appointed.
T. RAJOTTE.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
Made with NEATNESS and DESPATCH at the
COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 60 Sparks-st.,
1043.3m A. GRAHAM & CO.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

A NUMBER of SUPERIOR COUCHES, covered with damask, very cheap,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
—FROM—
OPORTO, SPAIN, COGNAC
AND LONDON,
Consisting of
PORT, SHERRY, BRANDY, GIN
AND SCOTCH WHISKEY, &c.
PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS & JELLIES
&c., &c., &c.,
FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL.
—LIKEWISE,—
A FULL assortment of FRESH FRUIT, the BEST in market.
TABLE and Cooking RAISINS, CURRANTS &c.
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS and SPICES—Genuine.
PRESERVED and CAN FRUITS, assorted to suit the holiday season.
ALMERIA GRAPES, FRESH FIGS and PORTUGUESE ONIONS.
50 TINS NEW HONEY, in 5 lb. and 8 lb. tins.
200 STILTON CHEESE, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. size, from Reesor Brothers' celebrated factory.
SHERRY WINE—Good Table Wine—$1 to $3.00.
PORT WINE—Good Table Wine $1.50 to $4.50.
ALL KINDS of GENUINE LIQUO rice according to age and quality.
100 BOXES DIGBY HERRINGS—large boxes at 75 cts. each.
LABRADOR HERRINGS, the very best, in barrels and half barrels.
10 CASES SCOTCH LING—Good.
TEAS—Black, Green and Japans—Warranted Good, and selected for family use.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all grades.
COFFEES—Always Fresh—Best Brands—Try them.
TOBACCOS—The Finest Qualities—Virginia make in cut, tin foil and plug.
A GENERAL assortment of the different kinds of *GROCERIES AND LIQUORS* on hand, Wholesale and Retail, at the *LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES* for Warranted Goods. A trial of the articles will recommend them.
For sale at
THOS. PATTERSON'S,
No. 26, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, November 27, 1868. 878

JUST RECEIVED,
AT THE
INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, RIDEAU-ST.,
And for sale cheap, by
D. T. BROWNE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants,
FRESH OYSTERS, in Tins,
PRESERVED OYSTERS do
FRESH HALIBUT do
FRESH SALMON do
FRESH MACKEREL do
FRESH LOBSTERS
GREEN PEAS do
LEMON, GINGER, ORANGE,
Banana, Peach, Blackberry, Raspberry and Strawberry Syrups.
RASPBERRY VINEGAR,
FRY'S Chocolate and Cocoa,
MOTT'S Cocoa Paste,
MORTON'S Bloater Paste,
TOMATO and other Catsups,
ANCHOVY Paste,
STRASBURGH Meats,
POTTED Beef and Tongues
PRESERVES and Jelli...in great variety,
ORANGE Marmalade,
MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co.'s
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Roll Bacon.
PICKLED Salmon,
PICKLED Mackerel,
PICKLED HERRINGS,
In Half Barrels, Barrels and Tierces,
DRY Codfish,
DRY Haddock,
FINNAN Haddies, &c., &c.,
And a full stock of Choice Family Groceries.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1868.

BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE,
BOTTLED ALE.
The subscriber would called the attention of Families and others to his
FINE BOTTLED ALE
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
SCOTCH, IRISH, OLD RYE,
And other Malt Whiskies,
PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, GIN, &c.,
To other with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A call ... dly solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.
MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform her customers and friends that she has received her Spring fashions, and is now prepared to supply all their orders. Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
Two or three Apprentices wanted.
April 6. 1015tf

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!
The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily, double supply on Saturdays for Sunday's use, for $6.00, if paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid before the end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted. All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. Mortimer's Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be strictly attended to.
THOMAS STARMER,
1043d 124 Rideau-st.

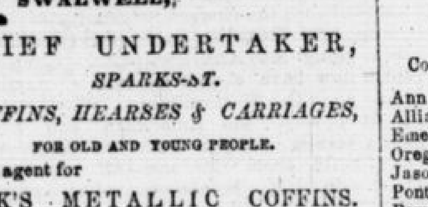
Dry Goods.

OPENED OUT
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
No. 14, RIDEAU-ST.,
A CHOICE LOT OF DRESS GOODS,
A CHOICE LOT OF BRILLIANTS,
A CHOICE LOT of CORDED FANCIES,
A CHOICE LOT of TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS,
A BEAUTIFUL LOT of SPRING HATS
IN NEW MATERIALS,
A NOVELTY IN SKIRTS,
A SPLENDID LOT OF PARASOLS,
TREFOUSSE'S, ALEXANDRE'S, JOSEPHINE and JOUVIN KID GLOVES
AT
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
14 Rideau st.
Ottawa, March 28, 1869.

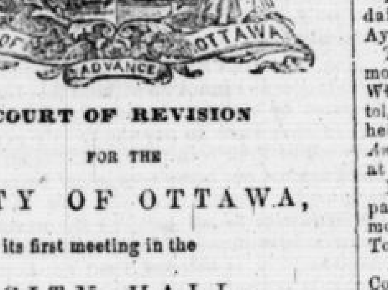
PANIC! PANIC! PANIC
GREAT CHANC
SAFER THAN A LOTTERY
AS ALL ARE SURE TO GET A PRIZE

$30,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY for............$12,000.
Owing to the late panic in Montreal, and the large number of Bankrupt Stocks that in consequence have been thrown on the market, we were enabled to purchase an assorted stock of
DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,
amounting to $30,000, for the small sum of 7s on the pound, being lower than any stock we have yet purchased.
So now is the time for bargains. But you must hurry up as we intend selling them very low so as to clear them off quick. For instance here is something to please the eye and make the pocket feel good as it draws so little from it.
The stock consists of the following goods, viz:
DRESS GOODS!
One case plain Poplin, choice colours, for ....9d pr yd, worth 1s 3d
One case Silk Striped, do very new.........................10½d do do 1s 6d
20 pieces Silk Striped, do very new.........................1s do do 1s 9d
10 pieces Roselind, Shot Striped Lusters...................9d do do 1s 3d
15 pieces Yucatan Cloths...1s 3d do do 2s 6d
Also, 1 case assorted yard wide goods, in splendid colours, and of the latest styles, for 1s 10½d.
The same goods cannot be bought in any house in the city for less than 3s 6d.
Immense bargains in WHITE COTTONS, a first class White Cotton only 5d per yard.
80 dozen White Hose.............................5d per pair
20 pieces Ticking ....only 9d, worth 1s 3d
50 dozen all Linen Towels, good ....for 3d each
60 do do do ....do 5d, worth 9d each
157 pairs Corsets, ...for 2s per pair
100 White quilts...............................at a great bargain
200 Coloured Quilts...................only 5s, worth 2s 6d
100 Silk and Wool Shirts for Boating..................................7s 6d worth 12s 6d
400 pairs Gloves...............................for 4d per pair
100 do Fine Silk Gloves...only 1s 3d, worth 2s 6d
Pocket Handkerchiefs..................................1½d each
do do hemmed.....................................6d each
Also, 2 cases Prints, slightly damaged
3d to 4½d per yard

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!
CLOTHING!
THE GREATEST SACRIFICE OF THE AGE IN CLOTHING.
Splendid all wool Suits warranted...........for $9
Good Suits...for $4.50
Vests...from 75c up
Pants...............................50c, 75c and $1 per pair
And a magnificent Alpacca Coat.........only $1.25
AT
THE OCCIDENTAL EMPORIUM,
STEWART'S BLOCK, RIDEAU-ST.,
near Sappers' Bridge.
H. HICK & CO.



A. SWALWELL,
CHIEF UNDERTAKER,
SPARKS-ST.
COFFINS, HEARSES & CARRIAGES,
FOR OLD AND YOUNG PEOPLE.
Sole agent for
FISK'S METALLIC COFFINS.
RESIDENCE—York-st., first Brick House below the market.



THE COURT OF REVISION
FOR THE
CITY OF OTTAWA,
Will hold its first meeting in the
CITY HALL,
in the said city, on
Tuesday, the 1st day of June, 1869,
At ONE o'clock in the afternoon,
Of which all persons interested are required to take notice.
WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, May 22, 1869. 1057td

Publications.

DOMINION NEWS DEPOT,
HOWELL'S CORNER, SUSSEX-ST.
D. FULTON is prepared to furnish the latest English and American Periodicals. He is agent for all Canadian papers, which he delivers at 10 cents per week. Principal agent for the *Globe*, etc.
Chimney Corner, Ledger, Emerald, Irish American, Irish Citizen, and Irish People received.
N. Y. Weekly Clipper, Frank Leslie's Illustrated Scientific American, received.
Frank Leslie's, Godey's and Mad. Demorest's Magazines for June received.

JUST RECEIVED,
N Y Ledger and Chimney Corner, Harper's Magazine for June, Thomas Moore's Utopia, Christie's Faith, Carry's Confession, Mattie: A Stray; All in the Dark, Appleton's Edition of Dickens, at
HAUSER'S NEWS DEPOT,
and Circulating Library, Sparks st.

JONES & HOLLAND,
News Dealers, Elgin st,
have complete sets of the
YEAR BOOK.
Members of Parliament will do well to supply themselves at once.
The *Gazette, Globe* and *Telegraph* supplied at 10 cents per week each.
The N Y Dailies at 30 cents per week.
Diogenes, May 21st, to hand.
Half-Dime Music, &c, &c.

LATE LITERATURE.
J. DURIE & SON have received The Man who Laughs, by Victor Hugo; Breaking a Butterfly, by the author of Guy Livingstone; That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever; The Girls of Feversham, by Florence Maryatt; Realities of Irish Life, by French, cheap edition; Word Gossip, by Blackley; Horse and Man, by G C S Phillipps; Men, Women and Ghosts, by S E Phelps; Murray's Adventures in the Adirondacks; Seats and Saddle, Bits and Bitting, by Major Dwyer; Liddon's University Sermons; Aunt Judy's May Day Volume; The Trappers' Guide, by Newhouse; Other People's Windows, by the author of the Gentle Life; Carricature History of the Four Georges; The Red River Country, Hudson Bay, and Northwest Territories, by A J Russell, C E.
The best books on Flower and Kitchen Gardening. For sale by
J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.

THE
RED RIVER COUNTRY,
HUDSON'S BAY & NORTH-WEST
TERRITORIES,
considered in relation to Canada.
BY A. J. RUSSELL, C. E.,
and Inspector of Crown Timber Agencies, Canada, E. & W.
Followed by the last Report of S. J. DAWSON C.E., on the Route of Communication to Red River.
Illustrated by a Map.
The above work is now ready and for sale at the bookstores. Price 75 cents.
GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Publisher.
Ottawa, 17th May, 1869. 1052-17

TEA! TEA! TEA!
COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!
TRADE A. O. A. & Co. MARK.
Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial have been pronounced by the most reliable men to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from all poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade. Being importers of the above named articles, and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can only be obtained from our Continental merchants, as we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin Hermetic Cattees and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or four 5 lb Cattees, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money can be collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. Where there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we will send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs, and sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, will receive one of their own choice in return at our expense.
We subjoin a list of our prices:

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0 45 @ 50
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0 55 @ 60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75 @ 80
Sound Oolong	0 40 @ 45
Rich Flavoured, do	0 55 @ 60
Very Fine, do do	0 75 @ 80
Japan Good	0 50 @ 60
Very Good	0 65 @ 70
Finest	0 75 @ 80

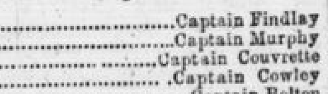
GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0 35 @ 40
Fine do	0 55 @ 60
Young Hyson	0 50 @ 60
Fine do	0 75 @ 85
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00 @ 00

COFFEE.

Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0 29, 0 33
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0 29, 0 32
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0 26, 0 29

Remember the address,
A. O. AUDY & CO.,
Box 201, P. O., Ottawa, or
Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, May 8, 1869.


1869. 1869.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE.
Consisting of the following steamers:

Ann Sisson	Captain Findlay
Alliance	Captain Murphy
Emerald	Captain Couvrette
Oregon	Captain Cowley
Jason Gould	Captain Bolton
Pontiac	Captain Blondin
Pembroke	Captain Duggan
Snow Bird	Captain Beattie

Until further notice the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., touching at March and Quio, and connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railway at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf and Portage du Fort.
Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the steamer *Alliance*, for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.
The steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke daily at 7 o'clock, a.m., for Des Joachims and intermediate ports, returning same day.
The *Jason Gould* leaves Pembroke landing daily at 5 o'clock, a.m. Passengers arrive at Aylmer at 4 o'clock, p.m.
The *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere Point, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.
Freight of any description forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of timber and sawlogs.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, at Ottawa or Aylmer.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, May 21, 1869.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.
To let, for the summer months, a house in the vicinity of Daly st, containing nine rooms and a kitchen. Completely furnished, with use of Piano. Small garden attached. Rent moderate. Possession given the first week in June. Apply at this office.
May 26. 1058tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.
New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.
It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.
March 26. 1008-14y

For the effect produced by Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs the inventor is permitted to refer to the Medical Gentlemen in St. John, N. B., whose signatures are attached hereto:
WILLIAM BAYARD, M.D.
EDWIN BAYARD, M.D.
THOMAS WALKER, M.D.
JOHN BERRYMAN, M.D., ED.
DR. JOHNSTON, L.R.C.S., ED.
GEORGE KEATOR, M.D.
W. H. HARDING, M.R.C.S.
JOHN BAXTER, M.D.
J. D. WHITE, M. D.
T. W. CARRITT, M.D.
I, Aaron Alward, Mayor of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, having examined the letters of Drs. Earle, Addy, Clay, Jacobs and Chandler, and also the signatures attached to the foregoing permit of reference, hereby certify that I believe them all genuine.
I can also testify to the high therapeutical value of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites in diseases of the Lungs, and consider it deserving of attention by the profession generally.
In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Seal of Mayoralty at the city of St. John, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.
(Great Seal.)
AARON ALWARD, M.D.,
Mayor of the City of St. John.
1049b21b
AGENTS—FRANCIS CUNDILL & CO., 32 Lemoine-st., Montreal.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.
They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.
☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.
N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where. 578y

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINES
are the best in the world for family use, as they hem, fell, tuck, cord, bind, gather and quilt in a manner that defies competition. They are the only machines in the world to which can be applied the delicate and ingenious Button-hole Attachment and Ornamental Stitch Embroidery Cloth Plate.
Call and See our NEW TUCK CREASER and GUIDE. Price, $3.00.
THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES are best adapted for tailoring, carriage trimming, boot and harness making, and are unrivalled for such purposes.
Call and examine the Adjustable Head Revolving Presser Foot, and admirably adapted Pressure Bar.
Circulars and samples of sewing sent post free on application.
N.B.—Sewing done to order, and needles, oil and silk for all machines constantly on hand.
G. A. WALTON,
105 King-st. West, Toronto, and
37 Sparks-st., Ottawa.
R. W. STEPHEN, Manager for Ottawa Office.

ST. CATHARINES, ONTARIO,
CANADA.
THE STEPHENSON HOUSE AND BATHS,
in connection with the original celebrated artesian well of saline mineral water, so justly renowned throughout the Western Hemisphere, will be open for the reception of visitors on Thursday, the 20th of May, 1869.
The numerous patrons of this commodious first-class hotel will find that the house has been thoroughly repaired, and partly refurnished; the grounds have been tastefully and elegantly laid out and planted, admirably adapted for croquet and other games; a new bowling alley and billiard room have been erected, and every care has been taken to secure comfort and amusement for the invalid or tourist. Parties desirous of engaging apartments, or transacting any other business with the establishment, will please address the proprietor,
BEVERLEY TUCKER,
1060d St. Catharines, Ontario, Canada.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF FINE CHINA in the Dominion is
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

THE ROYAL FAMILY OF ENGLAND.

A London letter, describing the opening of Miss Burdett Coutts' market in Bethnal Green, London, in which ceremony a portion of the royal family participated, says:—"All the members of the royal family present honoured the assembly with their presence. At the appointed time the flourish of trumpets and the sharp order of the Colonel's 'Attention,' indicated the arrival of the Duchess of Cambridge, Princess Mary, Prince Teck, and other distingushed persons. Miss Coutts, leading the way, descended from the platform, followed by the archbishops, bishops, deans and noblemen—proceeded to the entrance door to receive the guests. The hold the royal family have on the British public was seen clearly by the excitement produced on the coming of these representatives. Everybody came to their feet, and there was a general excitement, which lasted long after the notables were seated, as they were, on the right and left of Miss Coutts, she holding the seat of honour. Could her Majesty have entered the chapel the excited audience would almost have brought down the house. The Duchess of Cambridge, cousin of the Queen, who stands next to the throne, and outranks all the peers and peeresses of the land, is a remarkably preserved lady of about seventy. Tall, finely formed, with a face strongly marked, coarse, and somewhat masculine, yet exceedingly benignant, appearing in public, as she is really in private, unaffected, courteous and without hateur. Princess Mary, her daughter, is one of the most regal looking ladies in England; quite tall, rather stout, with a face indicating benvolence and character. She dresses with great simplicity and elegance, and would be a marked lady in any circle. She is greatly beloved for her kindness of heart and benevolence of life. She is the most popular princess in the land. When she was married to Prince Teck, she refused to be married in any of the royal chapels or palaces. She insisted upon a simple wedding, the direction of which she took into her own hands. She was married in the little country church at Kew, where her summer residence is. She invited all her country neighbours to be present, and threw her lawns open to them. She gave special orders that the infirm and aged should have the best seats in church, and that the crowd might have a good view of the procession in which was the Queen. She walked from the palace to the church, that all who wished might see her. She enters heartily into all plans for the benefit of the poor, the infirm or the sick, and lends her name and influence everywhere where it can be used with profit to the lowly. Entirely free from affectation, she seemed to enter most heartily into the enjoyment of the occasion which she graced with her presence. Most of the noblemen present were old men, many of them prematurely old. This is especially true of the Duke of Wellington, who inherits his father's titles and some of his looks. He is very gray, his frame worn and attenuated, and he has the look and stoop of a man of eighty."

JOMINI.

General McClellan's interesting article on Jomini in the June number of the *Galaxy* closes with an account of a personal interview which the writer had with the French General about a year ago. In the course of the interview Jomini gave some reminiscences of his own early days in the army of Napoleon, one of which General McClellan gives as illustrating someof the peculiar qualities of the Emperor's great mind. It is as follows:—
"During the battle of Essling the victorious progress of the French was arrested by the destruction of the bridge over the main Danube, while a large portion of their army still remained on the Vienna bank. It was clear that nothing could be done but to hold the positions of Essling, Aspern, etc, until nightfall, in order to secure a retreat into the Island of Lobau. While Archduke Charles was making his most desperate attacks upon Massena Essling Napoleon was sitting on the ground dictating orders to several aides-de-camp, when Massena's senior aide approached, and reported that the Marshal had directed him to say that if he was expected to hold Essling he must have reinforcements, othewise it would be impossible. The Emperor quietly looked up at the aide, and pointed to the ground immediately in front, where Lannes lost his life, and where the enemy was at the moment attacking in great force, and with much vigor, said, 'I should be very glad to have Massena's troops there. Tell him that I have no reinforcements to give him; he must hold the village at any cost, with what means he has; he must do the best he can in his own way; and tell him that it is his business and not mine. Say to him not to trouble me again about it. He then quietly resumed his dictation.
"These orders were the detailed orders of march for that wonderful concentration of troops from Illyria, Dalmatia, Northern Italy, Naples, Spain, France, the Tyrol, Belgium, etc., etc., which was carried into effect the day before the battle of Wagram. Jomini mentioned this as a most striking instance of Napoleon's marvelious control over his mind; the moment he saw that the day was lost he sat down where he happened to be—under fire—and at once began the arrangements of the combinations that led to Wagram. The Emperor was indeed fortunate in possessing such lieutenants as Massena, to whom he could confidently intrust the defence of a vital point with insufficient means, telling him that it was not his business to attend."
It seems quite likely that General McClellan in reporting this story, may have had in his mind some recollections of a critical period of the battle of Antietam. The memory of most of our readers will enable them to trace the parallel, and to see where it ends.

—Illinois has seven hundred Masonic Lodges, and about forty thousand members.

FOR Carpets, Damasks, Repps, and a general assortment of House Furnishing Goods T. & W. Hunton hold the largest stock in the trade.

GENTLEMEN can get superior garments made to order at Magee & Russell's, from the finest West of England Broadcloths, Silk Mixed and Venetian Coatings, Scotch, English and Dominion Tweeds, &c., &c., and at moderate prices

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ottawa River Navigation Company's Steamers—R. W. Shepherd.
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Rubber Balls Just Received—L. N. Nye.
Authorized Discount—R. S. M. Bouchette.
Skating Rink—Postponement of Performance—Mr. Marshall.
Wanted—An Active Young Man.
Government Notice—W. H. Lee.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, MAY 31, 1869.

☞ *For Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.*

On Saturday afternoon the Senate met and transacted a considerable amount of business. The consideration of the Northwest resolutions was postponed till to-day.

In the Commons the Northwest resolutions were adopted, and the address to the Queen, founded thereon, agreed to. In the evening the House went into Committee of Supply and passed a number of items. The House adjourned at 10:40.

Mr. Brydges has published in the Montreal *News* of Saturday a letter which thoroughly exposes the fallacy of the cry about the great exodus of the Lower Canadians to the United States. Whose interest it may have been to get up these cries—since the illustrious Dr. Cadieux took up his involuntary residence in an American prison—it is hard to say; but it will be much harder for them to prove the correctness of their assertions in the face of the facts so plainly stated by Mr. Brydges.

Mr. Brydges addressed circulars to all the station masters of the Grand Trunk Railway in the Province of Quebec, asking for information concerning the passenger travel to the United States, compared with former years, and the answers received give as the general result, that from two to three hundred families have left the whole of Lower Canada for the United States from the 1st of January to the 15th of May, with no apparent intention of returning. That in addition to this there has been an excess of the usual number of those who leave for summer work in brickyards, factories, &c., and return again with their summer's savings in the fall of about three hundred persons. The "exodus," therefore, which has been estimated at over 600 per week, dwindles down to something less than 2,000 for nearly five months; and against this is to be placed the fact, generally stated, that a larger number of these emigrants are again returning to their homes, not having found their expectations realised. It is stated that the fear of being "drafted," and engaged in war, induced some of these parties to leave, but such a cause cannot long preserve its influence. Every spring agents from the manufacturing districts in the United States visit the parishes and engage workers for the summer season, who almost invariably return to their homes before winter, and this season there has been a considerable increase in the number so engaged, the bargains in the parishes being, no doubt, struck at a lower rate of wages than they could be in the manufacturing towns of the States.

Against this not very startling "exodus" is to be placed the report of the Grand Trunk agent at Coaticooke, who reports a state of affairs "the exact opposite." He reports that:

"Nearly every train from the South, *i. e.*, "from the United States, brings back "French Canadians, who are returning and "settling down upon lands in this and the "adjoining townships."

These facts should silence the cry about the emigration from Quebec to the United States. Though there are other means of exit than those furnished by the Grand Trunk, it must be admitted that the season's experience of that road furnishes a fair index to the general movement of population; and unless some very convincing proofs are offered in rebuttal of the statements made by Mr. Brydges, the croakers (in Parliament and out of it) about the loss of population, must be silent for the future.

The long debate on the Government resolutions for the acquisition of the Northwest Territory, though the facts and arguments brought out had all, or nearly all, been previously developed by the press and other publications, either official or non-official, was so far satisfactory in showing that upon the most momentous question that has yet arisen in our Parliament, the representatives of the people were almost unanimous in their judgment concerning it. True, some may have thought the British Government should have extinguished the Hudson's Bay Company's claims; others that the terms of agreement were not so favourable to Canada as they should have been. But all agreed that under the circumstances, the best was done for this country that could have been done. All seemed inspired with the same notion that the great Northwest country—the whole of British America between Canada and the Rocky Mountains—should be brought under the influence of British institutions and thrown open to settlement.

The real divergences of opinion will arise upon this great question, when the manner of opening up for settlement comes to be practically dealt with. Good waggon roads to connect the water communications will be ample for many years to come, says one; nothing short of railway communication from the head of Lake Superior, westward, to supply the breaks in navigation, will serve the purposes of early and profitable settlement, says another; while a third will aver that every day that the construction of a railway to the Pacific is deferred, is a serious drawback to the progress and future prosperity of Canada.

In these conflicting views it, perhaps, cannot well be said that the middle course would be the safest. It is admitted on all hands the country must be opened up for settlement. Sir George E. Cartier formally announced to Parliament that the Cabinet would ask authority for the Governor in Council to organise a Provisional Government for these territories so soon as the Royal proclamation issued formally transferring the jurisdiction over the country to Canada. It is evident, therefore, that the Government is fully alive to the importance of early action; and the question arises on the vital point of opening up communication: how much can the country afford to invest annually?

However excellent a through railroad would be in itself; and we think it would be by far the most desirable; yet we cannot have it unless we can afford to pay for it; that is to bear the annual charge of the interest on its cost; or what would come to the same thing to shoulder the bonus which some enterprising company would exact for its construction. There are doubts as to a speedy increase of our public resources; the Finance Minister moderately calculates upon the small addition of five per cent. on our ordinary sources of revenue; and that small increase is nearly all required for the ordinary purposes of expenditure. Can we then bear an increased burthen of taxation? or effect additional savings that will leave a large surplus for the development of the Northwest? These are the questions which prudent men must answer ere undertaking the responsibility of advising a large expenditure on public account for the building of great public works, however useful.

But a beginning must be made, and a loan of a couple of millions of dollars floated on the English market on favourable terms, would place the Government in a position to make a substantial beginning in the establishment of better communication with the Northwest, and other necessary preparations for the organization of its government and the promotion of settlement, without seriously embarrassing the finances of the country.

THE LUMBER TRADE OF THE UPPER OTTAWA.

A correspondent has favoured us with the following calculations designed to convey some general idea of the vast extent of the lumber trade of the Ottawa. In his statement of quantities we are assured that our correspondent is under rather than over the mark, and his calculations on these quantities, the sizes of the timber, &c., being given can readily be verified by those who have the time, and are disposed to take the trouble. Having confidence that our correspondent, who is a thoroughly practical man, and familiar with the business, is correct in his calculations, we lay them before our readers in the hope that they will lead to a better public appreciation of the vast benefits conferred upon the country by the Lumber Trade

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—As the rafting season on the Ottawa has fairly commenced, and timber of the descriptions usually manufactured in this section of the Dominion is freely descending this majestic stream and its tributaries, it may not be out of place at this particular time to consider the magnitude of the great staple trade of the Ottawa valley. As there are few people not connected with the lumber business, even with statistics prepared in the usual manner before them, who can fully realize the vastness of the quantity of timber moved, a few calculations have been made with the view of presenting the information in a popular form.

It is not uncommon for 180 rafts of square timber to be taken in one season from the Upper Ottawa forests; each raft, on an average, is made up of 80 cribs or subdivisions, and each crib has, say 20 sticks of timber 40 feet long, 15 in. x 15 in.; the number of cribs then, in a season's cutting, would be 14,400, and of single pieces or sticks 288,000; the contents of a raft would be 100,000 cubic feet, and of the whole (18,000,000) 18 millions of cubic feet, which, if sold at 15c. per foot, would yield $2,700,000. The area of a crib, exclusive of loading sticks, may be considered 24½ x 40 feet—980 square feet, and of a raft 1 ac: 3 r: 8 pls., so that if the whole 180 rafts were brought together they would occupy 324 acres of the surface of the Ottawa. The pieces of square timber if placed in a continuous line, end to end, would form a boom 2,181 (statute) miles, and 1,440 yards in length, or little more than the distance between the stations at the extremities of the Atlantic cable.

It is estimated by those who are in a position to be well informed that a million of saw logs have been cut above the Chaudiere Falls, and are now being floated to or sawn by the extensive and well appointed mills in the vicinity for this season's business. A million of saw logs—say on an average of standard dimensions 12 feet long and 21 inches in diameter closely packed, would, if placed in a reach of the river such as that opposite the city where they could lie one tier deep, occupy an area of 482 acres; and supposing the Ottawa at this place to be half a mile in width, they would extend up and down stream upwards of a mile and a half; their contents would be 28,863,450 cubic feet, and the weight to be overcome in drawing them from the river would be 515,418 tons (2,240 lbs. to the ton). Place these logs end to end, or in the shape of a boom, and they would extend 2,272 miles and 1,280 yards.

It is generally allowed that five standard logs are required for the production of 1,000 feet B. M. of lumber, so that from a million of logs 200 millions of feet B. M. will be obtained, which, at $10 per M., will yield $2,000,000 as the value of the manufactured article; this, of course, does not include lumber of small dimensions cut from slabs, edgings, and other scraps that can be turned out in large quantities, and readily disposed of. A fair sized barge will carry 10,000 feet B. M.; 200 millions, therefore, in being transported to market, would furnish 2,000 cargoes for such a craft. On an average one steamboat tows 10 of these barges laden, then on the supposition that the whole of the lumber is to be handled at one shipment; that the barges and steamers measure each 100 feet over all, and that no allowance is to be made for tow lines, there would be a fleet of 2,200 river craft, (barges and steamers,) forming a continuous tow of 41⅔ miles in length, or more than two-thirds of the distance between the capital and Grenville, and earning $3 00 per M. for the service, or $600,000 in the aggregate.

A million of saw logs would furnish lumber enough, exclusive of foundation timbers and waste, for the construction of a plank road 16 feet wide 3 inches thick and 789 miles in length, or in other words, a road fully equal to the length of the Ottawa River itself.

As the foregoing remarks apply to the products of the forest taken annually from above this city only, the vast quantities of lumber manufactured on the Lower Ottawa and tributaries, such as the Gatineau, Blanche, River aux Lievre, Nation, and Rouge, must not be lost sight of. It is estimated that below this point 600,000 saw logs and a number of rafts of square timber are taken out and disposed of during the season.

The following is an extract from an able lecture on "The Staple Trade of Canada," delivered by George H. Perry, Esq., C.E., before the Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum, in this city, on 18th March, 1862:

"According to the best possible estimate, "this trade employs 15,000 men in the woods; "and, counting those engaged in the various "manufacturing establishments, 10,000 "more, so that a total of 25,000 men "are engaged in this traffic on the "Ottawa river. The yearly consumption of "provisions by the producers of square timber "is stated to be 12,000 barrels of pork; "15,000 barrels of flour; some 100 tons of "sundries; 6,000 tons of hay, and 275,000 "bushels of oats; and the same quantity of "provisions is required for the production of "saw logs, so that something like 26,000 tons "of agricultural produce is required for the "purpose of this trade.

"The trade returns for 1859 give the "amount of seamen required to mann the "fleet which takes the lumber destined for "European markets from Quebec, as 17,064; "to these must be added the men engaged on "our inland navigation in transporting same "lumber to the States, and the total number "of seamen employed will not fall far short "of 25,000 men. It would not be an easy "task to enumerate the men employed "indirectly in the manufacture of lumber, "nor could the returns of the actual number "engaged in the trade itself be easily made "out, but it is certain that 75,000 men "would be within the probabilities of the case; "and the actual money invested in mills, "dams, booms, road and other improvements "on the Ottawa and its tributaries, is fully "over £100,000,000 currency. Some of these "establishments for sawing lumber are worth "£75,000."

The lumber business has been greatly extended since the date of Mr. Perry's lecture, so that his remarks now have greater force than ever. Surely such a trade as this, the backbone and sinew of a great portion of this broad Dominion, should be protected and fostered.

Visitors to the capital, during the summer months, may see cribs of square timber descending the slides in close succession, and logs by the thousand being converted into sawn lumber, by indulging in a few minutes' walk, or a short drive to the "

CHAUDIERE.

Ottawa, May 29, 1869.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

SECOND SESSION: FIRST PARLIAMENT.

THE SENATE.

Friday, May 28, 1869.

ENQUIRY.

Hon. Mr. McCLELAN enquired whether it is the intention of the Government to make the Post Office Savings Bank system general throughout the Dominion?

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said the system had been extended to the Maritime Provinces, although it may not have been extended to such a degree as was desired by his hon. friend. It is the intention of the Government to carry out and extend the system, as rapidly as the results would justify them in doing, considering the management of these institutions cost two per cent. on the amount of deposits.

SHIPWRECKS INVESTIGATION BILL.

The House went into Committee of the Whole (Mr. McCLELAN in the chair) on a Bill intituled "An Act respecting inquiries and investigations into Shipwrecks and other matters."

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said the objects of the Bill had been fully explained on a former occasion, and the suggestions made for improving the Bill by an hon. member who had experience in these matters had been considered, and he would move certain amendments to incorporate them in the Bill. Several amendments having been made to render more explicit certain sections of the Bill, and to give a person the right of appeal from the tribunals appointed to investigate into shipwrecks, if he felt himself unjustly dealt with by them, the Bill was reported, and the third reading ordered for to-morrow.

The Trinity House Bill was then read a third time and passed.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL submitted a return to the Address of the Hon. Mr. Robertson, respecting the exportation of lumber.

Hon. Mr. ROBERTSON said his object in asking for this Return was not with a view to take any immediate action upon it, but for the purpose of bringing under the consideration of the House and the Government of the country, the value to our neighbours of their trade in lumber with the Dominion, for which we receive no equivalent.

Previous to the Ashburton Treaty, by which the interests of New Brunswick were so fearfully sacrificed, for a conventional line from the valley of the Arostook to the Rocky Mountains, the exports of lumber from the Provinces were inconsiderable. But after that Treaty, although our lumber was subject to a duty of 20 per cent. in the United States, the shipments of pine increased yearly until the Reciprocity Treaty was entered into in 1854. By the Ashburton Treaty in 1843, the citizens of the United States obtained the free navigation of the river St. John, so far that American timber and lumber cut upon lands in the State of Maine, bordering upon streams falling into the river St. John, were subject only to the same dues and charges as British lumber, and entitled to all the privileges of lumber cut on British territory. The Province of New Brunswick had, previous to this levied, an export duty of one dollar per ton on pine timber and other lumber, and this duty was collected upon American timber, as well as upon our own. The American Government pressed for a remission of the export duty, on the ground that American timber was not liable for stumpage, but the British Government refused to entertain the question. In 1854 the Reciprocity Treaty was entered into, and this of course suspended all duties on the unmanufactured products of the sea, sod, and forest. After the Reciprocity Treaty was entered into the exports of pine and sawn lumber increased rapidly, until it reached, in 1865, upwards of 386,000,000 feet. After the 12th of March, 1866, the lumber became again subject to a duty of 20 per cent. advalorem in the United States, and the general opinion prevalent was that the exports must fall off, or prices recede, under this heavy duty. But the return now on the table shows a very different result. In 1866, under a heavy duty, and a heavily stocked market in the United States, the shipments to their ports reached 517,000,000 feet; in 1867 527,000,000, and in 1868 594,000,000, and instead of shipments of pine falling, they advanced. The average shipments, for the three years before the closing of reciprocity, when there was no duty, was 250 millions, and for the three years subsequently, under the duty in advanced cost, to 546 millions, thus clearly showing that the United States cannot do without our pine. All negociations for a renewal of reciprocity with our neighbours have hitherto proved fruitless; and, if they persist in this course, which they have a perfect right to do, it will then become the duty of our Government so to legislate as to secure us an equivalent for our trade for which we are now receiving none—that is to impose an export duty upon all lumber shipped to the United States. At the rate of $4 per 1,000 feet, we should receive in round numbers $2,400,000, and if the export increases in the same ratio that it has done for the last three years, the duty would amount in 1873 to $500,000, and this duty the consumers would have to pay. This would be some compensation for the absence of fair and reciprocal relations between the two countries, and whenever there is any renewal of reciprocity, he trusted our Government will not lose sight of the necessity of requiring from the Government of the United States, what their citizens now enjoy in our country. That is the right to purchase from us British tonnage, and to grant their own citizens the right of registration in their own country, to vessels so purchased as well as the coasting trade for our vessels in American ports, in the same manner that their vessels are allowed in British ports. The doctrine of export duty, as a general rule, is very questionable, and ought not to be resorted to but in exceptional cases. And he would not recommend its adoption, unless our neighbours refuse to enter into reciprocal relations with us on fair and liberal terms. Generally, the effect of export duty upon articles—such as cotton for instance—that can be easily produced in different countries, is simply to offer a premium for production in those countries where it can be produced. But, with pine timber, the case is entirely different. There is only a certain quantity to be found on this continent. The consumption is rapidly increasing all over the world and the supply diminishing, and cannot be supplimented. We are reducing our forests and giving away a valuable trade without any equivalent. And upon these grounds, he thought we are justified in imposing an export duty on lumber exported to the United States, if they continue to adhere to non-reciprocal intercourse. There is no doubt but the consumers would have to pay the duty out of their own pockets. Many persons in the United States fancy that by refusing reciprocal intercourse they will drive us into annexation, that is they will starve us into that course. This is certainly an extraordinary mode of gaining our love and affection (hear, hear.) Instead of securing annexation he was convinced that such a course would have just the contrary effect upon the inhabitants of the Dominion. He hoped that when the treaty was made, it would be liberal in its provisions, but in our negociations for its accomplishment we should not lose sight of the advantages we were giving up in resigning the right to impose an export duty upon our lumber. If the treaty was not entered into he would like to see an export duty imposed upon it when shipped to the United States.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL—You would be taxing yourselves.

Hon. Mr. ROBERTSON was quite willing to do that, because from the course trade has taken about one-half or two-thirds of our lumber goes to Boston or New York, and is thence shipped to all parts of the world as American lumber. We have a right to protect ourselves, and as by the North America Act we can raise money by taxation in any way we please, it would be doing no more than justice to ourselves to put a tax upon all lumber shipped to the United States. Having made these few remarks he would move that this return be referred to the Committee on Printing.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said he felt that the motion of his hon. friend was a step in the right direction. Every hon. member of the House would feel pleased with the information given by his hon. friend to the House and country on the subject, upon which he was well qualified to give information. The statements of his hon. friend he believed were correct. The wealth nature has given to this Dominion, has been sent to benefit the people of a foreign country rather than our own land. The remedy pointed out he was afraid would be one which would rather shock the ideas of the lumber dealers in this section of the country. However pleasing it may be for the Finance Minister to know that by the imposition of a slight tax he can raise $5,000,000, he (Mr. Mitchell) did not think the imposition of this tax would be received with much favour by the lumbering interests of the country. Still he felt that the Government might be forced to take such a course if the Americans refuse to negotiate a Reciprocity Treaty, which is so much desired by the people on both sides of the line. They now exclude us from their markets; tax the products of our country in a prohibitory manner, exclude our shipping from their waters, refuse to our shipowners the right of participation in the coasting trade of the Union, while at the same time they participate in our coasting trade; refuse us the same registry for British ships as they now have for American ships; refuse us the right to use their canals and rivers although we now permit them to use our rivers and canals. If the Americans persist in this course such a reaction may take place in public opinion as will compel the Government to consider the propriety of adopting the suggestion made by his hon. friend, but he trusted that extreme measures would not be required. If we have suffered from the want of a Reciprocity Treaty, we have not suffered in so great a degree as the people of the neighbouring Republic. He believed there was much agitation and feeling for a new Reciprocity Treaty in the sea board States of the American Union as in the Dominion of Canada. Scarcely a city along the coast of New England but has seriously felt the depreciation of trade, caused by the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty, and no city has felt it more than the city of Boston, as that city had derived a large trade from the different Provinces of the Dominion. The necessity for this treaty, to increase the trade of those cities, will tend to operate upon the Legislatures of the several States of the Union, as well as upon Congress, and induce them to take steps to bring it about. He said this question had been brought under the consideration of the House, not so much with a view of having an export duty on lumber imposed, as to call the attention of the Government to the necessity, when the details of a new treaty are under consideration by the Government or Parliament of the Dominion, to stipulate for the right of registry for colonial ships in the ports of the United States, and for participation in their coasting trade. These were subjects in which he had felt a deep interest for many years. The shipping interest of the country has almost totally failed from the absence of markets. In the United Kingdom they have great facilities for the construction of iron ships, and this has had the effect of destroying the market for the class of ships built at Quebec, St. John, and other ports along the seaboard. The building of these ships gave employment to a large number of people, and they made a market for the productions of the soil of the far West; but now since shipbuilding has almost ceased these people have gone to other lands to seek for employment. When the war broke out in the United States they were the second shipping power in the world. Their mercantile marine comprised a tonnage of 600,000, and was second only to England; while now it is but 250,000 tons. What is the reason of this reduction? An American might say the *Alabama* had something to do with it; no doubt but it did, but that was only a drop in the bucket compared with other causes. The same influence which affected the production of ships in this country has affected their production in the United States. The cheap iron ships of England has been the means of driving American tonnage from all the ports of the world, as they can make three trips where wooden ships can make but two. It may be asked can we expect to compete with iron ships? We can compete with them if we have the American market open to us, because we can produce ships at one-half the Americans do. If the Americans expect to occupy the second mercantile marine in the world, they should open their market and and recuperate their mercantile navy by purchasing our ships He believed the time was not far distant when they would see it was for their interest to open this market, looking to what was in the future for them if they continued their Chinese policy of exclusion. Though reciprocity may be retarded through class interest, it will be adopted at last. When the question does come up, the right of registry, and the privilege of the coasting trade will receive that consideration to which their importance entitles them. There is now a contrast between the charges for American ships going into Canadian ports, and Canadian ships going into American ports. American ships now have almost the whole coasting trade upon the Western lakes. Why is this? Is it because the Americans can build their vessels cheaper than we can? We can build them for one-half the price they do. It is because our vessels are charged much higher in their ports than their vessels are. They can take out a coasting license, but our vessels have to pay every time they go out of port. He trusted that if reciprocity was entered into, the shipping and coasting interests of the Dominion would be assimilated with that of the United States. It was not the time now to deal with this question, they should wait for a time, and watch the progress of events at Washington before considering the question of retaliation. He hoped the good sense of of the American people would obviate the necessity of our resorting to measures which would not be beneficial to the coasting trade, and which can only be justified upon the principle of necessity.

Hon. Mr. DEVER said that inasmuch as the Americans cannot do without this lumber, as stated by his hon. friend (Mr. Robertson), and as they have to pay the twenty per cent duty out of their own pocket, it was an argument against our being compelled to ask for reciprocity, because we can now ship our lumber direct to all parts of the world, and compete advantageously with the Americans, whereas if it is shipped from an American port it is subject to this duty of twenty per cent, which is just that much to our advantage in shipping it from the ports of the Dominion.

The motion was then carried.

The following Bills were returned from the Commons, having been passed by that House without amendments:—

Cruelty to Animals.
Army and Navy.
Naval and Military Stores.
Joint Stock Patents.
Documents engrossed on Parchment.

The Bill entitled "Preservation of Peace at Public Works" was reported as amended by the House of Commons, which was read and concurred in, and the Clerk was ordered to acquaint that House that the said Bill as amended was passed.

The House adjourned at 9:10 o'clock p.m. until to-morrow at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Saturday, May 29.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Several petitions were presented.

Mr. OLIVER presented the report of the Special Committee on American silver currency, recommending that American silver to the amount of five millions of dollars be exported from the country on the same plan as that adopted by the Government in the exportation of one million of silver in 1868, or on any other plan which the Government might see fit to adopt.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN presented a return respecting the Intercolonial Railway.

On the motion Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER for concurrence in the resolutions on the Northwest Territory,

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD desired to have some information concerning the means of access to be provided. He did not wish to oppose the acquisition of the Northwest; but its value would greatly depend upon the means of access to it. He wished to know whether they intended to open water communication by the Ottawa, or whether they intended to open railway communication. As for a waggon road, it would be of little service. Then as to the Indian tribes; what would be the policy of the Government in case of a serious *emeute?* It would be too late to meet such an evil after it had occurred; it was necessary to prepare beforehand. He desired also to know whether it was the intention of the Government to meet the expenses of the Northwest out of the ordinary revenues of the country. These points were of the utmost importance and should be understood at once.

Mr. McKENZIE thought the discussion should more properly take place on these questions when the Government measures were brought down.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER explained to the member for Cornwall what he had stated last night, regarding the establishment of a Provisional Government, and opening up of communication, &c. In a few days there would be a measure submitted for a sort of Provisional Government there until the next session of Parliament, and he hoped that during the recess a plan would be prepared for submission the next session regarding the opening up of communication and for the future government of the territory.

Hon. Mr. SMITH agreed with the member for Cornwall that all the questions connected with this subject should be discussed together; and contended that the people of the Maritime Provinces had been deceived in this matter, because they were led to believe that the Northwest would not so soon be brought in. He did not think the finances of the country would admit of the expenditure necessary to open up communication with the Northwest. The acquisition of the territory had been premature.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY denied that any advocate of Confederation in the Maritime Provinces ever pretended that the territory was not to be obtained until the annual income of the country could pay for it, any more than that they pretended the Intercolonial Railway would be postponed until the annual revenue would bear the cost of it. This purchase had been made upon terms which involved only the payment of the annual interest on a sum which could not be pretended was a burthen on the country.

Dr. BOWN said they should remember that there was a large number of Canadians in the Northwest Territory whose interests should be considered. Delay in this matter would be most dangerous, for the sooner that territory could be acquired, the less would be its cost. He referred to the inflictions of the Hudson's Bay Company's officers on these Canadian settlers, and their fruitless efforts for redress in appeal to the Canadian Governments. American emissaries had come among these people, advising them to become American citizens. But they would not do so; on the contrary, they had banded together for their own protection. Though these people had not yet taken further steps to rid themselves of these difficulties, yet there was great excitement there, and no saying where it might end. He thought there should be an expression of sympathy on the part of this House, and assurance conveyed to them of their speedy deliverance from the oppressions of the Hudson's Bay Company. After speaking some time on the subject of route, Dr. Bown said in reference to the people of this country leaving for the United States, many causes had been assigned, but there was one which he might mention, though perhaps it might appear invidious to do so. In the county he had the honour to represent there was a gentleman, a member of the Legislature, who had for years encouraged people to leave the county of Brant, and settle in Arkansas. If the American Government could secure emigrant agents, within the very walls of our Legislature, it was no wonder that people left this country, (hear, hear).

Mr. FERGUSSON said if there was to be no effort made to open up and settle the territory, the £300,000 to be paid for it would be lost. The question now was the acceptance of the agreement made in London, and that was virtually done last session. He thought the delegates had done their duty in the matter; and the next step now proposed was the establishment of a government. He replied to the objections of the member for Westmoreland (South) shewing that the Government was just about doing what he suggested as the correct policy. In regard to the people leaving the country, he said it was true also that many Americans came to Canada, and when they did come they generally remained in it. He believed the Government was taking a wise step in proposing first to establish a government in the Northwest; and next to establish communication. He hoped the Government would not be penny wise and pound foolish in making roads to that country. No miserable waggon road would serve the purposes of communication with the Northwest. He hoped the Government would take the responsibility of building a railway from the head of Lake Superior to complete the connection with the water communication. He was prepared to take his share of the responsibility of supporting this policy. He thought the money should be borrowed for the purpose of opening up that country, (hear, hear).

Mr. THOMPSON (Ontario) showed the necessity of opening up as soon as possible the noble lands of the Northwest, as they would absorb any number of immigrants from Europe. He was satisfied with the terms, and congratulated the Government on having dealt with the question in so energetic and satisfactory a manner.

The resolutions were then concurred in, and a committee appointed as follows, to draft an address to her Majesty on the subject: Sir John A. Macdonald, Sir George E. Cartier, Hon. Mr. Macdougall, Hon. Mr. Tilley, Dr. Grant.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER then reported an address to her Majesty, which passed. A motion was subsequently agreed to, asking the Senate to concur in the same address.

PATENTS.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER then moved the second reading of the Bill (sent up from the Senate) respecting Patents of Inventions. He explained that the present measure modified the former law of Canada in several important respects. For instance, under the former law it was required that a patentee should be a British subject; whereas now it was stipulated that he should be only a resident in a Province for a year. Some persons thought that a more liberal measure should be passed—that any person should be enabled to obtain a patent. The question had been fully discussed in the Senate, and it was believed to be inadvisable to extend the policy to a greater extent at the present moment. At a time when the question of reciprocity was under consideration, it was advisable to restrict the granting of patents in terms of the Bill.

Mr. McKENZIE was under the impression that New Brunswick had granted patents to any person, and that, therefore, any one holding rights in the United States was also patented in that Province. Might not difficulties arise under the present Act on that account? Would existing patents be legalized all over the Dominion?

Mr. SMITH (New Brunswick) regretted that the principle of the Bill of New Brunswick had not been adopted. In some respects he wished the Bill amended, and would move in the matter when the House went into committee.

Hon. Mr. GALT urged the adoption of a provision, by which an American might assign his patent to a resident of the Provinces for a limited term of years.

Hon. Col. GRAY was of opinion that the New Brunswick policy was very questionable, and that it was advisable to allow persons from abroad the privilege of appointing an assignee or selling out to some person in the country.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER regretted that the House should adopt a law less liberal than that in existence in other countries. He had so high an opinion of the genius and talent of the people of the Dominion that he did not believe it necessary to protect ourselves against the inventive genius of persons in other parts of the world.

Mr. JOLY gave some instances of fraud under the former law, and dwelt on the necessity of so framing the measure as to secure the public. He favoured the idea of allowing inventors assigning their patents.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY did not consider the operation of the New Brunswick law to have been satisfactory—it was a tax upon the energies of the people of the Province.

Mr. CONNELL was in favour of extending the New Brunswick system as far as practicable, and in this connection, read a letter from a gentleman in Woodstock (N. B.), saying that "reciprocity in patents is as beneficial to the interests of a people, and as necessary to progress in manufactures as reciprocity in lumber, grain and wool is to their trade.

Mr. BLAKE said that a patent law should pay regard to two interests—those of the public, and those of the inventor. He did not think, as far as the interests of the public were concerned, it was advisable to give the people of the United States the exclusive market in the provinces. It was deserving of consideration whether we would not be better served if the law was so extended as to require the patentee to bring his invention into practical use in a short time.

Mr. BROWN argued in favour of the admission of foreign patents.

Mr. CHAMBERLIN thought it was a serious consideration for governments whether it would not be better to do away with patents altogether, and give rewards to inventors. He approved of allowing foreigners to obtain patents in this country, but only on condition of their putting their inventions into actual operation.

Hon. Mr. GALT said he would move an amendment in Committee in accordance with his suggestion.

The Bill was then read a second time.

On motion to refer it to Committee of the Whole,

Mr. BOWELL objected to the suggestion of the member for Sherbrooke to allow foreigners to assign their inventions to persons in this country, as it would restrict the operation of foreign inventors more than the present Bill.

The Bill was then referred to Committee of the Whole on Tuesday.

The House then went into committee on the following resolution: That it is expedient that the provisional contract entered into between Hugh Allan, Esquire, and the Postmaster-General of Canada, under the authority of an Order in Council, dated the 18th of March, 1869, for a weekly service of ocean mail steamers, on the terms and conditions set forth in the said contract, (a copy whereof and of the said Order in Council has been laid before Parliament,) should be sanctioned and authorized by the Parliament, as required by the terms thereof, in order to its becoming valid and binding.—Mr. Pope in the chair.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON was of opinion that the contract had two years yet to run, and he wished to know why that being the case the Government introduced this resolution. After some delay in hunting up the documents, it was found that the contract expired on April, 1869.

The committee rose and reported, and it being six o'clock the SPEAKER left the chair.

After Recess.

The House resumed in Committee on the resolution to confirm the contract with Allan & Co., rose and reported, and asked leave to sit again on Tuesday.

The House then went into Committee, on the motion of Hon. Mr. Langevin, to consider certain resolutions on the subject of duty to be paid by masters of vessels, on account of immigrants brought by them to any port in Canada—Mr. Magill in the Chair.

After some consideration, the Committee rose and reported the resolutions. The report was concurred in.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN then moved the second reading of the Bill respecting immigration and immigrants; the motion was carried, and the Bill sent to Committee on Tuesday next, with the resolutions previously reported.

The House went into Committee of Supply on the second part of the estimates brought down—Col. Gray in the Chair.

The following items were passed after discussion: Penitentiaries, $272,591; Militia, $905,532; Lighthouses and Coast Service, $214,124.

Many items in this vote gave rise to discussion.

Mr. BLAKE raised a question concerning the repairs and improvements of harbours.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL replied stating the policy of the old Government of Canada in selling out the harbours, under certain restrictions. He considered that it would involve endless expense on the Government to undertake the maintenance of every harbour in the country.

Mr. BLAKE replied insisting that it was the duty of the Government to lay down a distinct policy on the question.

Hon. Mr. ROSE replied that the Government did not intend to surrender its authority over harbours. But it did not follow that it should assume the responsibility of maintaining every harbour and breakwater in the Dominion. It was their duty to consider whether the public interest was affected in a manner to call for their interference.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN quoted from the Union Act pointing out the difficulty of determining where the authority of one Government began and the other ended. This should be clearly defined.

The following items were passed: Fisheries, $39,700; culling timber, $95,000; railway and steamboat inspection, $9,050; redemption of seignorial rights (vote) $6,000.

The committee then rose and reported progress, and the House adjourned at 10:40.

Millinery.—T. & W. Hunton having secured the services of a first-class milliner, any orders with which they may be favoured will be executed with superior taste.

The Alabama claims were allowed to disturb too long the citizens of the two great Anglo-Saxon communities. The carelessness of one set of statesmen, the indifference of another set, and the cupidity of another class, have combined to keep this *questio vexata* rankling in the great political system, like consumption in the human frame, which spreads so rapidly until checked and expelled by the great Shoshonees Remedy. For sale by all druggists.

The question of grants to superior education has not yet been properly settled by the Legislature of Ontario. Until the public is satisfied with the utility of Upper Canada College in our educational system, the former question will remain open. The Honourable John Sandfield McDonald has not been so successful with educational questions, as the great Shoshonees Remedy has been in eradicating the numerous chronic complaints of the Lungs, Liver and circulatory organs. For sale by all druggists.

Caution.—Purchasers of the Peruvian Syrup (a protected solution of the protoxide of Iron) are cautioned against being deceived by any of the preparations of Peruvian Bark, or Bark and Iron which may be offered them. Every bottle of genuine has Peruvian Syrup (not Peruvian Bark) blown in the glass. Examine the bottle before purchasing.

MILITIA.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Headquarters, Ottawa, May 28, 1869.

VOLUNTEER MILITIA.

No. 1. Officers commanding Corps of Volunteers are directed to require all arms, accoutrements, great coats and other stores issued for the use of their corps, to be kept in their respective armories, except when required by the men for purposes of drill, or for carrying into effect special orders of their commanding officers.

In cases outside of cities when the death of a Captain commanding a company of volunteers is reported, the Brigade Major of the division will proceed without delay to take over all public stores in charge, and transfer them in the regular way to the next senior officer, or, if he deems it more expedient, to arrange for their safe keeping pending the appointment of another commanding officer.

APPOINTMENT.

Department of the Secretary of State of Canada, Ottawa, May 26, 1869.

His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz.:

The Honourable Joseph Edouard Cauchon, one of the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, to be Speaker of the Senate of Canada, in the place of the Honourable John Ross, resigned.

Ottawa, 29th May, 1869.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Dear Sir,—Would you allow me through the columns of your widely spread paper to call the attention of the authorities to a cesspool on the half lot adjoining the brick house, corner of O'Connor and Maria sts. Into this plague spot is thrown all the slops of a neighbouring dwelling. These days and nights the stench arising from it is perfectly unbearable by the residents within a hundred yards of the spot.

Yours truly,
CLEANLINESS.

A Remarkable Photograph.—A friend writing to us from Elliott, San Joaquin county, informs us that he has in his possession a surveyor's instrument, on the front lens of which there is plainly seen a beautiful landscape, with all the varied hues of nature. The cause that produced this landscape painting on the lens is one of those mysteries not explained by any known laws or rules of science. The owner of the instrument, though, does not hesitate in vouching to the date (even the very hour) when this painting, by some unknown law of nature, was done. According to his account, it was done in this wise: Some fifteen years ago the instrument, a splendid one, had been in use and was left standing for a time on the plain, in a scorching mid-day's sun, fronting a woodland. When again brought into use a correct picture of the fronting woodland, with all the various colours of the landscape, was photographed on the lens, and has remained unchanged to the present time.—*Tuolumne, Cal., News.*

Statement of the Depositors' Account, Provincial Savings Bank, Halifax, for the month of April, 1869.

In hands of the Rec.-Gen. as per last statement, 31st March, 1869		$713,567 24
Amount received from depositors during April	$17,505 15	
Amount paid to depositors during April	25,660 32	
		8,155 17
In hands of Rec.-General, 30th April, 1869, bearing interest at 4 per cent		$705,412 07

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

Audit Office, Ottawa, May 25, 1869.

DIED.

On Saturday, 29th May, 1869, Augusta Fanny Johnson, fourth daughter of Mr. W. H. Johnson, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday, June 1, at 3 p.m., from the residence in George st, Lower Town.

BOILER & ENGINE FOR SALE.

The BOILER and ENGINE, formerly in use in the Queen's Printing Office. The boiler is quite in good order, the engine requires repairs—both will be given at a bargain. Also a quantity of steam pipe, hangers, shafting, hinges, iron stove pipe collars, printing chases, &c, &c.

Apply to
G E DESBARATS.
Ottawa, 29th May, 1869. 1069b

FOR SALE.

The lots lately occupied by the Desbarats' Block, corner of Sparks and O'Connor sts, Ottawa, 132 x 198 feet. The most eligible site in this city for Stores. Well suited also for a Public Building, Concert Hall or Theatre, first-class Hotel, &c; being on the main thoroughfare, and one block only removed from the Government Buildings. The foundations of the former building are excellent, and the basement nearly cleared of rubbish. The good stone and brick conveniently piled, so that building could be proceeded with at once. For further particulars apply to

GEORGE E DESBARATS, Ottawa.
29th May, 1869. 1062b

$3 REWARD.

LOST,

A black curly haired NEWFOUNDLAND PUP, with a white spot on his chest, and about six weeks old. The above reward will be given to any one that will return him to DR WOOD, Maria st. 1062tf

WANTED,

For the grocery business, an ACTIVE YOUNG MAN.
Apply by letter,
Box 67,
Ottawa Post Office.
1062tf

WANTED.

A second-hand SKIFF in good order. Apply at the Times Office. 1051tf

WANTED, a boy to carry newspapers. Must be able to read and write. Apply at this office. 1061*

LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY.

A first-class American Life Office, of long standing in Canada, requires the services of a gentleman competent to represent it in the Ottawa district. None need apply who cannot devote nearly or quite the whole of his time to the business. Address "Life Ins Manager, Montreal." 1062b

JUST RECEIVED,

And for sale a large lot of RUBBER BALLS, at the sign of the Indian Chief, 43 Sussex and Sparks sts.
1062b L N NYE.

COAL OIL.

We are now selling a beautiful quality of

COAL OIL AT 60 CENTS PER GALLON

To those who wish to try a really splendid article we would say, leave your address and we will send you home a sample *for nothing*, and we guarantee you will be well re-paid for the trouble.

THE POLAR REFRIGERATORS

AND KEDZIE FILTERS

will be ready for inspection this week.
Tin work respectfully requested.
A few good second hand cook stoves on hand a

ESMONDE'S.

PINE APPLES. PINE APPLES.

The first of the season.
Just received.
JAS. BUCHANAN'S, Sussex and Wellington-sts.
Ottawa, May 8. 1044tf

Amusements.

SKATING RINK.

NOTICE.

In consequence of the extensive alterations necessary for the
Production of the Pieces played by the
LONDON
COMEDY AND BURLESQUE
COMPANY,
The manager finds it impossible to open until
TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 1st,
when the company will positively appear.
MR MARSHALL, Manager.
1062td

AT THE SKATING RINK.

Manager . . . . Mr. Marshall.

Mr. Marshall has the honour to announce that he will open the above building for a
SHORT DRAMATIC SEASON,
ON
TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 1st.
Grand OPENING NIGHT of the
LONDON
COMEDY AND BURLESQUE
COMPANY,
from the principal Metropolitan Theatres of England, consisting of the following artists,

Miss Patti Mackworth, Miss Catherine Lucette,
Miss Bella Sydney, Miss Florence Webster,
Mr Morton Price, Mr Middleton,
Mr Adams, Mr Cooke,
Mr Lindley, Mr Ferris.

TUESDAY EVENING, 1st JUNE, the performance will commence with the National Anthem,
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN,
By the Entire Company.
After which will be produced the beautiful play, in three acts, entitled
MIRIAM'S CRIME!
and conclude with the beautiful operatic farce of
A LOAN OF A LOVER!

Doors open at half-past seven. Commence at 8 o'clock.
Admission 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents. Box plan now open, and reserved seats can be secured at Messrs. Orme & Son's Music Store.
Ottawa, May 28, 1869. 1060td

SOIREE.

THE OTTAWA UNITY
PROTESTANT BENEFIT SOCIETY,
will hold their first anniversary in
GOWAN'S HALL,
ON
TUESDAY EVENING, FIRST JUNE.

Refreshments by Edward Hall, at 7:30 o'clock. Double ticket 75 cents. Single 50 cents. See posters.

Addresses kindly promised by Hon JOSEPH HOWE, Dr J A GRANT, M P; Rev'd JOHN JOHNSTON, Chaplain Senate; Rev'd SAM'L STONE, Pastor M E Church; JAS JOHNSTON, Dep'y Com'nr Customs; Hon M CAMERON, and others.

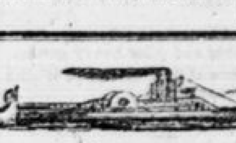
This association has been organized for the benefit of working men in cases of illness or death, and by them liberally supported, a number of influential gentlemen having kindly united as honourary members.

Gowan's Band will enliven the entertainment with appropriate music.

W SCOFIELD, Chairman of Committee.
Ottawa, June 29, 1869. 1061 3

Y. M. C. A. LECTURE.

MR WILLIAM LAMBERT, of Montreal, has kindly consented to deliver before the Association two lectures on the "Inspiration of Scripture as proved from prophecy." The first lecture was delivered in the rooms of the Association, on Friday evening, and the second will be delivered on TUESDAY evening next, 1st JUNE. These lectures will be free to all, and will commence at 8 o'clock. 1061td

1869.  1869.

THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL
STEAMERS.
OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,
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R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, May 29. 1062tf

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Ottawa, April 26. 1053tf

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R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN BAN
Mr. Donald McDonald's Last Circul
QUEEN-ST. WEST,
TORONTO, 15th May, 1
To the Shareholders of the Royal Canadian
GENTLEMEN,—On the 13th April, I ven
to address you, privately and confident
respecting the management and affairs o
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THE ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

Mr. Donald McDonald's Last Circular.

QUEEN-ST. WEST,
TORONTO, 13th May, 1869.

To the Shareholders of the Royal Canadian Bank.

GENTLEMEN,—On the 13th April, I ventured to address you, privately and confidentially, respecting the management and affairs of the Royal Canadian Bank. I wrote as a shareholder to shareholders, with no intention of enlisting the public in the controversy. The other directors, in their associate capacity, and the late president individually, have issued circulars in reply, marked like mine, "private and confidential," but unlike mine, so used as to invest the matter with a public character. For the appearance of the correspondence they, not I, must be held responsible; and if in its progress, it assumes a more disagreeable complexion than the friends of the bank desire, the circumstance will be attributable to them and them alone. My desire was to eschew personalities. In their anger at my criticism they have indulged freely in innuendo and abuse. You are the judges between us, and by your verdict upon this point I am content to abide.

Let me say, before proceeding further, that the unworthy weapons employed by my assailants will not deter me from the performance of what has become a duty. I am willing shall be subjected to a searching scrutiny, and if I have misrepresented the condition of the bank or maligned its management, I shall not hope to escape your censure. But I demand evidence, and will not accept calumny in its place. I have set forth what I know to be facts, and I call for facts in reply. You, I am confident, understand too well the matters at issue to allow your attention to be turned aside by vituperation directed against myself. In the contest which has begun, the interests at stake are those of the bank; and concerning these, the gentlemen who control its management have little or nothing to say.

You cannot have failed to observe that with regard to the transactions of the bank with Mr. W. R. Brown, and afterwards with Messrs. Brown & Chewett, the elsewhere of the directors is silent. They do not attempt denial or explanation of the serious accusations I have preferred. Even the late president, who, without consultation with the board, first entered into the arrangement with Mr. Brown, even he does not challenge a single essential fact. It is of no avail for him to declare that I "was advised and knew of Brown's transactions and arrangements with the bank." I repeat, I had no knowledge of Mr. Smith's arrangement with Mr. Brown, nor that the latter had a credit, until after the disclosures consequent on the arrest of Mr. Chewett. Mr. Smith does not assert that either his arrangement with Mr. Brown, or Mr. Metcalfe's arrangement with Brown & Chewett, ever came before the board. In each case the president acted on his own responsibility, not only without submitting his action for ratification by the directors, but without reporting the existence of the arrangement. So far as I know, the first intimation the board, as such, had of transactions which resulted so disastrously was subsequent to Brown & Chewett's failure. What "oath" Mr. Smith may be able to procure on the subject, I neither know nor care. Of the proceedings of the board the minutes are evidence, and by the minutes let me be judged.

Touching the Cobourg, Seaforth and Kingston agencies, my opponents are more positive, but their positiveness is confined to comparatively immaterial points. Referring to Cobourg, the directors remark: "It is not correct that the appointment of Mr. Wallace was made against the remonstrance of Mr. Macdonald," in proof of which they cite the fact that I was not present at the time when the appointment was made, nor at several succeeding meetings. But this is an evasion. The subject of the appointment was discussed at the board before the date of the appointment itself, and on those occasions I protested against it; in one instance citing a remark of the Hon. Mr. Perry, that if Wallace were appointed the bank would "make a smashing business." At that meeting the cashier replied that if Wallace followed his instructions no loss could arise; and if he did not follow them he would be dismissed. Wallace did not follow his instructions and was not, as he should have been, at once dismissed. Mr. Smith says that the "temporary continuance of Wallace, which he suggested, was for the purpose of securing some large amounts which would have been jeopardized by his sudden dismissal, and which suggestion the board concurred in." I was not present when this concurrence was given, and I regard the reason assigned for it as a pretext for extending further help to parties indebted to the bank. At any rate, the "temporary continuance," was not justified by the result. The books shew that instead of "securing some large amounts," the action of Mr. Smith was followed by an almost total loss. Increased advances led to increased embarrassment.

The directors' statement in relation to the Seaforth agency is that "it is not correct either that Mr. McDonald proposed the dismissal of Mr. Russell, the agent, or that the board qualified the motion, with a promise giving Mr. Russell time to adjust his accounts." They add, "there was no such motion." The motion in question was introduced by myself several weeks before the dismissal took place. I proposed simply that Mr. Russell be dismissed. Mr. Smith objected, on the ground that there was nothing against Russell. I pointed out the unsatisfactory nature of his accounts, and was met by Mr. Smith with the remark that I wished to "hang a man first and try him afterward." An addition was suggested, that the dismissal take effect so soon as his accounts were adjusted, and in this shape the motion passed unanimously. Mr. Smith now insists that my representation of the case, in its bearing upon himself, is "pure fabrication, having no foundation whatever in fact, the result of a personal enmity," and so forth. Of the value of this declaration you will be better able to judge, when I show the peculiar relation existing between Mr. Smith, the president, and Mr. Russell, the defaulting agent, as I shall do before closing this chapter.

Of the Kingston agency, the directors observe, "the cashier was the first to direct attention to the irregularities there." If he was satisfied that irregularities existed, it was his duty to send the inspector at once, which he neglected to do, although that officer was and is subject to his direction. Undoubtedly the affairs of the agency came before the committee on agencies in the regular course of investigation, and what I did in the matter was done as a member of that committee. But how does this circumstance affect my original statement? I claimed no special credit in the premises. I only called your attention to the fact that the affairs of the agency had been grossly mismanaged, and that culpable delays occurred in the application of remedies. Mr. Smith says I do not "dare" to connect his name directly with the irregularities complained of. I "dare" to say that the agent was a confidential correspondent of Mr. Smith, and acted for him in procuring proxies in support of his policy; and, moreover, that the relation thus existing was the occasion of reluctance on the part of Mr. Metcalfe in dealing with the agency.

You are told "it is not correct that Mr. McDonald was compelled to abandon the investigation undertaken by the committee on agencies." I reiterate my assertion that I abandoned the task because obstacles were thrown in the way of such an investigation as the case required; and because I found a majority of the board supporting the measures of the late president. The directors declare "there was no such division." Well, let me give an instance. After the board became acquainted with the Brown & Chewett arrangement, I moved a vote of censure upon the late president for having granted the original credit, and that motion was not even seconded. Again, when the affairs of the Cobourg agency were under discussion, Messrs. Metcalfe and Manning, as well as myself, expressed disappointment that the expectations held out by Mr. Smith in recommending a certain course had not been realized. This was in the committee on agencies. When the subject came before the board, the reference was objected to, and was expunged against my vote. Are not these evidences of division?

Much is said concerning my motives, which are assailed both by the directors and Mr. Smith. Both allege that my difference with the board dates from the rejection of a proposal for my own advantage which I am alleged to have made. The directors' version, that "Mr. McDonald, a short time since, made a proposal to the board which, in the interest of the stockholders, the members present unanimously felt bound to decline." From that time, they go on to say, "the undersigned observed a marked change in his conduct towards all the members of the board." Mr. Smith's story is, that on the 29th January last, I applied for a loan of $100,000, which I wanted "for the purpose of investing in one of the most dangerous enterprises in the United States," and the refusal of which is the cause of my present action. What are the facts? Sometime previous to the date mentioned, a gentleman of high character and standing in this community invited me to take an interest in a large enterprise, which seemed to him to promise great pecuniary results. The operation required considerable banking accommodation, and I promised him that I would speak to the officers of the bank, and ascertain if the advance could be conveniently made. The officers told me there was a large amount of idle funds, and that the proposition should be submitted to the board. Of the nature of the enterprise, I am not at liberty to speak. I may say, however, that it is in all respects legitimate, that I did not commit myself to it either in my intercourse with the gentleman or my communication to the board, and that I assured both that if the bank entertained the proposition, before availing myself of it, I should personally investigate the merits of the project, and form my own judgment as to its probable advantages. I further informed the board that in the event of the accommodation being required, I should bind myself to furnish adequate security for every dollar loaned. In a proposal so made, and accompanied with such conditions, I see nothing irregular, nothing incompatible with the interests of the stockholders, and nothing of which I have any reason to be ashamed. True, the board declined the proposal. But the president subsequently offered, on his own authority, to let me have the $100,000 if I would spread the amount over three weeks! The whole matter, however, had been dismissed from my mind, and I declined his offer.

The supposition that this affair was the beginning of my difference with the board, is an effort of the directors' imagination. At no time during my connection with the bank has there been agreeable relations between myself and some members of the board. With Mr. Smith, especially, I have steadily refused to act. With Messrs. Metcalfe and Manning there was no interruption of amicable intercourse until the issue of my circular. Indeed these gentlemen associated themselves with me, in March, in a plan for the purchase of the Toronto Street Railway. But, declare the directors, I "next endeavoured, under threat of issuing a circular to gain a personal advantage, coupled with a promise" that if my offer were accepted my "lips would be sealed." I cannot recall any incident which can be tortured into a basis for this calumny. This I remember:—The discussions at the board, consequent upon the Brown-Chewett revelation, induced me more than once to remark that I should find myself compelled to appeal to the shareholders as against the management of the bank. This is the only "threat" with which I am truly chargeable. Out of the board, the president and cashier maintained that the position of the bank was better than I described it; that not only was the stock intact, but that means were on hand to pay a dividend out of profits. I renewed the conversation on the 17th or 18th of April; observing to the cashier that if he could satisfy me of the accuracy of his representations, I should confess myself mistaken, and withdraw from the board and the bank, of course taking my interest with me. The worth of the stock was spoken of, and I said that if the cashier's view were tenable, the stock should sell at par, *plus* a proportion of the contemplated dividend, and that at this rate, I for one, was quite prepared to sell. At the time I insisted that the real state of affairs was unfavourable—that not only was the bank not in a condition to declare a dividend, but that its reserve, or most of it, had been swept away, and disaster could be averted only by the interference of the shareholders, and the introduction of other management. The cashier requested me at last to delay the circulation of my circular, which, as the date shows, was then in type, in order that the bank might realise its advances on produce. In support of this request, he stated that the bank had already suffered seriously from the want of public confidence; the run produced by the Brown-Chewett disclosures and the Taylor failure having drained the bank of nearly a million dollars in gold. I complied with the request so far as to delay the issue until the 27th of April; though of the necessity of the sweeping change, I desired to bring about, the cashier's confession was conclusive proof. Beyond these conversations, these statements and counter statements, these declarations *pro* and *con*, nothing occurred or was hinted at looking to any compromise or arrangement as between myself and the board.

Mr. Smith has another explanation of my position. He seeks beyond the date fixed by the directors for the commencement of my opposition and traces it to July last. "The first cause of his (my) real discontent was the fact that he (I) was not elected President in July last when my (Mr. Smith's) term of office expired." How little reason I had to be dissatisfied with the action of the shareholders on the occasion referred to, the result of the voting will best explain. Thus the list stood:

	Votes.
Donald McDonald	4,052
William Barber	3,916
James Metcalfe	3,752
R. A. Harrison	3,262
Alex. Manning	2,926
A. M. Smith	2,924
J. Crombie	2,860

So decided an expression of confidence on the part of the shareholders left me nothing to desire. With the subsequent election of Mr. Metcalfe to the presidency by the board I avowed myself dissatisfied, because that gentleman was then heavily indebted to the bank; and I contended that the chief executive of such an institution should not be one of its debtors. Mr. Metcalfe deprecated criticism or opposition on the ground that, having been chosen president, he could not retire before the expiration of the year without prejudice to his interest.

One other point raised afresh by the directors and Mr. Smith requires attention. The directors inform you that it is not correct that returns to the Government have been so manipulated as to conceal losses. "These returns," they assert, "have been prepared by the proper officers of the bank, and are correct." Mr. Smith, also, has "no doubt that the monthly returns were correctly prepared. Now, returns to the government, to be trustworthy, should exhibit precisely the position of the bank's affairs. The statement of assets, for example, should include only those which have a *bona fide* existence. But the returns of the Royal Canadian Bank have exhibited assets without deducting losses actually experienced. Thus, the indebtedness of men known to be insolvent has been used to swell the volume of reported assets. The president and the cashier, in the conversation of the 17th April, admitted losses to the extent of $200,000, which amount had not been deducted from the aggregate of assets returned to the government. My estimate of the losses far exceeds these figures. I know that the losses at one agency, which the president and cashier put down at $20,000, really runs up to twice that sum; and though other of their representations may not be so far from the truth, I am convinced that they fall considerably short of the reality.

But, says Mr. Smith, "any unbiassed reader will plainly see Mr. McDonald had the remedy in his own hand—in no instance was information withheld from the Board." Undoubtedly certain books are placed on the table when the directors meet, but their time during the brief sitting is occupied with matters which render personal inspection of the books practically impossible. Nor, were the case otherwise, is it the business of the directors to institute a scrutiny into the record at every meeting. It is the duty of the president to report to them of new arrangements, and to take their opinion as to matters that are pending or in contemplation. My complaint is that neither the late nor the present president performed this duty—that neither accustomed himself to consult the board with reference to credits granted or applied for, or even to report losses, until they had become desperate. In short, both of these gentlemen have uniformly acted on the idea that the president may do as he pleases, and that the directors are entitled only to such information as he may choose to give them.

I have now noticed in detail the various allegations with which the directors and the late president have attempted to break the force of my criticism on their management. You will agree with me, I think, in the opinion that their denials and so-called explanations amount to little. Not one of my statements have they disproved. They have touched them only to reveal their inability to justify the proceedings exposed. Their allusions to my private affairs are as untrue in their scope and aim as they are mean and malignant in spirit; and I have no apprehension that they will divert your attention from the grave averments contained in my former circular, not one of which have these gentlemen ventured to assail.

Let me remind you of the matters which my assailants have passed in most suggestive silence. I have charged that the bank has accorded large and unprotected credit to individuals limited in resources and engaged in irregular and hazardous transactions; that of these credits the board were ignorant, having no opportunity of judging of them at the time, and no means of averting their consequences; that the board have been kept uninformed of all important business; that the President for the time being, has asserted absolute authority, claiming to be sole judge of credits to be given, and sole manager of the business; and that the result of this method of managing has been attended with disastrous results. I have charged, also, that the evils of this mismanagement have been conspicuous in the affairs of the agencies; that speculative and otherwise improper transactions have been allowed to go unchecked; that agents have been allowed, on their own responsibility, to make advances to persons of doubtful credit, and to engage in operations which efficient supervision would have rendered impossible; that, as a consequence, serious losses have been experienced by the bank. Finally, I have alleged that this bad management is worse than a mere error of judgment—worse than bad faith to the Directors, who are supposed to share its responsibilities; that it is a wrong to the shareholders, and calls for their early and effective interference. To these allegations, specific and emphatic as they are, the six gentlemen who have tried to abuse and slander me into silence, offer not one syllable in reply. They pay your discernment the poor compliment of supposing that you will fail to discriminate between private attacks upon myself and a refutation of my charges, or an explanation that would mitigate their effect.

And who are my assailants that they should arraign me under the pretence of guarding the interests of the shareholders? What are their relations to the bank that they should talk to you of my private affairs? I will answer both questions by the statement of a single fact. Of all the members of the board, the president included, I alone do not owe the bank a dollar. I was the only one of the number not indebted to the bank at the date of the election last July. I am the only one not indebted to it now.

Again, what, until recently, were the relations of my assailants, each to the others? I shall best explain by laying before you passages from certain correspondence between the late president and the then agent at Seaforth—the defaulting, and now absconding Russell—which correspondence was obtained after his arrival at Chicago. I shall quote enough to show you how zealously Mr. Smith laboured to prevent the election of the majority of the present board, and how highly he valued them as associates. Under date June 24th, 1868, we have the following:—

"MY DEAR RUSSELL.—What are you doing in *re* proxies for the annual meeting? I have not received any from you. I will require all you can send me, as I have decided on some changes at the board, and on that account will have to encounter some opposition myself. I rely on you getting me all you can. Send them in blank, or filled in my own name, as you may think best.

"Yours truly,
(Signed) "A. M. SMITH."

Five days later, June 29th, Mr. Smith wrote thus to the same person:

"MY DEAR SIR,—I have yours of——in *re* proxies, &c., for which I am much obliged. Go on and get all that you can, as I fancy I will require them. I have heard from Mr. Whitehead. Could you not see him, and quietly rub him up on matters that you must know; also Mr. Ross. Mr. McDonald has been up there, and I understand has been telling the natives he is to be next President, &c. This I would be glad to second under any other circumstances, but the interest of those stockholders who have taken stock on my account, and the fact that I hold more paid up stock than all the board together is some reason why I should not trust the affairs of the bank to the sweet mercies of Woodside and Manning. No one can or could regret more than I do this unfortunate affair, but I would not be deserving the name of a man if I did not at least try to counteract this attempt to place the affairs of the bank in the power of the two men above mentioned, and who, in my opinion, are utterly unfit; at any rate so say many here. Let me have a note from you through the week. Address me private, not as president. Yours, &c., (Signed) A. M. SMITH."

Of these efforts to mould the board according to Mr. Smith's will his colleagues were not unaware. They, too, exerted themselves to procure proxies, with a result adverse to Mr. Smith's plans, as the voting already referred to sufficiently proves. After the election, underdate July 18th, Mr. Smith, addressing "My Dear Russell," wrote:

"I have to thank you for the proxies kindly sent me, which I made the best use we could of. We did not succeed in putting in all the men wanted, or rather, in putting out those I did not want," &c., &c.

Among those whom Mr. Smith desired to elect, but did not succeed in electing, was Mr. W. C. Chewett, of Brown's Bank, for whom 2,592 votes were cast.

It was in the midst of this contest for directorships and presidency that the then board for the first time learned of Mr. Metcalfe's indebtedness to the bank on a bill of exchange on England for ($40,000) forty thousand dollars, cash on the ——, but returned dishonoured on the ——, and which, though in the bank, stood on the books in the account of foreign exchange, as if that amount were at the credit of the bank in England, available to be drawn against. Mr. Smith's object in unmasking the transaction may be imagined; mine, in alluding to it here, is to enable you to see that the books, which, we are told, were always accessible to me, do not invariably exhibit the actual nature and position of affairs. In this case they would show $40,000 to the credit of foreign exchanges; whereas the bill was lying in the vault of the bank dishonoured, and had been there the greater portion of a year.

My task is almost finished. I have portrayed the evil; it is for you to apply the remedy. My purpose will be accomplished if I succeed in convincing you of the necessity of prompt and decided action on your part to reorganise the management of the bank, overhaul its affairs, and invest the control in men wholly unconnected with the present board, and in no manner subject to the demoralising influences which now prevail. Do not transfer your power incautiously. My six opponents profess a willingness to relinquish their positions; it will be for you to take care that under the guise of retiring they do not merely give place to their own nominees, who would but perpetuate their policy. The efforts in progress to obtain proxies render this warning necessary. Keep your votes, at least for the present, and when you do give proxies, let it be to parties whom you know to be unconnected with the present board, and untrammelled by obligations to the bank. Concerted action will be desirable, perhaps requisite, to secure the desired end.

I shall be pardoned for adding that, in conjunction with a radical change in the management, you should, in my opinion, cause to be instituted a thorough investigation into the affairs of the bank, by parties of experience and character in banking, and in no way related to the board or its officers. Only by this proceeding will it be possible to ascertain the entire truth.

I remain,
Your obedient servant,
DONALD McDONALD.

WE notice at the establishment of R. Eaton, Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, large arrivals of room papers upon exhibition; they present styles truly creditable to the proprietor in selection. We understand his connections with large manufacturers in Manchester afford advantages which enables him to sell his paper at 20 per cent reduction from former prices. We are glad to recognize the principle in the establishment of small profits and quick returns. Call and see. 1028d

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality; they have just received a large and complete stock of carpets, floor oil cloths, curtain materials, &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE ROAD TO NEW EDINBURGH.—We have pleasure in announcing that our New Edinburgh friends have begun to mend their ways. During the dry weather, the difficulty in reaching the bridge will not be great; but if the authorities would study economy and good policy, they would carry their improvements still further.

PORTRAIT FOR THE CITY HALL.—The portrait of J. B. Lewis, Esq, late Recorder of Ottawa, which was ordered by the City Council, has just been finished. It is a photograph portrait by Notman in water colours, representing the subject in his robe, and we are informed that it is an excellent picture, and will be a suitable embellishment to the walls of the City Hall.

ST. ALBAN SCHOOLHOUSE MONDAY READINGS.—The course for this season is to be appropriately closed this evening with a concert and readings. We have seen the programme, and we are, therefore, able to inform our readers that it is exceedingly attractive, very ample and judiciously varied. Indeed, if there be a fault, the mistake is on the score of generosity, for we have rarely seen such a liberal bill of fare for twenty-five cents. Having had reason to attend these readings, we are able to speak of their attractiveness, and, therefore, we confidently expect that the closing night will be a bumper night. Tickets, not previously disposed of, may be had at the doors for twenty-five cents each.

AN EMIGRANT HOUSE TO BE BUILT.—The offer of the Government to contribute $300 towards the building of a house for the accommodation of emigrants who come to our city, has encouraged the Municipal Committee to proceed with the work without delay. The City Engineer has prepared a plan, and no time will be lost in the work. The house is to be a frame one, 45 x 25 ft., one story and a half high, with separate apartments for males and females. There is to be a common kitchen and other conveniences. The buildings will be enclosed in a square, 109 x 104 ft., on the ground west of Dalhousie st. and north of Cathcart st., which will be within about two minutes walk from the Railroad Station. This should have been done long ago, but better late than never.

POLICE COURT—SATURDAY.—The Inspector of Licenses brought up four liquor cases, but only one person was fined, and he paid only $10 and costs.

Michael Cronin was fined $3 and costs for breaking the windows of a Mr. Delorme, on the Flats.

Jean Baptiste Decouit was brought up on remand charged with cutting away a boom. It appeared that the said boom was nothing more than a few stray logs that had been collected by Dumas, and anchored near Sterling's Brewery; that a quarrel had arisen between the parties, when Dumas knocked out several teeth, the property of Decourt, and then having been summoned to the police court paid $20 and costs for practising dentistry after that fashion. Then he instituted a cross action about the boom, and his patient was ordered to pay $10 and costs, which he ought to have paid to an authorised dentist for new teeth.

ROBINSON LYON'S CONCERT.—Mr. Lyon's concert on Saturday night was very well attended, and the audience signified their pleasure by repeatedly applauding the time-honoured airs of Scotland as rendered by Mr. Lyon on the violin. He was accompanied by his daughter very prettily on the piano forte. The audience had no reason to complain, for they got more than they were promised in the way of music. As the Skating Rink could not be got ready in time for the London Comedy and Burlesque Company, Miss Mackworth, a member of that company, and a Scottish lady, from the Royal Theatre of Edinburgh, kindly consented to sing for Mr. Lyon, and took the audience by surprise, as much by her beauty, as by her style. She sang "Will he no come back again?" in a manner which touched the hearts of her audience, who encored so heartily that she was forced to "come back again." Afterwards Miss Bella Sydney, also of the company, and of the Edinburgh Theatre, sang. The concert was quite a successful one, and we believe all parties were well pleased.

THE BODY OF A MAN FOUND IN THE RIDEAU RIVER.—On Saturday morning information was received at the Police Station that the body of a drowned man had been found in the Rideau. Detective O'Neill and policeman Jordan went to the place indicated, behind the Rifle Range, where they found it. The body was that of a middle-sized man, in an advanced stage of decomposition. It was then removed in a coffin to the Dead-house of the Protestant Hospital, to await a coroner's inquest. The deceased had on no coat when found. The vest of woollen striped, trousers those of a soldier, numbered; shirt of cotton, with black horn buttons; flannel under shirt, striped; Guernsey drawers, laced boots, and striped neck-tie. The body is supposed to be that of William Black, of Gloucester, who has been missing since last September. He had come into town on business, stopped in a grocery in Lower Town, and, as was understood, left for home, but has not since been heard of. There is an appearance of blood on the shirt, and there is some suspicion of foul play. Dr. Beaubien held an inquest at the hospital, on Saturday evening. It was supposed that it would be necessary to adjourn, to send for witnesses to identify the body.

Latest by Telegraph.

Via Montreal Line.

TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, May 29.

Sir Charles Wyndham returned to-day from the Southern States, and is stopping at the Rossin House.

Col. Williams, C. B., Commandant of the Gunnery School, and J. N. Crawford, British Consul at Havana, also arrived here.

The brewery of W. W. Jackson, near Orilla, has been seized by the Excise officers.

The *Telegraph* of to-day says it has reason to believe there is little doubt that J. C. Aikens will enter the Ministry within a few days; and it would hear, with satisfaction, that Angus Morrison had been selected to the other vacancy.

The Revision Court has reduced the assessments in St. Patrick's Ward $695; in St. Johns' Ward, the reduction was small, and parties having sworn property valued too high, refused *bona fide* offer of prices, at which they had themselves valued it.

In the Casper Club Races, the Dillon crew beat the Tinning crew, in a four oared race. A large number of spectators were present.

CABLE NEWS

GREAT BRITAIN.

PLYMOUTH, May 28.—The steamship *Westphalia*, from New York, has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, May 28.—The steamship *Helvetia*, from New York, has arrived.

LIVERPOOL, May 29.—George Peabody sails in the steamship *Scotia* to-day for New York.

QUEENSTOWN, May 29.—The steamship *Kangaroo*, from New York, has arrived.

LONDON, May 29.—The abolition of patent laws was discussed in the House of Commons last evening. The *Times*, editorially, supports the measure.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 27.—The Hon. Mr. Washburne, United States Minister, was formally received by the Emperor to-day, and made a brief address, in which he assured the Emperor of the friendship entertained by the people and Government of the United States towards himself and the French nation. Napoleon, in his reply, expressed the utmost satisfaction at Mr. Washburne's cordial assurances, and hoped that the present friendly relations between the two countries would long be maintained. Mr. Washburne called on Prince Napoleon to-day, and met with a hearty welcome.

Election disturbances are reported at Amiens, Lille and Toulouse, but they were of a trivial nature, and easily suppressed.

The weekly statement of the financial condition of the Bank of France shows an increase in the specie reserve of 700,000 francs. The bourse is heavy; rentes 71f. 80c.

PARIS, May 29.—Jules Fluery has been declared not elected, but will contest the election of his opponent.

The official *Journal of the Empire* denies that there is any foundation for the rumours that the French troops are to evacuate Rome.

Ministers Burlingame and Washburne gave a farewell banquet to Gen. Dix at the Grand Hotel to day. Over 200 guests were present. Gen. Dix dines with the Emperor at the Tuileries on Thursday.

NEW YORK, May 29.—The *Herald's* Paris special says the American citizens in Paris have delivered a farewell address to General Dix, to which he replied by inviting 400 of his countrymen to a banquet at the Grand Hotel on June 1st.

CUBA.

HAVANA, May 25.—Capt. General Dulce is dangerously ill of a cancer, and is hourly expected to die.

A Spanish steamer in the Bay of Nipe fired by mistake into some Spanish troops on the shore. It is reported that forty men were killed.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Report of the Union and Central R. R. Commission.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The special commission appointed by the President of the United States to examine the Union and Central Pacific Railroad have made their report. In their judgment there will be required the sum of $6,771,710 to bring the Union Pacific up to a first-class road, as measured by the standard of the best eastern roads.

Presbyterian Assembly.

NEW YORK, May 27.—In the Presbyterian Assembly this evening, the basis of re-union was accepted unanimously by the New School, and with but seven dissenting voices in the Old School Assembly.

Rhode Island Adopts the Constitutional Amendment.

PROVIDENCE, R.I., May 27.—The Rhode Island Senate to-night adopted the 15th amendment to the Constitution.

Japanese Emigrating to California.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 27.—One hundred and twenty Japanese families, exiles from Japan, are on their way to this State to settle and cultivate tea. They will bring many mulberry trees, tea and bamboo plants, and intend purchasing Government land for immediate cultivation. It is not improbable that several of the northern Princes will also come and bring many more industrious families.

Four Hunters Killed by Indians.

MANHATTAN, KANSAS, May 28.—News from Cloud county says four men, out of a party of six buffalo hunters, were killed by Indians on Monday.

Damage by Heavy Rains.

CHICAGO, May 28.—The storm which prevailed all Wednesday night and yesterday, did much damage to the crops, railroad tracks, &c., in many parts in the north and west, and more particularly in the central part of the State.

WHEELING, WEST VIRGINIA, May 28.—Advices to three o'clock, this afternoon, says the most terrific rain and hail storm ever known in this vicinity passed over the city lasting about 20 minutes, damaging buildings and vineyards. Loss $20,000 to $50,000.

A Whole Town Nearly Destroyed by Fire.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 28.—Georgetown, California, was nearly destroyed by fire yesterday, and many lives were lost.

Marriage in High Life.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Prince Louis Ferdinand de Bourbon of Naples, nephew of ex-King Ferdinand, was married yesterday to Senorita Amelia Hammil, of Havana, by Rev. Dr. Wiseman, in St. Peter's Church, Jersey City. The same couple were married some time ago under peculiar circumstances by Justice Dodge, in the Jefferson Market Police Court, in this city.

Senator Grimes's Letter.

The *Times'* special says advices from England printed in the journals of to-day (Friday), are regarded here as favourable to the United States, and in official circles it is believed that a resumption of negotiations on the *Alabama* question by the English Government is not very far distant. Senator Grimes is very severely criticised here on account of his letter in the London *Times*. It has given great offence in diplomatic circles, and his criticism on members of the English Embassy is considered, if not impertinent, at least extremely distasteful. His statement in reference to Mr. Sumner are absolutely untrue. The Massachusetts Senator made no request for the removal of the injunction of the Secretary, and there was only one dissentient against the publication of the speech, namely, McCreery, of Kentucky.

The International Boat Race.

BOSTON, May 29.—The Harvard Boat Club has received the challenge from the London Rowing Club for a match during their visit to England, and the offer of honourary membership of their club and free use of their boats' house and club room.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA,
Monday, 24th day of May, 1869.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency in Council that it is advisable and expedient that no Tolls should be levied or collected on Coal passing upwards through the Welland, St Lawrence, Chambly, St Ours, Burlington Bay or Ottawa Canals, or St Ann's Lock, or either of them;

And whereas by the 58th section of the Act 31 Vic Cap 12, intituled, "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada," it is in effect enacted, that the Governor may, by Order in Council, impose and authorize the collection of dues or tolls on Canals and other public works vested in Her Majesty, and from time to time, in like manner, may alter or change such dues or tolls, and may declare the exemptions therefrom,—

His Excellency on the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Customs and under the authority aforesaid, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after this day, Coal passing upwards through the public works of this Dominion, known as the Welland Canal, the St Lawrence Canal, the Chambly Canal, the St Ours Canal, the Burlington Bay Canal, the Ottawa Canals or St Ann's Lock or the several sub-divisions or sections of the same respectively, shall be, and is hereby declared to be exempt from the payment of Canal Tolls.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
1062 3 Clerk Privy Council.

THE LANG
PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
62 SPARKS STREET.

Plain and Decorative House and Sign Painting,
WHITE WASHING,
in Kalsomine, French Zinc and Paris White,
PAPER-HANGING
in the Latest Styles of Ceiling and Wall Panelling,
SIGN PAINTING:
Office Signs,
Mammoth Store Signs,
Block Letter Gold Signs,
Plain, Picturesque, and Grotesque Signs in every style.
GRAINING
in all the woods, with new and elegant improvements.
A. W. LANG,
Ottawa, May 27, 1869. Sparks-st.

Magee & Russell.

WHITE GOODS
FOR
SUMMER WEAR.
WHITE ALPACCAS,
WHITE BAREGES,
WHITE LLAMAS,
WHITE GRENADINES,
WHITE SERGES,
WHITE BASKET CLOTH FOR COSTUMES,
WHITE MARSEILLES from 17 cents to 75 cents per yard,
WHITE BRILLIANTE for 15 cents per yard,
WHITE ROYAL RIB JEAN,
WHITE SATIN STRIPE & SPOT MUSLINS,
WHITE SWISS BOOK MUSLINS, very cheap,
WHITE LISLE GLOVES,
WHITE CAMBRIC AND ALPACCA SUN SHADES.
MAGEE & RUSSELL,
29 Sparks st.
Ottawa, May 29, 1869.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE
CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.
The undersigned has received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Sale-rooms on
Wednesday, the 26th of May, Instant,
at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable property known as Hardy Little's House, being the West Half of Lot Number Five, on the South side of York-st., in the city of Ottawa. Upon the lot stands a splendid three storey Brick House, well finished in every respect, with large yard, stables, sheds cistern, &c. Being close to the market, in a central locality, no better stand for a hotel or boarding-house exists in the city.
Title—Ordnance Leasehold, renewable in perpetuity, with the option of conversion into freehold at any time.
For further particulars, apply at the office of KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Elgin-st., on the premises, or to the undersigned.
A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, May 10. 1045td

The above sale is POSTPONED until the SECOND day of JUNE, 1869, at the same hour and place.
A. ROWE,
1059td Auctioneer.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE
OF
FARM PROPERTY.
The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the LAW OFFICE of Messrs. MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the city of Ottawa, on the 29th DAY OF JUNE, 1869, if not previously disposed of, the north half of the west half of lot No. 3, in the SECOND CONCESSION of the TOWNSHIP of GLOUCESTER, Rideau Front, being fifty acres more or less. The lot is cleared, fenced, and under cultivation. There is a very good log barn on the premises. The title is undisputable, and payments will be made easy. For terms and other particulars apply to the proprietor, Mr. Arthur McGuigan, or the auctioneer.
Sale will take place at 12 o'clock, noon.
A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, May 27, 1869. 1060-td

By John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers, Montreal.
TRADE SALE OF TEAS, Etc., Etc.
The subscribers will offer for account of MESSRS. RUNNIER, GUNN & DOUGLAS,
ON THURSDAY, 10TH JUNE,
at their Stores, St Peter st, Teas, Tobaccos Wines, Brandies, Groceries, &c, &c.
Sale at NINE o'clock.
JOHN LEEMING & CO,
Auctioneers.
Montreal, May 28. 1061td

By John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers, Montreal.
TRADE SALE OF TEAS.
The subscribers will offer for account of MESSRS. DAVID TORRANCE & CO, at their Sample Rooms, Exchange Court,
ON FRIDAY, 11TH JUNE,
about 7,500 pkgs Teas.
Sale at NINE o'clock.
JOHN LEEMING & CO,
Auctioneers.
Montreal, May 28. 1061td

By John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers, Montreal.
FRESH TEAS.
ANNUAL SPRING SALE
at the Warehouse of
BUCHANAN, LECKIE & CO.,
MONTREAL,
OF
FRESH TEAS,
WINES, BRANDY, GIN, RUM,
General Groceries,
&c., &c., &c.,
now receiving and daily expected, ex sundry vessels from
Britain, Charente, Oporto, Antwerp,
ON
WEDNESDAY, the 9th JUNE.
Sale at half-past nine o'clock.
JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
1057td Auctioneers, Montreal.

NEW STORE OPENED
BY PATK. BASKERVILLE,
No. 36, Rideau st.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
A well assorted stock of
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, PROVISIONS,
constantly on hand, consisting of a large assortment of
Teas, Sugars, Spices, Sauces, &c., Wines, Brandies, Gin, Irish and Scotch Whiskeys, Best Highwines and Old Rye,
Hams, Pork, Flour, Cheese, Butter, and Eggs, &c.
P BASKERVILLE,
No. 36, Rideau st, 2 doors east of Workman & Griffin's.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST
STOCK OF CARPETINGS
AND
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MILLINERY
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and MOST FASHIONABLE
STOCK OF MANTLES,
AT MODERATE PRICES,
IN EVERY STYLE,
At GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Silk Velvets,
Velveteens and
Water-proof Cloakings
IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF PLAIN AND FANCY
DRESS GOODS IN OTTAWA,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF MOURNING GOODS
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS
In Ottawa,
At GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

LARGEST and CHEAPEST
STOCK OF
Satin and Lace,
Plain and Fancy Silk,
Dress Trimmings,
Buttons, Linings, &c.,
In Ottawa.
At GARLAND, M

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

TIMES Office, Ottawa, May 31, 1869.

The market of Saturday was in keeping with those of several days preceding. It would have deceived a person who might have judged of its character by the number of waggons, but on going round to each he would have discovered that there was little else than potatoes. There was, it is true, a small supply of butter at our last prices, and a few eggs ditto. Some garden stuff as rhubarb and other small matters were on sale at moderate, but potatoes abounded everywhere, the general price was 40 cents, but some sold for 35 cents. There were one or two samples of oats at 65 cents, and some a little higher. Of hay there was not a single load.

FLOUR—Extra	6 00	@	6 50
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	none.		
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 25
" Spring "	2 50	@	2 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	7 25
Indian Meal "	4 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour	3 00	@	3 50
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 30
Spring "	1 00	@	1 10
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 12½
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 80	@	2 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	00 00	@	28 50
Prime Mess per do.	none.		
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	00 00	@	11 25
Hams	0 15	@	0 17
Beef per 100 lbs	none.		
Mutton—per lb	0 6	@	0 8
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 70
Ducks	0 50	@	0 60
Turkeys—Each	1 50	@	2 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 20
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 00	@	0 15
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	27 00	@	28 00
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 50	@	5 00
Mixed Wood	3 25	@	4 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 50

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who ave either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

TOM THUMB ECLIPSED.—We read there has been a race between the New York showmen to obtain possession of one George Washington Nutt, who is said to be several inches shorter than General Tom Thumb, and that P. T. Barnum has succeeded in getting him for three years for $30,000, board and expenses. Is it not a great thing to be a small man! and is it not equally as great to have a medicine that can be depended upon for curing colds, rheumatism, burns, bruises, summer complaints, cholic, &c.; if so get at once a supply of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at the nearest medicine dealer's for 25 cents.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

A WONDER FOR THE WORKSHOP.—Every mechanic should have ready at hand a box of *Grace's Celebrated Salve*, as it is a ready remedy for accidents, such as cuts, bruises, contused wounds, burns, scalds, poisoned skin and eruptions, caused by operations in the factory, dye-house or printing office. Only 25 cents a box.

OVER-EXERTION, either of body or mind, produces debility and disease. The usual remedy is to take some stimulant, the effect of which is the same as giving a tired horse the whip instead of oats. The true way is to fortify the system with a permanent tonic like the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron), which gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

The most unhappy person in the world is the dyspeptic. Everything looks dark and gloomy, he feels "*out of sorts*" with himself and everybody else. Life is a burden to him. This can all be changed by taking Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron.) Cases of 27 years standing have been cured by it.

Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement. 887.6m

—Try Gardner's Baking Powder. See advertisement.

House Decorating.

R. EATON'S SASH, BLIND, DOOR MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY, *HULL,*

Opposite the Suspension Bridge, and adjoining the Great Match and Pail Factory of E. B. EDDY, Esq.

☞ Orders for Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, of the best and most modern styles, received and executed with despatch, the quality of the work guaranteed, and at prices which will necessarily induce custom.

☞ Sashes Primed and Glazed ready for shipment, and Blinds Painted and prepared for Hanging, will be supplied on equally satisfactory terms. Come and see.

☞ Sashes ready Primed and Glazed can be shipped and carried with less risk of breakage than glass in boxes.

R. EATON,
Store and Office, Elgin-st., Opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

R. EATON

Takes this method o returning his thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage for the past year, and now would respectfully announce to his numerous patrons that he is fully determined, in consequence of the increased demand in the various branches in his departments, to adopt the maxim that "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," thereby defying competition in stock and workmanship.

Something New and Elegant in the style of

ROOM PAPERS, DECORATIONS,
GILT AND FLOCK BORDERS, WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,

Are expected in the present week, and will be on exhibition, arranged in samples, affording ready facility for selection.

R. EATON begs to say that his selection comprises a LARGER STOCK and GREATER VARIETY than ever before brought to this city.

P.S.—Mr. Eaton has in his employ the most expert and experienced workmen, for

HOUSE PAINTING, HANGING PAPER,
AND
DECORATING ROOMS,

Which will enable him to execute all orders with despatch, and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

CEILINGS and WALLS WHITENED and COLOURED in a superior style, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

R. EATON,
1007tf Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE

"ROCKET,"

WINNER OF THE QUEEN'S PLATE]

IN 1863,

Height 15½ hands.

[Sired by "Bob Logie," and out of a "Hector Bell" Mare,] will stand for mares for the season a the stables of

MR. HARRIS, VETERINARY SURGEON, Clarence-st., near the Market.

☞ Terms $10 for the season.

Ottawa, May 10. 1045d

THE VARIETY HALL

HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT
34 *SUSSEX-ST.*

A large quantity of Wall Paper. Good patterns will be sold at cost to close the consignment
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE TO RENT.

A handsome well finished HOUSE on Esther-st., continuation of Bank-st., containing six rooms and kitchen, with a good dry cellar.

Apply, on the premises, to
JOHN COOK, Proprietor.
Ottawa, May 7. 1043tf

FOR SALE.

A VILLAGE LOT with TWO COTTAGES thereon, in the Village of Manotick, Long Island Mills, the said cottages now under lease to tenants, said lease expiring 1st day of May, 1870. For terms and particulars apply by letter to
SAMUEL LEMIEUX, Plantagenet Mills, Ontario.
1043tf

TO LET OR SELL.

A HOUSE of seven rooms, eligibly situated, within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings, to rent; and several houses and vacant lots in the city for sale, on part time.

Apply to
ROD. ROSS.
Ottawa, May 1. 1038tf

TO LET,
AT NEW EDINBURGH,

A BRICK DWELLING of Eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and stabling. Rent low. Possession immediate.

Apply to
R. BLACKBURN.
New Edinburgh, April 26. 1036tf

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

TO LET.

A Comfortable DWELLING, on Metcalfe-st., at present occupied by M. J. MAY, Esq. Rent moderate.

Apply to
S. CHRISTIE, Com. Merchant.
April 15, 1869. 1024tf

TO RENT OR SELL, that beautifully situated COTTAGE, on Daly-st., 3 doors east of St. Alban's Church, the residence of the undersigned, containing 10 rooms, Summer Cook Room and offices, with two lots of land sloping down to Besserer-st., laid out in walks and terraces, fruit trees and dense shrubbery, living spring, and abundance of soft water. A cool rural retreat in summer, as much so as if in the midst of the country, certainly one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent $160. Also, a house containing 7 rooms, garden, &c.; and for sale Lot No. 15, south Stewart-st.
RODERICK ROSS.
Ottawa, April 15, 1869. 1024tf

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND

TO RENT,

For one or more years.

THE FITZROY HOTEL,

The best and most extensive premises on the main road from Pembroke to Ottawa City. A good business is being done. The proprietor leaves on account of having to oversee the Estate of the late John Mohr, Onslow.

ALSO TO RENT,

East half of Lot No. 21, 7th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 30 acres in hay, 10 acres in Fall Wheat, first crop.

Also West ½ Lot 20, 8th Concession, Fitzroy, containing 100 acres, 20 acres cleared.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, CHAS. MOHR, personally, or by letter, pre-paid, addressed,
CHAS. MOHR,
1009-14tf Hubbell's Falls, Ontario.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—Lot 21 in the 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, 200 acres, about 80 cleared and under cultivation, with comfortable Dwelling and good Barn. The bush land is principally hardwood, and very valuable from its proximity to Ottawa. Also, Lot 20, in 3rd Concession, Gloucester, Ottawa Front, containing 200 acres, 20 acres cleared. The remainder of this lot is heavily wooded with hard and soft wood. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. The short distance of only 3 miles from Ottawa makes the wood of greater value. These lands are well watered, of excellent soil, and would make a fine dairy farm. Apply to the Proprietor, C. SPARROW, or to D. O'CONNOR, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1868. 908tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

CHOICE
FARMING LANDS FOR SALE
IN THE COUNTIES OF
KENT, ESSEX AND LAMBTON.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by private sale, in the Town of Chatham, early in June, the lands situated in the above Counties, belonging to Arthur John Robertson, Esquire, Inverness, Scotland.

The lots in the County of Kent, consist of 62 farms, and 2,500 acres Wild or Unimproved Lands. The farms, varying in size from 25 to 600 acres, are situated in the Townships of

RALEIGH, TILBURY EAST, CAMDEN, HARWICH AND DOVER, AND TOWN OF CHATHAM,

All of which are most eligibly adapted for farming purposes, and their situations as regards natural advantages, fertility of soil and climate, cannot be surpassed in the Province.

Of the above, 54 farms lie in the Township of Harwich, contiguous to the shore of Lake Erie, one of the finest Agricultural Sections of Canada, capable of producing all descriptions of grain and root crops, and from their southerly exposure specially adapted for the breeding and raising of stock; the geniality of the climate also permitting of the cultivation of the various kinds of fruit. Considerable attention is now being devoted to the planting of Grapes, which have arrived at great perfection in the neighbourhood. There are excellent well travelled roads throughout the township, and the distance from Chatham is only 12 miles, where the highest price has been paid for farm produce of any market in Ontario.

The projected Southern Railway will run through a portion of the Harwich property.

The lands in the County of Essex are situated in the Townships of

SANDWICH EAST, MAIDSTONE AND ROCHESTER,

and from their proximity to the Detroit river, are specially attractive to parties wishing to make a favourable investment.

Printed circulars, containing full particulars of the different lots, can be had by applying post-paid, to D. C. Holbrook, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Detroit, Michigan; John J. J. Thompson, Esq., Chatham, Ontario, or to
JAMES CRAWFORD, Agent, Montreal.
April 7th, 1869. 1033td

NEW DOMINION CEMENT.

We challenge the world to produce an article of superior merit for mending Furniture, Leather, Wood, Crockery, Glass, China, Bone, Porcelain, Marble, Rubber, Meerschaum, Ivory, &c., &c. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Local and travelling agents wanted in every town and county throughout the Dominion.

Liberal terms to the trade. Sample bottles sent by mail on receipt of price. Address
E. F. McAVAY & CO.,
Sole proprietors and manufacturers, 153 Great St. James-st., opposite the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. (Copyright secured.)
A. O. AUDY & CO., Agents, Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
April 28, 1869. 1035-3m

PARISIAN STEAM DYE WORKS,

M. HIRSHFIELD.

OFFICES—Nos. 374 and 258 Notre Dame-street, *MONTREAL.*

OTTAWA AGENCY AT THE
CITY HOOP SKIRT FACTORY,
43 Sparks-st.

Dresses of every description, Shawls, Curtains, etc., scoured and cleaned, or dyed in all colors and shades. Gents' Garments renovated. Charges low. 1051d

GARDENER'S

BAKING POWDER.

In 1 lb. Packets for 25 cents. | And 6 Packets for $1.25.

TEN REASONS

Why it Should be Used in Preference to all Others:

1st. Bread or Cakes made with it are more wholesome than if made with Yeast or any other process.

2nd. Its purity is such that it will stand the test of the most perfect analysis.

3rd. After having been extensively used for the last 14 years in not one instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

4th. Families that have used it pronounce it the best, and will use no other.

5th. It contains no Saleratus, nor does it impair the digestive organs like those powders where Soda or an excess of Alkali predominates.

6th. It never gives to Bread or Cakes an unpleasant Alkaline or mawkish taste.

7th. The ingredients that form its composition are more beneficial than otherwise.

8th. Dyspeptic subjects can eat hot Bread or Rolls made with it and derive benefit by its use.

9th. Every Packet contains its full weight; one pound packets weigh 16 ounces.

10. It is all that it is represented to be, namely:

Unrivalled for Purity and Cheapness.

Sole Agents for Ottawa,
J. G. ROBINSON & Co., The Tea Pot.

The Trade supplied at the Manufacturer's prices.

Ottawa, December 10, 1868. 886-6m

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends that he opened on MONDAY, the 26th OCTOBER, his BOWLING ALLEY. This is one of the best in the Capital, and equal to any in America. It contains four alleys, and with first-class balls. There will be kept a register book for the purpose of marking the number of points made each day to 1st July next, and the party who has made the highest number of points will receive from the proprietor a rich prize.

Parties visiting the Alley will be received with polite attention. The best of liquors will be found constantly on hand.

B. B. LARIVIERE.

N.B.—A large Ball Room is attached to the premises, which will be let at a low figure.
B. B. L.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S PATENT
REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS,

Two Continents, America and Europe, and America with the United States portion on an immense scale, Coloured—in 4,000 Counties.

These great maps, now just completed, 64 x 62 inches large, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These maps are needed in every school and family in the land—they occupy the space of one map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for circulars, terms, and send money for and see sample maps first, if not sold taken back on demand. Also ready a $25,000 steel and plate illustrated subscription book, "De Soto, the discoverer of the Mississippi River."

J. T. LLOYD,
1043.20d 23 Cortlandt-st., N.Y.

FOR SALE.

PORK—Chicago Mess.
FLOUR—No. 1 and XXX.
GRASS and CLOVER SEED.
WHITE BEANS, &c.

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant.
April 27, 1869. 1034tf

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!

A beautiful and varie assortment.

WATER COOLERS & FILTERS,

BATHS, of all kinds,

TOILET SETTS,

Plain and Ornamented,

☞ REFRIGERATORS!

☞ REFRIGERATORS

McKelvy's Patent.

We have the sole right for the manufacture of this celebrated refrigerator which gave such good satisfaction last summer; the great peculiarity of this refrigerator consists in the admirable mode of self-ventilating, nothing ever becomes musty, and saves one half the quantity of ice. (See posters.)

COOKING STOVES! COOKING STOVES

Best patterns in use.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex-st.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

THE OTTAWA LIVERY

SALE AND BAIT STABLES,

Cor. Rideau and Ottawa-sts.

FIRST-CLASS RIDING AND DRIVING HORSES.

Medical attendance to regular boarders free of charge.

Veterinary Infirmary attached for sick and lame horses, under the direct management of

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.,

Member of the Ontario Veterinary College, by appointment V. S. to the Governor-General; also, V. S. to the County of Carleton Agricultural Society.

Orders or communications promptly attended to, and medicines sent to any part of the Dominion.

N. B.—Charges moderate.

TIN SPICE BOXES,
A novelty,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

Medical.

GOOD WORDS

FOR THE

PAIN KILLER.

"A medicine no family should be without."—*Montreal Transcript.*

"We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer."—*Toronto Baptist.*

"It is the most effectual remedy we know of for aches, pains, flesh wounds, &c."—*St. John's News, P.Q.*

"We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain Killer."—*Amherst, N. S., Gazette.*

"Our own experience is a bottle of Pain Killer is the best Physician a traveller can have."—*Hamilton Spectator.*

THE PAIN KILLER IS USED BOTH INTERNALLY & EXTERNALLY.

When Taken Internally—It relieves the most acute pain instantly, affording relief and comfort to the patient suffering from Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Rheumatic or Neuralgic Pains in any part of the system, and in Bowel Complaints it is a sovereign remedy.

When Used Externally—It is equally efficacious and is the best liniment in the world. It is eminently a household medicine.

FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

BILIOUS FEVER,

PAINS IN THE BACK AND LIMBS,

There is no remedy yet discovered that has been more successful in curing these complaints than

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

For a Sudden Cold, it is almost a Specific.

Rheumatic and Neuralgic Affections give way to it when all other remedies have failed. It is eminently a FAMILY MEDICINE, and by being kept ready for immediate resort in cases of accident or sudden attack of disease will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

The PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine even in the most unskillful hands

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINT,

or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults; it is an almost certain cure, and has without doubt been more successful in curing the various kinds of

CHOLERA,

than any other known remedy, or even the most skillful physician. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates.

The promptness and certainty with which it acts in relieving all kinds of pain, make it eminently worthy its name, PAIN KILLER,—a name easily understood, and not easily forgotten. As, in curing Cholera, it shows itself master of all the minor forms of that disease, such as Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, &c.; so in controlling Diptheria, and other malignant diseases,—which it has repeatedly cured,—it asserts its power over all the milder and more common forms of these complaints.

THE PAIN KILLER IS EQUALLY

GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.

Farmers Read This.

Lewis A Phillips, of Providence, R I, writes as follows:

Messrs. Perry Davis & Son—Gents: I have for many years used your valuable medicine, the PAIN KILLER, on my horses, and can testify to its efficacy in curing Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Cramps, Weak Joints, Rheumatism, Swellings, Colic, &c., &c. I have had over forty horses in constant use, in the omnibus business, and have never known it to fail in any case where I have used it.

LEWIS A PHILLIPS.

Read the following letter received from Dr. Deal, Bowersville, O, who is a Veterinary Surgeon of great skill:

I have given Perry Davis' Pain Killer in many cases of colic, cramp and dysentery in horses, and never knew it fail to cure in a single instance. I look upon it as a certain remedy.

DR JOHN R DEAL.

PAIN KILLER is equally good for man or beast and no farmer should be without it a single hour. Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Montreal, P.Q.

MORTIMER'S

INFALLIBLE REMEDY

FOR

CHOLERA,

DIARRHŒA, and

BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

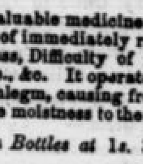
The following extract, which Mr. Mortimer is kindly permitted to publish, is from the letter of a relative of Dr. Wolfe, of this city, now residing in the United States:

"Find out if the Express charges are too high, and if not, arrange with Mortimer to let you have a box of the bottles of CHOLERA MIXTURE, I could make a good little fortune with them. The bottle I brought with me here brought two ladies round from decided cholera; one on board the boat, and the other in Berlin, United States. Both commenced with diarrhœa, then with dysentery, and then vomiting. The one at Berlin was very bad. I gave her three doses of the Cholera Mixture, the third of which stopped the vomiting. The next day she was all right, or nearly so. She was very grateful. I have now only a little left."

☞ This excellent mixture, which should be in every family, is only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

TRADE MARK  REGISTERED

CANADIAN COUGH EMULSION.

This valuable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness to the skin.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND

FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

A grand specific for derangement of the Digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

Mortimer's Vegetable Worm Destroyer,
The only sure remedy that exists, combining delicious taste and amazing power.

MORTIMER'S
Colonges, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet Requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.
No. 41 Sussex-st., Ottawa City.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN HEAVE REMEDY and CONDITION MEDICINE is positively superior to any, or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Proprietors for Canada. Price 25 cents. Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa. 889-45-6m

Commission Merchants.

RE-OPENING OF BUSINESS.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have now RE-OPENED in those new buildings erected by Mr. H. Easton, of Merrickville, and where will be kept constantly on hand a large stock of

FLOUR, PORK,

CORDWOOD AND SHINGLES,

CHEAP FOR CASH. ALSO

30,000 BRICKS AT $7.00.

The following is our price list of goods mentioned:

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$6.50
" Extra Superfine	6.00
" Fancy	
" Superfine No. 1	5.25
Superfine No. 2	4.75
OATMEAL	7.00
180,000 Extra SHINGLES	2.50
100,000 No. 1 "	2.25
80,000 No. 2 "	1.50
80,000 Fancy "	1.25
300 cords Birch and Maple CORDWOOD, dry, 4 feet long, delivered	4.00

All Flour, Oatmeal, and Shingles kept in stock, are manufactured by H. Easton, of Merrickville, and warranted.

Sales at cheapest rates and for cash.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
Little Sussex-st., Canal Basin.
W. H. EASTON. 982tf R. M. EASTON.

DOMINION AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMISSION SALE ROOMS,

HOUSE, LAND AND GENERAL AGENCY,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-ST.,

OTTAWA.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
75.y House, Land and General Agent.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARDWARE!

AT

THOS. ISAAC'S, CENTRE TOWN

PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,

IRON, COAL,

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

NAILS, ROPE, CHAINS,

and a general assortment of House-furnishings Cornices, &c., at the lowest cash prices to be found in the Ottawa market.

ALSO,

STOVES, all patterns and sizes, for coal and wood from the Prescott, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and Montreal Foundries, with drums, pipes, furniture, &c., the cheapest to be had in town.

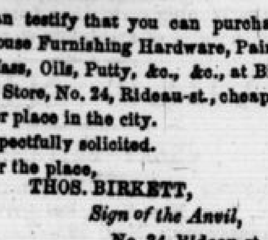
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

&c., &c.,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24, Rideau-st. Ottawa.



Thousands can testify that you can purchase Builders' and House Furnishing Hardware, Paints of all colours, Glass, Oils, Putty, &c., &c., at Birkett's Hardware Store, No. 24, Rideau-st., cheaper than at any other place in the city.

A call is respectfully solicited.

☞ Remember the place,
THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
No. 24, Rideau-st.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the city.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c., &c.

A large stock of materials for the above branches of business constantly on hand.

Importers of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

Hall, Fancy, Parlour and Cook Stoves, in great variety.

Agents for Eaton's Patent Automatic, Self-Ventilating, Wood and Coal Stoves. Also Beecher & Co.'s celebrated

HOT AIR FURNACES.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or Warm Air, on the latest and most approved principles.

Medical Cards.

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite the TIMES Office, Sparks-street, Centre Town; Night office at his residence, Maria-street, Centre Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. 17w100y

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist, Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office, Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

EDWARD C. MALLOCH, M.D., M.R.C.S. Duke-st., LeBreton's Flats, "opposite the well." Office hours from 8:30 to 10:30 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has leased a commodious building at the corner of Banks and Sparks-sts., which she has opened as a PRIVATE HOTEL, retaining the title of her former hotel in Desbarats' block, viz., the "Toronto House." The premises have been refitted and handsomely furnished with new furniture, and made in every respect fit for the reception of members of Parliament and other gentlemen who desire the accommodations of a first class private hotel.

Ottawa, March 29, 1869. 1009-3m

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

OTTAWA HOUSE.

Corner of Main and Prince of Wales-streets Pembroke, Ontario.

Stages in connection with the steamers *Jason Gould, Pembroke* and *Pontiac.*

Particular attention paid to the comfort of guests. Good rooms for commercial travellers. Horses and vehicles always on hand.

J. COPELAND, Proprietor.
Pembroke, Aug. 1, 1868. 809y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. EATON, Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Mouldings, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, &c., &c. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paper Hangings, &c., &c. Sashes Primed and Glazed; and Blinds Painted and Prepared for Hanging.

FACTORY—Adjoining E. B. Eddy's Match Factory, Hull, Q.

STORE AND OFFICE—Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auction Rooms No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any of the city or country 699y

R. SPARKS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. 55 y

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect, Elgin street opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 749t

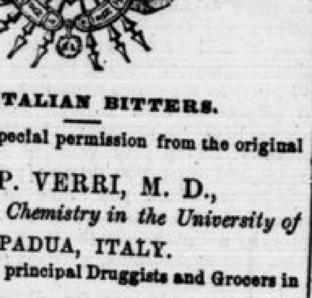
S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

OLIVER & ANNABLE, Wholesale Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of

PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

PARODEE'S EPILEPTIC CURE,

For the relief and cure of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Puerperal Hysteria, &c., &c. This preparation is from the recipe of a celebrated French Physician, and the very great success which has attended its use in every case, and where the highest medical skill was of no avail, has induced the subscriber to give it every possible publicity. The genuine has the subscriber's name and address on each bottle. Price one dollar. Sole Proprietor, J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 396, Notre Dame-street, Montreal.

Harte's Florida Water, equal to anything imported. Price 37½ cents per bottle. 783y

Legal Cards.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. dw

MACPHERSON, KENNEDY & CHRISTIE, Barristers, &c., Lang's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
J P. MACPHERSON, G. KENNEDY, A. J. CHRISTIE.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

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D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Post Office Building, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

Educational.

PIANO-FORTE TUITION.

W. C. CLARK, Professor of Music and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-st., corner of Slater-st., Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store.

EDUCATION—CLASSICAL AND GENERAL.

THE REV. GEO. NOEL HIGGINSON, M. A., Incumbent of New Edinburgh, the with especial sanction of the Bishop of the Diocese, receives a limited number of the sons of gentlemen as morning pupils.

Residence—Dalhousie-st., Ottawa.
Terms made known on application. 940tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

THE SISTERS

OF THE

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,

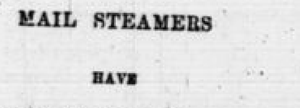
FROM MONTREAL,

respectfully inform the public that they will open a branch of their

Educational Establishment in Ottawa.

Their classes will begin on the 15th OCTOBER. For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIORESS,
868tf Corner of O'Connor and Maria-sts.

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA

RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMERS

HAVE

COMMENCED THEIR REGULAR TRIPS

BETWEEN

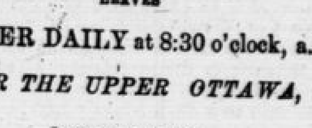
OTTAWA AND MONTREAL.

R. W. SHEPHERD, Manager.
May 7, 1869. 1043tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMP'Y.,

Ottawa, May 5th, 1869.

THE STEAMER



"ANN SISSON"

LEAVES

AYLMER DAILY at 8:30 o'clock, a.m.,

FOR THE UPPER OTTAWA,

CONNECTING WITH

STEAMERS "ALLIANCE,"

"JASON GOULD" & "PEMBROKE,"

FOR

DES JOACHIMS.

R. S. CASSELS, President.
1042tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN.

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or to F RRICK, BRUSH & CO., Ottawa

ENLARGED PORTRAITURE

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOTH

COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,
COLOURED AND PLAIN,

AT

W. NOTMAN'S, METCALFE-STREET.

TO TOURISTS.—The largest collection in the Dominion of Photographs of Canadian Scenery.
Ottawa Sept. 7. 1868. 483y

CONCENTRATED LYE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBL.

The remarkable success which has attended the introduction of the celebrated Concentrated Lye into Canadian market, by the subscriber, has excited the cupidity of an unprincipled firm in town (which has already been convicted of borrowing other people's brains) by a spurious imitation called Saponifier. To avoid disappointment, purchasers should be careful to ask for Harte's Concentrated Lye, which is sold by all respectable Druggists and Grocers in town and country. 783y

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER TUESDAY, MAY 18th, 1869, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 10.00 p. m.	1.00 a. m.
LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
Mail, 6.00 p. m.	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west, also with the steamers of the Royal Mail Line.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

N. B.—The above trains all run by Montreal Time.

Ottawa, May 14, 1869.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 20,
COMMENCING ON MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.00 p m and 8:00 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 9:45 p m and 1:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6:00 a m and 2:15 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12:15 p m and 8:30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:15 p m and 9 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6:05 p m and 9:55 a m.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

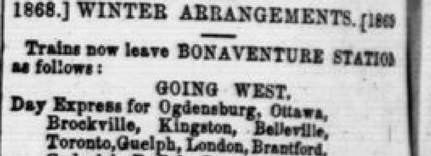
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:05 a m and 6:20 p m, arriving at Perth at 10:55 a m and 7:10 p m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G T R Express trains are due from the east.

No. 3 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G T R Express trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1868.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1869

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9:10 a m
Night do do do do do	8:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:00 a m
Trains for Lachine at 8:00 a m, 9:30 a m, 3:00 p m, 5:00 p m.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at via Vermont Central.	3:30 p m
Express for New York via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	3:0
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

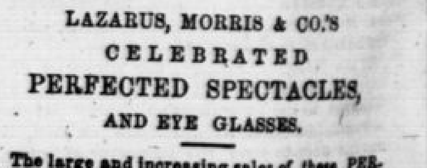
The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, Dec 1868.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.



LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES.

The large and increasing sales of these PERFECTED GLASSES is a sure proof of their superiority. We were satisfied that they would be appreciated here as elsewhere, and that the reality of the advantages offered to wearers of our beautiful lenses. viz: the ease and comfort, the assured and readily ascertained improvement of the sight, and the brilliant assistance they give in all cases, were in themselves so apparent on trial, that the result could not be otherwise than it has, in the almost general adoption of our celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES by the residents of this locality.

With a full knowledge of the value of the assertion, we claim that they are the most perfect optical aids ever manufactured. To those needing Spectacles, we afford at all times an opportunity of procuring the best and most desirable article. A fair trial given, and if the purchaser is not satisfied the money will be refunded.

We take occasion to notify the public that we employ no pedlers, and caution them against those pretending to have our goods for sale.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
30 Sparks-st.,
Sole Agents for Ottawa and Vicinity.

PANCREATINE FOR

INDIGESTION & WASTING DISEASES is vastly superior to Pepsine, which can only digest one kind of food.—*Lancet.*

"Pancreatine is a powerful agent of digestion." Prof. LETHEBY'S *Cantor Lectures.*

"By its means fat is rendered capable of entering the absorbents."—Prof. BERNARD, *Paris.*

PANCREATINE POWDER, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d.

PANCREATINE WINE, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

PANCREATIC (DIGESTIVE) COCOA—A highly nutritious, easily digested, and palatable dietetic preparation, specially adapted to the support and nourishment of persons suffering from Indigestion, Debility and Pulmonary Complaints. Tins, 1s 6d, 3s, 5s 6d, 10s 6d and 20s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

N. B.—PANCREATINE WINE is the vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil, preventing Nausea and Indigestion.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Wholesale—F. CUNDILL & Co., Montreal.

A LARGE LOT OF WILLOW FURNITURE & BASKETS,
AT THE VARIETY HALL.

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Music.

MESSRS. J. L. ORME & SON

Respectfully call the attention of the public to their magnificent stock of

PIANO-FORTES, ORGANS,

AND MELODEONS,

in their new Show Room, comprising

PIANO-FORTES, *from all the leading makers,*

WARREN'S PIPE ORGANS,

ORGANS and MELODEONS from the best factories in the United States, excelling in finish and tone anything ever brought into this country.

Now is the time for intending purchasers.

☞ PRICES LOW & TERMS LIBERAL

Our stock of Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, &c., &c., is, as usual, very large.

New Sheet Music and Books constantly arriving.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sign of the Golden Lyre,
944tf No. 8, Sparks-st., next Durie & Son

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL,

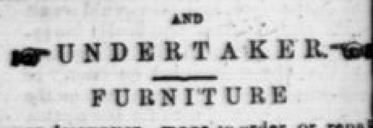
28 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Toilet Boxes in variety,
Rimmel's New Perfumes,
Cambridge Bouquet,
Oxford Bouquet,
English Lavender Wat

Silver Top Smelling Bottles,
Scotch Plaid Smelling Bottles,
Improved Perfumed Distributors,
&c., &c.,

A complete stock just received of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines,

Genuine Drugs and Chemicals,
Druggists' Sundries of all descriptions
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemis



S. ROGERS,

CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER

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of every description, made to order or repaired, and jobbing attended to.

Architects and others furnishing their own designs for any kind of wood work will have them correctly executed.

Particular attention paid to

GOTHIC & FANCY FURNITU

FUNERALS

furnished at the shortest notice in the city or country.

METALLIC AND OTHER COFF

always on hand.

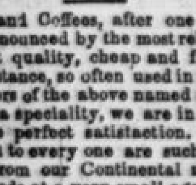
EXPRESS WAGGONS

for the removal of household furniture, &c. waggons for lumber and other heavy goods.

N.B.—Residence at the west end of Wellington st., opposite the market.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFF

TRADE  M

Our Teas and Coffees, after one year's trial, have been pronounced by the most reliable judges to be of the finest quality, cheap and free from poisonous substance, so often used in the tea trade. Being importers of the above named articles and making them a speciality, we are in a position to give every one perfect satisfaction. The advantages afforded to every one are such as can be obtained from our Continental merchants; we sell our goods at a very small advance on cost. In order to give every one a chance to taste our Teas and Coffees, we have imported Tin lined Catties and Boxes, which will preserve the strength and flavour of the above named articles, and will contain 5, 10, 20, 25 lbs and upwards. We will pay the carriage on two 10 lb or more lb Catties, to the nearest Express or Steamboat Landing, on receipt of money, or money collected by Express or Steamboat Agent. If there is no Express or Steamboat Landing, we send goods per Stage. Parties forming Clubs, sending in an order for Ten or more Catties, receive one of their own choice in return for expense.

We subjoin a list of our prices:

— BLACK TEA.	
Common Congou, Strong Tea	$0
Fine Flavoured New Season do	0
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0
Pound Oolong	0
Rich Flavoured, do	0
Very Fine, do do	0
Japan Good	0
Very Good	0
Finest	0
GREEN TEA.	
Twankay, Common	0
Fine do	0
Young Hyson	0
Fine do	0
Superfine and Very Choice	1
COFFEE.	
Mocha	$0 22, 0 27, 0
Java	0 20, 0 25, 0
Ceylon	0 18, 0 22, 0

Remember the address,
A. O. AUDY & CO
Box 201, P. O., Ottawa,
Elgin-st., opposite the Post
Ottawa, May 8, 1869.

Millinery.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SMITH, Bank-st., begs to inform customers and friends that she has received Spring fashions, and is now prepared to fill their orders. Corner of Bank and A

Two or three Apprentices wanted.

April 6.

ICE ICE!! ICE!!!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily requiring it for the season, 10 lbs. daily supply on Saturdays for Sunday's use, for paid in advance, or $6.50 if not paid by end of the season. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement by the at any time the ice is wanted. All orders Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at G. M Drug Store, or the subscriber, will be attended to.

THOMAS STARM
1043d 124 Ride

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHA
FORWARDERS,

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal,

OTTAWA,

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Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON. 2tf R.